DOCKET NO. D-2014-006 CP-1

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

Discharge to a Tributary of Special Protection Waters

Lehighton Water Authority Water Filtration Plant Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania

PROCEEDINGS

This docket is issued in response to an Application submitted to the Delaware River Basin Commission (DRBC or Commission) by the Lehighton Water Authority (docket holder) on December 2, 2013 (Application), for review of an existing water filtration plant (WFP) and its related water filter backwash discharge. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. PA0062936 for the project discharge was issued by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) on October 21, 2013.

The Application was reviewed for addition of the project in the Comprehensive Plan and approval under Section 3.8 of the *Delaware River Basin Compact (Compact)*. The Carbon County Office of Planning and Development has been notified of pending action. A public hearing on this project was held by the DRBC on March 10, 2015.

A. DESCRIPTION

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this docket is to approve the docket holder's existing Lehighton Water Authority WFP and its related discharge. The WFP treats up to 1.6 million gallon per day (mgd) for public water supply and discharges up to 0.023 mgd of process water and filter rinse backwash. There are no modifications to the WFP proposed.
- **Location**. The docket holder's WFP is located on Maury Road just north of its intersections with Long Run Road in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania. The WFP will continue to discharge to Long Run, which is tributary to the Lehigh River, at River Mile 183.7 44.0–2.0 (Delaware River Lehigh River Long Run), and is located in the drainage area to the section of the non-tidal Delaware River known as the Lower Delaware, which is classified as Special Protection Water (SPW).

The project outfall is located in the Lehigh River Watershed as follows:

OUTFALL NO.	LATITUDE (N)	LONGITUDE (W)
001	40 ° 52' 04"	75 ° 40' 50"

3. <u>Area Served</u>. The docket holder's WFP will continue to serve the Boroughs of Lehighton and Weissport, and portions of the Townships of Franklin and Mahoning, all in Carbon County, Pennsylvania.

For the purpose of defining the Area Served, Section B (Type of Discharge) and D (Service Area) of the docket holder's Application are incorporated herein by reference, to the extent consistent with all other conditions contained in the DECISION Section of this docket.

4. **Physical features**.

- **a.** <u>Design criteria</u>. The docket holder's WFP will continue to treat up to 1.6 mgd of water for public water supply and discharge up to 0.023 mgd of process water and filter rinse backwash. The backwash and process water is treated via clarification.
- **b.** <u>Facilities</u>. The WFP utilizes three (3) adsorption clarifiers, three granular media filters, and chlorine contact disinfection to treat water for public water supply. Filter rinse backwash is directed to two (2) sedimentation basins for clarification. The majority of the time, supernatant is sent back to the head of the WFP. During periods of increased production, supernatant is discharged to Long Run. Settled sludge in the sedimentation basins is periodically removed for disposal off-site.

The docket holder's wastewater treatment facility discharges to waters classified as SPW and is required to have available emergency power. The existing WFP has a diesel generator installed capable of providing emergency power. (SPW)

The docket holder's wastewater treatment facility is not staffed 24 hours per day, and shall have a remote alarm system that continuously monitors plant operations in accordance with the Commission's SPW requirements. The existing WFP has a process alarms installed that continuously monitor plant operations. (SPW)

The docket holder's has not prepared and implemented an emergency management plan (EMP) for the existing wastewater treatment facility in accordance with Commission SPW requirements. The docket holder is required as part of this docket approval to prepare and implement an EMP within 6 months of approval of this docket (See DECISION Condition II.m.). (SPW)

The docket holder's existing wastewater treatment facility does not discharge to Outstanding Basin Waters (OBW), and is not required to have a nonvisible discharge plume in accordance with the Commission's SPW requirements. (SPW)

The docket holder's existing wastewater treatment facility is not a direct discharger to OBW or Significant Resource Waters (SRW) and is not required to provide "Best Demonstrable Technology" (BDT) as a minimum level of treatment in accordance with the Commission's SPW requirements. (SPW)

The project facilities are not located in the 100-year floodplain.

Waste sludge will continue to be hauled off-site by a licensed hauler for disposal at a state-approved facility.

- **c.** <u>Water withdrawals</u>. The Lehighton WFP withdraws water for public drinking supply from two (2) groundwater wells, a surface water intake on the Long Run Reservoir, and a surface water intake on the Pine Run Reservoir. The WFP also has the ability to withdraw water from an emergency surface water intake on the Lehigh River. The water withdrawals are described in detail in DRBC Docket No. D-1989-093 CP-1, which was approved on December 9, 1992.
- **d.** <u>NPDES Permit / DRBC Docket</u>. PADEP issued NPDES Permit No. PA0062936 for the project discharge on October 21, 2013, which includes effluent limits for the project discharge to surface waters classified as cold water fishery (CWF). The following average monthly effluent limits and monitoring requirements, based on a flow of 0.023 mgd, are for DRBC parameters listed in the NPDES permit that meet or are more stringent than the effluent requirements of the DRBC.

EFFLUENT TABLE A-1: DRBC Parameters Included in NPDES permit

OUTFALL 001 (Long Run)			
PARAMETER	LIMIT	MONITORING	
pH (Standard Units)	6 to 9 at all times	As required by NPDES permit	
Total Suspended Solids	30 mg/l	As required by NPDES permit	

EFFLUENT TABLE A-2: DRBC Parameters Not Included in NPDES permit

OUTFALL 001 (Long Run)			
PARAMETER	LIMIT	MONITORING	
Total Dissolved Solids*	Monitor & Report	Quarterly	

^{*} See Condition II.g. in DECISION section

e. Relationship to the Comprehensive Plan. The docket holder's WFP and its discharge are added to the Comprehensive Plan via this docket (D-2014-006 CP-1).

B. FINDINGS

This docket renews the approval of the docket holder's existing WFP and its discharge of 0.023 mgd of process water and filter rinse backwash. The WFP is designed to treat up to 1.6 mgd of water for public water supply. There are no modifications to the WFP proposed.

In 1992, the DRBC adopted SPW requirements, as part of the DRBC Water Quality Regulations (WQR), designed to protect existing high water quality in applicable areas of the Delaware River Basin. One hundred twenty miles of the Delaware River from Hancock, New York downstream to the Delaware Water Gap has been classified by the DRBC as SPW. This stretch includes the sections of the river federally designated as "Wild and Scenic" in 1978 -- the Upper Delaware Scenic and Recreational River and the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area -- as well as an eight-mile reach between Milrift and Milford, Pennsylvania

which is not federally designated. The SPW regulations apply to this 120-mile stretch of the river and its drainage area. (Upper/Middle SPW)

On July 16, 2008, the DRBC approved amendments to its Water Quality Regulations (WQR) that provide increased protection for waters that the Commission classifies as SPW. The portion of the Delaware River and its tributaries within the boundary of the Lower Delaware River Management Plan Area was approved for SPW designation. (Lower SPW)

According to the United States Geological Survey (USGS) Streamstats program, Long Run at the docket holder's WWTP discharge has an estimated seven-day low flow with a recurrence interval of ten years (Q_{7-10}) of less than 0.1 cubic feet per second (cfs) and therefore is classified by the Commission as an intermittent stream.

The nearest downstream surface water intake of record for public water supply is located on the Lehigh River approximately 29 miles downstream of the project discharge, and is owned and operated by the City of Allentown.

The project does not conflict with the Comprehensive Plan and is designed to prevent substantial adverse impact on the water resources related environment, while sustaining the current and future water uses and development of the water resources of the Basin.

The limits in the NPDES Permit are in compliance with Commission effluent quality requirements, where applicable.

The project is designed to produce a discharge meeting the effluent requirements as set forth in the Commission's WQR.

C. DECISION

- I. Effective on the approval date for Docket No. D-2014-006 CP-1 below, the project and the appurtenant facilities described in Section A "Physical Features" of this docket shall be added to the Comprehensive Plan.
- II. The project and appurtenant facilities as described in Section A "Physical Features" of this docket are approved pursuant to Section 3.8 of the *Compact*, subject to the following conditions:
- a. Docket approval is subject to all conditions, requirements, and limitations imposed by the PADEP in its NPDES permit, and such conditions, requirements, and limitations are incorporated herein, unless they are less stringent than the Commission's.
- b. The facility and operational records shall be available at all times for inspection by the DRBC.
- c. The facility shall be operated at all times to comply with the requirements of the Commission's *WQR* and *FPR*.

- d. The docket holder shall comply with the requirements contained in the EFFLUENT TABLES in Section A.4.d. of this docket. The docket holder shall submit the required monitoring results <u>electronically</u> to the DRBC Project Review Section via email <u>aemr@drbc.state.nj.us</u> on the **Annual Effluent Monitoring Report Form** located at this web address: http://www.state.nj.us/drbc/programs/project/application/index.html. The monitoring results shall be submitted annually, absent any observed limit violations, by January 31. If a DRBC effluent limit is violated, the docket holder shall submit the result(s) to the DRBC within 30 days of the violation(s) and provide a written explanation that states the action(s) the docket holder has taken to correct the violation(s) and protect against any future violations.
- e. Except as otherwise authorized by this docket, if the docket holder seeks relief from any limitation based upon a DRBC water quality standard or minimum treatment requirement, the docket holder shall apply for approval from the Executive Director or for a docket revision in accordance with Section 3.8 of the *Compact* and the *Rules of Practice and Procedure*.
- f. If at any time the receiving treatment plant proves unable to produce an effluent that is consistent with the requirements of this docket approval, no further connections shall be permitted until the deficiency is remedied.
- g. Nothing herein shall be construed to exempt the docket holder from obtaining all necessary permits and/or approvals from other State, Federal or local government agencies having jurisdiction over this project.
- h. The docket holder is permitted to treat and discharge wastewaters as set forth in the Area Served Section of this docket, which incorporates by reference Sections B (Type of Discharge) and D (Service Area) of the docket holder's Application to the extent consistent with all other conditions of this DECISION Section.
- i. The docket holder shall make wastewater discharge in such a manner as to avoid injury or damage to fish, wildlife, and/or other aquatic life and shall avoid any injury to public or private property.
- j. No sewer service connections shall be made to newly constructed premises with plumbing fixtures and fittings that do not comply with water conservation performance standards contained in Resolution No. 88-2 (Revision 2).
- k. Nothing in this docket approval shall be construed as limiting the authority of DRBC to adopt and apply charges or other fees to this discharge or project.
- 1. The issuance of this docket approval shall not create any private or proprietary rights in the waters of the Basin, and the Commission reserves the right to amend, suspend or rescind the docket for cause, in order to ensure proper control, use and management of the water resources of the Basin.
- m. The docket holder shall prepare and submit an emergency management plan (EMP) within six (6) months of docket approval (by September 11, 2015).

- n. Unless an extension is requested and approved by the Commission in advance, in accordance with paragraph 11 of the Commission's Project Review Fee schedule (Resolution No. 2009-2), the docket holder is responsible for timely submittal of a docket renewal application on the appropriate DRBC application form at least 12 months in advance of the docket expiration date set forth below. The docket holder will be subject to late charges in the event of untimely submittal of its renewal application, whether or not DRBC issues a reminder notice in advance of the deadline or the docket holder receives such notice. In the event that a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted and the DRBC is unable, through no fault of the docket holder, to reissue the docket before the expiration date below (or the later date established by an extension that has been timely requested and approved), the terms and conditions of the current docket will remain fully effective and enforceable against the docket holder pending the grant or denial of the application for docket approval.
- o. The Executive Director may modify or suspend this approval or any condition thereof, or require mitigating measures pending additional review, if in the Executive Director's judgment such modification or suspension is required to protect the water resources of the Basin.
- p. Any person who objects to a docket decision by the Commission may request a hearing in accordance with Article 6 of the Rules of Practice and Procedure. In accordance with Section 15.1(p) of the Delaware River Basin Compact, cases and controversies arising under the Compact are reviewable in the United States district courts.
- q. The docket holder may request of the Executive Director in writing the substitution of specific conductance for TDS. The request should include information that supports the effluent specific correlation between TDS and specific conductance. Upon review, the Executive Director may modify the docket to allow the substitution of specific conductance for TDS monitoring.
- r. The docket holder is prohibited from treating/pre-treating any hydraulic fracturing wastewater from sources in or out of the Basin at this time. Should the docket holder wish to treat/pre-treat hydraulic fracturing wastewater in the future, the docket holder will need to first apply to the Commission to renew this docket and be issued a revised docket allowing such treatment and an expanded service area. Failure to obtain this approval prior to treatment/pre-treatment will result in action by the Commission.

BY THE COMMISSION

DATE APPROVED: March 11, 2015

EXPIRATION DATE: October 31, 2018