Bluegill Sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus)

General Information

Bluegill sunfish are an important panfish as well as being an important forage species. They are commonly found throughout the state in a variety of habitat conditions. They do well in small pond environments and are less prone to stunting than the pumpkinseed sunfish.



Native Range

Lake Champlain & southern Ontario region through Great Lakes to Minnesota and south to northeastern Mexico, the Gulf states & the Carolinas. Introduced widely outside of its native range. (Stuber and Gebhart 1982)

Habitat Description

Lake: fertile lakes, ponds & reservoirs with extensive littoral areas (20 - 60% of surface area), require deeper water for over wintering, low to moderate turbidities, prefer 20 % - 60% cover within the littoral area with no more than 30% in the form of aquatic vegetation. Too much aquatic vegetation can interfere with feeding or cause stunting by reducing predation, can tolerate pH values as low as 4.0 (Stuber and Gebhart 1982)

River: large, low velocity streams (prefer < 10 cm/sec but will tolerate up to 45 cm/sec), > 60% of surface area in pools, gradient < 0.5 m/km), can tolerate salinities up to 3.6 ppt. (Stuber and Gebhart 1982)

Optimum Habitat Requirements					
Dissolved Oxygen	> 5 mg/l				
Temperature	27° C				
рН	6.5 - 8.5				
Turbidity	< 50 ppm				
Current	< 10 cm/sec				

Diet				
Fry	zooplankton, insects			
Juveniles	zooplankton, aq. & terr. insects			
Adults	zooplankton, aq. & terr. insects			
Notes: opportunistic feeders, alter diet				
according to food availability				

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Growth (mm)							
Age	Ι	II	III	IV	\mathbf{V}	VI	
	51	92	124	148	174	201	

Notes: Growth data taken from a summary of lake inventories performed 1990 - 1995.

Reproduction						
Time of Year	April to June		Age Males Mature	-		
Temperature Range	17° to 31° C		Age Females Mature	-		
Water Depth	1 - 3 m		Nest	built by male		
Substrate	gravel, sand		Egg Type			
Time of Day			Parental Care	male		
Critical pH			Days to Hatching	1.5 - 5		
Vegetation	important		Stable Water Level	critical		
Notes: repeat spawners. Reproduction information taken from Stuber and Gebhart 1982; Scott						
and Crossman 1973)						