

History of Streamgaging???

- The first systematic stream gages in New York were daily record in 1835 on Eaton and Madison Brooks in Madison County by private interests.*
- The earliest known streamflow measurement in New York was made in 1851 on Long Island by a private group.*
- Director John Wesley Powell establishes first gaging station in 1887. (Rio Grand River, NM)
- The oldest USGS gage in the Delaware River basin of New York is Delaware River at Port Jervis, 1903

≥USGS

*Research by A.J Finch and R.C. Heath

Why does USGS measure streamflow?

- To provide Nat'l Weather Service with data for flood forecasting and for flood warning
- To compute flood frequencies for designing bridges, dams, flood control structures, flood plain designation, and flood insurance studies
- For issuing discharge permits to point sources & withdrawal permits to purveyors
- Water supply planning & drought management
- Compute loadings to develop water quality standards and TMDL's
- Study trends
- Boaters and fishermen use data to plan activities

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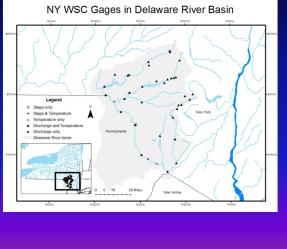
How in streamflow computed?

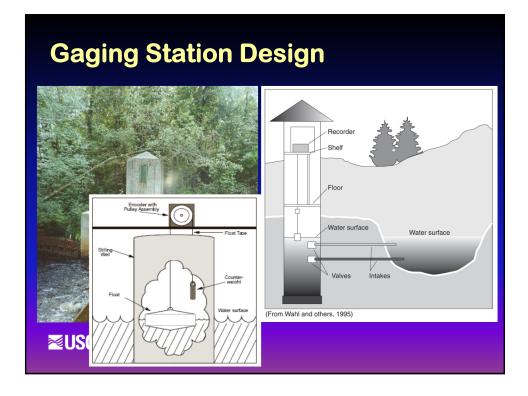
- Measure water depth in gage pool (Stage)
- Measure streamflow at various water levels
- Develop stage discharge relationship (Rating)
- Record and transmit stage data to office and apply rating to compute discharge



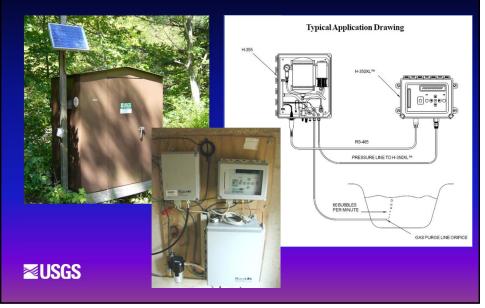
- 26 Discharge streamgages
- 8 Discharge and Water Temp.
- 2 Water Temp only
- 1 Stage only
- 1 Stage and Water Temp.

Total of 38 USGS gages



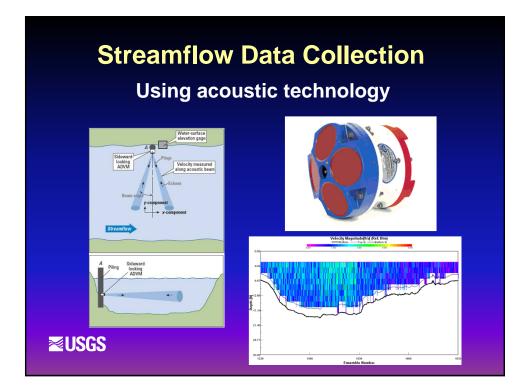


New Gaging Station Design









Satellite Telemetry

- <u>Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite</u> (GOES)
 - Operated by NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration)

DOMSAT

GOES

- Reliable
- Automatic switchover during primary failure
- Timed transmissions every hour
- Random transmissions when thresholds are exceeded
 - Stream reaches exceeds flood stage
- Data transmitted to computer base stations and USGS archival database

≊USGS

ny.water.usgs.gov ≊USGS DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2008 TO SEPTEMBER 2007 DAILY MEAN VALUES Upper D Feb Mar Apr 672 740 630 587 599 780 822 704 605 547 757 1,260 869 808 758
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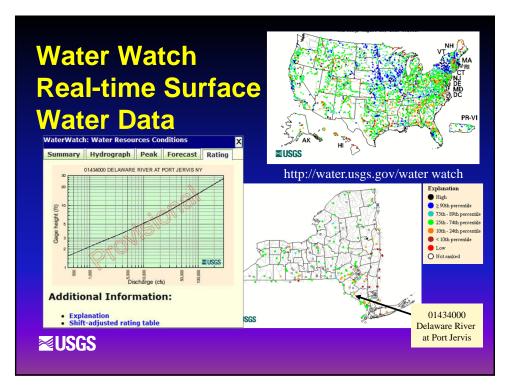
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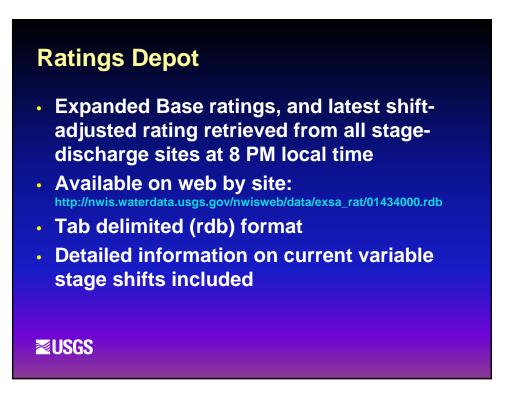
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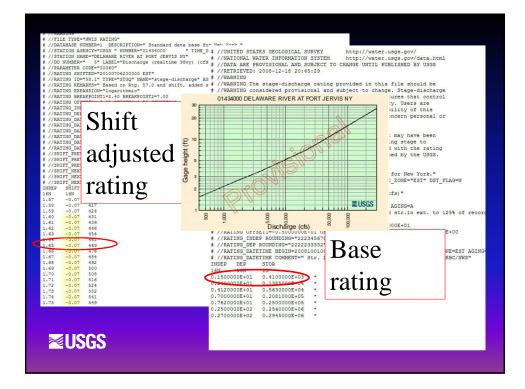
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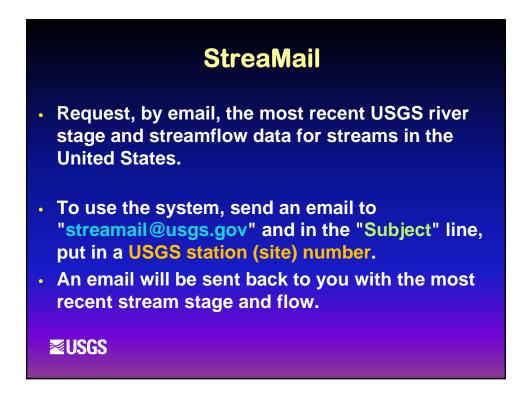
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Example of StreaMail Response

• U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) StreaMail:

- The latest river stage and streamflow values you requested from StreaMail. Site: 01434000 Station name: Delaware River at Port Jervis, NY Date: 09/23/2010
- Time: 08:45:00
- Stage: 2.67 feet
- Streamflow: 1710 cubic feet per second (cfs)
- Link to charts for 01434000:
- Stage:

http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/wwapps/zchart.php?i=nwis2&vt=uv&cd=00065&site_no=01434 000

Streamflow:

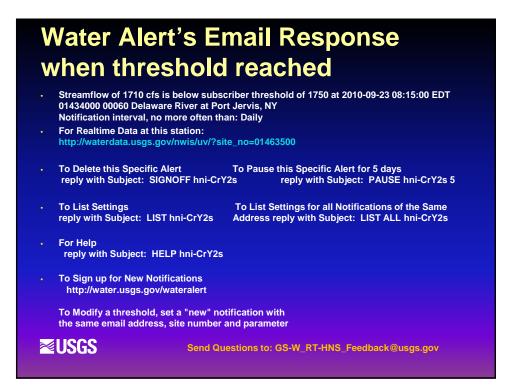
http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/wwapps/zchart.php?i=nwis2&vt=uv&cd=00060&site_no=01463 500

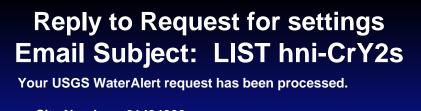
- The U.S. Geological Survey's (USGS) StreaMail system allows you to request, by email, the most recent USGS river stage and streamflow data for streams in the United States. To use the system, send an email to "streamail@usgs.gov" and in the "Subject" line, put in a USGS station (site) number. An email will be sent back to you with the most recent stream stage and flow.
- If you need help, contact Howard Perlman (hperlman@usgs.gov)

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Water Alert

- Threshold notification system
- User selects station & desired notification settings; i.e. data type, threshold condition, and frequency
- Interactive map with search options
- Subscription form and Confirmation
- Text message or email sent to subscriber
- http://water.usgs.gov/wateralert/

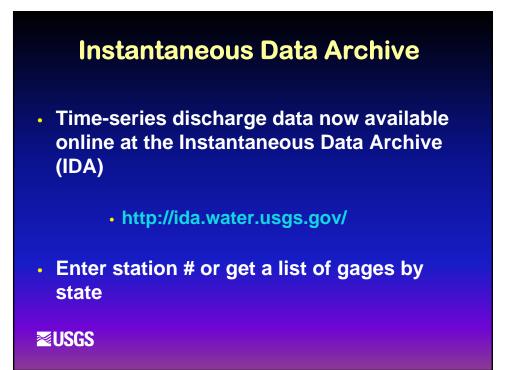




Site Number: 01434000 Station Name: Delaware River at Port Jervis, NY Parameter Code: 00065 Parameter Name: Gage height Agency Code: USGS Notify when value exceeds subscriber threshold of 20.00 ft Notification interval, no more often than: Daily Address: tsuro@usgs.gov Message type (e=email, t=text msg): e Notification id: hni-Q6Lhb For Help: http://water.usgs.gov/hns?hni-Q6Lhb:01434000

National Water Information System (NWIS WEB)

- Much of the hydrologic data collected by the USGS is available through the NWIS Web interface
- Surface water Water flow and levels in streams, lakes, and springs ,
- Ground water Water levels in wells
- Water quality data Chemical and physical data for streams, lakes, springs, and wells
- http://waterdata.usgs.gov



Preparing for the future...

Flood hardening streamgages Extending Ratings Increased data transmit interval Documented high-water-marks Flood inundation mapping





Flood Hardened Gages

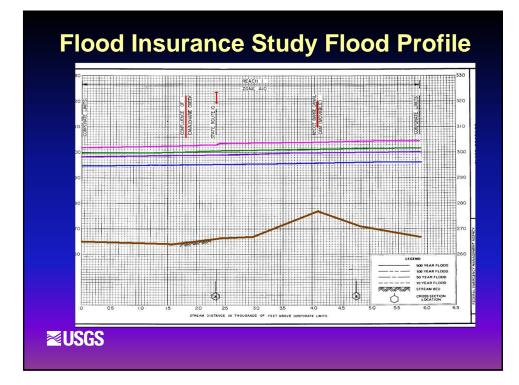
01428500 Delaware River abv. Lackawaxen River near Barryville, NY

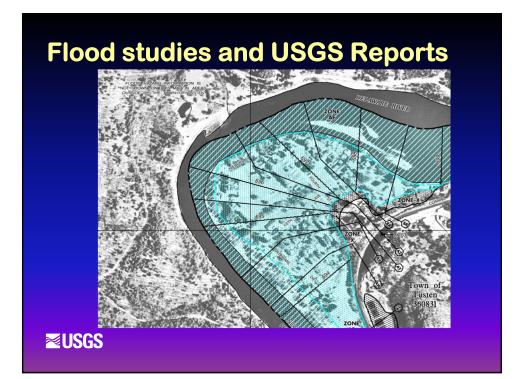


Major Flooding in New York

- USGS documented high-water-marks (HWMs) at hundreds of study sites.
- HWMs are used to evaluate current flood insurance studies and calibrate future studies.
- HWMs are used to verify areas of suspected inundation.
- HWMs are used to calculate peak discharges at ungaged sites to improve infrastructure design and FEMA FIS.
- Reports available online as a reference for designers, planners and the local community.







Floods are the most costly natural disaster, in terms of lives lost and property damaged

Since 1903 almost 9,000 flood-related deaths in the U.S. Average about 100 deaths a year



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In A Perfect World...

- In a perfect world the public would use flood-warning information to take appropriate actions to prevent loss of life and property.
- The fact is people often do not respond to warnings and weather information.
- Inundation maps have been shown to effect public response –

"The forecast map showed our house under water" "I could see I would need to close Main Street near the river."

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Central U.S. Flooding Assessment Team

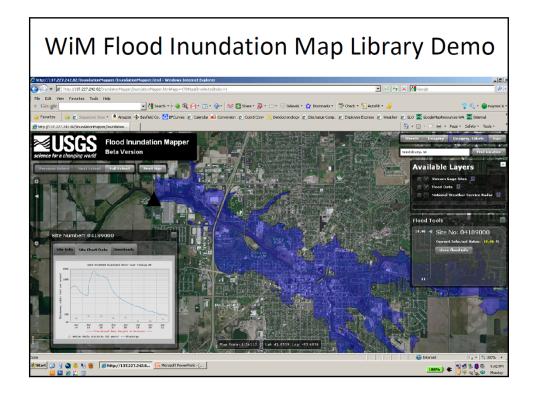
- Team comprised of NWS, USACE, & USGS.
- Report contains a number of recommendations to improve customer service & interagency cooperation.





U.S. DEPARIMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Vational Weather Service Silver Spring, Maryland





Short term would include:

- Ability to print paper copies of maps at selected water stages;
- Interactive web-based map viewer with ability to pinpoint depth of water at your house, access road, hospital, etc.;
- Link to AHPS site to show forecast;
- Link from AHPS to show maps; and
- Report describing methods & results. **≥USGS**

USGS Water Data

Collection, Application and Delivery

USGS is the Nations Science Agency

Remember... want water data ? Think USGS... put it together and get

water.usgs.gov

in New York → ny.water.usgs.gov **ZUSGS**

Contact Information

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