




Little Flat Brook - FIBI065



-  FIBI Sampling Location
-  Small Streams (1st and 2nd Order)
-  Large Streams (3rd Order and Above)



SUMMARY OF RESULTS

FIBI065 - Little Flat Brook



1. Stream Name:	Little Flat Brook
2. Sampling Date:	07-17-2003
3. Sampling Location:	645/Layton-Hainesville Rd
4. Municipality	Sandyston
5. County:	Sussex
6. Watershed Management Area:	1
7. Contributing Drainage Area:	9.5 Square Miles
8. Electrofishing Gear:	2 Backpack
9. FIBI Score and Rating:	46 - Excellent
10. Habitat Score and Rating:	173 - Optimal
11. Fishable Species Present:	Yes
12. Relevant AMNET ¹ Station Data:	
Proximity of FIBI station to AMNET station:	1.9 mi downstream AN0005
AMNET Rating:	Round 1 – Non-impaired Round 2 – Non-impaired Round 3 – Non-impaired
13. Stream Chemistries:	
Dissolved Oxygen	7.82 mg/L
Temperature.	19.7 °C
pH	7.89
Conductivity	322 µmhos/cm
14. Number of Fish With Anomalies:	0
15. Length of Stream Segment Sampled	150 Meters
16. Water Clarity:	Clear
17. Average Forest Open Canopy:	30.7%
18. Discharge:	10.5 ft. ³ /sec
19. Substrate:	15% Gravel and Sand, 50% Cobble, 30% Boulder, 5% Clay
20. Habitat:	50% Riffle, 30% Run, 20% Pool
21. Snags	Yes
22. Periphyton	Slight
23. Submerged Aquatic Vegetation	Yes
24. Other observations:	
25. Number of Fish Species Identified:	17
26. Total Number of Fish Collected:	155

¹ AMNET is the acronym for the DEP's ambient benthic macroinvertebrate monitoring network – a series of 820 monitoring stations located throughout the state's waterways that collects data on the health of bottom dwelling stream fauna which in turn is used to assess general water quality.

FIBIO65
LITTLE FLAT BROOK
ROUTE 645/LAYTON-HAINESVILLE ROAD
SANDYSTON TOWNSHIP, SUSSEX COUNTY



LEGEND

- START
- FINISH
- SEGMENT SAMPLED
- ↑ DIRECTION OF FLOW

FIBI065 - Little Flat Brook @ CR 645
Date Sampled - 7/17/2003

Excellent

Good

Fair

Poor

Score

of Fish Species

5

of Benthic Insectivorous Species (BI)

5

of Trout and Centrarchid Species (trout, bass, sunfish, crappie)

5

of Intolerant Species (IS)

5

Proportion of Individuals as White Suckers

5

Proportion of Individuals as Generalists (carp, creek chub, banded killifish,
goldfish, fathead minnow, green sunfish)

5

Proportion of Individuals as Insectivorous **Cyprinids** (I and BI)

5

Proportion of Individuals as Trout

*whichever gives better score

OR

Proportion of Individuals as Piscivores (Excluding American Eel)*

3

Number of Individuals in Sample

3

Proportion of Individuals w/disease/anomalies (excluding blackspot)

5

Total

46

Stream Rating

45-50 Excellent

37-44 Good

29-36 Fair

10-28 Poor

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FOR *HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS* Little Flat Brook (FIBI065) – 7/17/03

	Condition Category																				
	Optimal					Suboptimal					Marginal					Poor					
1. Epifaunal Substrate /Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).					40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).					20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.					Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.					
SCORE 19	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space					Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25-50% surrounded by fine sediment.					Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50-75% surrounded by fine sediment.					Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.					
SCORE 18	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
3. Velocity/Depth Regimes	All 4 velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (slow is <0.3 m/s, deep is >0.5 m)					Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).					Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).					Dominated by 1 velocity / depth regime (usually slow-deep).					
SCORE 17	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% (<20% for low-gradient streams) of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.					Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% (20-50% for low-gradient) of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.					Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% (50-80% for low-gradient) of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.					Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% (80% for low-gradient) of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.					
SCORE 17	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.					Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.					Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.					Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.					
SCORE 18	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.					Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.					Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.					Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. In stream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.					
SCORE 19	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.					Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.					Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.					Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.					
SCORE 17	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.					Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.					Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.					Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.					
SCORE <u>8</u> (LB)	Left	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0			
SCORE <u>9</u> (RB)	Right	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0			
9. Bank Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, under story shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.					70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.					50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.					Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.					
SCORE <u>9</u> (LB)	Left	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0			
SCORE <u>9</u> (RB)	Right	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0			
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.					Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.					Width of riparian zone 6-12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.					Width of riparian zone <6 meters; little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.					
SCORE <u>3</u> (LB)	Left	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0			
SCORE <u>10</u> (RB)	Right	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0			

HABITAT SCORE

173

HABITAT SCORES	VALUE
OPTIMAL	160 – 200
SUB-OPTIMAL	110 – 159
MARGINAL	60 – 109
POOR	< 60

FIBI065 07-17-2003

Little Flat Brook

LISTED IN ORDER OF ABUNDANCE FOUND

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	# FOUND	SIZE RANGE (INCHES)
Common shiner	<i>Luxilus cornutus</i>	55	
American eel	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>	32	
Cutlips minnow	<i>Exoglossum maxillingua</i>	13	
White sucker	<i>Catostomus commersoni</i>	11	
Blacknose dace	<i>Rhinichthys atratulus</i>	10	
Redbreast sunfish	<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	9	2.6 - 3.9
Longnose dace	<i>Rhinichthys cataractae</i>	6	
Redfin pickerel	<i>Esox americanus americanus</i>	3	2.6
Brook trout	<i>Salvelinus fontinalis</i>	3	5.9 - 6.9
Bluegill sunfish	<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	3	2.4
Sea lamprey	<i>Petromyzon marinus</i>	2	
Creek chub	<i>Semotilus atromaculatus</i>	2	
Margined madtom	<i>Noturus insignis</i>	2	
Golden shiner	<i>Notemigonus crysoleucas</i>	1	
Largemouth bass	<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	1	3.9
Tesselated darter	<i>Etheostoma olmstedii</i>	1	
Rainbow trout	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	1	9.4

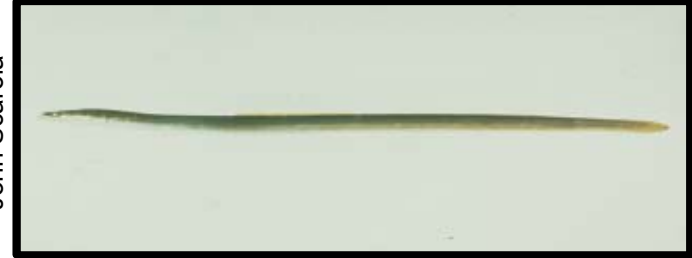
* Regulated as a fishable species under current New Jersey Fish and Wildlife codes

Species Identified at Little Flat Brook (FIBI065)
(Not to Scale)



John Scarola

Sea Lamprey



John Scarola

American Eel



John Scarola

White Sucker



Jenkins & Burkhead

Cutlips Minnow



John Scarola

Common Shiner



John Scarola

Blacknose Dace

Species Identified at Little Flat Brook (FIBI065)
(Not to Scale)

Jenkins & Burkhead



Redfin Pickerel

Schute



Longnose Dace

Don Beimborn



Brook Trout

John Scarola



Golden Shiner

Konrad Schmidt



Creek Chub

John Scarola



Redbreast Sunfish

Species Identified at Little Flat Brook (FIBI065)
(Not to Scale)

Schute



Margined Madtom

John Scarola



Tesselated Darter

John Scarola



Bluegill

John Scarola



Rainbow Trout

AFS



Largemouth Bass