

# **Tips to Improve Ventilation in Childcare** Centers



#### Sustainable Solutions for COVID-19 and beyond

Increased ventilation rates are associated with increased student performance, improved respiratory health, increased student attendance, and lower risk of transmission of airborne infectious diseases.

### **Increase ventilation** through windows, doors and fans

Ventilation moves fresh air from

outside to replace stale or stuffy air inside and clears odors, germs, and other harmful particles from the air.

- Safely open windows and doors to increase airflow. Even just cracking open a window or door helps increase airflow from the outside
  - effectiveness of open windows. Safely secure fans in a window to push potentially contaminated air out and pull new air in through other open windows and doors

Use child-safe fans to increase the

The short video below discusses the importance of ventilation (UC Davis)



### Improve building-wide filtration

- Improve the level of air filtration as much as possible without significantly reducing airflow.
- Make sure the filters are sized, installed, and replaced according to manufacturer's instructions.
- Consider portable air cleaners that use high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters to enhance air cleaning wherever possible, especially in higher-risk areas such as a nurse's office or sick/isolation room.
- Consider ultraviolet germicidal irradiation (UVGI) in childcare centers as a supplemental treatment to inactivate the virus that causes COVID-19, especially if options for increased ventilation or filtration are limited.

## Optimize Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) settings

- Consult with an HVAC professional to ensure the ventilation system is serviced and meets code requirements as defined by ASHRAE Standard 62.1.
- Set HVAC systems to bring in as much outdoor air as your system will safely allow and reduce or eliminate HVAC air recirculation.
- Increase the HVAC system's total airflow supply to occupied spaces when you can. More air flow encourages air mixing and ensures any recirculated air passes through the filter more frequently.
- Disable demand-controlled ventilation (DCV) controls that reduce air supply based on occupancy or temperature. This way the air supply will remain constant throughout the day.
- For simple HVAC systems controlled by a thermostat, changing the fan control switch from "Auto" to "On" will ensure the HVAC system provides continuous air filtration and distribution.
- Consider running the HVAC system at maximum outside airflow for 2 hours before and after the building is occupied to refresh the air before arrival at the end of the day.

#### Resources and References

Yale School of Public Health: Ventilation Key to Reducing Risk National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Childcare and Early Education: Caring For Our Children Chapter 5.2.1:

Ventilation, Heating, Cooling, and Hot Water

CDC: Ventilation in Schools and Childcare Programs

USEPA: Healthy Indoor Environments in Schools During COVID-19 Pandemic USEPA: Air Cleaners, HVAC Filters, and Coronavirus (COVID-19)

ASHRAE: CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) Response Resources From Ashrae And Others

