## Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Plan For

New Jersey FFY 2014-2015

#### PART 1 ADMINISTRATION

### 1.1 Contact Information

The agency shown below has been designated by the Chief Executive Officer of the State (or Territory), to represent the State (or Territory) as the Lead Agency. The Lead Agency agrees to administer the program in accordance with applicable Federal laws and regulations and the provisions of this Plan, including the assurances and certifications appended hereto.(658D, 658E)

**1.1.1 Who is the Lead Agency designated to administer the CCDF program?** Identify the Lead Agency and Lead Agency's Chief Executive Officer designated by the State/Territory. ACF will send official grant correspondence such as grant awards, grant adjustments, Plan approvals and disallowance notifications to the designated contact identified here. (658D(a), §98.10)

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

Name of Lead Agency: The Department of Human Services (DHS), Division of Family Development (DFD)

Address of Lead Agency: PO Box 716, Trenton, NJ 08625-0716

Name and Title of the Lead Agency's Chief Executive Officer: Jennifer Velez, Commissioner,

Department of Human Services Phone Number: 609-292-3717 Fax Number: 609-292-3824

E-Mail Address: Jennifer.Velez@dhs.state.nj.us

Web Address for Lead Agency (if any): http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices

1.1.2 Who is the CCDF administrator? Identify the CCDF administrator designated by the Lead Agency, the day-to-day contact, with responsibility for administering the State/Territory's CCDF program. ACF will send programmatic communications such as program announcements, program instructions, and data collection instructions to the designated contact identified here. If there is more than one designated contact with equal or shared responsibility for administering the CCDF program, please identify the co-administrator or entity with administrative responsibilities and include contact information. (§§98.16(a) and (c)(1))

a) Contact Information for CCDF Administrator:

Name of CCDF Administrator: Jeanette Page-Hawkins

Title of CCDF Administrator: Division Director

Address of CCDF Administrator: Division of Family Development 6 Quakerbridge Plaza, P.O. Box 716,

Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0716 Phone Number: (609)588-2401

Fax Number: N/A

E-Mail Address: jeanette.page-hawkins@dhs.state.nj.us

Phone Number for CCDF program information

(for the public) (if any): New Jersey Child Care Helpline 1-800-332-9227

Web Address for CCDF program

(for the public) (if any): http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dfd/programs/child/

Web Address for CCDF program policy manual

(if any): N/A

Web Address for CCDF program administrative rules

(if any): N/A

### b) Contact Information for CCDF Co-Administrator (if applicable):

Name of CCDF Co-Administrator: Margaret Milliner

Title of CCDF Co-Administrator: Assistant Division Director

Address of CCDF Co-Administrator: Division of Family Development 6 Quakerbridge Plaza, P.O. Box

716, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0716

Phone Number: (609)588-2163 Fax Number: (609)588-3051

E-Mail Address: Margaret.Milliner@dhs.state.nj.us
Description of the role of the Co-Administrator:

Charged with responsibility of administering and monitoring the State/Territory's CCDF program ...

## 1.2 Estimated Funding

# 1.2.1 What is your expected level of funding for the first year of the FY 2014 - FY 2015 plan period?

The Lead Agency estimates that the following amounts will be available for child care services and related activities during the 1-year period from October 1, 2013 through September 30, 2014. (§98.13(a)).

Federal TANF Transfer to CCDF: \$ 76.9  Direct Federal TANF Spending on Child Care: \$ 00
State CCDF Maintenance-of-Effort Funds: \$ 26.4 State Matching Funds: \$ 50.4
<b>Reminder</b> - Lead Agencies are reminded that not more than 5 percent of the aggregate CCDF funds, including federal funds and required State Matching funds, shall be expended on administration costs (§98.52) once all FY2014 funds have been liquidated. State Maintenance-of-Effort funds are not subject to this limitation.
1.2.2 Which of the following funds does the Lead Agency intend to use to meet the CCDF Matching and maintenance-of-effort (MOE) requirements described in 98.53(e) and 98.53(h)? Check all that apply.
Territories not required to meet CCDF Matching and MOE requirements should mark  Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
□ N/A here
<b>Note:</b> The Lead Agency must check at least public and/or private funds as matching, ever if pre-kindergarten (pre-k) funds also will be used.
Public funds to meet the CCDF Matching Fund requirement. Public funds may include any general revenue funds, county or other local public funds, State/Territory-specific funds (tobacco tax, lottery), or any other public funds. If checked, identify source of funds:
State General Fund
If known, identify the estimated amount of public funds the Lead Agency will receive: \$50.4 million
Private Donated Funds to meet the CCDF Matching Fund requirement. Only private received by the designated entities or by the Lead Agency may be counted for match purposes. (98.53(f))
If checked, are those funds:  donated directly to the State?  donated to a separate entity(ies) designated to receive private donated funds?  If checked, identify the number of entities designated to receive private donated funds and provide name, address, contact and type:
If known, identify the estimated amount of private donated funds the Lead Agency will receive:

FY 2014 Federal CCDF allocation (Discretionary, Mandatory and Matching): \$ 113.2

☑ State expenditures for Pre-K programs to meet the CCDF Matching Funds requirement.

If checked, provide the estimated percentage of Matching Fund requirement that will be met with pre-k expenditures ( not to exceed 30%): 9%

If percentage is more than 10% of the Matching fund requirement, describe how the State will coordinate its pre-k and child care services:

#### N/A

If known, identify the estimated amount of pre-k funds the Lead Agency will receive for Matching Funds requirement:

Describe the Lead Agency efforts to ensure that pre-k programs meet the needs of working parents:

Our state rate provides for a minimum of 6 hours of care for NJ's child care assistance programs.

NJ also provides additional child care services, known as WRAP-AROUND services in collaboration with DOE in the 31 neediest school districts for pre-k programs. WRAP-AROUND supplements educational hours, affording working parents child care services beyond the 6 hours school day.

DHS has a long standing relationship and commitment with DOE and the child care community, including those contracted by DOE preschool state funded program (6 hour program).

☐ State expenditures for Pre-K programs to meet the CCDF Maintenance of Effort (MOE	Ξ)
requirements.	

If checked,

☐ The Lead Agency assures that its level of effort in full-day/full-year child care services has not been reduced, pursuant to 98.53(h)(1).

Estimated percentage of MOE Fund requirement that will be met with pre-k expenditures (not to exceed 20%):

If percentage is more than 10% of the MOE fund requirement, describe how the State will coordinate its pre-k and child care services to expand the availability of child care:

If known, identify the estimated amount of pre-k funds the Lead Agency will receive for MOE Fund requirement:

Describe the Lead Agency efforts to ensure that pre-k programs meet the needs of working parents:

1.2.3 Describe the activities for which quality funds (including targeted quality funds for infants and toddlers, school-age children, and resource and referral) will be used in FY 2014 - 2015. Note: Funding estimate is limited to FY 2014 In as much detail possible, list the activities that will be funded, the estimated amount of CCDF quality funds that will be used for each activity, and how these activities relate to the Lead Agency's overall goal of improving the quality of child care for low-income children.

Estimated Amount of CCDF Quality Funds For FY 2014	Activity (Lead Agency should include description of quality activities that cover FY 2014 and also information about activities for FY 2015, if available)	Purpose	Projected Impact and Anticipated Results (if possible)
Infant/Toddler Targeted Fund 1,820,000	1. Infant Toddler Warmline (\$320,000) 2. First Steps Infant Training Initiative (\$1.5 million)	<ol> <li>To provide medical and health information and referral services to providers statewide.</li> <li>To provide training and technical assistance, consultation, and mentoring to centers serving infants and toddlers.</li> </ol>	1. To promote health development of NJ's infants, toddlers and young children in child care settings.  2. Targeted training to staff serving infants and toddlers and increase post scores on environmental rating assessment tools.
School-Age/Child Care Resource and Referral Targeted Funds 415,000	1. NJ Coalition of School Age Programs (NJSACC)  2. Statewide Parent Advocacy Network (SPAN)	<ol> <li>To provide training and technical assistance to new and existing school age child care (SACC) programs and centers.</li> <li>To provide training and technical assistance to child care providers serving children with special needs.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Increase collaboration with community partners to support school age programming.</li> <li>Greater ability to provide an inclusive environment for children with special needs.</li> </ol>

Quality Expansion
Targeted Funds
6,475,000

- Child Care Resource
   Referral
- 2. Parent Education Campaign
- 3. CDA Assessment Scholarships
- 1. Provide parents withinformation on available child care services. Facilitate access to appropriate child care services. Provide parents with education about quality indicators in child care. Provide training and technical assistance to improve the quality of early care and education in all types of settings.
- 2. To promote the availability of child care services in each county and to increase public awareness.
- 3. To provide financial assistance for practitioners to pursue their CDA.

- 1. Help parents locate affordable child care. Provide improved quality of care. Increase parents' knowledge of what quality child care looks like.
- 2. Increase awarenes of child care availability and quality indicators.
- 3. Increase the number of early care and education professionals holding CDA credentials.

Quality Funds (not
including Targeted
Funds)
8,688,000

- 1. Strengthening Families Initiatives
- 2. Professional Development
- 3. Family Daycare Registration
- 4. CARI Unit
- 5. Family Worker Outreach
- Program

- 1. To identify risk factors and significantly reduce harmful behaviors so social competencies and school performance can be improved.
- 2. To promote and coordinate systems for the educational development of early childhood and primary education practitioners statewide. To maintain 6. NJ Child Care Training workforce management system. To develop core competency standards for early childhood practitioners.
  - 3. To increase the number of registered family child care providers statewide.
  - 4. To conduct child abuse investigation background check and maintain a registry for all child care providers including approved homes.
  - 5. To provide social support and community referrals to families enrolled in the DOE preschool programs.
  - 6. To provide high quality professional development trainings for all center based, home based, and Head Start program staff. To provide dual language program curriculum and mentoring training.

- 1. To strengthen parental bonds and parenting skills. To standardize provider practices. To improve family engagement.
- 2. To increase the quality of care through advanced education. To improve the consistency and coordination of professional development delivery. To align early learning standards across early learning education programs.
- 3. Provide regulated, quality child care. Increase access to regulated family child care.
- 4. To ensure safety of children in all setting types.
- 5. To increase parent education and family resilience.
- 6. Increase knowledge and understanding of early chilhood professional standards.

1.2.4 Will the Lead Agency distribute quality funds to counties or local entities? Note: This question is to obtain information on whether the Lead Agency retains decision

making responsibilities regarding the quality dollars at the State/Territory level or if funds are distributed to local entities

Does the State maintain decisions at the State level, or are funds distributed to locals that have some decisions on how funds are spent.

<ul> <li>No, the Lead Agency will not distribute any quality funds directly to local entities</li> <li>Yes, all quality funds will be distributed to local entities</li> <li>Yes, the Lead Agency will distribute a portion of quality funds directly to local entities.</li> <li>Estimated amount or percentage to be distributed to localities</li> </ul>
90% of our funds are distributed to localities while 10% of our funds are blended with other state agencies, i.e. OOL.
Other. Describe:

### 1.3 CCDF Program Integrity and Accountability

Program integrity is defined to include efforts that ensure effective internal controls over the administration of CCDF funds. The Lead Agency is responsible for monitoring programs and services, ensuring compliance with the rules of the program, promulgating rules and regulations to govern the overall administration of the plan and oversee the expenditure of funds by sub-grantees and contractors. (§ 98.11(b)) Accountability measures should address administrative error, which includes unintentional agency error, as well as address program violations, both unintentional and intentional, that may or may not result in further action by the Lead Agency, including those cases suspected of and/or prosecuted for fraud.

**1.3.1. Describe the strategies the Lead Agency will utilize to ensure effective internal controls are in place.** The **description** of internal controls may include, but is not limited to a description of processes to ensure sound fiscal management, to identify areas of risk or to establish regular evaluation of control activities.

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#### Describe:

DFD directly contracts with 15 "Child Care Resource and Referral" (CCR&R) agencies to determine eligibility. A prescriptive list of requirements hold the CCR&R providers accountable for ensuring that the grantee complies with all policies and procedures set forth by the Division.

DFD communicates regularly with all CCR&Rs through the following methods:

- 1. Monthly conference calls
- 2 Quarterly meetings
- 3. On site monitoring visits
- 4. Targeted program area meetings, i.e. policy clarification, fiscal updates, technical assistance
- 5. Training

The CCR&Rs are the sole entity to determine eligibility. DFD staff will increase monitoring and enhance technical assistance and training. When a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) is required, DFD will conduct targeted monitoring to evaluate progress and ensure CCR&R are employing effective internal

control strategies. Within the contracts, performance measures will be included as well as benchmarks and possible penalties, such as reduction in administration cost. CCR&Rs are required to conduct internal audits and controls which will be closely monitored by state staff. New contract will require CCR&R to conduct their own sample review and desk audits and share findings with DFD. DFD will standardize this process and provide a universal tool to be utilized. When errors are found, training of staff will be required. A specialist is assigned to each CCR&R to monitor CCR&Rs efforts.

To ensure effective internal controls over the administration of DHS/DFD subsidized child care assistance program and funds, the CCR&Rs will have accountability measures and strategies to prevent, minimize and address administrative error, which includes unintentional agency error. Improper payment errors should not exceed 10% and program monitoring review errors findings should not exceed 20%. Each CCR&R will conduct quarterly internal audit reviews of 10% of their cases, and submit findings to DFD quarterly. Annual case file reviews and ongoing program monitoring.

Program staff in DFD provide a periodic review and set the standards and parameters for operation of all aspects of child care services and related programs of CCR&Rs. All licensed child care centers and registered family child care providers in the State are inspected and held accountable to specific requirements by the DCF, Office of Licensing or the appropriate CCR&R sponsoring agency.

The Division conducts periodic monitoring of all CCR&Rs and Community Care Voucher Center (CCVC) child care centers to ensure that policy and procedures are followed. The monitoring actitivies include but are not limited to:

- Development of targeted technical assistance and training
- Establishment of policy workgroups in conjunction with CCR&Rs
- Creation of Fiscal Management Team who meet with the fiscal officers quarterly.
- Reformation of joint policy reviews to provide ongoing policy clarification
- · Revision of Child Care Operations Manual.
- Development of targeted monitoring that focuses on operational procedures and processes at the CCR&R.

**1.3.2.** Describe the processes the Lead Agency will use to monitor all sub-recipients. Lead Agencies that use other governmental or non-governmental sub-recipients to administer the program must have written agreements in place outlining roles and responsibilities for meeting CCDF requirements. (98.11 (a) (3))

**Definition:** A sub-recipient (including a sub-contractor and or sub-grantee) is a non-Federal entity that expends Federal awards (contract or grant) received from another entity to carry out a Federal program, but does not include a vendor nor does it include an individual who is a beneficiary of such a program. OMB Circular A-133 Section 210 provides additional information on the characteristics of a **sub-recipient and vendor** (http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a133\_compliance\_supplement\_2010). The description of monitoring may include, but is not limited to, a discussion of written agreements, fiscal management, review of policies and procedures to ensure compliance with CCDF regulations, monitoring/auditing contractors or grantees to ensure that eligible children are served and eligibility documentation is verified, and establishing performance indicators or measures related to improper payments.

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Describe:

The Division conducts periodic monitoring of all CCR&Rs and provides on-site training and technical assistance to child care centers to ensure that policy and procedures are followed. For example, provider eligibility monitoring is conducted quarterly, health and safety is conducted annually in addition to collaboration with the Office of Licensing, repayment/recoupment monitoring is conducted quarterly, and applicant eligibility monitoring is conducted quarterly.

All CCR&Rs are required to submit copies of all outside audits to DFD as part of their contract requirements. All licensed child care centers and registered family child care providers in the State are inspected and held accountable to specific requirements by the DCF, Office of Licensing or the appropriate CCR&R sponsoring agency.

A prescriptive list of requirements hold CCR&Rs accountable to ensure that the grantee complies with all policies and procedures set forth by the Division. DFD meets on a quarterly basis with all CCR&Rs and Community Care Voucher Center Directors. Furthermore, DFD has ongoing meetings with the CCVC Policy Development Board (PDB) to discuss program and policies.

In addition, the Child Care Specialists provide technical assistance, policy clarification, and onsite monitoring to the child care providers. Child Care Specialists also participate in ongoing county and regional level provider meetings.

1.3.3. Describe the activities the Lead Agency will have in place to identify program violations and administrative error to ensure program integrity using the chart below. Program violations may include intentional and unintentional client and/or provider violations as defined by the Lead Agency. Administrative error refers to areas identified through the Error Rate Review process (98.100). Check which activities, if any, the Lead Agency has chosen to conduct.

Type of Activity	Identify Program Violations	Identify Administrative Error
Share/match data from other programs (e.g. TANF, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), Medicaid))	V	
Share/match data from other databases (e.g., State Directory of New Hires, Social Security Administration, Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS))	✓	V
Run system reports that flag errors (include types)	☑	☑
Review of attendance or billing records	✓	V
Audit provider records	V	

Conduct quality control or quality assurance reviews	☑	☑
Conduct on-site visits to providers or sub-recipients to review attendance or enrollment documents		
Conduct supervisory staff reviews	☑	
Conduct data mining to identify trends	<b>S</b>	
Train staff on policy and/or audits	N N	
Other. Describe		
None		
For any option the Lead Agency checked in the chart above other than none,		

As a result of share/match data from the programs and databases such as Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DLW) and Unemployment Insurance Benefits (UIB), program violations and administrative errors are identified and in turn used for overpayment collections and subsequent agency corrective action.

If the Lead Agency checked none, please describe what measures the Lead Agency has or plans to put in place to address program integrity:

1.3.4. What strategies will the Lead Agency use to investigate and collect improper payments due to program violations or administrative error? Check and describe in the chart below which strategies, if any, the Lead Agency will use for each of the following areas: Unintentional program violations (UPV), intentional program violations (IPV) and/or fraud, and administrative error as defined in your State/Territory. The Lead Agency has the flexibility to recover misspent funds as a result of errors. The Lead Agency is required to recover misspent funds as a result of fraud (98.60(i)).

Strategy	UPV	IPV and/or Fraud	Administrative Error
Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount in improper payment. Identify the minimum dollar amount: \$		✓	

Coordinate with and refer to other State/Territory agency (e.g. State/Territory collection agency, law enforcement). Describe:		<	
NJ now uses the Set Off Individual Liability (SOIL) system to collect unpaid debts resulting from an unpaid repayment parent debt that resulted from overpayment.			
Recover through repayment plans	<b>▽</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>▽</b>
Reduce payments in the subsequent months			
Recover through State/Territory tax intercepts			П
Recover through other means. Describe:			□
Electronic Payment System			
Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments. Describe composition of unit:	<b>▽</b>	<b>▽</b>	
Each CCR&R is responsible for investigating and collecting improper payments with State oversight.			
Other. Describe:			
None			

For any option the Lead Agency checked in the chart above other than none, please describe:

New Jersey has in place the following repayment policies and procedures:

• Recovery of any parent/applicant overpayment, which may have occurred when funds were erroneously paid, on behalf of a family, to a child care provider whenever the family and/or child was ineligible to receive benefits from the child care subsidy program, through a signed repayment agreement with the parent/applicant.

- Child care provider overpayments occur when funds have been erroneously paid, but the eligibility of the family or child is not affected.
- Child Care Resource Agencies are now participating agencies in the New Jersey Set Off Individual
  Liability (SOIL) program. Failure by a parent/applicant to begin making specified payments (via the
  repayment agreement) to the CCR&R results in the overpayment claim being forwarded to the SOIL
  program, whereby the Department of Revenue notifies the parent/applicant that any potential state tax
  refund or rebate due to the taxpayer will be used to offset any overpayment made (child care debt).

# 1.3.5. What type of sanction, if any, will the Lead Agency place on clients and providers to help reduce improper payments due to program violations?

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Disqualify client.

If checked, please describe, including a description of the appeal process for clients who are disqualified

Clients who are disqualified can appeal through the Child Care Resource and Referal Center, or can request an administrative review at DFD within ten days of the notice of termination.

Disqualify provider.

If checked, please describe, including a description of the appeal process for providers who are disqualified

#### **PROVIDER SANCTION PROCESS**

If there has been an allegation of E-Child Care (ECC) related misconduct, the CCR&R's must contact DFD staff by email or phone. DFD staff will review and research the information to determine the level of investigation required and warranted. Staff may also conduct an unannounced visit.

Instances of program or ECC violations that are substantiated can result in one or more of the following:

- Written warning notice,
- Required submission of a time-phased corrective action plan
- Suspension for a set period of time up to eighteen months and prohibiting any more families receiving subsidies to enroll at the provider. Providers will not be able to be selected by a family receiving a child care subsidy while they are in suspension status.
- Termination from the child care program and prohibition from receiving government child care payments or subsidy;
- Referral for criminal investigation and/or recoupment of improper or fraudulent payments.

A provider who is disqualified disqualified can appeal through the Child Care Resource and Referal Center, or can request an administrative review at DFD within ten days of the notice of termination.

PROVIDER OR AFFILIATE EXCLUSION FROM PARTICIPATION IN THE NEW JERSEY CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SUSPENSION, DEBARMENT AND DISQUALIFICATION) – APPLIES TO PROVIDERS ONLY

Pursuant to N.J.A.C.10:84-2.1 et seq. and Executive Order #34 (Governor Brendan Byrne, 1976), DHS may suspend, debar, or disqualify a Provider, Provider Agency or Affiliate of a Provider Agency from

contracting with the Division of Family Development on the basis of lack of responsibility as evidenced by an offense, failure, or inadequacy of performance, for a reasonable period of time commensurate with the seriousness of the offense, failure, or inadequacy of performance. Suspension or debarment causes include, but are not limited to: the violation of State or Federal laws incident to obtaining a contract or in the performance of a contract; State or Federal offenses indicating a lack of business integrity or honesty; willful failure to perform or a record of failure to perform in accordance with the contracting terms; and any other cause affecting responsibility as a State contractor of such a serious and compelling nature as may be determined by DHS. The decision to suspend, debar, or disqualify a Provider, Provider Agency or Affiliate thereof is within the discretion of DHS, unless otherwise provided by law, and shall be rendered in the best interests of the State.

### **Provider Disqualification**

- (a) A provider shall be disqualified from participation as a child care provider if:[Type text]
- (1) The provider is convicted of fraud by the court pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10:15-10;
- (2) The provider has been found to have committed fraud by an investigation conducted by the local CCR&R or DHS or DFD; or
- (3) The provider has been found to have made or furnished false or misleading statements to the local CCR&R or DHS or DFD; or
- (4) The provider has been found to have made errors in completing the provider discrepancy form after the following has occurred:
- a. The provider has received a notification from the local CCR&R or DFD staff describing errors that have been identified and how to complete the form correctly;
- b. The provider has received mandated training regarding how to bill correctly; and
- c. The provider has received a letter of warning regarding the requirement to bill correctly or be terminated.
- (5) The provider's child care license or certificate was denied or revoked for furnishing or making false or misleading statements or reports to the Office of Licensing (OOL) pursuant to Licensing regulations;
- (6) The provider fails to comply with the Parent Applicant Provider Agreement (PAPA) as specified in the provider handbook;
- (7) The health or safety of a child is endangered as a result of the provider's care, as detailed in the Manual of Requirements for Child Care Centers (N.J.A.C. 10:122) or the Manual of Requirements for Family Child Care Providers (N.J.A.C.10:126).
- (b) If a child care provider is disqualified in accordance with (a) above and commits fraud, as specified in the Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) Final Rule, in any program administered by DHS or DFD, then the provider shall be disqualified to participate as a child care provider or receive any state funds under that program for a period of not less than **1 year**. If a child care provider has had his/her child care license or certificate denied or revoked pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10:15- 10.2, then the provider will not be eligible to receive child care payment.
- (c) Any provider who has been disqualified in accordance with (a) above shall be sent written notice from DFD regarding the disqualification as follows:
- (1) The notice shall be sent via certified mail to the provider informing him/her of the date the disqualification shall be effective;
- (2) The notice shall include the reason(s) for the disqualification; and
- (3) The notice shall include information about the provider's right to appeal the disqualification in accordance with DFD adverse action procedures.[Type text]
- (d) The effective date of the disqualification shall be either:
- (1) The effective date shown in the disqualification notice as described in (c)(1);
- (2) If an appeal has been requested and the hearing officer upholds the decision by DFD, the date the hearing decision has been rendered; or
- (3) If the basis for the disqualification is (a)(7) above, then the disqualification shall be immediate.
- (e) The provider will not receive child care payments during an appeal, and if the disqualification decision is upheld by the DFD hearing officer or applicable appeals procedure, the provider shall repay any overpayment.
- (f) If the DFD hearing officer or applicable appeals procedure finds in favor of the provider, then the

disqualification shall not take effect, from the date of the final decision.

- (g) Any parent, caretaker relative, or legal guardian eligible under the Child Care Services Manual (N.J.A.C 10:15) for child care services, who is utilizing the child care services of a provider who has been disqualified due to fraud by DHS/DFD shall be notified via mail that:
- (1) The provider does not meet the minimum requirements to operate as a child care provider;
- (2) DHS/DFD shall deny child care payment to the provider;
- (3) DHS/DFD advises that other child care arrangements shall be made and to contact a child care resource and referral agency.
- \*\*\* Please note, the aforementioned language applies except as otherwise noted in N.J.A.C.10:84-2.1(d) detailing Exclusion From Contract Participation in the New Jersey Department of Human Services, Division of Family Development Programs, Pilot Projects or Initiatives (Suspension, Debarment, and Disqualification).

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Other.

Describe.

DFD is currently developing policies governing Noncompliance with Child Care Program Mandates. The scope of the anticipated policies will cover qualifying reasons for reducing, suspending, or discontinuing child care services, procedural guidelines for providing notice to parents/providers prior to any reduction, suspension or discontinuation, and due process procedures for filing an appeal.

1.3.6 Based on responses provided from Question 14 in the most recent ACF-402 report, please describe those actions the Lead Agency has taken or plans to take to reduce identified errors in the table below. Territories not required to complete the Error Rate Review should mark

N/A here

Activities identified in ACF-402	Cause/Type of Error (if known)	Actions Taken or Planned	Completion Date (Actual or planned) (if known)
Administrative Errors	<ol> <li>Causes include, policy changes and lack of clarification.</li> <li>Missing signatures and/or dates</li> </ol>	Policy Clarification and Training, Revised policies, Increased Desk Audits, Standardized Forms	DFD is in development of phase of scheduling the various strategies to begin July 2013.
Payment Errors	<ol> <li>Incorrect calculation of income.</li> <li>Incorrect assessment of co-payment.</li> <li>Paystubs outside of required timeframe.</li> </ol>	Policy Clarification and Training, Revised policies, Increased Desk Audits, Standardized Forms.	DFD is in development of phase of scheduling the various strategies to begin July 2013.

### 1.4 Consultation in the Development of the CCDF Plan

State/Territory pre-kindergarten programs (if applicable), programs serving school-age children (including 21st Century Community

Learning Centers), or higher education.

Lead Agencies are required to *consult* with appropriate agencies in the development of its CCDF Plan (§98.12, §98.14(a),(b), §98.16(d)).

**Definition:** Consultation involves the meeting with or otherwise obtaining input from an appropriate agency in the development of the State or Territory CCDF Plan. At a minimum, Lead Agencies must consult with representatives of general purpose local governments. (§§98.12(b), 98.14(a)(1))

# 1.4.1 Identify and describe in the table below who the Lead Agency consulted with in the development of the CCDF Plan (658D(b)(2), §§98.12(b), 98.14(b)).

Agency/Entity	Describe how the Lead Agency consulted with this Agency/entity in developing the CCDF Plan	
Representatives of general purpose local government (required)	Drafts were circulated to State Interdepartmental Agency Committee comprised of local county Human Services Advisory Councils, Department of Education, Department of Health, Department of	
This may include, but is not limited to: representatives from counties and municipalities, local human service agencies, local education representatives (e.g., school districts), or local public health agencies.	Children and Families, etc.	
For the remaining agencies, check and de Agency has chosen to consult with in the		
State/Territory agency responsible for public education	Young Children¿s Council, The Statewide Afterschool Network, NJ School Age Child Care Coalition, NJ Statewide Parent Advocacy Network, NJ Association Child Care Resource & Referral	
This may include, but is not limited to,	Agencies, Professional Impact of NJ.	

State/Territory agency responsible for programs for children with special needs  This may include, but is not limited to: State/Territory early intervention programs authorized under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (Part C for infants and toddlers and Section 619 for preschool), or other State/Territory agencies that support children with special needs	Information is shared with Map To Inclusive Child Care Organization and IDEA representative who sits on State Interdepartmental Agency Committee.
State/Territory agency responsible for licensing (if separate from the Lead Agency)	NJ Department of Children and Families Office of Licensing (OOL) has regular input into DFD child care.
State/Territory agency with the Head Start Collaboration grant	Input is received from NJ Department of Education and the Head Start Collaboration. DHS, DOE, and Head Start monthly.
Statewide Advisory Council authorized by the Head Start Act	Input from the Young Children¿s Council which is in but not of the NJ Department of Education.
Other Federal, State, local, Tribal (if applicable), and/or private agencies providing early childhood and schoolage/youth-serving developmental services	NJ School Age Child Care Coalition provides direct input.
State/Territory agency responsible for the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	NJ Department of Agriculture through the CCR&Rs and child care providers provide input through the nutrition service.
State/Territory agency responsible for implementing the Maternal and Early Childhood Home Visitation programs grant	NJ Department of Children and Families, Office of Early Intervention Services.
State/Territory agency responsible for public health (including the agency responsible for immunizations and programs that promote children's emotional and mental health)	NJ Department of Health has input to DFD Child Care when health issues arise.
State/Territory agency responsible for child welfare	NJ Department of Children and Families provides input through OOL.
State/Territory liaison for military child care programs or other military child care representatives	

State/Territory agency	, roon anaihla far	NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development, through DFD TANF directly.
State/Territory agency responsible for employment services/workforce		Development, through bir bir Aivir directly.
development		
		DFD is the TANF agency and has direct input into
State/Territory agency responsible for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)		the development of the CCDF Plan for TANF recipients.
	Indian Tribes/Tribal Organizations	N/A
	<b>☑</b>	
	N/A: No such entities exist within the boundaries of the State	
☑	, =	DFD has funded the NJSACC as a state-wide
Private agencies/entities including national initiatives that the Lead Agency is participating in such as BUILD, Strengthening Families, Mott Statewide After-school Networks, Ready by 21		network for school-age care for over 11 years. With additional funding, NJSACC has served as Mott funded Statewide After-school Network for over 4 years.  DFD also participates in the Strengthening Families program.
П		
Provider groups, associations or labor organizations		
П		
Parent groups or organizations		
<b>☑</b>		New Jersey Association of Child Care Resource
Local community organization, and		and Referral Agencies (NJACCRRA), has input
institutions (child care resource and referral,		through the CCR&R Directors and is a participating
Red Cross)		organization through the public hearing process.
Other		

1.4.2. Describe the Statewide/Territory-wide public hearing process held to provide the public an opportunity to comment on the provision of child care services under this Plan. (658D(b)(1)(C), §§98.14(C)). At a minimum, the description should include:

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

a) Date(s) of notice of public hearing: 05/24/2013

Reminder - Must be at least 20 days prior to the date of the public hearing.

b) How was the public notified about the public hearing? Written notice of the hearings were provided to the broad child care community, consisting of, CCR&Rs, and licensed/registered child care

providers, via direct e-mail and DFD Information Transmittal Letters and DHS public notice web site. Prior to the hearings, copies of the CCDF State Plan were made available to child care advisory groups including NJACCRRA and the Policy Development Board (PDB) through the DFD Child Care web site. The State Plan Public Hearing notice was made available on the Internet at the DHS DFD web site:c) Date(s) of public hearing(s): 06/12/2013

- Reminder Must be no earlier than 9 months before effective date of Plan (October 1, 2013).
- d) Hearing site(s) The Northern Region public hearing was held at: Middlesex County College, Crabiel Hall, 2600 Woodbridge Avenue, Edison, NJ, June 12, 2013 from 9:00 a.m.to 4:00 p.m; The Southern Region public hearing was held at: the Camden County One Stop Career Center Auditorium, 2600 Mount Ephraim Blvd, Suite 105, Camden, NJ, June 13, 2013 from 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.
- e) How was the content of the Plan made available to the public in advance of the public hearing(s)? Written notice of the hearings including the web site where the draft CCDF State Plan was posted was provided to the broad child care community, consisting of, CCR&Rs, and licensed/registered child care providers, via DFD Information Transmittal Letters and official notice via the DHS DFD web site. Prior to the hearings, copies of the CCDF State Plan public hearings notice were distributed to several child care advisory groups including NJACCRRA and Policy Development Board (PDB). The State Plan was made available throughout the state via the internet, at the DHS DFD web site:
- f) How will the information provided by the public be taken into consideration in the provision of child care services under this Plan? All information provided by the public will be taken into consideration and will be summarized as an appendix to the CCDF State Plan.
- **1.4.3. Describe any strategies used by the Lead Agency to increase public consultation on the Plan or access to the public hearing.** For example, translating the public hearing notice into multiple languages, using a variety of sites or technology (e.g., video) for the public hearing, holding the hearing at times to accommodate parent and provider work schedules.

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Adequate advance notice is given for parent/provider participation in the DHS CCDF State plan public hearings. Notices in English and Spanish are distributed to the following child care entities: The 15 CCR&Rs share with applicants, providers and provider groups;

Parents, providers and child care advocate agencies are all encouraged to voice their input and comments to the CCDF plan. DFD will utilize existing platforms such as Inter-agency workgroup, the NJ Council for Young Children, and the local parent councils to provide opportunities for input on the Plan.

### 1.5. Coordination Activities to Support the Implementation of CCDF Services

Lead Agencies are required to coordinate with other Federal, State, local, Tribal (if

applicable) and private agencies providing child care and early childhood development services

**Definition** - Coordination involves child care and early childhood and school-age development services efforts to work across multiple entities, both public and private (such as in connection with a State Early Childhood Comprehensive System (SECCS) grant or the State Advisory Council funded under the Head Start Act of 2007). (658D(b)(1)(D), §§98.12(a), 98.14(a)(1))

Note: Descriptions of how governments are organized for each State are provided at: http://www2.census.gov/govs/cog/all\_ind\_st\_descr.pdf.

# 1.5.1. Identify and describe in the table below with whom the Lead Agency coordinates in the delivery of child care and early childhood and school-age services (§98.14(a)(1)).

(0	gency/Entity check all that oply)	Describe how the Lead Agency will coordinate with this Agency/entity in delivering child care and early childhood services	Describe the goals or results you are expecting from the coordination  Examples might include increased supply of full-day/full-year services, aligned eligibility policies, blended funding, or access to more training and technical assistance resources shared across agencies.
	Representatives of general purpose local government  This may include, but is not limited to: representatives from counties and municipalities, local education representatives, or local public health agencies.		Advise DHS of dedicated voucher process as well as early care and education needs in their local county.

	State/Territor y agency responsible for public education (required)	NJ Coalition of School Age Programs	Technical assistance is provided to all 21 <sup>St</sup> Century CLC programs in NJ and any afterschool program requiring assistance.
	This may include, but is not limited to, State/Territor y pre-kindergarten programs (if applicable), programs serving school-age children (including 21st Century Community Learning Centers), or higher education.		
₽	Other Federal, State, local, Tribal (if applicable), and/or private agencies providing early childhood and school- age/youth- serving development al services (required)	The Accreditation Facilitation Project of New Jersey was established to increase the availability of and access to high quality early childhood programs by increasing the number of centers accredited by the National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC). The statewide accreditation project is a unique public/private partnership formed by Professional Impact New Jersey and DFD in collaboration with private funders.	To increase the availability of and access to high quality early childhood programs.

	State/Territor y agency responsible for public health (required)	NJ Department of Health	The NJParentLink is a website used for the communication of various early care and education services to both parents and professionals. The public is able to post questions about childcare services and health services including required immunizations for young children.
V	This may include, but is not limited to, the agency responsible for immunization s and programs that promote children's emotional and mental health		
V	State/Territor y agency responsible for employment services / workforce development (required)	Professional Impact of NJ, and CCR&R	Develops a career lattice and core competencies for the child care practitioner workforce. DFD funds CCR&Rs with training dollars to provide professional development to the workforce.
V		Division of Family Development	TANF is administered by the local county welfare agencies (CWAs). They refer applicants to the CCR&Rs for child care services. In addition, both entities have access to the same eligibility child care system. In some counties, the CCR&Rs and CWAs are co-located to better coordinate services and expedite child care services.

	T 1	T	I
	Indian	N/A	N/A
	Tribes/Tribal		
	Organizations		
	(required)		
1200	N/A: No such		
	entities exist		
	within the		
	boundaries of		
	the State		
		g agencies, check and describe (	
		s chosen to coordinate early child	dhood and school-age service
uel	ivery State/Territor	The Department of Education, Office of	The Collaboration Director is an active
	y agency	Early Care and Education	member of the Policy Development
	with the		Board and coordinates with DFD membership on the Head Start Advisory
1331	Head Start		Council.
	Collaboration grant		
	State/Territory	N/A	N/A
	agency responsible for		
	Race to the Top		
	- Early Learning		
	Challenge (RTT		
	-ELC)		
	N/A:		
	State/Territor		
	y does not		
	participate in		
	RTT-ELC		
		New Jersey Department of Agriculture	The agency provides free and reduced
_	y agency		food services for income eligible children in child care centers.
	responsible for the Child		and data dations.
	and Adult		
	Care Food		
	Program		
	(CACFP)		

	State/Territor y agency responsible for programs for children with special needs	Statewide Parent Advocacy Network	This agency provides training and technical assistance to programs that serve children with disabilities and programs that are interested in including children with special needs into their programs.
	This may include, but is not limited to: State/Territor y early intervention programs authorized under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (Part C for infants and toddlers and Section 619 for preschool), or other State/Territor y agencies that support children with special needs		
V	State/Territor y agency responsible for implementing the Maternal and Early Childhood Home Visitation programs grant	Division of Early Prevention Services within Department of Children and Families	Administers this grant and works closely with DHS, TANF Initiative for Parents (TIP) to provide home visitation to TANF Parents.
V	State/Territor y agency responsible for child welfare	The Department of Children and Families, Division of Child Protection and Permanency.	Child Protective Services are provided for children in foster placement and child care as required per their case plan.

	State/Territor y liaison for military child care programs or		
	other military child care representativ es		
V	Private agencies/enti ties including national initiatives that the Lead Agency is participating in such as BUILD, Strengthenin g Families, Mott Statewide After-school Networks, Ready by 21	New Jersey School Age Childcare Coalition and Department of Children and Families	Technical assistance is provided to all school-age programs through the MOTT Statewide AfterSchool Network. The Strengthening Families Initiative provides training and technical assistance on implementing the 5 protective factors into their program.
V	Local community organizations (child care resource and referral, Red Cross)	CCR&R	Provides child care resource and referral services, parent counseling and education, provider training and subsidy eligibility determination.
V	Provider groups, associations or labor organizations	Child Care Workers Union (CCWU)	Provides arbitration for home based providers regarding payment issues and appeals.
V	Parent groups or organizations	New Jersey Department of Human Services and the Department of Education	Family Workers provide home visiting services, parent education workshops, and goal setting for families and their young children.
	Other		

**1.5.2. Does the State/Territory have a formal early childhood and/or school-age coordination plan?** Lead Agencies are not required to have an early childhood nor a school-age coordination plan, but the State/Territory may have such plans for other purposes, including fulfilling requirements of other programs.

Yes. If yes,	
F 1	Provide the name of the entity responsible for the coordination plan(s):  NJ School Age Coalition Collaboration (SACC) for Program Enhancement, the NJ  Council for Young Children, and DOE WRAP
]   	Describe the age groups addressed by the plan(s):  n cooperation with the NJDOE and the Secretary of State's Office, the NJSACC Coalition provides enhanced technical assistance to SACC programs that have service learning programs for children ages 5 to 13 years of age.
1	The NJ Council for Young Children recommends program services and integration of systems and standards for ages 0 - 8
	OOE Wrap provides early care and education services to children ages 3 - 5 as well as supports for working families.
   	ndicate whether this entity also operates as the State Advisory Council (as authorized under the Head Start Act of 2007):  Yes
	☑ No d)
	Provide a web address for the plan(s), if available:
□No	
coordination acr	State/Territory have a designated entity(ies) responsible for ross early childhood and school-age programs? (658D(b)(1)(D), eck which entity(ies), if any, the State/Territory has chosen to designate.
	Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
State/Territory force/commission	-wide early childhood and/or school-age cabinet/advisory council/task
If yes, describe e	entity, age groups and the role of the Lead Agency
departmental Agenc	sion (made up of 4 Commissioners from DOH, DHS, DOE, and DCF) and State Inter- y develop and implement a plan to improve the state's coordination and quality of ses for children from birth to school entry.
☑ State Advisory	Council (as described under the Head Start Act of 2007).
If yes, describe e	entity, age groups and the role of the Lead Agency

school entry.
Local Coordination/Council
If yes, describe entity, age groups and the role of the Lead Agency
NJ is currently in the process of developing a local council.
There is a policy workgroup that was formed consisting of members from DFD, NJ Council of Young Children, Head Start, and advocates for children of NJ charged with the development of a policy agenda for infants and toddlers in NJ.
□ Other
Describe
□ None
1.5.4 Does the Lead Agency conduct or plan to conduct activities to encourage public-private partnerships that promote private sector involvement in meeting child care needs? (§98.16(d))
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
Yes .  If yes, <b>describe</b> these activities or planned activities, including the tangible results expected from the public-private partnership:

The New Jersey Council for Young Children enables NJ to develop and implement a plan to improve the

and serves as the State Advisory Council for Early Education and Care. It provides recommendations and strategic plan to improve coordination and quality of programs and services for children from birth to

state's coordination and quality of programs and services for children from birth to school entry,

The Accreditation Facilitation Project of New Jersey was established to increase the availability of and

As part of their contract requirement, Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies support employers interested in developing on-site or near-site employer-supported child care centers or other family-supportive benefits in the workplace (e.g., consortium arrangements for child care, voucher programs,

flextime programs, etc.) and by providing training, technical assistance and support;

access to high quality early childhood programs by increasing the number of centers accredited by the National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC). The statewide accreditation project is a unique public/private partnership formed by Professional Impact New Jersey and DFD in collaboration with private partners.

DFD is engaged in private/public partnerships with the implementation of Grow NJ Kids, New Jersey's quality rating improvement system scheduled for test drive Summer of 2013. This partnership has lead to local quality initiatives aimed at improving Family Child Care and Center Based programs.

The State Employment and Training Commission as well as corporations such as AT&T, Johnson & Johnson, Hartz Mountain, Merck, Novartis, and Prudential, and entities such as the U.S. Military have been instrumental in shaping innovative policies that respond to the needs of both the public and private sector.

BUILD supports early care and education programs to developm and early childhood system. DFD has participated in training, webinars, conferences and table top learning sponsored by BUILD. In addition, DFD has representation on the committee.

□ No

### 1.6. Child Care Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan

It is recommended, but not required, that each Lead Agency develop a plan to address preparedness, response, and recovery efforts specific to child care services and programs. Plans should cover the following areas: 1) planning for continuation of services to CCDF families; 2) coordination with other State/Territory agencies and key partners; 3) emergency preparedness regulatory requirements for child care providers; 4) provision of temporary child care services after a disaster; and 5) rebuilding child care after a disaster. For further guidance on developing Child Care Emergency Preparedness and Response Plans see the Information Memorandum (CCDF-ACF-IM-2011-01) located on the Office of Child Care website at: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/im-2011-01

# 1.6.1. Indicate which of the following best describes the current status of your efforts in this area. Check only ONE.

▶ Planning. Indicate whether steps are under way to develop a plan. If so, describe the ime frames for completion and/or implementation, the steps anticipated and how the plan will be coordinated with other emergency planning efforts within the State/Territory.							
<b>Developed.</b> A plan has been developed as of <b>[insert date]</b> : and put into operation as of <b>[insert date]</b> :, if available. Provide a web address for this plan, if available:							
□ Other.							

#### **Describe:**

The Division of Family Development has convened an emergency preparedness development committee, consisting of partners from various state departments including the Department of Human Services Central Office, Department of Children and Families, Office of Licensing, various bureaus within DFD and key members of county CCR&Rs throughout New Jersey.

The committee has reviewed each CCR&R emergency preparedness plan. DFD is in the process of developing statewide policies and guidance based upon the ACF –IM-2011-01 memorandum. This plan will be coordinated with the Office of Emergency Management at the Department level.

The committee is presently meeting on a quarterly basis, until a draft plan and policy are developed.

1.6.2. Indicate which of the core elements identified in the Information Memorandum are or will be covered in the Lead Agency child care emergency preparedness and response plan. Check which elements, if any, the Lead Agency includes in the plan.

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

CCDF SUBSIDY PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION
PART 2
□ None
Restoring or rebuilding child care facilities and infrastructure after a disaster
☑ Provision of temporary child care services after a disaster
Emergency preparedness regulatory requirements for child care providers
☑ Coordination with other State/Territory agencies and key partners
☑ Planning for continuation of services to CCDF families

## 2.1 Administration of the Program

The Lead Agency has broad authority to administer (i.e., establish rules) and operate (i.e., implement activities) the CCDF program through other governmental, non-governmental, or other public or private local agencies as long as it retains overall responsibility for the administration of the program. (658D(b), §98.11(a))

2.1.1. Which of the following CCDF program rules and policies are set or established at the State/Territory versus the local level? Identify the level at which the following CCDF program rules and policies are established.
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
Eligibility rules and policies (e.g., income limits) are set by the:  State/Territory  Local entity.  If checked, identify the type of policies the local entity(ies) can set
Other. Describe:
<ul> <li>✓ Sliding fee scale is set by the:</li> <li>✓ State/Territory</li> <li>✓ Local entity.</li> <li>If checked, identify the type of policies the local entity(ies) can set</li> </ul>
Other. Describe:
Payment rates are set by the:  State/Territory Local entity.  If checked, identify the type of policies the local entity(ies) can set
Other. Describe:
2.1.2. How is the CCDE program energted in your State/Torritory? In the table below

**2.1.2.** How is the CCDF program operated in your State/Territory? In the table below, identify which agency(ies) performs these CCDF services and activities.

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Implementation of CCDF Services/Activities

Who determines eligibility?
<b>Note:</b> If different for families receiving TANF benefits and families not receiving TANF
benefits, please describe:
21 County Welfare Agencies (CWAs) and Boards of Social Services (BSS) determine eligibility for families receiving TANF benefits. 15 Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies serving 21 counties determine eligibility for families not receiving TANF benefits.
Agency (Check all that apply)
CCDF Lead Agency
TANF agency
Other State/Territory agency.
Describe:
Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments
☑ Child care resource and referral agencies
Community-based organizations
☐ Other.
Describe:
Who assists parents in locating child care (consumer education)?
Agency (Check all that apply)  ☑ CCDF Lead Agency
▼ TANF agency
Other State/Territory agency.
Describe:
15 Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies serving 21 counties, as well as the 21 CWAs and BSS refer those TANF clients with child care needs to the CCR&Rs.
The 21 CWAs and BSS will refer parents/applicants to the CCR&Rs in their counties to assist with locating child care services. Some CCR&Rs are co-located with the CWAs and BSS.
☑ Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments
Child care resource and referral agencies
Community-based organizations
✓ Other.
Describe:
*The NJ School Age Child Care Coalition (NJSACC) receives frequent inquiries from families requesting child care referrals through their web site. NJSACC redirects these families to their local county CCR&R.
Who issues payments?
Agency (Check all that apply)  ☑ CCDF Lead Agency
□ TANF agency
Other State/Territory agency.

Describe:
Payments are made electronically through Xerox directly to provider bank accounts. Payments are recorded and generated through an electronic swiping system via an IVR or POS device. DFD Fisc Office also generates a biweekly expenditure spending summary that illustrates payments issued at eac CCR&R. DFD Contracts Office also conducts a monthly review of the EPPIC Disbursement Summary Report. Annual monitoring is also conducted.
Local government agencies such as county welfare or social services departments
Child care resource and referral agencies
Community-based organizations
Other.
Describe:
CCR&Rs also have authority to make payment adjustments. However, all payments are issued electronically by Xerox.
Describe to whom is the payment issued (e.g., parent or provider) and how are payments distributed (e.g., electronically, cash, etc)
Providers receive electronic direct deposits via E-Child Care (ECC) by Xerox.
Other. List and describe:
2.2. Family Outreach and Application Process  Lead Agencies must inform parents of eligible children and the general public of the process by which they can apply for and potentially receive child care services. (658D(b)(1)(A), 658E(c)(2)(D) & (3)(B), §§98.16(k), 98.30(a)-(e). Note - For any information in questions 2.2.1 through 2.2.10 that differs or will differ for families receiving TANF, please describe in 2.2.11.  2.2.1. By whom and how are parents informed of the availability of child care assistance services under CCDF? (658E(c)(2)(A), §98.30(a)) Check all agencies and strategies that will be used in your State/Territory.
Effective Date: 01-OCT-1
<ul> <li>CCDF Lead Agency</li> <li>TANF offices</li> <li>Other government offices</li> <li>Child care resource and referral agencies</li> <li>Contractors</li> <li>Community-based organizations</li> <li>Public schools</li> <li>Internet</li> <li>(provide website): http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dfd/programs/child/index.html</li> </ul>
☐ Promotional materials ☐ Community outreach meetings, workshops or other in-person meetings

Radio and/or television Print media Other. escribe:
IJ School Age Childcare Coalition receives frequent inquiries from families requesting child care ferrals as a result of the NJSACC optimized web site. NJSACC redirects these families to their local bunty CCR&R.
tp://www.njsacc.org/
The New Jersey ParentLink website receives frequent inquiries regarding child care availability and ose families are referred to their local CCR&R.
tp://NJParentLink.NJ.GOV/ tp://njaccrra.org
<b>2.2. How can parents apply for CCDF services?</b> Check all application methods that our State/Territory has chosen to implement.
our State/Territory has chosen to implement.
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13  In person interview or orientation By mail By Phone/Fax Through the Internet
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13  In person interview or orientation By mail By Phone/Fax Through the Internet provide website):  By Email Through a State/Territory Agency Through an organization contracted by the State/Territory Other.

2.2.3. Describe how the Lead Agency provides consumer education to parents applying for CCDF assistance to promote informed choices about the quality of care provided by various providers in their communities.

Lead Agencies must certify that the State/Territory will collect and disseminate to parents of eligible children and the general public, consumer education information that will promote informed child care choices (658E (c)(2)(G), §98.33).

For example, memorandums of understanding with resource and referral agencies to provide consumer education to families applying for CCDF assistance, providing parents with provider lists showing licensing history and/or Quality Rating and Improvement System (QRIS) ratings, or informational brochures that address importance of quality and different care options available.

#### Parent Consumer Education:

- -The CCR&Rs are under contract to increase public awareness through parent education of child care services available; and to assist parents to become informed consumers by providing information on the availability of quality child care services;
- -This promotes the availability of different kinds of child care services in each county, licensed child care, family child care and approved home care;
- -Parent Consumer Education provides for Yellow Pages ads, billboards, and other advertising in the media;
- -Parent Consumer Education has resulted in Public Service Announcements, advertisements in newspapers and periodicals, and a brochure on choosing quality child care.
- -Parent Consumer Education is evaluated during the annual CCR&R monitoring process and discussed at quarterly meetings.

# 2.2.4. Describe how the Lead Agency will support child care programs to increase the likelihood that CCDF-served children receive higher quality care as defined in your State/Territory.

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For example, methods used to promote upward movement in quality rating and improvement system, methods used to encourage high quality programs to participate in the subsidy program such as tiered reimbursement, or incentives used to support high quality programs in rural, suburban, urban, and low-income communities.

As an incentive to increase the quality of child care in New Jersey, the rates the State pays to licensed child care centers, registered family child care homes and summer camps that have achieved national accreditation are increased by 5 percent over the maximum rates for those centers, registered family child care homes, and summer camps meeting basic licensing requirements.

Phase In requiring CCDF programs to use the State EL standards, provide curriculum training to providers and practitioners, provide targeted technical assistance to providers to improve their programs. DFD will offer QI activities such as, trainings, informal assessments, EL curriculum training, offer scholarships to practitioners to advance their education, and promote the benefits of quality program material (outreach marketing campaign). With the pilot test drive Grow NJ, include 56 providers.

Performance Standard—inform and educate parents about higher quality components in alignment with NJ Grow Kids Standards (i.e. competencies-learning environment and curricula, assessments environment and child interaction, health and safety stepping stones health and safety indicators, etc.)

# **2.2.5. Describe how the Lead Agency promotes access to the CCDF subsidy program?** Check the strategies that will be implemented by your State/Territory.

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<ul> <li>✓ Provide access to program office/workers such as by:</li> <li>✓ Providing extended office hours</li> <li>✓ Accepting applications at multiple office locations</li> <li>✓ Providing a toll-free number for clients</li> <li>✓ Email/online communication</li> <li>✓ Other.</li> <li>Describe:</li> </ul>
Some CCR&Rs are also co-located with New Jersey county welfare agencies to expedite child care application processing.
<ul> <li>✓ Using a simplified eligibility determination process such as:</li> <li>✓ Simplifying the application form (such as eliminating unnecessary questions, lowering the reading level)</li> <li>✓ Developing a single application for multiple programs</li> <li>✓ Developing web-based and/or phone-based application procedures</li> <li>✓ Coordinating eligibility policies across programs.</li> <li>List the program names: WFNJ, CCAP, TCC1, TCC2, DOE WRAP, KINSHIP, POST ADOPTION CHILD CARE</li> </ul>
Streamlining verification procedures, such as linking to other program data systems Providing information multi-lingually Including temporary periods of unemployment in eligibility criteria for new applicants (job search, seasonal unemployment).  Length of time:
(Note: this period of unemployment should be included in the Lead Agency's definition of working, or job training/educational program at 2.3.3).
Other. Describe:
DFD is currently developing a Division-wide Consolidated Assistance Support System (CASS) that will

DFD is currently developing a Division-wide Consolidated Assistance Support System (CASS) that will be a web based on-line statewide system that will consolidate all programs offered through DFD through one comprehensive electronic services system. The objectives for CASS are:

- Integrate existing systems and processes to the extent possible;
- Develop a system that is client-centered;
- Provide immediate access to data for update, inquiry, or use in interfaces, reporting or analysis;
- Provide for better linking of case and member data across counties and systems;
- Enhance disbursement processing, financial reporting and reconciliation between case management systems and accounting systems;
- Provide a common front-end client registration process across all DFD programs;
- Automate eligibility determination and calculation processes;
- Minimize the use of paper and printing services, and use electronic processes when possible;
- Implement strong, timely and accurate financial reporting;
- Provide access to categories of information to the public, government agencies and employees as required; and
- Provide enhanced client services that are more efficient, timely and easier for clients to use and access.

Other.	
Describe:	

DFD currently utilizes an electronic time and attendance payment system for all child care payments, called E-Child Care (ECC).

ECC is a technology that uses either an Interactive Voice Response (IVR) or Point of Service (POS) swipe card system to provide real time tracking and verification of child care attendance. It automates and eliminates manual processes, including manual paper invoices, and it provides more efficient and faster services to providers, including faster payments.

### ECC highlights include:

- Eligibility verified in real time;
- Reduced paperwork;
- Faster, more accurate provider payments, bi-weekly for the prior two weeks;
- Increased record accuracy;
- Reduced payment errors;
- Empowers parents and providers;
- Delivers attendance and payment details via Provider Web Portal.

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**2.2.6. Describe the Lead Agencies policies to promote continuity of care for children and stability for families.** Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

☑ Provide CCDF assistance during periods of job search.

Length of time: Up to 90 days if someone loses employment while receiving a child care subsidy.

Establish two-tiered income eligibility to allow families to continue to receive child care subsidies if they experience an increase in income but still remain below 85% of State

median income (SMI)  Synchronize review date across programs  List programs:
Longer eligibility re-determination periods (e.g., 1 year).  Describe:
Currently DFD has a 12 month redetermination period.
Extend periods of eligibility for families who are also enrolled in either Early Head Start or Head Start and pre-k programs. Describe:
DFD offers WRAP services.
Extend periods of eligibility for school-age children under age 13 to cover the school year.  Describe:
Minimize reporting requirements for changes in family's circumstances that do not mpact families' eligibility, such as changes in income below a certain threshold or change n employment Individualized case management to help families find and keep stable child care arrangements.  Describe:
☐ Using non-CCDF Funds to continue subsidy for families who no longer meet eligibility, such as for children who turn 13 years of age during the middle of a program year ☐ Other. Describe:
None

**2.2.7.** How will the Lead Agency provide outreach and services to eligible families with limited English proficiency? Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

<ul> <li>✓ Application in other languages (application document, brochures, provider notices)</li> <li>✓ Informational materials in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Training and technical assistance in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Website in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Lead Agency accepts applications at local community-based locations</li> <li>✓ Bilingual caseworkers or translators available</li> <li>✓ Outreach Worker</li> <li>✓ Other.</li> <li>✓ Describe:</li> </ul>
Each CCR&R provides multilingual services to families applying for child care services, in Spanish and other predominant languages spoken in their respective communities over the telephone, or as necessary in person. The CCR&Rs and DFD utilize the services of language line translation services when/if needed to communicate.
All child care eligibility applications are readily available in English and Spanish, and can be made available in other languages upon request, depending upon need.
All child care parent handbooks for both TANF and non-TANF child care are immediately available in both English and Spanish and can be made available in other languages upon request.
Provider handbooks for both TANF and non-TANF child care will be translated into Spanish as program modifications are incorporated and handbooks are revised. Provider handbooks can be made available in other languages upon request, depending upon need.
□ None If the Lead Agency checked any option above related to providing information or services in other non-English languages, please list the languages offered :
Spanish and can be made available in other languages upon request, depending upon need.
<b>2.2.8. How will the Lead Agency overcome language barriers with providers?</b> Check the strategies, if any, that your State/Territory has chosen to implement.
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
<ul> <li>✓ Informational materials in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Training and technical assistance in non-English languages</li> <li>CCDF health and safety requirements in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Provider contracts or agreements in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Website in non-English languages</li> <li>✓ Bilingual caseworkers or translators available</li> </ul>

Collect information to evaluate on-going need, recruit, or train a culturally or inguistically diverse workforce  Other.
Provider handbooks for both TANF and non-TANF child care will be translated into Spanish (and made available on a need basis) as program modifications are incorporated and handbooks are revised. Provider handbooks can be made available in other languages upon request, also depending upon need.
None I None I the Lead Agency checked any option above related to providing information or services in other non-English languages, please list the languages offered:

Spanish and made available in other languages upon request.

# 2.2.9. Describe how the Lead Agency documents and verifies applicant information using the table below. $(\S98.20(a))$

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

Check the strategies that will be implemented by your State/Territory. **Attach** a copy of your parent application for the child care subsidy program(s) as **Attachment 2.2.9** or provide a web address, if available:

http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dfd/programs/child/forms/index.html

The Lead Agency requires documentation of:	Describe how the Lead Agency documents and verifies applicant information:
Applicant identity	Verified through a picture ID, primarily a NJ License.  VVvvvvv
	This will be a new requirement and is not in place yet to verify the household composition.
Applicant's relationship to the child	This is verified with birth certificates required for all subsidy children.
Child's information for determining eligibility (e.g., identity, age, etc.)	This is verified with birth certificates required for all subsidy children.
Work, Job Training or Educational Program	Employer letters for new employment followed up with paystubs or payroll records; School or Training registration and followed up with subject schedules for the current term.
✓ Income	Annual income is verified through four weeks of pay information prior to the date of application.

Other. Describe:
2.2.10. Which strategies, if any, will the Lead Agency use to assure the timeliness of eligibility determinations upon receipt of applications?
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
Time limit for making eligibility determinations.  Describe length of time The CCR&R agency has 45 days from the date of receipt of the application to make an eligibility determination and notify the parents/applicant of a decision.
☐ Track and monitor the eligibility determination process ☐ Other. Describe
Through the annual monitoring, the eligibility determination process is reviewed to determine timeliness of determinations.
None
2.2.11. Are the policies, strategies or processes provided in questions 2.2.1 through 2.2.10 different for families receiving TANF? (658E(c)(2)(H) & (3)(D), §§98.16(g)(4), 98.33(b), 98.50(e))
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
Yes. If yes, describe:
The major difference for TANF recipients is that there is no waiting list for TANF recipients determined eligible by the CWA or Board of Social Services (BSS) to receive child care services in order to meet the

required work activity or training requirements, as specified by the CWA or BSS.

Families eligible for TANF cash benefits and participating in the WFNJ program are eligible for child care services if the family is receiving TANF and participating family members are in an approved WFNJ work activity as required in the Work First New Jersey Manual (N.J.A.C. 10:90).

Families receiving TANF cash assistance and employed are also eligible to receive WFNJ child care services. These families are required to pay a co-pay towards the cost of child care based upon earned income.

Eligible participants are referred to the appropriate county CCR&R by assigned staff from their local CWA/BSS or One Stop Career Center. Initial eligibility for child care is determined at the CWA/BSS and is based on need (being placed in an appropriate work, training or employment activity that requires the participant to have child care). There is no application requirement for TANF cash assistance

participants.			

□No.

# 2.2.12. Informing parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirement.

The regulations at §98.33(b) require the Lead Agency to inform parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the work requirement for any single custodial parent who has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care for a child under 6 years of age. Lead Agencies must coordinate with TANF programs to ensure, pursuant that TANF families with young children will be informed of their right not to be sanctioned if they meet the criteria set forth by the State TANF agency in accordance with section 407(e)(2) of the Social Security Act. In fulfilling this requirement, the following criteria or definitions are applied by the TANF agency to determine whether the parent has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care.

NOTE: The TANF agency, not the CCDF Lead Agency, is responsible for establishing the following criteria or definitions. These criteria or definitions are offered in this Plan as a matter of public record.

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

- a) Identify the TANF agency that established these criteria or definitions: State/Territory TANF Agency Division of Family Development
- b) Provide the following definitions established by the TANF agency.
- "appropriate child care": means the child care provider is open for the hours and days the parent would need child care in order to comply with work requirements and the provider is able and willing to provide child care services including any special needs of the child(ren) and meets DHS and DCF requirements.
- "reasonable distance": means the child care provider is located within a distance that is in route from the parent¿s home and work activity and that the parent can get the child to care and then to their activity within 90 minutes.
- "unsuitability of informal child care": It is unsuitable if the provider cannot meet the minimum requirements as defined by the DFD. The minimum requirements for approval of the home are satisfactory results of a Child Abuse Record Information (CARI) background check by all household members 14 years of age and older, a satisfactory health and safety inspection of the home using the ¿Self-Arranged Care Inspection and Interview Checklist¿, and a standard interview with the provider and family members.
- "affordable child care arrangements": are those which do not exceed the DHS maximum child care reimbursement rates. In addition, parent co-payment fees shall not exceed the DHS co-payment schedule for subsidized child care services.
- c) How are parents who receive TANF benefits informed about the exception to individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirements?



If/when a parent is unable to secure child care services due to services being unacceptable, unavailable or inaccessible, the CCR&R informs the CWA. Then the CWA officially exempts the parent from participation pending the availability of suitable care. The client receives verbal counseling from their case worker regarding their child care support needs or concerns.

### 2.3. Eligibility Criteria for Child Care

In order to be eligible for services, children must (1) be under the age of 13, or under the age of 19 if the child is physically or mentally disabled or under court supervision; (2) reside with a family whose income is less than 85 percent of the State's median income for a family of the same size; and (3) reside with a parent or parents who is working or attending job training or an educational program; or (4) be receiving or needs to receive protective services. (658P(3), §98.20(a))

#### 2.3.1. How does the Lead Agency define the following eligibility terms?

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residing with -

Residing with means living in the permanent or temporary residence of the eligible parent, legal guardian or person standing in loco parentis. The person or family must be currently residing in the State of New Jersey. There is no prior residency requirement.

in loco parentis -

Means serving as the primary caretaker without legal confirmation for the child(ren) on behalf of whom certificate(s) are requested. These individuals are considered in loco parentis if the parent(s) of the child(ren) are not residing within New Jersey and the child(ren) reside with these individuals on a full time basis. These individuals must meet all other eligibility criteria.

### 2.3.2. Eligibility Criteria Based Upon Age

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

a) The Lead Agency serves children from Birth weeks to 13 years years (may not equal or exceed age 13).

b) Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children age 13 and above but below age 19 years who are physically and/or mentally incapable of self-care? (658E(c)(3)(B), 658P(3), §98.20(a)(1)(ii))
Yes,and the upper age is 18 (may not equal or exceed age 19).  Provide the Lead Agency definition of <i>physical or mental incapacity</i> -
A dependent child who is age 18 or younger and defined as a "special needs" individual; that is, physically or mentally incapable of self-care.
□ <sub>No</sub> .
c) Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children age 13 and above but below age 19 years who are under court supervision? (658P(3), 658E(c)(3)(B), §98.20(a)(1)(ii))
Yes,and the upper age is 18 (may not equal or exceed age 19).  No.
2.3.3. Eligibility Criteria Based Upon Work, Job Training or Educational Program  Effective Date: 01-OCT-
a) How does the Lead Agency define "working" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide a

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narrative description below, including allowable activities and if a minimum number of hours is required.

**Reminder** - Lead Agencies have the flexibility to include any work-related activities in its definition of working, including periods of job search and travel time. (§§98.16(f)(3), 98.20(b)) working-

Working – Families shall be eligible for the Child Care Assistance Program (CCAP) if they are in need of child care services in order to remain employed (working) full-time or to accept full-time employment, to avoid dependency on TANF or to attend full-time educational and/or work/training programs. If they are receiving child care services and lose their employment, they may continue their child care services for up to 90 days, while they seek employment.

Full-time employment means, for initial child care eligibility, employment that totals 30 or more hours per week. For redetermination purposes full-time employment is employment that totals 25 or more hours per week.

b) Does the Lead Agency provide CCDF child care assistance to parents who are attending job training or an educational program? (§§98.16(g)(5), 98.20(b))

Yes.

If yes, how does the Lead Agency define "attending job training or educational program" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide a narrative description below.

**Reminder** - Lead Agencies have the flexibility to include any training or education-related activities in its definition of job training or education, including study time and travel time.

attending job training or educational program -

Full-time school or training means, for child care eligibility, either 12 or more credit hours per term or the equivalent number of Continuing Education Units (CEUs) at a college or university, or 20 or more classroom hours in a job training organization, or nine or more credit hours or the equivalent number of CEUs during the summer session.

□No.

# 2.3.4. Eligibility Criteria Based Upon Receiving or Needing to Receive Protective Services

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

a) Does the Lead Agency provide child care to children in protective services? (§§98.16(f)(7), 98.20(a)(3)(ii)(A) & (B))

Yes.

If yes, how does the Lead Agency define "protective services" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide a narrative description below.

**Reminder** - Lead Agencies have the flexibility to define protective services beyond formal child welfare or foster care cases. Lead Agencies may elect to include homeless children and other vulnerable populations in the definition of protective services.

**Note** - If the Lead Agency elects to provide CCDF-funded child care to children in foster care whose foster care parents are not working, or who are not in education/training activities for CCDF purposes these children are considered to be in protective services and should be included in this definition.

### protective services

Child protective services (CPS), shall constitute services on behalf of any child, under age 19, considered at risk of abuse, neglect, or exploitation; or found to be abused, neglected, exploited or abandoned, as identified by the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCP&P), formerly known as Youth and Family Services (DYFS) or failure on the part of parents or others responsible for meeting at least the minimum needs of the child, as identified by DCP&P. The term, unless otherwise specified, includes services provided to children in out-of-home settings, such as foster care because, as permissible in the interpretation of the Federal regulation, New Jersey does not differentiate between the protective services for families who remain intact and for those children who are in foster placement.

□No. b) Does the Lead Agency waive, on a case-by-case basis, the co-payment and income eligibility requirements for cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective services? (658E(c)(3)(B), 658P(3)(C)(ii), §98.20(a)(3)(ii)(A))
☑Yes. □No.
2.3.5. Income Eligibility Criteria
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
a) How does the Lead Agency define "income" for the purposes of eligibility? Provide the Lead Agency's definition of "income" for purposes of eligibility determination. (§§98.16(g)(5), 98.20(b))
income -
Income is defined as the source and amount of current gross income earned and unearned by adult parent(s) or guardians of the family unit through the receipt of wages, tips, salaries or commissions from activities as an employee or receipt of income from self-employment.
This would include income that is earned and unearned such as employment part-time and full-time, social security, pensions, retirement, unemployment, worker's compensation, public assistance, child support, alimony and any other income required for federal and state tax reporting purposes including overtime and bonus pay.
b) Which of the following sources of income, if any, will the Lead Agency exclude or deduct from calculations of total family income for the purposes of eligibility determination? Check any income the Lead Agency chooses to exclude or deduct, if any.
<ul> <li>✓ Adoption subsidies</li> <li>✓ Foster care payments</li> <li>✓ Alimony received or paid</li> <li>✓ Child support received</li> <li>✓ Child support paid</li> <li>✓ Federal nutrition programs</li> <li>✓ Federal tax credits</li> <li>✓ State/Territory tax credits</li> <li>✓ Housing allotments, Low-Income Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) or energy assistance</li> <li>✓ Medical expenses or health insurance related expenses</li> </ul>

Family Size	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
O120	100% of State Median Income (SMI)(\$/month)	85% of State Median Income (SMI)(\$/month) [Multiply (a) by 0.85]	\$/month	% of SMI [Divide (c) by (a), multiply by 100]
1	5096	4331	957.50	19
2	5808	4937	1292.50	22
3	7085	6022	1627.50	23
4	8649	7352	1962.50	23
5	9274	7883	2297.50	25

e) Will the Lead Agency have "tiered eligibility" (i.e., a separate income limit at redetermination to remain eligible for the CCDF program)?

### Yes.

If yes, provide the requested information from the table in 2.3.5d and describe below:

**Note:** This information can be included in the table below.

Please note that column (b) represents 85% of State Median Income in New Jersey for State Fiscal Year 2014.

Please note that column (c) represents our entry/exit level for all families effective 07/01/2013: entrance level is based on 200% of the 2013 Federal Poverty Index (FPI); and the exit level is based on 250% of the 2013 FPI. Note: TANF families leaving Transitional Child Care (TCC) may enter the CCDF with income up to 250% of the FPI.

Entrance and exit levels for child care subsidies are specified in the chart above as 200 % FPI for entrance and 250 % FPI for exit.

\$ 908 / \$ 2269	20 % 51 %
\$ 1226 / \$ 3065	21 % 52 %
\$ 1544 / \$ 3860	22 % 53 %
\$ 1863 / \$ 4656	22 % 54 %
\$ 2181 / \$ 5452	22 % 55 %

	Nο
-	I NO.

	IF APPLICABLE	
	Income Level if lower than 85% SMI	

Family Size	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
Size	100% of State Median Income (SMI) (\$/month)	85% of State Median Income (SMI) (\$/month)[Multiply (a) by 0.85]	\$/month	% of SMI[Divide (c) by (a), multiply by 100]
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

- f) SMI Year SFY and SMI Source Federal Register/vol 75, No. 91/Wednesday, May 12, 2010
- g) These eligibility limits in column (c) became or will become effective on: July 1, 2013

#### 2.3.6. Eligibility Re-determination

Describe:

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

Does the State/Territory follow OCC's 12 month re-determination recommendation? (See Program Instruction on Continuity of Care http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/im2011-06

Yes No. If no, what is the re-determination period in place for most families?
☐ 6 months ☐ 24 months ☐ Other. Describe:
Length of eligibility varies by county or other jurisdiction.

b) Does the Lead Agency coordinate or align re-determination periods with other programs?

Yes. If yes, check programs that the Lead Agency aligns eligibility periods with and describe the redetermination period for each.

Head Start and/or Early Head Start Programs. Re-determination period:
Pre-kindergarten programs. Re-determination period:
☑ TANF. Re-determination period:
☑ SNAP. Re-determination period:
Medicaid.  Re-determination period:
SCHIP.  SCHIP.  Re-determination period:
Other. Describe:
□No.
c) Describe under what circumstances, if any, a family's eligibility would be reviewed prior to redetermination. For example, regularly scheduled interim assessments, or a requirement for families to report changes.
Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10:15-2.4(a)(22) the CCR&Rs must conduct redeterminations of eligibility at the beginning of each new service eligibility period or when reported changes necessitate such a redetermination.
d) Describe any action(s) the State/Territory would take in response to any change in a family's eligibility circumstances prior to re-determination
Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10:15-2.7 (a) changes in circumstances regarding eligibility would include but not be limited to, change in home address, loss of job, change in income, status change in participation in work/training/educational activity, provider changes, and changes in family size, etc.

e) Describe how these policies are implemented in a family-friendly manner that promotes access and continuity of care for children. (See Information Memorandum on Continuity of Care for examples http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/im2011-

Parents are provided training and education around their rights and responsibilities. Parent Handbooks are also made available to parents with easy to follow guides on how to access and maintain child care services.
f) Does the Lead Agency use a simplified process at re-determination?
Yes. If yes, describe:
☑ No.
2.3.7. Waiting Lists
Describe the Lead Agency's waiting list status. Select ONE of these options.  Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
✓ Lead Agency currently does not have a waiting list and:
All eligible families who apply will be served under State/Territory eligibility rules
Not all eligible families who apply will be served under State/Territory eligibility rules
Lead Agency has an active waiting list for:
<ul> <li>Any eligible family who applies when they cannot be served at the time of application</li> <li>Only certain eligible families.</li> </ul>
Describe those families:
Waiting lists are a county/local decision.

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#### 2.3.8. Appeal Process for Eligibility Determinations

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

Describe the process for families to appeal eligibility determinations:

Parent/applicants who wish to have a recent decision or adverse action reviewed, may request a review from the county CCR&R and/or DFD.

CCR&R Appeal: In the event a parent/applicant requests a local CCR&R appeal of an action or amount in question, by the county CCR&R responsible for the decision, the parent/applicant must make this request in writing within 10 days of the effective date of the adverse decision. Requests should be addressed to the agency that made the decision. DFD providers bilingual staff to work and assist non-English speaking.

The parent/applicant will be notified of the date and time of the review and may appear with or without legal representation or may be represented by a friend or other spokesman. Only those persons directly involved with the issue will be permitted to attend any review proceedings. Parents/applicants will also be given an opportunity to view all pertinent documents prior to the review date.

#### Administrative review conducted by the DFD:

A parent/applicant may also have an adverse decision reviewed by the DFD in place of, or in addition to, the case review conducted by the county CCR&R. A request for an administrative review from DFD may be made by calling the Bureau of Administrative Review and Appeals (BARA) at 1-800-792-9774.

The parent/applicant will be required to submit the following to BARA:

A written statement indicating the request for a review and the reason for the disagreement; All documents verifying eligibility and justifying the review;

Any other relevant documents which the parent/applicant believes the county CCR&R may not have considered.

This review must be requested within 90 days of the date of the original notice of adverse action. All materials should be mailed to BARA.

## 2.4. Sliding Fee Scale and Family Contribution

The statute and regulations require Lead Agencies to establish a sliding fee scale that varies based on income and the size of the family to be used in determining each family's contribution (i.e., co-payment) to the cost of child care (658E(c)(3)(B) §98.42).

<b>2.4.1. Attach a copy of the sliding fee scale as Attachment 2.4.1.</b> Will the attached sliding fee scale be used in all parts of the State/Territory?
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
<ul> <li>✓ Yes.</li> <li>Effective Date: 10/01/2011</li> <li>No. If no, attach other sliding fee scales and their effective date(s) as Attachment 2.4.1a, 2.4.1b, etc.</li> </ul>
2.4.2. What income source and year will be used in creating the sliding fee scale? (658E(c)(3)(B)) Check only one option
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
☐ State Median Income, Year: ☐ Federal Poverty Level, Year: 07/01/2013 ☐ Income source and year varies by geographic region. Describe income source and year:
Other. Describe income source and year:
2.4.3. How will the family's contribution be calculated and to whom will it be applied? Check all that the Lead Agency has chosen to use. (§98.42(b))  Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
Fee as dollar amount and
Fee is per child with the same fee for each child  Fee is per child and discounted fee for two or more children  Fee is per child up to a maximum per family  No additional fee charged after certain number of children

Fee is per family
Fee as percent of income and
Fee is per child with the same percentage applied for each child  Fee is per child and discounted percentage applied for two or more children  No additional percentage applied charged after certain number of children  Fee per family  Contribution schedule varies by geographic area.  Describe:
Other. Describe:
If the Lead Agency checked more than one of the options above, describe:
Child co-payment scales, based on the family size and gross income of the eligible familyunit are used to determine the co-payment. The co-payment is determined by the number of hours child care services are being provided to the child. The process for co-payment assessment is based on two children in care in a family. First child's co-payment is assessed at 100% and the second child's co-payment is assessed at 75%. If more than two children in a family are in care, no co-payment is required for the third and subsequent children. The co-payment is determined on a weekly basis.
2.4.4. Will the Lead Agency use other factors in addition to income and family size to determine each family's contribution to the cost of child care? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.42(b))
Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
☐Yes, and describe those additional factors:
☑No.

**2.4.5.** The Lead Agency may waive contributions from families whose incomes are at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size. (§98.42(c)). Select **ONE** of these options.

**Reminder** - Lead Agencies are reminded that the co-payments may be waived for only two circumstances - for families at or below the poverty level or on a case-by-case basis for children falling under the definition of "protective services" (as defined in 2.3.4.a).

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

### 2.5. Prioritizing Services for Eligible Children and Families

At a minimum, CCDF requires Lead Agencies to give priority for child care assistance to children with special needs, or in families with very low incomes. Prioritization of CCDF assistance services is not limited to eligibility determination (i.e., establishment of a waiting list or ranking of eligible families in priority order to be served). Lead Agencies may fulfill priority requirements in other ways such as higher payment rates for providers caring for children with special needs or waiving co-payments for families with very low incomes (at or below the federal poverty level). (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.44)

2.5.1. How will the Lead Agency prioritize child care services to children with special needs or in families with very low incomes? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.44) Lead Agencies have the discretion to define children with special needs and children in families with very low incomes. Lead Agencies are not limited in defining children with special needs to only those children with physical or mental disabilities (e.g., with a formal Individual Education Plan (IEP) required under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)). Lead Agencies could consider children in the child welfare system, children of teen parents, or homeless children as examples of children with special needs.

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

How will the	Eligibility Priority	Is there a time	Other Priority Rules
Lead Agency	(Check only one)	limit on the	
prioritize CCDF	,	eligibility	
services for:		priority or	
		guarantee?	

Children with	☑ Priority over other	☐Yes.	□ Different eligibility
special needs	CCDF-eligible families	The time limit	thresholds.
	Same priority as other	is:	Describe:
Provide the	CCDF-eligible families		
Lead Agency	Guaranteed subsidy	TTINIO.	Higher rates for
definition of Children with	eligibility	<b>☑</b> No	providers caring for
Special	Cother.		children with special
Needs:	-		needs requiring
*Children with	Describe:		additional care
Special Needs -			☐ Prioritizes quality
A child that has			funds for providers
been identified			serving these children
through a written referral from a			Other.
county welfare			
agency; DCP&P			Describe:
legal, medical, or			
social service agency;			
emergency			
shelter; or public			
school; which indicates that the			
child has a			
serious physical,			
emotional, mental or			
cognitive			
condition and			
child care services are			
required as part			
of a treatment			
plan designed to stabilize,			
ameliorate the			
situation and/or			
prevent the placement of the			
child outside the			
home. The			
child's social or medical			
diagnosis must			
be documented			
as a result of a standardized			
developmental or			
psychological			
test given by a certified			
professional or			
physician.			
Parents must need child care			
services in order			
to remain in full-			
time employment or in a full-time			
training/educatio			
n program.			
	İ		1

**Admissions priorities**– Priority consideration will be given to families, upon admission in the CCDF program, if they meet one or more of the following criteria: Children identified by DYFS in child protective services and under the supervision of DYFS; Children identified as having special needs and/or circumstances; Children in families with incomes at or below 150 percent of the Federal Poverty Level; and Children in families eligible under provisions of the CCDF who have an identified need for child care services and who do not fall in the above listed priorities. An explanation follows of income eligibility criteria for program entrance priorities: Priority 1: A child under the child protective service (CPS) supervision of DYFS and who is identified as eligible to receive subsidized child care services as part of an approved case plan are given priority admission into the program and/or moved to the top of the waiting list.
Priority 2: Priority placement consideration for subsidized child care services or service shall be given to a child who is not under the child protective service supervision of DYFS and who has been initially determined eligible on the basis of the annual gross family income for the family size, as indicated in Entrance Tiers A, B, and C below. One parent/applicant in a single parent family or both parents in two parent families shall also meet the following conditions in order for the child to be considered eligible for Priority 2 placement: Higher priority placement consideration shall be given to a Priority 2 or 3 child if a child considered for subsidized child care services is identified as having special needs or special circumstances due to a physical, medical, emotional, mental, cognitive, or developmental condition through a written referral from DYFS, DFD, CWA/BSS, legal, medical, or social service agency, emergency shelter, or public school. Children of teen parents who are 19 years of age and below and enrolled in high school are also considered a special circumstance. The referral must delineate the medical or social problem or

adverse living condition of the family and specify that the child care services are needed to help ameliorate the situation and/or prevent the placement of the child or other family member(s) outside of the family; or that parents need child care services in order to remain in full-time employment or in a fulltime training/education program. The placement considerations are: 1. The parent(s) works full-time, attends a full-time school or training program directed toward employment, or whose combination of work and school/training equals a fulltime work/school/training equivalent. 2. One parent/applicant is employed or attends class full time and the co-applicant (or the applicant in a single parent family) is physically or mentally incapacitated and due to the extent of the condition, is unable to care for the child or the ability to provide care for the child is significantly limited and assistance is required. 3. The child is identified by the CWA, BSS, or CCR&R as eligible to receive subsidized child care services or service because both parents (or the only applicant in a single parent family) participate in an approved employment-related activity, as part of the WFNJ program.

Priority 3: Priority placement consideration for subsidized child care services shall be given to a child who is not under the child protective service supervision of DYFS and who has been initially determined eligible on the basis of the annual gross family income for the family size, as indicated in Entrance Tiers A, B, and C below.

Tier A: A child who has been initially determined eligible on the basis of the annual gross family income, adjusted for the family size when the family income is at or below 150 per cent of the current Federal Poverty Index (FPI) guidelines shall be given the highest priority consideration for admission.

Tier B: A child who has been initially determined eligible on the basis of the annual gross family income,

adjusted for family size, which

			must fall between 151 percent and 175 percent of the current FPI, shall be given the next highest priority. Tier C: A child who has been initially determined eligible on the basis of the annual gross family income adjusted for family size, which must fall between 176 per cent and 200 per cent of current FPI, shall be considered last.  Priority 3: Priority placement consideration for subsidized child care services shall be given to a child who is not under the child protective service supervision of DYFS and who has been initially determined eligible on the basis of the annual gross family income for the family size, as indicated in Entrance Tiers A, B, and C below.
Children in families with very low incomes  Provide the Lead Agency definition of Children in Families with Very Low Incomes:  *Children in Families with Very Low Incomes - Very low Incomes - Very low income for child care services under the CCDF is defined as families with income at or below 150 percent of the Federal Poverty Index, as determined by family size.	<ul> <li>☑ Priority over other CCDF-eligible families</li> <li>☐ Same priority as other CCDF-eligible families</li> <li>☐ Guaranteed subsidy eligibility</li> <li>☐ Other.</li> <li>Describe:</li> </ul>	The time limit is:	□ Different eligibility thresholds. Describe: □ Waiving co-payments for families with incomes at or below the Federal Poverty Level ☑ Other. Describe: See description above under Children with Special Needs

2.5.2. How will CCDF funds be used to provide child care assistance to meet the needs of families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF? (658E(c)(2)(H), Section 418(b)(2) of the Social Security Act, §§98.50(e), 98.16(g)(4)) Reminder - CCDF requires that not less than 70

percent of CCDF Mandatory and Matching funds be used to provide child care assistance for families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF.

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Use priority rules to meet the needs of TANF families (describe in 2.5.1 or 2.5.3.)	
Waive fees (co-payments) for some or all TANF families who are below poverty leve	اڊ
Coordinate with other entities (i.e. TANF office, other State/Territory agencies, and	
ontractors)	
Other.	
escribe:	

2.5.3. List and define any other eligibility conditions, priority rules and definitions that will be established by the Lead Agency. (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.16(g)(5), §98.20(b)) Reminder - Lead Agencies are reminded that any eligibility criteria and terms provided below must comply with the eligibility requirements of §98.20 and provided in section 2.2. Any priority rules provided must comply with the priority requirements of §98.44 and provided in section 2.4.1.

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### Term(s) - Definition(s)

Describe:

Post Transitional Child Care Services - Post TCC has been established for TANF families who have exhausted their 24 months of TCC eligibility and are eligible for the Child Care Assistance Program (CCAP), but have not yet moved into the CCAP program.

### 2.6. Parental Choice In Relation to Certificates, Grants or Contracts

The parent(s) of each eligible child who receives or is offered financial assistance for child care services has the option of either enrolling such child with a provider that has a grant or contract for the provision of service or receiving a child care certificate. (658E(c)(2)(A), §98.15(a))

#### 2.6.1. Child Care Certificates

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

a) When is the child care certificate (also referred to as voucher or authorization) issued to parents? (658E(c)(2)(A)(iii), 658P(2), $98.2$ , $98.30$ (c)(4) & (e)(1) & (2))
Before parent has selected a provider  After parent has selected a provider  Other.  Describe:
Parents seeking services utilize the universal child care application which is submitted to the CCR&R in their respective counties. Once the parent/applicant is determined eligible to receive a child care subside by the CCR&R, the applicant and the child care provider selected by the parent completes a contract outlining agreed child care services, payment and respective responsibilities. With the elimination of paper vouchers and implemention of our electronic payment system, authorized agreements are considered certificates.
b) How does the Lead Agency inform parents that the child care certificate permits them to choose from a variety of child care categories, including child care centers, child care group homes, family child care homes, and in-home providers? (§98.30(e)(2))
<ul> <li>☐ Certificate form provides information about choice of providers</li> <li>☑ Certificate is not linked to a specific provider so parents can choose provider of choice</li> <li>☑ Consumer education materials (flyers, forms, brochures)</li> <li>☑ Referral to child care resource and referral agencies</li> <li>☑ Verbal communication at the time of application</li> <li>☐ Public Services Announcement</li> <li>☐ Agency</li> <li>Website:</li> </ul>
☐ Community outreach meetings, workshops, other in person activities ☐ Multiple points of communication throughout the eligibility and renew process ☐ Other. Describe:
c) What information is included on the child care certificate? <b>Attach a copy of the child</b> care certificate as <b>Attachment 2.6.1.</b> (658E(c)(2)(A)(iii))
Authorized provider(s) Authorized payment rate(s) Authorized hours

☑ Co-payment amount

☐ Group-home providers ☐ Programs that serve specific geographic areas ☐ Urban ☐ Rural ☐ Other. Describe:
Statewide Parent Advocacy Network (SPAN) to increase services for children with special needs by assisting children with being more inclusive.
Preschool Summer Enrichment and Literacy Program and Summer School Aged Camp.
Infant Toddler Network:contract with three resource and referral agencies to employ Infant Toddler Specialists throughout the state to provide training and technical assistance in providing higher quality care.
NJSACC provides training and technical assistance to afterschool providerfs in designing and implementing a quality afterschool program.
Support programs in providing higher quality services Support programs in providing comprehensive services Serve underserved families. Specify:
NJ will be piloting GROW NJ Kids, a Quality Rating Improvement System (QRIS) Initiative.
Strengthening Family through Early Care and Education: CCR&Rs are contracted to provide training and technical assistance to 184 centers throughout the state implementing the strengthening families model and 5 Protective Factors.
Other. Describe:
c) Are child care services provided through grants or contracts offered throughout the State/Territory? (658E(a), §98.16(g)(3))
Yes.  No, and identify the localities (political subdivisions) and services that are not offered:
Effective July 2011 contracts were phased out and converted into vouchers in preparation for the electronic child care payment system. Targeted funds are allocated for a network of community child care

d) How are payment rates for child care services provided through grants/contracts determined?
NJ has one universally applied state rate that is applicable to all program types and settings.
e) What is the estimated proportion of direct services that will be available for child care services through grants/contracts?
16% are targeted for community child care centers.
2.6.3. How will the Lead Agency inform parents and providers of policies and procedures for affording parents unlimited access to their children whenever their children are in the care of a provider who receives CCDF funds? (658E(c)(2)(B), §98.31)) Check the strategies that will be implemented by your State/Territory.
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☐ Signed declaration ☐ Parent Application ☑ Parent Orientation ☐ Provider Agreement ☐ Provider Orientation ☑ Other. Describe:
Parents/applicants are also informed of unlimited access through the parent handbook, Manual of Requirements for Child Care Centers and the Manual of Requirements for Family Child Care Registration. Information is also provided in Spanish.
2.6.4. The Lead Agency must allow for in-home care (i.e., care provided in the child's own home) but may limit its use. (§§98.16(g)(2), 98.30(e)(1)(iv)) Will the Lead Agency limit the use of in-home care in any way?  Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
Ellective Date: 01-001-13
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>✓ Yes. If checked, what limits will the Lead Agency set on the use of in-home care?</li> <li>Check all limits the Lead Agency will establish.</li> </ul>

centers statewide.

Restricted based on minimum number of children in the care of the provider to meet
minimum wage law or Fair Labor Standards Act
Restricted based on provider meeting a minimum age requirement
Restricted based on hours of care (certain number of hours, non-traditional work
hours)  Restricted to care by relatives  Restricted to care for children with special needs or medical condition  Restricted to in-home providers that meet some basic health and safety requirements  Other.  Describe:

In-home care providers, referred to as Family, Friend and Neighbor (FFN) providers in NJ may be used for child care services in the home of a child for fewer than twenty-four (24) hours per day.

FFN providers are self-employed individuals who are selected by a subsidy eligible family to provide care for eligible children. FFN providers and in-home providers receive payment for providing child care on behalf of the parent/guardian through the county CCR&Rs.

For FFN providers and in-home providers in New Jersey, N.J.S.A.C. 30:5B-32 requires all prospective FFN or in-home providers and all members of the prospective provider's household (or the household where the care is provided) who are at least 14 years of age, must provide written consent for DHS, through the DCF Office of Licensing, to conduct a Child Abuse Record Information (CARI) background check to determine whether an incident of child abuse or neglect has been substantiated against any such person. A CARI background check is a significant component of the approval process for approved homes and in-home providers.

2.6.5. Describe how the Lead Agency maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints about providers and makes substantiated parental complaints available to the public on request.  $(658E(c)(2)(C), \S 98.32)$ 

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In keeping with provisions of the New Jersey State Child Care Center Licensing Law (N.J.S.A. 30:5B-1 to 15), and the Family Day Care Provider Registration Act of 1987 (N.J.S.A. 30:5B-16, et seq.), the following information applies to parental complaints: Whenever the DCF Office of Licensing (OOL) receives a report questioning the licensing status of a program, center or sponsoring organization, or alleging that a licensed center is violating provisions of the Manual of Requirements for Child Care Centers (N.J.A.C. 10:122) the OOL ensures that the allegation is promptly investigated to determine whether the complaint is substantiated.

Files maintained by the OOL are public records and must be readily accessible for examination by any person, under the direction and supervision of OOL personnel, except when public access to records is restricted, in accordance with the State Open Public Records Act or other applicable statutes. Parents are entitled to review the center's or sponsoring organization's copy of the Inspection/Violation Report regarding a particular center, sponsoring organization or provider which is issued after every licensing inspection. Parents are also entitled to

review the Complaint Investigation Summary Report, as well as any letters of enforcement or other actions taken against the center, sponsoring organization or provider during the current regulatory period.

Child care centers and sponsoring organizations must arrange a convenient opportunity for parents to review any of the above information upon request of the parent. If any parent suspects that a center, sponsoring organization or provider may be in violation of licensing requirements, he/she may directly contact the OOL at (609) 826-3980 (North) or (609) 777-5945 (South). This may be done anonymously. In keeping with New Jersey's child care center licensing and family child care registration

requirements, all licensed providers of child care and sponsoring organizations must notify all parents of children enrolled for care of the above requirements, in writing, through an "Information to Parents Statement." CCR&Rs assist families with reporting suspected abuse, neglect and licensing violations.

CCR&R are responsible for tracking parental complaints and conducting investigations. CCR&R are also required to have an internal appeal process to hear and resolve the issues. Parents have the option to report their issues directly to DFD. When DFD receives a notice, a follow-up and investigations is then conducted with the CCR&Rs.

#### 2.7. Payment Rates for Child Care Services

The statute at 658E(c)(4) and the regulations at §98.43(b)(1) require the Lead Agency to establish adequate payment rates for child care services that ensure eligible children equal access to comparable care.

**2.7.1. Attach a copy of your payment rates as Attachment 2.7.1.** Will the attached payment rates be used in all parts of the State/Territory?

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

☑ Yes.Effective Date: 07/01/2009

No. If no, attach other payment rates and their effective date(s) as **Attachment 2.7.1a, 2.7.1b, etc.**, etc.

# 2.7.2. Which strategies, if any, will the Lead Agency use to ensure the timeliness of payments?

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Policy on length of time for making payments.

Describe length of time: Providers are paid biweekly. Manual payments must be issued within 2 weeks of receiving a payment discrepancy form.

☐ Track and monitor the payment process☐ Other. Describe:	
□ None	

#### 2.7.3. Market Rate Survey

Lead Agencies must complete a local Market Rate Survey (MRS) no earlier than two years prior to the effective date of the Plan (no earlier than October 1, 2009). The MRS must be completed prior to the submission of the CCDF Plan (see Program Instruction CCDF-ACF-PI-2009-02 http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/pi-2009-02 for more information on the MRS deadline).

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

- a) Provide the month and year when the local Market Rate Survey(s) was completed (§98.43(b)(2)): 04/2013
- b) Provide a **summary of the results** of the survey.

The summary should include a description of the sample population, data source, the type of methodology used, response rate, description of analyses, and key findings.

The Department of Human Services' (DHS) Office of Research and Evaluation (ORE) worked with the Division of Family Development (DFD) and New Jersey's Child Care Resource and Referral agencies (CCR&Rs) to conduct New Jersey's child care market rate survey.

The Department distributed surveys to licensed child care centers in the fall of 2012. Child Care Resource and Referral agencies were contacted to provide information about family providers as well as some non-responding child care centers. Responses were received from 1,491 of the 3,743 qualifying child care centers and summarized by CCR&Rs for 2,243 registered family child care providers. DFD's Office of Child Care Operations mailed surveys to child care centers in September 2012; surveys were accompanied by letters from the Director of the Division of Family Developmentand instructions for completing the survey. Providers could complete the survey online or complete a hard copy that could be returned to DHS by fax or mail.

The desired response rate was 50% among qualifying providers. To ensure an adequate response rate, Office of Child Care Operations followed up the surveys with postcard reminders to non-responding centers. Staff also made phone calls to non-responding centers and searched for rates on center internet websites.

Findings showed the highest average full-time rates for the care of infants, followed by toddlers, preschool and school age children. Centers charged substantially higher rates than family child care providers for most types of care, ranging from the lowest of about \$36 more per week for weekly preschool care to the most, about \$56 per week more for weekly infant care. Differences are greater for centers that charge monthly rates for care of children under six years old. These differences may reflect

the different services available for children served in centers or the greater concentration of family child care in urban communities more apt to be low-income. Child care subsidies offer families a wider choice among family child care providers than among centers for care of children under 6 years old, particularly in more affluent locales where rates are the highest.

By contrast, mean rates for before and/or after school care are higher among family child care providers. This may reflect the limited number of children family providers can care for in their homes or the patterns of family use of before/after school care.

The data collection instruments were central to this collaboration. Research and program staff at DFD generated questions about full-time rates charged for different age groups and program types based on different payment schedules, e.g., weekly or monthly. Additional questions captured information regarding additional fees or charges, discounts when more than one child was enrolled, acceptance of children with subsidies and hours of program operation. For family providers, modifications were made consistent with the data already reported on the NJ Association of Child Care Resource & Referral Agencies (NJACCRRA) database. Information from these sources was augmented by descriptive information from existing child care provider databases maintained by the NJ Department of Children and Families' Office of Licensing.

#### Methods

The New Jersey Department of Children and Families (DCF) was the primary source for information about licensed child care centers. The DCF maintains a database of all licensed child care centers. In August 2012, the DCF Office of Licensing provided DHS ORE with an unduplicated list of 3,743 currently operating child care centers. Excluded from the list were Head Start programs and centers receiving Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) dollars to provide child care services through a contract with the Division of Family Development; these centers do not charge families for child care.

In closing, please note the MRS does not truly reflect the true cost of child care in New Jersey (NJ). Responses were received from 1,491 of the 3,743 qualifying child care centers, approximately 39% response rate. The desired response rate was 50% among qualifying providers to ensure an adequate response rate. Hurricane Sandy impacted lower response rate. Another concern regarding data limitation to reflect true market rate is of the 1,491 cases the percentile is based on approximately 1/3 of the programs surveyed. For example infant/toddler rates were based on 493 centers and 493 centers reported rates for preschool.

# 2.7.4. Describe the payment rate ceilings in relation to the current MRS using the tables below.

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2.7.4a - Highest Rate Area (Centers)	Rate at the 75th	Payment Rate	(c) Percentile if lower than 75th percentile of most recent survey
Full-Time Licensed Center Infants (11 months)	\$1,199.00	\$695.40	Between 7th and 8th Percentile

Full-Time Licensed Center Preschool (59 months)	' '	1 .	Between 6th and 7th Percentile
Full-Time Licensed Center School-Age (84 months)	\$1,095.49	1 .	Between 12th and 13th Percentile

2.7.4b - Lowest Rate Area (Centers)	(a) Monthly Payment Rate at the 75th percentile from the most recent MRS	(b) Monthly Maximum Payment Rate Ceiling	(c) Percentile if lower than 75th percentile of most recent survey
Full-Time Licensed Center Infants (11 months)	\$995.36	\$695.40	15th Percentile
Full-Time Licensed Center Preschool (59 months)	\$866.00	\$573.30	8th Percentile
Full-Time Licensed Center School-Age (84 months)	\$906.05	\$573.30	Between 11th and 12th Percentile

2.7.4c - Highest Rate Area (FCC)	(a) Monthly Payment Rate at the 75th percentile from the most recent MRS	(b) Monthly Maximum Payment Rate Ceiling	(c) Percentile if lower than 75th percentile of most recent survey
Full-Time Licensed FCC Infants (11 months)	\$491.38	\$654.40	N/A
Full-Time Licensed FCC Preschool (59 months)	\$452.18	\$514.40	N/A
Full-Time Licensed FCC School-Age (84 months)	\$482.32	\$514.40	N/A

	Monthly Payment Rate at the 75th	(b) Monthly Maximum Payment Rate Ceiling	(c) Percentile if lower than 75th percentile of most recent survey
Full-Time Licensed FCC Infants (11 months)	\$491.38	\$354.70	N/A
Full-Time Licensed FCC Preschool (59 months)	\$452.18	\$514.40	N/A

Full-Time Licensed FCC School-Age (84 months)	\$482.32	\$514.40	N/A
2.7.F. Have are never	ant vata asilinga fav li		ovidene est?
2.7.5. How are paymo	ent rate ceilings for il	cense-exempt pro	Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
			Ellective Date. 01-001-13
a) Describe how licens	se-exempt center payr	nent rates are set:	
N/A			
h) Dagariha haw ligan	a avamat family shild	aara hama nayma	nt ratae are act.
b) Describe now licens	se-exempt family child	care nome payme	nt rates are set.
•	viders will be reimbursed for	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	consideration used to establish dany potential cost of living
With the development of a negotiated.	a labor union for family chi	ld care providers, rate	s for the exempt providers are
c) Describe how licens	se-exempt group family	y child care home p	payment rates are set:
N/A			
d) Describe how in-ho	me care payment rate	s are set:	
the rates that exempt provadjustments based on the	viders will be reimbursed for	or child care costs and the development of	consideration used to establish dany potential cost of living a labor union for family child

2.7.6. Will the Lead Agency provide any type of tiered reimbursement or differential rates on top of its base reimbursement rates for providing care for children receiving CCDF subsidies? Check which types of tiered reimbursement, if any, the Lead Agency has chosen to implement. In the description of any tiered rates or add-ons, indicate the process and basis used for determining the tiered rates and amount and also indicate if the rates were set based on the MRS or another process.

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Differential	rate	for	nontraditional	hours
Dillordillia	IUIU	101	1 IOI III aailioi lai	nouis.

Describe:
Differential rate for children with special needs as defined by the State/Territory. Describe:
☑ Differential rate for infants and toddlers. Describe:
New Jersey has a slightly higher rate for Infants/Toddlers and Early Pre-school up to 2.5 years of age. The rate drops 17.6% from Infant/Toddler and Early Preschool to Preschool, then remains the same for School Age.
Differential rate for school-age programs. Describe:
Differential rate for higher quality as defined by the State/Territory. Describe:
As an incentive to increase the quality of child care in New Jersey, the rates the State pays to licensed child care centers, registered family child care homes and summer camps that have achieved national accreditation are increased by 5 percent over the maximum rates for those centers, registered family child care homes, and summer camps meeting basic licensing requirements.
Other differential rate. Describe:
□ None.
Reminder - CCDF regulations require the Lead Agency to certify that the payment rates for the provision of child care services are sufficient to ensure equal access for eligible

for the provision of child care services are sufficient to ensure equal access for eligible families to child care services comparable to those provided to families not eligible to receive CCDF assistance. In the next three questions, Lead Agencies are asked to describe how their payment policies reflect the affordable copayments for families provision of equal access (i.e., minimizing additional fees to parents), how payment practices are implemented consistent with the general child care market to be fair to providers (see Information Memorandum on Continuity of Care for examples

http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/im2011-06), and the summary of	of facts
describing how payment rates are adequate to ensure equal access to the full rates	ange of
providers.	

# 2.7.7. What policies does the Lead Agency have regarding any additional fees that providers may charge CCDF parents? The Lead Agency...

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Allows providers to charge the difference between the maximum reimbursement rate nd their private pay rate  Pays for provider fees (e.g., registration, meals, supplies).  Describe:
IJ issues a maximum child care payment rate chart. The parent/applicant may select a provider with a ost higher than the maximum rates; however, in such instances, the parent/applicant is totally esponsible for all expenses in excess of these maximum rates, as well as for the required co-payment.
Policies vary across region, counties and or geographic areas. Describe:
Other. Describe:
.7.8 What specific policies and practices does the Lead Agency have regarding he following:  Effective Date: 01-OCT-13
) Number of absent days allowed. Describe
he state will pay for a maximum of five (5) consecutive, sick days per child within a two (2) week eriod. Sick days exceeding five consecutive days during the service period will not receive payment.

b) Paying based on enrollment. Describe

Providers are not paid based upon on enrollment but will receive full reimbursement for services when a minimum 80% (8 days) level of service is delivered/provided within a two (2) week (10 days) service period.

c) Paying on the same schedule that providers charge private pay families (e.g., hourly, weekly, monthly). Describe

Payment is based upon a 2 week service period.

d) Using electronic tools(automated billing, direct deposit, EBT cards, etc.) to make provider payments. Describe

DFD utilizes E-Child Care (ECC), an electronic child care time and attendance system. All providers are required to utilize ECC to report child care time and attendance. ECC issues payment to all child care providers through the automated calculation of benefits and direct the deposit of funds into provider accounts on a biweekly basis.

# 2.7.9. Describe how payment rates are adequate to ensure equal access to the full range of providers based on the Market Rate Survey.

CCDF regulations require the Lead Agency to certify that the payment rates for the provision of child care services are sufficient to ensure equal access for eligible families to child care services comparable to those provided to families not eligible to receive CCDF assistance. To demonstrate equal access, the Lead Agency shall provide at a minimum a summary of facts describing: (§98.43(a))

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a) How a choice of the full range of providers, e.g., child care centers, family child care homes, group child care homes and in-home care, is made available (§98.43(a)(1)):

DFD, through the CCR&Rs, ensures that parents have freedom of choice in selecting child care arrangements and are provided with flexibility to choose the location and type of provider that best meets parents' and children's child care needs. Providers are encouraged to accept DFD rates, but may charge parents the difference between the maximum reimbursement rate and what the center charges for a private paying customer. In addition, DFD allocate funds known as dedicated vouchers for a group of providers. These network of providers are not permitted to charge parents the difference between the DFD contracted rate and what the center charges private paying customers.

Most child care centers reported that they would be willing to accept children who receive subsidies through Work First New Jersey (WFNJ) or the Child Care Assistance Program (CCAP). A total of 78.2% (N=1,053) of the 1,346 responding centers indicated that they would accept children with these subsidies. An additional 227 or 16.9% reported that they were unsure; only 4.9% (N=66) stated that they would not accept a child with a subsidy. Families are accessing services and currently, NJ does not have a waiting list. NJ was identified as one of the highest median income state, and subsequently will

reflect a huge income variation. Affluent communities vs. urban communities, or from county to county, there is a significant contrast in the cost of care. Majority of the families that access subsidized child care reside in the urban communities, where the rates are lower and more competitive, which creates more access for families to afford child care services

b) How payment rates are adequate based on the most recent local MRS (§98.43(a)(2)):

New Jersey utilizes the information from the Market Rate Survey as one consideration used to establish the rates that providers will be reimbursed for child care costs and any potential cost of living adjustments. Payment rates reflected in Attachment 2.7.1 are the maximum reimbursement rates for the full range of providers in New Jersey. Payment rates used for subsidy reimbursements in New Jersey are less than the current market rates for some categories of care.

c) How family co-payments based on a sliding fee scale are affordable (§98.43(a)(3)):

The average co-payment for a family of three with annual income of \$18,531 (over 100% of the Federal Poverty Index) for full-time child care is approximately \$76.51 per month which represents 5% of gross family income.

For all DFD voucher (certificate) payments, the number of hours child care services are being provided to the child is as follows:

- -Full-time care is defined as care for 30 hours or more per week for co-payment purposes.
- •Part-time care is defined as care for less than 30 hours per week for co-payment purposes.

In no case may the co-payment exceed the cost of care. Once the co-payment is determined, it remains unchanged for the duration of the eligibility period (up to 12 months), unless there is a change in family size, gross family income, or a change in care from fulltime to part-time or vice versa. In DFD voucher programs, the participant must notify the CCR&R of any changes relating to family size, income, work status, home address or training/educational program attendance.

In the NJCK and TCC, an exception is made in the case of co-payment for school-age children. The CCR&R determines a part-time co-payment for all school-age children, unless the school-age child is in full-time child care for the entire period of the 12 month agreement. Only in this instance, shall the copayment be based on the full-time arrangement.

d) Any additional facts the Lead Agency considered to determine that its payment rates ensure equal access, including how the quality of child care providers is taken into account when setting rates and whether any other methodologies (e.g., cost estimation models) are used in setting payment rates

Payment rates reflected in Attachment 2.7.1 are the maximum reimbursement rates for the full range of providers in New Jersey. DFD, through the CCR&Rs, ensures that parents have freedom of choice in selecting child care arrangements and are provided with flexibility to choose the location and type of provider that best meets parents' and children's child care needs. Providers are encouraged to accept DFD rates, but may charge parents the difference between the maximum reimbursement rate and what the center charges for a private paying customer.

As a result, this could lead to more equal access for parents and support providers' ability to charge

rates that are more consistent with their actual market rates. In addition, to ensure that those receiving subsidy are able to purchase the same quality of care as someone not receiving a subsidy, the CCR&Rs request from providers and share with parents all additional fees charged by providers so that parents are educated on the actual cost of care and can make an informed decision about whether they wish to utilize that provider. To increase the parity of the quality of care being accessed, DFD through our quality initiatives aims to increase the quality of care being provided at subsidized centers by funding such quality initiatives as professional development offerings for entry level staff at subsidized centers, offering financial assistance with the pursuit of Child Development Associates, and developing and offering such credentials as the Infant Toddler Credential, Administrator's Credential, and Core Knowledge and competencies standards for center staff. Target funded community based providers are not permitted to charge parents the difference between the DFD contracted rate and what the center charges private paying customers.

**2.8 Goals for the next Biennium** - In this section, Lead Agencies are asked to identify at least one goal for the upcoming biennium and are encouraged to identify no more than five priority goals total. ACF will target technical assistance efforts to help Lead Agencies achieve their goal(s). Lead Agencies may include existing goals (e.g., already identified in a State strategic plan or established by the Governor for a Lead Agency). Lead Agencies will report progress and updates on these goals in the annual Quality Performance Report (Appendix 1), including any barriers encountered.

What are the Lead Agency's goals for the administration of the CCDF subsidy program in the coming Biennium? For example, what progress does the State/Territory expect to make on continuing improved services to parents and providers, continuity of care for children, improving outreach to parents and providers, building or expanding information technology systems, or revising rate setting policies or practices).

**Note** -When identifying your goals below, Lead Agencies are encouraged to begin with an action verb reflecting the desired result over the two year period (e.g., Increase, Improve, Build, Align, Implement, Review, Revise, Streamline, Expand, etc.)

Effective Date: 01-OCT-13

#### **Goal #1:**

To implement the QRIS system, Grow NJ Kids, statewide.

#### **Goal #2:**

To continue to serve all children without creating a waiting list.

#### **Goal #3:**

To increase children's access to higher quality of care.

#### **Goal #4:**

To support child care providers' move towards higher standards of care.

#### **Goal #5:**

Integrate professional development workforce system within NJ's QRIS, Grow NJ Kids.