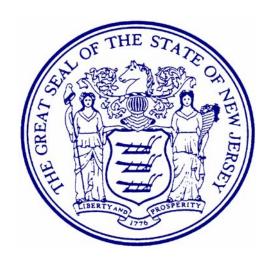
BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA QUARTERLY REPORT

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

SUBMITTED TO THE CASINO CONTROL COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY



DIVISION OF FINANCIAL EVALUATION REPORTING MANUAL

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA BALANCE SHEETS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	ASSETS:			
	Current Assets:			
1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	.]	\$24,146	\$28,937
2	Short-Term Investments		0	0
	Receivables and Patrons' Checks (Net of Allowance for	-	-	
3	Doubtful Accounts - 2009, \$23,844; 2008, \$22,098)	2, 6	32,604	51,123
4	Inventories		4,741	5,394
5	Other Current Assets		9,418	7,873
6	Total Current Assets		70,909	93,327
7	Investments, Advances, and Receivables	. 5	25,987	21,911
8	Property and Equipment - Gross		1,762,552	1,744,553
9	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	.	(368,321)	(295,684)
10	Property and Equipment - Net		1,394,231	1,448,869
	Other Assets		16,941	7,892
12	Total Assets		\$1,508,068	\$1,571,999
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:			
	Current Liabilities:			
13	Accounts Payable		\$8,120	\$34,350
14	Notes Payable		0	0
	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt:			
15	Due to Affiliates		0	0
16	External		0	0
17	Income Taxes Payable and Accrued	. 1	2,956	807
18	Other Accrued Expenses	. 3	59,454	69,198
19	Other Current Liabilities	4, 9, 6	27,479	25,810
20	Total Current Liabilities		98,009	130,165
	Long-Term Debt:			
21	Due to Affiliates	.	0	0
22	External	. 7	666,778	746,400
23	Deferred Credits		8,725	9,768
24	Other Liabilities		14,198	14,293
25	Commitments and Contingencies	.	0	0
26	Total Liabilities		787,710	900,626
27	Stockholders', Partners', or Proprietor's Equity		720,358	671,373
28	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$1,508,068	\$1,571,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	Revenue:			
1	Casino.		\$342,686	\$357,158
2	Rooms		53,164	49,440
3	Food and Beverage		68,483	69,641
4	Other		19,607	23,311
5	Total Revenue		483,940	499,550
6	Less: Promotional Allowances		104,537	92,465
7	Net Revenue		379,403	407,085
	Costs and Expenses:			
8	Cost of Goods and Services		233,367	246,810
9	Selling, General, and Administrative		45,120	54,122
10	Provision for Doubtful Accounts	2	4,084	3,549
11	Total Costs and Expenses		282,571	304,481
12	Gross Operating Profit		96,832	102,604
13	Depreciation and Amortization		40,131	36,140
	Charges from Affiliates Other than Interest:	_	,	,
14	Management Fees		0	0
15	Other		0	0
16	Income (Loss) from Operations		56,701	66,464
	Other Income (Expenses):			
17	Interest Expense - Affiliates		0	0
18	Interest Expense - External	7	(15,458)	(12,187)
19	CRDA Related Income (Expense) - Net	_	(2,381)	(2,800)
20	Nonoperating Income (Expense) - Net	5	(1,559)	(4,342)
21	Total Other Income (Expenses)	_	(19,398)	(19,329)
22	Income (Loss) Before Taxes and Extraordinary Items		37,303	47,135
23	Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	1	2,593	3,284
24	Income (Loss) Before Extraordinary Items		34,710	43,851
	Extraordinary Items (Net of Income Taxes -			
25	2009, \$0; 2008, \$0)		0	0
26	Net Income (Loss)		\$34,710	\$43,851

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	Revenue:			
1	Casino		\$173,837	\$178,522
2	Rooms		27,123	25,425
3	Food and Beverage		34,490	35,471
4	Other		10,302	13,390
5	Total Revenue		245,752	252,808
6	Less: Promotional Allowances		54,239	47,747
7	Net Revenue		191,513	205,061
	Costs and Expenses:			
8	Cost of Goods and Services		117,626	129,163
9	Selling, General, and Administrative		22,297	27,902
10	Provision for Doubtful Accounts	2	1,789	1,786
11	Total Costs and Expenses		141,712	158,851
12	Gross Operating Profit		49,801	46,210
13	Depreciation and Amortization		20,040	18,685
	Charges from Affiliates Other than Interest:		,	,
14	Management Fees		0	0
15	Other		0	0
16	Income (Loss) from Operations		29,761	27,525
	Other Income (Expenses):			
17	Interest Expense - Affiliates]	0	0
18	Interest Expense - External	7	(7,447)	(5,730)
19	CRDA Related Income (Expense) - Net		(1,247)	(1,401)
20	Nonoperating Income (Expense) - Net	5	(1,245)	(3,857)
21	Total Other Income (Expenses)		(9,939)	(10,988)
22	Income (Loss) Before Taxes and Extraordinary Items		19,822	16,537
23	Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	. 1	1,561	530
24	Income (Loss) Before Extraordinary Items		18,261	16,007
	Extraordinary Items (Net of Income Taxes -			
25	2009, \$0; 2008, \$0)	<u> </u>	0	0
26	Net Income (Loss)		\$18,261	\$16,007

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS', PROPRIETOR'S OR MEMBERS' EQUITY

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

> (UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line (a)	Description (b)	Notes	Contributed Capital (c)	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) (d)		Total Equity (Deficit) (f)
1	Balance, December 31, 2007		\$477,507	\$189,174	\$0	\$666,681
3	Net Income (Loss) - 2008			83,289		83,289
5 6	Capital Withdrawals Partnership Distributions Prior Period Adjustments			(39,159)		(39,159) 0
7 8 9						0 0 0
10	Balance, December 31, 2008		477,507	233,304	0	710,811
11 12	Net Income (Loss) - 2009 Capital Contributions			34,710		34,710
13 14	Capital Withdrawals Partnership Distributions	l		(25,163)		(25,163)
15 16	Prior Period Adjustments			(23,103)		0
17 18						0
19	Balance, June 30, 2009		\$477,507	\$242,851	\$0	\$720,358

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

*	Notes	2009	2008
		· /	(d)
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$88,546	\$106,992
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of Short-Term Investments			
Proceeds from the Sale of Short-Term Investments			
Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment	 	(3,370)	(108,500)
Proceeds from Disposition of Property and Equipment		(1.2.12)	(1.702)
CRDA Obligations	 	\ ' /	(4,502) *
Other Investments, Loans and Advances made		(1,529)	(2,460)
Proceeds from Other Investments, Loans, and Advances			
Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities		0	0
]		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		(9,148)	(115,462) *
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from Short-Term Debt			
Payments to Settle Short-Term Debt			
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		384,183	428,600
Costs of Issuing Debt		(21)	0
Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt		(457,941)	(404,900)
Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions		0	0
Purchases of Treasury Stock			
Payments of Dividends or Capital Withdrawals			
	ļ	(25,163)	(39,159)
Nat Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities	ļ	(08 042)	(15,459)
		` ′ ′	
		ì	(23,929)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		43,690	52,866
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period		\$24,146	\$28,937
	I I		
		\$14 177	\$12.058
Income Taxes			\$13,958 (\$13,652)
	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Short-Term Investments	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Short-Term Investments Proceeds from the Sale of Short-Term Investments Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment Proceeds from Disposition of Property and Equipment CRDA Obligations Other Investments, Loans and Advances made Proceeds from Other Investments, Loans, and Advances Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Short-Term Debt Payments to Settle Short-Term Debt Proceeds from Long-Term Debt Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt Payments of Treasury Stock Payments of Dividends or Capital Withdrawals Partnership Distributions Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period Cash PAID DURING PERIOD FOR: Interest (Net of Amount Capitalized)	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of Short-Term Investments Proceeds from the Sale of Short-Term Investments Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment. CRDA Obligations Other Investments, Loans and Advances made. Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities. Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities. O Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Long-Term Debt. Payments to Settle Short-Term Debt. Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt. Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions. OPurchases of Treasury Stock. Payments to Dividends or Capital Withdrawals. Partnership Distributions Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities. (98,942) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents. (19,544) Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period. CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR: Interest (Net of Amount Capitalized). \$14,177

^{*} prior year amounts have been restated to reflect current year presentation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description		2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
29	Net Income (Loss)		\$34,710	\$43,851
30	Depreciation and Amortization of Property and Equipment		39,116	35,911
31	Amortization of Other Assets		1,015	229
32	Amortization of Debt Discount or Premium			
33	Deferred Income Taxes - Current		376	(247) *
34	Deferred Income Taxes - Noncurrent		(238)	2,479 *
35	(Gain) Loss on Disposition of Property and Equipment		61	(6)
36	(Gain) Loss on CRDA-Related Obligations		2,381	2,800
37	(Gain) Loss from Other Investment Activities		1,708	52 *
38	(Increase) Decrease in Receivables and Patrons' Checks		18,174	14,452
39	(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		758	(1,008)
40	(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets		518	1,427
41	(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(6,263)	66
42	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(4,203)	786
43	Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		54	5,599 *
44	Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	<u> </u>	379	601 *
45		<u> </u>		
46		<u> </u>		
47	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		\$88,546	\$106,992 *

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:		
48	Additions to Property and Equipment	 (\$3,370)	(\$108,500)
49	Less: Capital Lease Obligations Incurred		
50	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment	(\$3,370)	(\$108,500)
	ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS ENTITIES:		
51	Property and Equipment Acquired		
52	Goodwill Acquired		
53	Other Assets Acquired - net		
54	Long-Term Debt Assumed		
55	Issuance of Stock or Capital Invested		
56	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities	\$0	\$0
	STOCK ISSUED OR CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:		
57	Total Issuances of Stock or Capital Contributions	\$0	\$0
58	Less: Issuances to Settle Long-Term Debt	0	0
59	Consideration in Acquisition of Business Entities	0	0
60	Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions	\$0	\$0

^{*} prior year amounts have been restated to reflect current year presentation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

4/09 CCC-235A

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY, ACCURACY, AND COMPLIANCE

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

1.	I	have	examined	this	Quarter:	ly Report.
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- 2. All the information contained in this Quarterly Report has been prepared in conformity with the Casino Control Commission's Quarterly Report Instructions and Uniform Chart of Accounts.
- 3. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate.
- 4. To the best of my knowledge and belief, except for the deficiencies noted below, the licensee submitting this Quarterly Report has remained in compliance with the financial stability regulations contained in N.J.A.C. 19:43-4.2(b)1-5 during the quarter.

8/17/2009	HAT-
Date	Hugh Turner
	Vice President of Finance
	Title
	7833-11
	License Number
	On Behalf of:

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA
Casino Licensee

Marina District Development Company, LLC and Subsidiary



(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Marina District Development Holding Co., LLC)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include the accounts of Marina District Development Company, LLC, d.b.a. Borgata, ("MDDC, LLC") and Marina District Finance Company, Inc. ("MDFC"), its wholly-owned subsidiary, collectively referred to herein as the "Company", "we", or "us". The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Marina District Development Holding Co., LLC ("Holding Company" or "Parent"). Holding Company is jointly owned by MAC, Corp. ("MAC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of MGM MIRAGE, and Boyd Atlantic City, Inc. ("BAC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Boyd Gaming Corporation. Our purpose is to develop, own, and operate a hotel casino and spa facility at Renaissance Pointe in Atlantic City, New Jersey.

Pursuant to the Joint Venture Agreement (the "JV Agreement"), BAC, as the managing venturer of the Holding Company, has oversight responsibility for the management of Borgata, which includes the design, development, and construction as well as the day-to-day operations. We do not record a management fee to BAC, as our management team directly performs these services or negotiates contracts to provide for these services. As a result, the costs of these services are directly borne by the Company and are reflected in our accompanying consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the results of our operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 and our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. We suggest reading this report in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, have been condensed or omitted. The operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that will be achieved for the full year or future periods.

Capitalized Interest

Interest costs, primarily associated with our expansion projects, are capitalized as part of the cost of our constructed assets. Interest costs, which include commitment fees, letter of credit fees and the amortized portion of deferred financing fees, are capitalized on amounts expended for the respective projects using

our weighted average cost of borrowing. Capitalization of interest will cease when the respective project, or discernible portions of the projects, are substantially complete. We amortize capitalized interest over the estimated useful life of the related asset. Capitalized interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 was \$3,904,000 and \$8,629,000 respectively. Capitalized interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 was \$0 and \$24,000 respectively.

Income Taxes

We are treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes; therefore, federal income taxes are the responsibility of MAC and BAC. In New Jersey, casino partnerships are subject to state income taxes under the Casino Control Act; therefore, we are required to record New Jersey state income taxes (see Note 9). In 2004, we were granted permission by New Jersey, pursuant to a ruling request, to file a consolidated New Jersey corporation business tax return with MAC and BAC. The amounts reflected in our consolidated financial statements are on a stand-alone basis; however, we file a state consolidated tax return with MAC and BAC. The amounts due to MAC and BAC are a result of the tax attributes MAC and BAC have contributed to the consolidated state tax return. A reconciliation of the components of our stand-alone state income taxes payable is presented below:

Amounts payable (receivable) - state Amounts payable to MAC and BAC Income taxes payable

June 30,				
2009		2008		
\$ 1,095,000	\$	(1,506,000)		
1,861,000		2,313,000		
\$ 2,956 ,000	\$	807,000		

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and notes. Significant estimates incorporated into our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the estimated useful lives for depreciable and amortizable assets, the estimated allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, the estimate for available tax credits, the estimated liabilities for our self-insured medical plan, slot club programs, contingencies and litigation, claims and assessments. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification* and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – A Replacement of FASB Statement No. 162 ("SFAS 168"). SFAS 168 establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification") as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). SFAS 168 is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. This will not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R) ("SFAS 167"). SFAS 167 is a revision to FASB Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities. The amendments include: (1) the elimination of the exemption for qualifying special purpose entities, (2) a new approach for determining who should consolidate a variable-interest entity, and (3) changes to when it

is necessary to reassess who should consolidate a variable-interest entity. SFAS 167 is effective for the first annual reporting period beginning after November 15, 2009 and for interim periods within that first annual reporting period. We are currently evaluating the requirements of SFAS 167 and have not determined the impact, if any, that the adoption will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets – An Amendment to FASB Statement No. 140 ("SFAS 166"). SFAS 166 is a revision of SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities. SFAS 166 eliminates the concept of a "qualifying special-purpose entity," changes the requirements for derecognizing financial assets, and requires additional disclosures in order to enhance information reported to users of financial statements by providing greater transparency about transfers of financial assets, including securitization transactions, and an entity's continuing involvement in and exposure to the risks related to transferred financial assets. SFAS 166 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2009. We believe that the adoption of SFAS 166 will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165, *Subsequent Events* ("SFAS" 165"). SFAS 165 establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued. SFAS 165 is effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. This SFAS requires disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date. The adoption of SFAS 165 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") No. 157-4, Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly ("FSP FAS 157-4"). FSP FAS 157-4 provides additional guidance for estimating fair value in accordance with FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased. FSP FAS 157-4 also includes guidance on how to identify circumstances that indicate that a transaction is not orderly and emphasizes that even if there has been a significant decrease in the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability and regardless of the valuation techniques used, the objective of a fair value measurement remains the same. FSP FAS 157-4 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, and is to be applied prospectively. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-4 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Due to the recent amendment to our bank agreement in December 2008, the carrying amount of debt approximates its fair value at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2, *Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments* ("FSP FAS 115-2 and 124-2"). FSP FAS 115-2 and 124-2 provides new guidance on the recognition of other-than-temporary impairments of investments in debt securities and provides new presentation and disclosure requirements for other-than-temporary impairments of investments in debt and equity securities. FSP FAS 115-2 and 124-2 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of FSP FAS 115-2 and 124-2 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1, *Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments* ("FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1"). FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 amends FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 107, *Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments* ("SFAS 107"), to require disclosures about fair value of financial instruments in interim reporting periods. Such disclosures were previously required only in annual financial statements. FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 also amends Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 28, *Interim*

Financial Reporting, to require those disclosures in summarized financial information at interim reporting periods. FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

A variety of additional proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently under study by standard-setting organizations and certain regulatory agencies. Because of the tentative and preliminary nature of such proposed standards, we have not yet determined the effect, if any, that the implementation of such proposed standards would have on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 2. Receivables and Patrons' Checks

Receivables and patrons' checks consist of the following:

	June 30,		
	2009	2008	
Casino receivables (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts – 2009 \$23,800,000 and 2008 \$22,003,000)	\$ 27,842,000	\$ 25,304,000	
NJ tax refund receivable	-	14,334,000	
Other (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts – 2009			
\$44,000 and 2008 \$95,000)	4,597,000	5,714,000	
ANP tax receivable	-	5,707,000	
Due from related parties (Note 6)	165,000	64,000	
Receivables and patrons' checks, net	\$ 32,604,000	\$ 51,123,000	

Note 3. Other Accrued Expenses

Other accrued expenses consist of the following:

	June 30,			
		2009		2008
Payroll and related	\$	25,085,000	\$	25,919,000
Other		34,369,000		43,279,000
Other accrued expenses	\$	59,454,000	\$	69,198,000

Note 4. Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consist of the following:

June 30,			
	2009		2008
	<u>.</u>		
\$	11,597,000	\$	3,735,000
	6,402,000		8,017,000
	1,094,000		112,000
	8,386,000		13,946,000
\$	27,479,000	\$	25 810,000
	·	\$ 11,597,000 6,402,000 1,094,000 8,386,000	\$ 11,597,000 \$ 6,402,000 1,094,000 8,386,000

Note 5. Investment in ACES

In 2006, we entered into an agreement with two other Atlantic City casinos to form Atlantic City Express Service, LLC ("ACES"). With each member having a 33.3% interest, this New Jersey limited liability company was formed for the purpose of contracting with New Jersey Transit to operate express rail service between Manhattan and Atlantic City. Each member has guaranteed, jointly and severally, liability for all terms, covenants and conditions of the ACES agreement with New Jersey Transit consisting primarily of the necessary operating and capital expenses of ACES. The responsibilities of the managing member will rotate annually among the members.

We currently account for our share of ACES under the equity method of accounting. We have made cumulative capital contributions totaling \$7,184,000 and \$4,514,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. ACES commenced operations in February, 2009. Our share of ACES' operating loss was approximately \$1,055,000 and \$1,356,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and is included in Nonoperating Income (Expense) – Net on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. Our share of ACES' preopening expenses was \$0 and \$353,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$44,000 and \$62,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, and is included in Nonoperating Income (Expense) – Net on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Note 6. Related Parties

Pursuant to the JV Agreement, MAC is solely responsible for any investigation, analyses, clean-up, detoxification, testing, monitoring, or remediation related to Renaissance Pointe. MAC is also responsible for their allocable share of expenses related to master plan and government improvements at Renaissance Pointe. The related amounts due from MAC for these types of expenditures incurred by us were \$109,000 and \$59,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Reimbursable expenditures incurred were \$121,000 and \$257,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$106,000 and \$262,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively.

Boyd Gaming Corporation reimburses us for expenses relating to investigative services for our casino license and other expenses. The related amounts due from Boyd Gaming Corporation for these types of expenditures were \$56,000 and \$5,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Reimbursable expenditures incurred were \$58,000 and \$119,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$18,000 and \$58,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively.

In 2005, we entered into a series of ground lease agreements with MAC related to our expansion projects which increase our leased premises from a total of 15.5 acres to a total of 19.0 acres. These new ground lease agreements and the modified existing employee parking garage ground lease agreement provide the land on which our existing employee parking garage, the Public Space Expansion, the Rooms Expansion, and a modified surface parking lot will reside. The lease terms extend until December 31, 2070 with the exception of the surface parking lot lease which can be terminated by either party upon 18 months written notice. The related amounts due to MAC for these types of expenditures were \$0 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Related rent incurred 1,620,000 and \$3,229,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$1,514,000 and \$3,027,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, portions of which were included in preopening expenses on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Pursuant to the ground lease agreements, we are responsible for reimbursing MAC for related property taxes paid on our behalf. The related amounts due to MAC for these types of expenditures were \$0 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Related property tax incurred was \$3,151,000 and \$6,297,000 for the

three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$1,560,000 and \$3,120,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, portions of which were capitalized on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and portions of which were included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

We reimburse BAC for compensation paid to employees performing services for us on a full-time basis and for out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred related to travel. BAC is also reimbursed for various payments made on our behalf primarily related to third party legal fees, investigative fees, and other. The related amounts due to BAC for these types of expenditures paid by BAC were \$1,094,000 and \$112,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Reimbursable expenditures were \$1,710,000 and \$3,980,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$573,000 and \$3,307,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, which were included in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

The related party balances are non-interest bearing and are included in either accounts receivable or accrued and other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Note 7. Debt

Amounts outstanding under each component of our bank credit agreement are as follows:

	Jun	June 30,			
	2009	2008			
Revolving line of credit	666,778,000	746,400,000			
Less current maturities					
Total long – term debt	\$ 666,778,000	\$ 746,400,000			

Our bank credit agreement currently consists of a \$780,000,000 revolving credit facility that matures on January 31, 2011. At June 30, 2009, \$666,778,000 was outstanding under the revolving credit facility, leaving availability under the bank credit facility of \$113,222,000.

The interest rate on the revolving credit facility is based upon either (i) the agent bank's quoted base rate or (ii) the Eurodollar rate, plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin is a percentage per annum (which ranges from 1.00% to 2.50% if we elect to use the base rate and 2.25% to 3.75% if we elect to use the Eurodollar rate) determined in accordance with a specified pricing grid based upon our predefined leverage ratio. In addition, we incur a commitment fee on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility that ranges from 0.25% to 0.5% per annum. The bank credit agreement is secured by substantially all of our real and personal property and is non-recourse to MAC and BAC.

The bank credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants, including, without limitation, various covenants (i) establishing a maximum permitted total leverage ratio, (ii) establishing a minimum required fixed charge coverage ratio, (iii) imposing limitations on the incurrence of additional secured indebtedness, and (iv) imposing restrictions on investments, dividends and certain other payments. We believe that we are in compliance with the covenants related to the bank credit agreement at June 30, 2009.

Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

In June 2004, Borgata and the eleven other casinos in the Atlantic City gaming market (collectively, the "Casinos") entered into a Grant and Donations Agreement with the New Jersey Sports & Exposition Authority (the "NJSEA") and the CRDA in the interest of deferring or preventing the proliferation of competitive gaming at New Jersey racing tracks through January 1, 2009.

In August, 2008, Borgata and the ten other casinos in the Atlantic City gaming market (collectively, the "Casinos") entered into a Purse Enhancement Agreement (the "Agreement") with the NJSEA and the CRDA in the interest of further deferring or preventing the proliferation of competitive gaming at New Jersey racing tracks through December 31, 2011. In addition to the continued prohibition of casino gaming in New Jersey outside of Atlantic City, legislation was enacted to provide for the deduction of certain promotional gaming credits from the calculation of the tax on casino gross revenue.

Under the terms of the Agreement, the Casinos shall make scheduled payments to the NJSEA totaling \$90,000,000 to be used for certain authorized purposes (the "Authorized Uses") as defined by the Purse Enhancement Agreement. In the event any of the \$90,000,000 is not used by NJSEA for the Authorized Uses by January 1, 2012, the unused funds shall be returned by NJSEA to the Casinos pro rata based upon the share each casino contributed. For each year, each casino's share of the scheduled payments will equate to a percentage representing its gross gaming revenue for the prior calendar year compared to the gross gaming revenues for that period for all Casinos. Each casino, solely and individually, shall be responsible for its respective share of the scheduled amounts due. In the event that any casino shall fail to make its payment as required, the remaining Casinos shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure a payment delinquency. As a result, we will expense our pro rata share of the \$90,000,000, estimated to be approximately \$14,404,000 in total using our actual and forecasted market share of gross gaming revenue, on a straight-line basis over the applicable term of the Purse Enhancement Agreement.

Note 9. Insurance Coverage Related to The Water Club Fire

On September 23, 2007, The Water Club, our 800-room boutique hotel expansion then under construction, sustained a fire that caused damage to property with a carrying value of approximately \$11,365,000. We carry insurance policies that we believe will cover most of the replacement costs related to property damage, with the exception of minor amounts principally related to insurance deductibles and certain other limitations. As of June 30, 2009, we have received insurance advances related to property damage totaling \$22,862,000. We have recorded a deferred gain of \$11,597,000 (see Note 4) on our consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2009, representing the amount of insurance advances related to property damage in excess of the \$11,365,000 carrying value of assets damaged or destroyed by the fire (after our \$100,000 deductible). The deferred gain, and any other deferred gain that may arise from further advances from insurance recoveries related to property damage, will not be recognized on our consolidated statement of operations until final settlement with our insurance carrier. In addition, we have "delay in-completion" insurance coverage for The Water Club for certain costs, subject to various limitations and deductibles, which may help to offset some of the costs related to the postponement of its opening. Recoveries, if any, from the insurance carrier will be recorded when earned and realized. As we continue to work with our insurance carrier on the scope of the claims, negotiations are currently underway to reach a global settlement of the claims; however, we can provide no assurance with respect to the ultimate resolution of these matters.