

# **BIOSECURITY / SECURITY CHECKLIST**

For the Aquaculturist

# AQUACULTURE INDUSTRY

# Biosecurity and security are part of an all-hazards approach to Aquaculture Safety

#### **BE PREPARED**

- □ Create a Biosecurity plan for your operations, to be incorporated into your Emergency Plan.
  - For additional information on biosecurity, review the Rutgers Cooperative Extension's booklet Recommended Management Practices for Aquatic Farms.
  - Utilize the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services' Food and Drug Safety Program Self-Inspection Checklist.
  - For assistance with these plans, contact the New Jersey Department of Agriculture – Division of Animal Health at 609-292-3965.

#### **BE ALERT**

- □ Talk with your county Emergency Management Coordinator. Let him/her know about your operation's needs and concerns, in the event of a disaster or emergency. Learn about your county's disaster and emergency evacuation procedures and incorporate the following into your plan:
  - Understand the hazards/risks associated with your area.
  - Develop plans on how to and where to evacuate your workers or how to provide care if relocation is not feasible.
    - Understand how you will be notified.
  - Develop procedures to implement if there is a breach in security concerning your operations.
- □ Develop a list of important phone numbers, with contact names, such as the following: (keep at an on-site and off-site location)
  - o Police / Fire / EMS: 9-1-1
  - o NJDEP Marine Water Enforcement (for those with open water leases)
  - County Emergency Management Coordinator
  - Local Health Dept.
  - o NJ Dept. of Agriculture Office of Aquaculture Coordination (609-984-2502)
  - NJ Dept. of Agriculture Division of Animal Health, 24-hrs (609-292-3965)
  - NJ Dept. of Health and Senior Services



### **BE ALERT** (continued)

- o Local Rutgers Cooperative Research and Extension Agent
- Emergency Notification List/Phone Tree, including after hours numbers (e.g. owner, supervisors, workers, vendors, suppliers, etc.). Include a list of essential employees allowed access to the facility during emergencies.
- □ Maintain awareness of the location of every outside individual entering your property.
  - o Post signs to inform them of rules to follow while on the premises.
  - Document all visits and accompany visitors at all times.
  - Restrict access to key operations and storage areas.
- □ Notify authorities of people taking unauthorized pictures or asking questions about operations, security, etc.
- □ Watch for and report signs of tampering with aquaculture stock, equipment, feed, water, buildings and utilities.
  - Have written procedures on steps to take if you suspect or find evidence of contamination or tampering.
  - o Ensure your finished products are properly packaged and labeled for traceability.
  - o Be vigilant when transporting aquaculture stock or product.
  - Have a recall plan with provisions for notification and recall of products that have been shipped or sold.
- □ Watch for unusual signs that may indicate possible bioterrorism.
  - Unusually high number of sick or dead aquaculture stock.
  - Abnormal or unusual signs not typically seen for a particular disease.
  - o Disease occurrence outside of its normal expected season.
  - Illnesses/deaths occurring in a short timeframe.
  - Multiple species of aquaculture stock/animals are sick/dead, e.g. finfish, mollusks, crustaceans, plants, birds, rodents, etc.
  - Both people and aquaculture stock are ill.
- □ Talk with the NJDA Office of Aquaculture Coordination for information about aquatic health issues.
  - Immediately report unusual signs of disease or unexpected deaths among your aquaculture stock to the State Veterinarian.
- Maintain situational awareness of world events and on-going threats.
- □ Be aware of local or regional threats/disasters in your immediate watershed or estuary that may pose a threat to your aquaculture stock.
- □ Train employees to be alert, vigilant with their surroundings, and to notify you if they see suspicious activity.



#### **BE SECURE**

- □ Ensure the physical security of buildings and grounds, if applicable.
  - Limit access to your operations and secure access points and sensitive areas.
    - Consider utilizing electronic security devices and industrial-type door hardware.
  - Keep storage areas, supply bins and refrigerator/freezer doors locked.
  - Maintain adequate internal/external lighting.
- □ Limit access to the water/electrical supply, if applicable.
  - o If feasible, secure them to prevent tampering and conduct daily security checks.
  - Test water source regularly.
- Plan alternate means for electrical power, if applicable.
  - Assess the entire aquaculture operations for generator needs, including water systems and fuel.
    - □ Inspect, calibrate, and test generators under load.
- Implement a security policy and security measures for deliveries.
  - Purchase aquaculture stock, feed, and all other supplies from known, reputable firms/ individuals.
    - □ Inspect for disease, tampering, contamination, and spoilage.
    - Do not accept damaged or questionable deliveries or items.
  - Restrict deliveries to scheduled appointments.
  - Maintain accurate records.
- Maintain accurate and up-to-date inventories, especially on hazardous and perishable materials. Investigate discrepancies immediately.
  - Keep invoices on file.
- Conduct pre-employment screening for all prospective employees.
- Keep vehicles, boats, and equipment locked and keys secured, when not in use.
- Restrict access to computers and sensitive documents.
  - o Protect computer data with virus protection.
- Shred sensitive documents before discarding.
- □ Train employees in security procedures, notifying you if they detect a breach in security.

#### **BE CLEAN**

- □ Keep chemicals, medications, and hazardous materials separate from consumable products.
- Follow sanitary practices to eliminate contamination and the spread of disease.



# **BE CLEAN** (continued)

- Implement written Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOP).
- Implement a written rodent/pest control program.
- □ Provide access to sanitation and hand-washing facilities.
  - Encourage hand washing with disinfectant soap, especially after using the restroom facilities, handling hazardous materials, etc.
- Prevent the spread of disease.
  - Observe all aquaculture stock at least once daily for signs of disease.
    - □ Isolate suspected stock.
    - □ Notify the New Jersey Department of Agriculture within 48 hours if a red or yellow light disease is suspected or detected.
- Train employees on common disease signs and patterns, so they will recognize unusual illness in aquaculture.
- □ Train employees to be clean and to notify you if they see discrepancies.

#### **BE CURRENT**

- Train employees on your biosecurity/emergency plans and their proper response.
- Review and update your biosecurity plan.
  - o After each drill, if necessary.
  - o Every year.

#### **NOTIFY/CALL**

- If suspicious activity is suspected call local law enforcement and 1-866-4-SAFE-NJ.
- ☐ If unusual signs of disease or deaths are observed in aquaculture at the farm/facility, notify the NJ Dept. of Agriculture's Division of Animal Health (609-292-3965).
- ☐ Train employees to notify you if there are concerns/problems.
  - If tampering/contamination/illness are suspected, isolate the suspected aquaculture stock.
  - o Monitor stock and facilities until authorities arrive.
- Train your employees to Be Alert, Be Secure, Be Clean and Notify/Call.