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Neb Jersey State Fegislature

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The Honorable Christine Todd Whitman Governor of New Jersey

The Honorable Donald T. DiFrancesco President of the Senate

The Honorable Jack Collins Speaker of the General Assembly

Mr. Albert Porroni Executive Director Office of Legislative Services

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the State of New Jersey as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the State of New Jersey's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Component Units - Authorities and College and University Funds. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion on the general purpose financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Component Units - Authorities and College and University Funds, is based upon the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State of New Jersey as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations and cash flows of the nonexpendable trust funds and the proprietary fund type authorities for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 1999 on our consideration of the State of New Jersey's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

The Required Supplementary Information - Year 2000 Initiative, as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the State of New Jersey is or will become year 2000 compliant, that the State of New Jersey's year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with which the State of New Jersey does business are or will become year 2000 compliant.

The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the State of New Jersey. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been audited by us, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion on it.

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Richard L. Fair State Auditor November 29, 1999

# **GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES, ACCOUNT GROUPS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 1999

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES							
		General Fund		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	105,693,287	\$	16,827,068	\$		\$	363,348
INVESTMENTS		1,649,459,676		2,111,138,209		3,854,523		62,852,673
RECEIVABLES, NET OF ALLOWANCES								
FOR UNCOLLECTIBLES		500 005 000		1 000 0 11				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Federal government Departmental accounts		509,835,636 1,191,121,280		1,026,641 445,886,394				80,087,223 13,363,153
Loans		298,000		878,732,993				5,000,000
Mortgages Other		 203,758,277		 53,304,491				 59,724
FIXED ASSETS, NET								
OTHER ASSETS								
Due from other funds		423,834,723		432,124,571		116,806,053		
Due from intergovernmental agencies								
Deferred charges Other		2,940,000 57,373,858		14,575,892 2,011,369		4,547,565		
AMOUNT TO BE PROVIDED FOR RETIREMENT OF								
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS								
AMOUNT AVAILABLE IN DEBT SERVICE FUND								
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	4,144,314,737	\$	3,955,627,628	\$	125,208,141	\$	161,726,121
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS								
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	1,118,652,941	\$	309,876,591	\$	4,547,565	\$	67,441,049
Benefits payable	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Deferred revenue		366,431,933		32,714,867				
Due to other funds		414,036,534		467,333,063				38,445,118
Due to intergovernmental agencies Other		 75,183,314		 84,017,855				 369,527
Matured interest payable						8,596,616		
Deferred compensation payable								
General obligation bonds payable Revenue bonds payable								
Notes payable								
Accumulated sick and vacation payable								
Capital leases and installment								
obligations Loans payable								
Total Liabilities		1,974,304,722		893,942,376		13,144,181		106,255,694
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS		.,,		,				,,
Contributed capital								
Investment in general fixed assets								
Cost of investment in facilities Retained earnings:								
Reserved								
Unreserved								
Fund balances: Reserved-Encumbrances		449,550,044		500,625,477				15,269,932
Reserved-Higher educations programs								15,209,952
Reserved-Employees' pension benefits Reserved-External investment								
pool participants								
Reserved-Surplus revenue		626,866,844						
Reserved-Other		24,450,562		1,124,323,581				5,000,000
Unreserved Designated-Unrealized gains Unreserved Designated-Continuing				833,964				
appropriations		792,997,421		540,055,077				29,156,394
Unreserved Designated-Debt service						112,063,960		
Unreserved Undesignated		276,145,144		895,847,153				6,044,101
Total Equity and Other Credits		2,170,010,015		3,061,685,252		112,063,960		55,470,427
Total Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits	\$	4,144,314,737	\$	3,955,627,628	\$	125,208,141	\$	161,726,121

FUND TYPES	ACCOUN	T GROUPS	COMPON	IPONENT UNITS		
Trust and Agency Funds	General Fixed Asset Account Group	General Long-Term Debt Account Group	Authorities	College and University Funds		
\$ 472,770,700	\$	\$	\$ 839,794,227	\$ 341,198,072		
83,759,518,313			5,676,555,133	1,304,373,257		
2,649,135,639			11,451,428			
570,582,330 972,024,684 			 3,198,768 7,059,354,754	371,371,909  		
1,822,811,885			2,483,356,330			
	2,622,418,912		9,869,214,512	3,256,343,505		
109,486,440				43,710,813		
 1,213,617			33,870,726 41,178,057			
1,579,096			300,449,615	52,734,345		
		14,613,711,813	6,258,627,865			
		23,381,647				
\$ 90,359,122,704	\$ 2,622,418,912	\$ 14,637,093,460	\$ 32,577,051,415	\$ 5,369,731,901		
\$ 2,226,353,635	\$	\$	\$ 1,805,084,949	\$ 323,567,366		
224,670,724 8,632,390			 112,401,185	 142,311,157		
162,437,072				43,710,813		
 5,546,570			33,870,726 414,771,106	 24,587,994		
				 1,076,000		
		3,649,904,598				
		4,319,381,354	14,591,698,669 739,535,578	1,035,437,000 2,598,000		
		415,219,397				
		4,973,230,024 1,279,358,087	1,190,454,000	362,208,332		
2,627,640,391		14,637,093,460	18,887,816,213	1,935,496,662		
			3,272,231,614			
	2,622,418,912		2,069,549	 1,994,970,721		
_		_		1,334,370,721		
			610,103,433 2,756,769,710			
1,607,455			794,545			
 78,936,873,278				778,717,482		
3,568,855,060						
 69,628,626			 5,272,894,423	 74,499,471		
499,312,847				49,109,955		
2,322,612						
4,652,882,435			1,774,371,928	536,937,610		
87,731,482,313	2,622,418,912		13,689,235,202	3,434,235,239		
90,359,122,704	\$ 2,622,418,912	\$ 14,637,093,460	\$ 32,577,051,415	\$ 5,369,731,901		

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES, EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

		GOVERNMENTAL
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds
<b>REVENUES</b> Taxes Federal and other grants Licenses and fees Services and assessments	\$ 8,686,232,839 5,159,507,350 785,373,907 1,136,853,785	\$ 7,253,737,549 34,336,753 98,133,801 212,022,658
Investment earnings Contributions Other	52,634,539  1,683,850,338	101,086,556 324,924 1,772,647,886
Total Revenues	17,504,452,758	9,472,290,127
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds Proceeds from sale of bonds Other	1,362,134,900  40,687,800	542,921,321 1,062,997,087 16,047,097
Total Other Financing Sources	1,402,822,700	1,621,965,505
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	18,907,275,458	11,094,255,632
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety and criminal justice Physical and mental health Educational, cultural and intellectual development Community development and environmental management Economic planning, development and security Transportation programs Government direction, management and control Special government services Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	2,044,485,102 5,540,515,431 3,070,639,529 789,185,093 2,634,842,343 299,656,618 2,396,890,718 187,296,070  	60,829,032 346,582,275 5,387,952,542 945,604,314 127,558,206 23,573,486 1,651,518,240 396,658  
Total Expenditures	16,963,510,904	8,544,014,753
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to other funds	1,600,561,814	2,381,487,254
Total Other Financing Uses	1,600,561,814	2,381,487,254
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	18,564,072,718	10,925,502,007
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances for the Year	343,202,740	168,753,625
FUND BALANCES-JULY 1, 1998	1,803,408,978	2,916,329,924
Residual Equity Transfers In (Out)	23,398,297	(23,398,297)
FUND BALANCES-JUNE 30, 1999	\$ 2,170,010,015	\$ 3,061,685,252

FUND TYPES		FIDUCIARY TYPES	COMPONENT UNITS
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Expendable Trust Funds	Authorities
\$	\$ 457,007,880	\$ 1,479,358,648 22,052,692	\$ 106,417,988
  731,274 	 135,608 1,661,832 	4,770,759 212,160,014 428,391,657 827,540,586	26,712,205 477,201,512 126,686,630 
	5,576,703	93,219,361	380,694,974
731,274	464,382,023	3,067,493,717	1,117,713,309
824,050,091  	789,496,802 30,000,000 727,622	576,030,247  	 975,590,609 
824,050,091	820,224,424	576,030,247	975,590,609
824,781,365	1,284,606,447	3,643,523,964	2,093,303,918
		1,044,147	 464,526,000
			440,953,398
		7,532,870	52,266,631
		1,730,242,025	2,179,923 
		1,403,059,222	
	 1,266,045,075		
387,024,718 414,375,000			234,653,497 333,600,481
801,399,718	1,266,045,075	3,141,878,264	1,528,179,930
	3,492,334	109,091,959	
	3,492,334	109,091,959	
801,399,718	1,269,537,409	3,250,970,223	1,528,179,930
23,381,647	15,069,038	392,553,741	565,123,988
88,682,313	40,401,389	4,832,547,126	6,482,936,908
\$ 112,063,960	\$ 55,470,427	<u></u> \$ 5,225,100,867	\$ 7,048,060,896

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL-BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

**GENERAL FUND** 

			G	ENERAL FUND		
		Budget		Actual		Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	8,633,764,604	\$	8,686,232,840	\$	52,468,236
Federal and other grants	Ψ	4,768,272,359	Ψ	4,770,786,839	Ψ	2,514,480
Licenses and fees		793,072,248		785,373,896		(7,698,352)
Services and assessments		1,081,424,662		1,136,853,756		55,429,094
Investment earnings		32,995,845		53,787,630		20,791,785
Other		1,663,331,744		1,669,350,378		6,018,634
T ( 15						
Total Revenues		16,972,861,462		17,102,385,339		129,523,877
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers from other funds		1,397,941,215		1,400,033,196		2,091,981
Total Other Financing Sources		1,397,941,215		1,400,033,196		2,091,981
Total Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources		18,370,802,677		18,502,418,535		131,615,858
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety and criminal justice		2,327,438,382		2,075,763,320		251,675,062
Physical and mental health		6,071,741,729		5,583,624,534		488,117,195
Educational, cultural and intellectual						
development		3,271,768,954		3,079,134,142		192,634,812
Community development and environmental						
management		1,252,950,447		808,223,393		444,727,054
Economic planning, development and						
security		2,854,721,722		2,362,158,164		492,563,558
Transportation programs		352,176,421		306,235,286		45,941,135
Government direction, management						
and control		2,696,656,840		2,420,931,845		275,724,995
Special government services		209,258,624		189,168,171		20,090,453
Total Expenditures		19,036,713,119		16,825,238,855		2,211,474,264
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers to other funds		1,576,231,406		1,576,231,406		
Total Other Financing Uses		1,576,231,406		1,576,231,406		
Total Expenditures and Other						
Financing Uses		20,612,944,525		18,401,470,261		2,211,474,264
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund						
Balances for the Year	\$	(2,242,141,848)	\$	100,948,274	\$	2,343,090,122

Budget	 Actual	 Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$ 6,258,000,000	\$ 6,648,510,057	\$ 390,510,057
 54,761,000	 53,690,572	 (1,070,428)
 3,000,000 39,382,004	  2,041,724 38,683,078	  (958,276) (698,926)
6,355,143,004	 6,742,925,431	 387,782,427
2,165,000	 2,165,000	 
2,165,000	 2,165,000	 
6,357,308,004	 6,745,090,431	 387,782,427
32,730,299 326,872,207	31,497,195 320,534,979	1,233,104 6,337,228
5,355,179,243	5,322,390,402	32,788,841
796,362,796	786,362,239	10,000,557
6,174,000 22,506,000	6,174,000 22,506,000	
404,056,025 94,000	 400,648,074 87,839	 3,407,951 6,161
6,943,974,570	 6,890,200,728	 53,773,842
6,943,974,570	 6,890,200,728	 53,773,842
\$ (586,666,566)	\$ (145,110,297)	\$ 441,556,269

# **BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INVESTMENT AND PENSION TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 1999

	 Investment Trust Fund	Pension Trust Funds		
ASSETS				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 464,778,731	\$	431,478	
INVESTMENTS	3,339,657,167		76,646,364,249	
RECEIVABLES, NET OF ALLOWANCES FOR UNCOLLECTIBLES Loans Other	 22,432,165		971,925,482 1,727,135,837	
OTHER ASSETS Due from other funds	 		16,523,421	
Total Assets	 3,826,868,063		79,362,380,467	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Benefits payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	 256,029,051  1,983,952 258,013,003		190,572,402 224,670,724 10,264,063 425,507,189	
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PARTICIPANTS	\$ 3,568,855,060	\$	78,936,873,278	

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INVESTMENT AND PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	Investment Trust Fund	Pension Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS Contributions: Employers Members Other	\$  8,853,739,400	\$ 623,637,306 971,312,392 16,281,128		
Total Contributions	8,853,739,400	1,611,230,826		
Investment Income: Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest Dividends	(2,558,566) 22,360,040 150,502,412	8,107,639,082 1,828,271,772 469,004,749		
Total Investment Income	170,303,886	10,404,915,603		
Less: Investment expense		9,282,318		
Net Investment Income	170,303,886	10,395,633,285		
Total Additions	9,024,043,286	12,006,864,111		
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Benefit payments Income distributions - Pool participants Other	 8,605,566,003 	2,698,121,104  456,688,745		
Total Deductions	8,605,566,003	3,154,809,849		
Net increase in net assets	418,477,283	8,852,054,262		
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PARTICIPANTS - JULY 1, 1998	3,150,377,777	70,084,819,016		
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PARTICIPANTS - JUNE 30, 1999	\$ 3,568,855,060	\$ 78,936,873,278		

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY NON-EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

FIDUCIARY TYPES	<u> </u>	COMPONENT UNITS
Non-expend Trust		Authorities
OPERATING REVENUES         Charges for services and sales         Interest         Investment income         Other	\$  31,783 	1,352,774,727 181,338,000 53,613,000 119,578,478
Total Operating Revenues	31,783	1,707,304,205
OPERATING EXPENSES Operations Interest Depreciation and amortization Other	  	1,472,635,136 172,526,000 307,986,941 22,868,021
Total Operating Expenses		1,976,016,098
Operating income (loss)	31,783	(268,711,893)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES) Governmental subsidies and grants Capital Contributions Interest revenue Interest expense and fiscal charges Other	   	417,311,736 263,963,158 99,862,724 (350,724,275) (10,937,701)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		419,475,642
Net income (loss)	31,783	150,763,749
FUND EQUITY - Beginning of Year	621,325	6,488,341,008
FUND EQUITY - End of Year\$	653,108 \$	6,639,104,757

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## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	COMPONENT UNITS
	Non-expendable Trust	Authorities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 31,783	\$ (268,711,893)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization		307,986,941
Changes in operating assets:		
Decrease (increase) in mortgage receivables		(25,338,000)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables Decrease(increase) in due from other receivables		36,760,382
Decrease (increase) in due from intergovernmental agencies		 (3,897,717)
Decrease (increase) in deferred charges		9,445,911
Decrease (increase) in other assets	6,617	5,268,635
Changes in operating liabilities:		70 400 504
Increase (decrease) in account payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		70,439,501 16,803,699
Increase (decrease) in due to intergovernmental agencies		3,897,717
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		108,252,926
Other changes	<u> </u>	(10,937,701)
Net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities	38,400	249,970,401
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Governmental subsidies and grants		417,311,736
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		417,311,736
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES:		
Capital contributions received		263,963,158
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds		449,852,960
Proceeds from issuance of notes		343,076,386
Principal payment of revenue bonds		(576,426,341)
Principal payment of capital leases		(1,966,000)
Principal payment of notes Interest expense paid		(144,399,000) (350,724,275)
Acquisition/construction of capital assets		(178,887,309)
Disposition (acquisition) of fixed assets		(489,260,912)
National provided by (used in) conital		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(684,771,333)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Sale of investments		281,016,936
Purchase of investments Interest revenue received	(38,452)	(327,050,407) 99,862,724
		55,002,724
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(38,452)	53,829,253
Increase (Decrease) in Cash		
and Cash Equivalents	(52)	36,340,057
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, At Beginning of Year	62	284,610,764
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, At End of Year	\$ 10	\$ 320,950,821

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

# RECONCILATION TO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES Cash per Combined Balance Sheet Less: Fund types not requiring cash		\$	472,770,700
flow statements Expendable Trust Funds Investment Trust Fund Pension Trust Funds Agency Funds	\$ 3,504,004 464,778,731 431,478 4,056,477		
Non-cash flow statement cash			472,770,690
Non-expendable Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	10
COMPONENT UNITS Cash per Combined Balance Sheet Less: Component Units not requiring		<u>\$</u> \$	<u>10</u> 839,794,227
COMPONENT UNITS Cash per Combined Balance Sheet		\$	10 839,794,227 518,843,406

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS JUNE 30, 1999

	 The College of New Jersey	homas Edison State College	 Kean University
ASSETS			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 778,000	\$ 892,485	\$ 602,000
INVESTMENTS	137,311,000	17,289,545	36,071,000
RECEIVABLES, NET OF ALLOWANCES FOR UNCOLLECTIBLES Departmental	10,989,000	1,354,636	11,579,000
FIXED ASSETS, NET	279,411,000	29,486,938	119,034,000
OTHER ASSETS Due from other funds Other	 1,377,000 8,443,000	 194,792 34,128	 278,000 1,878,000
Total Assets	\$ 438,309,000	\$ 49,252,524	\$ 169,442,000
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue Due to other funds Other Deferred compensation payable Revenue bonds payable Notes payable Capital lease payable	\$ 16,095,000 3,267,000 1,377,000 38,000  216,044,000  	\$ 3,342,014 1,879,684 194,792 579,878   1,019,320	\$ 9,091,000 1,607,000 278,000 10,000    36,535,000
Total Liabilities	 236,821,000	 7,015,688	 47,521,000
FUND BALANCES Cost of investment in facilities Reserved for: Auxiliary enterprises	168,333,000 	28,467,618 	83,626,000 3,822,000
General university Endowment and similar funds Retirement of indebtedness Unreserved:	 3,991,000 12,087,000	2,414,177 863,434 	968,000 4,834,000 3,128,000
Designated for unrealized gains Undesignated	 692,000 16,385,000	 122,556 10,369,051	  25,543,000
Total Fund Balances	 201,488,000	 42,236,836	 121,921,000
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 438,309,000	\$ 49,252,524	\$ 169,442,000

	Montclair State University		New Jersey City University		New Jersey Institute of Technology		
•		•		•	/		
\$	747,728	\$	607	\$	15,092,000		
	45,367,725		24,663,026		58,857,000		
	9,365,983		7,528,329		26,190,000		
	148,845,550		108,650,440		297,985,000		
	336,417 2,370,701		3,196,052 632,358	_	4,925,000 3,037,000		
\$	207,034,104	\$	144,670,812	\$	406,086,000		
\$	9,206,040 4,363,694 336,417 776,610	\$	6,533,708 1,752,049 3,196,052  	\$	16,303,000 11,562,000 4,925,000  		
					88,235,000		
	58,440,671		33,999,930				
	73,123,432		45,481,739		121,025,000		
	101,683,567		81,595,510		216,533,000		
	87,969 3,053,309 8,127,378		 290,766 3,079,090 2,187,217		 4,131,000 34,728,000 7,451,000		
	 20,958,449		52,245 11,984,245		5,717,000 16,501,000		
	133,910,672		99,189,073		285,061,000		
\$	207,034,104	\$	144,670,812	\$	406,086,000		

(Continued on next page)

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS JUNE 30, 1999

	The William Paterson University of New Jersey	 Ramapo College of New Jersey	 Rowan University
<u>ASSETS</u>			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 18,627,483	\$ 79,000	\$ 9,095,826
INVESTMENTS	23,408,400	25,957,000	42,237,315
RECEIVABLES, NET OF ALLOWANCES FOR UNCOLLECTIBLES			
Departmental	3,770,198	4,061,000	5,157,550
FIXED ASSETS, NET	165,659,884	106,643,000	180,245,888
OTHER ASSETS Due from other funds Other	385,366 1,160,202	486,000 36,000	3,535,355 2,921,664
Total Assets	\$ 213,011,533	\$ 137,262,000	\$ 243,193,598
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7,881,192	\$ 11,247,000	\$ 11,829,155
Deferred revenue	1,466,945	951,000	2,495,334
Due to other funds	385,366	486,000	3,535,355
Other	539,252	167,000	1,734,484
Deferred compensation payable Revenue bonds payable			 85,725,000
Notes payable		725,000	03,723,000
Capital lease payable	 38,262,271	 44,333,000	 3,668,246
Total Liabilities	 48,535,026	 57,909,000	 108,987,574
FUND BALANCES			
Cost of investment in facilities Reserved for:	139,877,980	68,248,000	91,271,758
Auxiliary enterprises	9,533,103		932,432
General university	226,740	126,000	278,707
Endowment and similar funds	2,704,282	1,720,000	2,158,953
Retirement of indebtedness Unreserved:	3,592,710	4,968,000	13,614,811
Designated for unrealized gains		35,000	1,310,154
Undesignated	 8,541,692	 4,256,000	 24,639,209
Total Fund Balances	 164,476,507	 79,353,000	 134,206,024
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 213,011,533	\$ 137,262,000	\$ 243,193,598

	Rutgers, e State University of New Jersey	The	e Richard Stockton College of New Jersey	 University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	 Total
\$	241,000,000	\$	20,472,943	\$ 33,810,000	\$ 341,198,072
	502,395,000		57,641,246	333,175,000	1,304,373,257
	80,814,000		4,677,213	205,885,000	371,371,909
	1,127,725,000		145,028,805	547,628,000	3,256,343,505
	 18,192,000		333,831 107,292	 28,663,000 13,922,000	 43,710,813 52,734,345
\$	1,970,126,000	\$	228,261,330	\$ 1,163,083,000	\$ 5,369,731,901
\$	58,677,000 22,118,000  18,865,000  433,300,000 1,873,000 66,503,000	\$	26,842,257 1,064,451 333,831 1,877,770   56,523,894	\$ 146,520,000 89,784,000 28,663,000  1,076,000 212,133,000  22,923,000	\$ 323,567,366 142,311,157 43,710,813 24,587,994 1,076,000 1,035,437,000 2,598,000 362,208,332
	601,336,000		86,642,203	 501,099,000	 1,935,496,662
	731,306,000		103,494,288	180,534,000	1,994,970,721
	 66,259,000 374,005,000 8,933,000 34,853,000 153,434,000		 44,642 4,537,878 10,410,355  23,131,964	 128,000 192,530,000 61,270,000  6,328,000 221,194,000	 14,415,535 267,357,001 496,944,946 74,499,471 49,109,955 536,937,610
\$	1,368,790,000		141,619,127	 661,984,000	 3,434,235,239
¥	1,970,126,000	\$	228,261,330	\$ 1,163,083,000	\$ 5,369,731,901

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	 The College of New Jersey	 Thomas Edison State College	 Kean University
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS			
Unrestricted current fund revenues Student tuition and fees	\$ 48,821,000	\$ 14,501,917 	\$ 51,145,000 
Auxiliary enterprises Patient service revenue	26,034,000		9,616,000
Governmental grants and contracts Fringe benefit paid directly by the State of New Jersey	30,128,000	23,658,708	22,880,000
Private gifts, grants and contracts Investment income Interest on loans receivable	139,000 4,978,000 	810,212 617,378 	808,000 1,043,000 
Expended for plant facilities Retirement of indebtedness Other	  190,000	1,033,838 310,763 26,051	17,051,000 956,000 255,000
	 130,000	 20,001	 200,000
Total Revenues and Other Additions	 110,290,000	 40,958,867	 103,754,000
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS Educational and general	104,190,000	45,095,341	97,212,000
Institutional support		43,095,341	97,212,000
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,694,000		
Auxiliary enterprises	14,151,000		6,253,000
Expenditures for plant facilities Loan cancellations, write-offs and refunds		1,033,838	16,219,000 34,000
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		904,525	
Interest on indebtedness Retirement of indebtedness	8,011,000	62,051 310,763	1,795,000 956,000
Depreciation and amortization			
Other	 2,709,000	 26,051	 165,000
Total Expenditures and Other Deductions	 130,755,000	 47,432,569	 122,634,000
Net Revenues	 (20,465,000)	 (6,473,702)	 (18,880,000)
HIGHER EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT) Mandatory:			
Other			
Non-mandatory:	(240,000)		
Plant funds Other	(349,000) 819,000		
Operating transfers - in	 35,234,000	 8,604,268	 33,636,000
Total Higher Education and University Hospital Interfund Transfers	 35,704,000	 8,604,268	 33,636,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	15,239,000	2,130,566	14,756,000
FUND BALANCES-JULY 1, 1998	 186,249,000	 40,106,270	 107,165,000
FUND BALANCES-JUNE 30, 1999	\$ 201,488,000	\$ 42,236,836	\$ 121,921,000

Montclair State University		New Jersey City University	 New Jersey Institute of Technology
\$ 58,641,289	\$	40,223,394	\$ 69,079,000
 17,734,892		 3,559,230	68,000 6,446,000
27,279,584		13,669,094	34,293,000
			9,789,000
2,285,877 123,120		1,389,868	3,220,000
123,120		 9,682,995	3,690,000
		17,474,091	
8,170		17,813,787	 2,055,000
106,072,932		103,812,459	 128,640,000
116,866,057 		82,116,653 	146,385,000 11,000
			1,053,000
12,599,151		1,586,146	2,499,000
13,962,591		10,064,340	
244,183		76,150	
4,539,373		402,033	
3,039,481		1,974,839	5,024,000
		35,269,091	
379,587		1,544,452	 900,000
151,630,423		133,033,704	 155,872,000
(45,557,491)		(29,221,245)	(27,232,000

	45,367,095	29,511,312	52,713,000
	45,367,095	 29,511,312	 52,713,000
	(100,206)	200.067	25 494 000
	(190,396)	290,067	25,481,000
	134,101,068	98,899,006	259,580,000
\$	133,910,672	\$ 99,189,073	\$ 285,061,000
-			

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## STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	The William Paterson University of New Jersey	Ramapo College of New Jersey	Rowan University
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS			
Unrestricted current fund revenues	\$ 43,733,906	\$ 22,339,000	\$ 53,743,309
Student tuition and fees Auxiliary enterprises	 13,980,151	 11,098,000	 20,822,225
Patient service revenue			
Governmental grants and contracts	12,105,050		14,976,546
Fringe benefit paid directly by			115 506
the State of New Jersey Private gifts, grants and contracts		 5,814,000	115,526
Investment income	561,387	872,000	1,816,670
Interest on loans receivable			75,592
Expended for plant facilities	11,677,313		6,206,418
Retirement of indebtedness	1,513,920		2,933,467
Other	103,468		354,423
Total Revenues and Other Additions	83,675,195	40,123,000	101,044,176
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS			
Educational and general	89,229,654	46,882,000	93,835,275
Institutional support			
Operation and maintenance of plant			
Auxiliary enterprises Expenditures for plant facilities	8,705,558 13,097,823	7,120,000	15,565,612 6,498,520
Loan cancellations, write-offs and	13,097,823		0,490,520
refunds	157,071		434,327
Disposal of property, plant and			
equipment	1,489,420		
Interest on indebtedness	1,569,867	2,004,000	4,789,397
Retirement of indebtedness	1,513,920	1,152,000	2,933,467
Depreciation and amortization Other		 8,562,000	 208,314
Total Expenditures and Other Deductions	115,763,313	65,720,000	124,264,912
Total Expenditures and Other Deductions	115,765,515	65,720,000	
Net Revenues	(32,088,118)	(25,597,000)	(23,220,736)
HIGHER EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT) Mandatory:			
Other			
Non-mandatory: Plant funds			
Other			
Operating transfers - in	37,944,445	33,287,000	35,088,000
Total Higher Education and University Hospital Interfund Transfers	37,944,445	33,287,000	35,088,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	5,856,327	7,690,000	11,867,264
FUND BALANCES-JULY 1, 1998	158,620,180	71,663,000	122,338,760
FUND BALANCES-JUNE 30, 1999	\$ 164,476,507	\$ 79,353,000	\$ 134,206,024

	Rutgers, State University f New Jersey		Richard Stockton College of New Jersey		University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey		Total
\$	427,004,000	\$	30,914,194	\$	149,595,000	\$	1,009,741,009
							68,000
	146,216,000		12,442,280		5,656,000		273,604,778
					363,513,000		363,513,000
	285,992,000		9,703,523		113,431,000		588,116,505
							115,526
	76,181,000		862,520		46,199,000		140,602,732
	28,650,000		1,227,332		22,220,000		68,881,512
			42,314		604,000		845,026
	81,381,000		20,852,750		49,190,000		200,765,314
	14,878,000		999,127				39,065,368
	17,470,000		11,863,759		154,431,000		204,570,658
	1,077,772,000		88,907,799		904,839,000		2,889,889,428
	000 274 000		55,896,551		355,191,000		2,232,173,531
	999,274,000		55,690,551		555,191,000		11,000
							2,747,000
	122,269,000		7,044,287		4,541,000		202,333,754
	61,899,000		18,388,100		51,350,000		192,513,212
	866,000		77,680		324,000		2,213,411
	1,136,000		136,867				8,608,218
	26,703,000		3,354,363		11,979,000		70,305,998
	14,878,000		999,127				58,012,368
	60,205,000				46,313,000		106,518,000
	26,834,000		11,772,134		621,890,000		674,990,538
	1,314,064,000		97,669,109		1,091,588,000		3,550,427,030
	(236,292,000)		(8,761,310)		(186,749,000)		(660,537,602)
					(11,046,000)		(11,046,000)
							(349,000)
							819,000
	325,822,000		20,087,942		190,336,000		847,631,062
	325,822,000		20,087,942		179,290,000		837,055,062
	89,530,000		11,326,632		(7,459,000)		176,517,460
	1,279,260,000		130,292,495		669,443,000		3,257,717,779
\$	1,368,790,000	\$	141,619,127	\$	661,984,000	\$	3,434,235,239
Ψ	1,000,730,000	Ψ	171,013,127	Ψ	001,904,000	Ψ	0,707,200,209

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CURRENT FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER CHANGES COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

				UNR	ESTRICTED FUNDS
	The College of New Jersey		Thomas Edison State College		Kean University
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS					
Educational and general:					
Student tuition and fees	\$ 34,813,000	\$	9,221,638	\$	38,898,000
Governmental grants and contracts	319,000		352,406		75,000
Fringe benefits paid directly by the					
State of New Jersey	11,664,000		2,465,140		9,757,000
Private gifts, grants and contracts	172,000				98,000
Investment income	674,000		407,180		1,018,000
Other sources	 1,179,000		2,055,553		1,299,000
	 48,821,000		14,501,917		51,145,000
Auxiliary enterprises	 26,034,000				9,616,000
Total Revenues and Other Additions	 74,855,000		14,501,917		60,761,000
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS					
Educational and general:					
Instruction	32,128,000		5,090,455		43,208,000
Research	2,436,000				23,000
Public service	84,000		622,105		649,000
Academic support	7,296,000		5,477,306		3,550,000
Student service	7,854,000		1,403,965		7,063,000
Institutional support	12,067,000		4,336,747		14,672,000
Scholarships and fellowships	4,343,000				2,080,000
Operation and maintenance of plant Other	11,140,000		 4,881,116		11,418,000
	 77 348 000				82 662 000
	 77,348,000	-	21,811,694		82,663,000
Auxiliary enterprises	 14,151,000				6,253,000
Total Expenditures and					
Other Deductions	 91,499,000		21,811,694		88,916,000
Net Revenues	 (16,644,000)		(7,309,777)		(28,155,000)
HIGHER EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT) & ADDITIONS Excess (deficiency) of restricted					
additions over transfers to revenue					
Refunds to grantors					
Mandatory:	(40,447,000)		(070.04.1)		(0.500.000)
Principal and interest	(13,117,000)		(372,814)		(2,529,000)
Loan funds matching grants Other					(233,000)
Non-Mandatory:					(54,000)
Plant funds	(4,771,000)		(786,239)		,
Other	408,000		(40,000)		(2,096,000)
Operating transfers - in	 34,432,000		8,604,268		33,636,000
Total Higher Education and University					
Hospital Interfund Transfers	 16,952,000		7,405,215		28,724,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in					
Fund Balances	\$ 308,000	\$	95,438	\$	569,000

ontclair State University	 New Jersey City University	 New Jersey Institute of Technology
\$ 40,447,143 40,041	\$ 29,769,486 	\$ 48,794,000 5,323,000
12,940,000	9,866,000	11,978,000 1,739,000
920,393 4,293,712	 587,908 	 1,145,000 100,000
58,641,289	 40,223,394	 69,079,000
17,734,892	 3,559,230	 6,446,000
76,376,181	 43,782,624	 75,525,000
44,626,110	32,004,668	46,201,000
777,315	59,866	4,805,000
3,761,637		2,854,000
10,307,222	3,235,002	13,759,000
11,543,281	6,870,686	6,297,000
17,164,986	17,587,676	17,105,000
2,144,051	802,147	6,218,000
11,480,562 	 8,944,255	 10,751,000 12,000
101,805,164	 69,504,300	 108,002,000
12,599,151	 1,586,146	 2,499,000
114,404,315	 71,090,446	 110,501,000
(38,028,134)	 (27,307,822)	 (34,976,000)
(5,893,086)	(1,892,485)	(7,177,000)
		(27,000)
(1,267,378)		(4,957,000)
	(119,033)	(320,000)
45,367,095	 29,511,312	 48,043,000
38,206,631	 27,499,794	 35,562,000
\$ 178,497	\$ 191,972	\$ 586,000

(Continued on next page)

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CURRENT FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER CHANGES (Continued) COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

UNRESTRICTED FUNDS

	,	The William Paterson University of New Jersey		Ramapo College of New Jersey	R	owan University
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS						
Educational and general: Student tuition and fees Governmental grants and contracts	\$	30,850,174	\$	16,236,000	\$	34,854,751 
Fringe benefits paid directly by the State of New Jersey Private gifts, grants and contracts		11,300,000		5,427,000		9,990,010 4,101,938
Investment income Other sources		972,680 611,052		554,000 122,000		1,123,906 3,672,704
		43,733,906		22,339,000		53,743,309
Auxiliary enterprises		13,980,151		11,098,000		20,822,225
Total Revenues and Other Additions		57,714,057		33,437,000		74,565,534
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS Educational and general:						
Instruction		33,616,679		16,938,000		36,690,448
Research		228,884				185,892
Public service		370,365				2,413,486
Academic support Student service		7,532,604 7,580,665		3,632,000 5,282,000		9,120,739 9,840,314
Institutional support		17,315,787		8,284,000		15,275,403
Scholarships and fellowships		2,016,160		836,000		
Operation and maintenance of plant Other		10,369,508		6,238,000		7,970,515 
		79,030,652		41,210,000		81,496,797
Auxiliary enterprises		8,705,558		7,120,000		15,565,612
Total Expenditures and Other Deductions		87,736,210		48,330,000		97,062,409
Net Revenues		(30,022,153)		(14,893,000)		(22,496,875)
HIGHER EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT) & ADDITIONS Excess (deficiency) of restricted additions over transfers to revenue						
Refunds to grantors Mandatory:						
Principal and interest Loan funds matching grants Other		(2,646,952)  		(3,146,000) (131,000)		(8,712,285) 50,000
Non-Mandatory:						
Plant funds		(8,516,809)		(3,901,000)		(3,905,053)
Other Operating transfers - in		1,391,576 37,131,173		 18,410,000		 35,088,000
Total Higher Education and University Hospital Interfund Transfers		27,358,988		11,232,000		22,520,662
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	¢	(2 662 165)	¢	(3 661 000)	¢	02 707
	ψ	(2,663,165)	\$	(3,661,000)	\$	23,787

Rutgers, State University New Jersey	Sto	he Richard ckton College New Jersey	 University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	 Sub-Total Unrestricted Funds
\$ 273,609,000 7,938,000	\$	19,903,885 	\$ 40,556,000	\$ 617,953,077 14,047,447
89,503,000		7,579,000	89,793,000	272,262,150
757,000		174,898		7,042,836
14,523,000 40,674,000		1,259,120 1,997,291	 19,246,000	 23,185,187 75,250,312
427,004,000		30,914,194	 149,595,000	 1,009,741,009
146,216,000		12,442,280	 	 267,948,778
573,220,000		43,356,474	 149,595,000	 1,277,689,787
347,428,000		20,826,353	133,706,000	792,463,713
60,227,000 20,127,000		185,405 1,441,593		68,928,362 32,323,186
28,219,000		4,358,788	5,413,000	101,900,661
40,507,000		4,661,346	5,091,000	113,994,257
66,845,000		7,811,528	47,534,000	245,999,127
19,849,000		772,781	1,830,000	40,891,139
88,684,000		7,255,742	32,725,000 1,153,000	206,976,582 6,046,116
671,886,000		47 212 526	 227,452,000	
		47,313,536	 227,432,000	 1,609,523,143
122,269,000		7,044,287	 	 197,792,754
794,155,000		54,357,823	 227,452,000	 1,807,315,897
(220,935,000)		(11,001,349)	 (77,857,000)	 (529,626,110)
(38,406,000)		(3,871,212)	(1,593,000)	(89,356,834)
(52,000)		(31,038)	(229,000)	(653,038)
			(3,395,000)	(3,449,000)
(45,539,000)		(3,442,000)		(77,085,479)
1,177,000		(270,000)	(15,487,000)	(15,355,457)
307,569,000		20,087,942	 98,561,000	716,440,790
224,749,000		12,473,692	 77,857,000	 530,540,982
\$ 3,814,000	\$	1,472,343	\$ _	\$ 914,872

(Continued on next page)

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CURRENT FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER CHANGES (Continued) COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

RESTRICTED FUNDS

		The College of New Jersey		Fhomas Edison State College		Kean University
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS						
Educational and general:	•		•		•	
Student tuition and fees	\$		\$		\$	
Governmental grants and contracts		26,644,000		22,607,527		13,572,000
Fringe benefits paid directly by the						
State of New Jersey Private gifts, grants and contracts		 139,000		 676,120		 697,000
Investment income		139,000		070,120		16,000
Other sources						46,000
						10,000
		26,783,000		23,283,647		14,331,000
Auxiliary enterprises			_		_	
		00 700 000		00 000 0 17		11.001.000
Total Revenues and Other Additions		26,783,000		23,283,647		14,331,000
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS						
Educational and general:						
Instruction		1,868,000				1,860,000
Research		1,044,000				75,000
Public service		43,000		708,961		606,000
Academic support		1,635,000				19,000
Student service		120,000				263,000
Institutional support						292,000
Scholarships and fellowships		22,119,000		298,953		11,218,000
Operation and maintenance of plant						216,000
Other				22,275,733		
		26,829,000		23,283,647		14,549,000
Auxiliary enterprises						
Total Expenditures and						
Other Deductions		26,829,000		23,283,647		14,549,000
Net Revenues		(46,000)				(218,000)
HIGHER EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL						
INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT) & ADDITIONS						
Excess (deficiency) of restricted						
additions over transfers to revenue				1,305,847		126,000
Refunds to grantors						(34,000)
Mandatory:						
Principal and interest						
Loan funds matching grants						218,000
Other Non-Mandatory:						
Plant funds				(803,283)		
Other		46,000		(000,200)		(51,000)
Operating transfers - in						
Total Higher Education and University						
Hospital Interfund Transfers		46,000		502,564		259,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in						
Fund Balances	\$		\$	502,564	\$	41,000

The William Paterson University of New Jersey	New Jersey Institute of Technology	 New Jersey City University		Montclair State University	
\$	68,000	\$ 	\$		\$
10,135,730	34,220,000	12,612,353		15,052,722	
	5,101,000 696,000				
	1,024,000	 	70	8,170	
10,135,730	41,109,000	 12,612,353	92	15,060,892	
10,135,730	41,109,000	 12,612,353	92	15,060,892	
240,976 542,167	255,000 27,137,000	1,992,662		1,261,155 94,761	
20,420			20	1,540,720	
59,007	122,000			31,556	
719,290 363,431	505,000 3,000	447,089		2,943 21,826	
8,253,711	10,361,000	10,172,602		12,105,935	
			96 	1,996 	
10,199,002	38,383,000	12,612,353	92	15,060,892	
10,199,002	38,383,000	 12,612,353	92	15,060,892	
(63,272)	2,726,000	 			
143,326 (95,842)		(1,148,634) (65,053)	24)	(244,424)	
(33,042)		(03,033)			
	(1,458,000)	(2,570,697)			
 63,272	(251,000) 	 	 		
110,756	(1,709,000)	 (3,784,384)	24)	(244,424)	
\$ 47,484	1,017,000	\$ (3,784,384)	24) \$	(244,424)	•

(Continued on next page)

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CURRENT FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER CHANGES (Continued) COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

RESTRICTED FUNDS

	Ramapo College of New Jersey	Rowan University	Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS			
Educational and general:			
Student tuition and fees	\$	\$	\$
Governmental grants and contracts		12,222,952	266,280,000
Fringe benefits paid directly by the		115 500	
State of New Jersey		115,526	
Private gifts, grants and contracts Investment income	5,541,000		46,778,000 13,409,000
Other sources			921,000
	5,541,000	12,338,478	327,388,000
Auxiliary enterprises			
Total Revenues and Other Additions	5,541,000	12,338,478	327,388,000
	0,011,000	12,000,110	021,000,000
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS			
EXPENDITORES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS Educational and general:			
Instruction	527,000	1,961,440	11,516,000
Research	432,000	235,950	90,490,000
Public service		496,642	40,848,000
Academic support			1,177,000
Student service	632,000		2,496,000
Institutional support			2,391,000
Scholarships and fellowships	4,081,000	9,294,446	178,188,000
Operation and maintenance of plant		350,000	282,000
Other			
	5,672,000	12,338,478	327,388,000
Auxiliary enterprises			
Total Expenditures and			
Other Deductions	5,672,000	12,338,478	327,388,000
Net Revenues	(121.000)		. <u></u>
NetRevenues	(131,000)		
HIGHER EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT) & ADDITIONS Excess (deficiency) of restricted			
additions over transfers to revenue	273,000	118,784	9,910,000
Refunds to grantors			
Mandatory:			
Principal and interest			
Loan funds matching grants	131,000		
Other			
Non-Mandatory:	(170.000)		
Plant funds Other	(176,000)		 263,000
Operating transfers - in			
Total Higher Education and University	000 000	440 704	40.470.000
Hospital Interfund Transfers	228,000	118,784	10,173,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in			
Fund Balances	\$ 97,000	\$ 118,784	\$ 10,173,000

The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	Sub-Total Restricted Funds	Total Current Funds	
\$	\$	\$ 68,000	\$ 618,021,077	
7,731,718	105,125,000	526,204,002	540,251,449	
		115,526	272,377,676	
851,297	66,541,000	126,324,417 14,121,000	133,367,253 37,306,187	
		1,999,170	77,249,482	
8,583,015	171,666,000	668,832,115	1,678,573,124	
			267,948,778	
8,583,015	171,666,000	668,832,115	1,946,521,902	
54.000	7 005 000	00.000.050	004 005 700	
54,823 63,690	7,685,000 86,537,000	29,222,056 206,651,568	821,685,769 275,579,930	
687,411	30,587,000	75,538,154	107,861,340	
29,950		3,073,513	104,974,174	
786,170		5,971,492	119,965,749	
53,398	33,257,000	36,381,655	282,380,782	
6,907,573	3,646,000	276,646,220 849,996	317,537,359 207,826,578	
		22,275,733	28,321,849	
8,583,015	161,712,000	656,610,387	2,266,133,530	
			197,792,754	
8,583,015	161,712,000	656,610,387	2,463,926,284	
	9,954,000	12,221,728	(517,404,382)	
11,223	(3,379,000)	7,116,122	7,116,122	
	(0,070,000)	(194,895)	(194,895)	
			(89,356,834)	
	 3,699,000	349,000 3,699,000	(304,038) 250,000	
		(5,007,980)	(82,093,459)	
	(13,585,000)	(13,578,000)	(28,933,457)	
		63,272	716,504,062	
11,223	(13,265,000)	(7,553,481)	522,987,501	
\$ 11,223	\$ (3,311,000)	\$ 4,668,247	\$ 5,583,119	
ψ 11,223	\$ (3,311,000)	ψ 4,000,∠4/	\$ 5,583,119	

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

# A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements for the College and University Funds have been prepared in conformity with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' "Industry Audit Guide - Audits of Colleges and Universities." Component Units - Authorities that use proprietary fund accounting adhere to Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

The financial statements have been prepared primarily from accounts and records maintained by the State Comptroller. The financial data for the various public benefit corporations, authorities, commissions, colleges and universities has been derived from reports prepared by those organizations based on their independent accounting systems.

## **B.** Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes the State of New Jersey includes all fund types, account groups, departments, and agencies of the State, as well as boards, commissions, authorities, colleges and universities, for which the State is financially accountable. The following circumstances set forth the State's financial accountability for a legally separate organization:

- 1. The State is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the State.
- 2. The State may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the State regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing board or (b) a jointly appointed board.

Entities for which the State is financially accountable such as boards, commissions, authorities, colleges and universities are considered component units. These component units are included in the State's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the State. Component units are either discretely presented or blended. Discrete presentation entails reporting component unit financial data in columns separate from the financial data of the primary government (the State). Blending requires the component unit's balances and transactions to be reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the State.

The following organizations comprise the State's component units. The New Jersey Building Authority and the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority are blended component units since they provide services entirely, or almost entirely to the State. Their activities are reported in a special revenue fund, debt service fund and general long-term debt account group. Additional pertinent information related to them is disclosed in the notes of the primary government. All other component units have been discretely presented. Additional pertinent information related to the discretely presented component units is reported separately from the notes of the primary government in Notes 18 and 19, respectively.

## **AUTHORITIES**

Casino Reinvestment Development Authority Hackensack Meadowlands Development Commission Higher Education Student Assistance Authority – (formerly New Jersey Higher Education Assistance Authority – NJ Class) New Jersey Building Authority New Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission New Jersey Development Authority for Small Businesses, Minorities' and Women's Enterprises New Jersey Economic Development Authority New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority New Jersey Highway Authority New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency New Jersey Redevelopment Authority New Jersey Redevelopment Authority New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority New Jersey Transit Corporation New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority New Jersey Water Supply Authority South Jersey Port Corporation South Jersey Transportation Authority

# COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

The College of New Jersey Thomas Edison State College Kean University Montclair State University New Jersey City University New Jersey Institute of Technology The William Paterson University of New Jersey Ramapo College of New Jersey Rowan University Rutgers, The State University The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey

## C. Fund Accounting

The State uses funds, account groups, and component units to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which represent the fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses. State funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category is then divided into separate "Fund Types".

#### 1. Governmental Fund Types

- a. General Fund The fund into which all State revenues, not otherwise restricted by statute, are deposited and from which appropriations are made. The largest part of the total financial operations of the State is accounted for in the General Fund. Most revenues received from taxes, federal sources, and certain miscellaneous revenue items are recorded in this fund. The Appropriations Act enacted by the Legislature provides the basic framework for the operations of the General Fund.
- b. Special Revenue Funds Are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.
- c. Debt Service Fund Accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Amounts provided by the General Fund are deposited with banks that serve as paying agents.

d. Capital Projects Funds - Account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for State use. Funds granted to other units of government are not classified as capital projects funds and are included as expenditures of special revenue funds.

## 2. Fiduciary Fund Types

- a. Expendable Trust Funds Account for assets held by the State as a legal trustee when both principal and interest may be expended for designated purposes.
- b. Non-expendable Trust Funds Accounts for assets held by the State as legal trustee in situations requiring that the principal be preserved intact and only the interest be expended as designated.
- c. Investment Trust Fund Accounts for investment pool assets held by the State for legally separate entities that are not part of the State's financial reporting entity.
- d. Pension Trust Funds Account for monies received for, expenses incurred by, and net assets available for plan benefits of the various public employee retirement systems.
- e. Agency Funds Account for monies held by the State for custodial purposes only.

## 3. Account Groups

- a. General Long-Term Debt Account Group Accounts for the unmatured general long-term liabilities of the State.
- b. General Fixed Asset Account Group Accounts for the State's fixed assets acquired or constructed for general government purposes. The State acquires and retains title to certain property shown in the college and university funds and would be entitled to any proceeds from the ultimate disposition of such property.

## 4. Component Units

Accounts for the activities of legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the State are financially accountable. The activities of blended component units are reported in special revenue funds, the debt service fund and general long-term debt account group. The activities of boards, commissions and authorities other than those blended are discretely presented as Component Units - Authorities. Colleges and universities for which the State is financially accountable are discretely presented as Component Units - College and University Funds.

## **D. Budgetary Process**

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund and certain special revenue funds (Casino Control, Casino Revenue, Gubernatorial Elections, and Property Tax Relief funds). The Legislature enacts the Budget through passage of specific departmental appropriations, the sum of which may not exceed estimated resources. It is a constitutional requirement that the Budget be balanced. The Governor certifies the revenues. Before signing the Appropriations Act, the Governor may veto or reduce any specific appropriation, subject to Legislative override. Once passed and signed, the Budget becomes the State's financial plan for the coming year. During the year, the Budget may be revised by supplemental appropriations approved by both the Legislature and the Governor.

Budgetary control (legal control) is maintained within the department (as indicated on the organization chart) at the appropriation line item level. Budget revisions during the year, reflecting program changes or interdepartmental transfers of an administrative nature, may be effected with certain executive and legislative branch approval. Only the Legislature, however, may transfer appropriations between departments. Transfers within a department are permitted within certain guidelines and management approval.

Appropriations are authorized for expenditure during the fiscal year and for a period of one month thereafter, and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unless otherwise specified by the Appropriations Act.

The State's budgetary basis of accounting differs from that utilized to present financial statements in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The main differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are that under the budgetary basis encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, the federal revenue related to such encumbrances is also recognized, and the budgetary basis reflects transactions only for the current fiscal year. In addition, under the GAAP basis certain grants and other financial assistance are required to be recorded as revenues and expenditures (See Note 2G). A reconciliation of the differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis is presented in Note 2.

## E. Bond Fund Appropriations

The State Constitution provides that the Legislature may not create a debt (where total outstanding debt would exceed one percent of total appropriations for the year) unless such law has been submitted to the people at a general election and approved by a majority of the legally qualified voters. After approval by the electorate, and prior to any bond sale, the Legislature may make appropriations up to the legally authorized amount of such bonds, which enables the State to enter into contracts with vendors.

#### F. Basis of Accounting

All of the governmental funds and expendable trust and agency funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with this basis, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Those revenues which are considered to be susceptible to accrual include amounts received during the 12 month period subsequent to June 30 that were earned as of June 30 and in the hands of receiving agents.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement, only current assets and liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. Agency funds are accounted for and reported in the same manner as governmental funds; however, since they are custodial in nature they do not involve measurement of results of operations.

All non-expendable trust funds, investment trust funds, and pension trust funds use the accrual basis of accounting and are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net total assets.

Significant revenue sources which are susceptible to accrual include sales tax, individual income taxes, corporate income taxes, and federal grants. Licenses, fees, permits and other miscellaneous revenue are recognized when received since they normally are measurable only at that time. Revenue refunds payable are recorded as other liabilities on the combined balance sheet.

Expenditures are recorded on an accrual basis when the related liability is incurred. Disbursements for prepaid expenses, inventory items, and fixed assets are recorded when expenditures are incurred. Expenditures for principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt are recognized when due.

The activities of Component Units - College and University Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting including student tuition and fees when a semester covers more than one fiscal period. This revenue is deferred to the period in which it is earned.

The activities of Component Units - Authorities are accounted for using both the modified accrual basis and the accrual basis. Activities that are accounted for using the modified accrual basis are presented in a column in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. Activities that are accounted for using the accrual basis are presented in a column in the combined statement of revenues, expenses and changes in retained earnings/fund equity and in the combined statement of cash flows. For balance sheet purposes, however, the activities of all Authorities are shown together in a separate column on the combined balance sheet.

The General Long-Term Debt Account Group and General Fixed Asset Account Group are not funds. An account group is concerned only with the measurement of financial position and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

## **G.** Assets and Other Debits

# 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits encompass the State's cash on deposit with financial institutions and several cash equivalents, including money market accounts with financial institutions and certificates of deposit. All deposits including cash equivalents that are subject to federal or state depository insurance generally are classified as deposits. Only investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. See Notes 3, 18 and 19 for details.

# 2. Investments

Securities are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. In addition to the amounts invested directly, most of the funds included herein participate in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts also contributed by other units of government are combined into a large scale investment pool. The Pension Trust Funds also participate in a Common Pension Trust Fund pool whereby amounts contributed by the various Pension Trust Funds are combined for the purpose of investment. Participation in the Cash Management Fund Investment pool and the Common Pension Trust Fund pool is reflected as investments in the Balance Sheet. See Notes 4, 18 and 19 for details.

# 3. Receivables

Receivables in the State's governmental and fiduciary funds, Component Units - Authorities, and Component Units - College and University Funds, primarily consist of federal revenues, taxes, loans, mortgages and other receivables. See Notes 5, 18 and 19 for details.

## 4. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or other acceptable methods when historical cost information is not available. Donated fixed assets are stated at market value at the date of donation. The State's general fixed assets consist of:

- a. All land, including parks and forests.
- b. All general government buildings, including hospitals, care and correctional facilities.
- c. Land improvements, and machinery and equipment with a unit cost above \$25,000 and \$20,000 respectively, used in general operations.
- d. Capital projects in the process of construction. Certain public domain fixed assets (including highways, bridges, highway lands and rights-of-way) are not capitalized. No depreciation is provided on general fixed assets.

For the Component Units - Authorities, which use the accrual basis of accounting, fixed assets are generally recorded at cost and depreciated over the respective lives of the various assets.

For presentation purposes, the maintenance reserve expense of the New Jersey Turnpike Authority has been reclassified from non-operating to operating expense in an amount equal to the estimated depreciation. A similar adjustment was made for the New Jersey Highway Authority and the South Jersey Transportation Authority.

For the Component Units - College and University Funds, fixed assets are generally recorded at cost or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. Certain colleges and universities include the recognition of depreciation in their general fixed assets.

Capital leases are classified as fixed assets in amounts equal to the lesser of the fair market value of the asset or the present value of the net minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease. See Notes 6, 18 and 19 for details.

## 5. Other Assets

- a. Due from other funds During the course of normal operations the State has numerous routine transactions between funds, including expenditures, and transfers of resources to provide administrative services, program services, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Operating transfers represent legally authorized transfers from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended and do not represent reimbursements of expenses. See Note 7 for details.
- b. Due from intergovernmental agencies Includes any receivable or payable and due to or due from Component Units Authorities that relates to federal or other governmental agencies.

### H. Equity and Other Credits

- 1. **Contributed Capital** Equity provided by other funds or governmental units for property, plant, and equipment or for original start up costs of Component Units Authorities.
- 2. Investment in General Fixed Assets Used to record the net investment in fixed assets, including land and land improvements, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress, as accounted for in the General Fixed Asset Account Group.
- **3.** Cost of Investment in Facilities Used to record the net investment in fixed assets, including land and land improvements, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress.

#### 4. Retained Earnings

- a. Reserved Used to earmark a portion of the retained earnings currently unavailable for expense, or a restriction on current retained earnings.
- b. Unreserved An equity account reflecting the accumulated unrestricted earnings of Component Units Authorities.

#### 5. Fund Balance

- a. Reserved Encumbrances Used to segregate a portion of fund balance to provide for expenditure upon vendor performance of purchase agreements.
- b. Reserved Higher education programs Used to record the portion of fund balance set aside for instruction, research, loans to students, and current operations.
- c. Reserved Employees' pension benefits Used to accumulate all active member, State and other employer contributions and investment income from which all benefit payments are made.
- d. Reserved External investment pool participants Used to identify the portion of fund balance that represents amounts due to non-state participants of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund external portion.
- e. Reserved Surplus revenue Used to identify that portion of fund balance, commonly called the "Rainy Day Fund," which represents excess revenues that have been set aside pursuant to P.L. 1990, c.44.

- f. Reserved Other Used to earmark a portion of the fund balance to indicate it is either a resource currently unavailable for appropriation or expenditure, or a statutory restriction on current fund balance.
- g. Unreserved Designated Unrealized gains Used to represent the portion of fund balance that resulted from the fair value reporting of investments, i.e., the difference between investments reported at fair value and the amortized cost of those investments.
- h. Unreserved Designated Continuing appropriations Used to represent that portion of fund balance which has been appropriated by the Legislature.
- i. Unreserved Designated Debt service Used to identify that portion of the fund balance of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund which is made available to satisfy the debt service requirements of the subsequent period.
- j. Unreserved Undesignated Used to represent that portion of fund balance resources available for appropriation.

## I. Fiscal Year End Differences

The following component units have fiscal years that ended on December 31, 1998:

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

New Jersey Building Authority (blended component unit)

#### **Component Units - Authorities**

Casino Reinvestment Development Authority Hackensack Meadowlands Development Commission New Jersey Development Authority for Small Businesses, Minorities' and Women's Enterprises New Jersey Economic Development Authority New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority New Jersey Highway Authority New Jersey Redevelopment Authority New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority New Jersey Turnpike Authority South Jersey Port Corporation South Jersey Transportation Authority

# **NOTE 2 - OTHER ACCOUNTING DISCLOSURES**

#### A. Reclassification

The Higher Education Assistance Fund has been reclassified from an expendable trust fund to a governmental component unit. It will now be shown as part of the Higher Education Student Assistance Authority (formally New Jersey Higher Education Assistance Authority-NJ Class) as per P.L. 1999, chapter 46. See Note 18A for additional details.

## **B. Deficit Fund Balances**

The following funds have deficit fund balances (expressed in millions):

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Cultural Centers and Historic Preservation Fund	\$ 1.7
Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1981	\$ 14.0

It is anticipated that bond sales during Fiscal Year 2000 will relieve these deficits.

#### **Trust Funds**

Prescription Drug Progam \$ 2.2

Rates for Fiscal Year 2000 were increased by 9.0 percent for the State group and 13.9 percent for the local group. These rate increases are expected to offset the current deficit.

## C. Revenue and Expenditure Budgets

- 1. The General Fund and four special revenue funds consisting of the Casino Control, Casino Revenue, Gubernatorial Elections, and Property Tax Relief Funds operate under a budgetary control system comprised of:
  - (a) The Annual Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1999 and various supplemental appropriations approved during the fiscal year.
  - (b) Other authorized appropriations which include reappropriations (authorized by the Annual Appropriations Act) of prior year funds which are available for expenditure in the current year.
  - (c) Appropriated revenues (authorized by the Annual Appropriations Act) which established appropriations based on certain revenues.

The above items provided the following amounts for the Fiscal Year 1999 budget:

		nd Other Increases sed In Millions)
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds
Annual Appropriations Act Appropriated Revenue	\$ 11,367.6 7,003.2	
Totals	\$ 18,370.8	\$ 6,357.3

	Ex	penditures and (Expressed)		
		General Fund	F	Special Revenue Funds
Annual Appropriations Act Other Authorized Appropriations Appropriated Revenue	\$	11,629.3 1,980.4 7,003.2	\$	6,856.4 49.7 37.9
Totals	\$	20,612.9	\$	6,944.0

The Fiscal Year 1999 expenditure budget includes as other authorized appropriations all estimated federal entitlements.

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual-Budgetary Basis presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

There were no expenditures in excess of appropriations for those funds operating under an annual budgetary control system. The following presents a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of reporting:

## Actual on Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis June 30, 1999 (Expressed In Millions)

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds		
Budgeted Funds:					
Budgetary basis - net increase (decrease) in fund balances for the fiscal year	\$	100.9	\$	(145.1)	
Federal revenue and other financing sources		428.3		24.3	
Residual equity transfers		(23.4)		(2.0)	
Prior year expenditures and other financing uses		(862.7)		(56.8)	
Encumbrances GAAP basis - net increase (decrease) in fund balances for the fiscal year		343.2		(152.3)	
Non-Budgeted Funds: GAAP basis - net increase (decrease) in fund		573.2		(152.5)	
balances for the fiscal year				321.1	
Total All Funds:					
GAAP basis - net increase (decrease) in fund	¢	242.2	¢	170.0	
balances for the fiscal year	2	343.2	\$	168.8	

- 2. Other special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and trust funds do not operate under an annual budgetary control system, but expenditures are authorized by the enabling legislation. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual-Budgetary Basis does not include these funds.
- 3. The State Lottery operates under an informal budgetary control system approved by the New Jersey State Lottery Commission which for Fiscal Year 1999 resulted in the Governor's revenue certification of \$679.3 million representing transfers from the State Lottery Fund to the General Fund for administration (\$13.8 million) and for state institutions and education (\$665.5 million).

# **D.** Joint Ventures

## The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey One World Trade Center New York, New York 10048

Joint ventures are independently constituted entities generally created by two or more governments for a specific purpose such as contracting and maintaining an interstate bridge. Pursuant to current financial reporting standards, the State does not record its equity in joint ventures. The only significant joint venture in which the State of New Jersey participates is the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey. Individually published financial statements may be obtained by writing the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey at the above mentioned address. Other joint ventures are immaterial.

The Port Authority is a municipal corporate instrumentality of the States of New York and New Jersey created by compact between the two states in 1921 with the consent of the Congress of the United States. It is authorized and directed to plan, develop, and operate terminals and other facilities of transportation and commerce, and to advance projects in the general fields of transportation, economic development, and world trade that contribute to promoting and protecting the commerce and economy of the Port District, defined in the compact, which comprises an area of about 1,500 square miles in both states, centering about New York Harbor. The Governor of each State appoints six of the twelve members of the governing Board of Commissioners, subject to confirmation by the respective State Senate. Each Governor has from time to time exercised the statutory power to veto the actions of the commissioners from their state.

The commissioners serve six-year overlapping terms as public officials without compensation. They establish Authority policy, appoint an Executive Director to implement it, and also appoint a General Counsel to act as legal advisor to the Board and to the Executive Director. The Authority undertakes only those projects authorized by the two States.

The compact envisions the Port Authority as being financially self-sustaining and, as such, it must obtain the funds necessary for the construction or acquisition of facilities upon the basis of its own credit, its reserve funds, and its future revenues. The agency has neither the power to pledge the credit of either state or any municipality nor to levy taxes or assessments.

Consolidated financial statements for the Port Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998 disclosed the following (expressed in thousands):

			Finar	icial Position			
	P	ort Authority	PFO	C Program	<b>Combined Total</b>		
Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$	12,882,399 9,377,263	\$	680,045 	\$	13,562,444 9,377,263	
Net Assets	\$	3,505,136	\$	680,045	\$	4,185,181	
			Opera	ating Results			
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses Depreciation and Amortization	\$	2,361,202 (1,569,258) (390,529)	\$	113,020  (5,209)	\$	2,474,222 (1,569,258) (395,738)	
Income from Operations Financial Income (Expense), Net		401,415 (234,832)		107,811 24,936		509,226 (209,896)	
Income before extraordinary item	\$	166,583	\$	132,747	\$	299,330	
			Change	s in Net Assets			
Balance January 1, 1998 Net Income Government Contributions in Aid of	\$	3,301,563 166,583	\$	547,298 132,747	\$	3,848,861 299,330	
Construction		36,990				36,990	
Balance December 31, 1998	\$	3,505,136	\$	680,045	\$	4,185,181	

Except for Special Project Bonds, the Authority's debt is secured by its full faith and credit, its reserve funds or a pledge of future revenues. Special Project Bonds are secured by a mortgage on the financed properties. At December 31, 1998, Port Authority debt consisted of the following (expressed in thousands):

#### **Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations**

Consolidated Bonds and Notes	\$ 5,747,387
Special Project Bonds	1,479,975
Operating Asset Financing	496,369
Capital Asset Financing	921,300
	8,645,031
Less: Unamortized Discount and Premium	 (180,662)
Total	\$ 8,464,369

#### E. Risk Management and Insurance Coverage

The State is self-insured and self-administered for tort, workers' compensation, and automobile liability claims. As of June 30, 1999 no liability for unpaid claims has been established since the amount of loss cannot be reasonably estimated. However, any unpaid claims are not expected to be material. Claims are reported as expenditures in the General Fund in the year they are paid. Amounts expended for tort, workers' compensation, and automobile liability claims for Fiscal Year 1998 and Fiscal Year 1999 are detailed below (expressed in millions):

Type of Claim	<b>Fiscal</b>	Year 1999	Fiscal Year 1998			
Tort	\$	6.6	\$	5.9		
Workers' compensation		16.9		14.7		
Automobile		1.8		5.9		

Property exposure is handled by a commercial insurance carrier. There were no reductions in commercial insurance coverage during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999. No settlements exceeded commercial insurance coverage during each of the past three fiscal years. The State does not participate in any risk pools.

#### F. Other

In accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB) Codification L20.126, "Leases between State and Local Governments and Public Authorities", the debt and assets of the New Jersey Building Authority have been reduced for presentation herein in the amount of \$583.6 million, the amount of the present value of future lease payments by the State to the New Jersey Building Authority as of December 31, 1998.

In accordance with GASB Statement 24, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance," an additional \$388.7 million in federal grant revenues and economic planning, development, and security expenditures and \$37.0 million in other assets and deferred revenues relating to the State's food stamp program have been recorded.

## **NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

All funds maintain their own individual bank account(s) except for the Casino Control, Casino Revenue, Gubernatorial Elections, Special Transportation and Property Tax Relief Funds which are in the General Fund bank accounts. The balances of cash for these funds held in the General Fund, after receipt and disbursement transactions, are accounted for and reflected in the respective due from or due to accounts on the balance sheet.

New Jersey Revised Statutes (52:18-16.1) set the policy that the State Treasurer must follow when depositing State funds and for the collateralization of such funds. The relationship between the face amount of the collateral and the amount of a deposit is not statutory but is stipulated by the State Treasurer. All bank accounts in which the State Treasurer deposits funds, as well as certificates of deposit, must be collateralized. Securities pledged as collateral must consist of obligations of, or be guaranteed by, the United States or the State of New Jersey. Securities are pledged in the State Treasurer's name and held by a custodian bank under a custodian agreement.

Collateral requirements for demand accounts and time accounts for banks having less than \$15 million in State deposits per month are 100% and 120% of collateral, respectively, of the highest daily balance of each account. For banks that have State deposits which total \$15 million or more per month, the amount of collateral required is 120% of the total average daily balance on deposit in the bank during each calendar quarter of the year. The amount of collateral required for certificates of deposit is 120% of par value minus FDIC coverage.

The State Department of the Treasury monitors the level of collateral required to be maintained by the banks.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 requires the bank balances of deposits to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the entity. Category 1 consists of deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 consists of deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 consists of deposits which are uncollateralized.

Cash and cash equivalents are categorized below for all funds excluding discretely presented component units (expressed in millions):

	Category 1 Category 2			gory 2	Category 3			Total Bank Balance		Total Carrying Amount	
Cash Certificates of deposit and related items	\$	136.1	\$		\$	8.0 465.4	\$	144.1 465.4	\$	130.3 465.4	
Total	\$	136.1	\$		\$	473.4	\$	609.5	\$	595.7	

Negative book balances of \$341.6 million representing a managed overdraft have been reclassified and are included in the accounts payable balance on the balance sheet as follows:

<u>Funds</u>	Amount (In Millions)				
General Fund	\$	244.5			
Special Revenue Funds		19.0			
Capital Projects Funds					
Trust and Agency Funds		78.1			
Total	\$	341.6			

# **NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS**

Statutes of the State of New Jersey and regulations of the State Investment Council authorize the Division of Investment to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, foreign governments, agencies, municipal or political subdivisions of the State, commercial paper, bankers acceptances, revenue obligations of public authorities, debt instruments of banks, collateralized notes and mortgages, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, equity and convertible equity securities, and other common types of investment securities. Investee institutions and organizations are prescribed by the statutes and regulations based on such criteria as minimum capital, dividend paying history, credit history, and other evaluation factors.

The purchase, sale, receipt of income, and other transactions affecting investments are governed by custodial agreements between the investing funds through the State Treasurer and custodian banks as agents for the funds. State laws and policies set forth the requirements of such agreements and other particulars as to the size of the custodial institution, amount of the portfolio to be covered by the agreements, and other pertinent matters.

Federal securities, including those held as collateral on repurchase agreements, are maintained at Federal Reserve Banks in Philadelphia and New York through the custodian banks, in trust for the State of New Jersey. A significant portion of corporate equity and debt securities are maintained by the Depository Trust Company (DTC) through the custodian banks in trust for the State of New Jersey.

Securities not maintained by the Federal Reserve Banks or DTC are in the name of a designated nominee representing the securities of a particular State fund which establishes the State fund's unconditional right to the securities. The custodian banks, as agents for the State funds, maintain internal accounting records identifying the securities maintained by the Federal Reserve Banks and the DTC as securities owned by or pledged to the State funds.

All investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

In addition to the amounts invested directly, most of the funds included herein participate in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts also contributed by other units of government are combined into a large scale investment program. The Pension Trust Funds also participate in a Common Pension Trust Fund pool whereby amounts contributed by the various Pension Trust Funds are combined for the purpose of investment. Participation in the Cash Management Fund investment pool and the Common Pension Trust Fund investment pool by State funds is reflected as investments in the Balance Sheets of the respective funds. Amounts contributed to the Cash Management Fund investment pool by local governments and other entities which are not part of the State's reporting entity, are reflected as investments in the Balance Sheet of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund-External Portion.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund and the Common Pension Funds. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, P.O. Box 290, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0290.

Casino Control, Casino Revenue, Gubernatorial Elections, Special Transportation and Property Tax Relief Funds do not maintain separate investment accounts. Since cash transactions are handled by and through the General Fund as described in Note 3, any available cash balances for these funds reside in the General Fund and are combined with other balances for either participation in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund or direct investment as part of the General Fund large scale investment program. Except for the Casino Revenue Fund and the Casino Control Fund, investment earnings for these funds accrue to the General Fund.

Approximately \$1.2 billion of investments represents deposit fund contracts for future installment payments of lottery prizes due beyond one year from the balance sheet date. Lottery prizes are funded by the purchase of deposit fund contracts which, when matured, will provide amounts sufficient for future payment of installment prizes. Purchases of deposit fund contracts are recorded as an expenditure in the State Lottery Fund in the year of purchase. An agency fund has been established to record the deposit fund contracts and related liabilities at present value. In the event of default in making future payments by the insurance company from which the contracts were purchased, the State Lottery Commission would be liable for such future payments. Face value of deposit fund contracts approximates \$1.9 billion.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 requires investments be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the entity. Category 1 consists of investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 consists of uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by counterparties' trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparties' trust department or agent in the entity's name. Investments for all funds are classified as Category 1 and are detailed below (expressed in millions):

	Fair Value			
Government bonds and				
obligations	\$	2,215.9		
Industrial bonds and				
commercial paper		1,586.2		
Finance companies - senior debt		3.6		
Telephone bonds		1.0		
Gas, electric and water bonds		10.0		
Common stock		1,112.5		
Mortgage - backed certificates		3,518.2		
Repurchase agreements		95.3		
Preferred stock		0.1		
Investment in State of New Jersey Cash				
Management investment pool		8,840.9		
Investment in Common Pension Trust				
Fund investment pool		68,941.7		
Investments subject to risk				
categorization		86,325.4		
Annuity contracts		1,234.7		
Mutual funds		26.7		
Total	\$	87,586.8		

# **NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES**

#### A. Federal

Federal government grant awards are established against State appropriations. Most Federal government receivables are comprised of amounts expended against grant awards, the expenditure of which is the basis of reimbursement. Since all amounts due from the Federal government are considered to be collectible, no allowance has been established for doubtful collections. Also see Note 20 - Contingent Liabilities.

These Federal receivables are reported in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles as defined in Statement 2 - Grant, Entitlement and Shared Revenue Accounting and Reporting by State and Local Governments published by the National Council on Governmental Accounting. Inasmuch as encumbrances do not constitute expenditures, and since recognition of grants and entitlements as revenue is primarily based on expenditures, there is an additional \$2.1 billion of Federal government awards consisting of encumbrances and appropriation balances which are considered unearned and unrecorded as of June 30, 1999.

Federal receivable balances in the Unemployment Compensation Fund (\$2.6 billion) represent unemployment contributions transferred to the Federal Reserve Bank for deposit in the Federal Unemployment Trust Fund. All monies are invested by the Federal Government and interest earnings are credited to the Unemployment Compensation Fund.

## **B.** Departmental

Departmental accounts receivable of \$2,221.0 million include amounts which were substantially collected within the one month period subsequent to June 30 and include most major tax revenues. Amounts included in these receivables but not collected within the one month period subsequent to June 30 are deemed to be collectible, and are reflected net of allowances (\$186.2 million).

## C. Loans

Loans receivable of \$1,871.3 million are reduced by allowances of \$15.2 million and include \$819.4 million due from local units of government and other recipients for environmental projects, \$971.9 million representing loans from respective pension funds to participating members of the pension funds, \$35.5 million loaned for economic development within local units of government, and \$18.5 million loaned for housing and mortgage assistance.

## **D.** Other

Other receivables totaling \$2,571.5 million are reduced by allowances of \$491.6 million and include \$423.6 million of accrued earnings on investments and accrued interest on loans to third parties, contributions due from employers and members to the respective pension funds of \$1,337.1 million, contributions due from employers and members to the Health Benefits Fund of \$37.1 million, and \$203.2 million due from the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey.

## **NOTE 6 - FIXED ASSETS**

### A. Summary of Fixed Assets

A summary of fixed assets by category at June 30, 1999 is as follows (expressed in millions):

	General Fixed Asset Account Group				
Land	\$	398.9			
Land improvements		70.5			
Building and improvements		1,733.7			
Machinery and equipment		251.5			
Construction in progress		167.8			
Total	\$	2,622.4			

#### **B.** Changes in Fixed Assets

A summary reflecting changes in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and the resulting June 30, 1999 balances follows (expressed in millions):

	Balance July 1, 1998					lditions	Ded	uctions	Balance ne 30, 1999
Land	\$	378.0	\$	20.9	\$		\$ 398.9		
Land improvements		68.8		1.7			70.5		
Buildings and improvements		1,679.0		60.4		5.7	1,733.7		
Machinery and equipment		261.5		12.9		22.9	251.5		
Construction in progress		147.2		82.6		62.0	 167.8		
Total	\$	2,534.5	\$	178.5	\$	90.6	\$ 2,622.4		

# NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

# A. Due From/Due To Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables are referred to respectively as Due from other funds and Due to other funds on the balance sheet. A schedule of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 1999 is presented below (expressed in thousands):

General Fund         \$         423,835         \$         414,036           Debt Service Fund         116,806            Special Revenue Funds         13,474            Casino Control Fund         74,605            Cultural Centers and Historic Preservation Fund         74,605            Cultural Centers and Historic Preservation Fund         25,378         22,075           Heath Care Subsidy Fund         7,361         74,922           New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund          116,806           New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority          116,806           New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund         26,850         36,418           Property Tax Relief Fund         290,710         41,534           State Lottery Fund         200,710         41,534           State Lottery Fund         2         14,778           Other Special Revenue Funds         432,124         467,334           Capital Projects Funds          31,695           Other Special Revenue Funds (under \$5 million)          31,695           Other Capital Projects Funds          38,445           Trust and Agency Funds          5,827 <tr< th=""><th><b>Interfund Receivables and Payables</b></th><th>Due From</th><th>Due To</th></tr<>	<b>Interfund Receivables and Payables</b>	Due From	Due To
Special Revenue FundsCasino Control Fund13,474Casino Revenue Fund74,605Cultural Centers and Historic Preservation Fund5,200Hazardous Discharge Fund of 198114,379Hazardous Discharge Fund of 198114,379Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund25,37822,075Health Care Subsidy Fund7,36174,922New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund29,346New Jersey Workforce Development116,806New Jersey Workforce Development70,865Partnership Fund6,85036,418Property Tax Relief Fund200,71041,534State Lottery Fund70,865Unemployment Compensation Auxiliary Fund214,778Other Special Revenue Funds432,124467,334Capital Projects FundsSpecial Transportation Fund31,695Other Capital Projects Funds31,695Other Capital Projects Funds31,695Trust and Agency Funds5,827Prescription Drug Program Fund14,3176,750Total Capital Projects Funds11,74640,407Hath Benefits Program Fund14,3176,753State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,0077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Publ	General Fund	\$ 423,835	\$ 414,036
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Special Transportation Fund31,695Other Capital Projects Funds (under \$5 million)6,750Total Capital Projects Funds38,445Trust and Agency Funds38,445Expendable Trust Funds13211,746Fund for Support of Free Public Schools13211,746Health Benefits Program Fund24,367New Home Warranty Security Fund5,827Prescription Drug Program Fund14,3176,793State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Total Special Revenue Funds	432,124	467,334
Special Transportation Fund31,695Other Capital Projects Funds (under \$5 million)6,750Total Capital Projects Funds38,445Trust and Agency Funds38,445Expendable Trust Funds13211,746Fund for Support of Free Public Schools13211,746Health Benefits Program Fund24,367New Home Warranty Security Fund5,827Prescription Drug Program Fund14,3176,793State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Canital Projects Funds		
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Fund for Support of Free Public Schools13211,746Health Benefits Program Fund24,367New Home Warranty Security Fund5,827Prescription Drug Program Fund14,3176,793State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Trust and Agency Funds		
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Health Benefits Program Fund24,367New Home Warranty Security Fund5,827Prescription Drug Program Fund14,3176,793State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437		132	11,746
New Home Warranty Security Fund5,827Prescription Drug Program Fund14,3176,793State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437		24,367	
State Disability Benefit Fund16,70434,178Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds416,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	New Home Warranty Security Fund		5,827
Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund43049,077Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Prescription Drug Program Fund	14,317	6,793
Unemployment Compensation Fund28,17524,109Pension Trust Funds Public Employees' Retirement System9,1753,229Agency Funds Alternate Benefit Program Fund6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	State Disability Benefit Fund	16,704	34,178
Pension Trust Funds Public Employees' Retirement System9,1753,229Agency Funds Alternate Benefit Program Fund6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437		430	49,077
Public Employees' Retirement System9,1753,229Agency Funds6,4372,839Alternate Benefit Program Fund6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Unemployment Compensation Fund	28,175	24,109
Agency FundsAlternate Benefit Program Fund6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Pension Trust Funds		
Alternate Benefit Program Fund6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Public Employees' Retirement System	9,175	3,229
Alternate Benefit Program Fund6,4372,839Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437	Agency Funds		
Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)9,75024,639Total Trust and Agency Funds109,487162,437		6,437	2,839
			24,639
<b>Total All Funds</b> <u>\$ 1,082,252</u> <u>\$ 1,082,252</u>	Total Trust and Agency Funds	109,487	162,437
	Total All Funds	\$ 1,082,252	\$ 1,082,252

## **B.** Transfer From/To Other Funds

Transfers from and Transfers to other funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance represent transfers between funds. A schedule of Transfers from and Transfers to at June 30, 1999 is presented below (expressed in thousands):

	Transfers From	Transfers To
General Fund	\$ 1,362,135	\$ 1,600,562
Debt Service Fund	824,050	
Special Revenue Funds		
Casino Revenue Fund	24,495	
Hazardous Discharge Fund of 1986	18,378	471
Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund	16,930	22,075
Health Care Subsidy Fund	16,500	436,261
Legal Services Fund		10,906
New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund		25,663
New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority	463,700	1,117,946
New Jersey Workforce Development		26 119
Partnership Fund State Lottery Fund		36,418 667,865
Unemployment Compensation Auxiliary Fund		11,745
Other Special Revenue Funds (under \$5 million)	2,918	52,137
Other Special Revenue Funds (under \$5 minion)	2,710	52,157
Total Special Revenue Funds	542,921	2,381,487
Capital Projects Funds		
Special Transportation Fund	789,439	
Other Capital Projects Funds (under \$5 million)	58	3,492
		,
Total Capital Projects Fund	789,497	3,492
Expendable Trust Funds		
Dental Expense Program Fund	22,739	
Fund for Support of Free Public Schools		15,639
Health Benefits Program Fund	447,337	
New Home Warranty Security Fund		5,827
Prescription Drug Program Fund	102,659	
State Disability Benefit Fund		36,073
Unclaimed Personal Property Trust Fund		49,077
Other Trust and Agency Funds (under \$5 million)	3,295	2,476
Total Expendable Trust Funds	576,030	109,092
Total All Funds	\$ 4,094,633	\$ 4,094,633

# C. Residual Equity Transfers In (Out)

Residual Equity Transfers In (Out) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance represent nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds and are reported as additions or deductions from fund balance. A schedule of Residual Equity Transfers In (Out) at June 30, 1999 is presented below (expressed in thousands):

Residual Equity Transfers		In	Out	
General Fund	\$	23,398	\$	
Special Revenue Funds				
Boarding House Rental Assistance Fund				2,000
Casino Revenue Fund		2,000		
Health Care Subsidy Fund				20,898
Sanitary Landfill Facility Contingency Fund				2,500
Total Special Revenue Funds		2,000		25,398
Total Residual Equity Transfers	\$	25,398	\$	25,398

## **NOTE 8 - DEFERRED REVENUE**

Deferred revenue represents amounts received but not earned as of June 30. These amounts will be earned in subsequent fiscal years.

Deferred revenue at June 30, 1999 in the General Fund (\$366.4 million) consists principally of amounts due from the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, motor vehicle licenses and registrations, insurance licensing, professional board licenses and fees, and food stamp inventory (in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 24). The amount at June 30, 1999 in the Petroleum Overcharge Reimbursement Fund (\$16.1 million) represents oil overcharge monies, which have been received, but remain unexpended. Additionally, the Casino Control Fund reflects deferred revenue of \$12.7 million which represents advance tax payments on slot machines from various casinos.

# **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

# A. Summary of Long-Term Obligations

A summary of long-term obligations at June 30, 1999 is shown below (expressed in thousands):

General Long-Term Debt	 Amount
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,649,905
Revenue bonds	4,319,381
Accumulated sick and vacation payable	415,219
Capital leases	264,818
Installment obligations	4,592,661
Certificates of participation	115,751
Loans payable	 1,279,358
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$ 14,637,093

#### **B.** Debt Service Payments

The following schedule represents debt service payments for the next five years and thereafter (expressed in thousands):

		Long	General -Term Debt ount Group	
	 State Bonded Debt		Revenue Bonds	 Total
First Second Third Fourth Fifth Thereafter	\$ 310,695 313,005 292,200 275,915 255,054 2,203,036	\$	154,747 161,562 174,548 181,270 191,931 3,455,323	\$ 465,442 474,567 466,748 457,185 446,985 5,658,359
Total	\$ 3,649,905	\$	4,319,381	\$ 7,969,286

The general obligation bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 1999 is \$3.6 billion which is secured by the full faith and credit of the State (the General Fund). The amount to be provided for retirement of general obligation bonds on the balance sheet represents appropriations to be provided in the future from the General Fund for principal payments.

The New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund issued \$700.0 million in new bonds on December 16, 1998.

The amount provided by the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for interest and principal payments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 was \$495.5 million. This is reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as a Transfer to other funds in the General Fund and a Transfer from other funds in the Debt Service Fund.

In prior years, the State has refunded various bond issuances by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. Refunding debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase United States Treasury Obligations--State and Local Government Series that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the State's General Long-Term Debt Account Group. As of June 30, 1999, the amount of defeased general obligation debt outstanding, but removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group amounted to \$497.7 million.

In addition, the State (the General Fund) has guaranteed the principal and interest payments on certain bonds issued by the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority. The amount outstanding on these bonds as of December 31, 1998 is \$111.9 million. The State's liability is contingent upon the Authority's inability to meet such debt service requirements through derived revenues. The State believes that the revenue of the Authority will be sufficient to provide for the payment of debt service on these obligations without recourse to the State's guarantee. The State has contracted with the Authority to provide annual appropriations to the Authority in amounts sufficient to provide for the debt service on certain other bonds issued by the Authority (State Contract Bonds). At June 30, 1999, the amount outstanding was \$571.4 million.

The State may be required to provide appropriations to meet any annual deficiencies in debt service for the South Jersey Port Corporation and the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency. However, the Legislature is not legally bound to make such appropriations for these "moral obligation" bonds. Furthermore, the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency has not had a deficiency in debt service reserve which required the State to appropriate funds.

The State provides the South Jersey Port Corporation with funds to cover all debt service and property tax requirements when the Corporation's earned revenues are anticipated to be insufficient to cover these obligations. On December 1, 1998, the Corporation certified that it would be unable to provide sufficient funds from operations for debt reserve and, therefore, required a State appropriation for Fiscal Year 1999 in the amount of \$5.3 million.

#### C. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following schedule represents the changes in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group (expressed in thousands):

	utstanding uly 1, 1998	 Additions	De	eductions	utstanding ine 30, 1999
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,572,895	\$ 375,000	\$	297,990	\$ 3,649,905
Revenue bonds	3,757,390	700,000		138,009	4,319,381
Accumulated sick and vacation payable	431,142	-		15,923	415,219
Capital leases	289,711	-		24,893	264,818
Installment obligations	4,548,777	150,244		106,360	4,592,661
Certificates of participation	103,385	35,459		23,093	115,751
Loans payable	 1,271,679	 7,679		-	 1,279,358
Total	\$ 13,974,979	\$ 1,268,382	\$	606,268	\$ 14,637,093

## **D.** Capital Lease and Installment Obligations

The State has entered into various lease and installment purchase agreements as a means of acquiring capital assets.

The following is a schedule, by fiscal year, of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 1999 (expressed in thousands):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Amount		
2000	\$	38,813	
2001		38,194	
2002		37,558	
2003		37,922	
2004		37,746	
Thereafter		384,724	
Total minimum lease payments		574,957	
Less: Amount representing interest		310,139	
Present value of lease principal payments	\$	264,818	

Installment obligations represent agreements between the State and several authorities which have issued their obligations to purchase or construct facilities or to provide financing for other State projects. The State agrees to make payments equal to the debt service of the respective authorities' funds, subject to and dependent upon appropriations being made by the State Legislature for such purchases. At the conclusion of the term of the installment agreements, title to the various facilities is to be transferred to the State. The following is a schedule, by fiscal year, of future installment payments together with the present value of net minimum installment payments, as of June 30, 1999 (expressed in thousands) for both installment purchases as well as various other installment obligations of the State:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Amount		
2000	\$	321,947	
2001		318,464	
2002		309,500	
2003		322,353	
2004		332,568	
Thereafter		11,422,566	
Total minimum installment payments Less: Amount representing interest		13,027,398 8,434,737	
Total principal payments	\$	4,592,661	

Those obligations identified as certificates of participation represent a series of master lease agreements with a trustee from the sale of certificates of participation. The State is required to make payments that approximate the interest and principal payments to be made by the trustee to certified holders. The following is a schedule, by fiscal year, of future payments together with the present value of net minimum payments, as of June 30, 1999 (expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year	Amount		
2000	\$	32,487	
2001		29,342	
2002		25,440	
2003		18,526	
2004		14,542	
Thereafter		20,671	
Total minimum certificates of participation payments Less: Amount representing interest		141,008 25,257	
Total principal payments	<b>§</b>	115,751	

#### E. Loans Payable

In addition, the New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund has received a loan of \$1.28 billion from the New Jersey Property-Liability Insurance Guaranty Association. This loan will be repaid to the Association when the financial obligations of the Joint Underwriters Association (JUA) have been fully satisfied.

# **NOTE 10 - OTHER LIABILITIES**

Other liabilities at June 30, 1999 include the following:

Other liabilities in the General Fund (\$75.2 million) and in the Property Tax Relief Fund (\$80.3 million) consist principally of revenue refunds payable and payments due to local units of government.

# NOTE 11 - FUND BALANCE RESERVED-OTHER

The following portions of fund balances have been reserved:

## **General Fund**

The \$24.5 million reservation in the General Fund, consists principally of long-term advances and receivables due from individuals, estates, municipalities, railroads, and other funds, that are considered not currently available for appropriation.

### **Special Revenue Funds**

Reservations of fund balance in various Special Revenue Funds consists principally of long-term loans and receivables due from individuals, municipalities, and authorities, that are considered not currently available for expenditure in subsequent accounting periods. Other reservations include legally mandated escrow balances and amounts set aside for lottery prizes that are not currently available for expenditure.

	Amount
	( <u>Expressed in millions</u> )
Beaches and Harbor Fund	\$ 1.3
Dam Restoration and Clean Waters Fund of 1992	2.6
Drinking Water Revolving Fund	1.6
Green Trust Fund	68.1
Hazardous Discharge Site Cleanup Fund	8.3
Historic Preservation Revolving Loan Fund	0.5
Housing Assistance Fund	6.5
Mortgage Assistance Fund	12.0
New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund	15.1
1995 New Jersey Coastal Blue Acres	0.3
1989 New Jersey Green Trust Fund	72.3
1992 New Jersey Green Trust Fund	34.2
1995 New Jersey Green Trust Fund	22.6
New Jersey Local Development Financing Fund	35.5
New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority	208.9
Petroleum Overcharge Reimbursement Fund	3.5
Pinelands Infrastructure Trust Fund	5.9
Resource Recovery and Solid Waste Disposal Facility Fund	95.5
Shore Protection Fund	1.7
State Lottery Fund	11.9
State Recycling Fund	4.7
Volunteer Emergency Service Organizations Loan Fund	1.3
Wastewater Treatment Fund	378.3
1992 Wastewater Treatment Fund	10.5
Water Conservation Fund	0.7
Water Supply Fund	120.4
<b>Total Special Revenue Funds</b>	\$ <u>1,124.2</u>

## **Capital Project Funds**

## **Special Transportation Fund**

An amount of \$5.0 million represents loans to municipalities to be repaid in future years, which is not currently available for expenditure.

## **Trust Funds**

### Fund for Support of Free Public Schools

New Jersey Statutes provide for the establishment of a School Bond Reserve within this fund, in an amount equal to at least one and one-half percent of the aggregate issued and outstanding bonded indebtedness of counties, municipalities or school districts for school purposes, exclusive of the debt service for bonds as provided by State appropriations. Accordingly, \$62.1 million of this fund balance has been reserved at June 30, 1999.

### **Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund**

An amount of \$7.1 million represents receivables to be paid to the fund over an extended period of years.

# NOTE 12 - OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - OTHER

During Fiscal Year 1999 the following items were recorded as other financing sources-other:

- \$40.7 million in the General Fund which represents the proceeds from the sale of an option by the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (a component unit) on debt issued by the Authority on behalf of the State.
- \$7.7 million in the New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund (a special revenue fund) which represents long-term financing from the New Jersey Property-Liability Insurance Guaranty Association.
- \$9.1 million in various capital projects and special revenue funds representing the net premium on a \$375.0 million general obligation bond sale.

# **NOTE 13 - OPERATING LEASES**

The State of New Jersey has commitments to lease certain buildings and equipment under arrangements representing operating leases. Future minimum rental commitments for noncancellable operating leases as of June 30, 1999 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	 Amount
2000 2001	\$ 98,242
2002	87,581 82,553
2003 2004	78,332 74,248
Thereafter	 587,015
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,007,971

# NOTE 14 - ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK AND VACATION BENEFITS

Cash payments for accumulated sick leave balances are made to retiring employees upon regular retirement. The payment is based on fifty percent of the employee's sick leave accumulation, at the pay rate in effect at the time of retirement up to a maximum of \$15,000. Employees separating from State service prior to retirement are not entitled to payments for accumulated sick leave balances.

At June 30, 1999, accumulated employee sick leave balances had an estimated value of \$319.9 million which is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Cash payments for sick leave at retirement are made from annual legislative appropriations for salaries and wages on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Sick leave accumulations may also be used by an employee for a personal illness or injury as a means of continuing regular pay.

As of June 30, 1999, the liability for accumulated vacation pay of approximately \$95.3 million is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Employees annually earn 12 to 25 vacation days based on years of service and are permitted to carry over those days earned within a one year period.

# **NOTE 15 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

The State offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, which is administered by the Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

Under current Internal Revenue Service regulations, all monies that are deferred and any other assets or income of the Plan shall be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participating employees and their beneficiaries. The State has no liability for losses under the Plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

The New Jersey State Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan is reported as an expendable trust fund in the financial statements.

# **NOTE 16 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS**

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following contributory defined benefit public employee retirement systems (retirement systems) covering substantially all state and local government employees:

**Consolidated Police and Firemen's Pension Fund (CPFPF)**--established in January 1952, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:16 to provide coverage to municipal police and firemen who were appointed prior to July 1, 1944. The fund is a closed system with no active members.

**Judicial Retirement System (JRS)**--established in June 1973, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:6A to provide coverage to all members of the State judiciary system. Membership is mandatory for such employees with vesting after five years of successive service as a judge and 10 years in the aggregate of public service.

**Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)**--established in July 1944, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:16A to provide coverage to substantially all full time county and municipal police or firemen and State firemen appointed after June 30, 1944. Membership is mandatory for such employees with vesting occurring after 10 years of membership.

**Prison Officers' Pension Fund (POPF)**--established in January 1941, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:7 to provide coverage to various employees of the State penal institutions who were appointed prior to January 1, 1960. The fund is a closed system with no active members. New employees of the State penal institutions are enrolled in the Police and Firemen's Retirement System.

**Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)--**established in January 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county, municipality, school district, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another State-administered retirement system. Membership is mandatory for such employees and vesting occurs after 8 to 10 years of service for pension benefits and 25 years for post-retirement health care coverage.

**State Police Retirement System (SPRS)**--established in July 1965, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 53:5A to provide coverage to all uniformed officers and troopers of the State Police in the State. Membership is mandatory and vesting occurs after 10 years of membership.

**Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)**--established in January 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time public school employees in the State. Membership is mandatory for such employees and vesting occurs after 10 years of service for pension benefits and 25 years for post-retirement health care coverage.

### **Other Pension Funds:**

The State established and administers a Supplemental Annuity Collective Trust Fund (SACT) which is available to active members of several State-administered retirement systems to purchase annuities to supplement the guaranteed benefits provided by their retirement system. The state or local governmental employers do not appropriate funds to SACT.

The State also administers the Central Pension Fund (CPF) which is a single-employer noncontributory defined benefit plan for special groups which are not included in other State-administered systems. There are no employees covered by CPF.

The State also administers the Pension Adjustment Fund (PAF) which provides cost of living increases, equal to 60 percent of the change in the average consumer price index, to eligible retirees in all State-sponsored pension systems except SACT. In the CPFPF, POPF, and CPF, the cost of living increases are payable from the State of New Jersey Pension Adjustment Fund which is funded by the State as benefit allowances become payable. The cost of living increases for PFRS, PERS, TPAF, SPRS, and JRS are funded directly by each of the respective systems and are considered in the annual actuarial calculation of the required State contribution for that system.

According to state law, all obligations of each retirement system will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should any retirement system be terminated.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of each of the above systems, funds, and trust. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of the Funds are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when payable to the Funds. Benefits or refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Funds.

#### **Investment Valuation**

Investments, including short-term investments (State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund), are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund, Common Pension Fund A, Common Pension Fund D. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, P.O. Box 290, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0290.

#### **Significant Legislation**

Due to the enactment of 1997 legislation, Chapter 114, P.L. 1997 and Chapter 115, P.L. 1997, the State of New Jersey's portion of the unfunded accrued liability under each retirement system was eliminated. In addition, excess valuation assets were available to fund, in full or in part, the State of New Jersey's normal contribution for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998, excluding the contribution for post-retirement medical benefits in the PERS and TPAF.

# **Funding Policy**

## **Contribution Requirements**

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. The various pension funds provide for employee contributions based on percentages ranging from 3.00 percent to 8.50 percent of employees' annual compensation, as defined. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in all Funds except the SACT, CPF, and PAF. The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits in the JRS, PFRS, PERS, SPRS, and TPAF. In the PERS and TPAF, the employer contribution includes funding for post-retirement medical premiums.

During the year ended June 30, 1999 for CPFPF and TPAF, which are cost sharing plans with special funding situations, and for JRS, POPF, and SPRS, which are single employer plans, annual pension cost equals annual required contribution. For PFRS and PERS, which are multi-employer pension plans, the annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution due to the enactment of Chapter 114, P.L. 1997.

The annual pension cost for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999 and related information, including a summary of the significant actuarial methods and assumptions used by the Funds, are presented below:

	CPFPF	JRS	PFRS
Annual Pension Cost (APC)			
State	\$ 9,430,849	\$ 9,558,959	\$ 23,730,087
Local	φ 2,450,042	φ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	256,551,862
Contributions Made			230,031,002
State		-	23,730,087
Local			256,551,862
Percentage of APC Contributed			
State	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Local			100.0%
Net Pension Obligation			
State	(15,936,526)	(85,161,823)	
Local			
Contribution rates			
State	N/A	20.4%	7.9%
State-related employers	N/A	N/A	
Employees	N/A	3.0%	8.5%
Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods			
Date of actuarial valuation	6/30/98	6/30/98	6/30/98
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Dollar	Level Dollar	Level Percent
Amortization method	Closed	Closed	Closed
Remaining amortization period	1 year	34 years	33 years
Asset valuation method	Five Year Average of Market Value	Five Year Average of Market Value	Five Year Average of Market Value
Actuarial assumptions Investment rate of return	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%
Projected salary increases	N/A	5.95%	5.95%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	N/A	2.40%	2.40%

	POPF		PERS	SPRS	TPAF		
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$ 2044	125		¢ 21 252 512	¢ 215 444 707		
State Local	\$ 2,044	,425	 19,599,153	\$ 31,252,513	\$ 315,444,727		
Contributions Made			19,399,133				
					259 916 640		
State			10 500 152		258,816,649		
Local			19,599,153				
Percentage of APC Contributed		0.00/	100.00/	0.00/	82.00/		
State Local		0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	82.0%		
			100.0%				
Net Pension Obligation	(12.020	207)		(14 506 022)	(90< 122 422)		
State	(13,939	,287)		(14,506,933)	(896,133,432)		
Local							
Contribution rates							
State		N⁄A	0.0%	21.9%	5.5%		
State-related employers		N⁄A	0.4%	N/A	N/A		
Employees		N/A	4.5%	7.5%	4.5%		
Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods							
Date of actuarial valuation	6/30/98		3/31/98	6/30/98	3/31/98		
Actuarial cost method	Projected Ur Credit	uit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit		
Amortization method	Level Dolla	r	Level Percent	Level Dollar	Level Percent		
	Closed	_	Closed	Closed	Closed		
Remaining amortization period	4 years		34 years	34 years	19 years		
Asset valuation method	Market Valu	ie	Five Year Average Market Value	Five Year Average Market Value	Five Year Average Market Value		
Actuarial assumptions Investment rate of return	5.00%		8.75%	8.75%	8.75%		
Projected salary increases	N⁄A		5.95%	5.95%	5.95%		
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	N/A		2.40%	2.40%	2.40%		

The Annual Pension Cost (APC) and Net Pension Obligation (NPO) for the single employer plans and cost sharing plans with special funding situations, which are administered by the State of New Jersey for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999 are presented below:

	SINGLE EMPLOYER PLANS									
		JRS		POPF		SPRS				
Annual Required Contribution, 6/30/99	\$	13,416,851	\$	(848,224)	\$	33,116,255				
Interest adjustment on NPO		(8,288,068)		(799,186)		(4,003,952)				
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		4,430,176		3,691,835		2,140,210				
APC as of 6/30/99		9,558,959		2,044,425		31,252,513				
Total Fiscal Year 1999 Contributions		-								
Increase in NPO		9,558,959		2,044,425		31,252,513				
NPO as of June 30, 1998		(94,720,782)		(15,983,712)		(45,759,446)				
NPO as of June 30, 1999	\$	(85,161,823)	\$	(13,939,287)	\$	(14,506,933)				

	COST SHARI SPECIAL FUN	 	
	 CPFPF	 TPAF	FOTAL ALL PLANS
Annual Required Contribution, 6/30/99	\$ (2,721,187)	\$ 314,671,482	\$ 357,635,177
Interest adjustment on NPO	(2,219,645)	(83,366,632)	(98,677,483)
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	14,371,681	84,139,877	108,773,779
APC as of 6/30/99	 9,430,849	 315,444,727	 367,731,473
Total Fiscal Year 1999 Contributions		(258,816,649)	(258,816,649)
Increase in NPO	 9,430,849	 56,628,078	 108,914,824
NPO as of June 30, 1998	(25,367,375)	(952,761,510)	(1,134,592,825)
NPO as of June 30, 1999	\$ (15,936,526)	\$ (896,133,432)	\$ (1,025,678,001)

# **NOTE 17 - POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS**

Chapter 384 of Public Laws 1987 and Chapter 6 of Public Laws 1990 required the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), respectively, to fund post-retirement medical benefits for those State employees who retire after reaching age 60 and accumulating 25 years of credited service. As of June 30, 1999, there were 45,109 retirees eligible for post-retirement medical benefits. The cost of these benefits is funded through contributions by the State in accordance with Chapter 62, P.L. 1994. Funding of post-retirement medical premiums changed from a prefunding basis to a pay-as-you-go basis beginning in Fiscal Year 1994 with an additional contribution beginning in Fiscal Year 1996 to maintain a medical reserve of one half of 1 percent of the active State payroll.

The State contributed \$15.9 million to the PERS and \$115.0 million to the TPAF in Fiscal Year 1999 for post-retirement medical benefits.

In addition, Chapter 136, P.L. 1977 provides for the State to pay health benefits coverage of retired state employees regardless of retirement date whose pensions are based upon 25 years or more of credited service (except those who elect a deferred retirement) or a disability retirement regardless of years of service. Excluded from these benefits are retirees from the PERS and the TPAF which finance the cost of providing the same health benefits coverage to the retirees.

These benefits are funded by the State on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. For Fiscal Year 1999, the State contributed \$18.4 million for 3,562 eligible retired members.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable to Chapter 126, P.L. 1992, which provides free health benefits to members of PERS and the Alternate Benefit Program who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service. In Fiscal Year 1999, the State paid \$18.5 million toward Chapter 126 benefits for 5,457 eligible retired members.

# **NOTE 18 - COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES**

The accounts of public authorities, private not-for-profit corporations, and similar entities (hereinafter called Authorities) in the accompanying financial statements are derived from their most recently issued annual financial statements. Authorities are legally separate entities that are not operating departments of the State.

The activities of the New Jersey Building Authority and the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority have been blended into the financial activities of the State as special revenue funds, debt service fund, and general long-term account group. All other Authorities have been discretely presented as component units in the State's financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement 14. Accordingly, the statements of these Authorities have been discretely presented in separate columns in the State's financial statements.

The Authorities are managed independently, outside the appropriated budget process, and their powers generally are vested in the governing board. Authorities are established for a variety of purposes for the benefit of the State's citizenry, such as economic development, financing, public transportation, low cost housing, environmental protection, and capital development for health and education. In addition, they are not subject to State constitutional restrictions on the incurrence of debt, which apply to the State itself, and may issue bonds and notes within legislatively authorized amounts.

The Governor, with the approval of the State Senate, appoints the members of the board of most Authorities. Authorities generally submit annual reports to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Comptroller on their operations and finances accompanied by an independent auditor's report thereon. Authorities also submit to the Governor and the Legislature annual budget information on operations and capital construction. The Governor has from time to time exercised the statutory power to veto actions.

Descriptions of the discretely presented Authorities and addresses from which complete financial statements of the respective Authority may be obtained is provided at the conclusion of Note 18. These component units are included in the State's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the State.

The following pages represent condensed financial statements for each major discretely presented Authority included in the component unit column in the general purpose financial statements (GPFS). All nonmajor discretely presented Authorities are presented in the aggregate.

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES JUNE 30, 1999 (Expressed in Thousands)

	New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority		New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority	New Jersey Highway Authority	New Jersey Housing And Mortgage Finance Agency		
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 482,146	\$	672,102	\$ 285,384	\$	1,308,008	
Receivables, net	1,693,077		2,961,175	2,679		2,480,308	
Fixed assets, net Amount to be provided for:	344		722	1,461,625		17,105	
Bonds and notes	 1,713,577		3,536,794	 			
Total Assets	\$ 3,889,144	\$	7,170,793	\$ 1,749,688	\$	3,805,421	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	\$ 56,580	\$	78,484	\$ 111,243	\$	466,118	
Revenue bonds and notes payable	1,713,577		3,536,794	578,895		2,676,351	
Capital leases	 -		-	 -		-	
Total Liabilities	 1,770,157		3,615,278	 690,138		3,142,469	
Fund Equity							
Contributed capital	-		-	-		-	
Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings	344		722	-		-	
Reserved	-		-	-		441,785	
Unreserved	-		-	1,059,550		221,167	
Fund balances							
Reserved-Other	2,091,928		2,919,117	-		-	
Reserved-Encumbrances			-	-		-	
Unreserved Undesignated	 26,715		635,676	 -		-	
Total Fund Equity	 2,118,987		3,555,515	 1,059,550		662,952	
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 3,889,144	\$	7,170,793	\$ 1,749,688	\$	3,805,421	

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES JUNE 30, 1999 (Expressed in Thousands)

	New Jersey New Jersey Transit Turnpike Corporation Authority		 All Other Component Units Authorities	Total Component Units Authorities		
Assets Current assets Receivables, net Fixed assets, net Amount to be provided for:	\$ 1,565,188 78,689 3,773,580	\$	537,483 10,755 3,286,736	\$ 2,041,537 2,330,678 1,329,102	\$	6,891,848 9,557,361 9,869,214
Bonds and notes	 -		<u> </u>	 1,008,257		6,258,628
Total Assets	\$ 5,417,457	\$	3,834,974	\$ 6,709,574	\$	32,577,051
Liabilities Current liabilities Revenue bonds and notes payable Capital leases	\$ 681,425 505,581 1,190,454	\$	143,547 2,584,472 -	\$ 828,731 3,735,564 -	\$	2,366,128 15,331,234 1,190,454
Total Liabilities	 2,377,460		2,728,019	 4,564,295		18,887,816
Fund Equity Contributed capital Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings:	3,127,662		- -	144,570 1,004		3,272,232 2,070
Reserved Unreserved Fund balances	(87,665)		77,460 1,029,495	90,858 534,223		610,103 2,756,770
Reserved-Other Reserved-Encumbrances Unreserved Undesignated	 - - -		- - -	 261,849 794 1,111,981		5,272,894 794 1,774,372
Total Fund Equity	 3,039,997		1,106,955	 2,145,279		13,689,235
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 5,417,457	\$	3,834,974	\$ 6,709,574	\$	32,577,051

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999 (Expressed in Thousands)

### Governmental Fund Type

	E	New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority		New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority	All Other Component Units Authorities	Total Component Units Authorities		
Revenues Operating	\$	345,134	\$	546,246	\$ 226,333	\$	1,117,713	
Expenditures								
Current		355,893		464,526	139,507		959,926	
Debt service		173,575		289,897	104,782		568,254	
Total Expenditures		529,468		754,423	 244,289		1,528,180	
Operating Income (Loss)		(184,334)		(208,177)	(17,956)		(410,467)	
Other Financing Sources		383,367		472,410	 119,814		975,591	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance for the Year		199,033		264,233	101,858		565,124	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		1,919,612		3,290,560	 1,272,765		6,482,937	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	2,118,645	\$	3,554,793	\$ 1,374,623	\$	7,048,061	

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/FUND EQUITY COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999 (Expressed in Thousands)

# Proprietary Fund Types

	 New Jersey Highway Authority	Но	ew Jersey busing And Mortgage Finance Agency	New Jersey Transit Corporation		
Operating Revenues	\$ 202,334	\$	248,960	\$	475,815	
Operating Expenses Depreciation and amortization Other	 21,860 99,892		1,338 202,239		208,151 897,153	
Operating Income (Loss) Governmental subsidies	80,582		45,383		(629,489)	
and grants Capital contribution	(10,000)		-		396,013 249,248	
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (16,019)		(6,419)		11,100	
Net Income Retained Earnings/Fund Equity Beginning	54,563		38,964		26,872	
of Year	 1,004,987		623,988		3,013,125	
Retained Earnings/Fund Equity End of Year	\$ 1,059,550	\$	662,952	\$	3,039,997	

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/FUND EQUITY COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999 (Expressed in Thousands)

### **Proprietary Fund Types**

	New Jersey Turnpike Authority		Con L	l Other nponent Jnits horities	Total Component Units Authorities		
Operating Revenues	\$	378,631	\$	401,564	\$	1,707,304	
Operating Expenses Depreciation and amortization Other		24,617 161,522		52,021 307,223		307,987 1,668,029	
Operating Income (Loss) Governmental subsidies		192,492		42,320		(268,712)	
and grants Capital contribution Other nonoperating revenues		(12,000) -		43,299 14,715		417,312 263,963	
(expenses)		(147,975)		(102,486)		(261,799)	
Net Income Retained Earnings/Fund Equity Beginning		32,517		(2,152)		150,764	
of Year		1,074,439		771,802		6,488,341	
Retained Earnings/Fund Equity End of Year	\$	1,106,956	\$	769,650	\$	6,639,105	

#### A. Restatements

Hackensack Meadowlands Development Commission's retained earnings has been restated from \$41.3 million to \$43.3 million to properly record various reclassifications.

New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency's retained earnings has been restated from \$621.3 million to \$624.0 million to properly record various reclassifications.

The activities of the New Jersey Higher Education Assistance Authority – NJ Class and the Higher Education Assistance Fund have been incorporated into the Higher Education Student Assistance Authority per P.L. 1999, Chapter 46. To account for this reclassification, the beginning fund balance of the Higher Education Student Assistance Authority has been restated from \$206.7 million to \$256.3 million.

#### **B.** Cash and Cash Equivalents

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 requires the bank balances of deposits to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the entity. Category 1 consists of deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 consists of deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 consists of deposits which are uncollateralized.

The Component Units - Authorities generally classify as cash and cash equivalents all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Cash and cash equivalents are categorized below for all discretely presented Authorities (expressed in thousands):

	Cat	tegory 1	Ca	ategory 2	C	ategory 3	Total Bank Balance	Total arrying Balance
Cash Certificates of deposits and related items	\$	31,201 200	\$	179,883 443,554	\$	10,263 174,895	\$ 221,347 618,649	\$ 219,246 620,548
Total	\$	31,401	\$	623,437	\$	185,158	\$ 839,996	\$ 839,794

Cash and cash equivalents for proprietary and governmental component units total \$321.0 million and \$518.8 million respectively.

#### C. Investments

The Authorities primarily invest in U.S. Government Securities, other Government bonds and securities, and mortgage backed certificates. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 requires investments to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the entity. Category 1 consists of investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 consists of uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by counterparties' trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparties' trust department or agent but not in the entity's name. Investments are categorized below for all discretely presented Authorities (expressed in thousands):

		Carrying Amount							
	C	Category 1	C	ategory 2		Category 3		Total	 Fair Value
Government bonds and obligations	\$	132,911	\$	664,818	\$	651,217	\$	1,448,946	\$ 1,453,835
Repurchase agreements		144,450		263,497		389,299		797,246	797,246
Other		200		4,316		1,893,440		1,897,956	1,899,998
Participation in State of New Jersey									
Cash Management Fund		1,421,973		-		-		1,421,973	1,421,973
Investments subject to risk categorization	\$	1,699,534	\$	932,631	\$	2,933,956	\$	5,566,121	\$ 5,573,052
Annuity Contracts								110,434	 110,434
Total reported as investments							\$	5,676,555	\$ 5,683,486

# **D.** Receivables

Other receivables in the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority (\$140.0 million), the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (\$1.5 billion), the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust (\$511.5 million), the New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority (\$55.8 million), the Higher Education Student Assistance Authority (\$136.2 million), and the New Jersey Transit Corporation (\$78.7 million), represent notes receivable due from various companies or individuals.

## E. Fixed Assets

A summary reflecting changes in the discretely presented Authorities fixed assets and the resulting June 30, 1999 balances follows (expressed in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 1998		Additions		eductions	Balance June 30, 1999		
Land	\$ 800,939	\$	6,688	\$	739	\$	806,888	
Land improvements	4,040,939		131,911		50,221		4,122,629	
Buildings and improvements	2,145,249		362,530		122,935		2,384,844	
Machinery and equipment	971,534		98,373		132,224		937,683	
Construction in progress	 1,435,802		253,637		72,269		1,617,170	
Total	\$ 9,394,463	\$	853,139	\$	378,388	\$	9,869,214	

# **Depreciation Method**

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method over the following useful life:

Land Improvements	10 - 100 yrs.
Buildings	15 - 60 yrs.
Machinery and Equipment	2 - 25 yrs.

The following table reflects the accumulated depreciation for the major classes of fixed assets reported by the discretely presented Authorities which use proprietary fund accounting (expressed in thousands):

	Accumulated Depreciation		
Land improvements	\$	193,143	
Building and improvements		1,131,816	
Machinery and equipment		1,257,428	
Total	\$	2,582,387	

## F. Long-Term Obligations

A summary of long-term obligations for the discretely presented Authorities at June 30, 1999 is shown below (expressed in thousands):

	Proprietary		
Revenue bonds and notes Capital leases and installment obligations	\$	9,072,606 1,190,454	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	10,263,060	
	(	Governmental	
Revenue bonds and notes	\$	6,258,627	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	6,258,627	

Certain Authorities issue their own revenue bonds and bond anticipation notes. Bond anticipation notes are generally repaid from the proceeds of revenue bonds to be issued from renewal of the notes, Federal or State aid, or other sources relative to the purpose of the issuance. Revenue bonds, except as disclosed, are not obligations of the State of New Jersey. The State of New Jersey has entered into an agreement with the New Jersey Economic Development Authority whereby the State has agreed to annually pay to the Economic Recovery Fund, maintained by the Authority, an amount equivalent to the amount due to the State each year by the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey pursuant to the regional economic development agreement subject to and dependent upon appropriations being made for such purposes by the State Legislature.

# 1. Debt Service Payments

The following schedule represents debt service payments for the next five years and thereafter (expressed in thousands):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<b>Proprietary Funds</b>		
First	\$	902,559	
Second		794,112	
Third		871,086	
Fourth		878,141	
Fifth		879,963	
Thereafter		11,285,537	
Total minimum debt service payments		15,611,398	
Less: Amount representing interest		(6,562,292)	
Present value of debt service payments	\$	9,049,106	
Fiscal Year	<b>Governmental Funds</b>		
First	\$	522.348	
	\$	522,348 542,189	
First Second Third	\$	542,189	
Second	\$	542,189 525,760	
Second Third	\$	542,189 525,760 522,366	
Second Third Fourth	\$	542,189 525,760	
Second Third Fourth Fifth	\$	542,189 525,760 522,366 522,152	
Second Third Fourth Fifth Thereafter	\$	542,189 525,760 522,366 522,152 7,943,508	

# 2. Changes in Long Term Debt

The following schedule represents the changes in the discretely presented Authorities long term debt (expressed in thousands):

	Proprietary Funds							
		utstanding ly 1, 1998*	Α	dditions	De	eductions		utstanding ne 30, 1999
Revenue Bonds and Notes Capital Leases and Installment	\$	9,000,502	\$	792,929	\$	720,825	\$	9,072,606
Obligations		1,074,266		127,154		10,966		1,190,454
Total	\$	10,074,768	\$	920,083	\$	731,791	\$	10,263,060

	Governmental Funds							
	Outstanding July 1, 1998		Additions		Deductions		Outstanding June 30, 1999	
Revenue Bonds and Notes	\$	5,742,340	\$	975,608	\$	459,321	\$	6,258,627
Total	\$	5,742,340	\$	975,608	\$	459,321	\$	6,258,627

\*As restated.

#### 3. Capital Lease and Installment Obligations

The following is a schedule by fiscal year of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 1999 (expressed in thousands):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Proprietary Funds		
First	\$	61,714	
Second		87,332	
Third		120,768	
Fourth		92,217	
Fifth		95,566	
Thereafter		1,545,711	
Total minimum lease payments		2,003,308	
Less: Amount representing interest		(812,853)	
Present value of lease principal payments	\$	1,190,455	

# G. Fund Balance/Retained Earnings-Reserved-Other

The following significant fund balances have been reserved:

#### New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority

The reserve of \$2.1 billion represents \$0.4 billion reserved for debt service and construction projects and \$1.7 billion reserved for mortgage receivables.

## New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust

An amount of \$103.3 million is reserved for debt service payments.

## New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority

An amount of \$2.9 billion is reserved for mortgage receivables.

#### New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency

The reserve of \$441.8 million includes \$306.4 million reserved in accordance with the Agency's bond resolution and \$135.4 million reserved for their administrative fund.

#### I. Description of Authorities

#### Casino Reinvestment Development Authority (N.J.S.A. 5:12-153) 1014 Atlantic Avenue Atlantic City, New Jersey 08401 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The Authority was created in 1984 to maintain public confidence in the casino gaming industry as a tool of urban redevelopment throughout New Jersey and to directly facilitate the redevelopment of blighted areas by providing eligible projects in which licensees (casinos) can invest. The Authority encourages investment in, or financing of, projects which are made as part of a comprehensive plan to improve blighted areas or are targeted to benefit low through middle income residents. The Authority is also responsible for promoting the tourist industry in New Jersey, especially in Atlantic County.

## Hackensack Meadowlands Development Commission (N.J.S.A. 13:17-5) 1 De Korte Park Plaza Lyndhurst, New Jersey 07071 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The Hackensack Meadowlands Development Commission is a body corporate and politic established within the Department of Community Affairs under the provisions of the Hackensack Meadowlands Reclamation and Development Act of 1968. Pursuant to the Act, the Commission is authorized and empowered to be the planning and zoning agency for the reclaiming, planning, development, and redevelopment of the 19,730 acre Meadowlands District. The agency also has the responsibility to provide garbage disposal facilities for 118 communities in Bergen, Essex, Hudson, and Passaic counties.

The District consists of waterways, tidal flow lands, woodlands, marsh, and meadows contained within portions of fourteen municipalities and two counties, Bergen and Hudson. Through the issuance, if needed, of tax-exempt bonds and notes, the Commission is able to raise needed funds.

#### Higher Education Student Assistance Authority (N.J.S.A. 18A:71A-1 et. seq.) (replaces New Jersey Higher Education Assistance Authority and Higher Education Assistance Fund) P.O. Box 547 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0547 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1999

This Authority was established to provide a single agency for the coordination and delivery of student financial assistance in the State of New Jersey. The Authority serves as the Guaranty Agency for the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program, and the issuer of State of New Jersey College Loans to Assist State Students (NJCLASS) supplementary loan program. The authority also administers the State Tuition Aid Grants (TAG), scholarship programs, and the State College Savings Program, known as the New Jersey Better Educational Trust (NJBEST).

### New Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission (P.L. 1998, c.44) 20 West State Street P.O. Box 820 Trenton, NJ 08625-0820 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1999

In accordance with P.L. 1998, c.44 the Department of Commerce and Economic Development, the principal economic development department in the Executive Branch of State Government, was abolished and the New Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission ("Commission") was created. Its mission is to serve as the lead agency for promoting job growth, business growth, and economic development in New Jersey. The core competencies required to achieve its mission are to retain and create private sector jobs, increase small businesses, woman, and minority business participation in the State's economic mainstream, and facilitate economic development activities throughout the State.

# New Jersey Development Authority For Small Businesses, Minorities' And Women's Enterprise (N.J.S.A. 34:1B-49) 200 South Warren Street P.O. Box 990 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Development Authority for Small Businesses, Minorities' and Women's Enterprise, established as a public body corporate and politic of the State, pursuant to Chapter 386 of P.L. 1985. The Authority was established to provide financial assistance to small businesses and businesses owned by minorities and women in order to encourage entrepreneurship within these groups.

# New Jersey Economic Development Authority (N.J.S.A. 34:1B-4) 33 West State Street P.O. Box 990 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Economic Development Authority, created in 1974 as a public body corporate and politic, is authorized to arrange long-term, low-interest financing, and other forms of assistance to private firms and companies for the purpose of maintaining and expanding employment opportunities and enlarging the tax base of state and local governments in the State of New Jersey.

## New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (N.J.S.A. 18A:72A-4) 101 College Road East Princeton, New Jersey 08540-6601 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority was established in 1966 to provide a means for New Jersey public and independent colleges and universities to construct additional facilities through the financial resources of a public authority empowered to sell its debt instruments (bonds, notes and other obligations). The Authority may finance academic and auxiliary facilities for the public and the independent institutions of higher education.

# New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority (N.J.S.A. 26:2I-4) Station Plaza Bldg. #4 South Clinton and Yard Avenue P.O. Box 366 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authority, established in 1972 as a public body corporate and politic of the State, provides low-cost capital financing for the public and private not-for-profit health care institutions of the State.

# New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust (N.J.S.A. 58:11B-4) 3131 Princeton Pike - Building 6 P. O. Box 440 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1999

The New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust established in, but not of, the Department of Environmental Protection in 1985, is a body corporate and politic, with corporate succession. The purpose of the Trust is to make loans and guarantee debt incurred by local government units in financing the cost of wastewater treatment system projects. The Trust may from time to time issue bonds, notes, or other obligations in any principal amounts that the Trust deems necessary, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$600 million, in order to provide sufficient funds to carry out its purpose.

### New Jersey Highway Authority (N.J.S.A. 27:12B-4) Executive Offices Garden State Parkway Woodbridge, New Jersey 07095 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Highway Authority, created in 1952 as a body corporate and politic, is authorized to acquire, construct, operate, and maintain highway projects (specifically the toll portions of the Garden State Parkway) with the provision that the Governor shall have the right to veto any action, except collective bargaining; and that the approval of the Governor and State Treasurer or Comptroller shall be required prior to adoption of any bond resolution or revision of tolls. The Authority has also been responsible for construction and maintenance of the PNC Arts Center.

## New Jersey Housing And Mortgage Finance Agency (N.J.S.A. 55:14K-4) 637 South Clinton Avenue P. O. Box 18550 Trenton, New Jersey 08650-2085 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1999

The Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (HMFA) makes mortgage and improvement loans to nonprofit and limited dividend sponsors for the construction or major rehabilitation of rental apartment housing for low and moderate-income families and senior citizens. In addition to providing financing, the Agency monitors and provides technical support in the planning, construction, and management of all developments in its portfolio. HMFA mortgage loan funds come from the sale of tax-exempt revenue bonds.

In promoting the availability of affordable homeownership financing, the Agency also provides low-interest mortgage and improvement loans to eligible residents throughout the State. Proceeds from the sale of tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds enable the Agency to finance the purchase and improvement of one to four unit residences.

### New Jersey Redevelopment Authority (N.J.S.A 55:19-1) 225 East State Street P. O. Box 790 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Redevelopment Authority was created pursuant to Chapter 62 of P.L. 1996, effective July 13, 1996, to provide assistance in the redevelopment and revitalization of New Jersey cities. The Authority is to provide financial, managerial, and technical assistance to persons, firms, or corporations that wish to undertake industrial, commercial, or civic projects within qualified municipalities.

## New Jersey Sports And Exposition Authority (N.J.S.A. 5:10-4) P. O. Box C-200 East Rutherford, New Jersey 07073 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority, established in 1971 as a public body corporate and politic with corporate succession, has been responsible for the financing, construction, and management of the Meadowlands Racetrack and Giants Stadium, both of which opened in 1976, and the Continental Airlines Arena which opened in July, 1981. The Authority is charged with the responsibility to own, operate, and build various facilities, located in the State of New Jersey, including the Atlantic City Convention Center Authority, for athletic and entertainment events, trade shows, and other expositions, and is authorized to issue bonds and notes and to provide the terms and security thereof.

## New Jersey Transit Corporation (N.J.S.A. 27:25-1) One Penn Plaza East Newark, New Jersey 07105 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1999

New Jersey Transit Corporation (NJ TRANSIT) was created by the New Jersey Public Transportation Act of 1979 and is empowered to acquire, own, operate, and contract for the operation of public transportation services.

NJ TRANSIT receives operating subsidies principally from the State of New Jersey by legislative appropriation and the Federal Government by defined formula grants under the Urban Mass Transportation Administration (UMTA). These government grants are used to support the operation of public transportation services.

NJ TRANSIT provides these services through the operation of bus and commuter rail subsidiaries. NJ TRANSIT also contracts with several motor bus carriers for certain transportation services. Under these contracts, NJ TRANSIT has the right to set fares and coordinate service levels and schedules. In addition, NJ TRANSIT contracts with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak) for the maintenance of certain NJ TRANSIT rolling stock and the use of Amtrak's northeast corridor, including propulsion costs and the cost of maintaining right-of-way.

## New Jersey Turnpike Authority (N.J.S.A. 27:23-3) P. O. Box 1121 New Brunswick, New Jersey 08903 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The New Jersey Turnpike Authority, created as a body corporate and politic by the New Jersey Turnpike Authority Act of 1948, is authorized to construct, maintain, repair, and operate turnpike projects at locations established by law. Furthermore, the Authority may issue turnpike revenue bonds or notes of the Authority, subject to prior approval by the Governor and by either or both the State Treasurer and Comptroller, payable solely from tolls and other revenues of the Authority.

# New Jersey Water Supply Authority (N.J.S.A. 58:1B-4) P. O. Box 5196 Clinton, New Jersey 08809 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1999

The New Jersey Water Supply Authority, created in 1981 as a public body corporate and politic, is authorized to acquire, finance, construct, and operate water supply systems. The Authority currently operates and maintains the Delaware and Raritan Canal and the Spruce Run/Round Valley Reservoir water supply system.

The Authority may, upon the request of a municipality, county, the State, or agencies thereof, enter into a contract to provide services for any water system project. All projects undertaken by the Authority shall conform to the recommendations of the New Jersey Statewide Water Supply Plan. Bonds of the Authority may be issued to finance these projects and the debt service on the bonds is payable from the revenues and other funds of the Authority.

# South Jersey Port Corporation (N.J.S.A. 12:11A-1) Second and Beck Streets Camden, New Jersey 08104 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The South Jersey Port Corporation, established as a public body corporate and politic of the State, was created in 1968 by the South Jersey Port Corporation Act. The Act conferred upon the Corporation the powers to establish, acquire, construct, rehabilitate, improve, operate, and maintain marine terminals in the South Jersey Port District, including Mercer, Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland, and Cape May counties. To this end, the Corporation may issue tax-exempt revenue bonds subject to the provisions and restrictions of the Marine Terminal Revenue Bond Resolution adopted November 30, 1970, which mandates the distribution of funds to various Port Corporation funds.

### South Jersey Transportation Authority (P.L. 1991, c.252) Farley Service Plaza P. O. Box 351 Hammonton, New Jersey 08037 Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 1998

The South Jersey Transportation Authority created in 1992 is authorized and empowered to acquire, construct, maintain, operate, and support expressway and transportation projects including the Atlantic County International Airport. The Authority may issue revenue bonds or notes of the Authority subject to prior approval by the Governor and by either or both the State Treasurer and Comptroller, payable solely from tolls and other revenues of the Authority.

# NOTE 19 - COMPONENT UNITS - COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS

Effective July 1, 1987, State colleges, whose revenues and expenditures were previously accounted for in the General Fund of the State of New Jersey, were given autonomous status as a result of Chapters 42 and 88 of Public Law of 1988.

The financial statements of the colleges and universities have been prepared in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' "Industry Audit Guide - Audits of Colleges and Universities" and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." These component units are included in the State's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the State and fiscal dependency on the State. Accordingly, the statements of these colleges and universities have been discretely presented in a separate column in the combined balance sheet. Additionally, the statement of changes in fund balances and statement of current funds revenues, expenditures, and other changes have been presented in separate statements do not include the financial activity related to foundations and similar organizations within the colleges and universities, except for New Jersey Institute of Technology which, because of the significant operational and fiscal relationship with the Institute, includes The Foundation at New Jersey Institute of Technology as a component unit.

Descriptions of the colleges and universities, as well as addresses from which audit reports of the individual colleges and universities can be obtained, are provided at the conclusion of this note.

#### A. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the colleges and universities are recorded in funds which classify the various transactions by specified activities or objectives. Fund balances of such funds are reported as reserved for higher education programs and higher education general endowment and similar funds. The financial statements presented here are an aggregation of these fund types. Data regarding these funds can be obtained in the audit reports of the individual colleges and universities for the year ended June 30, 1999.

### **B.** Restatements

The beginning fund balances for the following funds have changed as follows:

		Change	 Amount	College / University
Unrestricted	Net	decrease of	\$ 248,000	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey
Restricted	Net	decrease of	34,036,000	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey
Plant	Net	decrease of	211,965,000	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey
Loan	Net	increase of	194,274	Montclair State University
Proprietary	Net	increase of	246,249,000	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey

The net change in fund balance for the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey is zero. The fund balance change within individual funds is due primarily to the reporting of the University's health care units, which had previously been reflected in the Unrestricted, Restricted, and Plant Funds, in a Proprietary Fund.

The change in fund balance for Montclair State University is due to the understatement of a 1998 interest receivable in the Perkins Loan Fund. Therefore, fund balance and interest receivable were increased.

### C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 requires the bank balances of deposits to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the entity. Category 1 consists of deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 consists of deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 consists of deposits which are uncollateralized.

Cash and cash equivalents are categorized below for all college and university funds (expressed in millions):

	Cat	egory 1	Cat	egory 2	Cat	tegory 3	_	Total Bank Balance	_	Total Carrying Balance
Cash	\$	36.5	\$	5.4	\$	4.2	\$	46.1	\$	58.5
Cash with fiscal agents		39.1		2.2		0.5		41.8		38.0
Certificates of deposit and related items		0.5		6.2		238.0	_	244.7		244.7
Total	\$	76.1	\$	13.8	\$	242.7	\$	332.6	\$	341.2

The following state colleges and universities had negative cash balances at June 30, 1999. These amounts have been reclassified and are presented as accounts payable by fund as follows:

Fund	College / University	 Amount
Unrestricted	New Jersey City University	\$ 111,111
	Ramapo College of New Jersey	561,000
	The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey	19,348,240
	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	10,907,000
Restricted	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	8,553,000
Plant	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	5,024,000
Student Loan	University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	934,000

# **D.** Investments

All investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Donated securities are carried at fair value at the date of gift. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 requires investments to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the entity. Category 1 consists of investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 consists of uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by counterparties' trust departments or agents in the entity's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparties' trust departments or agents but not in the entity's name. Investments of the colleges and universities are in accordance with the statutes of the State of New Jersey (see Note 4), regulations of governing boards, or applicable limitations set forth in gift instruments. Investments for all colleges and universities are detailed below (expressed in millions):

		Category 1		Category 2		Category 3	Fair Value	Cost
	-		-		-		 	 
Government and other	\$	555.5	\$	199.3	\$		\$ 754.8	\$ 763.7
Repurchase agreements		20.5					20.5	20.5
Industrial bonds and commercial paper		39.2		0.8			40.0	38.8
Telephone bonds								
Utility bonds				0.5			0.5	0.5
Financial companies - senior debt		54.2		6.4			60.6	62.7
Common stock		215.0		23.6		0.1	238.7	180.5
Other		8.9		1.4			 10.3	 9.9
Investments subject to risk categorization	\$	893.3	\$	232.0	\$	0.1	\$ 1,125.4	\$ 1,076.6
Participation in State of New Jersey Cash								
Management Fund							 179.0	 179.0
Total reported as investments							\$ 1,304.4	\$ 1,255.6

# **E.** Patient Service Revenues

Patient service revenues, which were \$349.7 million during Fiscal Year 1999, are recognized at the time of service, net of allowances applicable to third-party payors, charity, and bad debts.

# F. Departmental Receivables

An allowance for doubtful receivables is provided for estimated losses expected to be incurred in collection. The estimated losses are based on historical collection experience and a review of the status of existing receivables.

# G. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated principally at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey and the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey have elected to record depreciation in accordance with FASB Statement No. 93, "Recognition of Depreciation by Not-for-Profit Organizations" (expressed in millions):

	U	llege and niversity Funds
Land	\$	75.9
Land improvements		91.1
Building and improvements		2,972.4
Machinery and equipment		1,089.8
Construction in progress		202.3
Total Fixed Assets		4,431.5
Less: Accumulated depreciation		1,175.2
Total Net Fixed Assets	\$	3,256.3

# H. Pension and Retirement Benefits

Retirement benefits for the majority of eligible full-time employees are provided under various pension agreements, namely the Public Employees' Retirement System (Note 16), the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund, and the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association - College and Retirement Equities Fund. Under these arrangements, the plan participants make annual contributions and the State provides the employer portion of the contribution directly. Contributions made by the State in Fiscal Year 1999 amounted to \$77.3 million. In addition to the above major plans, some employees of most of the colleges and universities are covered under the Police and Fireman's Retirement System and some employees of the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey are covered under retirement systems of the City of Newark. A summary of the State contribution is as follows (expressed in millions):

College / University	-	State Contribution
The College of New Jersey	\$	2.7
Thomas Edison State College		0.4
New Jersey City University		1.7
Kean University		1.8
Montclair State University		4.6
New Jersey Institute of Technology		3.3
The William Paterson University of New Jersey		2.4
Ramapo College of New Jersey		1.7
Rowan University		2.7
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		21.9
The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey		2.1
University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey	-	32.0
Total	\$	77.3

# I. Notes Payable

A summary of notes payable as of June 30, 1999 is as follows (expressed in millions):

College / University	 Amount
Ramapo College of New Jersey Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey	\$ 0.7 1.9
Total	\$ 2.6

# J. Bonds Payable and Other Debt

A summary of bonds issued and outstanding for all colleges and universities as of June 30, 1999 is as follows (expressed in millions):

College / University	-	Outstanding June 30, 1999
The College of New Jersey	\$	216.1
New Jersey Institute of Technology		88.2
Rowan University		85.7
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey		433.3
University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey		212.1
Total	\$	1,035.4

Repayments of principal amounts of long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows (expressed in millions):

Fiscal Year	 Amount
2000	\$ 57.1
2001	58.7
2002	57.9
2003	58.5
2004	59.5
Thereafter	 743.7
Total	\$ 1,035.4

# K. Capitalized Lease Obligations

A summary of the capitalized lease obligations for all colleges and universities as of June 30, 1999 is as follows (expressed in millions):

College / University	itstanding ne 30, 1999
Thomas Edison State College New Jersey City University Kean University	\$ 1.0 34.0 36.5
Montclair State University The William Paterson University of New Jersey Ramapo College of New Jersey	58.5 38.3 44.3
Rowan University Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey	3.7 66.5 56.5
University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey Total	\$ 22.9 362.2

At June 30, 1999, the above colleges and universities had future lease payments as shown in the following (expressed in millions):

Fiscal Year	 Amount
2000	\$ 30.8
2001	31.1
2002	29.8
2003	31.3
2004	31.2
Thereafter	 406.0
Total Lease Payments	560.2
Less : Amount Representing Interest	 198.0
Present Value of Lease Payments	\$ 362.2

## L. Self Insurance Reserve Fund

The University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey-Self Insurance Reserve Fund is accounted for within a trust fund maintained by the State of New Jersey.

#### M. Commitments and Contingencies

The colleges and universities are a party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of their operations. While it is not feasible to predict the ultimate outcome of these actions, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

# N. Description of Colleges and Universities

## The College of New Jersey (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) Hillwood Lakes Trenton, New Jersey 08625

The College of New Jersey (formerly Trenton State College) is a mid-sized, comprehensive public college which concentrates primarily on the undergraduate experience. Baccalaureate and master degrees are offered through the academic programs of the College's five schools (Arts and Science, Business, Education, Nursing and Engineering). Other programs offered are the cooperative education program, international and national study options, continuing education, and the Institute for Public and Private Service. The College is located in Ewing Township, Mercer County. College facilities include the Roscoe L. West Library, the Holman Hall Art Gallery, the Brown Student Center, several computer laboratories, and the collegiate recreation and athletic facilities complex. In the Fall of 1998, the College enrolled 5,462 full-time equated undergraduate students and 410 full-time equated graduate students. The College has residential facilities which house more than half of the students on campus and another third of the student population in campus-approved housing nearby.

### Thomas Edison State College (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) 101 West State Street Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Thomas Edison State College was founded by the New Jersey Board of Higher Education in 1972 as an undergraduate institution which provides flexible and accessible, high-quality college opportunities primarily for adults. The College was developed within two guiding assumptions: (1) many adults acquire college-level knowledge through work, leisure, and formal and informal training activities; and (2) college credit should be awarded for the demonstration of college-level knowledge, regardless of the source of that knowledge.

The mission statement of Thomas Edison State College charges the College with offering degree programs in liberal arts, business, and professional areas; developing and administering instruments such as credit-by-exam and assessment of documented learning to translate nontranscripted knowledge into college credit; providing educational advice to its students; enhancing adult access to all forms of higher education by developing cooperative relationships with higher education providers and by developing policies and procedures appropriate to the adult learner; and developing linkages or creating educational delivery systems built around contemporary telecommunications technology.

#### Kean University (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) Morris Avenue Union, New Jersey 07083

Kean University is a public, State-supported, four-year, co-educational institution of higher education. It is located in Union Township, and is situated on a 120-acre campus, which includes a six-acre woodlands preserve. The College traces its history to 1855 when it was founded by and in the City of Newark. For more than a century, its accomplishments and reputation were primarily associated with contributions made in the area of teacher education. In 1913 the College became a State institution, and in 1958 moved to its present location on property which had been a part of the Kean Estate. The operation and management of the University is vested in the University Board of Trustees.

The University offers graduate and undergraduate studies and is comprised of the Nathan Weiss School of Graduate Studies, School of Education, School of Liberal Arts, School of Natural Sciences, Nursing and Mathematics, and the School of Business, Government and Technology.

The campus currently contains several classroom buildings, a science complex, a theatre for the performing arts, a library, a child study institute, athletic and recreational facilities, student apartments, and a student center. The 28-acre east campus, one quarter mile from the main campus, includes athletic fields, recreation facilities, and certain student and academic support programs.

#### Montclair State University (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) Valley Road Upper Montclair, New Jersey 07043

Montclair State University with its strong emphasis on the liberal arts and sciences, in 1937, became one of the first teachers' colleges accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools. Responding to rapid enrollment growth in the late forties and fifties with an expanded curriculum and faculty, the campus became Montclair State College in 1958 and a comprehensive, multi-purpose institution in 1966. Recognizing the strengths of its academic programs and faculty and the commitment to excellence in instruction and research, the State of New Jersey Board of Higher Education designated Montclair State a teaching university on April 27, 1994.

# New Jersey City University (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) 2039 Kennedy Boulevard Jersey City, New Jersey 07305

New Jersey City University, formerly Jersey City State College, located in Hudson County, is dedicated to urban programs designed to meet the complex economic, social, and educational problems of the "inner" cities of metropolitan New Jersey. The University serves thousands of residents of the northeast corner of the State. Ten percent of the student population is comprised of men and women from the other areas of New Jersey, adjacent states, and foreign countries. The operation and management of the University is vested in its nine-member Board of Trustees.

Special features of the campus include the A. Harry Moore Laboratory School for Special Education, the Peter W. Rodino, Jr. Institute of Criminal Justice, the Center for the Advancement of Teaching and Learning (CATALYST), the Center for Occupational Education, the Adult Education Center, the Media Arts Center, and the Margaret Williams Theater for the Performing Arts. The University has 15 acres of athletic fields, three gymnasiums, a swimming pool, a modern dance studio and three auditoriums, in addition to its 110 classrooms and laboratories.

#### New Jersey Institute of Technology (N.J.S.A. 18A:64E-4) 323 Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard Suite 22E Newark, New Jersey 07102

New Jersey Institute of Technology (NJIT), includes five collegiate units: Newark College of Engineering, The School of Architecture, The School of Management, The College of Science and Liberal Arts, and the Albert Dorman Honors College; a graduate division; an extensive continuing professional education program; and a number of research centers. With its main campus in Newark, New Jersey, NJIT also offers programs and courses throughout the State of New Jersey. Fields of study include engineering, computer science, architecture, sciences, management, statistics, and actuarial sciences. Degrees at the bachelor, master, as well as doctoral level are offered and an extensive program of research is conducted.

NJIT is a public research university of higher education and for many years this recognition was supported by an annual contract between NJIT and the State of New Jersey. On July 1, 1996, the New Jersey Institute of Technology Act became effective. In addition to NJIT retaining all its previous rights and authorities, the Act established NJIT as a body corporate and politic and determined that the exercise of NJIT's powers were public and essential government functions.

# The William Paterson University of New Jersey (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) 300 Pompton Road Wayne, New Jersey 07470

Since its founding in 1855, The William Paterson University of New Jersey has been educating the people of New Jersey. More than a century of meeting diverse educational needs has given the University its rich texture and unique character. Its long history is symbolized on its 250-acre hilltop campus in Wayne, New Jersey.

The University's diversity of programs is perhaps the best evidence of the strides made since its founding. Degree offerings other than those leading to a teaching career were added in 1966; ranging from the traditional to the contemporary, they provide students the education most suited to their interests and needs. Currently, the University offers 27 undergraduate and 16 graduate degree programs in five schools: Arts and Communication; Business; Education; Humanities and Social Sciences; and Science and Health.

#### Ramapo College of New Jersey (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) 505 Ramapo Valley Road Mahwah, New Jersey 07430

Ramapo College of New Jersey, a multi-purpose institution of higher education, offers undergraduate studies comprised of the Schools of American and International Studies, Contemporary Arts, Social Science and Human Services, Theoretical and Applied Sciences, Administration and Business and a division of Basic Studies. The College also offers graduate studies comprised of The Master of Arts in Liberal Studies and The Masters in Educational Technology.

### Rowan University (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) Linden Hall Glassboro, New Jersey 08028

Rowan University formerly Rowan College of New Jersey, was founded in 1923 and effective July 1, 1967, came under the general policy control of the New Jersey Board of Higher Education. Under the Higher Education Act of 1966, the University and all the other New Jersey State colleges became multipurpose institutions with emphasis on the liberal arts and sciences and various professional areas including the science of education and the art of teaching. The operation and management of the University is vested in the University's Board of Trustees. In 1986, the Governor signed the State College Autonomy legislation granting more control and responsibility to the University's Board of Trustees.

#### Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (N.J.S.A. 18A:65-12) Administration Building -- Room 308 Davidson Road Piscataway, New Jersey 08855

Founded in 1766 as one of the colonial colleges, Rutgers became The State University in 1956 (N.J.S.A. 18A:65-1 et seq. as amended) with a reorganized Board of Trustees and a newly created Board of Governors. The membership of the Board of Governors consists of ex-officio members, the Chancellor of the Department of Higher Education of New Jersey, the President of the Corporation and 11 voting members, six of whom are appointed by the Governor of the State with the advice and consent of the Senate, and five of whom are appointed by the Board of Trustees from among its members. The Board of Governors has general supervision over the University operations. The Board of Trustees acts in overall advisory capacity and controls certain properties, funds, and trusts. The State Board of Higher Education (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1 et seq.) is responsible for the coordination and general financial oversight of Rutgers as a part of the State system of higher education.

The University provides instruction to approximately 90,000 full and part-time students enrolled in instructional programs in its graduate and undergraduate colleges, schools, summer session, and continuing education programs.

Research, the second major area of University responsibility, has earned the support of commerce, industry, State and Federal governments, societies, and philanthropic organizations, as well as financing from the University funds.

Extension services, designed to take the University teaching function directly to the people of the State, is a major responsibility. Such services range from the work of the county agricultural, home economics, and 4-H Club agents to non-credit courses, including postgraduate work in technical and professional fields.

#### The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey (N.J.S.A. 18A:62-1) Administration and Finance Building Pomona, New Jersey 08240

The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey is primarily an undergraduate college of arts, sciences, and professional studies that provides undergraduate programs, including traditional and alternative approaches to education.

#### University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey (N.J.S.A. 18A:64G-4) 30 Bergen Street Newark, New Jersey 07107

The University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey is governed and managed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor with Senate confirmation and administered by a President as the Chief Executive Officer. The primary purposes of the institution are the education of health care personnel including physicians, dentists, and allied health professionals, medical and dental research, and the provision of health care to the people of New Jersey.

The University is composed of three medical schools (two Allopathic and one Osteopathic), a dental school, a graduate school of biomedical sciences, and a school of allied health professions. Its medical programs are centered in Newark, Piscataway and Camden. It operates a hospital and two community mental health care centers which serve as both health care and teaching facilities.

In addition to its wholly owned facilities, the University is affiliated for teaching purposes at either, or both, the undergraduate and graduate level with several community hospitals and health care agencies, community colleges, State colleges and universities, and independent universities.

# **NOTE 20 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

# **General Fund**

At any given time, there are various numbers of tort, contract and other claims and cases pending against the State, State agencies, and employees, seeking recovery of monetary damages. The majority of these claims have historically proven to be substantially less value than originally claimed. The State does not formally estimate its reserve representing potential exposure for these claims and cases. As of June 30, 1999, the exact amount involved in these legal proceedings is not fully determinable.

# **Special Revenue Funds**

### New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund

Various insurers licensed to write property and casualty insurance in the State have filed suit against the State contending that their assessments are being used to retire debt of the Market Transition Fund (MTF). The plaintiffs contend that assessments dating back to 1990 are in dispute, challenge the constitutionality of the assessments and legislation which allow the assessment, and request that the monies assessed since 1990 be returned. The ultimate disposition of this suit is not determinable at this time.

#### New Jersey Lawyers Fund for Client Protection

Claims of approximately \$5.6 million have been filed against this Fund by individuals and companies seeking reimbursement for losses resulting from the alleged dishonest conduct by members of the Bar of the State of New Jersey. The ultimate disposition of these claims is not determinable at this time.

# New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund

As of June 30, 1999, claims totaling approximately \$13.8 million have been filed against the Fund by third parties for damages caused by spills. These claims have not reached the stage in the judicial process where reasonable amounts have been established, and therefore, are not classified as liabilities under generally accepted accounting principles.

# Sanitary Landfill Facility Contingency Fund

Various claims totaling approximately \$28.0 million have been filed against this Fund by individuals, local municipalities, and school districts. In addition, there are a number of similar claims for unspecified dollar amounts which are pending. The ultimate disposition of these claims is not determinable at this time.

## **Capital Projects Funds**

Due to delays in construction and design problems, various claims for damages have been filed with respect to the following funds (expressed in millions):

Public Purpose Buildings Construction Fund	\$3.3
Special Transportation Fund	\$9.7

Fund management is presently evaluating the claims. There has been no determination as to the ultimate amount for which these Funds will be liable.

#### **Trust Funds**

#### New Home Warranty Security Fund

Due to deficiencies in fire retardant plywood, homeowners faced with emergent needs may file claims against the Fund as a means of immediate remediation. The amount of these claims is not determinable at this time. The law also allows the State to pursue claims against any party responsible for the defective plywood in order to recover costs of remediation.

## **Real Estate Guaranty Fund**

Claim payments, as certified by court orders, are made to persons aggrieved by the unlawful practices of real estate brokers or salesmen. As of June 30, 1999, there were various cases pending with a maximum possible exposure to the Fund of approximately \$0.5 million. The ultimate disposition of these claims is not determinable at this time.

#### University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey - Self Insurance Reserve Fund

As of June 30, 1999, an independent study was performed which estimated an aggregate potential exposure for tort and medical malpractice claims of approximately \$89.9 million. The State has the ultimate liability for any claims in excess of the resources of the fund.

#### **Federal Programs**

Under the terms of various grant awards, expenditures from Federal funds are subject to audit. As of June 30, 1999, audits of expenditures for Fiscal Year 1999 and prior years may not be completed. Disallowances which may result from these audits are not determinable at this time. As of June 30, 1999, it is management's opinion that disallowances, if any, would not be material.

# **NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to June 30, 1999, the State has authorized short term borrowing of \$850 million in the form of commercial paper, of which \$680 million has been issued. Final maturity of the notes will be June 15, 2000.

Subsequent to June 30, 1999, the State issued Refunding General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$428.4 million. The present value savings of this transaction is estimated to be \$16.8 million.