RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) QUARTERLY REPORT

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2009

SUBMITTED TO THE CASINO CONTROL COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY



DIVISION OF FINANCIAL EVALUATION REPORTING MANUAL

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) BALANCE SHEETS

AS OF MARCH 31, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	ASSETS:			
	Current Assets:			
1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$12,254	\$12,867
2	Short-Term Investments		0	0
	Receivables and Patrons' Checks (Net of Allowance for			
3	Doubtful Accounts - 2009, \$7,815; 2008, \$5,166)		58,957	98,583
4	Inventories		1,408	3,177
5	Other Current Assets		8,879	7,707
6	Total Current Assets		81,498	122,334
7	Investments, Advances, and Receivables	Note 4	14,529	13,965
8	Property and Equipment - Gross		386,442	382,539
9	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(66,793)	(52,978)
10	Property and Equipment - Net	Note 5	319,649	329,561
11	Other Assets	Note 6	2,234	85,682
12	Total Assets		\$417,910	\$551,542
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:			
	Current Liabilities:			
13	Accounts Payable		\$5,889	\$8,359
14	Notes Payable		0	0
	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt:			
15	Due to Affiliates		0	0
16	External		224	109
17	Income Taxes Payable and Accrued		0	0
18	Other Accrued Expenses	Note 7	17,392	19,169
19	Other Current Liabilities	Note 8	1,880	2,902
20	Total Current Liabilities		25,385	30,539
	Long-Term Debt:			
21	Due to Affiliates	Note 9	348,207	348,207
22	External		301	10
23	Deferred Credits		0	0
24	Other Liabilities	Note 6	226	298
25	Commitments and Contingencies		0	0
26	Total Liabilities		374,119	379,054
27	Stockholders', Partners', or Proprietor's Equity		43,791	172,488
28	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$417,910	\$551,542

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED)

(\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	Revenue:			
1	Casino		\$48,621	\$66,943
2	Rooms		3,745	4,412
3	Food and Beverage		7,720	9,250
4	Other		1,855	2,206
5	Total Revenue		61,941	82,811
6	Less: Promotional Allowances		22,529	23,418
7	Net Revenue		39,412	59,393
	Costs and Expenses:			
8	Cost of Goods and Services		39,329	43,398
9	Selling, General, and Administrative		7,591	11,321
10	Provision for Doubtful Accounts		919	475
11	Total Costs and Expenses		47,839	55,194
12	Gross Operating Profit		(8,427)	4,199
13	Depreciation and Amortization		3,552	4,112
	Charges from Affiliates Other than Interest:			
14	Management Fees		0	0
15	Other		402	794
16	Income (Loss) from Operations		(12,381)	(707)
	Other Income (Expenses):			
17	Interest Expense - Affiliates		(3,231)	(6,044)
18	Interest Expense - External		(4)	(3)
19	CRDA Related Income (Expense) - Net		(206)	(282)
20	Nonoperating Income (Expense) - Net		82	64
21	Total Other Income (Expenses)		(3,359)	(6,265)
22	Income (Loss) Before Taxes and Extraordinary Items		(15,740)	(6,972)
23	Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	Note 10	0	0
24	Income (Loss) Before Extraordinary Items		(15,740)	(6,972)
	Extraordinary Items (Net of Income Taxes -			
25	2009, \$0; 2008, \$0)		0	0
26	Net Income (Loss)		(\$15,740)	(\$6,972)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS', PROPRIETOR'S OR MEMBERS' EQUITY

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009

Line (a)	Description (b)	Notes	Contributed Capital (c)	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) (d)	(e)	Total Equity (Deficit) (f)
1	Balance, December 31, 2007		\$138,474	\$40,986	\$0	\$179,460
2 3	Net Income (Loss) - 2008 Capital Contributions			(119,929)		(119,929)
4 5	Partnership Distributions					0
6 7	Prior Period Adjustments					0
8 9						0
10	Balance, December 31, 2008		138,474	(78,943)	0	59,531
11 12	Net Income (Loss) - 2009 Capital Contributions			(15,740)		(15,740)
13	Capital Withdrawals					0
14 15	Partnership Distributions Prior Period Adjustments					0
16 17						0
17 18						0
19	Balance, March 31, 2009		\$138,474	(\$94,683)	\$0	\$43,791

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
1	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES.		(\$10,391)	(\$4,519)
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
2	Purchase of Short-Term Investments		0	0
3	Proceeds from the Sale of Short-Term Investments		0	0
4	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment		(173)	(1,910)
5	Proceeds from Disposition of Property and Equipment		0	0
6	CRDA Obligations		(604)	(853)
7	Other Investments, Loans and Advances made		0	0
8	Proceeds from Other Investments, Loans, and Advances		0	0
9	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities		0	0
10			0	0
11			0	0
12	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		(777)	(2,763)
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
13	Proceeds from Short-Term Debt		0	0
14	Payments to Settle Short-Term Debt		(87)	(25)
15	Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		0	0
16	Costs of Issuing Debt		0	0
17	Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt		0	0
18	Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions		0	0
19	Purchases of Treasury Stock		0	0
20	Payments of Dividends or Capital Withdrawals		0	0
21	Changes in receivables from affiliates		11,085	4,643
22		<u> </u>	0	0
23	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities		10,998	4,618
24	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(170)	(2,664)
25	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		12,424	15,531
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period		\$12,254	\$12,867
		,		
	CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR:			

	CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR:		
27	Interest (Net of Amount Capitalized)	\$4	\$3
28	Income Taxes	\$0	\$0

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 AND 2008

(UNAUDITED)

(\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2009	2008
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
29	Net Income (Loss)		(\$15,740)	(\$6,972)
30	Depreciation and Amortization of Property and Equipment		3,333	3,882
31	Amortization of Other Assets		219	230
32	Amortization of Debt Discount or Premium		0	0
33	Deferred Income Taxes - Current		0	0
34	Deferred Income Taxes - Noncurrent		0	0
35	(Gain) Loss on Disposition of Property and Equipment		0	0
36	(Gain) Loss on CRDA-Related Obligations		206	282
37	(Gain) Loss from Other Investment Activities		0	0
38	(Increase) Decrease in Receivables and Patrons' Checks		(261)	(1,397)
39	(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		483	(836)
40	(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets		(251)	(114)
41	(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		452	633
42	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		670	921
43	Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		498	(1,148)
44	Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		0	0
45	Write-off of Goodwill	[0	0
46			0	0
47	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		(\$10,391)	(\$4,519)
	SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FL	OW IN	FORMATION	
	ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:			
48	Additions to Property and Equipment.		(\$173)	(\$1,910)
49	Less: Capital Lease Obligations Incurred	1 1	0	0
50	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment		(\$173)	(\$1,910)
	ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS ENTITIES:			i
51	Property and Equipment Acquired		\$0	\$0
52	Goodwill Acquired		0	0
53	Other Assets Acquired - net	 	0	0
54	Long-Term Debt Assumed		0	0
55	Issuance of Stock or Capital Invested	<u> </u>	0	0
56	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities		\$0	\$0
	STOCK ISSUED OR CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:			
57	Total Issuances of Stock or Capital Contributions		\$0	\$0
58	Less: Issuances to Settle Long-Term Debt	<u> </u> 	0	0
59	Consideration in Acquisition of Business Entities	h	0	0
60	Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions	<u> </u>	\$0	\$0
		·	· · · ·	

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY, ACCURACY, AND COMPLIANCE

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2009

- 1. I have examined this Quarterly Report.
- 2. All the information contained in this Quarterly Report has been prepared in conformity with the Casino Control Commission's Quarterly Report Instructions and Uniform Chart of Accounts.
- 3. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate.
- 4. To the best of my knowledge and belief, except for the deficiencies noted below, the licensee submitting this Quarterly Report has remained in compliance with the financial stability regulations contained in N.J.A.C. 19:43-4.2(b)1-5 during the quarter.

5/15/2009 Date

Director - Finance Title

008983-11 License Number

On Behalf of:

RIH ACQUISITIONS NJ, LLC (Atlantic City Hilton) Casino Licensee

1. Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

RIH Acquisitions NJ, LLC, a New Jersey limited liability company (the "Company"), owns and operates the Atlantic City Hilton ("ACH"), a casino/hotel located in Atlantic City, NJ. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Resorts International Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("RIH"). The Company's operations commenced on April 26, 2005.

On April 26, 2005, RIH acquired most of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of four casino properties, including ACH, from Caesars Entertainment Inc. and Harrah's Entertainment Inc. (the "Acquisition"). The debt incurred to finance the Acquisition (the "Term Loans") was carried on the balance sheet of RIH and was not allocated to the Company. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed of the Atlantic City Hilton as a result of the Acquisition were recorded, via a capital contribution, on the balance sheet of the Company. The Acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, and accordingly, the aggregate purchase price, including transaction fees and expenses, was allocated based on the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

In October 2006, RIH refinanced its outstanding debt by entering into a Commercial Mortgage Backed Security with JP Morgan Chase. The Loan Agreement (the "Loan") has a principal amount of \$960 million. Under the Loan the total principal is allocated to each of the RIH operating properties including the Atlantic City Hilton. The Loan originally was to mature November 9, 2008 and included the option to extend the life of the Loan for three successive terms of one year each. In November 2008, RIH exercised this option and extended the term of the loan for at least one year. The balance of the debt continues to be listed as long-term on the Company's balance sheet.

The Loan Agreement does not require periodic principal payments prior to the maturity date. However, monthly interest payments are required using a rate of LIBOR plus 2.65%. As of March 31, 2009, the interest rate was approximately 3.207%.

The cash flows of ACH and the other casino properties acquired by RIH are the only source to fund the interest payments of the debt issued by RIH. Substantially all of the Company's assets are pledged as collateral on the RIH credit facility, and the Company is named as a guarantor on RIH's credit agreement.

In conjunction with the refinancing in October 2006, RIH Propco NJ, LLC ("Propco") was formed on October 11, 2006. Propco, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, holds all of the real estate associated with ACH, as well as its non-gaming FF&E. The Company leases these assets from Propco for an amount which will cover the debt service under the loan.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of RIH Acquisitions NJ, LLC and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Propco. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

Short-term money market securities purchased with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. The carrying value of cash equivalents approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Allowance for Accounts Receivable

Allowances for doubtful accounts arising from casino, hotel and other services, are based upon a specific review of certain outstanding receivables. In determining the amounts of the allowances, certain estimates and assumptions are made, and actual results may differ from those assumptions.

Inventories

Inventories of provisions, supplies and spare parts are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives reported below using the straight-line method.

Hotels and other buildings	35 - 40	years
Furniture fixtures and equipment	2 - 5	years

The provisions of SFAS No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long- Lived Assets" ("SFAS No. 144") require, among other things, that an entity review its long-lived assets and certain intangibles for impairment whenever changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. SFAS No. 144 requires an impairment loss to be recognized only if the carrying amounts of long-lived assets to be held and used are not recoverable from their expected undiscounted future cash flows. There were no impairment losses recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes; therefore, no provision or benefit for federal income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 has been recorded. New Jersey state income taxes have been calculated under an alternative minimum assessment of a percentage of gross revenues.

Goodwill

In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives unless their lives are determined to be indefinite. Goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized but are subject to tests for impairment at least annually. SFAS 142 requires that impairment tests be performed more frequently than annually if events or circumstances indicate that the value of goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite lives might be impaired. See Note 6 regarding intangible asset impairment charges recorded during 2008 resulting from the annual impairment test.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Gaming revenue is recorded as the net win from gaming activities, which represents the difference between amounts wagered and amounts won by patrons. Revenues from hotel and related services and from theater ticket sales are recognized at the time the related service is performed.

Self Insured Health Insurance

The Company provides medical coverage for its non-union employees under a self-insured medical plan up to a maximum of \$225,000 per year for each insured person. Amounts in excess of these thresholds are covered by the Company's insurance programs subject to customary policy limits.

Promotional Allowances

The retail value of hotel accommodations, food, beverage, and other services provided to customers without charge is included in gross revenues and deducted as promotional allowances.

Cash discounts based upon a negotiated amount with each customer are recognized as a promotional allowance on the date the related revenues are recorded. Cash-back awards given to a customer based upon earning points for future awards are accrued as the customer earns the points. The amount is recorded as a promotional allowance in the statement of operations. When estimating the amount of the accrual, the company calculates a redemption rate based on historical redemption rates.

The Company offers other incentive programs. These are gifts and other promotional items, the type and distribution of which is determined by management. Since these awards are not cash awards, the Company records them as gaming expenses in the statement of operations. Such amounts are expensed on the date the award can be utilized by the customer.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents are reasonable estimates of fair values because of the short term maturities of these investments. CRDA Deposits, bonds, and other investments are stated net of a valuation allowance reflecting the below-market interest rates associated with these investments; therefore the carrying values approximate their fair values. The carrying value of long-term debt approximates its fair value.

Advertising

The Company expenses direct-response advertising at the time of the event. Costs associated with mailings for future promotions are included in prepaid expenses on the Company's Balance Sheet.

The Company expenses all other advertising costs as incurred. These costs are included in Selling, General and Administrative costs on the Company's Statements of Operations.

3. Receivables

Components of receivables were as follows at March 31 (in thousands):

	2009		2009	
Gaming Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	15,870 (7,760)	\$	17,456 (5,089)
		8,110		12,367
Non-gaming:				
Hotel and related		558		567
Due from affiliates, net		48,198		83,105
Other		2,146		2,621
		50,902		86,293
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(55)		(77)
		50,847		86,216
Receivables, net	\$	58,957	\$	98,583

As a wholly-owned subsidiary of RIH, ACH is a party to a joint services agreement between affiliated companies including RIH, Resorts International Hotel, Inc. (which owns and operates Resorts Atlantic City) and Colony Resorts LVH Acquisitions, LLC (which owns and operates the Las Vegas Hilton). Under the terms of this agreement, if any of the companies that are parties to the agreement incur costs in excess of its direct share or any expenses which are directly allocable to or incurred on behalf of one of the other companies, such excess costs will be reimbursed.

Certain executive, administrative and support operations of the Company and other affiliates are consolidated, including limousine services, sales and marketing services, purchasing, financial, human resources, and other administrative departments. The costs of these operations are allocated to or from the Company either directly or indirectly or using various formulas based on estimates of utilization of such services. Management believes the methods used to allocate these costs are reasonable. The net amount of these charges was \$531,000 and \$375,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The operating results of the Company may be different if the Company operated autonomously and without these transactions with its affiliates.

The Company transfers cash in excess of its operating needs to RIH on a periodic basis. RIH provides the Company with cash advances for capital expenditures and working capital needs. As of March 31, 2009, the Company had a net receivable from RIH of \$138.0 million for these cash transfers.

4. Investments, Advances and Receivables

Components of investments, advances and receivables were as follows at March 31 (in thousands):

	 2009	 2008
CRDA bonds and direct investments	\$ - ,	\$ -)
CRDA deposits	14,939 (9.516)	12,269 (8,662)
	\$ 14,529	\$ 13,965

The New Jersey Casino Control Act, as amended, requires ACH to purchase bonds issued by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority ("CRDA") or make other investments authorized by the CRDA, in an amount equal to 1.25% of RIH's gross gaming revenue, as defined.

The CRDA bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 7.0% and have repayment terms of between 20 and 50 years. ACH records charges to expense to reflect the below-market interest rate payable on the bonds it may have to purchase to fulfill its investment obligation at the date the obligation arises. The charges for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 for discounts on obligations arising in that period were \$206,000 and \$282,000, respectively.

4. Investments, Advances and Receivables (continued)

From time to time ACH has donated certain funds it has had on deposit with the CRDA in return for either relief from its obligation to purchase CRDA bonds or credits against future CRDA deposits. At March 31, 2009, ACH owned \$8.9 million face value of bonds, issued by the CRDA and had \$14.9 million on deposit with the CRDA. The majority of the Company's deposits have been pledged for specific projects.

5. Property and Equipment

Components of property and equipment were as follows at March 31 (in thousands):

	2009	2008
Land and land rights	\$ 50,550	\$ 50,810
Hotels and other buildings	276,931	271,496
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	58,575	55,059
Construction in progress	386	5,174
· •	386,442	382,539
Less: accumulated depreciation	(66,793)	(52,978)
Net property and equipment	\$ 319,649	\$ 329,561

6. Other Assets

Components of deferred charges and other assets were as follows at March 31 (in thousands):

	 2009		2008
Goodwill	\$ -	\$	81,527
Definite-lived intangibles, net of accumulated amortization	-		61
Loan fees & Cost, net of accumulated amortization	1,193		2,982
Restricted cash	996		1,067
Other	45		45
	\$ 2,234	\$	85,682

In accordance with SFAS 142, the Company performed its annual goodwill and other intangible asset impairment test as of December 31, 2008. The Company used discounted cash flows in the determination of the estimated fair value of the Company. Estimated future cash flows assumed under the discounted cash flow approach were negatively impacted by the recent increase in regional competition, the partial smoking ban in Atlantic City and a general weakening of the economy. Based upon the results of the impairment testing, the Company determined that its goodwill was fully impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$81.5 million in December 2008. The impairment test procedures performed in accordance with SFAS 142 require comprehensive estimates of the future cash flows of the Company. Due to uncertainties associated with such estimates, actual results could differ from such estimates. A continuation of the previously mentioned conditions may result in the determination that some or all of the Company's remaining other intangible assets have become impaired, which could result in additional impairment charges.

Loan fees and costs of \$1.2 million at March 31, 2009 were incurred in connection with obtaining the new loan agreement signed in October 2006 as described in Note 9. The debt issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method, over the contractual life of the loan, and amortization of such costs is included in interest expense on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Amortization expenses were \$447,000 and \$447,000 for the years ended March 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

6. Other Assets (continued)

As a condition of the sale, the Company was required to deposit \$500,000 from the sale price in an escrow account to be used for potential future environmental clean-up costs for certain portions of the parcels sold (see Note 11). The current escrow balance is \$226,000 and is included in Other Assets and Other Long-Term Liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2009.

7. Other Accrued Expenses

Components of other accrued expenses were as follows at March 31 (in thousands):

	2009		 2008	_
Payroll	\$	9,554	\$ 10,155	
Unredeemed customer incentives		2,402	2,392	
Gaming taxes and fees		506	612	
Non-gaming taxes and fees		643	888	
Other		4,287	5,122	
	\$	17,392	\$ 19,169	-

8. Other Current Liabilities

Components of other current liabilities were as follows at March 31 (in thousands):

	2009		 2008	
Unredeemed chip liability	\$	785	\$ 992	
CRDA obligation		616	845	
Other		479	1,065	
	\$	1,880	\$ 2,902	

9. Debt

In October 2006, the RIH refinanced its outstanding debt by entering into a Commercial Mortgage Backed Security with JP Morgan Chase. The Loan Agreement (the "Loan") has a principal amount of \$960 million. Under the Loan the total principal is allocated to each of RIH's operating properties, including the Atlantic City Hilton. The Loan originally was to mature November 9, 2008 and included the option to extend the life of the Loan for three successive terms of one year each. In November 2008, RIH exercised this option and extended the term of the loan for at least one year. The balance of the debt continues to be listed as long-term on the Company's balance sheet.

The proceeds of the Loan were used to retire the existing Term Loans in their entirety. The portion of the Loan that was allocated to the Company was \$405.3 million, and was based upon the relative fair market value of the assets acquired by RIH.

On April 4, 2007, RIH announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement with Ameristar Casinos to sell its casino and hotel in East Chicago, Illinois for \$675 million in cash. The transaction was completed on September 17, 2007. A portion of the proceeds from the sale were used to pay down the outstanding debt under the loan.

The Loan Agreement does not require periodic principal payments prior to the maturity date. However, monthly interest payments are required using a rate of LIBOR plus 2.65%. As of March 31, 2009 the interest rate was approximately 3.207%. Through March 31, 2009, RIH paid down \$464.0 million of the outstanding debt, which included approximately \$60.4 million of the Company's allocated portion of the loan.

9. Debt (continued)

The cash flows of ACH and the other casino properties acquired by RIH are the only source to fund the interest payments of the debt issued by RIH. Substantially all of the Company's assets are pledged as collateral on the RIH credit facility, and the Company is named as a guarantor on RIH's credit agreement. In accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements of Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, the Company's allocated portion of the Loan is recorded as long-term debt and a reduction in member's equity in the consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2009.

10. Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes: therefore, no provision or benefit for federal income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 has been recorded. New Jersey state income taxes have been calculated under an alternative minimum assessment of a percentage of gross revenues ("NJAMA").

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

ACH is a defendant in certain litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon advice of counsel, the aggregate liability, if any, arising from such litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations, or liquidity of ACH.

New Jersey Sports & Exposition Authority

The twelve Atlantic City casino properties (the "AC Industry") and the CRDA have entered into an agreement with the New Jersey Sports & Exposition Authority (the "NJSEA") to provide funding to subsidize New Jersey's horseracing industry. In exchange for this funding, the NJSEA and the three active New Jersey racetracks will not conduct any casino gaming at the racetracks prior to January 1, 2009. As part of the agreement, the AC Industry provided \$34 million over a four-year period to the NJSEA and deposited another \$62 million into the Casino Expansion Fund (managed by the CRDA). The \$62 million was derived from funds either currently on deposit or to be deposited with the CRDA pursuant to each casino property's investment obligation. The Company's obligation was equal to its fair-share of AC Industry casino revenues. The company made its final payment in October 2007, fully satisfying its obligation, with the total estimated commitment charged to operations on a straight-line basis through December 31, 2008. As such, the Company has met its deposit obligation related to its fair share of the \$62 million, and the Company is eligible to receive funds from the Casino Expansion Fund for qualified construction expenditures. The Company has until December 31, 2014 to submit an application to exhaust its share of the Casino Expansion Fund. Any funds not transferred out of the Casino Expansion Fund by the required date will be transferred to funds on deposit with the CRDA pursuant to its ongoing investment obligations.

With the end of the original agreement, the AC Industry and the CRDA have entered into another agreement with the NJSEA to provide funding to subsidize New Jersey's horseracing industry. As part of the agreement, the AC Industry will provide \$90 million over a three-year period, deriving entirely of funds from the AC Industry. The Company's obligation will be equal to its fair-share of the AC Industry casino revenues. In exchange for this funding, the NJSEA and the three active New Jersey racetracks will not conduct any casino gaming at the racetracks prior to January 1, 2012.

11. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Environmental Matters

An independent environmental consultant performed a Phase I environment site assessment in accordance with American Society for Testing and Materials standards on the Atlantic City Hilton property dated November 18, 2004. In August 2004, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, or the NJDEP, inspected the onsite BP Service Station which resulted in the detection of volatile organic compounds in excess of applicable regulatory standards. The Phase I report notes that this matter remains open and the future action is subject to regulatory agency requirements. At the location of a former high school building onsite, contaminated soils and groundwater associated with the removal of an underground storage tank were identified. The Phase I report notes that this contamination may extend beneath a public right-of-way. In addition, site impacts still remain from several underground storage tanks. The Company expects to manage these environmental conditions with the completion of additional site investigations and approval of remedial action work plans from the NJDEP. There can be no assurance, however, that the remedial activity for the Atlantic City Hilton property will not exceed the Company's estimates based upon the current limited available site information. The former high school site was one of the parcels sold by the Company in November 2006; under the terms of the sale, the Company was required to deposit \$500,000 from the sale price in an escrow account to be used for future clean-up costs of the site (see Note 6).

On July 21, 2005, an oil pipeline ruptured at the Atlantic City Hilton which resulted in an oil spill. The Company is in the process of resolving the issue in accordance with NJDEP and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidelines. At this time, the Company has no indication that surrounding areas of other properties sustained any damage.

Licensing

On April 18, 2007, the New Jersey Casino Control Commission (the "NJCCC") granted the Company a five-year casino license to operate ACH, subject to certain conditions.