

CHRIS CHRISTIE

KIM GUADAGNO

Lt. Governor

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS 101 South Broad Street PO Box 819 Trenton, NJ 08625-0819

CHARLES A. RICHMAN
Commissioner

# FINAL DECISION

# September 29, 2015 Government Records Council Meeting

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr.
Complainant
v.
NJ Motor Vehicle Commission
Custodian of Record

Complaint No. 2014-75

At the September 29, 2015 public meeting, the Government Records Council ("Council") considered the September 22, 2015 Supplemental Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director and all related documentation submitted by the parties. The Council voted unanimously to adopt the entirety of said findings and recommendations. The Council, therefore, finds that:

- 1. The Custodian complied with the Council's Interim Order of July 28, 2015, because he responded in the prescribed time frame by providing the Complainant with the responsive unredacted page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page, via e-mail, the Complainant's preferred method of delivery, and simultaneously provided confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director.
- 2. Although the Custodian unlawfully denied access to the unredacted list of first and last names of all employees at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles and also to page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions," he subsequently complied with the Council's Interim Orders of October 28, 2014, and July 28, 2015. Additionally, the evidence of record does not indicate that the Custodian's violation of OPRA had a positive element of conscious wrongdoing or was intentional and deliberate. Therefore, the Custodian's unlawful denial of access did not rise to the level of a knowing and willful violation of OPRA and unreasonable denial of access under the totality of the circumstances.

This is the final administrative determination in this matter. Any further review should be pursued in the Appellate Division of the Superior Court of New Jersey within forty-five (45) days. Information about the appeals process can be obtained from the Appellate Division Clerk's Office, Hughes Justice Complex, 25 W. Market St., PO Box 006, Trenton, NJ 08625-0006. Proper service of submissions pursuant to any appeal is to be made to the Council in care of the Executive Director at the State of New Jersey Government Records Council, 101 South Broad Street, PO Box 819, Trenton, NJ 08625-0819.



Final Decision Rendered by the Government Records Council On The 29<sup>th</sup> Day of September, 2015

Robin Berg Tabakin, Esq., Chair Government Records Council

I attest the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the Government Records Council.

Steven Ritardi, Esq., Secretary Government Records Council

**Decision Distribution Date: October 5, 2015** 

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY GOVERNMENT RECORDS COUNCIL

# Supplemental Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director September 29, 2015 Council Meeting

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr.<sup>1</sup> Complainant GRC Complaint No. 2014-75

v.

New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>2</sup> Custodial Agency

**Records Relevant to Complaint:** Electronic copies via e-mail of:

- 1. List of all employees at Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicle ("DMV") office.
- 2. The Motor Vehicle Commission ("MVC") policy which permits employees to refuse to give their full name to the public.
- 3. DMV Policy on motor vehicle registration discounts.
- 4. The Procedure for processing registration discounts for Supplemental Security Income ("SSI"), Lifeline and Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged & Disabled ("PAAD") recipients.

**Custodian of Record:** Joseph F. Bruno

Request Received by Custodian: January 31, 2014 Response Made by Custodian: February 11, 2014 GRC Complaint Received: February 12, 2014

# **Background**

#### July 28, 2015 Council Meeting

At its July 28, 2015, public meeting, the Council considered the June 23, 2015, *In Camera* Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director and all related documentation submitted by the parties. The Council voted unanimously to adopt the entirety of said findings and recommendations. The Council, therefore, found that:

1. The Custodian complied with the portion of the Council's October 28, 2014, Interim Order that required disclosure of an unredacted list of first and last names of each employee at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles. The Custodian timely forwarded certified confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director, wherein he stated that he disclosed to the Complainant the responsive record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No legal representation listed on record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represented by Deputy Attorney General Valentina M. DiPippo.

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, 2014-75 – Supplemental Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director

- 2. The Custodian failed to carry his burden that he lawfully denied access to the portion of the Motor Vehicle Commission's employee field manual containing policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline, and PAAD recipients. Accordingly, the Custodian must disclose to the Complainant page 22 of the manual, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page.
- 3. The Custodian shall comply with the Council's Findings of the *In Camera* Examination as set forth set forth within five (5) business days from receipt of this Order and simultaneously provide certified confirmation of compliance, pursuant to N.J. Court Rules, 1969 R. 1:4-4 (2005) to the Executive Director.<sup>3</sup>
- 4. The Council defers analysis of whether the Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order.

#### Procedural History:

On July 29, 2015, the Council distributed its Interim Order to the parties. On August 5, 2015, the Custodian responded by certifying that he provided an unredacted copy of page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page. The Custodian further certified that he responded by e-mail, the Complainant's preferred method of delivery, on August 5, 2015.

### **Analysis**

## Compliance

At its meeting on July 28, 2015, the Council ordered the Custodian to disclose the unredacted copy of page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with the section entitled PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page via e-mail to the Complainant. On July 29, 2015, the Council distributed its Interim Order to all parties, providing the Custodian with five (5) business days to comply. Thus, the Custodian's response was due by close of business August 5, 2015.

On August 5, 2015, the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) business day after receipt of the Council's Order, the Custodian disclosed the unredacted record to the Complainant via e-mail. Additionally, the Custodian provided certified confirmation of compliance with the Executive Director.

Therefore, the Custodian complied with the Council's Interim Order of July 28, 2015, because he responded in the prescribed time frame by providing the Complainant with the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Satisfactory compliance requires that the Custodian deliver the record(s) to the Complainant in the requested medium. If a copying or special service charge was incurred by the Complainant, the Custodian must certify that the record has been *made available* to the Complainant but the Custodian may withhold delivery of the record until the financial obligation is satisfied. Any such charge must adhere to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, 2014-75 – Supplemental Findings and Recommendations of the Executive

responsive record via e-mail, the Complainant's preferred method of delivery, and simultaneously provided confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director.

# **Knowing and Willful**

OPRA states that "[a] public official, officer, employee or custodian who knowingly or willfully violates [OPRA], and is found to have unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances, shall be subject to a civil penalty . . ." N.J.S.A. 47:1A-11(a). OPRA allows the Council to determine a knowing and willful violation of the law and unreasonable denial of access under the totality of the circumstances. Specifically OPRA states ". . . [i]f the council determines, by a majority vote of its members, that a custodian has knowingly and willfully violated [OPRA], and is found to have unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances, the council may impose the penalties provided for in [OPRA] . . ." N.J.S.A. 47:1A-7(e).

Certain legal standards must be considered when making the determination of whether the Custodian's actions rise to the level of a "knowing and willful" violation of OPRA. The following statements must be true for a determination that the Custodian "knowingly and willfully" violated OPRA: the Custodian's actions must have been much more than negligent conduct (Alston v. City of Camden, 168 N.J. 170, 185 (2001)); the Custodian must have had some knowledge that his actions were wrongful (Fielder v. Stonack, 141 N.J. 101, 124 (1995)); the Custodian's actions must have had a positive element of conscious wrongdoing (Berg v. Reaction Motors Div., 37 N.J. 396, 414 (1962)); the Custodian's actions must have been forbidden with actual, not imputed, knowledge that the actions were forbidden (id.; Marley v. Borough of Palmyra, 193 N.J. Super. 271, 294-95 (Law Div. 1993)); the Custodian's actions must have been intentional and deliberate, with knowledge of their wrongfulness, and not merely negligent, heedless or unintentional (ECES v. Salmon, 295 N.J. Super. 86, 107 (App. Div. 1996)).

Although the Custodian unlawfully denied access to the unredacted list of first and last names of all employees at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles and also to page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions," he subsequently complied with the Council's Interim Orders of October 28, 2014 and July 28, 2015. Additionally, the evidence of record does not indicate that the Custodian's violation of OPRA had a positive element of conscious wrongdoing or was intentional and deliberate. Therefore, the Custodian's unlawful denial of access did not rise to the level of a knowing and willful violation of OPRA and unreasonable denial of access under the totality of the circumstances.

# **Conclusions and Recommendations**

The Executive Director respectfully recommends the Council find that:

1. The Custodian complied with the Council's Interim Order of July 28, 2015, because he responded in the prescribed time frame by providing the Complainant with the responsive unredacted page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with

the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page, via e-mail, the Complainant's preferred method of delivery, and simultaneously provided confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director.

2. Although the Custodian unlawfully denied access to the unredacted list of first and last names of all employees at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles and also to page 22 of the employee manual for field facility personnel, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions," he subsequently complied with the Council's Interim Orders of October 28, 2014, and July 28, 2015. Additionally, the evidence of record does not indicate that the Custodian's violation of OPRA had a positive element of conscious wrongdoing or was intentional and deliberate. Therefore, the Custodian's unlawful denial of access did not rise to the level of a knowing and willful violation of OPRA and unreasonable denial of access under the totality of the circumstances.

Prepared By: Ernest Bongiovanni

**Staff Attorney** 

Reviewed By: Joseph Glover

**Executive Director** 

September 22, 2015



CHRIS CHRISTIE

Governor

KIM GUADAGNO

Lt. Governor

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
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CHARLES A. RICHMAN
Commissioner

#### INTERIM ORDER

# July 28, 2015 Government Records Council Meeting

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr.
Complainant
v.
NJ Motor Vehicle Commission
Custodian of Record

Complaint No. 2014-75

At the July 28, 2015 public meeting, the Government Records Council ("Council") considered the June 23, 2015 Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director and all related documentation submitted by the parties. The Council voted unanimously to adopt the entirety of said findings and recommendations. The Council, therefore, finds that:

- 1. The Custodian complied with the portion of the Council's October 28, 2014, Interim Order that required disclosure of an unredacted list of first and last names of each employee at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles. The Custodian timely forwarded certified confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director, wherein he stated that he disclosed to the Complainant the responsive record.
- 2. The Custodian failed to carry his burden that he lawfully denied access to the portion of the Motor Vehicle Commission's employee field manual containing policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline, and PAAD recipients. Accordingly, the Custodian must disclose to the Complainant page 22 of the manual, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page.
- 3. The Custodian shall comply with the Council's Findings of the *In Camera* Examination as set forth set forth within five (5) business days from receipt of this Order and simultaneously provide certified confirmation of compliance, pursuant to N.J. Court Rules, 1969 R. 1:4-4 (2005) to the Executive Director.<sup>1</sup>
- 4. The Council defers analysis of whether the Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order.

Community AFFAIRS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Satisfactory compliance requires that the Custodian deliver the record(s) to the Complainant in the requested medium. If a copying or special service charge was incurred by the Complainant, the Custodian must certify that the record has been *made available* to the Complainant but the Custodian may withhold delivery of the record until the financial obligation is satisfied. Any such charge must adhere to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5.

Interim Order Rendered by the Government Records Council On The 28<sup>th</sup> Day of July, 2015

Robin Berg Tabakin, Esq., Chair Government Records Council

I attest the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the Government Records Council.

Steven Ritardi, Esq., Secretary Government Records Council

**Decision Distribution Date: July 29, 2015** 

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY GOVERNMENT RECORDS COUNCIL

# In Camera Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director July 28, 2015 Council Meeting

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr.<sup>1</sup> Complainant

GRC Complaint No. 2014-75

v.

New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>2</sup> Custodial Agency

**Records Relevant to Complaint:** Electronic copies via email of:

1. List of all employees at Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicle ("DMV") office.

- 2. The Motor Vehicle Commission ("MVC") policy which permits employees to refuse to give their full name to the public.
- 3. DMV Policy on motor vehicle registration discounts.
- 4. The Procedure for processing registration discounts for Supplemental Security Income ("SSI"), Lifeline and Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged & Disabled ("PAAD") recipients.

**Custodian of Record:** Joseph F. Bruno

Request Received by Custodian: January 31, 2014 Response Made by Custodian: February 11, 2014 GRC Complaint Received: February 12, 2014

**Records Submitted for** *In Camera Examination:* Motor Vehicle Commission employee manual for field facility personnel pertaining to motor vehicle registration.

## **Background**

## October 28, 2014, Council Meeting

At its October 28, 2014, public meeting, the Council considered the October 21, 2014, Findings and recommendations of the Executive Director and all related documentation submitted by the parties. The Council voted unanimously to adopt the entirety of said findings and recommendations. The Council, therefore, found that:

1. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the list of all employees at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles location by providing redacted records showing only the first name and first letter of the last name of each employee. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-10; North Jersey

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No legal representation listed on record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represented by Deputy Attorney General Valentina M. DiPippo.

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, 2014-75 – *In Camera* Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director

<u>Media Group, Inc. v. Bergen Cty, Prosecutor's Office</u>, 405 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 386 (App Div. 2009). The Custodian must disclose the list without redactions.

- 2. The Custodian shall comply with item # 1 above within five (5) business days from receipt of the Council's interim Order and simultaneously provide certified confirmation of compliance in accordance with Court Rule 1:4-4 to the Executive Director.
- 3. The Custodian certified in the Statement of Information that while employees at their field facilities are discouraged from providing their full names to members of the public as a matter of personal safety, there is no written policy which permits it and therefore no responsive record exists. Further there is no evidence on the record to refute the Custodian's certification. Therefore, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records. *See* Pusterhofer v. New Jersey Dept. of Educ., GRC Complaint No. 2005-49 (July 2005).
- 4. Pursuant to <u>Paff v NJ Dep't of Labor, Bd. of Review</u>, 379 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 346 (App. Div. 2005), the GRC must conduct an *in camera* review of the employee manual excerpts of policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline, and PAAD recipients. The Council must determine the validity of the Custodian's assertion that the excerpts constitute administrative or technical information regarding hardware, software, and networks, which, if disclosed, would jeopardize computer security, and security measures and techniques, which, if disclosed, could create a risk of safety of persons, property, electronic data and hardware. <u>N.J.S.A</u> 47:1A-1.
- 5. The Custodian must deliver<sup>3</sup> to the Council in a sealed envelope nine copies of the requested unredacted records (see #4 above), a document or redaction index<sup>4</sup>, as well as a legal certification from the Custodian, in accordance with N.J. Court Rule 1:4-4, that the records provided are the records requested by the Council for the *in camera* inspection. Such delivery must be received by the GRC within five (5) business days from receipt of the Council's Interim Order.
- 6. The Council defers analysis and determination of whether the Custodian knowingly and willingly violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order in this matter.

## **Procedural History:**

On October 29, 2014, the Council distributed its Interim Order to the parties. On November 7, 2014, the Custodian's Counsel sought, and the GRC granted, an extension of time

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The *in camera* documents may be sent overnight mail, regular mail, or be hand-delivered, at the discretion of the Custodian, as long as they arrive at the GRC office by the deadline.

Custodian, as long as they arrive at the GRC office by the deadline.

<sup>4</sup> The document or redaction index should identify the document and/or each redaction asserted and the lawful basis for the denial.

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, 2014-75 – In Camera Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director

to November 14, 2014, to comply with the Interim Order. On November 14, 2014, the Custodian responded to the Council's Interim Order, certifying that he was providing a copy of the unredacted list of first and last names of each employee at the Egg Harbor office. The Custodian also certified that he was providing nine (9) copies of the employee manual for field facility personnel pertaining to registration documents. The Custodian did not provide a redaction index.

#### **Analysis**

## **Compliance**

On October 28, 2014, the Council ordered the above referenced compliance. On October 29, 2014, the Council distributed its Interim Order to all parties, providing the Custodian five (5) business days to comply with the terms of said Order. On November 7, 2014, the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) business day following the receipt of the Order, the Custodian requested an extension of time to November 14, 2014, to comply with the Order. The GRC granted that request. On November 14, 2014, the Custodian delivered to the GRC a copy of the unredacted list of first and last names of each employee at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles and simultaneously provided a certification, in accordance with R. 1:4-4, which stated that the Custodian provided a copy of the unredacted list via-email to the Complainant on November 14, 2014.

Accordingly, the Custodian complied with the portion of the Council's October 28, 2014, Interim Order requiring disclosure of an unredacted list of first and last names of each employee at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles and timely forwarded certified confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director.

Also, on November 14, 2014, the Custodian delivered to the GRC in a sealed envelope nine (9) unreacted copies of the Motor Vehicle Commission's employee manual for field facility personnel. The Custodian also provided a legal certification, in accordance with R. 1:4-4, that the record provided is the record requested by the council for the *in camera* inspection. The Custodian did not, however, provide a document or redaction index. Of note, the Custodian provided a copy of the entire employee manual for field facility personnel, rather than only the "employee manual excerpts of policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline ,and PAAD recipients" (emphasis added), as required by the Interim Order.

## **Unlawful Denial of Access**

OPRA provides that government records made, maintained, kept on file, or received by a public agency in the course of its official business are subject to public access unless otherwise exempt. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1.1. A custodian must release all records responsive to an OPRA request "with certain exceptions." N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1. Additionally, OPRA places the burden on a custodian to prove that a denial of access to records is lawful. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.

The GRC conducted an *in camera* examination on the submitted manual absent the document or redaction index it had previously ordered. During the *in camera* review of the

employee manual, the GRC determined that page 22, beginning with the section labeled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of that page of the document, contains the responsive manual excerpts of policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline, and PAAD recipients.

The GRC has determined from its review that the excerpt contains no information regarding hardware, software, and networks, which would jeopardize computer security, or contain security measures and techniques, which could create a risk of safety to persons, property data, and hardware if disclosed.

Thus, the Custodian failed to carry his burden that he lawfully denied access to the portion of the Motor Vehicle Commission employee field manual containing policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline and PAAD recipients. Accordingly, the Custodian must disclose to the Complainant page 22 of the manual, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page.

# **Knowing & Willful**

The Council defers analysis of whether the Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order.

## **Conclusions and Recommendations**

The Executive Director respectfully recommends the Council find that:

- 1. The Custodian complied with the portion of the Council's October 28, 2014, Interim Order that required disclosure of an unredacted list of first and last names of each employee at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicles. The Custodian timely forwarded certified confirmation of compliance to the Executive Director, wherein he stated that he disclosed to the Complainant the responsive record.
- 2. The Custodian failed to carry his burden that he lawfully denied access to the portion of the Motor Vehicle Commission's employee field manual containing policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline, and PAAD recipients. Accordingly, the Custodian must disclose to the Complainant page 22 of the manual, beginning with the section entitled "PAAD/SSI/Lifeline Exemptions" to the end of the page.
- 3. The Custodian shall comply with the Council's Findings of the *In Camera* Examination as set forth set forth within five (5) business days from receipt of this Order and simultaneously provide certified confirmation of compliance, pursuant to N.J. Court Rules, 1969 R. 1:4-4 (2005) to the Executive Director.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>5</sup> Satisfactory compliance requires that the Custodian deliver the record(s) to the Complainant in the requested medium. If a copying or special service charge was incurred by the Complainant, the Custodian must certify that the Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, 2014-75 – *In Camera* Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director

4. The Council defers analysis of whether the Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order.

Prepared By: Ernest Bongiovanni

Staff Attorney

Approved By: Dawn R. SanFilippo

Deputy Executive Director

June 23, 2015<sup>6</sup>

record has been *made available* to the Complainant but the Custodian may withhold delivery of the record until the financial obligation is satisfied. Any such charge must adhere to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5.

financial obligation is satisfied. Any such charge must adhere to the provisions of <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 47:1A-5. <sup>6</sup> This complaint was prepared for adjudication at the Council's June 30, 2015, meeting but was tabled pending necessary legal review.



CHRIS CHRISTIE

Governor

KIM GUADAGNO

Lt. Governor

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RICHARD E. CONSTABLE, III

Commissioner

#### INTERIM ORDER

### October 28, 2014 Government Records Council Meeting

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr.
Complainant
v.
NJ Motor Vehicle Commission
Custodian of Record

Complaint No. 2014-75

At the October 28, 2014 public meeting, the Government Records Council ("Council") considered the October 21, 2014 Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director and all related documentation submitted by the parties. The Council voted unanimously to adopt the entirety of said findings and recommendations. The Council, therefore, finds that:

- 1. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the government record request pursuant to OPRA for the list of all employees at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicle location by providing redacted records with only the first name and first letter of the last name of each employee. N.J.S.A. 47:1a-10; North Jersey Media Group, Inc. v. Bergen Cty, Prosecutor's Office, 405 N.J. Super. 386 (App Div. 2009). The Custodian must disclose the list without redactions.
- 2. The Custodian shall comply with item # 1 above within five (5) business days from receipt of the Council's interim Order and simultaneously provide certified confirmation of compliance in accordance with Court Rule 1:4-4 to the Executive Director.
- 3. The Custodian certified in the SOI that while employees at their field facilities are discouraged from providing their full names to members of the public as a matter of personal safety, there is no written policy which permits it and therefore no responsive record exists. Further there is no evidence on the record to refute the Custodian's certification. Therefore, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records. *See* Pusterhofer v. New Jersey Dept. of Educ., GRC Complaint No. 2005-49 (July 2005).
- 4. Pursuant to <u>Paff v NJ Dep't of Labor, Bd. of Review</u>, 379 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 346 (App. Div. 2005), the GRC must conduct an *in camera* review of the employee manual excerpts of policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline and PADD recipients to determine the validity of the Custodian's assertion that the excerpts constitute administrative or technical information regarding hardware, software and networks which if disclosed would jeopardize computer security, and also contain security measures and



techniques which if disclosed could create a risk of safety of persons, property, electronic data and hardware. N.J.S.A 47:1A-1.

- The Custodian must deliver<sup>1</sup> to the Council in a sealed envelope nine copies of 5. the requested unredacted records (see #4 above), a document or redaction index<sup>2</sup>, as well as a legal certification from the Custodian, in accordance with N.J. Court Rule 1:4-4, that the records provided are the records requested by the Council for the *in camera* inspection. Such delivery must be received by the GRC within five (5) business days from receipt of the Council's Interim Order.
- 6. The Council defers analysis and determination of whether the Custodian knowingly and willingly violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order in this matter.

Interim Order Rendered by the Government Records Council On The 28<sup>th</sup> Day of October, 2014

Robin Berg Tabakin, Esq., Chair Government Records Council

I attest the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the Government Records Council.

Steven Ritardi, Esq., Secretary Government Records Council

**Decision Distribution Date: October 29, 2014** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The *in camera* documents may be sent overnight mail, regular mail, or be hand-delivered, at the discretion of the

Custodian, as long as they arrive at the GRC office by the deadline.

The document or redaction index should identify the document and/or each redaction asserted and the lawful basis for the denial.

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY GOVERNMENT RECORDS COUNCIL

# Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director October 28, 2014 Council Meeting

Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. Complainant

GRC Complaint No. 2014-75

v.

New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>2</sup> Custodial Agency

**Records Relevant to Complaint:** Electronic copies via email of:

- 1. List of all employees at Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicle ("DMV") office.
- 2. The Motor Vehicle Commission ("MVC") policy which permits employees to refuse to give their full name to the public.
- 3. DMV Policy on motor vehicle registration discounts
- 4. The Procedure for processing registration discounts for Supplemental Security Income ("SSI"), Lifeline and Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged & Disabled ("PADD") recipients.<sup>3</sup>

**Custodian of Record:** Joseph F. Bruno

Request Received by Custodian: January 31, 2014 Response Made by Custodian: February 11, 2014 GRC Complaint Received: February 12, 2014

# Background<sup>4</sup>

#### Request and Response:

On January 31, 2014 the Complainant submitted an Open Public Records Act ("OPRA") request to the Custodian seeking the above-mentioned records. On February 11, 2014 seven (7) business days after receipt of the request, the Custodian responded in writing to each item in the request. The Custodian provided redacted responses to one of the items, denied the existence of one of the items, and gave written descriptions of two of the other requested items but refused to provide the actual documents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No legal representation listed on record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represented by Valentina M. DiPippo, Deputy Attorney General.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Complainant requested additional records that are not relevant to this complaint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The parties may have submitted additional correspondence or made additional statements/assertions in the submissions identified herein. However, the Council includes in the Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director the submissions necessary and relevant for the adjudication of this complaint.

# **Denial of Access Complaint:**

On February 12, 2014, the Complainant filed a Denial of Access Complaint with the Government Records Council ("GRC"). The Complainant asserts that on January 31, 2014 he submitted a request to the Custodian. He argued that the following records were denied.

- 1. List of all DMV employees at the Egg Harbor location.
- 2. The MVC policy which permits employees to refuse to give their first name to the public.
- 3. The DMV policy on registration discounts.
- 4. The DMV procedure for processing registration discounts for SSI, Lifeline and PADD recipients.

#### Statement of Information:

On March 19, 2014, the Custodian filed a Statement of Information ("SOI"). The Custodian certified that in response to item # 1, he provided the Complainant with a list of employees at the Egg Harbor DMV office redacting all but the first names and first letter of the last names. With regard to item # 2, the Custodian certified that he advised the Complainant that there is no written policy which permits employees to refuse to give their full names to the public exists. With regard to items # 3 and # 4, the Custodian described the DMV policy on registration discounts and the procedures utilized to process discounts for SSI, Lifeline and PADD recipients; however, the Custodian denied the request for the written records which contain those policies and procedure.

In denying the request for items # 3 and # 4, the Custodian argued that the policies and procedures described in the SOI were based on excerpts from the MVC's employee manual for field facility personnel; the excerpts from the manual constitute administrative or technical information regarding hardware, software and networks which if disclosed would jeopardize computer security, and also contain security measures and techniques which if disclosed could create a risk of safety of persons, property, electronic data and hardware. Accordingly the Custodian argued that denial of those excerpts from that document was justified as an exception as not being a government record as defined in N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1.

#### **Analysis**

#### **Unlawful Denial of Access**

OPRA provides that government records made, maintained, kept on file, or received by a public agency in the course of its official business are subject to public access unless otherwise exempt. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1.1. A custodian must release all records responsive to an OPRA request "with certain exceptions." N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1. Additionally, OPRA places the burden on a custodian to prove that a denial of access to records is lawful pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.

# <u>Item # 1: The full names of employees working at the Egg Harbor DMV office.</u>

# OPRA provides that:

[T]he personnel or pension records of any individual in the possession of a public agency, including but not limited to records relating to any grievance filed by or against an individual, shall not be considered a government record and shall not be made available for public access. . .

## N.J.S.A. 47:1A-10.

When dealing with personnel records, OPRA begins with a presumption against disclosure and "proceeds with a few narrow exceptions that. . .need to be considered." <u>Kowalski v. Somerset City Prosecutor's Office</u>, 206 <u>N.J.</u> 581, 594 (2011). The first exception is for "[A]n individual's name, title, position, salary, payroll record, length of service, date of separation and the reason therefore, and the amount and type of any pension received shall be government record". <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 47:1A-10.

In <u>North Jersey Media Grp. Inc. v. Bergen Cnty. Prosecutor's Office</u>, 405 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 386 (App. Div. 2009), the Appellate Division stated that the only personnel information a public entity is authorized to disclose are the specific items listed in <u>N.J. S.A.</u> 47:1A-10.

Here, the Complainant requested a list of all employees at the Egg Harbor DMV. New Jersey employees' names are government records and must be disclosed under N.J.S.A. 47:1A-10. The Custodian denied the request, citing concerns of unjustified retaliation taken by disgruntled citizens. Accordingly, the Custodian disclosed to the Complainant a redacted record which provided only the first names and first letter of the last name. This is inconsistent with OPRA and the public's right to certain personnel information of government employees. Furthermore, is his SOI, the Custodian acknowledged his obligation to disclose the full names, titles, positions and salaries of all state employees by stating that all employees' names are listed on a State of New Jersey Public Website and that the MVC's field agency locations are listed by Region. Thus the full names of the employees are not meant to be kept confidential. The GRC is not satisfied that the MVC can deny access to records in an effort to hide the exact location where an employee works.

Therefore, the Custodian unlawfully denied access to the government record request pursuant to OPRA for the list of all employees at the Egg Harbor DMV location by providing redacted records with only the first name and first letter of the last name of each employee. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-10; North Jersey Media Group, Inc. v. Bergen Cty. Prosecutor's Office, 405 N.J. Super. 386 (App Div. 2009). The Custodian must disclose the list without redactions.

# <u>Item # 2. The MVC policy which permits employees to refuse to give their full names to the public</u>

The Council has consistently found there to be no denial of access when a custodian demonstrates that no records responsive to a complainant's request exist. In Pusterhofer v. New

<u>Jersey Dept. of Educ.</u>, GRC Complaint No. 2005-49 (July 2005), the complainant sought telephone billing records showing a call made to him from the New Jersey Department of Education. The custodian responded stating that there was no record of any telephone calls made to the complainant. <u>Id.</u> The Custodian subsequently certified that no records responsive to the Complainant's request existed, and the Complainant submitted no evidence to refute said certification. <u>Id.</u> The GRC held the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records because the Custodian certified that no records responsive to the request existed. <u>Id.</u>

Here, the Custodian certified in the SOI that while employees at their field facilities are discouraged from providing their full names to members of the public as a matter of personal safety, there is no written policy which permits it and therefore no responsive record exists. Further, there is no evidence on the record to refute the Custodian's certification. Therefore, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records. *See* <u>Pusterhofer</u>, GRC 2005-49.

<u>Items # 3 and # 4: Policy on motor vehicle registration and procedure for processing registration discounts.</u>

In <u>Paff v. N.J. Dep't of Labor, Bd. of Review</u>, 379 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 346 (App. Div. 2005), the complainant appealed a final decision of the Council<sup>5</sup> dismissing the complaint by accepting the custodian's legal conclusion for the denial of access without further review. The Court stated that "OPRA contemplates the GRC's meaningful review of the basis for an agency's decision to withhold government records ... When the GRC decides to proceed with an investigation and hearing, the custodian may present evidence and argument, but the GRC is not required to accept as adequate whatever the agency offers." <u>Id.</u> The Court also stated that:

[T]he statute also contemplates the GRC's *in camera* review of the records that an agency asserts are protected when such review is necessary to a determination of the validity of a claimed exemption. Although OPRA subjects the GRC to the provisions of the 'Open Public Meetings Act,' N.J.S.A. 10:4-6 to -21, it also provides that the GRC 'may go into closed session during that portion of any proceeding during which the contents of a contested record would be disclosed.' N.J.S.A. 47:1A-7(f). This provision would be unnecessary if the Legislature did not intend to permit *in camera* review.

<u>Id.</u> at 355.

Further, the Court stated that:

We hold only that the GRC has and should exercise its discretion to conduct *in camera* review when necessary to resolution of the appeal...There is no reason for concern about unauthorized disclosure of exempt documents or privileged information as a result of *in camera* review by the GRC. The GRC's obligation to maintain confidentiality and avoid disclosure of exempt material is implicit in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Paff v. NJ Dep't of Labor, Bd. of Review, GRC Complaint No. 2003-128 (October 2005).

<u>N.J.S.A.</u> 47:1A-7(f), which provides for closed meeting when necessary to avoid disclosure before resolution of a contested claim of exemption.

Id.

Here, the Custodian did not provide the records sought by the Complainant arguing that the excerpts from the employee manual constitute administrative or technical information regarding hardware, software and networks which if disclosed would jeopardize computer security, and also contain security measures and techniques which if disclosed could create a risk of safety of persons, property, electronic data and hardware. The Custodian stated that the manual contains "instructions" to DMV employees on how to review "identification documents and process requests for learner permits, driver licenses, titles and registrations."

The Complainant contended that he did not seek explanations or discussions of the policies and procedures but records describing them and thus demanded copies of the actual written excerpts from the employee manual. The Custodian however argued that providing the manual or excerpts from the manual even with redaction would not sufficiently protect the process of the evaluation of identification documents by field agency employees, which could be used to obtain fraudulent permits, licenses, titles and registrations and will not adequately protect the MVC'S computer system.

Therefore, pursuant to <u>Paff</u>, 379 <u>N.J. Super.</u> at 346, the GRC must conduct an *in camera* review of the employee manual excerpts of policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline and PADD recipients to determine the validity of the Custodian's assertion that the excerpts constitute administrative or technical information regarding hardware, software and networks which if disclosed would jeopardize computer security, and also contain security measures and techniques which if disclosed could create a risk of safety of persons, property, electronic data and hardware. <u>N.J.S.A</u> 47:1A-1.

#### **Knowing and Willful**

The Council defers analysis or whether the Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order.

## **Conclusions and Recommendations**

The Executive Director respectfully recommends the Council find that:

1. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the government record request pursuant to OPRA for the list of all employees at the Egg Harbor Division of Motor Vehicle location by providing redacted records with only the first name and first letter of the last name of each employee. N.J.S.A. 47:1a-10; North Jersey Media Group, Inc. v. Bergen Cty, Prosecutor's Office, 405 N.J. Super. 386 (App Div. 2009). The Custodian must disclose the list without redactions.

- 2. The Custodian shall comply with item # 1 above within five (5) business days from receipt of the Council's interim Order and simultaneously provide certified confirmation of compliance in accordance with Court Rule 1:4-4 to the Executive Director.
- 3. The Custodian certified in the SOI that while employees at their field facilities are discouraged from providing their full names to members of the public as a matter of personal safety, there is no written policy which permits it and therefore no responsive record exists. Further there is no evidence on the record to refute the Custodian's certification. Therefore, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records. *See* Pusterhofer v. New Jersey Dept. of Educ., GRC Complaint No. 2005-49 (July 2005).
- 4. Pursuant to <u>Paff v NJ Dep't of Labor, Bd. of Review</u>, 379 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 346 (App. Div. 2005), the GRC must conduct an *in camera* review of the employee manual excerpts of policies on motor vehicle registration discounts and procedures for processing registration documents for SSI, Lifeline and PADD recipients to determine the validity of the Custodian's assertion that the excerpts constitute administrative or technical information regarding hardware, software and networks which if disclosed would jeopardize computer security, and also contain security measures and techniques which if disclosed could create a risk of safety of persons, property, electronic data and hardware. N.J.S.A 47:1A-1.
- 5. The Custodian must deliver<sup>6</sup> to the Council in a sealed envelope nine copies of the requested unredacted records (see #4 above), a document or redaction index<sup>7</sup>, as well as a legal certification from the Custodian, in accordance with N.J. Court Rule 1:4-4, that the records provided are the records requested by the Council for the *in camera* inspection. Such delivery must be received by the GRC within five (5) business days from receipt of the Council's Interim Order.
- 6. The Council defers analysis and determination of whether the Custodian knowingly and willingly violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances pending the Custodian's compliance with the Council's Interim Order in this matter.

Prepared By: Ernest Bongiovanni, Esq.

Staff Attorney

Approved By: Dawn R. SanFilippo, Esq. Acting Executive Director

October 21, 2014.

<sup>6</sup> The *in camera* documents may be sent overnight mail, regular mail, or be hand-delivered, at the discretion of the Custodian, as long as they arrive at the GRC office by the deadline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The document or redaction index should identify the document and/or each redaction asserted and the lawful basis for the denial