116-17

J.T., ON BEHALF OF MINOR CHILDREN, J.T., A.T., AND B.T.,	:	
PETITIONER,	:	
V.	:	COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION
	:	DECISION
BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF SOUTH BRUNSWICK, MIDDLESEX COUNTY,	:	
RESPONDENT.	:	
	•	

SYNOPSIS

In November 2016, *pro se* petitioner appealed the determination of the respondent Board that his children are ineligible for a free public education in respondent's school district. Petitioner contended that he resides at an address in Monmouth Junction, which is within the South Brunswick school district. The Board contended that a residency investigation revealed that petitioner and his children actually reside in Franklin Township. The Board filed a motion to dismiss, asserting that the petition was late filed.

The ALJ found, *inter alia*, that: the facts of this matter were set forth in respondent's brief in support of its motion to dismiss and in a certification from the Superintendent of Schools, and the tuition costs for the 2015-2016 school year were contained in a letter from the New Jersey Department of Education dated February 17, 2017; the facts contained therein were adopted as if set forth at length within the Initial Decision. The ALJ concluded, *inter alia*, that: petitioner failed to timely file a residency appeal in accordance with *N.J.S.A.* 18A:38-1(b); respondent's motion to dismiss should be granted as petitioner failed to file a response thereto; and respondent is entitled to tuition for the period of ineligible attendance. Accordingly, the ALJ denied the petitioner's residency appeal and ordered tuition reimbursement at a rate of \$71 per day per child for the period of ineligible attendance.

The Commissioner remanded the matter to the OAL, finding that the ALJ failed to include a factual discussion or make factual findings in this case. As *N.J.A.C.* 1:1-18.3 requires that Initial Decisions include a factual discussion and make factual findings, the Commissioner remanded the matter for inclusion of a factual discussion.

April 20, 2017

This synopsis is not part of the Commissioner's decision. It has been prepared for the convenience of the reader. It has been neither reviewed nor approved by the Commissioner.

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	:	

The record, proposed settlement agreement and release, and Initial Decision issued by the Office of Administrative Law (OAL), pursuant to *N.J.A.C.* 1:1-19.1, have been reviewed – mindful of the Commissioner's January 23, 2017 determination that the prior settlement agreement did not comply with *N.J.A.C.* 6A:3-1.13, as it was neither signed by the Board's attorney, nor contained a copy of the Board's resolution approving the settlement and designating the Board President to sign the agreement on its behalf. Since the settlement agreement now contains a copy of the Board resolution approving the settlement, the Commissioner can approve the within agreement in its present form.

Additionally, the Commissioner notes that the settlement makes reference to a monthly payment intended to begin on August 15, 2016. The parties are reminded that a settlement of litigation before the Commissioner is not binding until the Commissioner approves the proposed terms.

Subject to the foregoing, the Commissioner approves the parties' settlement and adopts the Initial Decision as the final decision in this matter, which is hereby dismissed subject to compliance with the terms of the settlement.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

ACTING COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

Date of Decision: April 20, 2017

Date of Mailing: April 20, 2017



State of New Jersey OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

INITIAL DECISION

OAL DKT. NO. EDU 19075-16 AGENCY REF. NO. 298-11/16

J.T.. ON BEHALF OF MINOR CHILDREN, J.T., A.T.

AND B.T.,

Petitioners,

v.

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF SOUTH BRUNSWICK, MIDLLESEX COUNTY,

Respondent.

J.T., Petitioner, pro se

Adam S. Herman, Esq., for Respondent (Adams, Gutierrez & Lattiboudere, LLC, attorneys)

Record Closed: March 3, 2017

Decided: March 8, 2017

BEFORE THOMAS R. BETANCOURT, ALJ:

STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Petitioner challenges Respondent Board of Education's residency determination.

The matter was transferred to the Office of Administrative Law (OAL), where it was filed on December 20, 2016, as a contested case. <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 52:14B-1 to -15; <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 52:14F-1 to -13.

A prehearing conference was held on January 6, 2017. A prehearing order, dated January 6, 2017, was entered by the undersigned.

Respondent filed a motion to dismiss the petitioner's appeal with the Bureau of Controversies and Disputes on December 16, 2016, prior to the matter being transferred to the OAL, and before a decision on said motion was made. Respondent simultaneously filed its Answer and Cross Petition with the Bureau of Controversies and Disputes.

Pursuant to the prehearing Order entered on January 6, 2017, Petitioner was permitted ten days from the receipt of said motion to respond. No response was submitted.

On February 24, 2017, Respondent filed a certification of Gary McCartney, Superintendent of the South Brunswick Board of Education.

On March 3, 2017, Respondent's counsel provided a letter from the New Jersey Department of Education setting forth Tuition Costs per Pupil for the 2015-2016 school year.

ISSUES

- Did Respondent err in its determination that Petitioner's three children did not reside in South Brunswick and were ineligible to attend school in the South Brunswick School District; and, is petitioners claim time barred?
- 2. Are Respondents entitled to tuition reimbursement?

FACTUAL DISCUSSION

The Preliminary Statement and the Factual Background set forth in Respondent's brief in support of its motion to dismiss are adopted herein as if set forth at length.

The facts set forth in the Certification of Gary McCartney are adopted herein as if set forth at length.

The tuition costs per pupil for the 2015-2016 school year contained in the letter from the New Jersey Department of Education, dated February 17, 2017, are adopted herein as if set forth at length.

LEGAL ANALYSIS AND CONCLUSION

Standard of Review

N.J.A.C. 6A:3-1.5(g) states, "Nothing in this section precludes the filing of a motion to dismiss in lieu of an answer to a petition, provided that such motion is filed within the time allotted for the filing of an answer. Briefing on such motions shall be in the manner and within the time fixed by the Commissioner, or by the ALJ if the motion is to be briefed following transmittal to the OAL."

In ruling on a motion to dismiss:

The judge considers whether all of the evidence together with all legitimate inferences could sustain a judgment in favor of the party opposing the motion. The judge is not concerned with the weight, worth, nature or extent of the evidence. The judge must accept all evidence supporting the party defending against the motion and accord that party the benefit of all inferences that can and legitimately be deducted therefrom...Myles Hart v. New Jersey State Board of Examiners, 2014 WL 3708621 (citing New Jersey Practice, Administrative Law and Practice, §5, 19, at 259-60).

Petitioner did not file a response to Respondent's motion to dismiss.

<u>N.J.S.A.</u> 18A:38-1 provides that public schools shall be free to the following persons over five and under 20 years of age:

a. Any person who is domiciled within the school district;

b. (1) Any person who is kept in the home of another person domiciled within the school district and is supported by such other person gratis as if he were such other person's own child, upon filing by such other person with the secretary of the board of education of the district, if so required by the board, a sworn statement that he is domiciled within the district and is supporting the child gratis and will assume all personal obligations for the child relative to school requirements and that he intends so to keep and support the child gratuitously for a longer time than merely through the school term, and a copy of his lease if a tenant, or a sworn statement by his landlord acknowledging his tenancy if residing as a tenant without a written lease, and upon filing by the child's parent or guardian with the secretary of the board of education a sworn statement that he is not capable of supporting or providing care for the child due to a family or economic hardship and that the child is not residing with the resident of the district solely for the purpose of receiving a free public education within the district. The statement shall be accompanied by documentation to support the validity of the sworn statements, information from or about which shall be supplied only to the board and only to the extent that it directly pertains to the support or nonsupport of the child. If in the judgment of the board of education the evidence does not support the validity of the claim by the resident, the board may deny admission to the child. The resident may contest the board's decision to the commissioner within 21 days of the date of the decision and shall be entitled to an expedited hearing before the commissioner on the validity of the claim and shall have the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is eligible for a free education under the criteria listed in this subsection. The board of education shall, at the time of its decision, notify the resident in writing of his right to contest the board's decision to the commissioner within 21 days. No child shall be denied admission during the pendency of the proceedings before the commissioner. In the event the child is currently enrolled

in the district, the student shall not be removed from school during the 21-day period in which the resident may contest the board's decision nor during the pendency of the proceedings before the commissioner. If in the judgment of the commissioner the evidence does not support the claim of the resident, he shall assess the resident tuition for the student prorated to the time of the student's ineligible attendance in the school district. Tuition shall be computed on the basis of 1/180 of the total annual per pupil cost to the local district multiplied by the number of days of ineligible attendance and shall be collected in the manner in which orders of the commissioner are enforced. Nothing shall preclude a board from collecting tuition from the resident, parent or guardian for a student's period of ineligible attendance in the schools of the district where the issue is not appealed to the commissioner.

In the instant matter, Respondent notified Petitioner of the residency hearing by letter dated October 13, 2016. The residency hearing was held on October 24, 2016. By letter dated October 26, 2016, Petitioner was advised of Respondent's determination that his children were not eligible to attend school in the Respondent School District. Petitioner was advised in said letter of his right to contest Respondent School District's decision within twenty-one days. Petitioner did not file the <u>pro se</u> residency appeal until November 22, 2016. Said appeal was dated November 20, 2016. The twenty-one day period in which to file expired on November 15, 2016.

Right to a Free Public Education

<u>N.J.S.A.</u> 18A:38-1(a) and <u>N.J.A.C.</u> 6A:22-3.1(a) sets forth the right of a student to a free public education, which in pertinent parts states:

Public schools shall be free to the following persons over five and under twenty years of age:

a. Any person who is domiciled within the school district[.]

Consideration in proving residency for purposes of establishing eligibility for school district placement is found at <u>N.J.A.C.</u> 6A:22-3.4(a),

(a) A district board of education shall accept a combination of any of the following or similar forms of documentation from persons attempting to demonstrate a student's eligibility for enrollment in the school district:

1. Property tax bills, deeds, contracts of sale, leases, mortgages, signed letters from landlords and other evidence of property ownership, tenancy or residency;

2. Voter registrations, licenses, permits, financial account information, utility bills, delivery receipts, and other evidence of personal attachment to a particular location;

. . .

3. Court orders; State agency agreements; and other evidence of court or agency placements or directives;

4. Receipts; bills; cancelled checks; insurance claims or payments; and other evidence of expenditures demonstrating personal attachment to a particular location or to support the student;

. . .

6. Affidavits, certifications and sworn attestations pertaining to statutory criteria for school attendance, from the parent, guardian, person keeping an "affidavit student," adult student, person(s) with whom a family is living, or others as appropriate;

. . .

8. Any other business record or document issued by a governmental entity.

(b) A district board of education may accept forms of documentation not listed in (a) above, and shall not exclude from consideration any documentation or information presented by a person seeking to enroll a student.

(c) A district board of education shall consider the totality of information and documentation offered by an applicant, and

shall not deny enrollment based on failure to provide a particular form of documentation, or a particular subset of documents, without regard to other evidence presented.

In S.S. ex rel. A.S. and A.S. v. Bd. of Education of the Township of Marlboro, EDU Monmouth County, 192-12, Initial Decision (August 26, 2013), http://njlaw.rutgers.edu/collections/oal, evidence submitted by an investigator hired by the Marlboro New Jersey School District to determine whether certain minor children who were enrolled in the school district in fact were domiciled therein within the meaning of N.J.A.C. 6A:22-3.1(a) was sufficient to establish that the children in fact were not domiciled in the district during the period in question and, instead, supported a conclusion that the minors resided at their grandmother's home in Edison, New Jersey. Even though their mother had submitted documentation of the type described in N.J.A.C. 6A:22-3.4(a) that supported her claim that the minors were domiciled in Marlboro, the circumstances of the mother's employment, which included late hours, was such that the minors were properly found to be residing with their grandmother. On that basis, the administrative law judge recommended that the Department of Education find the mother liable for tuition for the minors.

In the instant matter, it is clear that neither Petitioner, nor his children, resided within Respondent's school district. (See Certification of Gary McCartney and the investigator's report attached thereto as Exhibit A)

N.J.A.C. 6A:22-6.2 states:

(a) If an appeal to the Commissioner is filed by the parent, guardian, adult student, or school district resident keeping an "affidavit" student and the petitioner does not sustain the burden of demonstrating the student's right to attend the school district, or the petitioner withdraws the appeal, fails to prosecute, or abandons the appeal by any means other than settlement agreeing to waive or reduce tuition, the Commissioner may assess tuition for the period during which the hearing and decision on appeal were pending, and for up to one year of a student's ineligible attendance in a school district prior to the appeal's filing and including the 21-day period to file an appeal.

1. Upon the Commissioner's finding that an appeal has been abandoned, the district board of education may remove the student from school and seek tuition for up to one year of ineligible attendance pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:22-6.1(a) plus the period of ineligible attendance after the appeal was filed. If the record of the appeal includes a calculation reflecting the tuition rate(s) for the year(s) at issue, the per diem tuition rate for the current year and the date on which the student's ineligible attendance began, the Commissioner may order payment of tuition as part of his or her decision. In doing so, the Commissioner shall consider whether the ineligible attendance was due to a school district's error. If the record does not include such a calculation and the district board of education has filed a counterclaim for tuition, the counterclaim shall proceed to a hearing notwithstanding that the petition has been abandoned.

2. An order of the Commissioner assessing tuition is enforceable through recording, upon request of the district board of education pursuant to <u>N.J.A.C.</u> 6A:3-12, on the judgment docket of the Superior Court, Law Division, in accordance with <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 2A:58-10.

Cleary, Petitioner has failed to sustain the burden of proof to demonstrate J.T., A.T. and B.T. have the right to attend the Respondent school, and Respondent is entitled to tuition reimbursement.

N.J.A.C. 6A:22-6.3 states in pertinent part:

a) Tuition assessed pursuant to this section shall be calculated on a per-student basis for the period of a student's ineligible enrollment, up to one year, by applicable grade/program category and consistent with the provisions of <u>N.J.A.C.</u> 6A:23A-17.1. The individual student's record of daily attendance shall not affect the calculation.

Respondent calculates tuition reimbursement for the 2016-2017 school year at \$71 per day. (Certification of Gary McCartney, Exhibit C)

I **CONCLUDE** that petitioner failed to timely file a residency appeal in accordance with <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 18A:38-1(b), and therefore the same is time barred.

I further **CONCLUDE** that petitioner's motion to dismiss should be **GRANTED** as Petitioner failed to file a response thereto, and the facts set forth in Respondent's motion to dismiss are adopted herein.

I further **CONCLUDE** neither Petitioner, nor his children, resided within Respondent's District during the 2016-2017 school year and Respondent is entitled to the relief requested in its Answer and Cross Petition: reimbursement for tuition for the period of ineligible attendance for each child.

I further **CONCLUDE** that Respondent is entitled to an order excluding Petitioner's children from the Respondent school district

<u>ORDER</u>

Based upon the foregoing it is **ORDERED** that Respondent's motion to dismiss Petitioner's residency appeal is granted: and,

It is further **ORDERED** that Petitioner's residency appeal is dismissed with prejudice; and,

It is further **ORDERED** that Petitioner's children, J.T., A.T. and B.T. are not entitled to attend school in the Respondent school district and are excluded therefrom; and,

It is further **ORDERED** that Respondent is entitled to tuition reimbursement from Petitioner in the amount of \$71 per day per child for each day J.T., A.T. and B.T. attended school in the Respondent school district.

I hereby FILE this initial decision with the COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION for consideration.

This recommended decision may be adopted, modified or rejected by the **COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**, who by law is authorized to make a final decision in this matter. If the Commissioner of the Department of Education does not adopt, modify or reject this decision within forty-five days and unless such time limit is otherwise extended, this recommended decision shall become a final decision in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14B-10.

Within thirteen days from the date on which this recommended decision was mailed to the parties, any party may file written exceptions with the **COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, ATTN: BUREAU OF CONTROVERSIES AND DISPUTES, 100 Riverview Plaza, 4th Floor, PO Box 500, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500,** marked "Attention: Exceptions." A copy of any exceptions must be sent to the judge and to the other parties.

March 8, 2017

DATE

Date Received at Agency:

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THOMAS R. BETANCOURT, ALJ

Date Mailed to Parties: db

APPENDIX

List of Moving Papers and Pleadings

For Petitioner:

<u>Pro se</u> Residency Appeal dated November 20, 2016, and filed with the Bureau of Controversies and Disputes on November 22, 2016.

For Respondent:

Notice of Motion to Dismiss dated December 15, 2016, and filed with the Bureau of Controversies and Disputes on December 16, 2016.

Answer and Cross Petition dated December 15, 2016 and filed with the Bureau of Controversies and Disputes on December 16, 2016.

Brief in support of motion to dismiss the residency appeal December 15, 2016 and filed with the Bureau of Controversies and Disputes with Directions for Appealing Local Board's Residency Determination to on December 16, 2016, together with Exhibits A through D.

Certification of Gary McCartney, Superintendent of Respondent school district, with Exhibits A though D.

Letter from the New Jersey Department of Education, dated February 17, 2017, with tuition costs per pupil for the 2015-2016 school year.