DRINKING WATER SYSTEMS

An Emergency Response Plan (ERP) is a document that describes the actions a water system will take in the event of an emergency in order to protect public health by maintaining a water supply sufficient for potable use and fire-fighting. The ERP is required pursuant to the Water Allocation rules (N.J.A.C. 7:19-11.2) and the Rules and Regulations Governing the Licensing of Water Supply and Wastewater Treatment System Operators (N.J.A.C. 7:10A-1.12). DEP is currently promulgating new rules that will incorporate best practices for emergency response preparedness/planning to the extent that current rules do not directly address them.

For the purposes of an ERP, an emergency is a natural or man-made event that results in a major disruption of the system’s ability to function. An emergency is not an event that results from normal operational disorders such as a minor water main break.

Emergency events that should be addressed by an ERP include, but are not limited to:

- Floods, earthquakes and other natural disasters
- Power outages
- Pollutant releases
- Failure of the distribution system prime water supply source and/or treatment facilities
- Job actions (strikes, walk-outs)
- Chemical shortages and/or accidents
- Sabotage, terrorism and explosions.

According to N.J.A.C. 7:19-11.2, public water suppliers serving more than 3,000 residents were required to develop and submit (and periodically update thereafter) an ERP. Once completed, an ERP should be considered a working document that is routinely reviewed and revised. While many systems already comply with the requirement to develop and update an ERP, NJDEP has developed a detailed ERP template (See http://www.nj.gov/dep/watersupply/doc/erp-template.doc) in an effort to ensure that public community water systems comply with the requirement to regularly update and revise its ERP. This template includes the minimum contents for an ERP that complies with the Water Allocation rules noted above.

The ERP template addresses the following six (6) sections:

1. **Emergency Response Personnel/Communications** - establishes team members, organizational structure, Incident Command System roles and responsibilities, internal and external contact information and procedures, and safety procedures.
2. **System Description** – overview of system, property protection measures, describes primary components, available interconnections and alternate sources and lists bulk water haulers or bottle water sources.

3. **Water System Contingencies & Prioritization** – a summary of water usage and system priorities; and a description of phased water restrictions and related ordinances.

4. **Resource Inventory** – quick reference of available resources, including auxiliary power, spare parts, components, chemicals, and a list of contractors for repair and supplies. Also, an inventory of manuals, technical guidance, reports, water use advisory templates and public notices.

5. **Emergency Situations** – describes protocols for performing a vulnerability assessment (see N.J.A.C. 7:19-11.2(a)1i(7)); emergency sampling plan; emergency action plans and includes a preliminary damage assessment report. (Please refer below for an example emergency action plan).

6. **Emergency Response Evaluation** – a description of the evaluation process that should follow any emergency. The timeliness and effectiveness of the Emergency Response Plan should be thoroughly evaluated.

The Department recognizes that an ERP is a highly sensitive document that must be maintained as confidential. Accordingly, it must be stored in a secure on-site location. It may also be necessary to maintain a copy of your ERP in a secured location off premises in the event that a normal workstation cannot be reached.

In addition to the template available at [http://www.nj.gov/dep/watersupply/doc/erp-template.docx](http://www.nj.gov/dep/watersupply/doc/erp-template.docx), the following tools, which are compliant with the Joint ASME-ITI/AWWA J100-1- Risk Analysis standards, may prove useful when conducting the vulnerability assessment referred to in Section 5 of the template and required at N.J.A.C. 7:19-11.2(a)1i(7):

- EPA’s Vulnerability Self-Assessment Tool VSAT designed to assist with the performance of security threats and natural hazards risk assessments; more information is available at [http://water.epa.gov/infrastructure/watersecurity/techtools/vsat.cfm](http://water.epa.gov/infrastructure/watersecurity/techtools/vsat.cfm)

- EPA’s Water Health and Economic Analysis Tool (WHEAT) which is “designed to assist drinking water utility owners and operators in quantifying public health impacts, utility financial costs and regional economic impacts of an adverse event.” [http://yosemite.epa.gov/ow/SReg.nsf/description/WHEAT](http://yosemite.epa.gov/ow/SReg.nsf/description/WHEAT)

- **AEM** Corporation’s Program to Assist Risk and Resilience Examination (PARRE) assessment tool. This is an interactive tool that helps owners and operators to perform a probability-based risk/resilience assessment for critical assets. This tool is available for sale from AEM at [http://www.parre-pro.com/collections/products](http://www.parre-pro.com/collections/products)

The above-referenced documents should be utilized during the preparation of your ERP.
EXAMPLE EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN

Example: Emergency Situation Analysis and Response

Emergency: distribution system failure – major transmission main break due to intentional action (i.e., explosive device)

Recovery Time Assessment: 1 day

Assessment: Locate break and isolate area (using valves)

Immediate Action:
- Establish crime scene perimeter
- Assemble necessary equipment and replacement parts
- Provide traffic control and other actions as dictated by the police department
- Repair damaged transmission main
- Check line for leaks
- Disinfect and flush line
- Sample/analyze
- Restore water service

Notifications:
- Authorities - Police, Fire, NJDEP
- NJDEP
- Affected Customers - issue appropriate notices (timeframe for loss of service, boil water notice, etc.)
- Equipment Operators

Follow up: Notify customers of problem resolution

Review: Review actions taken and determine if any changes need to be made to protocols and plans.