

Content Area	World Languages: All students will be able to use a world language in addition to English to engage in meaningful conversation, to understand and interpret spoken and written language, and to present information, concepts, and ideas, while also gaining an understanding of the perspectives of other cultures. Through language study, they will make connections with other content areas, compare the language and culture studied with their own, and participate in home and global communities.		
Strand	Interpretive Mode		
Proficiency Level and Grade Level Performance Benchmark	Content Statement	Indicator #	Indicator
Novice-Mid Grades 3-4 for all elementary students; grades 7-8 for students who switch languages in middle school; grade 9 for students who switch languages in high school	Linguistic: The Novice-Mid language learner understands and communicates at the word level and can independently identify and recognize memorized words and phrases that bring meaning to text. Cultural: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Personal identity is developed through experiences that occur within one’s family, one’s community, and the culture at large. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: self, friends, family, pets, physical/personality descriptions, school, likes/dislikes, and pastimes.) ➤ Observing and participating in culturally authentic activities contribute to familiarization with cultural products and practices. (Topics and activities that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: authentic celebrations, songs, and dances.) ➤ Healthy eating habits and fitness practices may vary across cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: foods, shopping, eating at home or in restaurants, and wellness practices.) 	7.1.NM.A.1	Recognize familiar spoken or written words and phrases contained in culturally authentic materials using electronic information and other sources related to targeted themes.
		7.1.NM.A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of simple, oral and written directions, commands, and requests through appropriate physical response .
		7.1.NM.A.3	Recognize a few common gestures and cultural practices associated with the target culture(s).
		7.1.NM.A.4	Identify familiar people, places, and objects based on simple oral and/or written descriptions.
		7.1.NM.A.5	Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages using age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials on familiar topics.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Many products and practices related to home and community are shared across cultures; others are culture-specific. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: home life, places in the community, activities within the community, and travel.) ➤ What is perceived as “basic needs” varies among and within cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: safety, food, shelter, and purchase and sale of goods such as toys, games, travel, and luxury items.) ➤ Maps, graphs, and other graphic organizers facilitate understanding of information on a wide range of topics related to the world and global issues. They make complex concepts more accessible to second-language learners who have limited proficiency in the language. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: history, economics, science, and geography.) ➤ Learning about age- and developmentally appropriate content that is of high interest to students and has a direct connection to the cultural contexts of the target language cultivates an awareness of the shared human experience. (Content that assists in the development of this understanding should include, but is not limited to: all content areas and popular culture.) 		
<p>Novice-High</p> <p>Grades 5-6 for all students who continue to study the same language throughout elementary</p>	<p>Linguistic:</p> <p>The Novice-High language learner has progressed from understanding and communicating at the word level to understanding and communicating at the sentence level and can use words, lists, and simple sentences to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Identify the main idea and some supporting details when reading. ➤ Understand the gist and some supporting details of conversations dealing with everyday life. 	<p>7.1.NH.A.1</p> <p>7.1.NH.A.2</p> <p>7.1.NH.A.3</p>	<p>Recognize familiar words and phrases, understand the main idea, and infer the meaning of some highly contextualized, unfamiliar spoken or written words in culturally authentic materials using electronic information and other sources related to targeted themes.</p> <p>Demonstrate comprehension of a series of oral and written directions, commands, and requests through appropriate physical response.</p> <p>Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with target culture(s).</p>

school; grades 8-9 for students who switch language in middle school; grades 10-11 for students who switch languages in high school	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words when used in familiar contexts. 	7.1.NH.A.4	Identify people, places, objects, and activities in daily life based on oral or written descriptions.
	Cultural: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Immigration changes both the community of origin and the new community. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current and past immigration patterns, the impact of immigration on society, and related issues.) 	7.1.NH.A.5	Demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages on familiar topics.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The study of another language and culture deepens understanding of where and how people live and why events occur. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: history, science, economics, and geography.) 	7.1.NH.A.6	Reserved This Indicator has been subsumed by Indicator 1 in this strand. In order to keep numbering consistent with the previous version of the standard for world languages, this Indicator is listed as reserved.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Due to globalization and advances in technology, the products and practices of a culture change over time, and these changes may impact cultural perspectives. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: science, technology, history, social sciences, the visual and performing arts, and world literature.) 	7.1.NH.A.7	Occasionally infer the meaning of a few unfamiliar words in highly contextualized situations.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Human and animal migration are often related to the availability of resources and the ability to adapt to the environment. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: habitats, animals, weather, science, geography, social sciences, and distribution of resources.) ➤ Personal preferences and skills are key factors to consider when making decisions about postsecondary plans. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: personal likes/dislikes, subject-area preferences, academic record, and career awareness, exploration and preparation.) 	7.1.NH.A.8	Identify some unique linguistic elements in English and the target language.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The amount of leisure time available and how it is spent varies among cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: likes/dislikes, pastimes schedules, and travel.) ➤ Wellness practices may vary across cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: sports and physical fitness activities and common health conditions/problems and remedies.) ➤ Online newspapers, magazines, blogs, wikis, podcasts, videos, and government websites provide current information on perspectives of the target culture on local, national, and global problems/issues. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current events and contemporary and emerging global issues, problems, and challenges [e.g., population growth and migration; environmental degradation and protection; discrimination and other conflicts; and the allocation of scarce resources].) ➤ Current trends and issues influence popular culture. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: fashion, style, popular music, art, and pastimes.) 		
<p>Intermediate-Low</p> <p>Grades 8-9 for all students who continue to study the same language throughout elementary school; grades</p>	<p>Linguistic:</p> <p>The Intermediate-Low language learner understands and communicates at the sentence level and can use simple sentences independently to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Identify the main idea and some supporting details when reading. ➤ Understand the gist and some supporting details of conversations dealing with everyday life. ➤ Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words when used in familiar contexts. 	7.1.IL.A.1	Identify the main idea and most supporting details contained in culturally authentic materials using electronic information and other sources related to targeted themes.
		7.1.IL.A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of oral and written instructions connected to daily activities through appropriate responses.
		7.1.IL.A.3	Compare and contrast the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette (i.e., the use of gestures, intonation, and cultural practices) in the target culture(s) and in one’s own culture.
		7.1.IL.A.4	Use the target language to describe people, places, objects, and daily activities learned about through oral or written descriptions.
		7.1.IL.A.5	Demonstrate comprehension of conversations and written

9-10 for students who switch language in middle school; grades 11-12 for students who switch languages in high school	Cultural: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Immigration changes both the community of origin and the new community. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current and past immigration patterns, the impact of immigration on society, and related issues.) ➤ The study of another language and culture deepens understanding of where and how people live and why events occur. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: history, science, economics, and geography.) ➤ Due to globalization and advances in technology, the products and practices of a culture change over time, and these changes may impact cultural perspectives. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: science, technology, history, social sciences, the visual and performing arts, and world literature.) ➤ Human and animal migration are often related to the availability of resources and the ability to adapt to the environment. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: habitats, animals, weather, science, geography, social sciences, and distribution of resources.) ➤ Personal preferences and skills are key factors to consider when making decisions about postsecondary plans. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: personal likes/dislikes, subject-area preferences, academic record, and career awareness, exploration and preparation.) ➤ The amount of leisure time available and how it is spent varies among cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but 		information on a variety of topics.
		7.1.IL.A.6	Reserved This Indicator has been subsumed by Indicator 1 in this strand. In order to keep numbering consistent with the previous version of the standard for world languages, this Indicator is listed as reserved.
		7.1.IL.A.7	Infer the meaning of a few unfamiliar words in some new contexts.
	7.1.IL.A.8	Compare and contrast unique linguistic elements in English and the target language.	

	<p>are not limited to: likes/dislikes, pastimes schedules, and travel.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Wellness practices may vary across cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: sports and physical fitness activities and common health conditions/problems and remedies.) ➤ Online newspapers, magazines, blogs, wikis, podcasts, videos, and government websites provide current information on perspectives of the target culture on local, national, and global problems/issues. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current events and contemporary and emerging global issues, problems, and challenges [e.g., population growth and migration; environmental degradation and protection; discrimination and other conflicts; and the allocation of scarce resources].) ➤ Current trends and issues influence popular culture. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: fashion, style, popular music, art, and pastimes.) 		
<p>Intermediate-Mid</p> <p>Grades 10-11 for all students who continue to study the same language throughout elementary school; grades 11-12 for students who</p>	<p>Linguistic:</p> <p>The Intermediate-Mid language learner understands and communicates at the sentence level and can use strings of sentences independently to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Identify the main idea and some supporting details when reading. ➤ Understand the gist and some supporting details of conversations dealing with everyday life. ➤ Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words when used in familiar contexts. <p>Cultural:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Immigration changes both the community of origin and the new community. (Topics that assist in the 	<p>7.1.IM.A.1</p> <p>7.1.IM.A.2</p> <p>7.1.IM.A.3</p> <p>7.1.IM.A.4</p> <p>7.1.IM.A.5</p>	<p>Compare and contrast information (e.g. the main idea, theme, main characters, and setting) in texts from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials found in electronic information and other sources related to targeted themes.</p> <p>Demonstrate comprehension of oral and written instructions connected to daily activities and to some unfamiliar situations through appropriate responses.</p> <p>Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette (i.e., gestures, intonation, and cultural practices) in the target culture(s) to determine the meaning of a message.</p> <p>Use target language to paraphrase what is heard or read in oral or written descriptions of people, places, objects, and daily activities.</p> <p>Comprehend conversations and written information on a variety of familiar and some unfamiliar topics.</p>

switch language in middle school; grade 12 for students who switch languages in high school	<p>development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current and past immigration patterns, the impact of immigration on society, and related issues.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The study of another language and culture deepens understanding of where and how people live and why events occur. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: history, science, economics, and geography.) ➤ Due to globalization and advances in technology, the products and practices of a culture change over time, and these changes may impact cultural perspectives. (Content areas that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: science, technology, history, social sciences, the visual and performing arts, and world literature.) ➤ Human and animal migration are often related to the availability of resources and the ability to adapt to the environment. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: habitats, animals, weather, science, geography, social sciences, and distribution of resources.) ➤ Personal preferences and skills are key factors to consider when making decisions about postsecondary plans. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: personal likes/dislikes, subject-area preferences, academic record, and career awareness, exploration and preparation.) ➤ The amount of leisure time available and how it is spent varies among cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: likes/dislikes, pastimes schedules, and travel.) 	7.1.IM.A.6	<p>Reserved</p> <p>This Indicator has been subsumed by Indicator 1 in this strand. In order to keep numbering consistent with the previous version of the standard for world languages, this Indicator is listed as reserved.</p>
		7.1.IM.A.7	Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words in some new contexts.
		7.1.IM.A.8	Use knowledge of structures of the target language to deduce meaning of new and unfamiliar structures.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Wellness practices may vary across cultures. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: sports and physical fitness activities and common health conditions/problems and remedies.) ➤ Online newspapers, magazines, blogs, wikis, podcasts, videos, and government websites provide current information on perspectives of the target culture on local, national, and global problems/issues. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current events and contemporary and emerging global issues, problems, and challenges [e.g., population growth and migration; environmental degradation and protection; discrimination and other conflicts; and the allocation of scarce resources].) ➤ Current trends and issues influence popular culture. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: fashion, style, popular music, art, and pastimes.) 		
<p>Intermediate-High</p> <p>Grade 12 for all students who continue to study the same language throughout elementary school</p>	<p>Linguistic:</p> <p>The Intermediate-High language learner has progressed from understanding and communicating at the sentence level to understanding and communicating at the paragraph level and can use connected sentences and paragraphs independently to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Analyze written and oral text. ➤ Synthesize written and oral text. ➤ Identify most supporting details in written and oral text. ➤ Infer meaning of unfamiliar words in new contexts. ➤ Infer and interpret author’s intent. ➤ Identify some cultural perspectives. ➤ Identify the organizing principle in written and oral text. <p>Cultural:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Collecting, sharing, and analyzing data related to global issues, problems, and challenges lead to an 	7.1.IH.A.1	Analyze and critique information contained in culturally authentic materials using electronic information and other sources related to a variety of familiar and some unfamiliar topics.
		7.1.IH.A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of spoken and written language as expressed by speakers of the target language in formal and informal settings, through appropriate responses.
		7.1.IH.A.3	Compare and contrast the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette to perform a variety of functions (such as persuading, negotiating, or offering advice) in the target culture(s) and in one’s own culture.
		7.1.IH.A.4	Analyze historical and political contexts that connect or have connected famous people, places, and events from the target culture(s) with the United States.
		7.1.IH.A.5	Synthesize information from oral and written discourse dealing with a variety of topics.
		7.1.IH.A.6	Reserved This Indicator has been subsumed by Indicator 1 in this strand.

	<p>understanding of the role cultural perspectives play in how these issues are perceived and how they are addressed. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current events and contemporary and emerging global issues, problems, and challenges [e.g., population growth and migration; environmental degradation and protection; discrimination and other conflicts; and the allocation of scarce resources].)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Being able to view one’s own culture through the lens of others assists in understanding global issues. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: freedom of speech and other civil, international, and human rights, as they relate to a variety of issues.) ➤ Observing and/or participating in the four art forms, across and within cultures, lead to an understanding of the shared human experience. (Topics/activities that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: aesthetics and the creation and performance of dance, music, theater, and visual arts.) ➤ Citizens who can communicate in more than one language have unprecedented career opportunities, marketability, and earning potential. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: career awareness, exploration, and preparation and business, financial, economic, and entrepreneurial literacy.) ➤ Modifying a Personalized Student Learning Plan requires an understanding of one’s own skill set and preferences, knowing one’s proficiency level in a second language, and developing transfer skills to prepare for careers. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: career awareness, exploration, and preparation and business, financial, 		In order to keep numbering consistent with the previous version of the standard for world languages, this Indicator is listed as reserved.
		7.1.IH.A.7	Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words and phrases in new formal and informal contexts.
		7.1.IH.A.8	Analyze structures of the target language and comparable linguistic structures in English.

	<p>economic, and entrepreneurial literacy.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Examination of the roles of race, ethnicity, gender, and religion through world history and across cultures assists in understanding the current sociopolitical landscape. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: history, social sciences, and world literatures.) 		
<p>Advanced-Low</p> <p>Grade 12 for heritage students who continue to study their heritage language throughout K-12 and for some students who have study abroad opportunities</p>	<p>Linguistic:</p> <p>The Advanced-Low language learner understands and communicates at the paragraph level and can use paragraph-level discourse independently to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Analyze written and oral text. ➤ Synthesize written and oral text. ➤ Identify most supporting details in written and oral text. ➤ Infer meaning of unfamiliar words in new contexts. ➤ Infer and interpret author’s intent. ➤ Identify some cultural perspectives. ➤ Identify the organizing principle in written and oral text. <p>Cultural:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Collecting, sharing, and analyzing data related to global issues, problems, and challenges lead to an understanding of the role cultural perspectives play in how these issues are perceived and how they are addressed. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: current events and contemporary and emerging global issues, problems, and challenges [e.g., population growth and migration; environmental degradation and protection; discrimination and other conflicts; and the allocation of scarce resources].) ➤ Being able to view one’s own culture through the lens of others assists in understanding global issues. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: freedom of speech and other civil, international, and human rights, as they relate to a variety of issues.) 	<p>7.1.AL.A.1</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.2</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.3</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.4</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.5</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.6</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.7</p> <p>7.1.AL.A.8</p>	<p>Analyze and critique the validity of culturally authentic materials using electronic information and other sources related to targeted themes.</p> <p>Demonstrate comprehension of spoken and written language and nuances of culture, as expressed by speakers of the target language, in informal and some formal settings.</p> <p>Analyze the use of verbal and non-verbal etiquette in the target culture(s) and in one’s own culture to develop an understanding of how cultural perspectives are reflected in cultural products and cultural practices.</p> <p>Evaluate, from multiple cultural perspectives, the historical, political, and present-day contexts that connect or have connected famous people, places, and events from the target culture(s) with the United States.</p> <p>Evaluate information from oral and written discourse dealing with a variety of topics.</p> <p>Reserved This Indicator has been subsumed by Indicator 1 in this strand. In order to keep numbering consistent with the previous version of the standard for world languages, this Indicator is listed as reserved.</p> <p>Infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words and phrases in academic and formal contexts.</p> <p>Analyze elements of the target language that do not have a comparable linguistic element in English.</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Observing and/or participating in the four art forms, across and within cultures, lead to an understanding of the shared human experience. (Topics/activities that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: aesthetics and the creation and performance of dance, music, theater, and visual arts.) ➤ Citizens who can communicate in more than one language have unprecedented career opportunities, marketability, and earning potential. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: career awareness, exploration, and preparation and business, financial, economic, and entrepreneurial literacy.) ➤ Modifying a Personalized Student Learning Plan requires an understanding of one’s own skill set and preferences, knowing one’s proficiency level in a second language, and developing transfer skills to prepare for careers. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: career awareness, exploration, and preparation and business, financial, economic, and entrepreneurial literacy.) ➤ Examination of the roles of race, ethnicity, gender, and religion through world history and across cultures assists in understanding the current sociopolitical landscape. (Topics that assist in the development of this understanding should include, but are not limited to: history, social sciences, and world literatures.) 		
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Links:

Advanced-Low Level Learners: Students communicate using paragraph-level discourse to handle complicated situations on a wide-range of topics

Career Clusters: Postsecondary education and career pathways.

Cultural Content: Content that is reinforced or enhanced through the language studied. It is appropriate for cultural content introduced at earlier proficiency levels to be reintroduced with increasing depth and sophistication at higher levels of proficiency.

Cultural Perspectives: Popular beliefs, commonly held values, folk ideas, shared values, and assumptions widely held by members of a culture.

- ◆ The perspectives of a culture sanction the cultural practices and create a need for the products.
- ◆ The perspectives provide the reason for “why they do it that way” and the explanation for “how can they possibly think that?”
- ◆ Since practices and products not only derive from perspectives, but sometimes interact to change perspectives, this fundamental component of culture must be incorporated to meet the world languages standard.

Cultural Practices: Practices of a culture that include patterns of acceptable behaviors for interacting with members of other cultures. Two examples from the American culture of the practice of expressing congratulations would be slapping a teammate on the back after a winning touchdown, but shaking the presenter’s hand after an excellent speech. The cultural content focuses on practices derived from the perspectives (traditional ideas, attitudes, and values) of the culture studied.

Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives: Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship, between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied.

Cultural Products: Tangible (e.g., paintings, wedding veils, boiled peanuts, a pair of chopsticks) or intangible (e.g., street raps, systems of education, graveside eulogies) products that reflect the perspectives (attitudes, values, and beliefs) of the culture studied.

Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives: Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.

Culturally Authentic Materials: Books, tapes, videos, games, and realia that have been produced for use by native speakers of the target language

Formal and informal: The degree to which a setting requires adherence to specific communication procedures, rules, and decorum (with formal settings being more prescriptive than informal settings).

Four art forms: Dance, music, theatre, and the visual arts.

Geography: Area of study comprised of human geography, which focuses on the human-made environment and how space is created; physical geography, which examines the natural environment and interactions among climate, vegetation, soil, water, landforms, and life; and/or environmental geography, which includes both physical and human geography and also examines the interactions between the environment and humans.

Independently: What the learner can communicate spontaneously without guidance or support.

Intermediate-High Level Learner: Students communicate using connected sentences and paragraphs to handle complicated situations on a wide-range of topics.

Intermediate-Low Level Learner: Students communicate using simple sentences to ask and answer questions, to handle simple transactions related to everyday life, and to talk about subject matter studied in other classes.

Intermediate-Mid Level Learner: Students communicate using strings of sentences to ask and answer questions, to handle simple transactions related to everyday life, and to talk about subject matter studied in other classes.

Interpersonal Mode: The mode of communication in which students engage in direct oral and/or written communication with others (e.g., conversing face-to-face, participating in online discussions or videoconferences, instant messaging and text messaging, exchanging personal letters or e-mail messages). Click [Teaching Foreign Languages K-12 Workshop](#) to view a video on the Interpersonal Mode. Scroll down to video #2.

Interpretive Mode: The mode of communication in which students demonstrate understanding of spoken and written communication within the appropriate cultural context. Examples of “one-way” reading or listening include cultural interpretations of print, video, and online texts, movies, radio and television broadcasts, and speeches. Interpretation beyond the Novice level differs from comprehension because it implies the ability to read or listen “between the lines” and “beyond the lines.” Click [Teaching Foreign Languages K-12 Workshop](#) to view a video on the Interpretive Mode. Scroll down to video #1.

Novice-High Level Learner: Students communicate using words, lists, and simple sentences to ask and answer questions, to handle simple transactions related to everyday life, and to talk about subject matter studied in other classes.

Novice-Mid Level Learner: Students communicate using memorized words and phrases to talk about familiar topics related to school, home, and the community.

Novice Writing Tasks: A form or document in which students supply simple requested information is an appropriate format for Novice students. Some examples of such forms include schedules, driver license applications, passport applications, e-pal applications, surveys, shopping lists, Venn diagrams, and story maps. Using strategies such as brainstorming and picture prompts help to bring learned vocabulary and structures to the working memory table.

Physical response: TPR (Total Physical Response) is an example of an instructional strategy that uses physical response.

Presentational Mode: The mode of communication in which students present, through oral and/or written communications, information, concepts and ideas to an audience of listeners or readers with whom there is no immediate interaction. Examples of this “one-to-many” mode of communication are making a presentation to a group, posting an online video or webpage, creating and posting a podcast or videocast, and writing an article for a newspaper. Click [Teaching Foreign Languages K-12 Workshop](#) to view a video on the Presentational Modes. Scroll down to video #3.

Twenty-first Century Technologies: Technologies for students to interact with people from other cultures and to experience authentic cultural products and practices. The use of technology as an instructional strategy is therefore no longer an option; rather it is an indispensable tool that enables students to develop a growing understanding of cultural perspectives and the inextricable link between language and culture.

- Digital Tools in the context of a world languages class, include applications and software that aid in communication. Some examples include video conferencing, texting, and IMing.

- Electronic Information Sources consist of audio, video, and text available through a virtual format. Some examples include podcasts, videocasts, audio clips, and websites.
- Multimedia Rich Presentations contain a combination of text, audio, still images, video, interactivity and animation.
- Virtual Sharing requires the use of digital tools and may be done through electronic information sources such as a social community/educational site, electronic poster, or webpage.