

PART I

NARRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit

A. Authorization Under this Permit

1. Permit Area

- a. This permit applies to all areas of the State of New Jersey.

2. Eligibility

- a. This permit may authorize all new and existing stormwater discharges to surface water and groundwater from small municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4s) owned or operated by municipalities assigned to Tier A under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.3(a)1 (Tier A Municipalities), except as provided in A.5 below.
- b. On a case-by-case basis, the Department may use this permit to authorize new and existing stormwater discharges to surface water and groundwater from small MS4s (or portions of small MS4s) owned or operated by Tier B Municipalities. As used in this permit, the term "Tier A Municipality" includes Tier B Municipalities that seek or obtain authorization pursuant to this provision of this permit.
- c. After the Effective Date of Permit Authorization (EDPA), the permit authorizes the following new and existing non-stormwater discharges from small MS4s owned or operated by Tier A Municipalities:
 - i. Water line flushing and discharges from potable water sources
 - ii. Uncontaminated ground water (e.g., infiltration, crawl space or basement sump pumps, foundation or footing drains, rising ground waters)
 - iii. Air conditioning condensate (excluding contact and non-contact cooling water)
 - iv. Irrigation water (including landscape and lawn watering runoff)
 - v. Flows from springs, riparian habitats and wetlands, water reservoir discharges and diverted stream flows
 - vi. Residential car washing water, and residential swimming pool discharges
 - vii. Sidewalk, driveway and street wash water
 - viii. Flows from fire fighting activities including the washing of fire fighting vehicles

- ix. Flows from rinsing of the following equipment with clean water:
 - Beach maintenance equipment immediately following their use for their intended purposes; and
 - Equipment used in the application of salt and de-icing materials immediately following salt and de-icing material applications. Prior to rinsing with clean water, all residual salt and de-icing materials must be removed from equipment and vehicles to the maximum extent practicable using dry cleaning methods (e.g., shoveling and sweeping). - Recovered materials are to be returned to storage for reuse or properly discarded.
 - Rinsing of equipment in the above situations is limited to exterior, undercarriage, and exposed parts and does not apply to engines or other enclosed machinery.
- d. If any of the discharges listed in 2.c above are identified by the municipality as a significant contributor of pollutants to or from the MS4, the Tier A Municipality must address the discharge as an illicit connection or as an improper disposal of waste as specified in Part I, Section F of this permit

3. Authorization

- a. In order to obtain authorization under this permit (except for automatic renewal of authorization under A.4 below) a complete Request for Authorization (RFA) shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements of this permit. Upon review of the RFA, the Department may, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.13, either:
 - i. Issue notification of authorization under this permit, in which case, authorization is deemed effective the first day of the following month of the date of the notification of authorization;
 - ii. Deny authorization under this permit and require submittal of an application for an individual permit; or
 - iii. Deny authorization under this permit and require submittal of an RFA for another general permit.
- b. For discharges from a small MS4 authorized by this permit, the Tier A Municipality is exempt from N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)2. This exemption means that the discharge of any pollutant not specifically regulated in the NJPDES permit or listed and quantified in the NJPDES application or RFA shall not constitute a violation of the permit.
- c. Authorization under this permit shall cease to be effective under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.13(f), (h), (j) and (o), where applicable.

4. Automatic Renewal of Authorization

- a. Authorization under this permit will be automatically renewed when this general permit is reissued as provided by N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.13(d)9 and 25.4(a)3 so long as the discharge authorized under the general permit continues to be eligible. The Department shall issue a notice of renewed authorization to the Tier A Municipality.
- b. If the Tier A Municipality is aware of any information in the most recently submitted RFA that is no longer true, accurate, and/or complete, the Tier A Municipality shall provide the correct information to the Department within 90 days of the effective renewal authorization notice.

5. Stormwater Discharges Not Authorized

- a. This permit does not authorize "stormwater discharge associated with industrial activity" as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2. Types of facilities that a Tier A Municipality may operate and that are considered to be engaging in "industrial activity" include but are not limited to certain landfills and recycling facilities, certain transportation facilities (including certain local passenger transit and air transportation facilities), certain facilities handling domestic sewage or sewage sludge, steam electric power generating facilities, and construction activity that disturbs five acres or more (see N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2 for the full definition of "stormwater discharge associated with industrial activity"). Any municipality that operates an industrial facility with such a discharge must submit a separate request for authorization (RFA) or individual permit application for that discharge. An RFA submitted for the Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit does not qualify as an RFA for such a discharge.
 - i. Deadlines to apply for a NJPDES permit for "stormwater discharge associated with industrial activity" are set forth in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-24.4(a)1. If such a discharge is from a facility (other than an airport, powerplant, or uncontrolled sanitary landfill) that is owned or operated by a municipality with a population of less than 100,000, the municipality shall submit the RFA or individual permit application by March 3, 2004. If such a discharge is from any other industrial facility, N.J.A.C. 7:14A-24.4(a)1 specifies earlier deadlines to apply.
- b. This permit does not authorize "stormwater discharge associated with small construction activity" as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2. In general, this is the discharge to surface water of stormwater from construction activity that disturbs at least one but less than five acres (see N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2 for the full definition). Any municipality that operates a construction site with such a discharge must submit a separate RFA or individual permit application for that discharge. An RFA submitted for the Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit does not qualify as an RFA for such a discharge.
- c. This permit does not authorize any stormwater discharge that is authorized under another NJPDES permit. A municipality does not have to implement measures contained in this NJPDES permit for stormwater discharges at facilities owned or operated by that municipality that are regulated under a separate NJPDES stormwater permit authorizing those discharges.
- d. This permit does not authorize stormwater discharges from projects or activities that conflict with an adopted areawide or Statewide WQM plan.

B. Requests for Authorization Requirements

1. Deadline for Requesting Authorization for an Existing Discharge

- a. An RFA for the existing discharges from the small MS4 owned or operated by a Tier A Municipality must have been submitted to the Department on or before March 3, 2004, except as provided below.
 - i. If a municipality receives notice from the Department that it has been reassigned from Tier B to Tier A, or that a special designation is made under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.2(a)4, the deadline to submit an RFA is 180 days after the receipt of that notice, unless the Department approves a later date.
 - ii. The Department may, in its discretion, accept an RFA submitted after the foregoing deadline; however, the municipality may still be held liable for violating the deadline to apply in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.4 and for discharging pollutants without a valid NJPDES permit in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.1(d).

2. Deadline for Requesting Authorization for a New Discharge

- a. An RFA for discharges from a new small MS4 owned or operated by a Tier A Municipality must be submitted to the Department at least ninety (90) days prior to the operation of the new MS4 system.
 - i. A Tier A Municipality that already has authorization to discharge from a small MS4 under the Tier A Municipal Stormwater Permit does not need to submit an additional RFA for the expansion of an existing small MS4.
 - ii. A new small MS4 is a small MS4 that did not exist on March 3, 2004 and results in a new discharge to surface or ground waters of the State.

3. Requesting Authorization

- a. A separate RFA shall be submitted by each Tier A Municipality applying for authorization under this permit.
- b. A single RFA is required for the entire stormwater discharge from the small MS4 owned or operated by and located within a single municipality. Multiple RFAs are not required for multiple municipal operations (e.g., municipally owned and operated maintenance facilities, garages, and/or offices).

4. Contents of the Request for Authorization

- a. A completed RFA shall include all of the following information regarding the Tier A Municipality and shall be completed using the Department's RFA form:
 - i. The name of the municipality that operates the small MS4, county it is located in, and the address of the main municipal office (e.g., city hall, town hall, or municipal building).
 - ii. The name and mailing address of the Municipal Stormwater Program Coordinator who will submit any reports or certifications required by the permit and to whom the Department shall send all correspondence concerning the permit.
 - iii. A certification acknowledging the best management practices and measurable goals specified in the permit.
 - iv. Additional information may be required by the Department to be included as part of the RFA if the Department determines that such additional information (including other data, reports, specifications, plans, permits, or other information) is reasonably necessary to determine whether to authorize the discharge under this permit.

5. Where to Submit

- a. A completed and signed RFA shall be submitted to the Department at the address specified on the Department's RFA form.

C. Definitions

1. The following definitions apply to this permit.

- a. "Catch Basin" means a cistern, vault, chamber or well that is usually built along a street as part of the storm sewer system to capture sediment, debris, and pollutants.
- b. "EDPA" or "Effective Date of Permit Authorization" means the date the permittee's authorization to discharge under the Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit becomes effective. This date may be found on the permittee's Authorization to Discharge.

- c. "Existing Permittee" means a municipality that was authorized to discharge under the Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit on February 28, 2009.
- d. "Illicit connection" means any physical or non-physical connection that discharges the following to a municipal separate storm sewer system, unless that discharge is authorized under a NJPDES permit other than the NJPDES permit for discharges from that system (non-physical connections may include, but are not limited to, leaks, flows, or overflows into the municipal separate storm sewer system):
 - i. Domestic sewage;
 - ii. Non-contact cooling water, process wastewater, or other industrial waste (other than stormwater);
or
 - iii. Any category of non-stormwater discharges that the Tier A Municipality identifies as a source or significant contributor of pollutants pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 122.34(b)(3)(iii).
- e. "MS4" means a municipal separate storm sewer system.
- f. "Municipality" means a "municipality" as defined in the Municipal Land Use Law at N.J.S.A. 40:55D-5, that is, any city, borough, town, township, or village.
- g. "Municipal separate storm sewer" means a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, manmade channels, or storm drains):
 - i. Owned or operated by the United States, an interstate agency, a State, city, town, borough, county, parish, district, association, or other public body (created by or pursuant to State law) having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, stormwater, or other wastes, including special districts under State law such as a sewer district, flood control district or drainage district, or similar entity, or an Indian tribe organization, or a designated and approved management agency under section 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface water or groundwater;
 - ii. Designed and used for collecting or conveying stormwater;
 - iii. Which is not a combined sewer;
 - iv. Which is not part of a POTW; and
 - v. Which is not either of the following:
 - A separate storm sewer(s) that is at an industrial facility, and that collects or conveys stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity that occurs at that facility; or
 - A separate storm sewer(s) that is at a construction site, and that collects or conveys stormwater discharges associated with small construction activity that occurs at that site.
- h. "New Permittee" means a municipality that obtains its first authorization to discharge under the Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit after February 28, 2009.
- i. "Original EDPA" means the initial date of the permittee's authorization to discharge under the Tier A (or, for purposes of F.4. below, Tier A or Tier B) Municipal Stormwater General Permit issued on February 2, 2004.

- j. "Permanent structure" means a permanent building or permanent structure that is anchored to a permanent foundation with an impermeable floor, and that is completely roofed and walled (a door is recommended, but not required). A fabric frame structure is a permanent structure if it meets the following specifications:
 - i. structure must be designed to withstand at least 110 mph winds;
 - ii. structure must be covered by a PVC or other similar fire rated material with a minimum twenty (20) year warranty;
 - iii. concrete blocks, jersey barriers or other similar material must be placed around the interior of the structure to protect the side walls during loading and unloading de-icing materials;
 - iv. the design must prevent stormwater run-on and run through;
 - v. structure must be erected on an impermeable slab;
 - vi. structure cannot be open sided; and
 - vii. must have a roll up door or other means of sealing the access way from wind driven rainfall.
- k. "Small municipal separate storm sewer system" or "small MS4" means all municipal separate storm sewers (other than "large" or "medium" municipal separate storm sewer systems as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2) that are:
 - i. Owned or operated by municipalities described under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.1(b);
 - ii. Owned or operated by county, State, interstate, or Federal agencies, and located at public complexes as described under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.2(a)2; or
 - iii. Owned or operated by county, State, interstate, or Federal agencies, and located at highways and other thoroughfares as described under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.2(a)3; or
 - iv. Owned or operated by county, State, interstate, Federal, or other agencies, and receive special designation under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.2(a)4.
- l. "Solid and floatable materials" means sediment, debris, trash, and other floating, suspended, or settleable solids.
- m. "Stormwater" means water resulting from precipitation (including rain and snow) that runs off the land's surface, is transmitted to the subsurface, is captured by separate storm sewers or other sewerage or drainage facilities, or is conveyed by snow removal equipment.
- n. "Stormwater facility" includes, but is not limited to: catch basins, detention basins, filter strips, riparian buffers, infiltration trenches, sand filters, constructed wetlands, wet basins, bioretention systems, low flow bypasses, and stormwater conveyances.
- o. "Yard waste" means loose leaves and grass clippings.

D. Special Conditions

1. Sharing of Responsibilities

- a. A Tier A Municipality may rely on another governmental, private, or nonprofit entity (for example, a watershed association) to satisfy the municipality's NJPDES permit obligations to implement one or more control measures (or components (s) thereof) pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.7(a) if:

- i. The other entity, in fact, implements the measure(s), or component(s) thereof;
- ii. The particular measure(s), or component(s) thereof, is at least as stringent as the corresponding NJPDES permit requirement;
- iii. The other entity agrees in writing (or is required by law) to implement the measure(s), or component(s) thereof, on the Tier A Municipality's behalf. The municipality is responsible for compliance with this permit if the other entity fails to implement the measure(s), or component(s) thereof. In the annual reports the municipality must submit under Part I, Section H.3, the municipality shall specify that it is relying on another entity to satisfy some of the Tier A Municipality's NJPDES permit obligations.
- iv. If the municipality is relying on another entity regulated under the NJPDES permit program to satisfy all of that Tier A Municipality's NJPDES permit obligations, including that municipality's obligation to file these annual reports, the municipality shall notify the Department of this reliance in writing, and shall also note this reliance in the municipality's SPPP.

E. Stormwater Program and Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

1. Stormwater Program

- a. Tier A Municipalities are required to develop, implement, and enforce a stormwater program. This program shall be designed to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the municipality's small MS4 to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the Federal Act and the State Act by including the Statewide Basic Requirements (SBRs) set forth in Part I, Section F and any Additional Measures (AMs) required under Part I, Section G below. At the municipality's discretion, the stormwater program may also include Optional Measures (OMs) also in accordance with Part I, Section G below.

2. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SPPP)

- a. Tier A Municipalities have prepared and implemented a written Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SPPP) that describes the Tier A Municipality's stormwater program and serves as the mechanism for the implementation of the Statewide Basic Requirements. The SPPP must address stormwater quality issues related to new development, redevelopment and existing development. The SPPP shall include, at a minimum, all of the information and items identified in Attachment A.
 - i. Tier A Municipalities shall revise their SPPP on or before June 1, 2009 to incorporate additional Statewide Basic Requirements, best management practices and other changes required by the renewal of the Tier A Permit.
- b. The SPPP shall be signed, dated and retained by the Municipal Stormwater Program Coordinator.
- c. For any projects or activities which the municipality contracts out to private contractors after the EDPA, the awarded contract must contain conditions that the contractor must conduct such projects or activities in such a manner that is in compliance with the municipality's SPPP and this permit's conditions. The municipality is responsible for any violations of this permit resulting from a contractor's noncompliance.
- d. SPPPs may be amended so long as they continue to meet the requirements of this permit. Any amended SPPPs shall be signed, dated, implemented, retained, and otherwise treated in the same manner as the original SPPP. The Tier A Municipality shall retain each previous SPPP for a period of at least five years from the date of that previous SPPP. This period may be extended by written request of the Department at any time.

F. Statewide Basic Requirements (SBRs)

- 1. Stormwater quality issues related to new development, redevelopment and existing development are to be addressed through the implementation of the following Statewide Basic Requirements (SBRs). The permit specifies the BMPs that will be implemented for those SBRs. These SBRs and related BMPs are to be detailed in the municipality's SPPP.**
 - a. Additional information is provided and each of the SBRs and related BMPs are described in more detail in the Department's Tier A Municipal Stormwater Permit Guidance Document.
- 2. Public Notice**
 - a. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall comply with applicable State and local public notice requirements when providing for public participation in the development and implementation of the Tier A Municipality's stormwater program.
 - b. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that all applicable State and local public notice requirements were followed.
 - c. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter.
- 3. Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment**
 - a. Minimum Standard - To prevent or minimize water quality impacts, the Tier A Municipality shall implement, and enforce a program to address stormwater runoff from new development and redevelopment projects (including projects operated by the municipality itself) that disturb one acre or more, including projects less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, that discharge into the municipality's small MS4. The municipality shall in its post-construction program:
 - i. Adopt and reexamine a municipal stormwater management plan (or adopt amendments to an existing municipal stormwater management plan) in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.
 - ii. Adopt and implement a municipal stormwater control ordinance or ordinances in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4. The ordinance(s) will control stormwater from non-residential development and redevelopment projects.
 - iii. Ensure that any residential development and redevelopment projects that are subject to the Residential Site Improvement Standards for stormwater management (N.J.A.C. 5:21-7) comply with those standards (including any exception, waiver, or special area standard that was approved under N.J.A.C. 5:21-3).
 - iv. Where necessary to implement the municipal stormwater management plan, the municipal stormwater control ordinance(s) will also:
 - Control aspects of residential development and redevelopment projects that are not pre-empted by the Residential Site Improvement Standards; and
 - Set forth special area standards approved by the Site Improvement Advisory Board for residential development or redevelopment projects under N.J.A.C. 5:21-3.5.
 - v. Ensure adequate long-term operation and maintenance of BMPs.
 - vi. Enforce, through the stormwater control ordinance(s) or a separate ordinance, compliance with standards set forth in Attachment C of the permit to control passage of solid and floatable materials through storm drain inlets.

- vii. This post-construction program shall also require compliance with the applicable design and performance standards established under N.J.A.C. 7:8 for major development, unless:
 - Those standards do not apply because of a variance or exemption granted under N.J.A.C. 7:8; or
 - Alternative standards are applicable under an areawide or Statewide Water Quality Management Plan adopted in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:15.
- b. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that that they have developed, implemented, and are actively enforcing a program to address stormwater runoff from new development and redevelopment projects that discharge into the Tier A Municipality's small MS4 in accordance with the minimum standard.
- c. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall:
 - i. Enforce stormwater control ordinance(s), prepared in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4, when approved by the county review agency (and, where N.J.A.C. 7:50-3 is applicable, certified by the Pinelands Commission) or shall enforce stormwater control ordinance(s) when conditionally approved by the county review agency upon adoption by the municipality of the amendments specified by the county review agency (and, where N.J.A.C. 7:50-3 is applicable, certified by the Pinelands Commission).
 - ii. Ensure that any residential new development and redevelopment projects that are subject to the Residential Site Improvement Standards for stormwater management (N.J.A.C. 5:21-7) comply with those standards (including any exception, waiver, or special area standard that was approved under N.J.A.C. 5:21-3).
 - iii. Ensure adequate long-term operation and maintenance of BMPs on property owned or operated by the municipality.
 - iv. Ensure adequate long-term operation and maintenance of BMPs on property not owned or operated by the municipality
 - v. Enforce, through the stormwater control ordinance(s) or a separate ordinance compliance with the standards set forth in Attachment C of the permit to control passage of solid and floatable materials through storm drain inlets for storm drain inlets not installed by the Tier A Municipality.
 - vi. Comply with the standards set forth in Attachment C of the permit to control passage of solid and floatable materials through storm drain inlets for storm drain inlets the municipality installs within the Tier A Municipality's small MS4.

4. Local Public Education

- a. Local Public Education Program - Tier A Municipalities shall implement a Local Public Education Program that focuses on providing the public with information on the impact of stormwater discharges to surface and ground waters of the State and steps that the public can take to reduce pollutants in stormwater runoff. Appropriate information to be covered during these educational activities shall include, but is not limited to, local stormwater related municipal ordinances [Pet Waste Ordinance, Litter Ordinance, Improper Disposal of Waste Ordinance, Wildlife Feeding Ordinance, Illicit Connection Ordinance, Refuse Container / Dumpster Ordinance, Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting, and Fertilizer Management Ordinance (if applicable)]; proper application, storage and disposal of fertilizer and pesticides; home composting and yard waste recycling; use of native or well-adapted vegetation; local stream and/or shoreline restoration activities; watershed education; and general nonpoint source education.

- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall annually conduct educational activities that total a minimum of 10 points. Each approved activity is listed and has been assigned a point value in Attachment E of the permit.
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have accumulated the number of points required to meet the Local Public Education Program minimum standard. Exact dates (e.g., month, day, year) and details of each educational activity (e.g., photos of the mural) shall be reported to the Department in the Annual Report.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall develop and begin implementing the Local Public Education Program minimum standard.
- b. Storm Drain Inlet Labeling and Maintenance
- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall label all storm drain inlets along municipal streets with sidewalks, and all storm drain inlets within plazas, parking areas, or maintenance yards that are operated by the municipality, and maintain the legibility of those labels.
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that a storm drain inlet labeling program has been developed and is being implemented.
 - iii. Implementation - Within 60 months from the original EDPA and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall ensure, for the storm drains identified in the minimum standard, that all storm drain inlets have been labeled and that the labels are being maintained.

5. Improper Disposal of Waste

- a. Pet Waste Ordinance
- i. Minimum Standard -Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and shall enforce an ordinance that requires pet owners or their keepers to immediately and properly dispose of their pet's solid waste deposited on any property, public or private, not owned or possessed by that person. Information on the Pet Waste Ordinance and the benefits of proper disposal of pet solid waste shall be distributed with pet licenses.
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Pet Waste Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement the Pet Waste Ordinance minimum standard.
- b. Litter Ordinance
- i. Minimum Standard -Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and shall enforce a litter ordinance or enforce the existing State litter statute (N.J.S.A 13:1E-99.3).
 - ii. Measurable Goal -Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Litter Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement the Litter Ordinance minimum standard.
- c. Improper Disposal of Waste Ordinance
- i. Minimum Standard -Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and shall enforce an ordinance prohibiting the improper spilling, dumping, or disposal of materials other than stormwater into the small MS4 (excluding those authorized in Part I, Section A.2.c).

- ii. Measurable Goal -Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Improper Waste Disposal Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement the Improper Disposal of Waste Ordinance minimum standard.
- d. Wildlife Feeding Ordinance
- i. Minimum Standard -Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and shall enforce an ordinance that prohibits the feeding in any public park or on any other property owned or operated by the Tier A Municipality of any wildlife (excluding confined animals, for example, wildlife confined in zoos, parks, or rehabilitation centers or unconfined wildlife at environmental education centers, or feral cats as part of an approved Trap-Neuter-Release (TNR) program).
 - ii. Measurable Goal -Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Wildlife Feeding Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement the Wildlife Feeding Ordinance minimum standard.
- e. Yard Waste Ordinance / Collection Program
- i. Minimum Standard -Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and shall enforce an ordinance that prohibits placing non-containerized yard wastes in the cartway of the street or shall have developed and implemented a yard waste collection and disposal program. A yard waste collection program shall include the adoption and enforcement of an ordinance prohibiting the placing of yard waste closer than 10 feet from any storm sewer inlet along the street, unless they are bagged or otherwise containerized. The frequency of pickups shall be determined at the discretion of the Tier A Municipality but must be part of a set yard waste collection schedule which is noticed to all municipal residents and businesses. Any area, which the municipality determines to have no yard waste, will be exempt from the collections.
 - ii. Measurable Goal -Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Yard Waste minimum standard. Tier A Municipalities that have chosen to implement the yard waste collection program must include the collection schedule dates in the annual report.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement the Yard Waste Ordinance / Collection Program minimum standard.
- f. Refuse Container / Dumpster Ordinance
- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall adopt and enforce an ordinance requiring dumpsters and other refuse containers that are outdoors or exposed to stormwater to be covered at all times and which prohibits the spilling, dumping, leaking, or otherwise discharge of liquids, semi-liquids or solids from the containers [excluding permitted temporary demolition containers, refuse containers at industrial facilities authorized to discharge stormwater under a valid NJPDES permit, litter receptacles, individual homeowner trash and recycling containers, and containers that hold large bulky items (e.g., furniture, bound carpet and padding) only].
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Refuse Container Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and begin enforcing the Refuse Container / Dumpster Ordinance minimum standard on or before September 1, 2010.
- g. Fertilizer Management Ordinance

- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities identified in the adopted Non-Tidal Passaic River Basin Addressing Phosphorus Impairments TMDL shall adopt and enforce a fertilizer management ordinance, consistent with the model ordinance provided by the Department's Division of Watershed Management. (The list of municipalities required to adopt the ordinance is found in the adopted Non-Tidal Passaic River Basin Addressing Phosphorus Impairments TMDL and in Attachment F of this permit).
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities, identified in the adopted Non-Tidal Passaic River Basin Addressing Phosphorus Impairments TMDL and Attachment F of this permit, shall certify annually that they have met the Fertilizer Management Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - Tier A Municipalities, identified in the adopted Non-Tidal Passaic River Basin Addressing Phosphorus Impairments TMDL and Attachment F of this permit, shall have fully implemented the Fertilizer Management Ordinance minimum standard on or before September 1, 2009.
- h. Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting Ordinance
- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall adopt and enforce an ordinance requiring the retrofitting of existing storm drain inlets to meet the standard in Attachment C of the permit which are in direct contact with repaving, repairing (excluding repair of individual potholes), reconstruction, resurfacing (including top coating or chip sealing with asphalt emulsion or a thin base of hot bitumen), or alterations of facilities on property not owned or operated by the municipality (except individual single family homes).
 - ii. Measureable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting Ordinance minimum standard.
 - iii. Implementation - Tier A Municipalities shall have adopted and begun enforcing the Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting Ordinance minimum standard by September 1, 2010.

6. Illicit Connection Elimination and MS4 Outfall Pipe Mapping

- a. Minimum Standard
- i. Storm Sewer Outfall Pipe Mapping - Tier A Municipalities shall complete and maintain an outfall pipe map showing the location of the end of all MS4 outfall pipes owned and operated by the Tier A Municipality which discharge to a surface water body (e.g., a lake, ocean, or stream including an intermittent stream).
 - ii. Ordinance Prohibiting Illicit Connections - Each Tier A Municipality shall have adopted and shall enforce through appropriate enforcement procedures and actions an ordinance prohibiting illicit connections to the Tier A Municipality's small MS4.
 - iii. Illicit Connection Elimination Program - Tier A Municipalities must complete an initial physical inspection of all its outfall pipes and maintain an ongoing program to detect and eliminate illicit connections in accordance with the procedures found in Attachment B of the permit. The ongoing program will respond to complaints and reports of illicit connections, including those from operating entities of interconnected small MS4s, and continue to investigate dry weather flows discovered during routine inspections and maintenance of the small MS4.
- b. Measurable Goal
- i. Storm Sewer Outfall Pipe Mapping - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that an outfall pipe map has been completed in accordance with permit conditions, report the number of outfall pipes mapped within the reporting year, and the total number of outfall pipes mapped to date.

- ii. Tier A Municipalities shall certify in the annual report that an ordinance prohibiting illicit connections is in place and is being actively enforced.
 - iii. Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that an illicit connection elimination program has been developed in accordance with permit conditions to detect and eliminate illicit connections into the Tier A Municipalities' small MS4. Annual certifications shall also include the number of outfalls physically inspected, the number of outfalls found to have dry weather flow, the number of illicit connections found and the number of illicit connections eliminated. Copies of inspection reports shall be submitted with the annual certification for those outfalls found to have dry weather flow.
- c. Implementation
- i. Storm Sewer Outfall Pipe Mapping - 60 months from the original EDPA, Tier A Municipalities shall have mapped the location of, and performed an initial physical inspection of, all outfall pipes subject to the minimum standard.
 - ii. Ordinance Prohibiting Illicit Connections - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall an ordinance prohibiting illicit connections to the Tier A Municipality's small MS4.
 - iii. Illicit Connection Elimination Program - 60 months from the original EDPA and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall continue to implement a program to detect and eliminate illicit connections into the Tier A Municipality's small MS4.

7. Solids and Floatable Controls

- a. Monthly Sweeping of Certain Streets in Predominantly Commercial Areas
- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall sweep, at a minimum of once per month (weather and street surface conditions permitting) all streets (including roads or highways) that meet all of the following criteria:
 - the street is owned or operated by the municipality;
 - the street is curbed and has storm drains;
 - the street has a posted speed limit of 35 mph or less;
 - the street is not an entrance or exit ramp; and
 - the street is in a predominantly commercial area.
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Street Sweeping minimum standard. Tier A Municipalities must maintain records including the date and areas swept, number of miles of streets swept and the total amount of materials collected. Information shall be reported to the Department in the annual report and certification.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement a street sweeping program that meets the minimum standard above.
- b. Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting
- i. Minimum Standard - Retrofitting of existing storm drain inlets to meet the standard contained in Attachment C of the permit is required when such inlets are owned or operated by the Tier A Municipality and are in direct contact with repaving, repairing (excluding repair of individual potholes), reconstruction, resurfacing (including top coating or chip sealing with asphalt emulsion or a thin base of hot bitumen), or alterations of facilities owned or operated by the Tier A Municipality.
For exemptions to this standard, refer to "Exemptions" in Attachment C.

- ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that such storm drain inlets have been retrofitted to meet the minimum standard contained in Attachment C, unless otherwise exempted. Tier A Municipalities must maintain records including the number and location of storm drain inlets retrofitted and number and location of storm drain inlets exempted. Information shall be reported to the Department in the annual report and certification.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall retrofit all such storm drain inlets in accordance with the Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting minimum standard.
- c. Stormwater Facility Maintenance
- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall continue to implement a stormwater facility maintenance program for cleaning and maintenance of all municipally owned and operated stormwater facilities. Stormwater facilities include, but are not limited to: catch basins, detention basins, filter strips, riparian buffers, infiltration trenches, sand filters, constructed wetlands, wet basins, bioretention systems, low flow bypasses, and stormwater conveyances. The stormwater facility maintenance must be performed as required to ensure the proper function and operation of the stormwater facility.
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that all municipally owned and operated stormwater facilities are properly functioning in accordance with the minimum standard. If stormwater facilities were found not to be functioning properly and repairs were not made, a schedule for such repairs shall be included in the annual report and certification. Tier A Municipalities shall also maintain records including the date(s) of inspections, maintenance, and description of repairs that were performed. This information shall be included with the annual report and certification.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall continue to implement a stormwater facility maintenance program in accordance with the minimum standard.
- d. Catch Basin Inspection and Cleaning
- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall inspect all municipally owned and operated catch basins for accumulated sediment, trash, and debris; and clean those basins to remove sediment, trash, or debris (if any observed during inspection). Tier A Municipalities with:
 - less than 5,000 municipally owned and operated catch basins shall annually inspect and (to the extent noted above) clean at least 1,000 catch basins, or as many catch basins as the municipality owns and operates.
 - 5,000 or more municipally owned and operated catch basins shall inspect and (to the extent noted above) clean all catch basins by February 28, 2014.
 - ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that all municipally owned and operated catch basins have been inspected and cleaned, as necessary. Tier A Municipalities shall maintain records including the number of municipally owned and operated catch basins within the municipality, the number of catch basins inspected, the number of catch basins cleaned, and the amount of materials collected during catch basin cleaning activities. This information shall be reported in the annual report and certification.
 - iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall inspect and clean all catch basins in accordance with the Catch Basin Inspection and Cleaning minimum standard.
- e. Outfall Pipe Stream Scouring Remediation

- i. **Minimum Standard** - Tier A Municipalities shall maintain a stormwater outfall pipe scouring detection, remediation and maintenance program to detect and control localized stream and stream bank scouring in the vicinity of outfall pipes operated by the municipality. This program shall identify all areas where localized stream and bank scouring occurs as a result of stormwater discharges from the Tier A Municipality's MS4. These areas shall then be prioritized and repairs shall be scheduled and completed. Repairs shall be made in accordance with the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey at N.J.A.C. 2:90-1 (e.g., Conduit Outlet Protection 12-1).
- ii. **Measurable Goal** - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the Outfall Pipe Stream Scouring Remediation minimum standard. In addition, the Tier A Municipality shall list the location of outfall scouring identified, the dates control measures are to begin, and the dates any control measures were completed.
- iii. **Implementation** - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall continue to implement an outfall pipe stream scouring detection, remediation and maintenance program.

8. Maintenance Yard Operations (including maintenance activities at Ancillary Operations)

a. De-icing Material Storage

- i. **Minimum Standard** - Tier A Municipalities shall store salt, and other de-icing materials in a permanent structure. Tier A Municipalities shall perform regular maintenance and inspections of both the permanent structure and the surrounding area (see Good Housekeeping in Appendix D). Sand may be stored outside and uncovered if a 50-foot setback is maintained from storm sewer inlets, ditches or other stormwater conveyance channels, and surface water bodies.
- ii. **Measurable Goal** - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that they have met the De-icing Material Storage minimum standard.
- iii. **Implementation** - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall store salt, and other de-icing materials in accordance with the De-icing Material Storage minimum standard.

b. Equipment and Vehicle Washing

- i. **Minimum Standard** - Tier A Municipalities shall manage any equipment and vehicle washing activities so that there are no unpermitted discharges of wash wastewater to the surface or ground waters of the State.
Tier A Municipalities shall maintain a record of where and when equipment and vehicle washing occurs to document proper management of wash water discharge.
- ii. **Measurable Goal** - Tier A Municipalities shall certify annually that there is no unpermitted discharge from vehicle and equipment washing activities and describe the BMP implemented at each of the locations where vehicle and equipment washing activities occur.
- iii. **Implementation** - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall manage any equipment and vehicle washing activities so that there are no unpermitted discharges of wash wastewater to the surface or ground waters of the State.

c. Standard Operating Procedures

- i. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall implement standard operating procedures, which include the required practices listed in Attachment D, for each of the following activities:
 - Vehicle fueling and receiving of bulk fuel deliveries;
 - Vehicle maintenance and repair activities; and
 - Good housekeeping practices for all materials or machinery listed in the Inventory Requirements for Municipal Maintenance Yard Operations prepared in accordance with Attachment D.
- ii. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities must certify annually that there are standard operating procedures in place for vehicle fueling, vehicle maintenance, and good housekeeping practices.
- iii. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall implement the required standard operating procedures.

9. Employee Training

- a. Minimum Standard - Tier A Municipalities shall conduct annual employee training to educate all municipal employees on those stormwater topics which are applicable to their job and title. At a minimum, annual employee training will include the following topics:
 - i. Waste Disposal Education -Training shall include how to respond to inquires regarding proper waste disposal.
 - ii. Municipal Ordinances - Training shall include an overview of the Pet Waste Ordinance, Litter Ordinance, Illicit Connection Ordinance, Improper Waste Disposal Ordinance, Wildlife Feeding Ordinance, Refuse Container Ordinance, Yard Waste Ordinance (if applicable), Fertilizer Management Ordinance (if applicable), and the Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting Ordinance, their requirements, enforcement policy, and hazards associated with improper waste disposal.
 - iii. Yard Waste Collection Program (if applicable) - Training shall include frequency of yard waste pickups and schedule, policy for when yard waste can be placed curbside, and alternatives such as composting and recycling.
 - iv. Illicit Connection Elimination and Outfall Pipe Mapping - Training shall include information regarding the hazards associated with illicit connections and details of the program including investigation techniques, physical observations, field sampling, and mapping procedures.
 - v. Monthly Sweeping of Certain Streets in Predominantly Commercial Areas - Training shall include sweeping schedules and record keeping requirements.
 - vi. Stormwater Facility Maintenance - Training shall include catch basin cleaning schedules and record keeping requirements.
 - vii. Outfall Pipe Stream Scouring Remediation - Training shall include identifying outfall pipe scouring and repairs.
 - viii. Maintenance Yard Operations (including Ancillary Operations) - Training shall include de-icing material storage, fueling, vehicle maintenance, equipment/vehicle washing and good housekeeping SOPs.
 - ix. Construction Activity / Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment - Training shall include information regarding the requirement to obtain a NJPDES construction activity stormwater permit (see Part I, Section A.5.a and A.5.b of this permit) and requirements for Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment (See Part I, Section F.3 of this permit) for the permittee's own construction activities and projects that disturb one acre or more.

- b. Measurable Goal - Tier A Municipalities must certify annually that employee training has been conducted and include the date(s) of the annual employee training(s) in the annual report and certification.
- c. Implementation - On March 1, 2009 and thereafter, Tier A Municipalities shall conduct an annual employee training program in accordance with the minimum standard.

10. Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control

- a. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:14A-25.6(b)2 and 25.7(b), the Department is responsible for developing, implementing, and enforcing a NJPDES permit program to reduce pollutants in stormwater runoff to small MS4s from construction activities. The Tier A Municipality is not required to include this SBR in its stormwater program or discuss this SBR in its SPPP.

G. Additional Measures and Optional Measures

1. Additional Measures

- a. Additional Measures (AMs) are non-numeric or numeric effluent limitations that are expressly required to be included in the stormwater program by an adopted areawide or Statewide Water Quality Management Plan (WQM plan). AMs may modify or be in addition to SBRs. AMs may be required by a TMDL approved or established by USEPA, a regional stormwater management plan, or other elements of adopted areawide or Statewide WQM plans.
- b. The Department will provide written notice of the adoption of an AM to each Tier A Municipality whose stormwater program will be affected, and will list each adopted AM in the permit by making a minor modification to the permit. The AMs, other than numeric effluent limitations, will specify the BMPs that must be implemented and the measurable goals for each BMP. The AMs will also specify time periods for implementation.

2. Optional Measures

- a. At the Tier A Municipality's discretion, the stormwater program may also include Optional Measures (OMs), which are BMPs that are not implemented for SBRs or AMs but that prevent or reduce the pollution of the waters of the State.

H. Deadlines and Certifications

1. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

- a. On or before June 1, 2009, the Tier A Municipality shall revise their SPPP to incorporate changes required by the renewal of the Tier A Permit.
 - i. The SPPP shall include, at a minimum, all of the information and items identified in Attachment A. The SPPP shall be signed, dated and retained by the Tier A Municipality.

2. Statewide Basic Requirements

- a. Each SBR contained in Part I, Section F of the permit has a specific implementation schedule. Each SBR shall be implemented in accordance with that schedule. Tier A Municipalities shall certify in the Annual Report and Certification the status of the implementation of each SBR and the date implementation was completed, as appropriate.

- i. The Department may grant a six-month extension to the deadlines contained in an implementation schedule for any of the SBRs if the Tier A Municipality submits a written request for such extension, at least 30 days prior to the deadline, establishing to the Department's satisfaction that the Federal, State and local permits and approvals necessary for the construction of best management practices could not with due diligence be obtained within the time period set forth in Section F above. The written request shall be submitted to:
 NJDEP
 Division of Water Quality
 Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control
 Municipal Stormwater Regulation Program
 P.O. Box 029
 Trenton, NJ 08625-0029

3. Annual Report and Certification

- a. Tier A Municipalities shall complete an Annual Report (on a form provided by the Department) summarizing the status of compliance with this permit including measurable goals and the status of the implementation of each SBR contained in Part I, Section F of the permit. This report shall include a certification that the municipality is in compliance with its stormwater program, SPPP and this permit, except for any incidents of noncompliance. Any incidents of noncompliance with permit conditions shall be identified in the Annual Report and Certification. A copy of each Annual Report and Certification shall be kept at a central location and shall be made available to the Department for inspection.
 - i. If there are incidents of noncompliance, the report shall identify the steps being taken to remedy the noncompliance and to prevent such incidents from recurring.
 - ii. The Annual Report and Certification shall be signed and dated by the Tier A Municipality, and shall be maintained for a period of at least five years. This period may be extended by written request of the Department at any time.
- b. The Annual Report and Certification shall be submitted to the Department pursuant to the following submittal schedule:
 - i. Submit an Annual Report and Certification: on or before May 2nd annually.
 - ii. The Annual Report and Certification shall include information for activities and projects conducted by the municipality between January 1 and December 31 of each reporting year.

I. Standard Conditions

1. General Conditions Incorporated by Reference.

- a. The following general conditions are incorporated by reference. The Tier A Municipality is required to comply with the regulations, which were in effect as of March 1, 2009.
 - i. General Permits N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.13
 - ii. Penalties for Violations N.J.A.C. 7:14-8.1 et seq.
 - iii. Incorporation by Reference N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.3
 - iv. Toxic Pollutants N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)4i
 - v. Duty to Comply N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)1 & 4

- vi. Duty to Mitigate N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)5 & 11
 - vii. Inspection and Entry N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.11(e)
 - viii. Enforcement Action N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.9
 - ix. Duty to Reapply N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.2(e)3
 - x. Signatory Requirements for Applications and Reports N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.9
 - xi. Effect of Permit/Other Laws N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)6 & 7 & 2.9(c)
 - xii. Severability N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.2
 - xiii. Administrative Continuation of Permits N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.8
 - xiv. Permit Actions N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.7(c)
 - xv. Reopener Clause N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)10, 16.4(b) & 25.7(b)
 - xvi. Permit Duration and Renewal N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.7(a) & (b)
 - xvii. Consolidation of Permit Process N.J.A.C. 7:14A-15.5
 - xviii. Confidentiality N.J.A.C. 7:14A-18.2 & 2.11(g)
 - xix. Fee Schedule N.J.A.C. 7:14A-3.1
 - xx. UIC Corrective Action N.J.A.C. 7:14A-8.4
 - xxi. Additional Conditions Applicable to UIC Permits N.J.A.C. 7:14A-8.9
 - xxii. UIC Operating Criteria N.J.A.C. 7:14A-8.16
- b. Operation and Maintenance
 - i. Need to Halt or Reduce not a Defense N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.9(b)
 - ii. Proper Operation and Maintenance N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12
- c. Monitoring and Records
 - i. Monitoring N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.5
 - ii. Recordkeeping N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.6
 - iii. Signatory Requirements for Monitoring Reports N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.9
- d. Reporting Requirements
 - i. Planned Changes N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.7
 - ii. Reporting of Monitoring Results N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.8
 - iii. Noncompliance Reporting N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10 & 6.8(h)

- iv. Hotline/Two Hour & Twenty-four Hour Reporting N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10(c) & (d)
 - v. Written Reporting N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10(e) &(f) & 6.8(h)
 - vi. Duty to Provide Information N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.11, 6.2(a)14 & 18.1
 - vii. Compliance Schedules N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.4
 - viii. Transfer N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)8 & 16.2
- e. Copies of the NJPDES rules may be purchased by contacting Lexis Nexis - Customer Service at (800) 223-1940, or go to the Lexis Nexis bookstore on the internet at www.lexisnexis.com/bookstore.

J. Additional Conditions

1. Agency and Public Review

- a. The Tier A Municipality shall make the SPPP available upon request to an authorized representative of the Department and to the owner of and operating entity for any municipal separate storm sewer system that receives discharges from the Tier A Municipality's small MS4.
- b. Upon review by an authorized representative, the Department may notify the Tier A Municipality at any time that the SPPP does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements. Within 30 days after receiving such notification (unless otherwise specified by the Department), the SPPP shall be amended to adequately address all deficiencies, and written certification of such amendments shall be submitted to the Department.
- c. Tier A Municipalities shall make records required by this permit, including its SPPP, available to the public at reasonable times during regular business hours (see N.J.A.C. 7:14A-18 for confidentiality provisions).

2. Other Laws

- a. In accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)7, this permit does not authorize any infringement of State or local law or regulations, including, but not limited to the Pinelands rules (N.J.A.C. 7:50), N.J.A.C. 7:1E (Department rules entitled "Discharges of Petroleum and other Hazardous Substances"), the New Jersey Register of Historic Places Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:4), and all other Department rules. No discharge of hazardous substances (as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:1E-1.6) resulting from an onsite spill shall be deemed to be "pursuant to and in compliance with [this] permit" within the meaning of the Spill Compensation and Control Act at N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11c.

3. Operations and Maintenance Manual

- a. In accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12(c), for a discharge authorized by this permit, the Tier A Municipality is exempt from the requirement to prepare an operations and maintenance manual.

NJPDES MASTER GENERAL PERMIT PROGRAM INTEREST, Trenton

Permit No. NJ0141852
DST090002 Stormwater Discharge Master General Permit
Renewal