

12.019 2/25

## Agronomy

## Purpose

The purpose of the New Jersey FFA Agronomy Career Development Event is to create interest and promote understanding in agronomy by providing opportunities for recognition through the demonstration of skills and proficiencies. It also gives students an opportunity to explore career opportunities available in agronomy and encourage students to pursue careers in agronomy.

## **Objectives**

Through participation in the state event, participants will be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge and skills used in agronomic sciences.
- Explore career opportunities, skills and proficiencies in the agronomy industry.
- Determine the ability to identify agronomic:
  - Crops
  - Weeds
  - Seeds
  - Insects
  - Diseases
  - Plant nutrient deficiencies
  - Plant disorders
- Evaluate an in-field scenario to determine probable causes and possible management decisions.
- Demonstrate understanding of sustainable agriculture and environmental stewardship through the use of integrated pest management and best management practices.

## **Event Rules**

The complete rules, policies and procedures relevant to all New Jersey FFA Career and Leadership Development Events may be found in the CDE & LDE Event Participation Policy: <u>https://nj.gov/agriculture/ag\_ed/ffa/activity/CDE\_LDE\_Policy.pdf</u>

- Teams will consist of four members, and all four scores will count toward the team score.
- The team score is comprised of the combined scores of each individual and the team activity in which all team members will participate.
- Travel Official Dress is required during the event. Travel Official Dress includes boots or work shoes, black jeans or work pants, etc. as opposed to dress attire. <u>Participants</u> <u>must come to the event prepared to work in adverse weather conditions.</u> The event will be conducted regardless of weather. Participants should have rain gear, warm clothes and closed toed shoes.
- Any communication between participants during the event will be sufficient cause to eliminate the team from the event.
- Any participant caught cheating during the event will be expelled from the event.
- Participants are NOT allowed to use (or have visible) electronic devices during the

event, unless for medical reasons or a portion of the event requires usage. This includes cell phones, tablets, etc. Participants will be allowed to use calculators, if specified for that event; however, cell phone calculators and graphing calculators are not permitted! Failure to adhere to these rules will result in disqualification.

- No written materials such as tests, problems and worksheets should be removed from the site.
- All individuals participating will judge in a cooperative manner following the rules set forth by the event coordinator.
- No school/chapter will use Rutgers University or Delaware Valley University facilities or locations for the training of teams. Contact with University faculty and staff is permissible. **Penalty will be disqualification.**
- This event will be scored using "Scan-tron" sheets. It is important for students to listen to directions and fill out the sheets correctly in order to receive credit. Sample scantron sheets are available for practice on the State Activity Guide. This event uses the Agronomy (#708-5) scan-tron sheet.
- There will be no separate alternate teams.
- A student may not compete in more than one event during the New Jersey FFA Spring Career Development Events.
- The State level competition fee of \$11 per contestant will be paid by the competing school. If a chapter is at least blue affiliated, registration to state FFA career development events is waived.

## **Event Format**

Materials students must provide include the following:

- Clean, free-of-notes clipboard.
- Two sharpened No. 2 pencils.
- Non-programmable calculator.
  - The calculators used during the event are to be battery operated, nonprogrammable, and silent with large keys and large displays. The calculators should only have these functions: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, equals, percent, square root, +/- key and one memory register. No other calculators are allowed during the event.

## **Individual Practicums**

#### General Knowledge Examination (240 points)

Sixty objective multiple-choice questions will be given to each participant. These 60 questions will be divided equally between the four categories adopted from the performance objectives of the International Certified Crop Advisor (ICCA) exam. These categories are Pest Management, Nutrient Management, Crop Management and Soil and Water Quality have been and may be accessed at

https://www.certifiedcropadviser.org/files/certifiedcropadviser/international-performanceobjectives.pdf.

#### Identification (200 points)

Students will identify 50 weed and/or crop plants and/or seeds. Plants may be presented in any stage of growth following emergence. The list of possible specimens is in the reference section of the handbook.

#### Soils (200 points)

Each participant will be responsible for the following activities related to soils:

- Utilize web soil survey data <u>https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/</u> and answer questions related to
  - Soil drainage (e.g., poor, moderate, well) and the impact of these classifications.
  - Topographic position (e.g., summit, slope, depression).
  - Identification of USDA land capability classes and answer problem-solving questions related to various classes.
  - Using soil survey to locate specific sites, use of suggested soil spots and questions related to the soil survey map.
  - Interpretation of graphs and tables of data based on soil parameters.
- Answer general questions about soil properties and their application, as outlined in the "Soil and Water Management Competency Area" section of the International Certified Crop Advisor (ICCA) exam performance objectives. <u>https://www.certifiedcropadviser.org/files/certifiedcropadviser/internationalperformance-objectives.pdf</u>

#### Pest management (200 points)

#### Disorders (100 points)

- Ten samples will be identified according to category, causal agent and damage location. Refer to the <u>Agronomic Disorders Practicum Scorecard</u> for the category, agent and damage location lists.
- Crops: The only crops included in this part of the practicum will be those included in the New Jersey Agronomy CDE Handbook Crops List used for identification.

#### Insect Identification (100 points)

• Ten samples will be identified according to insect name, economic impact and mouth part. Refer to the <u>Insect Identification Practicum Scorecard</u> for additional details.

## Team Activity (250 Points)

The team will be given a diagnostic scenario (one field, one crop from the region/crop list) that contains 4 potential causes. Potential causes will fall into four categories: Nutrient Management, Soil and Water Management, Pest Management, and Crop Management. Total Team Activity time 30 minutes.

The team event scenario will be chosen from a cropping region of the country, assigned by year on the region map. The region/crops list follows the map.

Resources provided for the team activity may include but are not limited to seed tag information, tillage practices, pesticide labels, extension bulletins, fertility reports, tissue analysis, water management, seeding rates, variety information, trial data and application of information such as pesticide application, fertilizer application and irrigation application.

Diagnostic scenario and the four potential causes may include but are not limited to pictures, video, audio, tables, graphs or other documents that outline potential field issues related to the cropping system.

#### Written Component (250 points)

- The written component of the Team Activity will include a question-and-answer packet with five sections and a total of 50 questions (5 points each). Four of the sections will focus on a potential cause in each category listed above. Each of these four category/potential cause sections will include 10 guestions each. Questions for each of the four causal packets may include math, science/identification or resource guestions. The fifth section will summarize the issue with 10 questions on the severity of the 4 potential causes and preparing the oral summary.
- This five-section answer packet will be worth a total of 250 points. The team will have • 30 minutes to complete the written component.

## National FFA Agronomy CDE Regional Areas



#### Regions

East (2024) Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Maine Maryland Massachusetts New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina Pennsylvania Rhode Island Vermont Virginia West Virginia

#### **Crops List**

East 2024 Corn Silage Hay (cool season grass) Oats Peanuts Rye Soybeans Tobacco Wheat (soft red winter)

#### North (2025)

Illinois Indiana lowa Kansas Kentucky Michigan Minn<del>e</del>sota Missouri Montana Nebraska North Dakota Ohio South Dakota Wisconsin

North

Canola Corn grain

Sorghum

Soybeans

Sunflowe

Sugarbeets

Wheat (Durham/ hard red spring)

Jain Haxseed Hay (Pasture) Oats Sorg\*

2025

#### South (2026)

Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Louisiana Mississippi Oklahoma Puerto Rico South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virgin Islands

South

2026 Corn Grain Cotton Hay (warm season grass) Peanuts Rice Sorghum Soybeans Sugarcane Wheat (hard red winter)

#### West (2027) Alaska

Arizona California Colorado Hawaii Idaho Nevada New Mexico Oregon Utah Washington Wyoming

West 2027 Barley Corn Silage Cotton Hay (alfalfa) Lentils Lettuce Peas Potatoes Tomato Wheat (white)

## **Event Scoring**

Activities	Individual Points	Team Points
Written exam	240	960
Identification	200	800
Soils	200	800
Pest management	200	800
Team Activity		250
TOTAL POINTS POSSIBLE	840	3,610

#### Tiebreakers

If ties occur for awards, the following components will be used to determine the placings:

#### Team

- 1. Team Activity
- 2. Total written exam

#### Individual

- 1. Written exam
- 2. Plant and seed identification
- 3. Soils

## **Awards**

Awards will be presented to individuals and the first team based on their rankings at the CDE awards ceremony at the New Jersey State FFA Convention. Awards are sponsored by the National FFA Foundation and the New Jersey FFA Association.

#### Team

• Plaque Sponsored by the National FFA Foundation – 1st place

#### Individual

- Overall Medals
  - Medals Top three individuals
- H.O. Sampson Certificates (hands-on sections ONLY)
  - Certificate Top five individuals

The 1st place team will represent New Jersey at the Big E in September and the National FFA Convention in October.

## **References**

This list of references is not intended to be all-inclusive. Other sources may be utilized, and teachers are encouraged to make use of the very best instructional materials available. Make sure to use discretion when selecting website references by only using reputable, proven sites. The following list contains references that may prove helpful during event preparation. The most current edition of resources will be used. Please note that universities frequently update or change their web servers which can invalidate the listed website.

Past CDE materials and other resources are available on FFA.org.

#### **Plant Identification**

- Flashcards for both seeds and plants are available through Wards Natural Science Establishment: <u>https://wardsci.com/store/</u>
- Weeds of the Northeast, Comstock Books, by Richard H. Uva (Author), Joseph C. Neal (Author), Joseph M. Diłomaso (Author).
- Weeds of the Great Plains, Nebraska Department of Agriculture by James L Stubbendieck (Author).
- Weeds of the West, University of Wyoming Extension, by Tom D. Whitson (Editor).
- Common Weed Seedlings of the North Central States, Michigan State University Extension.
- Sunset Western Garden Book.
- An Illustrated Guide to Arizona Weeds, University of Arizona, <u>https://www.uapress.arizona.edu/onlinebks/WEEDS/TITLWEED.HTML</u>
- Weeds of California and Other Western States University of California.
- Interactive Encyclopedia of Weeds of North America, North Central Weed Science Society.
- <u>http://plants.usda.gov/java/</u>
  - Agriculture/Pests-and-Diseases/Weeds/Virginia-Tech-Weed-Identification-Guide. https://weedid.cals.vt.edu/
  - <u>http://www.ipm.ucanr.edu/PMG/weeds\_multi.html</u>
  - http://wssa.net/weed/weed-identification/

#### **Seed Identification**

- Illustrated Taxonomy Manual of Weed Seeds, North Central Weed Science Society.
- Weed Seeds of the Great Plains, University Press of Kansas. <u>http://www.oardc.ohio-state.edu/seedid/</u> At the site, enter the common name or scientific name to find the seed.
- <u>http://plants.usda.gov/</u> java/ Disease/Disorder
- <u>http://plantdiseasehandbook.tamu.ed</u> <u>u</u> Insects
- http://www2.ca.uky.edu/agcomm/pubs/ENT/ENT68/ENT68.pdf

#### Soils

- http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/soilsurvey/soils/survey/state/
- <u>https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/</u>

#### Written Exam

There is no one resource for the exam. The Agronomy CDE has adopted these four categories

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from the performance objectives of the International Certified Crop Advisor (ICCA) exam. You may access these at the American Society of Agronomy, Inc., https://www.certifiedcropadviser.org/files/certifiedcropadviser/international-performance-objectives.pdf.

Certified Crop Advisor (CCA) Training Resources is a resource guide for validated study materials for the CCA international exam and the National FFA Agronomy CDE. https://ffa.box.com/s/llrt6zgvuunmulkg6m6zkbaft9576pb4

- Ohio Agronomy Guide <u>https://stepupsoy.osu.edu/sites/hcs-</u> soy/files/472%20Ohio%20Agronomy%20Guide%2015%20Ed%20red\_0.pdf
- Illinois Agronomy Guide <u>https://extension.illinois.edu/global/agronomy-handbook</u>
- NDSU Crop Production <u>https://www.ndsu.edu/agriculture/ag-hub/ag-topics/crop-production</u>
- Georgia Crop Production Guide https://grains.caes.uga.edu/content/dam/caessubsite/grains/docs/corn/2024-Corn-Production-Guide.pdf

## **Request for Reasonable Accommodations**

The New Jersey FFA Association is committed to providing equal access to our events and activities for all people. Use this form to request a reasonable accommodation or assistance at least 3 weeks before any state-level events: <u>https://form.jotform.com/NJFFA/accommodations-request</u>. A new form will need to be submitted for each event in which a reasonable accommodation is being requested. This information will be kept confidential and will be used only to process the request. Our staff will review the request upon receipt and contact the requestor with additional information. The association cannot guarantee accommodations or assistance if a form is received less than 3 weeks before an event. Accommodations being requested that require the assistance of another person (nurse, interpreter, scribe, reader, etc.) is the responsibility of the school/requestor. It is also the school/requestor's responsibility to provide any approved equipment to aide in the accommodation process, if applicable.

## **Artificial Intelligence (AI) Policy and Guidelines**

The standard operative procedures allow FFA members to use AI tools to assist them in their learning. Appropriate uses of AI may include generating ideas for any FFA-related assignment, project, contest and award application; checking facts of a phenomenon; or checking for and correcting grammatical errors in a paper written by a member. Specific guidelines for appropriate use, including examples, is provided in the policy. To ensure clarity, a statement outlining ethical AI utilization will be added to program handbooks. Non-compliance with this policy represents plagiarism and will automatically disqualify a member.

Please visit the State Activity Guide, Artificial Intelligence (AI) Policy 1.007 to view the full guidelines and best practices.

## **Professional Integrity**

FFA members participating in New Jersey FFA programs and events understand and agree that all work must result from their own effort and ability, created, and completed alone (except for partner or chapter applications). When outside sources (direct quotes or phrases, specific dates, figures, or other materials) are used for a project, document, or application, the required reference citation must be completed according to the rules specified by the applicable handbook.

While participating in National FFA programs, FFA members are prohibited from:

- Plagiarizing
- Violating copyright
- Cheating
- Falsifying information
- Using another person's results or thoughts as their own, even with this person's permission. This includes work done by a family member or a mentor.
- Using information or data obtained from the internet without proper citation.

Any attempt to gain an unfair advantage will not be tolerated. Non-compliance represents plagiarism and will automatically disqualify a member.

# Weeds ListConforming with the Weed Science Society of America's standardized name list.ID #Weed NameFormLatin Name101amaranth, Palmerplant onlyAmaranthus palmeri

ID #	vveed Name	Form	Laun Name
101	amaranth, Palmer	plant only	Amaranthus palmeri
102	barnyardgrass	plant or seed	Echinochloa crus-galli
103	bindweed, field	plant or seed	Convolvulus arvensis
104	brome, downy	plant only	Bromus tectorum
105	buckwheat, wild	plant or seed	Fallopia convolvulus
106	carrot, wild	plant or seed	Daucus carota
107	cheat	plant or seed	Bromus secalinus
108	chickweed, common	plant or seed	Stellaria media
109	cocklebur, common	plant or seed as bur	Xanthium strumarium
110	crabgrass, large	plant or seed	Digitaria sanguinalis
111	crownvetch, trailing	plant or seed	Securigera varia
112	dandelion	plant or seed	Taraxacum officinale
113	dock, curly	plant or seed	Rumex crispus
114	dodder	plant or seed	Cuscuta spp.
115	foxtail, giant	plant or seed	Setaria faberi
116	foxtail, green	plant or seed	Setaria viridis
117	foxtail, yellow	plant or seed	Setaria pumila
118	goatgrass, jointed	plant or seed	Aegilops cylindrica
119	groundcherry	plant or seed	Physalis spp.
120	groundsel, cressleaf	plant or seed	Packera glabella
121	hairy galinsoga *New in 2025	plant only	Galinsoga quadriradiata Cav.
122	hemlock, poison *New in 2025	plant only	Conium maculatum L.
123	horsenettle	plant or seed	Solanum carolinense
124	horseweed (marestail)	plant only	Conyza canadensis
125	jimsonweed	plant or seed	Datura stramonium
126	johnsongrass	plant or seed	Sorghum halpense
127	knapweed, Russian	plant only	Rhaponticum repens
128	knotweed, prostrate	plant or seed	Polygonum aviculare
129	kochia	plant or seed	Bassia scoparia
130	kudzu	plant only	Pueraria montana var lobata
131	lambsquarters, common	plant or seed	Chenopodium album
132	lettuce, prickly	plant or seed	Lactuca serriola
133	mallow, common	plant or seed	Malva neglecta
134	milkweed, common	plant or seed	Asclepias syriaca
135	morningglory	plant or seed	Ipomoea spp.
136	mustard, wild	plant or seed	Sinapis arvensis
137	nightshade, black	plant or seed	Solanum nigrum
138	nightshade, silverleaf	plant or seed	Solanum elaeagnifolium Cav.
139	nutsedge	plant or seed as nutlet	<i>Cyperus</i> spp.

## Weeds List Conforming with the Weed Science Society of America's standardized name list.

ID #	Weed Name	Form	Latin Name
140	oat, wild	plant or seed	Avena fatua
141	onion/garlic, wild	plant or seed	Allium spp.
142	pennycress, field	plant or seed	Thlaspi arvense
143	pigweed, redroot	plant or seed	Amaranthus retroflexus
144	plantain, broadleaf	plant or seed	Plantago major
145	plantain, buckhorn	plant or seed	Plantago lanceolata
146	puncturevine	plant or seed	Tribulus terrestris
147	purslane, common	plant or seed	Portulaca oleracea
148	quackgrass	plant or seed	Elymus repens
149	ragweed, common	plant or seed	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
150	ragweed, giant	plant or seed	Ambrosia trifida
151	sandbur, field	plant or seed	Cenchrus spinifex Cav.
152	shepherd's-purse	plant or seed	Capsella bursa-pastoris
153	sicklepod	plant or seed	Senna obtusifolia
154	smartweed	plant or seed	Persicaria spp.
155	sowthistle	plant or seed	Sonchus spp.
156	spurge, leafy	plant or seed	Euphorbia esula
157	spurge, prostrate	plant only	Euphorbia prostrata
158	sunflower, common	plant or seed	Helianthus annuus
159	tansymustard	plant or seed	Descurainia pinnata
160	thistle, bull	plant or seed	Cirsium vulgare
161	thistle, Canada	plant or seed	Cirsium arvense
162	thistle, Russian	plant or seed	Salsola tragus
163	velvetleaf	plant or seed	Abutilon theophrasti
164	waterhemp	plant only	Amaranthus tuberculatus

#	Crop Name	Form	Scientific Name
	alfalfa	plant or seed	Medicago sativa
2	barley	plant or seed	Hordeum vulgare
	bermudagrass	plant or seed	Cynodon dactylon
	black bean	seed only	Phaseolus vulgaris
5	broccoli	plant only	Brassica oleracea var. italica
5	buckwheat	plant or seed	Fagopyrum sagittatum
	cabbage	plant only	Brassica oleracea
3	canola	plant or seed	Brassica napus
Э	cantaloupe	plant or seed	Cucumis melo var. cantalupensis
	carrot	root provided	Daucus carota L. var. sativus
	cauliflower	plant only	Brassica oleracea var. botrytis
2	cereal rye	plant or seed	Secale cereale
3	chickpea	seed only	Cicer arietinum
í+	chili pepper	plant or seed	Capsicum annuum
5	corn	plant only	Zea mays
5	cotton	plant or seed	Gossypium hirsutum
7	cranberry	plant only	Vaccinium macrocarpon
3	cucumber	plant or seed	Cucumis sativus
)	dent corn	seed only	Zea mays var. indentata
С	dry bean	plant only	Phaseolus vulgaris
1	durum wheat	seed only	Triticum durum
	flax	plant or seed	Linum usitatissimum
	hops	plant only	Humulus lupulus
4	Kentucky bluegrass	plant or seed	Poa pratensis
5	lentil	plant or seed	Lens culinaris
5	lettuce	plant or seed	Lactuca sativa
7	lima bean	seed only	Phaseolus lunatus
3	oat	plant or seed	Avena sativa
	onion	plant or seed	Allium cepa
0	orchardgrass	plant or seed	Dactylis glomerata
1	реа	plant or seed	Pisum Sativum
	peanut	plant or seed	Arachis hypogaea
3	pinto bean	seed only	Phaseolus vulgaris
ŀ	popcorn	seed only	Zea mays var. everta
	potato	plant only	Solanum tuberosum
6	red bean	seed only	Phaseolus vulgaris
7	red clover	plant or seed	Trifolium pratense
3	red wheat	seed only	Triticum avestivum
9	rice	plant or seed	Oryza sativa

	<b>Crops List</b> Conforming with the United States Department of Agriculture plant database.				
ID #	Crop Name	Form	Scientific Name		
241	sorghum	plant or seed	Sorghum bicolor		
242	soybean	plant or seed	Glycine max		
243	spinach	plant or seed	Spinacia oleracea		
244	squash	plant or seed	Curcurbita pepo		
245	strawberry	plant only	Fragaria L.		
246	Sudangrass	seed only	Sorghum bicolor		
247	sugar beet	plant or seed	Beta vulgaris		
248	sugarcane	plant only	Saccharum L.		
249	sunflower	plant or seed	Helianthus annuus		
250	sweet corn	seed only	Zea mays var. saccharata		
251	sweet potato	plant only	Ipomoea batatas		
252	sweetclover	plant or seed	Melilotus albus		
253	tall fescue	plant or seed	Festuca arundinacea		
254	timothy	plant or seed	Phleum pratense		
255	tobacco	plant or seed	Nicotiana tabacum		
256	tomato	plant or seed	Lycopersicon esculentum		
257	watermelon	plant or seed	Citrullus lanatus		
258	wheat	plant only	Triticum aestivum		
259	white bean	seed only	Phaseolus vulgaris		
260	white clover	plant or seed	Trifolium repens		
261	white wheat	seed only	Triticum aestivum		

## National Insect List Official Guide

ID #	Common Name	Latin Names, Order: Family for Possible Specimens	Mouth parts	Economic Impact
11.	Alfalfa weevil, adult or larva	Hyperica postica, Coleoptera:Curculionidae	C	V
12.	Aphid	various species, Homoptera:Aphididae	PS	R
		Pseudaletia unipuncta, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (true armyworm)		
13.	Armyworm adult	Spodoptera frugiperda, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (fall armyworm)	S	IS
		Spodoptera exigua, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (beet armyworm)	-	
		Pseudaletia unipuncta, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (true armyworm)		
14.	Armyworm Iarva	Spodoptera frugiperda, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (fall armyworm)	С	V
		Spodoptera exigua, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (beet armyworm)		
15.	Bean leaf beetle	Cerotoma trifurcata, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae	С	FV
		Epicauta pennsylvanica, Coleoptera:Meloidae (black blister beetle)		
16.	Blister beetle	Epicauta pestifera, Coleoptera:Meloidae (margined blister beetle)	С	V
		Epicauta vittata, Coleoptera:Meloidae (striped blister beetle)		
17.	Boll weevil	Anthonomis grandis grandis, Coleoptera:Curculionidae	С	F
18.	Chinch bug	Blissus leucoptera, Hemiptera:Lygaeidae		R
19.	Colorado potato beetle, adult, or larva	Leptinotarsa decemlineata, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae		V
20.	Corn Earworm adult	Helicoverpa zea, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae	S	IS
21.	Corn Earworm Iarva	Helicoverpa zea, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae	С	FV
		Diabrotica barberi, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae (northern)		
22.	Corn rootworm	Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardii, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae (southern)	С	FV
	adult	Diabrotica vergifera, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae (western)		
23.	Corn rootworm larva	Diabrotica sp., Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae	С	V
		Agrotis epsilon, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (black cutworm)		
24.	Cutworm adult	Peridroma saucia, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (variegated cutworm)	S	IS
		Striacosta albicosta, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (western bean cutworm)		
		Agrotis epsilon, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (black cutworm)		
25.	Cutworm larva	Peridroma saucia, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (variegated cutworm)	С	V
		Striacosta albicosta, Lepidoptera:Noctuidae (western bean cutworm)		
26.	European corn borer adult	Ostrinia nubilalis, Lepidoptera:Pyralidae	S	IS
27.	European corn borer larva	Ostrinia nubilalis, Lepidoptera:Pyralidae	С	FV

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	Revised: Februa			
ID #	Common Name	Latin Names, Order: Family for Possible Specimens	Mouth parts	Economic Impact
28.	Field cricket	Gryllus sp., Orthoptera:Gryllidae	С	F
		Chaetocnema pulicaria, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae (corn flea beetle)		
29.	Flea beetle	Systena blanda, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae (palestriped flea beetle)	С	V
		Phyllotreta striolata, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae (striped flea beetle)	-	
70	Crain was will	Sitophilus granarius, Coleoptera:Curculionidae (granary weevil)		_
30.	Grain weevil	Sitophilus oryzae, Coleoptera:Curculionidae (rice weevil)	С	F
31.	Grasshopper	various species, Orthoptera:Acrididae	С	V
32.	Green lacewing	Chrysopa sp., Neuroptera:Chrysopidae	С	В
33.	Honeybee	Apis mellifera, Hymenoptera:Apidae	CL	В
34.	Imported cabbageworm	Pieris rapae, Lepidoptera:Pieridae	С	FV
35.	Japanese beetle	Popilla japonica, Coleoptera:Scarabaeidae	С	FV
36.	Lady beetle adult or larva	various species, Coleoptera:Coccinellidae	С	В
37.	Leafhopper	Empoasca fabae, Homoptera:Cicadellidae (potato leafhopper)	PS	R
38.	Mexican bean beetle, adult or larva	Epilachna varivestis, Coleoptera:Coccinellidae	С	FV
39.	Saltmarsh caterpillar	Estigmene acrea, Lepidoptera:Arctiidae	С	V
40.	Spider mite	various species, Trombidiformes:Tetranychidae	RS	V
41.	Spittlebug	various species, Hemiptera:Cercopidae	PS	R
42.	Squash bug	Anasa tristis, Hemiptera:Coreidae	PS	R
43.	Stink bug	various species, Hemiptera:Pentatomidae	PS	R
44.	Striped cucumber beetle	Acalymma vittatum, Coleoptera:Chrysomelidae	С	FV
45.	Tarnished plant bug	Lygus lineolaris, Hemiptera:Miridae	PS	R
46.	Thrips	various species, Thysanoptera:Thripidae	RS	V
47.	Tomato or tobacco hornworm	Manduca sp., Lepidoptera:Sphingidae	С	FV
48.	whitefly	various species, Homoptera: Aleryodidae	RS	V
49.	wireworm	various species, Coleoptera:Elateridae	С	V

#### Mouth parts key:

C (chewing) CL (chewing-lapping) PS (piercing sucking) RS (Rasping Sucking) S (siphoning)

#### Economic impact key:

Must indicate all options in response

- B(Beneficial)
- F (fruit/flower destruction)

V (vegetative part destruction)

- FV (Fruit/Flower AND Vegetative part destruction)
- IS (indicator species)
- R (removal of plant fluids)

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## **Agronomic Disorders Practicum Scorecard**

Cha	apter			State	Team Number
		Member Answer	Possible Points	Member Score	<b>Causal Category</b> Biological (B)
	Casual Category:		3		Cultural (C)
	Agent:		4		Environmental (E)
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		Agents
2.	Casual Category:		3		Bacteria (B) Chemical (Ch)
	Agent:		4		Compaction (Co)
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		Drought (D) Frost damage (Fr)
3.	Casual Category:		3		Fungus (Fn)
	Agent:		4		Hail (Ha) Heat (Ht)
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		Insect (I)
<i>.</i>	Casual Category:		3		Lightning (L) Mechanical (Me)
	Agent:		4		Moisture (Mo) Nematodes (Ne)
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		Nutritional (Nu)
5.	Casual Category:		3		Pollution (P) Sun scald (S)
0.	Agent:		4		Virus (V)
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		Wind damage(W)
5.	Casual Category:		3		Parts of Plant Damaged
	Agent:		4		Reproductive parts (R) Vegetative parts (Ve)
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		Value Added Agricultural
7.	Casual Category:		3		. Commodity (Va) More than one (M)
•	Agent:		4		
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		
3.	Casual Category:		3		
	Agent:		4		
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		,
).	Casual Category:		3		
	Agent:		4		
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		
0.	Casual Category:		3		
0.	Agent:		4		
	Part of Plant Displayed:		3		

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#### Member Number

## **Agronomic Disorders Definitions**

#### Answer Definitions – Causal Category

Causal Category	Definition	Examples
Biological	Caused by a living organism	Insects, fungus, virus, bacteria, animals, parasitic plants, etc.
Cultural	Caused by a change or shift in routine agricultural traditions, behaviors, or mannerisms	Crop rotation, equipment, farming practices, etc.
Environmental	Caused by a force of nature	Wind, water, temperature, atmospheric conditions, etc.

#### Answer Definitions – Agents:

Agents	Definition – *seed, vegetative parts, reproductive parts, or end-product	
Bacteria (B)	Caused by a bacterial agent. Bacteria are microscopic living organisms that have only one cell	
Chemical (Ch)	Damage caused when a plant comes in contact with a natural or manufactured pesticide product	
Compaction (Co)	Caused when soil is compacted by some means	
Drought (D)	Caused when there is a lack of irrigation or rainfall	
Frost damage (Fr)	Caused when temperatures rapidly drop or fall below freezing	
Fungus (Fn)	Caused when a crop is affected by a member of any of a kingdom (Fungi) of saprophytic and parasitic spore-producing eukaryotic typically filamentous organisms formerly classified as plants that lack chlorophyll and include molds, rusts, mildews, smuts, mushrooms, and yeasts	
Hail (Ha)	Caused by hail damage	
Heat (Ht)	Caused by excessive heat	
Insect (I)	Caused by damage from an insect. Insects injure plants by chewing leaves, stems, and roots, sucking juices, egg laying or transmitting diseases.	
Lightning (L)	thing (L) Caused by damage from lightning	
Mechanical (Me)	Caused by mechanical damage. Mechanical damage occurs when plant parts are crushed, cut, punctured, rubbed, or struck, or otherwise damaged due to accidental or deliberate physical actions due to machine malfunction or improper machine operation	
Moisture (Mo)	Caused by overwatering or flooded conditions	
Nematodes (Ne)	When a plant is damaged by soil nematodes	
Nutritional (Nu)	Symptoms caused by deficiency or toxicity of plant nutrient or the application of a natural or manufactured fertilizer or nutrient .	
Pollution (P)	Caused by a form of pollution. Major forms of pollution include air pollution, light pollution, litter, noise pollution, plastic pollution, soil contamination, radioactive contamination, thermal pollution, visual pollution, and water pollution	
Sun scald (S)	Damage to plant tissue, especially bark or fruit, caused by exposure to excessive sunlight	

Virus (V)	Caused by a viral infection. Viruses multiply only in living cells. They are too small to be seen with a light microscope and are therefore considered to be submicroscopic. Viruses are composed of a nucleic acid (most plant viruses contain ribonucleic acid [RNA]) and are enclosed in a protein coat.
Wind damage(W)	Caused by damage from excessive wind

Answer Definitions and Examples – Plant Part Damaged:

Parts of Plants Displayed	Definition	Examples
Vegetative (Ve)	When the disease or disorder appears on the vegetative part of the plant. Parts of a plant which do not participate in sexual reproduction process are called vegetative parts.	Roots, stems, and leaves, tubers, slips, and bulbs used for planting,
Reproductive (R)	When the disease or disorder appears on the reproductive part of the plant. Parts of a plant which participate in the sexual reproduction process are called reproductive parts.	Flowers, fruits, and seeds and in the field
"Updated term" Value Added Agricultural Commodity (VA)	When the disease or disorder appears on the marketable part of a plant	What will be harvested or sold - Ear of corn, cotton lint, potato tuber, onion, tomato, peanut
More than One (M)	When the disease or disorder appears on more than one (1) part of a plant	Must display the disease or disorder on at least two (2) of the examples above

#### Further Definitions -

- Damage to the reproductive part of the plant can directly impact the market value of the final product thus leading to damage of the marketed Value Added Agricultural Commodity. If both the reproductive part of the plant and the post-harvest Value Added Agricultural Commodity are displayed as damaged, then the answer is "more than one".
- If the damage is to the reproductive part of the plant, but the post-harvest end-product / ag commodity is not displayed or displayed as sound, the answer is "reproductive".
- If only the post-harvest end-product / ag commodity is shown as damaged, the answer is "Value Added Agricultural Commodity".
- A Value-Added Agricultural Commodity may be displayed separately from the plant in post-harvest form.
- If more than one picture or specimen is used to constitute a given sample. Answer disorder as a complete sample.

State

## **Insect Identification Rubric**

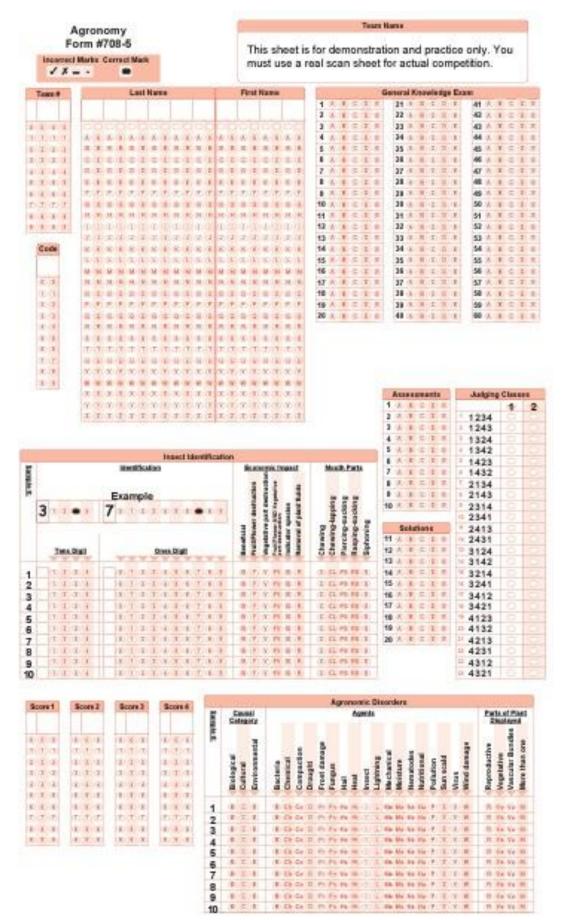
#### Name

#### Chapter

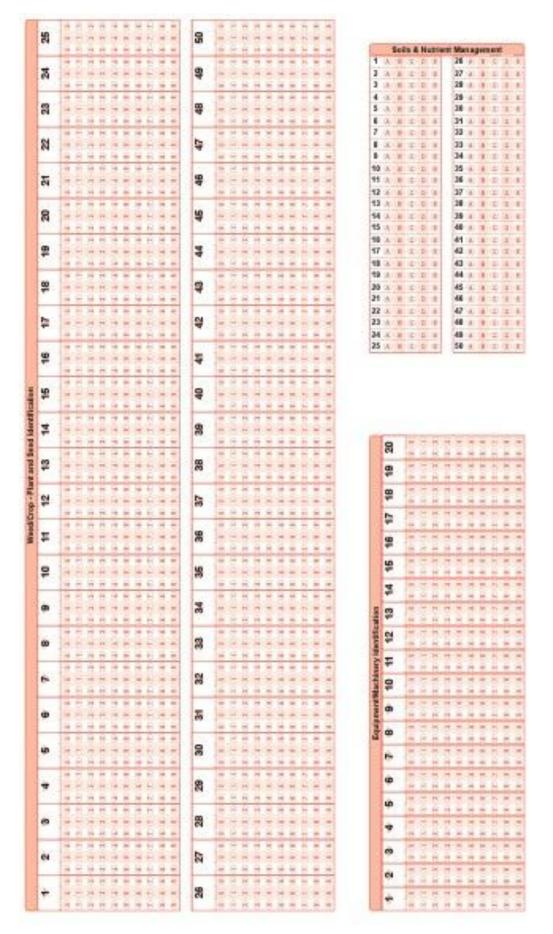
Member Number

Cn	lapter			State Team Number
				nber Possible Answers pre Identification
1.	Identification:		4	11. Alfalfa weevil, adult or larva
	Economic Impact:		3	12. Aphid 13. Armyworm adult
			7	14. Armyworm larva
	Mouth Part:		3	15. Bean leaf beetle
2.	Identification:		4	16. Blister beetle
	Economic Impact:		3	17. Boll weevil
				<ul><li>18. Chinch bug</li><li>19. Colorado potato beetle, adult or larva</li></ul>
	Mouth Part:		3	20. Corn Earworm adult
3.	Identification:		4	21. Corn Earworm larva
	Economic Impact:		3	22. Corn rootworm adult
				23. Corn rootworm larva
	Mouth Part:		3	24. Cutworm adult 25. Cutworm larva
4.	Identification:		4	26. European corn borer adult
			3	27. European corn borer larva
	Economic Impact:		3	28. Field cricket
	Mouth Part:		3	29. Flea beetle
5.	Identification:		4	30. Grain weevil 31. Grasshopper
				32. Green lacewing
	Economic Impact:		3	33. Honeybee
	Mouth Part:		3	34. Imported cabbageworm
6.	Identification:		4	35. Japanese beetle
0.				36. Lady beetle adult or larva 37. Leafhopper
	Economic Impact:		3	38. Mexican bean beetle, adult or larva
	Mouth Part:		3	<b>39.</b> Saltmarsh caterpillar
7.			,	40. Spider mite
	Identification:		4	41. Spittlebug
	Economic Impact:		3	42. Squash bug 43. Stink bug
	Mouth Part:		3	44. Striped cucumber beetle
				45. Tarnished plant bug
8.	Identification:		4	46. Thrips
	Economic Impact		3	47. Tomato or tobacco hornworm
	Mouth Part:		3	48. Whitefly 49. Wireworm
9.	Identification:		4	
				Economic Impact Must include all options in response
	Economic Impact:		3	B (Beneficial)
	Mouth Part:		3	F (fruit/flower destruction)
10.	Identification:		4	IS (indicator species) R (removal of plant fluids)
	Economic Impact:		3	V (vegetative part destruction)
	Mouth Part:		3	
			5	<b>Mouth parts</b> C (chewing)
				C (chewing) CL (chewing-lapping)
TOTAL POINTS EARNED OUT OF 100 POSSIBLE				PS (piercing sucking)
				RS (Rasping Sucking)
				S (siphoning)

Team Number



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