Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) QUARTERLY REPORT

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

SUBMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF GAMING ENFORCEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY



OFFICE OF FINANCIAL INVESTIGATIONS REPORTING MANUAL

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) BALANCE SHEETS

AS OF MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2014	2013
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	ASSETS:			
	Current Assets:			
1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$14,265	\$17,024
2	Short-Term Investments			
	Receivables and Patrons' Checks (Net of Allowance for			
3	Doubtful Accounts - 2014, \$3,684; 2013, \$6,791)	4	9,927	11,520
4	Inventories		1,322	1,273
5	Other Current Assets	5	4,765	8,490
6	Total Current Assets		30,279	38,307
7	Investments, Advances, and Receivables	6	37,225	625,052
8	Property and Equipment - Gross	2,7	64,037	857,401
9	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	2,7	(5,580)	(173,568)
10	Property and Equipment - Net	7	58,457	683,833
11	Other Assets	8	98,079	22,840
12	Total Assets		\$224,040	\$1,370,032
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:			
	Current Liabilities:			
13	Accounts Payable		\$7,864	\$7,337
14	Notes Payable			
	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt:			
15	Due to Affiliates			
16	External		3,367	1,449
17	Income Taxes Payable and Accrued			
18	Other Accrued Expenses	9	321,320	272,830
19	Other Current Liabilities		2,120	1,991
20	Total Current Liabilities		334,671	283,607
	Long-Term Debt:			
21	Due to Affiliates	10	583,500	583,500
22	External	10	3,590	1,141
23	Deferred Credits		0	58,936
24	Other Liabilities	11	677	95,462
25	Commitments and Contingencies	12	0	0
26	Total Liabilities		922,438	1,022,646
27	Stockholders', Partners', or Proprietor's Equity		(698,398)	347,386
28	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$224,040	\$1,370,032

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

2013 Line Description **Notes** 2014 **(a) (b)** (c) **(d)** Revenue: Casino..... \$48,746 1 \$58,238 2 8,334 9,527 Rooms..... 3 Food and Beverage..... 9,294 9,463 4 1,981 2.697 Other..... _ _ _ _ 5 Total Revenue..... 68,355 79,925 19,270 6 Less: Promotional Allowances..... 20,590 7 47,765 60,655 Net Revenue..... Costs and Expenses: Casino 8 27,907 27,669 Rooms, Food and Beverage..... 9 3,601 3,608 General, Administrative and Other..... 10 17,818 20,038 Total Costs and Expenses..... 49,326 11 51,315 Gross Operating Profit..... 12 (1,561)9,340 Depreciation and Amortization...... 13 1,108 7,692 Charges from Affiliates Other than Interest: Management Fees..... 14 0 7,033 15 6,351 Other..... 3 (9,702)16 Income (Loss) from Operations..... (4,703)Other Income (Expenses): Interest Expense - Affiliates...... 10 (12, 399)17 (12,410)Interest Expense - External..... 18 (19)(43)CRDA Related Income (Expense) - Net..... 19 (1, 168)(568)Nonoperating Income (Expense) - Net..... 20 (13, 269)449 Total Other Income (Expenses)..... 21 (26, 255)(13, 172)Income (Loss) Before Taxes and Extraordinary Items..... 22 (35, 957)(17, 875)23 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes..... (32,043)(6,238)24 Income (Loss) Before Extraordinary Items..... (3,914)(11, 637)Extraordinary Items (Net of Income Taxes -2014, \$0; 2013, \$0)..... 25 0 26 Net Income (Loss)..... (\$3,914)(\$11,637)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

			Commo	n Stock	Preferre	d Stock	Additional Paid-In		Retained Earnings (Accumulated	. .
Line	Description	Notes	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital		Deficit)	(Deficit)
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
1	Balance, December 31, 2012		100	\$1			\$597,787		(\$238,765)	\$359,023
2	Net Income (Loss) - 2013								(452,775)	(452,775)
3	Contribution to Paid-in-Capital									0
4	Dividends									0
5	Prior Period Adjustments									0
6	Equitization of Intercompany						(600,233)		(6,971)	(607,204)
7										0
8										0
9										0
10	Balance, December 31, 2013		100	1	0	0	(2,446)	0	(698,511)	(700,956)
11	Net Income (Loss) - 2014								(3,914)	(3,914)
12	Contribution to Paid-in-Capital								(2,5 - 1)	0
13	Dividends									0
14	Prior Period Adjustments									0
15	Equitization of Intercompany	[6,472			6,472
16		t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i								0
17		††								0
18		t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i								0
19	Balance, March 31, 2014		100	\$1	0	\$0	\$4,026	\$0	(\$702,425)	(\$698,398)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2014	2013
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
1	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(\$13,301)	\$11,946
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
2	Purchase of Short-Term Investments			
3	Proceeds from the Sale of Short-Term Investments			
4	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment		(6,539)	(1,616)
5	Proceeds from Disposition of Property and Equipment			290
6	CRDA Obligations		(617)	(724)
7	Other Investments, Loans and Advances made	. 1		
8	Proceeds from Other Investments, Loans, and Advances			
9	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities	·	0	0
10		! -		
11	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		(7,156)	(2.050)
14		·	(7,130)	(2,050)
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
13	Proceeds from Short-Term Debt			
14	Payments to Settle Short-Term Debt	· -		
15	Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	·		
16 17	Costs of Issuing Debt	1+		
17	Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions		0	0
10 19	Purchases of Treasury Stock	1+	0	0
20	Payments of Dividends or Capital Withdrawals	i		
20	Change in Payable to / Receivable from affiliates		17,699	(18,449)
22		-		(10,117)
	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities		17,699	(18,449)
24	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,758)	(8,553)
25	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		17,023	25,577
26	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period		\$14,265	\$17,024
	CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR:			

	CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR:		
27	Interest (Net of Amount Capitalized)	\$19	\$0
28	Income Taxes	 \$0	\$0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

(UNAUDITED)

(\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2014	2013
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
29	Net Income (Loss)	LL	(\$3,914)	(\$11,637)
30	Depreciation and Amortization of Property and Equipment		1,108	6,948
31	Amortization of Other Assets			744
32	Amortization of Debt Discount or Premium			
33	Deferred Income Taxes - Current		320	511
34	Deferred Income Taxes - Noncurrent		0	(1,705)
35	(Gain) Loss on Disposition of Property and Equipment	[[65	(271)
36	(Gain) Loss on CRDA-Related Obligations		568	1,168
37	(Gain) Loss from Other Investment Activities			
38	(Increase) Decrease in Receivables and Patrons' Checks		(1,334)	7,981
39	(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		(8)	(28)
40	(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets		2,601	(5,729)
41	(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		21,850	85
42	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(2,803)	522
43	Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		13,506	12,983
44	Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(45,260)	374
45				
46				
47	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		(\$13,301)	\$11,946
	SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLO	OW IN	FORMATION	
	ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:			
48	Additions to Property and Equipment		(\$6,857)	(\$1,616)
49	Less: Capital Lease Obligations Incurred		318	
50	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment		(\$6,539)	(\$1,616)
	ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS ENTITIES:			× , , ,
51	Property and Equipment Acquired			
52	Goodwill Acquired	┣╴╴╴╶┟		
53	Other Assets Acquired - net			
<u>53</u>	Long-Term Debt Assumed	┣┣		
55	Issuance of Stock or Capital Invested			
55 56	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities	┣┣	\$0	\$0
50			ΨŪ	ΨŪ
	STOCK ISSUED OR CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:		.	ф <u>о</u>
57	Total Issuances of Stock or Capital Contributions		\$0	\$0
<u>58</u>	Less: Issuances to Settle Long-Term Debt		0	0
59	Consideration in Acquisition of Business Entities		0	0
60	Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions	1	\$0	\$0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) SCHEDULE OF PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES AND ALLOWANCES

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

		Promotional Allowances		Promotiona	l Expenses
		Number of	Dollar	Number of	Dollar
Line	Description	Recipients	Amount	Recipients	Amount
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
1	Rooms	643,235	\$4,617		
2	Food	165,859	3,255		
3	Beverage	1,376,166	2,753		
4	Travel	0	0	499	117
5	Bus Program Cash	1,349	27		
6	Promotional Gaming Credits	129,548	8,626		
7	Complimentary Cash Gifts	16,499	789		
8	Entertainment	0	0	560	123
9	Retail & Non-Cash Gifts	12,406	285		
10	Parking	0	0		
11	Other	47,590	238		
12	Total	2,392,652	\$20,590	1,059	\$241

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

		Promotional Allowances		Promotiona	al Expenses
Line	Description	Number of Recipients	Dollar Amount	Number of Recipients	Dollar Amount
	Description	. .			
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
1	Rooms	643,235	\$4,617		
2	Food	165,859	3,255		
3	Beverage	1,376,166	2,753		
4	Travel	0	0	499	117
5	Bus Program Cash	1,349	27		
6	Promotional Gaming Credits	129,548	8,626		
7	Complimentary Cash Gifts	16,499	789		
8	Entertainment	0	0	560	123
9	Retail & Non-Cash Gifts	12,406	285		
10	Parking	0	0		
11	Other	47,590	238		
12	Total	2,392,652	\$20,590	1,059	\$241

*No item in this category (Other) exceeds 5%.

Bally's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City) STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY, ACCURACY, AND COMPLIANCE

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

- 1. I have examined this Quarterly Report.
- 2. All the information contained in this Quarterly Report has been prepared in conformity with the Division's Quarterly Report Instructions and Uniform Chart of Accounts.
- 3. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate.
- 4. To the best of my knowledge and belief, except for the deficiencies noted below, the licensee submitting this Quarterly Report has remained in compliance with the financial stability regulations contained in N.J.S.A. 5:12-84a(1)-(5) during the quarter.

5/15/2014 Date

Karen Worns

KAREN WORMAN

Vice President of Finance Title

6320-11

License Number

On Behalf of:

Ball<u>y's Park Place Inc. (Bally's Atlantic City)</u> Casino Licensee

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Bally's Park Place, Inc., a New Jersey corporation (the "Company"), an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Caesars Operating Company, Inc. ("CEOC"), (formerly Harrah's Operating Company, Inc.) which is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment, Inc. ("Caesars"), (formerly Harrah's Entertainment, Inc.). The Company owns and operates the casino hotel resort in Atlantic City, New Jersey known as "Bally's Atlantic City."

The Company operates in one industry segment and all significant revenues arise from its casino and supporting hotel operations. The Company is licensed to operate the facility by the New Jersey Division of Gaming Enforcement, (the "DGE") and is subject to rules and regulations established by the DGE. The Company's license is subject to resubmission every five years.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation - The Companies financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), which require the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management believes the accounting estimates are appropriate and reasonably stated; however, due to the inherent uncertainties in making these estimates, actual amounts could differ.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - The Company reserves an estimated amount for receivables that may not be collected. The methodology for estimating the allowance includes using specific reserves and applying various percentages to aged receivables. Historical collection rates are considered, as are customer relationships, in determining specific allowances. As with many estimates management must make judgments about potential actions by third parties in establishing and evaluating the allowance for doubtful accounts

Inventories - Inventories, which consist primarily of food, beverage and operating supplies, are stated at the lower of average cost or market value.

Long-Lived Assets - The Companies have significant capital invested in long-lived assets, and judgments are made in determining the estimated useful lives of assets and salvage values and if or when an asset (or asset group) has been impaired. The accuracy of these estimates affects the amount of depreciation and amortization expense recognized in the Companies' financial results and whether the Companies have a gain or loss on the disposal of an asset. The Companies assign lives to their assets based on their standard policy, which is established by management as representative of the useful life of each category of asset.

The Companies review the carrying value of their long-lived assets whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. The Companies typically estimate their fair value of assets starting with a "Replacement Cost New" approach and then

deducting appropriate amounts for both functional and economic obsolescence to arrive at fair value estimates. Other factors considered by management in performing this assessment may include current operating results, trends, prospects, and third-party appraisals, as well as the effect of demand, competition, and other economic, legal, and regulatory factors. In estimating expected future cash flows for determining whether an asset is impaired, assets are grouped at the lowest level of identifiable cash flows, which, for the Companies, is the individual property. These analyses are sensitive to management assumptions and the estimates of the obsolescence factors, and changes in the assumptions and estimates, could have a material impact on the analysis and the supplemental consolidated financial statements schedules.

Additions to property and equipment are stated at cost. The Companies capitalize the costs of improvements that extend the life of the asset. The Companies expense maintenance and repair costs as incurred. Gains or losses on the disposition of property and equipment are recognized in the period of disposal. Interest expense is capitalized on internally constructed assets at the applicable weighted-average borrowing rates of interest. Capitalization of interest ceases when the project is substantially complete or construction activity is suspended for more than a brief period of time.

Useful Lives

Land improvements	12 years
Buildings	30 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements	5 to 15 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2.5 to 20

Acquisition

In December 2013, Caesars agreed to acquire the non-gaming assets, including physical property, of New Jersey's Atlantic Club Casino and Hotel in a bankruptcy auction. In December 2013, Caesars paid \$4,000 into an escrow account, included in prepayments and other current assets of the accompanying supplemental consolidating balance sheet schedule for Bally's Atlantic City, pursuant to the agreement to acquire the assets. Subsequent to December 2013, Caesars formed BPP Providence Acquisition Company, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Bally's Atlantic City, in order to hold the acquired assets. In February 2014, Caesars paid \$10,900 to close the acquisition. Caesars does not intend to resume gaming or hotel operations at the facility.

Dispositions

In October 2013, Caesars agreed to sell The Claridge Tower (the "Claridge") to TJM Properties, LLC in exchange for cash consideration of \$12,500. The Claridge is a hotel facility, owned by and adjacent to Bally's Atlantic City. Prior to the sale, Bally's Atlantic City recognized an impairment of \$25,330 reflected in tangible and intangible asset impairments of Bally's Atlantic City's accompanying supplemental consolidating balance sheet schedule. In February 2014, the sale closed at which Caesars received \$13,200, inclusive of property tax overpayments of \$800 and net of customary closing costs.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets – The Company accounts for goodwill and other intangible

assets in accordance with Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") 350, Intangible Assets, Goodwill and Other. The Company performs at least an annual review of intangible assets for impairment.

Impairment of Intangible Assets - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principle market or, if none exists, the most advantageous market, for the specific asset or liability at the measurement date (referred to as the "exit price"). Fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based upon assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability, including consideration of nonperformance risk.

We assess the inputs used to measure fair value using the three-tier hierarchy promulgated under GAAP. This hierarchy indicates the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1: Inputs include quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices from identical or similar assets in inactive markets, and observable inputs such as interest rates and yield curves.; and

Level 3: Inputs that are significant to the measurement of fair value that are not observable in the market and include management's judgments about assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

Our assessment of goodwill and other intangible assets for impairment includes an assessment using various Level 2 (EBITDA multiples and discount rate) and Level 3 (forecasted cash flows) inputs.

Revenue Recognition — Casino revenues are measured by the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in the customers' possession. Food and beverage, rooms, and other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed. Advance deposits on rooms and advance ticket sales are recorded as customer deposits until services are provided to the customer. Sales taxes and other taxes collected from customers on behalf of governmental authorities are accounted for on a net basis and are not included in net revenues or operating expenses.

Casino Promotional Allowances - The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage and other services furnished to casino guests without charge is included in gross revenue and then deducted as promotional allowances. Also included is the value of the coupons redeemed for cash at the property. The estimated costs of providing such complimentary services are classified as casino expenses in the accompanying statements of income. These costs consisted of the following as of

March 31:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Rooms	\$2,556	\$2,239
Food and Beverage	5,007	4,419
Other	252	231
Bus Program Cash	27	24
Promotional Gaming Credits	8,626	6,116
Other Cash Complimentaries	789	1,913
	\$17,257	\$14,942

Total Rewards Program Liability - The Company's customer loyalty program, Total Rewards, offers incentives to customers who gamble at certain of affiliated casinos throughout the United States. Under the program, customers are able to accumulate, or bank, reward credits over time that they may redeem at their discretion under the terms of the program. The reward credit balance will be forfeited if the customer does not earn a reward credit over the prior six-month period. As a result of the ability of the customer to bank the reward credits, the expense of reward credits is accrued after consideration of estimated forfeitures (referred to as "breakage"), as they are earned. The value of the cost to provide reward credits is expensed as the reward credits are earned and is included in casino expense in the accompanying statements of operations. To arrive at the estimated cost associated with reward credits, estimates and assumptions are made regarding incremental marginal costs of the benefits, breakage rates and the mix of goods and services for which reward credits will be redeemed. The Company uses historical data to assist in the determination of estimated accruals. At March 31, 2014 and 2013, the accrued balance for the estimated cost of Total Rewards credit redemptions was \$2,201 and \$2,056, respectively.

In addition to reward credits, the Company's customers can earn points based on play that are redeemable in Non Negotiable Reel Rewards ("NNRR"). The Company accrues the costs of NNRR points, after consideration of estimated breakage, as they are earned. The cost is recorded as contrarevenue and included in casino promotional allowances in the accompanying statements of income. At March 31, 2014 and 2013, the liability related to the outstanding NNRR points, which is based on historical redemption activity, was approximately \$354 and \$334, respectively.

Investments in Subsidiaries - The Company has an investment in Atlantic City Country Club 1, LLC ("ACCC") reflected in the accompanying financial statements using the equity method.

Gaming Tax — The Company remits weekly to the NJ Division of Taxation a tax equal to eight percent of the gross gaming revenue, as defined. Gaming taxes paid to the NJ Division of Taxation for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, which are included in cost of sales in the accompanying statements of income, were approximately \$3,950 and \$4,632, respectively.

Property Taxes - During 2013, property tax for the City of Atlantic City (the "City") was increased by approximately 17%. In 2014, the Company settled with the City with respect to their challenges to the real estate tax assessment for prior years. The City approved refund/ credit of prior year's

property taxes during the first quarter of 2014 in the amount of \$1,171. This amount was recorded as a receivable on the accompanying balance sheet and in general, administrative and other expense in the accompanying Statement of Income. In addition, the 2014, assessment was reduced by approximately \$225 million.

Income Taxes - The Company is included in the consolidated federal tax return of Caesars and files a separate New Jersey tax return. The provision for federal income taxes is computed based on the statutory federal rate as if the Company had filed a separate income tax return. The provision for state taxes is based on the statutory New Jersey tax.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of a change in existing tax rates is recognized as an increase or decrease to the tax provision in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company follows the provisions of *ASC 740- Income Taxes*. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

Internet Gaming - Caesars Interactive Entertainment New Jersey, LLC as the affiliate of Bally's Park Place, Inc. was issued an internet gaming permit on November 20, 2013 to conduct real money online gaming in the State of New Jersey. All real money online gaming is reported in the financial statements of Caesars Interactive Entertainment New Jersey, LLC.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenue and expenses reported during the periods. Actual results could differ from such estimates and assumptions.

Reclassifications — The Company has reclassified certain amounts for prior periods to conform to the current year's presentation.

Seasonal factors - The Company's operations are subject to seasonal factors and, therefore, the results of operations of the three months ended March 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year.

Omission of Disclosures - In accordance with the Financial Reporting guidelines provided by the Division of Gaming Enforcement, the Company has elected not to include certain disclosures, which have not significantly changed since filing the most recent Annual Report. Accordingly, the following disclosures have been omitted: Future Lease Obligations, Employee Benefits and certain Income Tax disclosures.

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company participates with CEOC and its other subsidiaries in marketing, purchasing, insurance,

employee benefit and other programs that are defined and negotiated by CEOC on a consolidated basis. The Company believes that participating in these consolidated programs is beneficial in comparison to the terms for similar programs that it could negotiate on a stand-alone basis.

The Company's property, assets and capital stock are pledged as collateral for certain of CEOC's outstanding debt.

Cash Activity With CEOC and Affiliates - The Company transfers cash in excess of its operating and regulatory needs to CEOC on a daily basis. Cash transfers from CEOC to the Company are also made based upon the needs to the Company to fund daily operations, including accounts payable and payroll, as well as capital expenditures. The balance shown as "due from affiliates — net," in the accompanying statements of changes in stockholder's equity is non interest bearing.

Administrative and Other Services - The Company is charged a fee by CEOC for administrative and other services (including consulting, legal, marketing, information technology, accounting, and insurance). The Company was charged approximately \$7,033 and \$6,351 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, for these services.

Equitization of Intercompany Balances - During June 2013, the Company elected to equitize certain intercompany balances with its parent and affiliates that were previously classified as a receivable/liability. Offset to this was Additional Paid in Capital. This is separately shown on the Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity.

Atlantic City Country Club 1, LLC. - Atlantic City Country Club 1, LLC (ACCC) is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The net operating costs of ACCC are allocated to the Company as well as Caesars Atlantic City, Showboat Atlantic City and Harrah's Atlantic City, affiliates of the Company. The Company was charged approximately \$116 and \$130 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, for these services. The costs are included in other operating expenses in the accompanying statements of income.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND PATRONS' CHECKS

Receivables and patrons' checks as of March 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Casino Receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful accounts \$3,589 in 2014 and \$6,743 in 2013)	\$3,456	\$5,318
Other (Net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$95 in 2014 and \$48 in 2013)	6,123	5,864
Current Portion of Notes Receivable	348	338
	\$9,927	\$11,520

NOTE 5- OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid Expense and Other Current Assets as of March 31 consist of the following:

<u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>

Tax Deferred Asset	\$2,184	\$1,866
Other	2,581	6,624
	\$4,765	\$8,490

NOTE 6 - INVESTMENTS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES

Investments, advances and receivables as of March 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Due from Caesars:	\$0	\$580,659
Investment in wholly owned subsidiaries(see Note 2)	14,398	14,398
Atlantic City Country Club 1, LLC Casino Reinvestment Development Authority Investment obligations (net of valuation reserves of \$13,595 in 2014 and \$16,821 in 2013)	21,378	28,731
Other	1,449	1,264
	\$37,225	\$625,052

The amounts due from Caesars as of March 31 are unsecured and non-interest bearing.

NOTE 7- LAND, BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of March 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Land	\$42,869	\$277,433
Buildings and Improvements	9,653	467,491
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5,033	112,442
Construction in progress	6,482	35
	\$64,037	\$857,401
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,580)	(173,568)
	\$58,457	\$683,833

Over time, the Company has experienced deteriorating gaming volumes, and as a result the Company determined it was necessary to complete an assessment for impairment. Upon the failure of step one of the assessment, the Company performed a valuation of its long-lived assets. As a result of these assessments, in September 2013, the Company recorded a tangible asset impairment of \$477,072. With the assistance of third party valuation experts, the Company estimated the fair value of the property starting with a "Replacement Cost New" approach and then deducting appropriate amounts for both functional and economic obsolescence to arrive at the fair value estimates. These analyses are sensitive to management assumptions and the estimates of the obsolescence factors, and increases

or decreases in these assumptions and estimates could have a material impact on the analyses.

During the fourth quarter 2013, casino property sales occurred in the Atlantic City market. The pricing of the transactions indicated a substantial decline in market price had occurred for Casinos in Atlantic City. As a result of this triggering event, the Company determined it was necessary to perform a recoverability test of the carrying amount of our Atlantic City properties. It was determined the carrying values of our Atlantic City properties were not recoverable. Therefore, we performed a fair value assessment of the properties. Impairment losses of \$613,250 were recorded in 2013 primarily as a result of the assessment.

NOTE 8- OTHER ASSETS

Other assets as of March 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Intangible asset (net of accumulated amortization	\$0	\$12,919
of \$0 in 2014 and \$11,781 in 2013)		
Notes Receivable-Net of current portion	9,158	9,506
Tax Deferred Asset	88,436	0
Other	485	415
	\$98,079	\$22,840

See Note 2 for discussion of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.

During the third quarter of 2013, the Company completed its annual assessment of other amortizing intangible assets as of December 31, which resulted in impairment charges of \$11,432. These impairment charges were the result of reduced projections associated with these intangible assets within our long-term operating plan.

NOTE 9- OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses as of March 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Accrued Interest	\$305,094	\$256,874
Accrued Payroll	7,276	7,392
Other	8,950	8,564
	\$321,320	\$272,830

NOTE 10- LONG-TERM DEBT-DUE TO AFFILIATES AND OTHER

Long-term debt-due to affiliates and other as of March 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
8.5% Note payable to Harrah's Entertainment Ltd. ("HEL") due January 1, 2019	\$500,000	\$500,000
8.5% Note Payable To HEL due May 31, 2021	33,500	33,500
8.5% Note Payable To HEL due May 31, 2021	50,000	50,000
	\$583,500	\$583,500
Long-term debt-other:	\$3,590	\$1,141

On July 1, 2006, the three promissory notes formerly held by Caesars Entertainment Finance Corporation ("CEFC") were assigned to HEL. Neither the terms nor the amounts of debt were affected by this assignment. The only notable change resulting from the assignment was a change in the timing of interest payments. Prior to the assignment interest payments were made monthly. However, for subsequent tax years, interest payments will be remitted annually, payable in the following year. As of March 31, 2014 and 2013, accrued interest related to the three inter-company notes totaled \$305,094 and \$256,874 respectively. Since the notes are due to an affiliate, a determination of fair value is not considered meaningful.

The Company amended and restated its notes payable to HEL originally due January 1, 2009 in the amount of \$500,000. The new amended and restated note payable has the same terms and conditions and at the same interest rate but with a new maturity date of January 1, 2019.

The Company also amended and restated its notes payable to HEL originally due May 31, 2011 in the amount of \$83,500. The new amended and restated note payable has the same terms and conditions and at the same interest rate but with a new maturity date of May 31, 2021.

NOTE 11 - OTHER LIABILITIES

As of March 31, Other Liabilities were as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Retirement and Other Employee benefit Plans	\$335	\$367
Deferred Tax Liability	342	95,095
	\$677	\$95,462

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation - The Company is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, these matters will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Insurance Reserve - The Company is self-insured for various levels of general liability coverage. Insurance claims and reserves include the accrual of estimated settlements for known and anticipated claims. Accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets include insurance allowances of \$420 and \$115 as of March 31, 2014 and 2013. Actual results may differ from these reserve amounts.

CRDA Investment Obligation - The New Jersey Casino Control Act provides, among other things, for an assessment of licenses equal to 1.25% of their gross gaming revenues in lieu of an investment alternative tax equal to 2.5% of gross gaming revenues. The Company may satisfy this investment obligation by investing in qualified eligible direct investments, by making qualified contributions or by depositing funds with the CRDA. Funds deposited with the CRDA may be used to purchase bonds designated by the CRDA or, under certain circumstances, may be donated to the CRDA in exchange for credits against future CRDA investment obligations. CRDA bonds have terms up to 50 years and bear interest at below-market rate.

As of March 31, CRDA related assets were as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
CRDA Bonds - net of amortized costs	\$11,355	\$11,283
Deposit - net of reserve	8,450	15,430
Direct Investments - net of reserves	1,573	2,018
	\$21,378	\$28,731

The Company records charges to operations to reflect the estimated net realizable value of its CRDA investment. Charges to operations were \$568 and \$1,168 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and is included in CRDA (income) expense, in the statements of income.

The funds on deposits are held in an interest-bearing account by the CRDA. Initial obligation deposits are marked down by approximately 33% to represent their fair value and eventual expected conversion into bonds by the CRDA. Once CRDA Bonds are issued we have concluded that the bonds are held-to-maturity since the Company has the ability and the intent to hold these bonds to maturity and under the CRDA, they are not permitted to do otherwise. As such the CRDA Bonds are measured at amortized cost. As there is no market for the CRDA Bonds, its fair value could only be determined based on unobservable inputs. Such inputs are limited to the historical carrying value of the CRDA Bonds that are reduced, consistent with industry practice, by 1/3 of their face value at the time of issuance to represent fair value. The Company accretes such discount over the remaining life of the bonds.

After the initial determination of fair value, the Company will analyze the recoverability of the CRDA Bonds on a quarterly basis and its affect on reported amount based upon the ability and likelihood of bonds to be repaid. When considering recoverability of the CRDA Bonds, the Company considers the relative credit-worthiness of each bondholder, historical collection experience and other information received from the CRDA. If indications exist that the amount expected to be recovered is less than its carrying value, the asset will be written down to its expected realizable

amount.

All the Atlantic City casino properties and the CRDA entered into an agreement with the Atlantic City Alliance (the "ACA") to provide funding to subsidize the Atlantic City market. This agreement was signed on November 2, 2011 and is set to expire on December 31, 2016. The agreement provides that in exchange for funding, the ACA will create and implement a marketing plan for the AC Industry. As part of the agreement, the AC Industry provided an initial deposit of \$5,000 in December 2011 and will continue to pay \$30,000 annually for the next five years. The Company paid \$1,167 in the three months ending March 31, 2014. The Company's obligation for its portion of future payments is estimated at \$6,263, equal to its fair-share of AC Industry casino revenues.

Atlantic City Conference Center - In June 2013, Caesars established, AC Conference NewCo, LLC ("NewCo") to construct and operate a new conference center (the "Project") adjacent to Harrah's Atlantic City. NewCo is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of AC Conference HoldCo, LLC, which is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Caesars.

Also in June 2013, Caesars signed an agreement with the CRDA regarding a grant for financial assistance in the amount of \$45,000 (the "Project Grant") wherein the CRDA will provide Caesars cash to help fund the construction of the Project. Under the Project Grant, Caesars is obligated to contribute to the CRDA the following:

- \$46,200 of Atlantic City Economic Development Investment Alternative Tax Obligation balances ("Existing Credits"), of which \$1,200 represents a 2.75% administrative fee,
- \$9,500 of CRDA Credits that the CRDA will use towards the construction of the CRDA's marketplace-style retail development project (the "Donation Credits"), and
- Land parcels with an appraised value of \$7,300 on which the CRDA's Marketplace Project will be developed (the Marketplace Parcels).

The gross value of the credits and land parcels described above held by the Companies immediately prior to the transaction were as follows:

Existing Credits	
Bally's Park Place, Inc.	\$ 23,400
Boardwalk Regency Corporation	10,600
Harrah's Atlantic City Holding, Inc. and Subsidiaries	7,000
Ocean Showboat, Inc. and Subsidiaries	5,200
	\$ 46,200
Donation Credits	
Ocean Showboat, Inc. and Subsidiaries	\$ 9,500
Marketplace Parcels	
Bally's Park Place, Inc.	\$ 4,600
Boardwalk Regency Corporation	2,700
	\$ 7,300

In return for the above, the CRDA will deposit \$45,000 into a Project Fund from which Caesars can draw on a pari-passu basis via reimbursements to NewCo based on amounts paid for the Project by NewCo. To date, Caesars has received \$5,826 in reimbursements from the Project Fund.

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2014, Atlantic City Country Club 1, LLC (ACCC), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was sold.