SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY CHANCERY DIVISION: MORRIS COUNTY DOCKET NO. C-3939-84

DIAMOND SHAMROCK CHEMICALS COMPANY,

PLAINTIFF,

STENOGRAPHIC TRANSCRIPT

VS

OF:

NON-JURY TRIAL

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THE AETNA CASUALTY
AND SURETY COMPANY, ET AL.:

DEFENDANTS. :

MORNING SESSION

:

DATE: SEPTEMBER 22, 1988

PLACE: MORRIS COUNTY COURTHOUSE

MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY

BEFORE: FO HON. REGINALD STANTON, A.J.S.C.

TRANSCRIPT ORDERED BY: STEPHEN D. CUYLER, ESQ.

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## EXHIBITS

NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	ID	EV
P-69 P-74C P-80	Executive Order No. 40 dated 6/2/83 Administrative order EO-40-6 Administrative consent order No. 1	10 20 20	
P-81	dated 3/13/84 Administrative consent order No. II dated 12/21/84	40	
P-84	Record of Decision dated 9/30/87	45	

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THE COURT: We're ready now for our next 1 witness, are we? 2 MR. FALLS: Yes. Michael Catania. 3 THE COURT: Mr. Catania, would you come up 4 here to the witness desk to my left. If you'll 5 go up to the Court aid. 6 MICHAEL F. CATANIA, SWORN. 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. FALLS: 8 THE COURT: Whenever you're ready, 9 Mr. Falls. 10 Q Mr. Catania, will you please state your 11 business address and present employment? 12 I am the Deputy Commissioner of the New Jersey 13 Department of Environmental Protection. Our business 14 address is 401 State Street, Trenton, New Jersey 08625. 15 Q And would you please describe your 16 17 educational background after high school? A I have a Masters Degree in political science 18 from Rutgers University and law degree also from 19 Rutgers University. 20 21 And when did you obtain those degrees? My law degree is 1980; my Masters Degree is from 22 23 1975. And would you please describe your 24 employment history after your schooling. 25

#### Catania-direct-Falls

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A From 1974 to 1982 I was employed by the Office of Legislative Services which is essentially a nonpartisan staff agency for New Jersey legislation.

During that time I served as staff to various environmental committees to the legislature and drafted a variety of environmental legislation.

In 1982 I joined New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and became the Director of the Office of Regulatory Services. That is the office within DEP which supervises all of the internal legal staff of the department.

In February of 1986 I became the Deputy

Commissioner of the Department, and I serve in that

capacity now.

Q Now I'd like to show the witness a document which has been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibits 69. Can you identify that document, please?

A Yes, I can. This is the executive order that was signed by Governor Kean declaring a state of emergency as a result of Dioxin contamination at 80 Lister Avenue, City of Newark.

Q Did you play any role in the preparation or promulgation of that order?

- A I did. I participated in drafting this order.
  - Q Now, when did you first become aware that

Dioxin had been found at the 80 Lister Avenue site? 1 My recollection is that it was -- excuse me --2 in May of 1983 I was informed by one of our staff in 3 the Division of Waste Management that we had received 4 the results of soil sampling that we had done at 80 5 Lister Avenue. б And was it the find of Dioxin in those 7 soil samples that triggered the executive order and the 8 action subsequently taken by the Department of Ģ Environmental Protection? 10

A It was.

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Now, how did the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection happen to test the 80 Lister Avenue site for the presence of Dioxin?

A One of the units within DEP, which was at the time called the Office of Science and Research, had an ongoing research project to detect the presence of Dioxin contamination at sites around the state.

That research effort in part was the result of a report that the US Environmental Protection Agency had done a year before that time -- this would have been the end of 1982 -- which listed the sites around the country state by state where one might expect to find Dioxin contamination on the basis of the manufacturing that had taken place there.

1	80 Lister Avenue and the former Alkalai site was
2	the first site we tested in New Jersey.
3	Q After you received the results of the
4	tests which showed the presence of the Dioxin what did
5	you do? That is what did your agency do?
6	A The first thing we did was to verify those
7	results. We asked the laboratories to confirm the
8	results that we had been given over the telephone.
9	After we did that, we consulted with the
LO	Environmental Protection Agency, with our governor's
L1	office and decided what we needed to do, and very
L 2	shortly thereafter contacted representatives of Diamond
L <b>3</b>	Shamrock and asked them to come up to New Jersey and
L <b>4</b>	sit down with us and discuss how best to handle the
L 5	problem.
16	Q And did you meat with them promptly?
L 7	A I did. I met with them personally several days
18	after.
19	Q After the receipt of the test results?
20	A Yes.
21	Q By the way, let me offer in evidence trial
22	exhibit 69.
23	THE COURT: Any objection to P-69 being
24	marked in evidence.
25	We'll mark P-69 in evidence.

1	(P-69 is marked in evidence).
2	Q I show the witness a document which has
3	been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibits 74C.
4	Can you identify this document?
5	A This is an administrative order issued by then
6	Commissioner Robert Hughey to Diamond Shamrock to take
7	certain measures to control the migration of Dioxin
8	contamination from the 80 Lister Avenue site.
9	Q And did you have any role in the
10	preparation or issuance of this?
11	A I did. I drafted this order.
12	Q And what did it require Diamond to do?
13	A Specifically to cover the site with a permeable
14	tarp and to take certain other measures including a
15	security and fencing to secure the site and restrict
16	public access to the site and to try and control or to
17	minimize the migration of Dioxin contamination off
18	sight.
19	Q And did Diamond comply with that order?
20	A Yes, they did.
21	Q I'd like to show the witness a document
22	which has been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 80.
2 <b>3</b>	MR. FALLS: Before I before we discuss
24	Exhibit 80, I'd like to offer Exhibit 74C.
25	THE COURT: Is there any objection to 74C

coming in evidence? 1 MR. CUYLER: Your Honor --2 THE COURT: I'm sorry. 3 MR. CUYLER: -- on all these exhibits I 4 really have no objection per se. I presumed 5 they're not being offered for the truth of any 6 of the conclusions drawn by any of the 7 administrative agencies, just for the fact they 8 9 were made and Diamond was subject to these 10 orders. THE COURT: I think they're being offered 11 in the first place to show the state issued 12 certain orders with which Diamond has been 13 ä, attempting to comply. 14 15 MR. CUYLER: That's certainly no problem there. 16 THE COURT: It's possible that an argument 17 . might be made that factual findings or recitals 18 19 in the order should be considered substantively. And offhand I think there could be a use of the 20 order appropriately for that. They are official 21 government documents issued by an officer 22 charged with public responsibilities in the area 23 covered by the issuance. So I think under the 24

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exception to the hearsay rule they can be taken

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in substantively. 1

> I am aware, of course, that we don't necessarily have to end up buying all of the factual findings. They're open to being attacked by any of the parties. But I think I have to say that if I, for example, -- I have a finding by the commissioner, I think I can and should consider that as being evidential of what the finding purports to be.

> I don't consider myself bound to end up in the same place the commissioner does, but I certainly would consider what he says as being evidential.

MR. CUYLER: My point is this: For the instance, I believe on the governor's executive order he makes a statement there was an imminent threat of harm to an area of the neighborhood of the plant. There's no basis upon which that can be --

THE COURT: I'm sorry to hear you say that because several years ago in another case I gave commissioner possession of the site because I agreed with that finding.

MR. CUYLER: That may well be the case, but obviously just as your Honor cannot go

outside the record, I shouldn't have to be confronted with a matter outside the record.

THE COURT: You shouldn't, but I think
what I can say at this point is that first of
all, the concept of imminent danger is an
irrelevant one, actually, and it depends for
what purpose. And as a matter of fact, I had in
another case made a finding that the
commissioner is entitled to do certain things
with this -- with this site, but that doesn't
mean that I'm bound to agree with all of these
findings.

But I think the -- I think we have to say that the orders are admissible substantively in terms of their findings as well as being admissible to show that Diamond was directed to do things.

Let me just see if I can cite the rule to you.

MR. FALLS: I believe it's rule 63(15).

THE COURT: 63(15) deals with reports and findings of public officials, and it says
"Subject to Rule 64, statement is admissible if in the form of a written statement of an act done or an act, condition or event observed by a

public official if it was within the scope of
his duty either to perform the act reported or
to observe the act, condition, or event reported
and to make written statement or statistical
findings," etcetera. We don't need to deal with
that.

But the commissioner is in the -- you know, among other things he's charged with the responsibility of making findings like that and issuing orders like this, and I think his orders are admissible substantively under rule 63(15), but they're subject to attack and to modification by other courts of course.

Also not being in terms of their own a compelling inference or lack of it just an analysis of them might lead us not to accept everything they say even though there's no contrary evidence.

MR. CUYLER: I don't want to belabor the point. Consuming too much time. They're admissible, I agree, for a very limited purpose, and with the Court's permission I'll submit a memorandum of law..

THE COURT: Subject to the memorandum,

I'll take them in one as evidential that Diamond

was compelled to do certain things, and, two, 1 I'll take them in as being evidential of the 2 findings contained. 3 4 Go ahead, please. Mr. Catania, can you identify this 5 Q 6 document? Yes, this is an administrative consent order 7 entered into between the Department and Diamond 8 9 Shamrock with respect to the study and clean-up of 80 10 Lister Avenue. 11 And did you play a role in its development and issuance? 12 13 I did. I drafted the order and I led the negotiating team that handled the negotiations with 14 15 Diamond. And broadly, what does the order require 16 17 Diamond to do? 18 A Requires a variety of things. The first thing 19 it requires is a site evaluation, basically a study of 20 the extent and scope of the contamination on site. It also requires a feasiblity study to look at the various 21 alternatives for cleaning up the site. 22 It requires that Diamond post a letter of credit 23 in the amount of \$12 million to guarantee performance 24 of its responsibilities under the order and also the 25

1	establishment of a standby trust so the Department
2	could draw on that amount of money to hire its own
3	contractors in the event Diamond would not perform.
4	Q Now, in the course of your negotiations
5	with Diamond, did you inform Diamond as to the action
6	you would take if they refused to agree to the consent
7	order, to a consent order?
8	A Yes I did.
9	Q What did you tell them?
10	A We indicated that the state thought it was
11	necessary to move forward with the steady and clean-up
12	of the site. We were desirous of having Diamond
13	perform those functions but that the State would use
14	public dollars after directing Diamond to do that after
15	the Spill Compensation Control Act and State would
L6	preserve its right to collect treble damages in the
L7	event we had to use public dollars to perform those
L 8	functions.
L 9	Q If you had not been able to negotiate a
20	consent decree with Diamond, what relief would you have
21	expected to obtain through other means?
22	MR. CALOGERO: Objection, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: What's the objection.
24	MR. CALOGERO: Objection, your Honor, is
25	that Diamond did perform those functions and

1	whatever would have happened if they did not do
2	it is not relevant for the purpose of this
3	litigation.
4	THE COURT: It might be because
5	MR. CALOGERO: Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Yes.
7	MR. CALOGERO: Your Honor has already
3	ruled on the issue that that would be relevant
9	to and that was the issue as to whether or not
10	these orders constitute damages under the
11	insurance policies. And I think that's the only
12	issue that it's relevant to.
13	THE COURT: Well, I think the plaintiff is
14	entitled to show it wasn't truly a voluntee'r and
15	there would have been consequences even more
16	expensive than the ones thus far incurred if
17	they had resisted the orders and found out to be
18	wrong in their resistance.
19	I think when we're talking about the
20	treble the multiplication of damages and so
21	forth. I think they're entitled to show that.
22	I'll allow it.
23	A May I ask you to restate the question?
24	THE COURT: Would you read it back please?
25	(Previous question is read by the
	1

reporter).

The State would have drawn upon financial resources available to us to conduct a study in the clean-up. We then would have sought to recover the costs of those actions from Diamond. So I guess my answer would be is that we would have basically stood in Diamond's place and done the same actions and then tried to get the money back afterwards under the treble damage provision of the Spill Act.

Now, do you have any experience -- have you had any experience in the course of your work with respect to the comparative costs of State-managed remediation and company-managed remediation?

A Yes, I have.

Q And what has that experience shown you?

A That experience has shown me that it is

sometimes the case that private parties can engage

contractors and perform studies and clean-ups at a

lower cost than the State can.

Q Do you know whether that was the case here? That is with respect to Diamond?

A With respect to certain aspects of that, that certainly is the case. Because I was through staff in the department aware of the costs that it would of have been incurred had the department engaged contractors to

perform some of these activities, and through 1 2 discussions with Diamond and some of the contractors 3 they were discussing, I was aware of the comparison between those costs. 5 And it was -- it was the case that Diamond was 6 able to perform the activities for a lower cost than 7 the department would have. 8 Q Now, can you describe the course of the 9 negotiations between the New Jersey Department of 10 Environmental Protection and Diamond which led up to 11 the administrative order which has been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibits 80? 12

A They were very lengthy negotiations which took place over a period of time of almost a year. They were very complex negotiations in the sense that there were a lot of issues involved in this consent order that were not standard issues in terms of other things that we normally negotiate.

I think they were cooperative to the extent that the parties had I think a mutual interest in resolving the problem, but they were by no means easy or resolved quickly.

MR. FALLS: I'd like to offer in evidence Plaintiff's Exhibit 80.

THE COURT: Is there any objection to

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1	that? That's there is none. P-80 will be
2	received in evidence.
3	MR. CUYLER: Your Honor subject
4	THE COURT: Subject to the same caveats,
5	Mr. Cuyler. I'll take it in both substantively
6	and in terms of Diamond's being compelled to do
7	these things, but I will reconsider that when I
8	have your memo.
9	MR. CUYLER: Thank you.
10	(P-74C and P-80 are received and marked in
11	evidence.)
12	THE COURT: You've just given us and the
13	witness P-81. Go ahead.
14	Q Mr. Catania, can you identify that
15	document?
16	A Yes, I can. This is the second administrative
17	consent order that was entered into between DEP and
18	Diamond Shamrock.
19	Q And what generally does it require Diamond
20	to do? How does it relate to the first order?
21	A Basically supplements the first consent order.
22	This is what I would characterize as the offsight
23	consent order. It concerns the study and the
24	remediation of contamination on places other than 80
25	Lister Avenue, and similar to the first consent order

it requires that the scope and extent of the contamination be identified and remediated, and I guess I would explain that what it does, it integrates the result of the activities under this consent order into the feasiblity study that is required under the first consent order.

And what I mean by that is that the materials that were remediated from a variety of offsight locations in the vicinity of 80 Lister Avenue were brought back to 80 Lister Avenue and to an adjacent property, 120 Lister Avenue, and this became part of the feasiblity study to determine what was the most appropriate ultimate remediation of that contamination.

- Q In what way does -- does the order which has been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 81 relate to the 120 Lister Avenue site?
- A It covers that as one of the offsight locations that will be studied and cleaned under this order.
- Q Now, was your role with respect to
  Plaintiff's Exhibit 81 essentially the same as your
  role with respect to Plaintiff's Exhibit 80?
  A Yes, it was.
- Q And were the negotiations with respect to that consent order comparable to those with respect to Plaintiff's Exhibit 80?

1	A Very comparable.
2	Q Now, has Diamond, to your knowledge,
3	complied with the requirements of the administrative
4	consent orders which have been entered?
5	A There's been substantial compliance with the
5	provisions of both consent orders.
7	Q Going back for a moment, you mentioned
8	that the New Jersey Department of Environmental
9	Protection arranged for testing in and about the Lister
10	Avenue site?
11 .	A Yes.
12	Q Could you describe the testing that was
13	done?
14	A The initial testing that was done in the spring
15	of 1983 would have consisted of only a half a dozen
16	samples of soil. Would have been soil samples taken at
17	a variety of locations onsite based on the information
18	we had concerning the types of manufacturing processes
19	that had taken place on the site. So those were the
20	initial samples, just really a few of them.
21	Q And what was the testing that occurred
22	after that?
23	A A variety of testing took place after that. The
24	United States Environmental Protection Agency in

cooperation with DEP moved in and did extensive

sampling on the site as well as in the immediate 1 2 vicinity of the site, and basically that testing 3 consisted of continuing to sample outward everytime 4 they got analysis back that showed the presence of Dioxin contamination so that ultimately a fairly large 5 6 area was tested until the samples came back showing no 7 Dioxin contamination. ٢. Q Are you familiar with the phrase "action level?" 9 10 Yes, I am. What does that mean? 11 12 Action level is the standard that an agency like Α DEP would use that would determine when remedial action 13 14 would be required. It's a threshold level of contamination above which some clean-up would be 15 16 required. 17 And what was the -- what has been the 18 action level for Dioxin that you have used in connection with the 80 Lister Avenue site? 19 20 We have used a level of a part per billion. THE COURT: That's billion as in boy? 21 22 THE WITNESS: Yes. And where did you get that action level? 23 0 24 That standard was established by the Center for Disease Control, a federal agency in Atlanta. 25

And now can you identify for us to the best of your present recollection the sites other than the 80 Lister Avenue site where Dioxin was found in amounts large enough so some remedial action was required?

A There were several sites immediately adjacent to

A There were several sites immediately adjacent to 80 Lister Avenue. Certainly 120 Lister Avenue, the Hug Holdings Property, the SCA facilities at 100 Lister Avenue, the Sheman-Williams facilities.

There was a portion of the Conrail tracks servicing the Farmers Market and some of the industries in that area that was contaminated. There was some areas along Lockwood Avenue, Newark Box Board, Brady Iron and Metals, and there were — the property called the Hildeman property on Raymond Boulevard, and there were a variety of what we call parkway medians, the median strips along various roads in the immediate vicinity in the Ironbound Section of Newark that were also contaminated and subject to remediation.

- Q Roughly how large an area -- in roughly how large an area was Dioxin contamination found?

  A I would say about an 8 to 10 square block area.
- Q Based on work that you have done on this project, do you have an opinion as to how the Dioxin which was found in the vicinity of 80 Lister Avenue got

1 there? 2 MR. L. SHEFT: Objection. I think it's beyond the scope of this witness' 3 4 qualifications. 5 THE COURT: Read it back, Mrs. Nutting. (Previous question is read by the б 7 reporter). 8 MR. CUYLER: Your Honor, if I may. THE COURT: 9 Yes. 10 MR. CUYLER: Before a witness is offered as an expert it's customary in our practice to 11 12 qualify him and allow voir dire. THE COURT: I don't think Mr. --13 14 Commissioner Catania has been offered as and 15 expert as such. So far he's being offered as a 16 major official of the department who would have some factual information about it. 17 18 And the question really would be what -let me just ask you, what do you know about the 19 20 site itself in terms of direct experience with 21 it? 22 THE WITNESS: I individually interviewed a lot of the people in the area, Diamond's 23 24 officials, the people who own some of the other 25 properties that were the subject of

contamination.

Basically my experience would have been trying to track the contamination. There are some specific instances where I think I would have personal knowledge and an opinion on how the contamination got to a particular site. The rest of it would be reliance upon opinions of my staff that were also involved in the investigation.

THE COURT: I -- I'm inclined to think that Commissioner Catania is not a scientific expert and cannot give scientific expert testimony. That's really because in -- certainly in terms of his education, his education is not scientific. His education is in the area both of science and law.

His job has exposed him, obviously, to a lot of scientific data and he undoubtedly has spent a lot of time managing scientists and managing scientific data. So I would expect him to have a much greater sophistication than the average lay person in this area because of his dealing with these kinds of questions and these kinds of people; but, even so, I don't think he qualifies as a technical scientific expert in

this area.

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I think, however, that he can probably give opinion testimony as a -- in the same way that any non-expert can give opinion testimony.

I'm referring now to Rule 46 Subsection 1 which says that "If the witness is not testifying as an expert, his testimony in the form of opinions or inferences is limited to such opinions or inferences as the judge finds (a) may be rationally based on the perception of the witness and (b) are helpful to a clear understanding of his testimony or to the determination of the fact in issue."

I'll let him give opinion testimony subject to the limitations of this rule. He's been on the site. He's talked to some people. He has made some observations of his own. And he might be expected to have some opinions which make sense, at least to the extent that one would be willing to hear what they are and look at them.

But I do not think he is a scientific technical expert. So he's testifying -- insofar as he gives any opinion, he's testifying under Rule 56 Subsection 1.

1 MR. BATES: Just for clarification, will
2 that limit his reliance on the opinions of his
3 staff which he just mentioned a moment ago?
4 THE COURT: Let's see -- let's see what

THE COURT: Let's see -- let's see what happens. See, the difficulty -- in a sense, no one but an expert can even know that there is Dioxin at a given spot. You know, you can't see it. Nobody can see the darn stuff. Somebody has to have a test made by at least a technician and analyzed by somebody who is probably more than a technician and then somebody says there's four parts per billion of Dioxin in point A.

Well, I really don't want to waste time getting some technician in here and some supervisor of some technician to tell us that -- somebody is controverting the facts I certainly wouldn't hear that. But if it's not a matter of controversy, I really don't want that underlying stuff just wasting time.

But if this witness is going to start with the premise, he's going to say, well, our report showed there was Dioxin at Site A which is 500 yards down the railroad track, and he then wants to give an opinion that he thinks that got there by wind or by railroad workers, you know,

walking along kicking the stuff, whatever he's going to say, I'd be inclined to say this is a -- something you don't need to be -- perhaps a non-expert can testify.

MR. BATES: My fundamental problem, your

MR. BATES: My fundamental problem, your Honor, we have some schedules in this case for the identification of experts. We had requirements for the presentation of expert reports. Until today, it was not our understanding that Mr. Catania would be tendered to give opinion testimony here at trial.

If in fact, for example, he's relying upon opinions of his staff, we've not had the opportunity, if we had known about this before, to take some discovery or depositions of those individuals to be able to challenge the basis, for example, of their opinions or whatever.

And it seems to me it's a little bit
unfair for Diamond not to have identified him as
an opinion-giving witness before and then to
spring him on us at trial and force us without
proper preparation to try to by
cross-examination challenge --

MR. FALLS: The witness was questioned in this area on his deposition.

MR. CALOGERO: Can I just bring up another point? You've referred to Rule 56 as the testimony in the form of an opinion.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. CALOGERO: My understanding of that rule, and it's usually been brought up -- I think the most common example that we have has been a lay person can usually give an opinion as that someone is intoxicated. It's come up a lot in that case.

And usually the two key elements in that case, your Honor, is that the person had an opportunity to observe, that he had actual — the actual observation of the facts on which the opinion is based. We have had some testimony here that he spoke to some individuals in the area. He is going to give his opinion on how Dioxin got there based on what some people in the area said, your Honor. I don't think that's proper under the rules.

What other people who may have been in the Newark area, who may have been on Lister Avenue, how they think it got there, certainly if they want to come in and testify that's one thing.

THE COURT: Look, suppose he's going to

tell us that some old guy who lived in that neighborhood told him that in 1969 New Jersey Central, who used to own the Conrail tracks tore up all the old tracks and laid down new tracks, you know, for a mile around the site of this factory. And then suppose he's going to say now if they did that, that could have caused, you know, stuff that was in the old tracks to migrate down along the tracks. Suppose he says that.

I don't regard that as something that causes us to -- if somebody thinks it didn't happen, I suppose that's an ascertainable fact whether they did relay the tracks in 1969. 3 I really think what we have here is a manager, to some extent, of a public response to the situation, and I suppose he has some ideas about how this stuff may have moved around, and they may or may not make sense.

I'm inclined to think that even though he's not an expert he has enough exposures to what was going on at the site and analized it enough so we might preliminarily at least hear what he has to say and hear what it adds up to in any event.

We have the same sort of thing with Mr. 1 2 Steward, although Mr. Steward obviously had more 3 hands-on contact with the site. I don't regard 4 him as having testified as an expert in this 5 case. I regard him as being primarily a fact 6 witness and, yet, he obviously knows a lot about 7 the underlying technology and a lot of 8 technological information was built into his 9 testimony. But he wasn't an expert. 10 This man is not an expert. I'll hear what 11 he has to say. Maybe I'll make some more 12 observations about how I analyze it after I've 13 heard. 14 Go ahead please. Do we have a pending 15 question? 16 MR. FALLS: There is I think. Maybe the 17 best thing would be to read it back. 18 THE COURT: It may be difficult to find. 19 If you happen to remember it --20 MR. FALLS: Sure. I can restate the 21 question. Sure. 22 My question was whether you have an 23 opinion as to how the Dioxin that was found in the 24 vicinity of the 80 Lister Avenue site got there. 25 Α I do. My opinion, based on my involvement in

the investigation, would be that there was likely a variety of natural and manmade modes of transmission. They would include things like, for example, when we found high levels of contamination on the Brady Iron and Metal site at 55 Lockwood Avenue. I interviewed Mr. Brady. I looked at business records. And I found business records which showed that scrap metal had been purchased from 80 Lister Avenue including reactor vessels that had been used to manufacturer herbicides.

Mr. Brady took those materials back to 55

Lockwood and cut them in pieces and scrapped them, and the areas that he indicated that that occurred were the areas we were finding very high levels of Dioxin contamination.

In addition, there are other areas where he had parked his trucks offsight where we were finding levels of contamination where if you looked at the maps where we plotted the other sample results there was no other detectable limits -- levels of contamination.

So we came -- I came to the opinion that the vehicle traffic could have been moving some of the contaminated soil, and a lot of this, your Honor, is not technical; it's really common sensical on my part in that we had levels of contamination in the soil.

Things were moving the soil. Whether it was people's

1	shoes, whether it was the tires of automobiles or
2	trucks or whether it was rain or flooding or things
3	like that or airborne transmission of dried soil. In
Ą	the areas we were finding it it looked like there was a
5	variety of transport mechanisms and included all of
5	those things.
7	Q Thank you. Now was the Passaic River
8	tested for Dioxin?
9	A It was.
10	Q And what was found?
11	A There were levels of contamination found in
12	sediments of the Passaic River.
13	Q Has the New Jersey Department of
14	Environmental Protection reached any conclusion about
15	how the Dioxin present in the river sediments got
16	there?
17	MR. L. SHEFT: Objection, your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Yes.
19	MR. L. SHEFT: I have a problem with that.
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	MR. L. SHEFT: We've gone from this man's
22	expertise now with the New Jersey Department
23	now not only speaking for himself but now for
24	the State of New Jersey.
25	THE COURT: Well, he's always I suppose

1 been here as a representative of the Department. Let me just ask, is there some real 2 3 controversy here? Let me just stop by saying I 4 would expect there wouldn't be too much real controversy about what he said up till now on 5 б the Dioxin on Mr. Brady's site, is there? MR. FALLS: I wouldn't have thought so, 7 8 your Honor. 9 MR. CALOGERO: Your Honor, I think subject to cross examining him a little more on the 10 11 particulars about his interview with Mr. Brady, 12 his testimony hasn't counted for all the other 13 sites he's listed where Dioxin was found. 14 THE COURT: No, but does it matter inde 15 terms of any of the issues? MR. CALOGERO: I think it does matter in 16 17 terms of the issues as for the Brady site. 18 THE COURT: Because if -- you know, if 19 somebody doesn't really think Brady bought scrap 20 metal over there, I suppose --21 MR. L. SHEFT: Says Brady didn't buy scrap metal and move it over. What this witness says 22 23 came off the scrap metal that Brady bought. THE COURT: Now, if for example there's 24 25 nothing, you know, no other path of Dioxin

plant so that we wouldn't think it got pushed along the soil or blown by the wind, if there's nothing, there's gaps and suddenly where he put this junk there's collections of Dioxin, I suppose without being a scientific expert one can say it probably migrated on the material and then got off the material onto the site. That would be my fast reaction to it.

I would think that's not controversial.

If you have reason to think there's something wrong with that, I'm certainly willing to hear it. Point is I don't want to spend much time with stuff that's not very controversial. And I would think some of the ideas at least about how this Dioxin got into the Passaic River are the kinds of things that you would expect a man like this to know in a way that isn't subject to much controversy, but if it is I'd rather get the big picture easily if there's no fight about the big picture.

Now, let me say, I'll let him testify about how his people told him they think the Dioxin got into the river. I'm not enormously impressed by it if somebody has a problem with

it.

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MR. L. SHEFT: You are not enormously impressed by it if somebody has a problem or just not normally impressed by what is being offered.

THE COURT: It's very simple, gentlemen.

If I have a public official like this who comes in and tells me that his people made a study and they did different things and this is what they think happened, for starters I suppose I'm inclined to think they probably have a pretty good idea of how it happened. But I understand that often things are done and assumptions are made that may not hold water.

MR. L. SHEFT: I think my quarrel is more with the quality of proof that is being offered in this rather important case. I don't think this is proof of the quality that should be offered on the issue.

However, I certainly will respect your Honor's ruling firstly because I have no choice. But secondly, I assume, your Honor, we will not be limited in our cross-examination on this issue.

THE COURT: No, no, you won't.

MR. L. SHEFT: Thank you, sir.

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THE COURT: And as I said, I don't think Commissioner Catania -- not to demean him. I don't think he's a true expert in these areas. And we're getting very derivative. We're getting summary information I think from him which I'm willing to take to get a handle on the problem.

All right. Passaic River, Dioxin.

How do you think it got there? What --

maybe tell us what the -- what was there so far as you're aware and how you think it got there? Okay. I do not recall the specific values of contamination that we found in the river. It's been awhile since I looked at those analytical results.

My recollection is, though, that there is some significant contamination in the sediments of the river and that it is higher closer to the site and lower the farther away you get from the site both upstream and downstream.

It's a tidal river at that point there. opinion would be, as a result of my involvement with this, would be there would be the same variety of human and natural transport mechanisms.

You've got an area that has a bulkhead that the

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fill line of the bulkhead has been changed over the years, not only on 80 Lister Avenue but on the adjacent properties, and in some of my interviews with people in that area they told me that fill had been placed and a bulkhead line had been changed so I assume if contamination had existed in one area and someone dug it up and put it behind a bulkead line or in front of a bulkhead line it would have spread that way.

There was some indication in the interviews I did both with Diamond Shamrock officials and some other employees that some explosions had occurred on site during the period of time that the herbicides which are associated with the production of Dioxin had taken place on that site, and these explosions at times may have resulted in the deposition of materials from buildings into the river.

In fact, there was one manufacturing facility very close to the river that we had some indications that there had been an explosion and part of the building fell into the river.

So, again, it's my commonsense conclusions based on the interviews and the materials that I looked at that there was some mechanical transmission of soil into the river from the site.

Were there any natural phenomena which had

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causative effect? 1 MR. L. SHEFT: I didn't hear the question. 2 Were there any natural phenomenon that 3 contributed to the result you've described? 4 The area is subject to flooding. I do not have 5 ક a present recollection of how many floods there were in that period of time or how extensive they were. 7 I would assume though flooding could have played 8 a role in the transportation of the contamination. 9 MR. FALLS: I'd like to offer in evidence 10 Plaintiff's Exhibit 81. 11 THE COURT: Same -- Mr. Cuyler and others 12 have the same general objection. I'll overrule 13 that. 81 may be admitted into evidence. 14 (P-81 is received and marked in evidence). 15 I'd like to show the witness a copy of a 16 Q document which has been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 17 84. Can you identify that document? 18 This document is what DEP calls a concurrence 19 letter with a record of decision which is prepared by 20 the United States Environmental Protection Agency under 21 the provisions of CERCLA, C-E-R-C-L-A, and it basically 22 states the department concurs with EPA's selection of 23 the remedy that was studied during the feasibility 24 study, basically the best way to clean up the site. 25

Q And what is the remedy which is described there?

A Remedy in this case is an interim remedy which consists of the construction of a slurry wall around the site, the installation of a cap on the site, and also the installation and operation of ground water pumps to basically cap the site to contain the materials.

The remedy further requires that on a periodic basis, I believe it's every two years, that remedy be revisited to determine whether or not there is any offsight remediation possible for treatment or disposal of the Dioxin.

It is premised upon the conclusion in the record of decision that there is currently no place in the country or outside the country for that matter where these -- these materials, this volume of Dioxin contaminated materials can be transported and either treated or disposed of permanently.

Q Now, what is the present status of proceedings with respect to the record of decision and the actions taken by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection?

A Approximately two years ago the Federal Superfund Statute was amended and reauthorized. In

those reauthorizations and amendments there was a provision put in that required therefore private responsibility parties to implement a record of decision, required the entry of a judicial consent order in Federal District Court.

That process has been delaying the implementation of the selected remedy in this case as the federal government has tried to come up with guidelines and procedures to implement that law. So the current status of this remedy that was selected in this ROD is that the department of justice and the US Environmental Protection Agency are in the process of negotiating that judicial dissent decree with Diamond Shamrock and are preparing to enter it into Federal District Court.

Now, referring to the program to remediate the sites other than 80 Lister Avenue and 120 Lister Avenue, what has been done to date and what if anything remains to be done?

A There's a very specific scope of work that is attached to the second consent order. And I believe that is Plaintiff's Exhibit 81. Yes.

The work that has been noted in that -- the offsight work, offsite of 80 Lister Avenue that has been required by that consent order has been finished

with some very minor exceptions.

I believe there are five residential properties in the immediate neighborhood where there are levels over a part per billion where the owners have not consented and granted access to the property for the purposes of remediation. The river, as we discussed earlier, is separate from that consent order and has not yet been subject to remediation.

Other than that, everything offsight of 120 and 80 Lister Avenue with the exception of the river and those five residential properties has been remediated.

- Now, has -- are you familiar with the remediation measures that have been taken?
- Q Have all of them that have been taken to date been required by order of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection?
- A Yes, specifically.

Yes, I am.

- Q Are all of the remediation measures which have been taken or which are contemplated by the Record of Decision and the orders, are all of them designed to deal with the Dioxin problem?
- A Yes, they are. The orders also address other chemicals and require evaluation and clean-up of other chemicals. This gets a little complicated because

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there's different categories of chemicals. I don't know how much.

Q Go ahead and explain them.

When we sat down with Diamond Shamrock initially to discuss with them the best ways of evaluating the problem onsite, and offsight for that matter, they gave us a production list of the various products that had been produced onsite, and you will see in the second consent order an Appendix B which lists all of the chemicals the department believes were handled at the site.

And basically the consent order requires the clean-up not only of Dioxin but of those other chemicals as well down to levels that the order states the department will establish clean-up levels for as the process is ongoing.

As it turns out, the remedial measures that were required to take care of the Dioxin on contamination rendered that issue moot. In other words, everything that was done to remediate the Dioxin more than took care of any problems with any of the other chemical contamination that the samples disclosed.

We were not aware that would have happened at the time. In the event there was any difference, we wanted there to be separate provisions for cleaning up

1	other chemicals as well.
2	Q Now, has any final decision been made by
3	the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
4	with respect to anything that might be done with
5	respect to the Passaic River?
5	A It has not at this time.
7	Q Is there any present timetable for making
8	such a decision?
9	A We did not have a specific timetable. There is
10	a study ongoing of the samples and the analysis that
11	has been done of the contamination and sediments in the
12	river and the State has reserved the right to require
13	Diamond and any other responsible party that the State
14	can identify to take whatever measures are appropriate
15	at the end of that study.
16	I cannot give you a specific timetable for that.
17	MR. FALLS: I'd like to offer Plaintiff's
18	Exhibit 84 in evidence.
19	
	THE COURT: Any objection? We'll mark
20	THE COURT: Any objection? We'll mark
20 21	
	P-84 in evidence then.
21	P-84 in evidence then.  MR. CUYLER: Same objection.
21 22	P-84 in evidence then.  MR. CUYLER: Same objection.  THE COURT: Very well. Mr. Cuyler has the
21 22 23	P-84 in evidence then.  MR. CUYLER: Same objection.  THE COURT: Very well. Mr. Cuyler has the same reservation in terms of its substantive

1	MR. FALLS: That's all I have of this
2	witness, your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Fine. Now, let's have
4	cross-examination. And you'd like to go first,
5	Mr. Moser?
Ø	MR. MOSER: I would.
7	THE COURT: All right. Fine.
8	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MOSER:
9	Q Good morning, Mr. Catania. My name is
10	Scott Moser. I'm representing Aetna.
11	A Good morning.
12	Q Mr. Catania, at your direction Diamond
13	submitted to you historical information on the location
14	and nature of the manufacturing processes at 80 Lister
15	Avenue, is that correct?
16	A That is correct.
17	Q And that included plans and diagrams of
18	existing and past buildings?
19	A That is correct.
20	Q You and your staff reviewed those
21	materials in the course of evaluating what you received
22	from Diamond and in designing sampling plans, for
23	example?
24	A That is correct.
25	Q And in the course of evaluating this

1	material, you reached the conclusion that the
2	contamination likely resulted from several activities
3	that took place over a long period of time, is that
4	right?
5	A Yes.
6	Q In fact, you felt it was a chronic
7	problem, right?
8	A I believe there's testimony to that effect in my
9	deposition, yes.
10	Q Now, I'm also correct, am I not, that
11	having reviewed all that material, you have no basis on
12	which to say the month or year when the contamination
13	began?
14	A That's correct.
14	A That's correct.
1 <b>4</b> 15	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the
1 <b>4</b> 15 16	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any
14 15 16 17	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any particular site when the contamination caused by
14 15 16 17	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any particular site when the contamination caused by Diamond first reached any particular level?
14 15 16 17 18	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any particular site when the contamination caused by Diamond first reached any particular level?  A There would be some exceptions to that that
14 15 16 17 18 19	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any particular site when the contamination caused by Diamond first reached any particular level?  A There would be some exceptions to that that would generally be true. Exceptions would be things
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any particular site when the contamination caused by Diamond first reached any particular level?  A There would be some exceptions to that that would generally be true. Exceptions would be things like Brady Iron and Metal site when I have some
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A That's correct.  Q And as a result of that, isn't it also the case that you have no basis to say with respect to any particular site when the contamination caused by Diamond first reached any particular level?  A There would be some exceptions to that that would generally be true. Exceptions would be things like Brady Iron and Metal site when I have some indication that materials were moved on a certain date

Generally then it is true you have no basis on which to say what level of contamination was present at any particular site at any particular time other than 1983?

- A That's correct.
- Q And at least on the basis of your experience would you agree with me that it's not possible to make those determinations with the exception you mentioned earlier?
- Yes, the sampling we did indicated what contamination was present at that time. There is no way of sampling what contamination was present in 1967 or 1953 or anything like that.
  - Q Correct. Okay.

Now, you indicated that there was an exception where in the case of Brady, for example, you thought you knew a unique method of transmission. Were there any other exceptions that come to mind?

- The Passaic River could be an exception because the level of contaminants and their location in the sediments in the river -- and this is beyond my expertise I would freely admit -- may tell you something about when those materials were deposited and how long they had been there.
  - Q In any case, you're not in a position to

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tell us? 1 No, and the State has not yet drawn any 2 conclusions of that nature. The study is still going 3 4 on. 5 By the way, when you referred to Q mechanical transmissions from the site to the river, 6 were you including in that the discharge of waste 7 waters and waste process materials? В 9 Yes, I would. There's a variety of pipes that A leave the site, storm water drains, conduits that are 10 in the ground that no one is really sure what they were 11 used for that would have discharged materials to the 12 river. 13 1.15 In fact, in the course of the 14 investigation you made -- you learned that Diamond. 15 hooked up to the sewer in 1956, is that correct? 16 I do not specifically recall that. 17 Do you recall -- do you recall being 18 advised by Diamond that prior to 1956 all discharges 19 from the plant were to the river? 20 I do not recall specific time frame. I am aware 21 that prior to a certain point in time --22 Fair enough. You just can't accept that 23 Q it was '56 as opposed to some other year? 24

That's correct.

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Now, in 1983, I think you indicated that
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        you first became aware that there was Dioxin at Lister
 3
        Avenue sometime in May, am I right?
 4
               That's correct.
 5
                     And then an emergency order was issued
 6
        directing that acts be taken to prevent the migration
 7
        from 80 Lister Avenue, correct?
 8
               To minimize migration.
 9
                     Well, I was going to ask you about that.
       If you have in front of you the order that I believe
10
11
       bears the caption EO-6?
12
               Yes.
                     Plaintiff's Exhibit 74C.
       Α
13
                     That's the one. Could you just read for
14
       us the -- what does paragraph 2 right at the bottom of
15
       that order direct?
16
               Paragraph 2 says "Take other measures during and
17
       subsequent to the installation of the aforesaid ground
18
       cover as directed by the DEP's on-scene coordinator to
19
       prevent further onsite migration of Dioxin."
20
                     So the order --
              Q
21
       Α
              "Offsight."
22
              Q
                     -- tells Diamond take such steps as were
23
       necessary to prevent migration, correct?
24
       Α
              Yes.
25
                    Now, -- and in effect Diamond acted in
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response to this order and put a tarp over the facility 1 2 and did various other steps in order to prevent such migration, correct? 3 4 Correct. Α 5 And that all took place in a relatively brief period of time, did it not? б 7 Yes. .8 So that by sometime in say June of 1983 that work had been completed? 9 10 A That's correct. And at the same time that was done 11 12 negotiations began on what became ACO 1, is that right? That's correct. 13 Α ACO 1 was actually agreed upon in March 14 1984, correct? 15 16 Α Yes. 17 During the period from June 1983 to March 1984, that is after the tarp had been put on and the 18 fence had been put up, etcetera, am I correct that 19 except for monitoring that site to make sure that the 20 site wasn't disturbed there were no other activities in 21 terms of preventing further migration from that site? 22 There were some other activities. 23 Α What were they? 24 0 25 The installation of some fencing. Α

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Yes.

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A The site was physically closed so that human beings and vehicles did not go on the site and track things off of it, and security was posted there to control access to the site.

Q In other words, once the site was secured and security was posted to keep it that way there wasn't anything else to do until such time as you ultimately came up with a plan for a permanent solution, correct?

A There were some interim measures. Typically, what you're describing is accurate. We go in and secure a site, we do the study, we do the sampling, look at the alternatives, conduct a clean-up.

There can be an interim phase that I believe took place in this case as well. There were a number of drums on the site and those were samples, and some of them were either repacked because they were in danger of leaking sometime soon or they were characterized so you wouldn't have things that could ignite next to each other.

So there was some preliminary work done on the site that I would characterize in terms of site stabilization.

Q All right. In terms of the scope of the

activities that we're talking about here, is it 1 2 relatively minor? 3 Α Yes. And am I correct that basically, even as 4 we stand here today, the act -- the physical steps 5 taken with respect to 80 Lister Avenue are essentially ઇ 7 unchanged from what was done immediately in response to those orders back in 1983? 8 Some of the measures have occurred in the 9 interim. For example, there was a very large smoke 10 stack that was on -- on the location. And the 11 12 engineers felt that at some point it was in danger of collapsing and maybe falling into the river. That was 13 demolished. That was taken down. 14  $\tilde{A}^{-1}$ Q ... Any other significant activity since the 15 site was secured in 1983? 16 Not to my present recollection. 17 18 All right. And I take it given the passage of now nearly five years you are now and have 19 been during all of those five years satisfied that 20 21 Dioxin is not continuing to migrate from 80 Lister 22 Avenue? I would phrase that a little differently. I 23 would phrase it as I'm satisfied we've done everything 24 25 that is reasonable to make sure that it's either not

1	migrating or migrating at very low levels.
2	Q You've done the best that could be done
3	and with the exception of an isolated activity such as
4	the smoke stack or the barrels, you managed you made
5	sure that was done within the first 30 or 60 days,
6	correct?
7	A Smoke stack took place after. It wasn't until
8	quite awhile afterwards that became an issue.
9	Q Excepting the smoke stack and excepting
10	what you talked about with the barrels that you
11	repacked, you made sure that what needed to be done to
12	minimize any possible migration was accomplished in
13	those first 60 days?
14	A That was the first goal of our investigation,
15	yes.
16	Q Mr. Catania, I'm showing you a document
17	that's previously been marked for identification as
18	Plaintiff's Exhibit 83 bearing a title Supplemental
19	Administrative Consent Order. It refers to Occidental
20	Electrochemicals Corporation.
21	Can you tell us who that is?
22	A My understanding that is the successor to
23	Diamond Shamrock.
24	Q So we're still talking about Diamond
25	Shamrock

1	A Yes, we are.
2	Q as we all have come to know it. And
3	can you describe for us generally what this order
4	provides?
5	A As it states, it's a supplemental administrative
б	consent order. It is not directly involved with the
7	clean-up. This is a research consent order in which
8	Occidental has agreed to pay for the cost of certain
9	research that would be conducted on the effect of
10	Dioxin contamination upon biota.
11	Q Pursuant to this order, Diamond is
12	agreeing to fund research on Dioxin that the order
13	recites is important to determine what are, if any, the
14	health and ecological effects of Dioxin on living
15	organisms, correct?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And pursuant to this order, Diamond agrees
18	to pay the sum of \$1,176,000, correct?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And Appendix A I take it is an
21	identification of the types of studies that are being
22	funded pursuant to this order?
23	A Yes, it is.
24	Q Without being grossly oversimplified,
25	those are going to be studies of the effect of Dioxin

1	on animals of various kinds?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And that's because, as you sit here now,
4	you, the agency rather at the time you executed this
5	order, you're not sure you know enough about what the
5	health and ecological effects of Dioxin are, if any, on
7	humans, right?
8	A Depends on what purpose you mean that for.
9	Q Well, that's what this study is all about,
10	isn't it. You're saying we don't know enough. We need
11	to have more studies and we want you to pay for it?
12	A Yes, that's accurate.
13	Q Now, you made reference in your direct
14	examination to the action levels for Dioxin. When was
15	the action level established?
16	A I do not recall this moment when it was
17	established. I became aware of it very much so in May
18	of 1983.
19	Q I don't want you to guess, but can you
20	approximate for us when that action level took effect?
21	A It probably would have been in the year
22	preceding that.
23	Q So probably roughly 1982?
24	A That would be my my estimate.
25	Q If for example in 1978, I had found Dioxin

1	on my property, was there then no action level in
2	effect with respect to Dioxin?
3	A I'm not aware that there was, but it also would
4	have been difficult in that period of time to measure
5	down to a part per billion for that particular
б	chemical.
7	Q But in any case, in 1978, the New Jersey
8	DEP was not ordering people who had Dioxin in their
9	property to clean it up? Correct?
10	A No, we were not. We had not yet launched any
11	program or investigation to discover and to remedy
12	Dioxin contamination.
13	Q Now, are you familiar with the New Jersey
14	statute that is known by the acronym ECRA, E-C-R-A?
15	A I am.
16	Q Can you just tell us briefly what that
17	statute is?
18	A That statute is basically a program to prevent
19	the creation of a second generation of abandoned
20	hazardous waste sites in this State, and it seeks to do
21	that by a variety of means.
22	It says that certain industrial establishments
2 <b>3</b>	as defined in the act which have certain standard
24	industrial classifications using the federal
25	government's SIC code have to, if they are going to

cease their operations or transfer their operations, either be the subject of a sampling plan and a clean-up study and be cleaned up or receive a -- what is called a negative declaration from DEP to show no clean-up is necessary.

It imposes that obligation on the transferor of the property so in some sense it's a bio protection statute; in a larger sense it's an Environmental Protection Statute to make sure the contaminated commercial real estate is not transferred.

And in order to comply with the statute as

is the transferor obliged to undertake certain studies to verify that the property is not contaminated?

A Yes, either to prove to the Department's attaction that no clean-up is necessary or to identify the extent of the clean-up that is necessary.

Q Now, a chemical plant if located at Lister Avenue, 80 Lister Avenue, today would fall within ECRA, would it not?

A Yes, it would.

ა

Q And if -- if I owned such a plant and I wanted to make a sale and I came to you with the readings for contamination that are found in Exhibit 34, the Record of Decision, exclusive of Dioxin -- A Uh-hum.

1	Q I wouldn't get the DEP approval to sell
2	the property, would I?
3	A That's not really accurate. You may get an
4	approval. We would require you to enter into an
5	administrative consent order, accept responsibility for
6	the clean-up, submit a schedule for that, post
7	financial assurances to guarantee your performance, and
8	with those conditions we would let the transaction
9	proceed.
10	Q I stand corrected. You'd let the
11	transaction go ahead but only if I undertook
12	affirmitive obligation to clean up the property?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And just so it's clear and
15	. THE COURT: Just wait a minute.
16	(Emergency vehicle passes outside
17	courthouse).
18	MR. MOSER: Thank you, your Honor. That
19	would have been an unfortunate time to make
20	things clear.
21	Q Just so it's clear, what we're talking
22	about now is property located at 80 Lister Avenue
23	having the levels of contamination contained in that
24	ROD exclusive of Dioxin, right?
25	A I'm not sure I understand the question.

```
Just want to make sure -- if you take a
              Q
 1
 2
       look at Exhibit 84?
              Yes.
 3
       Α
                    Take it you are generally familiar with
 4
       the levels of contamination found in 80 Lister Avenue
 5
       and reported in Exhibit 84, correct?
 5
 7
              Yes.
                     And all I'm saying to you is excluding
 3
       Dioxin contamination, there are a number of other
 9
       contaminants found on the 80 Lister Avenue site, are
10
       there not?
11
12
              There are.
13
                     And if I came to you seeking approval to
       sell the 80 Lister Avenue site and had those levels of
14
       contamination exclusive of Dioxin, I would not be
15
       permitted to sell the property unless I engaged in a
16
17
       clean-up activity, correct?
            Or signed a consent order with a schedule for
18
19
       it.
20
              Q
                    Yes.
              Yes, that's correct.
21
22
                    Now, is that generally true -- question
       withdrawn.
23
              Will the DEP generally require a clean-up of a
24
       property that is covered by ECRA if the property
25
```

contains DDT contamination?

б

The DEP would always require the clean-up of a property, and by clean-up I assume we mean the options like entering into a compliance schedule under consent order. If there are any significant levels of contamination of any priority pollutants or anything we would be concerned about -- we wouldn't distinguish between DDT or PCB or Dioxin or any other priority pollutants.

Q In other words, any -- the presence of any priority pollutant would require clean-up as we're using that term?

A Not the mere presence. I mean now -- with the technology that exists now we can measure down to parts per billion and trillion. So the fact that something is detectable doesn't mean that rises to an action level that would require some remediation. And under that statute, the department is charged with the responsibility of first coming up with case by case clean-up standards and eventually adopting regulations to set those clean-up standards.

We are still very much in the early stages of that process for all of the chemicals you might want to remediate on a particular site.

I don't know how to answer your question. What

we would do when we got the sampling plan back that showed the level of contamination we would take a look at those and if we reached a judgment clean-up was required we would then require it.

Q Could I ask you to back up a second. You made reference to what you call the priority pollutants?

A Yes.

- And the Record of Decision refers to what think are called the 129 priority pollutants plus 40?

  A Right.
- Q Could you tell us what those are?

  A Priority pollutants are 129 specific substances

  which have been identified by EPA as pollutants, and

  they are the most commonly tested for pollutants.

The plus 40 has to do with the analytical method that is used to analyze priority pollutants. It is the next 40 peaks on the instrument which is the gaschromatograph maxspectrometer. So it tells you what the next -- next highest values of substances are.

You may not know from looking at that what they might be. So when we use that term in this consent order, we require analysis of the 129 pollutants plus the next 40 most prevalant substances in that sample.

I see. Now, are you also familiar with

1	something darred the rilst rilotity dist of hazdradus
2	Substances? It's promulgated by EPA and the Department
3	of Health and Human Services. Is that different?
23	A Could you repeat that?
5	Ω Something called First Priority List of
5	Hazardous Substances promulgated pursuant to Super Fund
7	Amendments and Reauthorization Act?
8	A I am generally aware of that.
9	Q Is that a different list than the 129
10	priority pollutants?
11	A I believe it is.
12	Q All right.
	* <b>#</b> .5
13	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of
13 14	
	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of
14	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.
14 15	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?
14 15 16	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?
14 15 16 17	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?  A I think that list is intended to be the focus of
14 15 16 17	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?  A I think that list is intended to be the focus of what what are called remedial investigations under
14 15 16 17 18	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?  A I think that list is intended to be the focus of what what are called remedial investigations under the Super Fund statute should begin with. Those are
14 15 16 17 18 19	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?  A I think that list is intended to be the focus of what — what are called remedial investigations under the Super Fund statute should begin with. Those are the types of chemicals you should look for.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?  A I think that list is intended to be the focus of what what are called remedial investigations under the Super Fund statute should begin with. Those are the types of chemicals you should look for.  Q Why?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A I do not have a lot of personal knowledge of that.  Q What's your understanding of that list?  What is it supposed to be?  A I think that list is intended to be the focus of what — what are called remedial investigations under the Super Fund statute should begin with. Those are the types of chemicals you should look for.  Q Why?  A Those would be the particular chemicals of

1	A Those are the ones that could either pose a
2	danger to the environment or to human health.
3	O Now on that list the EPA has gone further
Ġ.	and identifies the first 25, has it not?
5	A I do not know.
s	Q You don't know. All right. If I could
7	direct your attention to exhibit 84 which is the Record
ô	of Decision.
9	MR. MOSER: If I may, Mr. Falls, do you
10	nappen to have a copy of Exhibit 84 for us? I
11	want to make sure I don't confuse I think my
12	pages may not be in order. I prefer not to
13	confuse the witness.
14	Thank you very much.
15	Q If I could direct your attention to page
16	22. There's a paragraph bearing the roman number 5 at
17	the bottom. The first sentence reads, "As previously
18	recorded in earlier sections of this ROD, the results
10	of the remedial investigation indicate that the site is
20	contaminated by a large number of hazardous
21	substances."
32	Do you agree with that conclusion?
23	A Yes, I do.
24	Q And by the way, if I can move you back
25	I'm sorry to page II. You notice the first full

E-,

paragraph on the page beginning with "The changes 1 started in 1955?" First of all, do you have any reason to quarrel 3 with the conclusion that DDT production continued on 4 the site until 1958 or 1959? 5 No, I have no reason to quarrel with any of 7 7 this. In fact we indicated our concurrence of this document. 3 And second of all, if you look later in that paragraph, does that refresh your recollection 10 11 that the hookup date to the sewer was 1956? 12 Yes, it does. A 13 And was it your understanding based on the investigation you did that prior to '56 all the 14 1.1 15 discharges went to the river? 16 I do not specifically recall. I would presume  $\mathbf{A}$ 17 they were not hooked up into the sewer treatment plant they would have had to go into the river? 18 19 I do not specifically recall that. I would 00 presume if they were not tied into the local sewage 21 treatment plant they would have been going into the 22 river. 23 Now, directing your attention, if I could, to page 13 of Roman numeral 4, am I correct Roman 24 25 numeral 4 is a section which recites in prose the

```
highlights of the sampling investigation that was
 1
       undertaken with respect to the site?
 3
       A
               Yes.
 1
                     And, for example, if we look at page 14,
 5
       the subparagraph A at the bottom indicates the -- is a
 ្ជ
       summary, if you will, of the sampling of the office and
       laboratory building?
 7
 . .
               That is correct.
                     All right. And I -- From looking at this,
10
       I'm correct, am I not, that Dioxin was found in the
11
       overwheiming percentage of the samples that were
12
       undertaken in the office and the other buildings of the
13
       site, correct?
              Yes.
14
       Α
                                                           3...
15
                   > Now, if I could then direct your attention
15
       to page 15?
17
       A
               50?
            Ω
18
                     15.
10
              15.
20
                     It's typographical. The last line on the
       page refers to "near surface soils." And then
21
22
       commencing with text beginning on page 15 am % correct
23
       that the report at that point recites the -- summarizes
24
       the sampling that was done in the surface soil?
25
       Α
              Correct.
```

```
And in addition to sampling for Dioxin,
 1
       campling was done for the priority pollutants as well,
       dorrect?
              Correct.
 =;
                    And when the sampling was done for the
       priority pollutants of the 59 semi volatile compounds,
       20 of those were found, is that right?
              Correct.
 Now, can you find for us in the back of
       Emhibit 34 where these results are contained?
10
11
              I have not looked at this document in two years.
                    I can appreciate that and I'll be happy to
12
13
       help you. The trouble is the pages aren't numbered so
       it may be a little tricky to find the right chart.
14
15
              There is an Appendix B at the very back. It
       looks to be about 25 pages from the back?
16
17
              I have a chart says "Summary of Detected
18
       Volatile Organics and Near Surface Soils." The page is
19
       not numbered in the appendix.
20
                    That's correct.
              Q
21
       Α
              It is about a quarter inch from the back.
                    Which one do you have, non-volatile or
22
23
       volatile?
              Right now I'm looking at the volatile.
24
              O Volatile. It says "Summary of Detected
25
```

```
Volatize Organics and Near Surface Soils," correct?
 1
 3
        \Lambda
               Yes.
 3
                     All right.
 ₹.
                     MR. MOSER: Your Honor, have you been able
 5
               to find that one? Perhaps if I show you the
 5
               page we're tooking for.
 7
                     THE COURT: Okay. What was the name of
 3
               the particular table?
 9
                     MR. MOSER: Summary of Volatile Organics.
10
                     THE COURT: I have it.
11
               \bigcirc
                     This table shows the specific results of
12
       the sampling done in the surface soils, right?
13
               Well it shows the aggregate results. It doesn't
       necessarily give you the specific results of each
14
15
       sample.
16
                     And it should indicate each one of the
17
       priority pollutants that was detected as a result of
19
       the sampling, am I right?
19
              Mell, it's a chart for volatile organics, not
       A
20
       all priority pollutants.
21
                    The volatile organics component of
22
       priority pollutants?
23
       14
              Yes.
34
                    All right. Can you quickly tell us why is
35
       benzene -- why do you test for benzene?
```

1	A Thy do we test for benzene?
3	g What's the concern?
0	A Benzene is a carcinogen.
:	2 And how about chlcrobenzene?
5	$\mathbb{A}$ I don't think I'm the person you want to ask
	about why a substance is on the priority pollutants
7	iist.
	O Is it a carcinogen?
S	A I do not personally know whether chlorobenzene
10	ÎS.
11	Q All right. Do you know take a look at
12	the list of contaminants. Of from among the
13	volatile organics. Can you identify any of them as
14	carcinogens?
15	A To be honest, I would not want to speculate on
16	how many on that list are carcinogens.
17	Q Let me ask it another way. We talked
13	earlier about whether you would require me to clean up
19	my property if we detected certain contaminants.
20	I thought your testimony in essence was if we
21	found any of the priority pollutants in sufficient
22	quantity we would make you clean up your property.
23	Looking at the results of the survey "Volatile
24	Organics, Near Surface Soils," which of the

there is such that you would require clean-up of that contaminant?

:

2

ď,

. :

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

15

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

. 4

25

A I cannot answer that question without going back and comparing this with the sampling results of sites where we have required clean-up at those levels.

I am not off the top of my head familiar with what might be clean-up standard for these individual volatile organics.

Q Can you describe for me generally how those standards are established?

A Yes. I certainly can do that. The thresholds for the action levels are established on the basis of survey of the existing literature, discussions with the Environmental Protection Agency, discussions with our own Department of Health and quite a lot of technical discussion in-house to determine what is appropriate to leave behind after a clean-up taking into account a variety of factors, the kind of -- the kind of location you're dealing with in terms of possibilities for migration, the type of land use that will occur afterwards, the types of uses of the site that are likely to take place in terms of possibilities for human exposure or migration to the environment.

It's a fairly complicated process and it's a process that is fairly knew for my agency as well as

```
other environmental agencies.
 Ţ
                    Do you have action levels for each of the
       priority pollutants?
 3
 1
              Mo, we do not.
 5
                  If you don't have an action level for a
       priority pollutants, does that mean I don't have to
 j
       clean up no matter how much I have?
              To, it does not. In some cases we require it be
       clean to non-detectable. In some cases we have
 ۳,
       aggregate standards for all volatiles of a hundred
10
       parts per million or 50 parts per million without
11
       setting individual standards for all constituents of
12
13
       that category.
                    All right. Will, let me ask it this way:
14
       If we look just at the Detected Volatile Organics Near
15
15
       Surface Soils Chart, okay?
17
       Ā
              Yes.
18
                    Just so it's clear, this represents one
       group of -- from that 129 priority pollutants, right?
19
              Yes.
20
       Α
                    And you take -- first of all, let's take
21
       these readings in the aggregate. Is there any doubt in
22
23
       your mind that in the aggregate these readings
       exclusive of Dioxin would require clean-up?
34
25
              There's no doubt all these clearly require
```

1 clean-up.

<u>(1</u>

- Okay. Now, that's taking them -- that's taking this sampling in the aggregate. Are you able to look at the concentrations shown for some of the items there and tell us with confidence that some of these individual contaminants alone would require clean-up?

  A Yes, I can do that.
- Which ones can you say with confidence would require clean-up if they were found alone?

  A I would say virtually all of these.
- So, if I happened to own 80 Lister Avenue and I wanted to sell it and I came to you and I had readings, almost anyone of these readings -- and that was it -- you'd tell me I had to clean it up before I could sell?
- A Yes, I would.
- Okay. I apologize for asking you to kind of flip back and forth. Maybe you could borrow my pen and stick it in that report so we don't lose the parts of the page.

Back to the text around page 15 or 16. Again, under the discussion of near surface soil samples, am I correct the -- what the study indicated was that of 38 volatile organics, 13 were found?

A That's correct.

1	0 What we were just looking at was
2	question withdrawn.
Ĵ.	And then of the 35 pesticides on the list,
<u>.</u>	seven were found, correct?
5	A Yes.
3	O And then of the 12 13 I'm sorry
7	metals on the list of priority pollutants, 12 were
9	found?
j	A That's right. Everything but thallium.
10	Ask you to do, if you can, go to the back
11	in the tables and find for us the table that shows the
12	sampling results for near surface soils for volatile
13	for herbicides or metals.
14	A Well, the next chart following the one we were
15	just looking at is a summary of detected herbicides,
15 16	just looking at is a summary of detected herbicides, pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does
16	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does
16 17	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a
16 17 18	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a separate chart.
16 17 18	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a separate chart.  2 Now, which of the items on that chart
16 17 18 19	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a separate chart.  2 Now, which of the items on that chart would contain Dioxin?
16 17 18 19 20	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a separate chart.  2 Now, which of the items on that chart would contain Dioxin?  A I'm sorry. Contain Dioxin?
16 17 18 19 20 21	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a separate chart.  2  Now, which of the items on that chart would contain Dioxin?  A I'm sorry. Contain Dioxin?  9  Yeah.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	pesticides and PCB's in near surface soils. It does not include metals in that. I believe that's a separate chart.  2

```
No, this is not a chart of Dioxin --
 1
 2
                     Okay.
              7
       A
              -- analysis.
 Ą
                     So excluding Dioxin at 80 Lister Avenue,
 5
       if I wanted -- if I owned 80 Lister Avenue and I wanted
 ز
       to sell it, could I come to you with the readings on
       any one of the lines on this chart and -- in that event
 7
       would I be ordered to clean it up?
 0
             You certainly would.
       Λ
10
                    Every single one of them?
              O.
              Yes.
11
       A
12
                    Any single one of them, correct?
              Yes. I -- in addition, if this were not a
13
       A
14
       Dioxin site and I saw 2,4-D or 2,4,5-T on the list of
       contaminants, I would direct you to sample for
15
16
       2,3,7,8-TCDD which is the particular isomer of Dioxin
       that we're concerned about in this case. Because these
17
10
       products carry a risk of producing Dioxin as an
       unwanted by-product of the manufacturer of 2,4-D and
10
20
       2,4,5-T.
21
                    All right. Now, in my copy, if we looked
22
       for the table for Mear Surface Soils For Inorganic --
23
       Summary of Detected Inorganic Parameters, which it
       looks to me like it's about 20 pages back for some
2.4
25
       reason.
```

```
Mear surface soils rather than soil borings.
 Ī
       1
              O Still talking about near surface soil for
       the moment. Can you find that one?
 3
             You said 20 pages earlier?
             g Farther back.
 ::
       \Lambda
             Oh, farther back.
             6 Let me see if I can help.
             What are the items on the left-hand side of that
2
       page?
10
             Those are the specific pollutants that belong in
11
       that category.
12
                  Is that the category that we referred to
13
       as metals?
             Yes.
14
              Q So this is a third category of the
15
       priority pollutants?
15
17
       A
            Yes.
18
                All right. What -- if I came to you with
       a site that had those levels of contamination of those
19
       metals, would I be able to sell without agreeing to
20
       clean it up?
21
22
         That I honestly do not know. I'm not that
       familiar with the values for metals that would trigger
23
24
       a clean-up.
                  So even taking them in the aggregate, you
25
```

```
1
       can't say?
 2
              I honestly do not know.
                     All right. Returning you to the text, if
 3
              0
       we look at the boring soil samples, --
 Ĝ
                     THE COURT: That page now?
 S
                     MR. MOSER: Have to bear with me. I have
 5
              to flip back, too. It's going to be about 16 or
 7
 6
               17.
                     MR. CUYLER: 16.
 2
                     MR. MOSER: 15, your Honor.
10
                     THE COURT: 16. Okay.
11
                     Am I correct that -- just describe for us
12
               Q
13
       what's meant by boring soil samples.
              Boring samples are soil samples between zero and
14
15
       six inches.
                     And what's meant by near surface?
15
              I believe that's down to a depth of 50 inches.
17
       Α
                     In the case of the boring samples, samples
18
       were also taken for each of the priority pollutants,
19
20
       were they not?
21
       A
              Yes.
                     And in this case of 69 semi volatile
32
       compounds, 27 were found, right?
23
- 4
- 4
       \Lambda
              Tes.
                    And then of the 38 volatile organics, 10
25
```

•	
1	were found, correct?
 	A I'm reading with you, yes.
	Q And of the 35 herbicides, 10 were found?
¢.	A Yes.
5	Q Now, can we go to the back and find the
5	table for each of those? Is there a corresponding
7	table?
3	A There certainly should be. I think I have it.
ç	Q Would you read the title for us?
10	A Summary of detected volatile organics and soil
11	borings.
12	Q Okay. And so everybody can follow, that's
13	the one the print's a little smaller than we've been
14	used to?
15	A A little smaller, a little darker.
15	MR. MOSER: Your Honor, have you had a
17	chance to find that one?
18	THE COURT: Yes.
19	MR. MOSER: Thank you.
20	Q Now, as you were with respect to the near
21	surface samples, are you able to say that in the
22	aggregate these readings of the volatile organics are
23	such if I own this property and wanted to sell it I
24	wouldn't be permitted to unless I cleaned it up?
25	A Yes, I would be comfortable with that statement.

1	n Are you able to identify readings with
2	respect to any of the contaminants on this sheet and
3	say that alone those levels of contamination would
ş	require clean-up?
5	A I believe would be virtually all of them that
ថ	show detectable results.
7	2 All sight.
9	A Again, for the record, the clean-up standards
5	that would be determined would be on a case by case
10	method, and I'm not, from my head, reciting that we
11	have a volatile organic standard of X parts per billion
12	or aggregate standard necessarily so my answers are
13	premised upon what I know of the site and what the
14	clean-up standard would be for the site if Dioxin were
15	not present there.
16	Q Right. My point to you I recognize we
17	may you don't have the exact number in your head.
18	You may be off once or twice.
19	A Exact number doesn't exist. What I'm telling
20	you it's determined on a case by case basis.
21	Q If I came to you owning 30 Lister Avenue
32	and you picked the line on this chart and that was the
23	only thing I showed you, you'd say you're going to have
04	to clean that up, right?
25	A It's easy to say with respect to some of these

?

:<u>.</u>.

1.0

3.5

numbers. When the values get lower, what would happen, and this exercise has not yet occurred except in this courtroom this morning. What would happen, I would sit down with my technical staff and say how do you feel about leaving 12 parts per billion of toluene in the soil borings and then we would discuss that with other people and make some hopefully reasonable judgments about about what a standard should be.

It would not take place by looking at charts for the first time and saying what do you think of 12 or what do you think of 36. I'm somewhat at a disadvantage. I can give some impressions.

I certainly would not want my agency to be bound by those, and I don't know how accurate my impressions would be giving them to you in court this morning.

I'm certainly not going to seek to hold

- your agency to what you're telling us this morning.

  I'm just trying to get a sense of the fact
  that -- put it another way, when you look at these
  readings, what you find is that you had a site that was
  heavily contaminated with many pollutants, correct?

  Yes, that's correct.
- And even if you took away Dioxin, if -- if
  I had come to you with this site and taking virtually
  any of the pollutants we've seen and shown you this

1	level of contamination, toluene, benzene,
2	chlorobenzene, hexachlorobenzene, you would have said
3	upon seeing those levels you have to clean this up,
i.	correct?
5	A Yes.
5 .	Q And recognizing you may not be sure about
7	the last one, we can say generally that would be true
Q	for most of the most of the priority pollutants that
Ş	were found?
10	A I think that's true. Which is exactly why I
11	required the testing for the other priority pollutants.
12	Q Yeah, and I think you said in your direct
13	exam that to the extent that the work for Dioxin wasn't
14	going to remedy the problem, you would have required
15	such remedy to be undertaken, correct?
15	A Yes.
17	MR. MOSER: Thank you, your Honor. I have
13	nothing further.
19	THE COURT: Do we have anybody who would
30	say be five minutes? I am not limiting anyone
21	to five minutes but I'll just do that person
1.2	before I break. If I haven't got that person
23	I'll break now.
24	MR. CUYLER: I have more than five
25	minutes.

, ,	
<b>1</b>	THE COURT: Let's take that break now.
71 22	(Recess is taken).
9	THE COURT: Commissioner Catania remains
Ġ.	on the stand under oath. And Mr. Cuyler, if
5	you're ready.
5	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY 'IR. CUYLER:
7	O My name is Steven Cuyler. I represent a
Ş	number of the insurance carriers in this litigation.
9	I'd just like to ask you a few questions.
70	You mentioned in response to some of the
11	questions placed to you that you did not reveal that
12	you're an expert in the toxicology, the hazards
13	presented by particular materials. I appreciate your
14	candor on that. But what I'd like to know is do you
15	recognize the name or do you know the individual
16	Marshall Sittig?
17	A I didn't hear the last
18	Q Marshall Sittig?
19	A No, I do not.
20	O You mentioned in your testimony today,
21	sir, that you had spoken with a number of
22	representatives and employees of Diamond Shamrock.
23	Would you tell us, please, who you spoke with
24	specifically that you recall?
25	A We were given a list of employees by Diamond

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Shamrock. I do not presently recall the names of any
1
       of the employees with whom I spoke.
 3
              And some of those contacts would have been
3
       anonymous calls as well people calling in saying I used
Ĉ,
       to work at the facility, and they would give us
5
       information that we would track down. I believe the
-5
       documents we produced including the list of employees.
7
       I did speak with several people included on that list.
 ਼
                    Do you recall speaking with a Mr. Steward?
2
              No. 1 do not.
       Ĩ.
10
                    Do you recall speaking with Mr. Kennedy?
11
              I do not recall the names of anyone I spoke
12
13
       with.
                    Do you recall whether any of the
14
       individuals with whom you spoke had ever been plant
15
       manager or held that position at the Lister Avenue
15
       site?
17
             No, I do not recall.
13
                    Do you recall speaking with a Mr. Burton?
19
20
       Α
              Burton?
                    John Burton?
21
              I do not recall any specific names.
22
              O How about Chester Mysko, does that ring a
23
       bell?
24
25
              (Witness nods).
       A
```

1	? The answer is no?
3	A The answer is no.
3	Sir, let me ask you this: As I understand
† 2	matters, your role with respect to the 30 Lister Avenue
65	property was to determine whether it was contaminated,
ធី	if so, with what it was contaminated and the extent of
7	that contamination, is that fair?
S	A f think that's fair.
C	Q And then upon making that determination
10	you then had to find a way to in effect clean it up?
11	A Yes.
12	Q You were not in assuming a role in the $\mathbb{R}^3$
13	nature of a prosecutor to determine how it became
14	contaminated, whether there was any willful or
15	intentional violation of the law in the modality of
16	contamination, is that correct?
17	A That is correct. That would come later.
18	That will come later?
19	A That would have come later.
2 <b>0</b>	Q Is that investigation as to whether there
21	was any violation of the law, how this place became as
22	contaminated as it was, is that part of your function
23	or does that befall someone else within your department
24	or within the state?
25	A Which of my functions are you talking about?

1	I've had different positions at different periods of
2	time.
3	9 Your function currently.
4.	A My function currently I would not be the person
5	doing the investigations.
5	Who is the person to your knowledge who is
7	in charge of that investigation?
3	A My successor in my previous position.
Ç	Q And that gentleman's name?
10	A Gerard Burke, B-u-r-k-e.
11	Q Gerard Burke. In your prior position did
12	You become involved with that investigation of Diamond
13	Shamrock?
14	A I would have to answer you by saying we $\mathtt{did}_3$ not
15	go very far along those lines because we had an
16	agreement that was being negotiated that looked as if
17	it would bear fruit and in fact was finally concluded
13	and executed.
19	So to put it in colloquial terms, you
20	didn't want to upset the apple cart while you had a
21	good thing going?
22	A No, I would phrase it differently. We certainly
23	did have contacts with the Division of Criminal
24	Justice.
25	We routinely refer situations to them. We work

with the Division of Law also and the Attorney Generals 1 Office and we were prepared to do that. It was not 3 necessary. To your knowledge are there ongoing 4 investigations into the conduct of Diamond Shamrock by Ξ those other sections? 5 To my knowledge there are not. 7 There are not? 0 Although I have to honestly tell you they would  $\mathfrak{O}$  $\Lambda$ 10 not be required to tell me if they wanted to investigate people. 11 Sir, you mentioned in your testimony that 12 you had or you were aware that there were certain 13 14 conduits, drains, pipes leading from the 80 Lister, Avenue site into the Passaic River. 15 Could you tell us how many pipes, how many 16 drains, how many conduits the investigation disclosed? 17 13 I do not presently recall how many. They are detailed in some of the analytical data included in the 19 Record of Decision. 20 Was there any attempt made to determine 21 what period of time or during what period of time those 22 23 pipes, conduits and drains were used? Not really from that perspective. What we were 24 trying to accomplish is identify the scope of the 25

\_\_\_

contamination and extent it had spread.

It was really quite secondary for those purposes when it had spread. We were interested in the present contamination and where it was and how to remedy it and how to limit access to it. So we would have gotten into those questions only so far as they were relevant to a source that we may not know about or location of contamination that we would not have known about

Sir, let me direct your attention to page 11 of the Record of Decision which I believe is P-84 in evidence. Mr. Moser had directed your attention specifically to the first full paragraph appearing on page 11 that starts with the "The changes."

Do you have that reference?

A Yes, I have it before me.

Now, I take it, and correct me if I'm wrong, that the site history that's reproduced in the Record of Decision and in particular the site history that appears in the first full paragraph on page 11 was provided to you by Diamond Shamrock employees or representatives, is that correct?

A In part.

O Do you see anything in that first full paragraph that came from some source other than Diamond Shamrock?

 $3e^{-3}$ 

Paragraph chat begins with "The changes"? 1 7. **Q** Yes. I have to honestly tell you at this point in time I cannot identify the source of a particular fact. 4 This is five years ago. 5 Would you know of any possible source 1other than Diamond Shamrock for the information in that 7 paragraph? We interviewed people who are the subsequent owners of the property. We interviewed local 10 officials, residents, former employees, city officials, 11 anyone who we track down -- any lead we could find and 12 ask people questions about the site, and from that we 13 pieced together the site history that's in the Record 14 of Decision. 15 Let me direct your attention particularly 15

Let me direct your attention particularly to the sentence "Among these," referring to the changes. "Among these was a change instituted around 1956 to the trichlorophenol process effluent with the Sewerage commission." I'm sorry. "With the installation of an industrial sewer connecting to the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission Lister Avenue line. Following installation of that connection" -- first of all, did you have any source for the information that that had connection -- connection had been made other

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

than the plant personnel itself? 1 I do not presently recall. 2 3 Next, "Following installation of that 4 connection, most of the plant process wastes were discharged through the" -- and I believe that 5 6 abbreviation stands for "Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission treatment plant." 7 S Do you recall what sources of information you ਼ had from that? 10 I do not. Α 11 Would it be fair to say whatever sources 12 you had, that information was confirmed to you by 13 Diamond Shamrock? I don't know that would be accurate. Some of 14 15 this would have been provided by Diamond. Others would 16 have been independent sources that we would attempt to verify Diamond had provided us and in that case it may 17 18 well be that Passaic valley Sewerage Commission records are being relied upon when that line was constructed. 19 20 0 Did Diamond Shamrock ever advise you that as late as 1969 they were continuing on a regular basis 21 22 to discharge their plant effluent or at least part of their plant effluent into the Passaic River? 23 24  $\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}$ I do not presently recall any such information Did anyone from Diamond Shamrock ever 25

1	advise you that in 1956 only half the plant had been
2	connected to the industrial sewer and that as a matter
3	of practice and routine another half of the plant,
4	including the 2,4,5-T production areas continued to
5	discharge into the Passaic River?
5	A I would have to answer the same way. I do not
7	recall. There is a specific document that was produced
3	at our request from Diamond very early in June of 1983
ç	that gives the site history as well as a history of
10	waste disposal practices.
ll	Q Would that have been a letter from Mr.
12	Hutton, perhaps?
13	A I believe. It would have been from his
L 4	predecessor Mr. Worthington, James Worthington.
15	MR. CUYLER: Bear with me for just a
16	moment. Excuse me one moment, your Honor.
17	Trying to see if we can locate that. I believe
18	know the document you're making reference to
19	and I'd like to have identified. But let's just
20	g <b>o</b> on.
21	Q Sir, if you look in the Record of
22	Decision, under the section I believe its hazards
23	I'm sorry Risks Presented by the Site. It's at page
24	22. That section generally talks about what we refer
25	to, I believe, as Dioxin, TCDD, and also DDT. DDT is a

insecticide, is it not? 1 2 Yes.  $\mathbf{A}$ Recognizing that you do not claim to be an 3 expert with regard to toxicology, do you have any 4 opinion nonetheless as to which of those two materials, 5 Dioxin or DDT presents the greater hazard? Ĵ Greater hazard to what? 7 A Well, let's start with the greater hazard 3 to the environment. 0 I think that would be a very complicated answer, 10 and I would not be particularly qualified to answer 11 12 that. I think you would have to look at what part of 13 the environment you're looking at. Looking at whether 14 or not it makes bald eagle shells too thin to hatch or 15 looking at whether it builds up in the food chain or 15 looking at whether or not it can get into organisms 17 that human beings would consume. 13 It would depend very much on the specifics of 19 how you wanted to measure the danger and risks. 20 Is it at least fair to say DDT is a very 21 significant hazard to the environment? 22 I think it would be safe to assume both of these 33 substances are substances that could be particular 24 25 problems.

Ì	$\mathfrak{Q}$ is it also fair to say that there is much
2	scientific debate concerning the exact extent of
3	Dioxin, the toxicity of Dioxin while there is very
7	little regarding the toxicity of DDT?
i	A I think it is probably more commonly accepted
Ş	that DDT is known to be a problem and Dioxin is a newer
7	danger, if you will; and there is a lot of scientific
ĵ.	debate concerning the levels of Dioxin that would pose
9	a danger.
10	g I think we've found the exhibit. Let me
11	show you what has been premarked as Defense Exhibit 39.
12	And I'll ask you if that is the letter from Dr.
13	Worthington to you with enclosures, a report on 80
14	Lister Avenue. That was submitted to you in response
15	to your inquiry or request for information concerning
16	the operations of the 80 Lister Avenue facility?
17	A This is the letter I was referring to in my
18	earlier testimony.
19	THE COURT: Mr. Cuyler, would you let me
20	have an extra copy?
31	MR. CUYLER: I'm sorry, your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Thank you.
23	Ω If you'll bear with me for just a moment,
24	Mr. Catania, I'll find the reference for you.
25	All right, first of all, on the first page of

```
the report, Plant Location and History, about the
 1
 2
       middle of the first paragraph.
              "In January '56 an easement was acquired for
 3
       construction of a 10-inch sewer line under the railroad
 4
       tracks on the east side of the property."
 3
              It's the first reference I find. Do you find
 6
       that, sir?
 7
             Yes, I do.
 8
                    All Right. Turn to page 5. I think we've
 3
       found it here. Environmental Management is the title.
10
       The second paragraph, "Information about waste water
11
       practices indicates that in 1956 process waste waters
12
       were discharged through a 10-inch industrial sewer to
13
       the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission."
14
                                                           4.1
15
              Do you see that?
              I do.
16
       Α
                    All right. "In the fifties and sixties
17
       there were indications of acid discharges to the
18
       Passaic River, but these releases were likely muriatic
19
       acid and sulfuric acid." See that?
20
21
       Α
              Yes.
                    "The only acid discharges appear to be
22
       amounts that were not sent to acid reclaimors."
23
              Do you see that?
24
              Yes, I do.
25
       Λ
```

7	
1	Q "Both muriatic acid and sulfuric acid
CI .	should not have been contaminated with Dioxin since
0	they were not directly associated with the TCC
4	process."
35)	Do you see that?
; <del>,</del>	$\mathtt{A}$ Yes.
7	Q Now, sir, were you ever provided with any
ä	information from Diamond Shamrock that contradicted the
9	information set forth in Dr. Worthington's letter,
10	Defense Exhibit 39?
11	A With respect to the specific sentences you just
12	read to me.
13	Q Yes.
14	A I do not recall any information that
15	contradicted that, but I have not looked at this letter
16	in over five years.
17	Q Now, sir, before you gave some testimony
13	concerning the modality by which contamination may have
19	wound up in the Passaic River, and I ask you
20	specifically whether you ever spoke with a Chester or
21	Charles Mysko and you told me you had not.
22	Let me read to you
23	A I didn't say I hadn't spoken him. I said I did
24	not recall names of people I have spoken with. I may
25	well have spoken with him.

1	o In the event that you have, let me read to
2	you a section of a deposition that was taken in this
3	matter on April 21, 1988 of Chester Hysko.
Ą	THE COURT: Chester Mysko is who.
5	MR. CUYLER: He was an employee.
5	THE COURT: Employee, worker.
7	MR. CUYLER: Plant operator, that is
G	correct. He was employed at Diamond Shamrock
S	Q I'll read that section starting at line 7,
10	page 10 I'm sorry page 7, line 8.
11	"Question: Can you tell me the date you
12	started employment with Diamond Shamrock?
13	"Answer: I don't remember the date. I
14	know it was August 1954.
14 15	know it was August 1954. "Question: Where did you live at the
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15	"Question: Where did you live at the time?"  "Answer: Bayonne.
15 15	"Question: Where did you live at the time?
15 16 17	"Question: Where did you live at the time?"  "Answer: Bayonne.
15 15 17 10	"Question: Where did you live at the time?  "Answer: Bayonne.  "Question: And when did you last work for
15 15 17 10	"Question: Where did you live at the time?  "Answer: Bayonne.  "Question: And when did you last work for Diamond Shamrock?
15 15 17 10 19	"Question: Where did you live at the time?  "Answer: Bayonne.  "Question: And when did you last work for Diamond Shamrock?  "Answer: August 1969."
15 15 17 10 19 20	"Question: Where did you live at the time?  "Answer: Bayonne.  "Question: And when did you last work for Diamond Shamrock?  "Answer: August 1969."  At page 36, line 3, the following series
15 15 17 10 19 20	"Question: Where did you live at the time?  "Answer: Bayonne.  "Question: And when did you last work for Diamond Shamrock?  "Answer: August 1969."  At page 36, line 3, the following series of questions were placed to the witness:
15 15 17 10 19 20 21	"Question: Where did you live at the time?  "Answer: Bayonne.  "Question: And when did you last work for Diamond Shamrock?  "Answer: August 1969."  At page 36, line 3, the following series of questions were placed to the witness:  "Question: To your knowledge were there

1	products manufactured at the plant, sir "and
2	it would be dumped into the Passaic River?
3	"Answer: Sure. I saw it. I saw good
÷:	batches go down the river by mistake too. That
5	is, didn't make it any better for the river.
5	"Question: Can you give me any idea of
7	the frequency in which a batch, good or bad,
es Eg	might wind up into the civer?
ō	"Answer: T can't.
10	"Question: Was it once a month, once a
11	week?
12	"Answer: I would say better than once a
13	month. I don't know. I was only there eight
14	hour shifts. There are three shifts, 24 hour
15	operation. Anything could have been going on at
15	night. That's when it usually went down in
17	there anyway. They saved it until nighttime."
18	There was a request by Mr. Spivak to hear
19	the end of the question back. It continued:
20	"Question: Were you ever aware of
21	instances when the discharge lines from the
22	2,4,5-T area would back up and overflow the
23	sewers?
24	"Answer: In the 2,4,5-T area?
25	"Question: Yes.

"Answer: I don't remember any particular time, but if you walked in the 2,4,5 area, 2,4,5-T area, there were always -- you couldn't -- when you walked on the floor, you went sliding. You had to be very careful because it was all over the place, and it was like an oily substance, and the water didn't even want to wash it down. So what they used to do is wash it down with sulfuric acid. They used to soak the whole floor with sulfuric acid, let it sit for an hour or two and hose it down and everything went into the river, sulfuric acid and 2,4,5-T and everything that was on that floor.

"Question: Were you ever aware of any change in the routing of the sewer lines such that they no longer discharged into the river?

"Answer: They never did that, not to my knowledge. I remember putting temporary lines in like maybe a two or three inch pipe from some particular tank into the river because they had maybe no sewer going from this tank and they had a batch that they had to dump.

"Question: And that would have been in the 2,4,5-T area?

1	"Answer: I don't recall. It could have
3	been anywhere in the plant. We have done it
3	more than once.
्रक् रिकु	"Question: At whose directions would you
5	run such temporary lines?
5	"Answer: My shop foreman would tell me
7	what to do. I don't know where he got it from.
Ç	I assumed the office."
ū	Did you ever hear any information that reflected
10	that type of activity in terms of pollution of the
11	river?
12	A I I do recall some general information from
13	some of the people I interviewed concerning the
14	possibilities of intentional discharges to the river or
15	things of that nature.
16	Q The information that you got from these
17	people, did they indicate over what period of time this
18	intentional discharge into the river was taking place?
19	MR. FALLS: Objection to the form of the
20	question.
21	THE COURT: Why don't you restate it, Mr.
22	Cuyler.
23	Q Was there any information provided to you
24	as to when this to use your word intentional
25	discharging occurred?

A No, the information that I was provided was generally what I would term antidotal. It would be through a phone call or a letter that did not have a return address and people would indicate that I used to work there. They used to do bad things. It happened sometimes, it happened all the time and we were never able to pinpoint with any kind of accuracy at all or to verify a lot of information.

And also to restate what I said earlier, for the purposes of our program at that point, we were not concerned with whether or not these were illegal discharges or legal discharges when we were concerned with identifying the contamination.

We did refer several of these allegations to the Division of Criminal Justice, and there's a particular Deputy Attorney General, Nicholas Vasile that I recall having some conversations with. I would not have been the one who would have been tracking flown allegations of criminal activity or illegal activity at the site.

- Sir, please understand me. I'm not seeking to impeach you.
- A I understand that.

đ.

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O Or contend that you have not been doing what you're supposed to be doing. That was my reason for my question right up front.

Your interest in finding out what the problem is 1 as it exists and getting it cleaned up. I don't 3 dispute that. 3 I'm trying to probe the extent of your Ą knowledge, and if these references refresh your 5 recollection, as that last one did, that's what I'm 5 7 trying to do. Let me read you a little bit more of Mr. Misko's G deposition, and this speaks to some other conditions at 10 the plant. At page 10, line 3. "Ouestion: Mere there any lines that led 11 12 out to the Passaic River that you were aware of? "Answer: I just finished telling you, 1.3 14 they all went to the sewers, all sewers to the 15 river. 15 "Question: So when you were talking about the sewerage or sewer lines, you were talking 17 about a line that ultimately led out to the 18 Passaic River? 19 20 "Answer: Yes. They had it strung all along the property right along. They might have 21 had half a dozen or maybe more. I don't 22 remember how many. 23 "Question: Did you ever notice that any 24 of the discharge that went into those lines 25

would not make it to the river? That is that it 1 2 would get on the ground or spill or leak? 3 "Answer: I've seen sewers overflow, 4 sure." 5 Now, sir, my question to you is this: you recall there were open split trenches in effect 5 7 that ran as part of the sewerage systems when you inspected the properties? G **્** I do not recall. A 10 Do you recall interviewing any personnel at the plant who at any time told you that there were 11 12 such open split trenches and that when they would plug 13 up whatever was being discharged at that time would 14 simply spill out and contaminate the ground and the 15 immediate area? 16 No, I do not recall. What my recollection is generally, we were concerned about the pipes and 17 conduits and other means of access to the river and 13 19 enough to want them sampled and to make sure we 20 understand what exactly was entering the river. 21 Bear with me and let me read you another 22 piece of the testimony and I'll ask if this refreshes your recollection. 20 This is again Mr. Mysko's deposition page 68 24 25 line 17.

1	"Question: You mentioned instances when
2	the sewers would overflow. These were the
3	sewers that would normally lead to the Passaic
4	River, is that correct?
5	"Answer: Yes. They would overflow
ទ	because of previous acid that was in there that
7	maybe solidified not maybe. It did solidify
8	and the build-up would shrink the sewer, get
9	smaller in there until it was chopped out. The
10	things overflowed.
11	"Question: When the sewers would
12	overflow, would any of the overflow run on to
13	adjacent properties?
14	"Answer: No, not that I know of.
15	"Question: What would happen to the
16	overflow?
17	"Answer: Sink into the dirt.
18	"Question: Did you ever observe a crust
19	forming on the dirt from the billed-up from the
20	overflow?
21	"Answer: Discoloration. I don't remember
22	if it had a crust on it or not.
23	"Question: But there was at least visible
24	evidence that there had been an overflow?
25	"Answer: Yes. You knew acid was there.

"Question: When you say acid, what type of acid are you talking about? 2,4,5-T acid?

"Answer: It could have been 2,4,5-T. It could have been sulfuric acid. It could have been muriatic acid. They had a whole lot of acids down there. Everyone at one time or another wound up on the floor or in the sewer.

We are talking about acids. I remember --

I'll discontinue. The rest of the answer was nonresponsive. Unless Mr. Falls would like to have me read it.

MR. FALLS: Let me see it.

MR. CUYLER: I'll finish the answer.

when I first went to work there. They used chlorine to make some of their by-products and -- I mean to make their products and by-products for chlorine and whatever they did was muriatic acid and they had no facilities to put this anywhere and they didn't need it so they dumped it into the river, discharged it into the the river, and this was going on for years, and you are talking gallon-wise, boy oh boy, I wouldn't be surprised if there was a million, 2 million, 3 million gallons of

muriatic acid going in that river." 1 3 Sir, did you ever hear anything of that nature from any of the plant personnel or any of the people? 3 I do not specifically recall. 4 Okay. And that information sir, was that 5 at all conveyed to you by Dr. Worthington in his ō 7 Exhibit D-39?  $\mathbb{S}$ Again, this is the first time I'm looking at this letter in five years. My recollection of my 9 10 conversations with Dr. Worthington and of this letter are that there was some indication that this was the 1.1 12 best that they could reconstruct and there may have been some other situations that happened or that they 13 were not aware of. 14 Short of rereading it now and giving you an 15 16 answer I'm not sure how else to respond. 17 You mentioned, sir, Diamond Shamrock gave you a list of people, past employees --18 19 Α Yes. -- that you might speak with. Do you know 20 offhand where we could find that list of people? 21 That should have been an attachment to this 22 23 letter. To that letter? 24 And if not -- it's not an attachment to the 25 Α

1	letter I have. I did get it at the same time. I'm not
2	sure whether it was in the same envelope with this
3	letter or came shortly thereafter, but it was in
Ą	response to the same inquiry.
5	O Do you ever recall being advised by anyone
6	at Diamond Shamrock that a gentleman by the name of
7	John Burton who was plant manager through the 1950's
ð	and up through 1960 lived here right in this very
Ĵ.	county, Horris County, and he had information on the
10	plant and how it operated, the sewer lines, the
11	connections to the river?
12	Does that refresh your recollection?
13	A No, it doesn't.
14	Q Let me read you a little bit because we
15	got that information of Mr. Burton's deposition taken
16	on March 18, 1987. He was deposed actually on two
17	days, April 28, I'm sorry.
13	Mr. Burton was deposed, your Honor, on April 3,
19	1987 and on March 19, 1987. I'm reading from page 68
20	line 17.
21	"Question: Was any of Diamond's process
22	equipment connected to the sewer system in 1955?
23	"Answer: The sewer system was put in in
24	'56. At that time we connected everything in
25	2.4-D building into this new sewer system. The

system actually normally drained out through the 1 2 industrial sewer on Lister Avenue. Although we had a connection so we could drain it into the į. river." 5 Were you ever advised that even after they put 5 in the industrial sewer they maintained an alternate 7 system that they could at their whim divert material 6 from 2,4,5-D area into the river if there was any need 9 or necessity to it? 10 I did not specifically recall. Ž. 11 Let me read you a section of Mr. Burton's testimony beginning at page 158 line 4. 12 13 "Question: Did the sewerage commission 14 ever advise Diamond Shamrock that any of its. 15 discharges to the river were illegal? 16 "Answer: They never caught us at it until 17 this one incident in 1956. 18 "Question: And what specifically did the 19 sewerage commission say about the discharges in 1956, that is what did --20 21 "Answer: A pump that was pumping alcohol 22 had a small leak at the packing plant. It was 33 dumping alcohol into a discharge ditch and in 34 turn right into the river which was in terms of 25 total pollution a ridiculously insignificant

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amount, but in the context of it, since he knew we had been playing a cat and mouse game, this was a legal reason for him to --

"Question: When you say he, who are you referring to, a particular inspector with the sewerage commission?

"Answer: I only remember one, although it was likely there was others, but it seems to me that most of the time there was one inspector."

You ever recall nearing anything like that about a cat and mouse game?

A No, I don't, but by way of explanation, I would tell you for our purposes it mattered not whether the conduct that produced the contamination was legal, it illegal, criminal, a civil violation.

The statutes that we operated under at that time were very, very different. Before 1970 we did not have a Solid Waste Management Act. We had virtually no statutory authority over hazardous waste. So in essence we did not at this point in the investigation spend any significant amount of resources in determining whether or not the conduct was criminal or illegal. We wanted to identify the extent of it and clean up, however it got there.

9 Well, let me just correct you on one

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point. Am I not correct in saying that as early as 1907 there was legislation in the State of New Jersey which presently can be found in Title 58 that prohibited pollution of lower reaches of the Passaic River?

<u>.</u>

S

A Me had water pollution -- we certainly had statutes on the book before 1970 which prohibited various types of pollution. There's even a fish and game statute that prohibits the dumping of deleterious substances in the waters of the state that may hurt wildlife, but we did not have explicit provisions that we have today that define willful, intensional violations and impose criminal sanctions on those violations.

And given the history of time that we're dealing with from I believe 1951 to 1969, it presided -- most of the statutes that I would operate under today were in an investigation of some ongoing activity.

So what I'm trying to say is when we got indications from former employees or residents or neighboring facilities that there may have been some illegal activities, what we were concerned with specifically was that going to identify an area that we had not yet tested for contamination rather was that going to further criminal investigation.

1	O Did you ever hear anything in the course
2	of your investigation about fish kills in the river
3	following Diamond's discharge of materials, pesticides,
4	herbicides?
5	A I think I do recall some information that there
ó	may have been fish kills, yes.
7	Ω That would have been then in contravention
3	of the fish and game statute that you just mentioned?
9	A It could have been.
L 0	Q Well, in any event, I won't belabor the
11	point, sir. There are volumes.
12	The point is you weren't out to determine
13	whether or not there was any intensional dumping into
L <b>4</b>	that river or into the environment around the plant, is
L 5	that correct?
L6	A Only insofar as that kind of information would
.7	have led me to look somewhere else for contamination
.8	that we hadn't yet looked.
.9	MR. CUYLER: Thank you, sir.
20	THE COURT: Anybody else who would like to
1	ask questions?
2	MR. CALOGERO: I have a few questions.
.3	THE COURT: Mr. Calogero.
4	MR. CALOGERO: Thank you.
:5	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COLOGERO:

1	Q Mr. Catania, you discussed in your
2	testimony earlier this morning, you named some specific
3	sites that were identified by either the EPA or the
4	DEP, and you referred to these as off sites where
5	sampling had been taken of Dioxin contamination, is
5	that correct?
7	A That is correct.
Ş	And you also mentioned there were
ŝ	residential areas that were tested, is that correct?
10	A That is correct.
11	O And most of the specific names that you
12	gave us this morning were commercial or industrial
13	areas, is that correct?
14	A Correct.
	A Correct.  Q And you also referred to areas that you
14	
14 15	Q . And you also referred to areas that you
14 15	Q And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?
14 15 16	And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?  A Yes.
14 15 16 17 18	Q And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?  A Yes.  Q And by parkway medians, are you referring
14 15 16 17 18	Q And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?  A Yes.  Q And by parkway medians, are you referring to like public streets and roads?
14 15 16 17 10 19	And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?  A Yes.  Q And by parkway medians, are you referring to like public streets and roads?  A Yes. Strip between the sidewalk and the street.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?  A Yes.  Q And by parkway medians, are you referring to like public streets and roads?  A Yes. Strip between the sidewalk and the street.  Q And is it fair to state that there are
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	2 And you also referred to areas that you referred to as parkway medians, is that correct?  A Yes.  Q And by parkway medians, are you referring to like public streets and roads?  A Yes. Strip between the sidewalk and the street.  Q And is it fair to state that there are some areas which have been tested which were found to

1 vards? 2  $\Delta_{\lambda}$ Yes. 3 And people's houses? Ď. 4 Yes. A 5 And when you first began this study which you stated was sometime in May of 1983 when the DEP 5 7 began this investigation, you decided or someone in the  $\varepsilon$ DEP decided that you were going to look at 80 Lister  $\cap$ Avenue, is that correct? That is correct. 10 11 And the basis for looking at that was 12 because based on the information that you had, it would 13 be expected that there would be Dioxin contamination at that facility, is that correct? 14 15 That is correct. 15 And in fact when you arrived at that 17 facility, sampling was done at that facility at certain 18 specific sites at that location, is that correct? 19 We conducted what we call bio sampling. You look for the lower spots on the property where drainage 20 21 would naturally take runoff. You have information, areas where manufacturing would have taken place and I 22 23 believe we did about a half a dozen bio samples. 24 And these were -- so sampling took place 25 in areas where you and the DEP expected there to be

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7
       Dioxin contamination, is that correct?
       A Characterized a little differently, we expected
       if there were Dioxin contamination there these were the
 4
       places you would likely find it.
 5
              And indeed you found Dioxin contamination?
 5
       \Lambda
             Yes.
 7
              At those areas where you expected to find
       Dioxin contamination?
 ्
       A Most certainly.
10
              O Do you know a Mr. James Staples in the
11
       DEP?
12
             I do. He's our public information officer, our
       A
       press officer.
13
                  Do you read the "Star Ledger"?
14
                                                        3 4
15
             Occasionally.
15
             Ω Did you read it on September the 8th,
       1988?
17
       Ath No, I did not. But I know the clip that you're
10
       referring to. I get clips. And several days later I
19
20
       came across a clip that I believe you're referring to.
                 Did you speak to Mr. Staples about that
21
22
       article that appeared in the "Star Ledger" on September
       3, 1988?
23
          I did afterwards.
34
25
             Q And that article states, "State Department
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of Environmental Protection will seek to hold Diamond
Shamrock Corporation liable for polluting the Passaic
River with DDT and other chemicals from its defunct
plant on Lister Avenue in Mewark, it was learned
yesterday. DEP spokesman James Staples said the agency
has information that the river was used to dispose of
toxic materials when the plant was in operation in the
1950's and 1960's."

Did you speak to Mr. Staples concerning that statement that appeared in the "Star Ledger" on September 8, 1988?

A I did.

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A I don't believe that is any new information.

Mr. Staples handled a lot of press inquiries on this.

I asked him after I saw that clip whether he had any new information that I wasn't aware of. He told me he did not and that the basis for his statements were previous conversations he had had with me, particularly after we had signed the consent orders.

I think his comments refer to the fact that the Passaic River is something that is reserved for further action from both of the consent orders, and if you look at the reservation of rights section, you will find

1	explicit language saying it is only meant to resolve
2	specific problems with respect to the contamination on
3	either 120 Lister Avenue or 80 Lister Avenue, and the
£,	Passaic River is one area that we know needs further
5	sampling and further study. We are in the process of
5	doing that.
7	Q And as part of that further study and
3	further sampling, are you attempting to reconstruct
ō	historicly what was going into that river by Diamond
10	Shamrock in the 1950's and 1960's?
11	A I'm not sure what you mean by that.
12	Q Well
13	A You mean to pinpoint at what date a discharge
14	occurred?
15	Q I'm not referring to what date discharge
16	occurred, but are you attempting to learn more about
17	the plant operations in the 1950's and 1960's in how it
18	discharged to the Passaic River?
19	Are those types of studies currently being
20	undertaken by the DEP?
21	A I would answer that by saying I would
22	characterize the studies underway as basically being a
23	feasiblity study of the river. Remedial investigation
34	and feasiblity study which seeks to identify the extent
25	of contamination of the river and look at the

alternatives in fact to see if there is any alternative for cleaning the river.

We do not know. We could make the problem worse by dredging or you could actually solve the problem. Again, we would not be seeking to say at this point for the purposes of this investigation that we found out on such and such a date % substance came out of % pipe for a month or a day or an hour. That's not the purpose of this investigation.

Mould it be important to know the manner in which substances were being discharged from the plant into the river in order to help you in your study?

A It would be important to know that insofar as that would lead you to look at an area of the river or someplace else offsite that you might not otherwise consider testing.

Again, this is not a criminal investigation. Whether there is one going on is separate from this issue. That would not be my responsibility.

The study that Mr. Staples is referring to and that I am discussing now would be to characterize the contamination of the river and to look at ways of cleaning it up.

And we have very explicitly reserved in all of

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our discussions and all of our agreements with Diamond the right to go back against Diamond and any other party or parties that we may feel we can show legarly responsible for the contamination of the river when we decide what is appropriate to do with the river. At this point has DEP reached any J. conclusion about the Hability of Diamond Shamrock vis-a-vis the pollution of the Passaic River? We have not -- we have not reached any ĥ conclusions. I would have to tell you after we finished the study and determined what is necessary to do with the river, Diamond Shamrock would certainly be the first party that I sat down with because they operated that facility at 80 Lister Avenue. . Have any of these Passaic River studies included the sampling for the presence of DDT? I believe there has been some sampling for DDT. Have you heard or has -- during the course of the investigation into pollution at the 80 Lister Avenue site and surroundings, would you have any conversations with any former Diamond employees in regard to mounds of DDT appearing in the Passaic River while Diamond was operating its facility?

I do not specifically recall any conversation

about mounds of DDT. I do recall generally

1	donversations with employees about a variety of
3	practices which might have moved contamination into the
3	river which is why we wanted to treat the civer
4	separately and do more study of it.
5	And what were those practices that you
5	recall?
7	A Things from housekeeping practices, sloppy
0	housekeeping, to explosions, to the variety of pipes
9	and things going into the river.
10	O When you went on to the site in 1983
11	you did go on to the site at some point in 1983?
12	A I have been on the site several times.
13	Q And that was prior to the putting on of
14	the tarp, is that correct?
15	A No.
16	Q You never went on before the tarp was put
17	on?
18	A: No. After the site was secured, after the top
19	was on with protective clothing.
2 <b>0</b>	Q Fine. I have no problem with that. You
21	referred to in your earlier testimony as to the cost
22	that would have been involved if the State had to clean
23	up the property as compared to the costs that are
24	involved or that were involved in Diamond Shamrock
25	cleaning up the property, and you say they would have

been substantially more if the State had to clean it 1 2 up? 3 Yes, I dia. Is it your testimony that the State has to a spend more money to do the same job that a private 5 ៍ individual would have to do? 7 In some cases yes. And that has a lot to do with the State's contracting and procurement mechanisms that are required by law.  $\cap$ In particular, in the hazardous waste area, when 10 11 we want to send a contractor out, particularly on short 12 notice, there are rates specified in the contract which has been publicly bid, and when we send someone out on 13 14 short notice we pay emergency rates. So in the case on several of the activities, 15 15 remedial activities that took place here, I did have specific knowledge that if we wanted to do something in 17 18 the next several days it is going to cost the State X and it would have cost Diamond X minus Y because they 19 20 were not operating under the same contract we were. Now, there was some testimony earlier 21 before about ECRA and the statute, what that is and how 22 that works. 23 Isn't it true that at some point after Dioxin 24

contamination and contamination after these other

chemicals were found at the site, that the present 1 2 owner of that site sold the property to Diamond Shamrock, is that correct? 3 4 You talking about the Marisol? 5  $\mathbf{O}$ Yes. Yes, that is correct. 5 Α 7 At the time that sale took place ECRA was in effect, was it not? 3 ECRA took effect in 1981 I believe. 3 Ã And this sale took place sometime in 1984 10 or 1985, is that correct? 11 12 Yes, it is correct. 13 And at the time that that sale took place, 14 ECRA was not triggered by that sale, is that correct? There is a specific letter I believe in the 15 16 documents we had produced in response to the subpoena. I sent the letter to I believe counsel to Diamond 17 3 2 Shamrock. 19 They asked what the Department's position was with respect to ECRA and we wrote back and took the 20 21 position -- the portions of ECRA contract had been 22 satisfied; they were in substantial compliance but ECRA 23 requires initial notice that property is going to be transferred, requires sampling plan to determine the 24

extent of any contamination, requires a clean-up plan,

requires posting and financial assurances and we 1 basically took the position through the two consent 3 orders that ECRA had been complied with and so --3 And yet Marisol, which was the owner at ٠, that time of the property -- of the property and which would have been responsible under ECRA for cleaning up the property, that Harisol had no responsibility? State didn't take position Marisol had no responsibility. We had a consent order with a ٦, predecessor to Marisol under which they had agreed to 10 accept responsibility and post financial assurances. 11 We have very much reserved our rights against 12 all of the parties should that prove necessary to go 13 against anyone else to achieve this clean-up. 14 . MR. CALOGERO: I have no further 15 15 questions. MR. L. SHEFT: I do, sir. 17 THE COURT: Okay, Hr. Sheft. 13 CROSS-EXAMINATIN BY MR. LEONARD SHEFT: 19. 20  $\mathbf{O}$ Mr. Catania, did I understand you to say that when you entered into the civil settlement with 21 22 Diamond you discontinued your criminal investigation? I am not conducting a criminal investigation. 23 Ã There was a criminal investigation being 24 conducted, was there not? 25

What I indicated was that there were several 1 2 aspects of my investigation that I referred to the Division of Criminal Justice for follow-up as is our 3 4 standard operating procedure. 5 Once we had the consent order executed, 5 particularly the second consent order, we ceased those aspects of the investigation which may have produced 7 any further evidence of that nature. I see. So that it was the settlement of 9 the civil action that resulted in the abatement of the 10 criminal investigation? Do I have it right? 11 12 Well -- I can't tell you the criminal investigation has been abated or not. I'm not in 13 charge of that. If someone is doing that, they'regard 14 doing it under their own jurisdiction and authority. 15 15 But while you had some charge of this there was a criminal investigation? 17 18 Athere were aspects of this investigation that I 19 referred to the Division of Criminal Justice. 20 There were aspects of this case that canoted some form of criminality? 21 That raised a question of whether or not that 22 behavior existed. 23 For example, there was a -- one of the 24

workers -- in fact I think it was corroborated by

Diamond as well as former workers -- indicated to me 1 2 when we asked where's the waste from this facility been going, and with respect to solid hazardous waste we 3 4 wanted to track down who the waste hauler had been. 3 We were given a name. I believe the name was 5 Micholas Toscano. We tried to track him down. requested the assistance of the Division of Criminal Justice in doing that to see if we could interview this person to see if anything illegal had taken place. 9 10 He subsequently found out Mr. Toscano had died. 11 We located a death certificate in the county records in 12 Newark and that went no further. So there were aspects of what we were looking into, and our standard 13 14 operating procedure required whenever we're looking into something that has any implications of criminal 15 behavior we refer it to the Division of Criminal 15 Justice. 17 😂 💹 Did anybody ever tell you Mr. Toscano was 18 given unmarked containers of Dioxin contaminated carbon 19 to haul away? 20 I do not specifically recall that. 21 Is that criminal? 33 Nould have to first ask you when that occurred. 23  $\mathbf{A}$ There's a number of questions I would have to ask you. 24 '69 to 1970. Was it criminal then? 25

<u>1</u>	A What specifically are you asking is criminal?
2	Q The giving the generation and
3	transportation of Dioxin contaminated carbon in
4	unmarked 55 gallon drums?
5	A Transportation in and of itself or
3	transportation to a particular place?
7	Q I don't know where it went.
3	A Well, my understanding of the laws is that as of
9	1970 solid waste, which includes hazardous waste,
10	hauler had to be registered with the Department of
11	Environmental Protection.
12	Prior to that time there were some local $z^{\epsilon}$
13	statutes, local regulations of the Department of
14	Health. So I don't think I can tell you based on the
15	facts that —
15	Q Okay.
17	Λ accepting that kind of material for
18-	transportation in 1969 would have been a criminal act.
19	Q Speaking of unlabeled drums, when you
20	examined the site, did you find any 55 gallon drums or
21	any size drum on the site with contents that were
22	unlabeled?
23	A Yes, there were hundreds of such drums.
24	Q Really. Did you ever find out what was in
25	these hundreds of such drums unlabeled?

1	A After extensive sampling we did.
3	O Would you tell us?
3	A There's a whole variety of priority postutants
4 -::	as the Record of Decision indicates that were in the
5	drums.
3	Q And did you find out whose product this
7	was?
 1.92	A In some cases yes; in some cases it was drums
9	that were filled when Harisol and their employees
10	started to clean the site after they acquired it from
11	Diamond Shamrock. In some cases it was materials that
12	were there before that time.
13	Q Diamond Shamrock product?
14	A In some cases I believe, yes.
15	Q All contaminants and pollutants?
16	A You ask me did all the drums have contaminants
17	or pollutants or was everything in the drum
18	contaminants and pollutants?
19	Q Whichever you like.
20	A There we plenty of priority pollutants and
21	contaminants extensive throughout the site in the drums
32	we sampled.
23	And the drums were unmarked?
24	A Most of the drums were unmarked.
25	Q Just one or two more questions please.

You've been very kind.

ī

In order to evaluate this Diamond site, did you contact any other manufacturers of 2,4,5-T to determine the nature and quality of the pollutants that one could expect to find on such a site?

Did you get in touch with any other

manufacturers to determine what kind -- qualify or

quantify the nature of the pollutants that would

normally be found of a manufacturing site of 2,4,5-T?

A We didn't contact other manufacturers. Our

research people did do research and contacted

scientists at EPA and some universities doing Dioxin

research about those issues.

We also attempted to find out whether or not we could fingerprint the Dioxin to find out whether in fact the Dioxin we were finding six blocks away was the Dioxin that was onsite.

A There was some sampling done and a gentleman named Chris Rapke, who is an academic in Sweden, and we sent some of our samples to Mr. Rapke for analysis because he was working on an analytical method to try to fingerprint Dioxin.

To the best of my knowledge at this point that has not been done with any precision.

	1
1	Ω I see. Thank you, very much.
3	MR. FAVETTA: I have a few questions.
3	Antonio Faveatta, AIG group of companies.
Ą	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. FAVETTA:
5	Q Do you have the Record of Decision before
5	you?
7	A I do.
8	O On page 28 there's a table with Cost
<b>5</b>	Summary of Alternatives. Would you turn to that
10	piease?
11	THE COURT: What document are we looking
12	at now?
13	MR. FAVETTA: ROD. P-84.
14	MR. FALLS: What page.
15	MR. FAVETTA: Page 28. Table II, Cost
16	Summary of Alternatives.
17	A Yes.
13	2 Am I correct in stating that Alternative
19	III is the alternative recommended by the ROD?
20	A Yes, I believe that's true.
21	Q Okay. The figure that appeared, the
22	dollar figure that appears under "Capital Cost
23	Estimate," does that include costs that have been
24	expended to date as part of total capital cost
25	estimate?

1	A I believe it does not.
2	Q Can you tell me whether it includes the
3	moneys previously referred to as part of the research
4	consent order which was part of the supplemental
5	administrative consent order?
5	A It does not. Those are wholly outside the scope
7	of the Record of Decision or the other two consent
3	orders.
9	Q And with respect to the final column
10	Operating "Annual Operating and Haintenance Costs"
11	there appears a figure of \$261,000.
12	Can you tell me on what that estimate is
13	predicated on?
14	A What it's pred I assume that is the estimate
15	for what it would cost to maintain the cap, to operate
16	the ground water monitoring wells, to maintain the
17	slurry wall, to control access to the site, to maintain
18	the fences, things of that nature.
19	Q How long will the ground water have to be
20	maintained, as you put it?
21	A I do not have an answer to that. I don't think
22	anyone does at this point.
23	MR. FAVETTA: Thank you. I have no
24	further questions.
25	MR. PIERCE: Couple of brief questions.

My name is George Pierce. 1 2 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY HR. PIERCE: I believe, Mr. Catania, you testified that Ġ Brady Steel had purchased some scrap steel from the 80 5 Lister plant, is that correct? 5 Brady Iron and Metals. 7 Brady Iron and Metal. Can you tell us approximately when that occurred? I do not recall a specific date. What I do - 13 10 remember is that it was sometime during the Marisol clean-up of the property which I believe would have out 11 12 it in the 1980 to '81 time frame. And I personally with Mr. Brady went through business records on his 13 14 site and found bills of lading showing that X number of tons of scrap, iron and other metals had been purchased 15 16 from Marisol and moved to 55 Lockwood Avenue. 17 So it wouldn't have been any time earlier 18 than 1980? 19 Weil, I asked Mr. Brady when I personally 20 interviewed him whether or not he had purchased other 21 materials, and he said he routinely purchased scrap materials from all of the chemical companies operating 22 in the area. And while he didn't -- my recollection is 23 while he did not have any specific business records or 24

recollection of another transaction, he said it was

1	entirely possible.
2	Q But specifically from the 80 Lister plant,
3	any purchases from 80 Lister wouldn't have been prior
đ.	to say 1980?
ing ing ing/	A I think that would fall in the category it could
j	have been possible. There was no business records to
7	that effect. He did not have them back cerribly far.
Ŋ	g Has there any indication that he purchased
?	anything from the time when Diamond was operating the
10	plant?
1	A No specific indications. Only a possibility.
12	MR. PIERCE: No further questions. Thank
13	you.
L 4	THE COURT: Anything else?
15	MR. MILLER: Charles Miller representing
16	Royal Indemnity.
L <b>7</b>	THE COURT: Okay. Come up, Mr. Miller.
. 9	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MILLER:
19	Q Sir, I have some questions concerning the
20	first testing at the site. I believe you said that DEP
1	was involved in ongoing an ongoing research project
22	to detect Dioxin around the State? A That is correct.
23	Q And when did that project begin?
4	A It began in the spring of 1983 when we had
25	received and reviewed the EPA Dioxin report that came
I	

1	out. I believe the October, previous October of 1982
2	this facility was listed in the first category of
3	facilities that were recommended to be tested.
4	Q Prior to the research project in the
5	spring of 1983, had anyone contacted the owners of the
5	sites listed on that list?
7	A Anyone from my agency?
8	Q Yes.
9	A To the best of my knowledge, no.
10	2 Do you know if anyone not from your agency
11	had contacted them?
12	A I assume EPA would have had some contact in
13	preparing the report just to verify some of the
14	information that was in the report.
15	Let me ask you a clarifying question so I'm
16	giving good information. When you say the owners of
17	the site, you mean the current owners or talking about
18	Diamond?
19	DEP had some ongoing activities with Marisol as
20	that site was being purchased and cleaned up, and my
21	understanding is it was Mr. Nurger who is the president
22	of Marisol, it was his intention to start a chemical
23	facility there.
24	We certainly had some interaction with him. And
35	it would have been a site that we had some contact

1 with.

With respect to Dioxin, no. The first that we would have been involved with the Dioxin would have been the spring of '83 when we started our research project.

Q And when was it that your agency first had contact with Diamond Shamrock concerning the site?

A First contact would have been one of the very first days of June of '83 when I placed a call to Diamond Shamrock and talked with Mr. Worthington and he came up and met with me several days after that.

MR. MILLER: Thank you.

THE COURT: Anything else? No one else over on the defense side.

MR. FALLS: I have no redirect.

THE COURT: We'll excuse Mr. Catania then? Fine. You're excused.

MR. ENGLE: Richard Engle from New Jersey Division of Law. I just want to clarify one thing before we leave and that is, assuming we can be excused. I believe a subpoena has been issued to Mr. Catania by someone on the defense side with regard to testimony for next week.

I think we discussed this during the break, and I want to clarify there is no need

3 1	
1	Q What was your next job
2	THE COURT: Let's just stop at this point,
3	please. It's 12:30. We'll break for lunch and
Ą	resume at 1:30.
5	* * * *
5	
7	
8	<u>CERTIFICATE</u>
9	
10	
11	I, DEBORAH A. NUTTING, an Certified
12	Shorthand Reporter of the State of New Jersey,
13	certify the foregoing to be a true and accurate
14	transcript of my stenographic notes.
15	
16	Webert Co Vitteres
17	DEBORAH A. NUTTING CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER
13	LICENSE NO. 959
19	
2 <b>0</b>	
21	
22	Dated: 126 23, 1988
23	
24	
25	