

Ambient Air Monitoring Network Plan 2019

This document, a description of the New Jersey Ambient Air Monitoring Network for 2019, is available for public comment. Please email comments by **June 24, 2019**, to bamweb@dep.nj.gov, or write to:

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NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Bureau of Air Monitoring
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Table of Contents

| <u>Section</u> | <u>Page Number</u> |
|---|--------------------|
| EXECUTIVE SUMMARY | 3 |
| REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS | 4 |
| THE NEW JERSEY AIR MONITORING NETWORK | 4 |
| NEW JERSEY AIR MONITORING SITE DESCRIPTIONS | 8 |
| GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS | 44 |
| REFERENCES | 46 |
| APPENDIX A: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | 47 |
| APPENDIX B: CARBONYLS | 49 |
| APPENDIX C: SPECIATED FINE PARTICLES | 50 |
| APPENDIX D: OZONE PRECURSORS | 51 |
| APPENDIX E: BTEX COMPOUNDS | 53 |

DISCLAIMER

Mention of trade names, manufacturers or commercial products in this document does not constitute New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection endorsement or recommendation for use.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

New Jersey's Ambient Air Monitoring Network Plan provides a complete description of the air monitoring network operated by the Bureau of Air Monitoring (BAM), and summarizes any changes made in the previous year and those planned for the next year. The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) is required to submit a Network Plan to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) each year. The purpose of the air monitoring program is to demonstrate compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for specific pollutants.

Here is a list of monitoring network changes that occurred from March 2018 to March 31, 2019:

1. Installed a new volatile organic carbon (VOC) monitor (Agilent-Markes auto GC-FID, gas chromatography with flame ionization detector) at the Rutgers University Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) site.
2. Installed a Teledyne-API Model T500U CAPS nitrogen dioxide (NO_2) analyzer to measure true NO_2 at the Rutgers PAMS site, and removed the Thermo 42i $\text{NO}_2/\text{NO}/\text{NO}_x$ analyzer.
3. Installed a Thermo 42i-Y analyzer to measure NO_y , NO and $\text{NO}_y\text{-NO}$ difference at the Rutgers site.
4. Installed a ceilometer to measure mixing height at the Rutgers PAMS site.
5. Replaced the $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ non-Federal Reference Method (FRM) Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) continuous monitor with a Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) continuous monitor at Rahway, and removed the filter-based FRM $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ monitor.

These changes are summarized in Table 1.

TABLE 1. Air Monitoring Network Changes, March 2018 – March 2019

| Monitoring Site | Parameter(s) | Action | Date |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------|---------|
| Rutgers University | PAMS VOCs | Started up upgraded GC-FID | 6/1/18 |
| Rutgers University | True NO_2 | Started up | 3/27/19 |
| Rutgers University | NO_2 , NO, NO_x | Discontinued | 3/20/19 |
| Rutgers University | NO_y , NO, $\text{NO}_y\text{-NO}$ difference | Started up | 3/27/19 |
| Rutgers University | Mixing height | Started up | 4/13/18 |
| Rahway | $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ TEOM | Discontinued | 8/9/18 |
| Rahway | $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Beta | Started up | 8/9/18 |
| Rahway | $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ filter-based sampler | Discontinued | 3/31/19 |

NOTE

$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ TEOM - Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance sampling method

$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Beta – beta particle attenuation sampling method

Proposed Changes

1. Implement the following at the Rutgers University PAMS site by June 1, 2019:
 - Install an ATEC 8000 sampler to take three 8-hour-averaged carbonyl samples per day on a 1-in-3-day schedule, with subsequent TO-11A-method analysis by ERG.This was proposed in the 2018 Network Plan and approved by USEPA Region 2.
2. Move the PM₁₀ monitor from the Camden Resource Recovery Facility (RRF) site to the Camden Spruce Street site, in order to consolidate BAM operations in Camden, and to shut down the RRF site, which is unsecured. PM₁₀ concentrations at Camden RRF, which have been higher than the other New Jersey sites in recent years, have gone back down since nearby road construction was completed. PM₁₀ would be added to the suite of monitors at Camden Spruce Street, which currently measures PM_{2.5} with both a continuous and filter-based monitor, as well as many other pollutants.
3. Shut down the PM_{2.5} filter-based FRM monitor at the Fort Lee Library. The continuous PM_{2.5} FEM monitor at Fort Lee Near Road is only about 2025 feet away (0.38 miles). Although the PM_{2.5} monitor at Fort Lee Near Road is not an FRM monitor, USEPA approves of using FEM monitors to demonstrate compliance with the NAAQS. Also, unlike the filter-based monitor, the FEM continuous monitor provides real-time hourly data that is displayed on the NJDEP air monitoring website. The Fort Lee Library monitor, which is on a roof with an unprotected edge, requires weekly manual filter setup and retrieval.
4. Replace the PM_{2.5} filter-based FRM monitor at Toms River, which runs daily, with a continuous PM_{2.5} FEM monitor.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

NJDEP is required by 40 CFR Part 58 to submit an Ambient Air Monitoring Network Plan to the USEPA Region 2 Regional Administrator by July 1 of each year, and to have the Plan available for public inspection for at least 30 days prior to its submittal to the USEPA. The Plan describes New Jersey's State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS), National Core (NCore) stations, Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) stations, Urban Air Toxics Monitoring Program (UATMP) stations, Special Purpose Monitor (SPM) stations, and Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS).

This 2019 Network Plan contains information required by the regulations; descriptions of the air monitoring sites; large- and small-scale maps of the monitoring station locations; a summary of the changes to the Air Monitoring Network that NJDEP expects to implement during the year; comments received following the 30-day public comment period; and NJDEP's responses to the comments. It is available for download from the Bureau of Air Monitoring website, www.njaqinow.net, or as a hard copy by calling 609-292-0138.

THE NEW JERSEY AIR MONITORING NETWORK

NJDEP currently operates 32 air monitoring stations throughout the state. Table 2 lists all the monitoring sites, along with the pollutants, pollutant categories, or meteorological parameters that are measured at each site. Figure 1 shows the locations of the monitoring stations across New Jersey.

Data used for comparison to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) must be measured by USEPA-approved real-time analyzers or USEPA-approved manual samplers. The real-time data is also used to generate a rating of air quality called the Air Quality Index (AQI), which is updated hourly on the Bureau of Air Monitoring webpage.

Real-time sampling instruments collect and analyze data continuously, and transmit the data to a centralized computer system once every minute. Several parameters, including carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen dioxide (NO_2), ozone (O_3), sulfur dioxide (SO_2), fine particulate matter ($\text{PM}_{2.5}$), and meteorological data are measured this way.

NJDEP also uses USEPA-approved manual particulate samplers for comparison to the PM NAAQS. Three types of airborne particles can be collected on a filter over a 24-hour period: fine particulate (particles smaller than 2.5 micrometers in diameter, or “ $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ ”); inhalable particulate (particles smaller than 10 micrometers in diameter, or “ PM_{10} ”); and $\text{PM}_{\text{coarse}}$ (particles between 2.5 micrometers in diameter and 10 micrometers in diameter). At the end of the 24-hour collection period, the samples are manually retrieved and sent to NJDEP’s laboratory for gravimetric analysis.

NJDEP monitors other pollutants, some of which are grouped together into categories by their method of sampling or analysis. These categories are listed in the headings of Table 2. “Toxics” monitoring is part of the USEPA’s Urban Air Toxics Monitoring Program (UATMP), in which certain volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and carbonyls are analyzed using whole air samples or adsorbent media (see Appendices A and B). Pollutants in the “ $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Speciation” category include trace elements, heavy metals, and carbon compounds (see Appendix C); they are analyzed through the Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) program using $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ particles. The site at Rutgers University that monitors for ozone precursors (pollutants that promote ozone formation in the atmosphere) is part of the national Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) program. Ozone precursors (see Appendix D) are often referred to as PAMS pollutants. The $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ speciation, VOC, and carbonyl samples are collected by NJDEP and sent to USEPA-approved contract laboratories for analysis. Several urban monitoring stations measure near-real-time benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (with a “BTEX” analyzer), and black carbon (with an aethalometer). In addition, NJDEP also measures acid deposition, mercury, and visibility (using a nephelometer) at a number of sites.

TABLE 2. Summary of Current New Jersey Air Monitoring Sites

| Monitoring Parameters: | | CO | NO ₂ | NO _x | O ₃ | SO ₂ | Lead | PM _{2.5} | Real-Time PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | PM coarse | PM _{2.5} -Speciation ^a | O ₃ Precursors ^b | Toxics ^c | Urban Pollutants ^d | Acid Deposition | Mercury | Visibility | Meteorological ^e | Solar Radiation |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Station Name | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Ancora State Hospital | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Atlantic City | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Bayonne | | X | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | X |
| 4 | Brigantine | | | | X | X | | X | X | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| 5 | Camden RRF | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Camden Spruce St | X | X | | X | X | | X** | X | X* | | X | | X | X | | | | | X |
| 7 | Cattus Island | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| 8 | Chester | | X | | X | X | | X | | | | X | | X | | | | | | |
| 9 | Clarksboro | | | | X | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Colliers Mills | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Columbia | | X | | X | X | | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | X |
| 12 | Elizabeth | X | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Elizabeth Lab | X | X | | | X | | X** | X | | | X | | X | X | | X | X | | |
| 14 | Flemington | | | | X | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | X |
| 15 | Fort Lee Library | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Fort Lee Near Road | X | X | | | | | | X | | | | | | X | | | | X | |
| 17 | Jersey City | X | X | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Jersey City Firehouse | | | | | | | X** | X | X** | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Leonia | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Millville | | X | | X | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Monmouth University | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Newark Firehouse | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | | X | | | X | X | |
| 23 | Paterson | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | Pennsauken | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Rahway | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Ramapo | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | Rider University | | | X | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| 28 | Rutgers University | X | X | X | | | | X | X | | | 2 | X | X | | X | | X* | X* | |
| 29 | Toms River | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | Trenton | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | Union City High School | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| 32 | Washington Crossing | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL CURRENT SITES | | 6 | 10 | 2 | 16 | 9 | 1 | 16 | 12 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 1 |

Shaded sites are proposed for shutdown.

*Parameter to be added in 2019.

** The site also has a co-located monitor (for quality assurance purposes, as required by USEPA).

a – See Appendix C

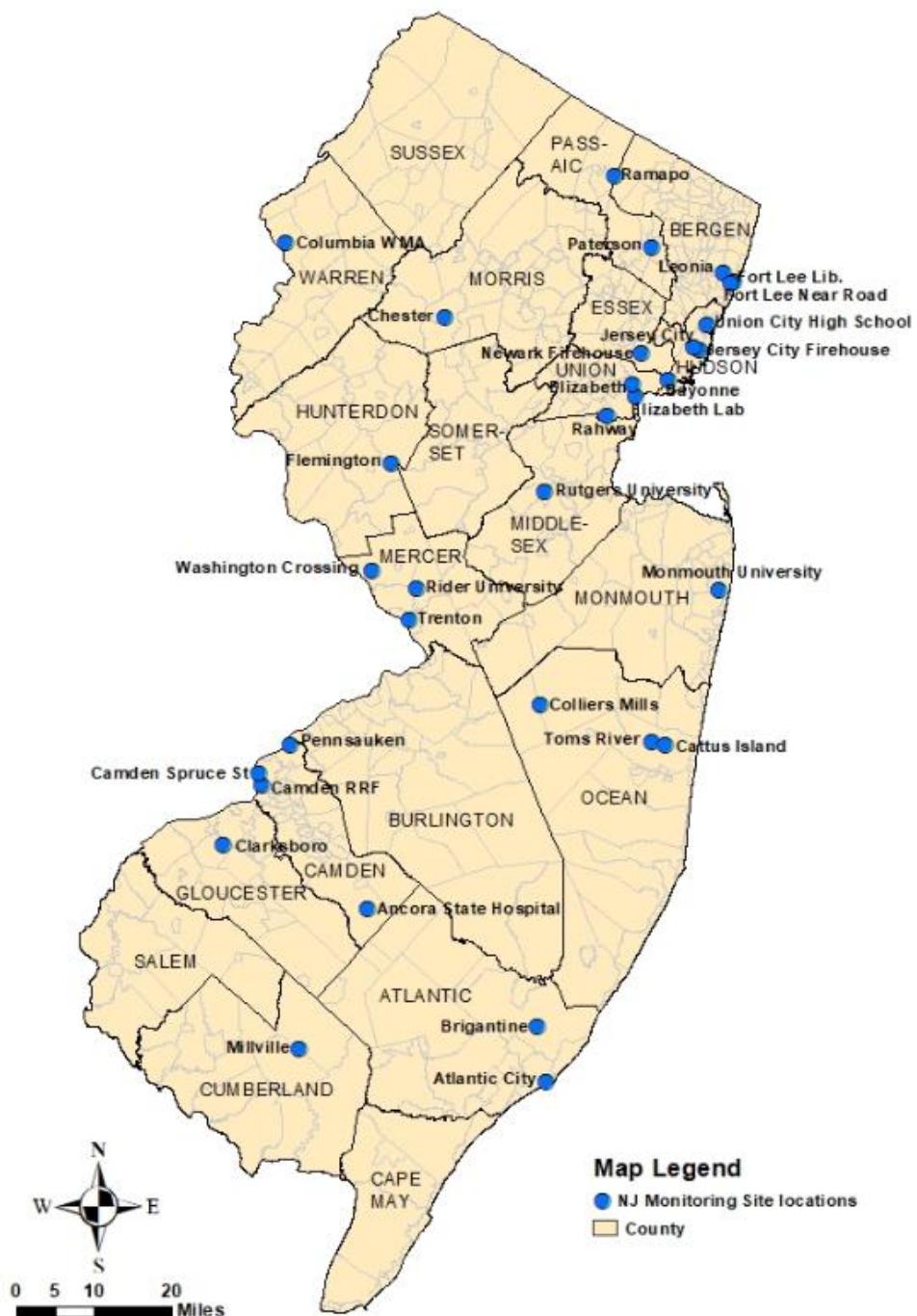
b – See Appendix D

c – See Appendices A and B

d – Urban pollutants include black carbon and select volatile organic compounds (BTEX compounds; see Appendix E).

e - Meteorological parameters include temperature, barometric pressure, relative humidity, rain, wind direction, and wind speed.

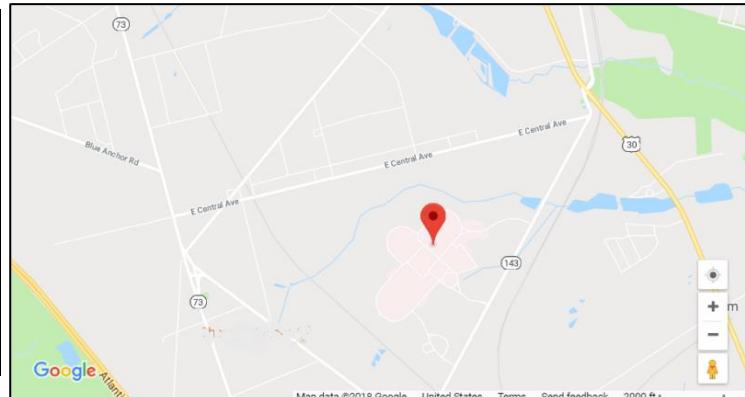
FIGURE 1. Map of Current New Jersey Air Monitoring Network



NEW JERSEY AIR MONITORING SITE DESCRIPTIONS

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Site Name | Ancora State Hospital |
| Address | 301 Spring Garden Road |
| City, State, Zip | Hammonton, NJ 08037 |
| AQS Code | 34 007 1001 |
| NJ County | Camden |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 39.684250 |
| Longitude | -74.861491 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1966 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49C | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Urban | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure background concentrations for the southern part of New Jersey. May also measure maximum ozone concentrations downwind from the Philadelphia metropolitan area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Atlantic City |
| Address | Atlantic Cape Community College, 1535 Bacharach Boulevard |
| City, State, Zip | Atlantic City, NJ 08401 |
| AQS Code | 34 001 1006 |
| NJ County | Atlantic |
| UAR/CSA | Atlantic City, NJ UA |
| Latitude | 39.363260 |
| Longitude | -74.431000 |
| Date Established | 7/27/2001 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure fine particle concentrations in the commercial area of Atlantic City. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Bayonne |
| Address | Veterans Park, Park Road at end of W. 25 th St. |
| City, State, Zip | Bayonne, NJ 07002 |
| AQS Code | 34 017 0006 |
| NJ County | Hudson |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.670250 |
| Longitude | -74.126081 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1983 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



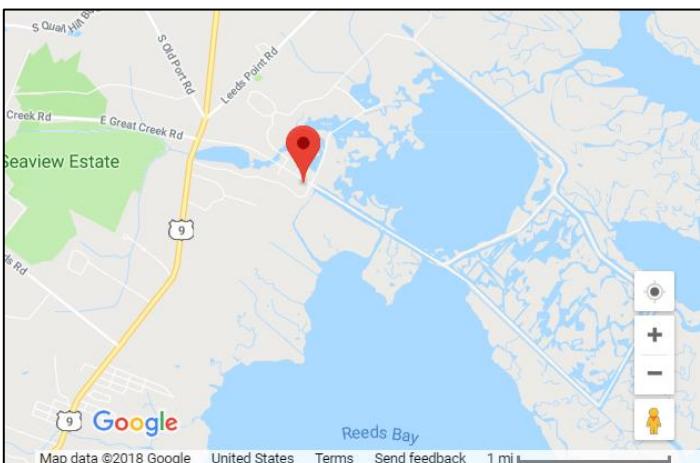
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Urban | Population Exposure |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Urban | Population Exposure |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Urban | Population Exposure |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Thermo 43i | Pulsed fluorescence | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Black Carbon | 84313 | Teledyne API Model 633 Aethalometer | Optical absorption | 894 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| BTEX | Appendix E | Syntech Spectras GC 955 BTEX analyzer | Auto GC-PID | 092 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Hudson County area |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Brigantine |
| Address | Edwin B. Forsythe National Wildlife Refuge Visitor Center, 800 Great Creek Road |
| City, State, Zip | Galloway, NJ 08205 |
| AQS Code | 34 001 0006 |
| NJ County | Atlantic |
| UAR/CSA | Atlantic City, NJ UA |
| Latitude | 39.464872 |
| Longitude | -74.448736 |
| Date Established | 9/18/1991 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Teledyne T400 | Ultraviolet | 087 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Thermo 43iTLE | Pulsed fluorescence | 060 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Urban | Background |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88347 | Nephelometer | Light-scattering | 011 | Continuous | Urban | Background |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure pollutant concentrations and visibility in Class I protected areas. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | SO ₂ is measured by a "trace-level" analyzer. Site is also an IMPROVE station, part of NESCAUM visibility network. Real-time PM _{2.5} nephelometer data is not submitted to USEPA's AQS database. The US Fish & Wildlife Service collects a weekly acid deposition sample which is sent to the National Atmospheric Deposition Program (NADP) for analysis. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Camden RRF (Resource Recovery Facility) |
| Address | 600 Morgan Street |
| City, State, Zip | Camden, NJ 08104 |
| AQS Code | 34 007 0009 |
| NJ County | Camden |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 39.912431 |
| Longitude | -75.116864 |
| Date Established | 5/1/1994 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Inhalable Particles (PM ₁₀) | 81102 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 127 | Every 6 days | Middle | Source-oriented |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure the impact of mobile sources in heavily-used roadways in southern Camden. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | Move the PM ₁₀ monitor to the Camden Spruce Street monitoring station and shut down this site. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Site Name | Camden Spruce Street |
| Address | 266-298 Spruce Street |
| City, State, Zip | Camden, NJ 08103 |
| AQS Code | 34 007 0002 |
| NJ County | Camden |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 39.934446 |
| Longitude | -75.125291 |
| Date Established | 4/11/2012 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 42101 | Thermo 48C | Nondispersive-infrared | 054 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Thermo 43iTLE | Pulsed fluorescence | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025i Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| PM _{2.5} Speciation | Appendix C | Met One & URG-3000N | XRF, IC, TOR | Appendix C | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | Appendix A | Canister | TO-15 | Appendix A | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Carbonyls | Appendix B | DNPH cartridge | TO-11A | Appendix B | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Black Carbon | 84313 | Teledyne API Model 633 Aethalometer | Optical absorption | 894 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| BTEX | Appendix E | Syntech Spectras GC 955 BTEX analyzer | Auto GC-PID | 092 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

PARAMETER SUMMARY (Camden Spruce Street, continued)

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | Comprehensive air monitoring station in the Philadelphia-Camden metro area of southern New Jersey. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | Move the Camden RRF PM ₁₀ monitor to this site. |
| Other Comment | PM _{2.5} gravimetric sampler is collocated for precision. See Appendices A, B and C for more information on PM _{2.5} speciation, volatile organic compounds and carbonyls. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|--|---|
| Site Name | Cattus Island |
| Address | Cattus Island County Park, end of Bandon Road |
| Municipality | Toms River NJ 08753 |
| AQS Code | None |
| NJ County | Ocean |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 39.989636 |
| Longitude | -74.134132 |
| Date Established | 10/23/2012 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM2.5 NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Acid Deposition | | Wet Deposition Collector | Ion Chromatography | | Weekly | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure acid deposition near Barnegat Bay. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | Weekly acid deposition samples are sent to the National Atmospheric Deposition Program (NADP) for analysis. Acid deposition data are not submitted by NJDEP or NADP to USEPA's AQS database. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Chester |
| Address | Department of Public Works Bldg. #1, 50 North Road |
| City, State, Zip | Chester, NJ 07930 |
| AQS Code | 34 027 3001 |
| NJ County | Morris |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.787628 |
| Longitude | -74.676301 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1978 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Teledyne T400 | Ultraviolet | 087 | Continuous | Urban | Population Exposure |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Teledyne T100 | Pulsed fluorescence | 100 | Continuous | Urban | Background |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Urban | Population Exposure |
| PM _{2.5} Speciation | Appendix C | Met One & URG-3000N | XRF, IC, TOR | Appendix C | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | Appendix A | Canister | TO-15 | Appendix A | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Carbonyls | Appendix B | DNPH cartridge | TO-11A | Appendix B | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure background concentrations in northern New Jersey. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | See Appendices A, B and C for more information on PM _{2.5} speciation, volatile organic compounds and carbonyls. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Clarksboro |
| Address | Shady Lane Complex, 256 County House Road |
| City, State, Zip | Clarksboro, NJ 08020 |
| AQS Code | 34 015 0002 |
| NJ County | Gloucester |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 39.800339 |
| Longitude | -75.212119 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1981 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Urban | Highest Concentration |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure highest concentrations of ozone downwind from Philadelphia metropolitan area and population exposure to PM _{2.5} . |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Colliers Mills |
| Address | JPTD Training Center, south of Success Rd., east of Hawkin Rd. |
| City, State, Zip | Jackson, NJ 08527 |
| AQS Code | 34 029 0006 |
| NJ County | Ocean |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 40.064830 |
| Longitude | -74.444050 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1985 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



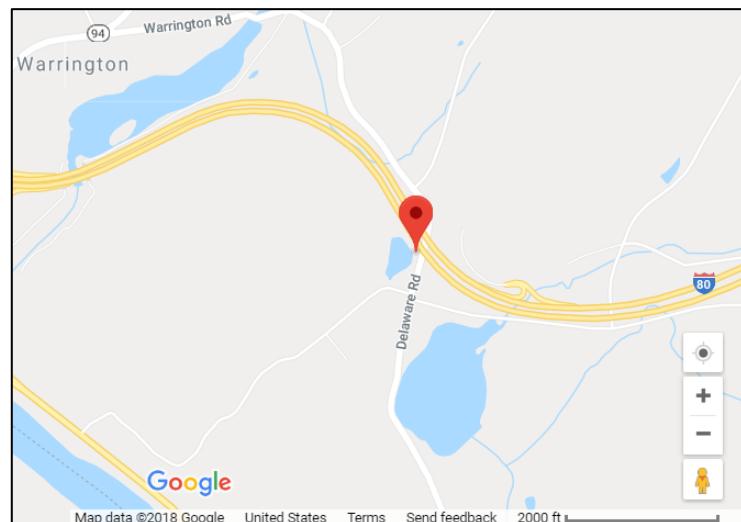
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Teledyne T400 | Ultraviolet | 087 | Continuous | Urban | Highest Concentration |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure highest concentrations of ozone downwind from the Philadelphia metropolitan area and central New Jersey. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Columbia |
| Address | 105 Delaware Avenue (approximate) |
| City, State, Zip | Columbia, NJ 07832 |
| AQS Code | 34 041 0007 |
| NJ County | Warren |
| UAR/CSA | Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ UA |
| Latitude | 40.924580 |
| Longitude | -75.067815 |
| Date Established | 9/23/2010 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Teledyne T100U | Pulsed fluorescence | 100 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure for NO ₂ , O ₃ and PM _{2.5} ; and highest concentrations for SO ₂ . |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Elizabeth |
| Address | 7 Broad Street |
| City, State, Zip | Elizabeth, NJ 07201 |
| AQS Code | 34 039 0003 |
| NJ County | Union |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.662493 |
| Longitude | -74.214800 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1970 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 42101 | Thermo 48i | Nondispersive-infrared | 054 | Continuous | Microscale | Highest Concentration |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Teledyne T100 | Pulsed fluorescence | 100 | Continuous | Middle | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure the highest concentrations in the central commercial area of Elizabeth. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Elizabeth Lab |
| Address | NJ Turnpike Interchange 13 Toll Plaza |
| City, State, Zip | Elizabeth, NJ 07201 |
| AQS Code | 34 039 0004 |
| NJ County | Union |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.641440 |
| Longitude | -74.208365 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1972 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 42101 | Thermo 48i | Nondispersive-infrared | 054 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Thermo 43i | Pulsed fluorescence | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025i Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Daily | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| PM _{2.5} Speciation | Appendix C | Met One & URG-3000N | XRF, IC, TOR | Appendix C | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | Appendix A | Canister | TO-15 | Appendix A | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Carbonyls | Appendix B | DNPH cartridge | TO-11A | Appendix B | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Mercury (Hg) | | Tekran 2537x | CVAF Spectrometry | | Hourly | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Black Carbon | 84313 | Teledyne API Model 633 Aethalometer | Optical absorption | 894 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| BTEX | Appendix E | Syntech Spectras GC 955 BTEX analyzer | Auto-GC PID | 092 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

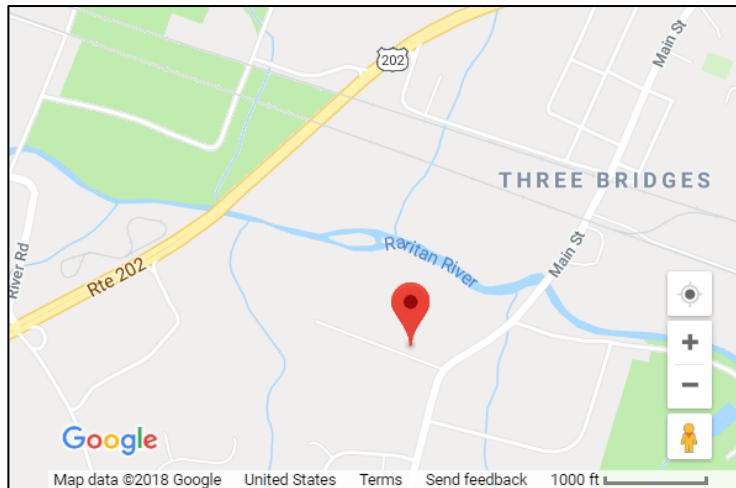
PARAMETER SUMMARY (Elizabeth Lab, continued)

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | A comprehensive air monitoring site for the northeast metropolitan region of New Jersey. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | PM _{2.5} gravimetric sampler is collocated for precision. See Appendices A, B and C for more information on PM _{2.5} speciation, volatile organic compounds and carbonyls. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Flemington |
| Address | Raritan Township Municipal Utilities Authority, 365 Old York Road |
| City, State, Zip | Flemington, NJ 08822 |
| AQS Code | 34 019 0001 |
| NJ County | Hunterdon |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.515262 |
| Longitude | -74.806671 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1980 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



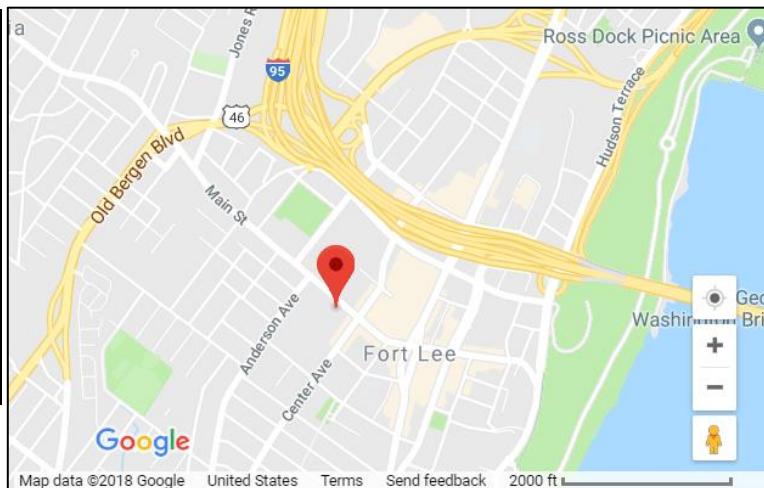
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Teledyne T400 | Ultraviolet | 087 | Continuous | Urban | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure ozone concentrations in the northwestern region of New Jersey. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Fort Lee Library |
| Address | 320 Main Street |
| City, State, Zip | Fort Lee, NJ 07024 |
| AQS Code | 34 003 0003 |
| NJ County | Bergen |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.852256 |
| Longitude | -73.973314 |
| Date Established | 1/23/1986 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure the population exposure in the Fort Lee area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | Shut down the monitoring site; a continuous PM _{2.5} monitor is located at the Fort Lee Near Road station nearby. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Fort Lee Near Road |
| Address | 2047 N. Central Road |
| City, State, Zip | Fort Lee, NJ 07024 |
| AQS Code | 34 003 0010 |
| NJ County | Bergen |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.853550 |
| Longitude | -73.966180 |
| Date Established | 4/1/2014 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Microscale | Source-oriented |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Microscale | Source-oriented |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Microscale | Source-oriented |
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 42101 | Thermo 48i | Nondispersive-infrared | 054 | Continuous | Microscale | Source-oriented |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Met One BAM 1022 | Beta Particle attenuation | 209 | Continuous | Microscale | Source-oriented |
| Black Carbon | 84313 | Teledyne API Model 633 Aethalometer | Optical absorption | 894 | Continuous | Microscale | Source-oriented |
| BTEX | Appendix E | Syntech Spectras GC 955 BTEX analyzer | Auto-GC PID | 092 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure near-road exposure for NO ₂ , CO and PM _{2.5} . |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | EPA OAQPS BEACON NO ₂ , SO ₂ , O ₃ and CO sensors are in operation at this site as part of NJDEP ozone Enhanced Monitoring Plan. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Jersey City |
| Address | 2828 John F. Kennedy Boulevard |
| City, State, Zip | Jersey City, NJ 07306 |
| AQS Code | 34 017 1002 |
| NJ County | Hudson |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.731645 |
| Longitude | -74.066308 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1970 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



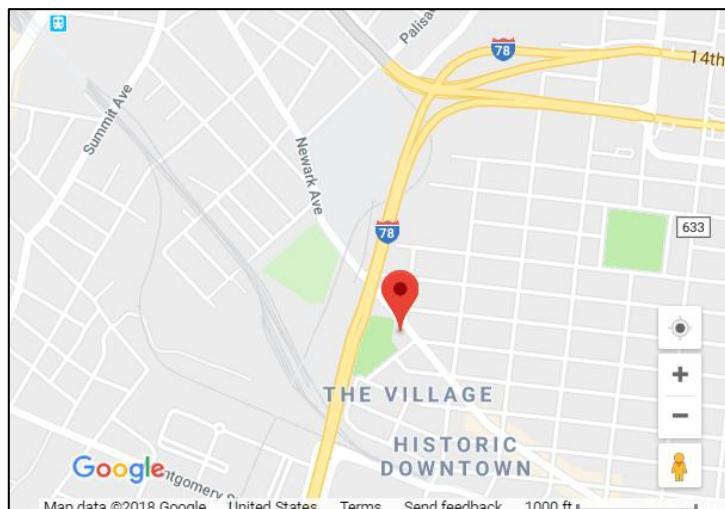
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 42101 | Thermo 48iTLE | Nondispersive-infrared | 054 | Continuous | Microscale | Highest Concentration |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Teledyne T100 | Pulsed fluorescence | 100 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure highest concentrations in the central commercial area of Jersey City. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Jersey City Firehouse |
| Address | JCFD Engine 5/Ladder 6, 355 Newark Avenue |
| City, State, Zip | Jersey City, NJ 07302 |
| AQS Code | 34 017 1003 |
| NJ County | Hudson |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.725454 |
| Longitude | -74.052290 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1967 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---|--------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Daily | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Inhalable Particles (PM ₁₀) | 81102 | Thermo 2000 Low-volume single sampler | Gravimetric | 126 | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Jersey City area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | Gravimetric PM _{2.5} and PM ₁₀ are collocated for precision measurements. Sample taken every 6 days. The AQS method code for the collocated PM _{2.5} monitor is 143. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Leonia |
| Address | Overpeck Park, 40 Fort Lee Road |
| City, State, Zip | Leonia, NJ 07605 |
| AQS Code | 34 003 0006 |
| NJ County | Bergen |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.870436 |
| Longitude | -73.991994 |
| Date Established | 12/7/2007 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



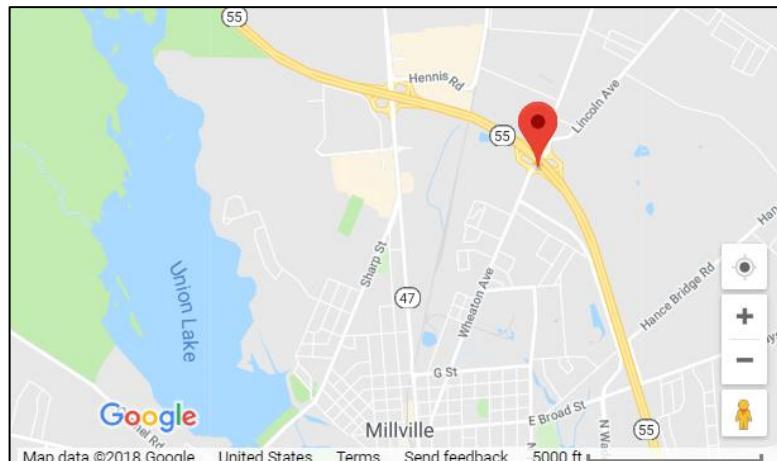
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49C | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Leonia and Teaneck areas. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Site Name | Millville |
| Address | Behind 4401 S. Main Road |
| City, State, Zip | Millville, NJ 08332 |
| AQS Code | 34 011 0007 |
| NJ County | Cumberland |
| UAR/CSA | Vineland-Millville, NJ UA |
| Latitude | 39.422273 |
| Longitude | -75.025204 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1983 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Teledyne T200 | Chemiluminescence | 099 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49C | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Vineland and Millville areas. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Monmouth University |
| Address | Edison Science Hall, off of 400 Cedar Avenue |
| City, State, Zip | West Long Branch, NJ 07764 |
| AQS Code | 34 025 0005 |
| NJ County | Monmouth |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.277647 |
| Longitude | -74.005100 |
| Date Established | 5/13/1989 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure highest concentrations of ozone in the eastern Monmouth County area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Newark Firehouse |
| Address | 360 Clinton Avenue |
| City, State, Zip | Newark, NJ 07108 |
| AQS Code | 34 013 0003 |
| NJ County | Essex |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.720989 |
| Longitude | -74.192892 |
| Date Established | 6/1/2009 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|--|--------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 42101 | Thermo 48iTLE | Nondispersive-infrared | 554 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i-Y | Chemiluminescence | 674 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| NO _y -NO Difference | 42612 | Thermo 42i-Y | Chemiluminescence | 674 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Total Reactive Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _y) | 42600 | Thermo 42i-Y | Chemiluminescence | 674 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | 42602 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x) | 42603 | Thermo 42i | Chemiluminescence | 074 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | 42401 | Thermo 43iTLE | Pulsed fluorescence | 560 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Lead (Pb) | 85129 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | XRF with PM ₁₀ | 811 | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

PARAMETER SUMMARY (Newark Firehouse, continued)

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| PM coarse | 86101 | Thermo 2025 Sequential Sampler Pair | Paired Gravimetric Difference | 176 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Inhalable Particles (PM ₁₀) | 81102 | Thermo 2025 Sequential Sampler | Gravimetric | 127 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| PM _{2.5} Speciation | Appendix C | Met One & URG-3000N | XRF, IC, TOR | Appendix C | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Black Carbon | 84313 | Teledyne API Model 633 Aethalometer | Optical absorption | 894 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| BTEX | Appendix E | Syntech Spectras GC 955 BTEX analyzer | Auto-GC PID | 092 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Solar Radiation | 63301 | Qualimetrics | Pyrometer | 011 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Resultant Wind Direction | 61104 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Resultant Wind Speed | 61103 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | New Jersey's NCore site |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | CO and SO ₂ data are measured by "trace-level" analyzers. See Appendix C for more information on PM _{2.5} speciation. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Paterson |
| Address | Paterson Board of Health, 176 Broadway |
| City, State, Zip | Paterson, NJ 07505 |
| AQS Code | 34 031 0005 |
| NJ County | Passaic |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.918381 |
| Longitude | -74.168092 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1978 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Paterson area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Pennsauken |
| Address | Camden Water Inc., 8999 Zimmerman Avenue |
| City, State, Zip | Pennsauken, NJ 08110 |
| AQS Code | 34 007 1007 |
| NJ County | Camden |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 39.989036 |
| Longitude | -75.050008 |
| Date Established | 9/1/1983 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



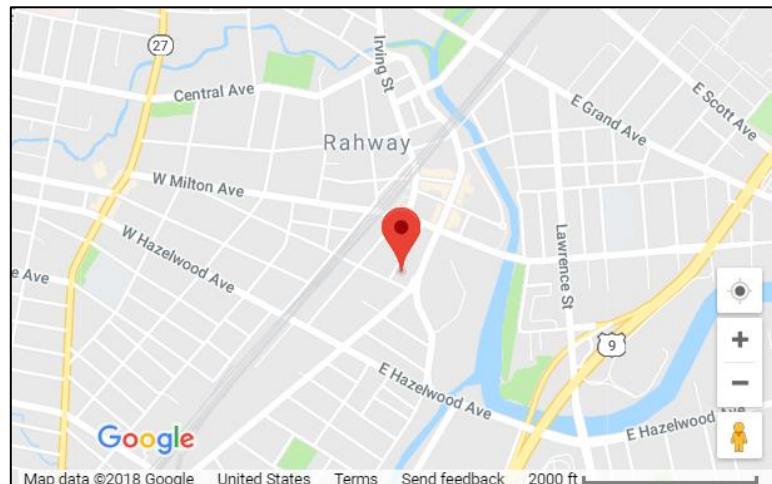
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Pennsauken area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Rahway |
| Address | Rahway Fire Department, 1300 Main Street |
| City, State, Zip | Rahway, NJ 07065 |
| AQS Code | 34 039 2003 |
| NJ County | Union |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.603943 |
| Longitude | -74.276174 |
| Date Established | 12/11/1999 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



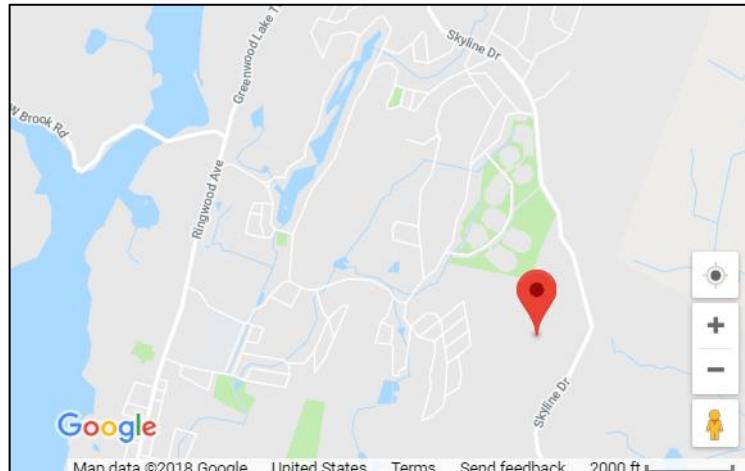
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Met One BAM 1022 | Beta Particle attenuation | 209 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Rahway area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Ramapo |
| Address | Ramapo Station Fire Tower, Ramapo Park Drive |
| City, State, Zip | Wanaque, NJ 07465 |
| AQS Code | 34 031 5001 |
| NJ County | Passaic |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 41.058617 |
| Longitude | -74.255544 |
| Date Established | 6/5/1998 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Not Applicable |



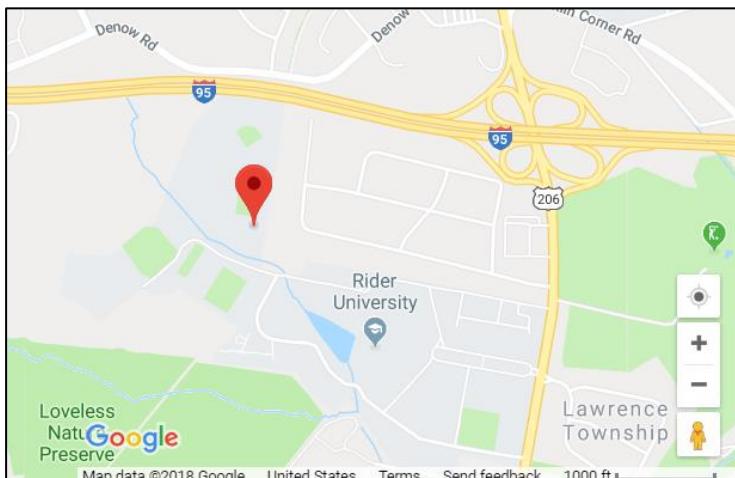
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49i | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Urban | Background |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure background, transport and upwind concentrations of ozone. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Rider University |
| Address | Athletic Fields, off of 2083 Lawrenceville Road |
| City, State, Zip | Lawrenceville, NJ 08648 |
| AQS Code | 34 021 0005 |
| NJ County | Mercer |
| UAR/CSA | Trenton, NJ-PA UA |
| Latitude | 40.283092 |
| Longitude | -74.742644 |
| Date Established | 6/1/1981 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Thermo 49C | Ultraviolet | 047 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Vaisala WXT | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Vaisala WXT | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Rutgers University |
| Address | Vegetable Farm 3, 67 Ryders Lane |
| City, State, Zip | East Brunswick, NJ 08816 |
| AQS Code | 34 023 0011 |
| NJ County | Middlesex |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.462182 |
| Longitude | -74.429439 |
| Date Established | 10/1/1994 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Nitric Oxide (NO) | 42601 | Thermo 42i-Y | Chemiluminescence | 674 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| NO _y -NO Difference | 42612 | Thermo 42i-Y | Chemiluminescence | 674 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Total Reactive Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _y) | 42600 | Thermo 42i-Y | Chemiluminescence | 674 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| True-NO ₂ | 42602 | Teledyne T500U | Cavity attenuated phase shift | 212 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Ozone (O ₃) | 44201 | Teledyne T400 | Ultraviolet | 087 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Ozone Precursors (PAMS) | Appendix D | Agilent-Markes | Auto GC-FID | Appendix D | Hourly | Urban | Background |
| Real-time PM _{2.5} | 88101 | Thermo 5014i | Beta Particle attenuation | 183 | Continuous | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | Appendix A | Canister | TO-15 | Appendix A | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Carbonyls | Appendix B | DNPH cartridge | TO-11A | Appendix B | Every 6 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| PM _{2.5} Speciation | Appendix C | Met One & URG-3000N | XRF, IC, TOR | Appendix C | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| Mercury (Hg) | | Tekran 2537x | CVAF Spectrometry | | Hourly | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

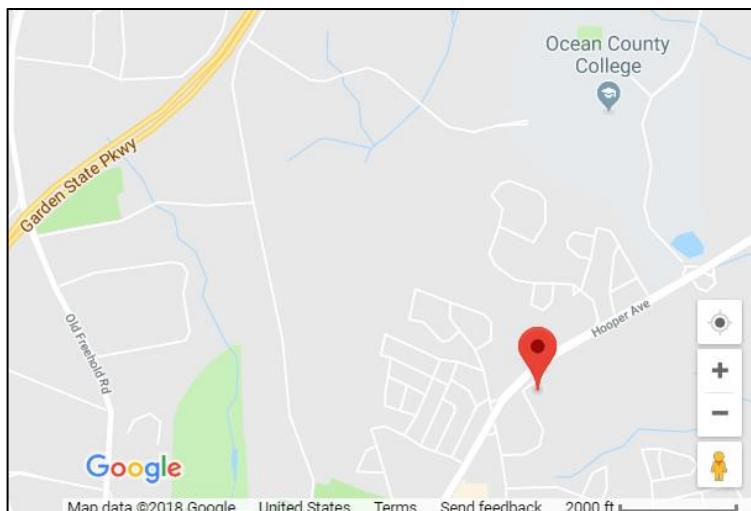
PARAMETER SUMMARY (Rutgers University, continued)

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Barometric Pressure | 64101 | Rotronic MP101A | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Relative Humidity | 62201 | Rotronic MP101A | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Solar Radiation | 63301 | Kipp&Zonen CMP-11 | Pyranometer | 011 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Temperature | 62101 | Rotronic MP101A | Capacitive sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Direction | 61102 | Gill Windmaster HS 3D | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Wind Speed | 61101 | Gill Windmaster HS 3D | Ultrasonic sensor | 060 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Precipitation | 65102 | Geonor T-200B | Rain gauge | 012 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Ultraviolet Radiation | 63302 | Eppley TUVR | UV Radiometer | 011 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |
| Mixing Height | 61301 | Vaisala CL51 | Ceilometer | 011 | Continuous | Neighborhood | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure and ozone precursors – downwind for Philadelphia metropolitan area and upwind for New York metropolitan area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | Total reactive oxides of nitrogen (NOy) and carbonyl samplers will begin operation in June 2019. |
| Other Comment | EPA OAQPS Pandora spectrometer is operating as part of the ozone Enhanced Monitoring Plan. Upper air and surface meteorological measurements collected at this site by Rutgers University will be integrated into DEP's database. See Appendix D for more information on ozone precursors, also known as PAMS. See Appendices A, B and C for more information on PM _{2.5} speciation, volatile organic compounds and carbonyls. |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Toms River |
| Address | Hooper Avenue Elementary School, 1517 Hooper Avenue |
| City, State, Zip | Toms River, NJ 08753 |
| AQS Code | 34 029 2002 |
| NJ County | Ocean |
| UAR/CSA | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington CSA |
| Latitude | 39.994908 |
| Longitude | -74.170447 |
| Date Established | 2/11/1999 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Daily | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Toms River area. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Trenton |
| Address | Trenton Public Library, 120 Academy Street |
| City, State, Zip | Trenton, NJ 08608 |
| AQS Code | 34 021 0008 |
| NJ County | Mercer |
| UAR/CSA | Trenton, NJ-PA UA |
| Latitude | 40.222411 |
| Longitude | -74.763167 |
| Date Established | 9/1/1982 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



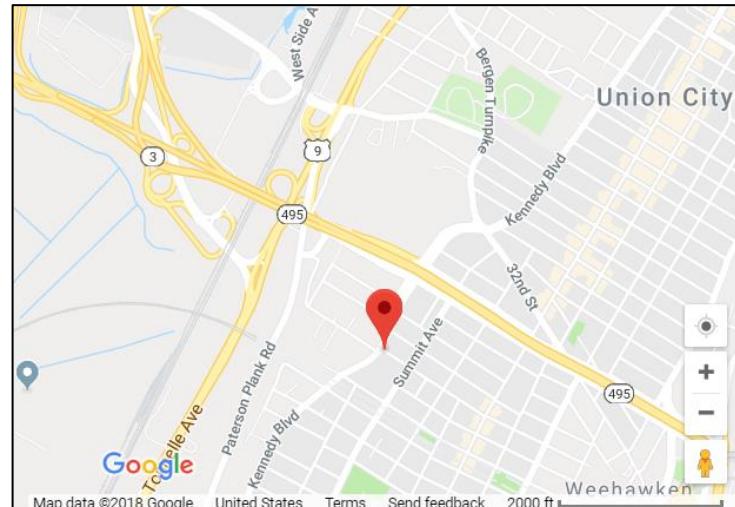
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Daily | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the downtown commercial district of Trenton. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Site Name | Union City High School |
| Address | 2500 John F. Kennedy Blvd. |
| City, State, Zip | Union City, NJ 07087 |
| AQS Code | 34 017 0008 |
| NJ County | Hudson |
| UAR/CSA | New York-Northeast New Jersey-Connecticut CSA |
| Latitude | 40.770908 |
| Longitude | -74.036218 |
| Date Established | 1/1/2016 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | Yes |



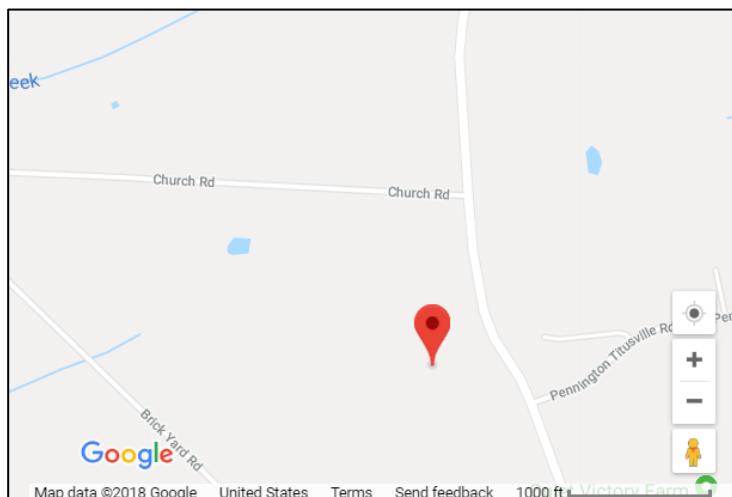
PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Fine Particles (PM _{2.5}) | 88101 | Thermo 2025 Low-volume sequential sampler | Gravimetric | 145 | Every 3 days | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure population exposure in the Union City and Hudson County areas. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | |

SITE INFORMATION

| | |
|---|--|
| Site Name | Washington Crossing |
| Address | Washington Crossing State Park, Philips Farm Group Area, 1239 Bear Tavern Road |
| City, State, Zip | Titusville, NJ 08560 |
| AQS Code | |
| NJ County | Mercer |
| UAR/CSA | Trenton, NJ-PA UA |
| Latitude | 40.315359 |
| Longitude | -74.853613 |
| Date Established | 1/1/1989 |
| Suitable for Comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS? | No Applicable |



PARAMETER SUMMARY

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code | AQS Sample Frequency | AQS Spatial Scale | AQS Monitoring Objective |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Acid Deposition | | Wet Deposition Collector | Ion Chromatography | | Weekly | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Site Purpose | To measure acid deposition on the western border of New Jersey. |
| Plans for the next 18 months | No changes. |
| Other Comment | Weekly acid deposition samples are sent to the National Atmospheric Deposition Program (NADP) for analysis. The event acid deposition samples are analyzed by the Bureau of Air Monitoring. The weekly and event acid deposition data are not submitted by NJDEP or NADP to USEPA's AQS database. |

GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

ABBREVIATIONS

- AQS** – Air Quality System, USEPA's database for air quality data nationwide
- CSA** – Combined Statistical Area, defined by U.S. Office of Management and Budget as a geographic area having 2 or more Metropolitan Statistical Areas
- CSN** – Chemical Speciation Network
- CFR** – Code of Federal Regulations
- CO** – Carbon monoxide
- CVAF Spectrometry** – Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, method for analyzing mercury
- FEM** – Federal Equivalent Method; monitoring method that is not FRM but is approved by USEPA
- FRM** – Federal Reference Method; primary monitoring method recommended by USEPA for a specific pollutant
- DNPH cartridge** – Di-Nitro-Phenyl-Hydrazine, an adsorbent for trapping carbonyls in air
- auto GC-FID** – automated gas Chromatograph Flame Ionization Detection
- Hg** – Mercury
- IC** – Ion Chromatography, a method for analyzing for ionic compounds from fine particles
- IMPROVE** – Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments
- NAAQS** – National Ambient Air Quality Standard
- NADP** – National Atmospheric Deposition Program
- NCore** – National Core, a monitoring site having a group of parameters specified by USEPA
- NESCAUM** – Northeast States for Coordinated Air Use Management
- NJDEP** – New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
- NO** – Nitric oxide
- NO₂** – Nitrogen dioxide
- NO_x** – Oxides of nitrogen
- NO_y** – Total reactive oxides of nitrogen
- O₃** – Ozone
- PAMS** – Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station; site which measures ozone precursors
- Pb** – Lead
- PM_{2.5}** – Fine particles, 2.5 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter or smaller
- PM₁₀** – Inhalable particles, 10 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter or smaller
- PM_{10-2.5}** – Coarse particles, between 10 and 2.5 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter
- PM_{2.5}-Speciation** – a group of elements, ionic compounds and carbon compounds that are analyzed from fine particles
- RRF** – Resource Recovery Facility; trash incineration facility
- SLAMS** – State and Local Air Monitoring Station; designation for monitoring site or sampler from which data can be used for comparison to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards
- SO₂** – Sulfur dioxide
- SPM** – Special Purpose Monitor; designation for monitoring site or sampler from which data are not used for comparison to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards
- TEOM** - Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance, an analytical method used to measure real-time PM_{2.5}
- TLE** – Trace Level Enhanced; type of analyzer which measures very low concentrations
- TO-11A** – a standard method approved by USEPA to analyze carbonyls
- TO-15** – a standard method approved by USEPA to analyze volatile organic compounds
- TOA** – Thermal Optic Analysis, a method for analyzing carbon compounds from fine particles
- TSP** – Total suspended particles; all particles that are captured by a high-volume sampler
- UAR** – Urban Areas Represented; 1 or more counties having a population greater than 50,000
- UATMP** - Urban Air Toxics Monitoring Program
- USEPA** - United States Environmental Protection Agency
- VOC** – Volatile organic compound, a carbon-based chemical that is gaseous
- XRF** – X-ray fluorescence, a method for analyzing elements from fine particles

TERMS

Acid deposition – acid rain, the phenomenon by which air pollutants raise the acidity of rain and snow

Ambient air – air in areas that are accessible to the general public

Background – a monitoring site in an area which is not affected by air pollution sources

Canister – a stainless steel container used for collecting an air sample to be analyzed for VOCs

Capacitive sensor – an instrument used for measuring relative humidity

Carbonyls – a group of aldehydes, or a carbon chain with an oxygen molecule at one end

Chemiluminescence – the method used for analyzing for NO, NO₂ and NO_x

Coarse particles – also PM_{10-2.5}; particles between 10 and 2.5 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter

Collocated – two samplers operating side-by-side in order to collect data used for precision statistics

Continuous – an instrument that collects data instantaneously, without stopping, throughout the year, and transmits the data to a central data acquisition system every minute

Fine particles – also PM_{2.5}; particles 2.5 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter or smaller

Gravimetric – weighing a filter in a controlled environment by a highly accurate balance

High-volume sampler – an instrument used to collect Total Suspended Particles

Highest concentration – a monitoring instrument or site which is designated to measure the maximum concentration of a pollutant in a given area

Inhalable particles – also PM₁₀; particles 10 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter or smaller

Ion chromatography – also IC, a method used for analyzing for ionic compounds

Manual sampler – an instrument that collects an air sample over a 24-hour filter on a filter, adsorbent cartridge or canister which is then manually retrieved for subsequent analysis

Met One – a manufacturer of PM_{2.5} speciation samplers

Microscale – the spatial scale of a monitoring site, from 10–100 meters around the monitor

Middle-scale – the spatial scale of a monitoring site, from 100–1000 meters around the monitor

Neighborhood-scale – the spatial scale of a monitoring site, from 1-10 km around the monitor

Nephelometer – an instrument that measures fine particles through light scattering

Nondispersive-infrared – the method used for analyzing for carbon monoxide

Ozone precursors – a group of 55 volatile organic compounds that affect ozone formation and destruction in the atmosphere; also called PAMS pollutants

Population exposure – a monitoring instrument or site that is designated to measure the concentrations of a pollutant in a highly populated area

Pulsed fluorescence – the method used for analyzing for sulfur dioxide

Pyrometer – the method used for measuring solar radiation

Qualimetrics – the manufacturer of meteorological instruments

Real-time PM_{2.5} – PM_{2.5} concentrations that are measured continuously

Regional scale – the spatial scale of a monitoring site, from 100-1000 km around the monitor

Solar radiation – the intensity of energy from sunlight

TEOM-FDMS – Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance with Filter Dynamic Measurement System; the analytical method used by a Thermo 1400 to measure real-time PM_{2.5}

Thermo 42 – the instrument manufactured by Thermo Environmental Corp. to measure nitrogen dioxide, nitric oxide and oxides of nitrogen

Thermo 43A – the instrument manufactured by Thermo Environmental Corp. to measure sulfur dioxide

Thermo 48 – the instrument manufactured by Thermo Environmental Corp. to measure carbon monoxide

Thermo 49 – the instrument manufactured by Thermo Environmental Corp. to measure ozone

Thermo 1400 – the instrument manufactured by Thermo Environmental Corp. to measure real-time PM_{2.5}

Thermo 2025 – the instrument manufactured by Thermo Environmental Corp. to measure PM_{2.5}; data from this instrument can be used for comparison to the NAAQS

Ultraviolet – the method used for analyzing ozone

Urban Scale – the spatial scale of a monitoring site, from 10-100 km around the monitor

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APPENDIX A: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

| | AQS Parameter | Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 43814 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 2 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 43818 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 3 | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 43820 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 4 | 1,1-Dichloroethane | 43813 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 5 | 1,1-Dichloroethene | 43826 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 6 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 45810 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 7 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 45208 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 8 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | 43843 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 9 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | 43815 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 10 | 1,2-Dichloropropane | 43829 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 11 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 45207 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 12 | 1,3-Butadiene | 43218 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 13 | Acetonitrile | 43702 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 14 | Acetylene | 43206 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 15 | Acrolein | 43505 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 16 | Acrylonitrile | 43704 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 17 | Benzene | 45201 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 18 | Bromochloromethane | 43836 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 19 | Bromodichloromethane | 43828 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 20 | Bromoform | 43806 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 21 | Bromomethane | 43819 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 22 | Carbon Disulfide | 42153 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 23 | Carbon Tetrachloride | 43804 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 24 | Chlorobenzene | 45801 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 25 | Chloroethane | 43812 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 26 | Chloroform | 43803 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 27 | Chloromethane | 43801 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 28 | Chloroprene | 43835 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 29 | cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 43839 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 30 | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 43831 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 31 | Dibromochloromethane | 43832 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 32 | Dichlorodifluoromethane | 43823 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 33 | Dichloromethane | 43802 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 34 | Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | 43208 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 35 | Ethyl Acrylate | 43438 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 36 | Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether | 43396 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 37 | Ethylbenzene | 45203 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 38 | Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene | 43844 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |

Continued

APPENDIX A: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (Continued)

| | Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|----|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 39 | m,p-Xylene | 45109 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 40 | m-Dichlorobenzene | 45806 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 41 | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 43560 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 42 | Methyl Methacrylate | 43441 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 43 | Methyl tert-Butyl Ether | 43372 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 44 | n-Octane | 43233 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 45 | o-Dichlorobenzene | 45805 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 46 | o-Xylene | 45204 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 47 | p-Dichlorobenzene | 45807 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 48 | Propylene | 43205 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 49 | Styrene | 45220 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 50 | tert-Amyl Methyl Ether | 43373 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 51 | Tetrachloroethylene | 43817 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 52 | Toluene | 45202 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 53 | trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 43838 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 54 | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 43830 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 55 | Trichloroethylene | 43824 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 56 | Trichlorofluoromethane | 43811 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 57 | Trichlorotrifluoroethane | 43821 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |
| 58 | Vinyl Chloride | 43860 | Canister | TO-15 | 101 |

APPENDIX B: CARBONYLS

| Parameter | AQS Parameter | | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Code | | | | |
| 1 2-Butanone | 43552 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 2 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | 45503 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 3 Acetaldehyde | 43503 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 4 Acetone | 43551 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 5 Benzaldehyde | 45501 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 6 Butyraldehyde | 43329 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 7 Crotonaldehyde | 43528 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 8 Formaldehyde | 43502 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 9 Hexaldehyde | 43517 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 10 Isovaleraldehyde | 43513 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 11 Propionaldehyde | 43504 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 12 Tolualdehydes | 45504 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |
| 13 Valeraldehyde | 43518 | | DNPH Cartridge | TO-11A | 202 |

APPENDIX C: SPECIATED FINE PARTICLES

| Parameter | AQS Parameter | | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|-----------|------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Parameter | Code | | | |
| 1 | Aluminum | 88104 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 2 | Ammonium | 88301 | Met One SASS Nylon | Ion Chromatography | 812 |
| 3 | Antimony | 88102 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 4 | Arsenic | 88103 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 5 | Barium | 88107 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 6 | Bromine | 88109 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 7 | Cadmium | 88110 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 8 | Calcium | 88111 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 9 | Cerium | 88117 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 10 | Cesium | 88118 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 11 | Chlorine | 88115 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 12 | Chromium | 88112 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 13 | Cobalt | 88113 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 14 | Copper | 88114 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 15 | EleCarbTor | 88380 | URG 3000N | EC1+EC2+EC3-(OP(TOR)) | 838 |
| 16 | EleCarbTot | 88357 | URG 3000N | EC1+EC2+EC3-OP | 838 |
| 17 | Indium | 88131 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 18 | Iron | 88126 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 19 | Lead | 88128 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 20 | Magnesium | 88140 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 21 | Manganese | 88132 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 22 | Nickel | 88136 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 23 | Nitrate | 88306 | Met One SASS Nylon | Ion Chromatography | 812 |
| 24 | OrgCarbTor | 88370 | URG 3000N | OC1+OC2+OC3+OC4+(OP(TOR)) | 838 |
| 25 | OrgCarbTot | 88355 | URG 3000N | OC1+OC2+OC3+OC4+OP | 838 |
| 26 | Phosphorus | 88152 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 27 | Potassium | 88180 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 28 | Potassium IC | 88303 | Met One SASS Nylon | Ion Chromatography | 812 |
| 29 | Rubidium | 88176 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 30 | Selenium | 88154 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 31 | Silicon | 88165 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 32 | Silver | 88166 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 33 | Sodium | 88184 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 34 | Sodium IC | 88302 | Met One SASS Nylon | Ion Chromatography | 812 |
| 35 | Strontium | 88168 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 36 | Sulfate | 88403 | Met One SASS Nylon | Ion Chromatography | 812 |
| 37 | Sulfur | 88169 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 38 | Tin | 88160 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 39 | Titanium | 88161 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 40 | Vanadium | 88164 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 41 | Zinc | 88167 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |
| 42 | Zirconium | 88185 | Met One SASS Teflon | Energy Dispersive XRF | 811 |

APPENDIX D: OZONE PRECURSORS

| | AQS Parameter | Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|----|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Sum of PAMS | 43000 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 2 | Total NMOC | 43102 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 3 | Ethane | 43202 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 4 | Ethylene | 43203 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 5 | Propane | 43204 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 6 | Propylene | 43205 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 7 | Acetylene | 43206 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 8 | n-Butane | 43212 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 9 | Isobutane | 43214 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 10 | trans-2-Butene | 43216 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 11 | cis-2-Butene | 43217 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 12 | n-Pentane | 43220 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 13 | Isopentane | 43221 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 14 | 1-Pentene | 43224 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 15 | trans-2-Pentene | 43226 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 16 | cis-2-Pentene | 43227 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 17 | 3-Methylpentane | 43230 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 18 | n-Hexane | 43231 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 19 | n-Heptane | 43232 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 20 | n-Octane | 43233 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 21 | n-Nonane | 43235 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 22 | n-Decane | 43238 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 23 | Cyclopentane | 43242 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 24 | Isoprene | 43243 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 25 | 2,2-Dimethylbutane | 43244 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 26 | 1-Hexene | 43245 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 27 | 2,4-Dimethylpentane | 43247 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 28 | Cyclohexane | 43248 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 29 | 3-Methylhexane | 43249 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 30 | 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | 43250 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 31 | 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane | 43252 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 32 | 3-Methylheptane | 43253 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 33 | Methylcyclohexane | 43261 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 34 | Methylcyclopentane | 43262 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 35 | 2-Methylhexane | 43263 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 36 | 1-Butene | 43280 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 37 | 2,3-Dimethylbutane | 43284 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 38 | 2-Methylpentane | 43285 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 39 | 2,3-Dimethylpentane | 43291 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 40 | n-Undecane | 43954 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 41 | 2-Methylheptane | 43960 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |

Continued

APPENDIX D: OZONE PRECURSORS (Continued)

| | AQS Parameter | Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|----|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 42 | m/p Xylene | 45109 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 43 | m/p Ethyltoluene | 45116 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 44 | Benzene | 45201 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 45 | Toluene | 45202 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 46 | Ethylbenzene | 45203 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 47 | o-Xylene | 45204 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 48 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 45207 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 49 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 45208 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 50 | n-Propylbenzene | 45209 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 51 | Isopropylbenzene | 45210 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 52 | o-Ethyltoluene | 45211 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 53 | m-Ethyltoluene | 45212 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 54 | p-Ethyltoluene | 45213 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 55 | m-Diethylbenzene | 45218 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 56 | p-Diethylbenzene | 45219 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 57 | Styrene | 45220 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |
| 58 | 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | 45225 | Agilent-Markes | Auto-GC-FID | 078 |

APPENDIX E: BTEX COMPOUNDS

| Parameter | AQS Parameter Code | Sampling Instrument | Method of Analysis | AQS Method Code |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | |
| Benzene | 45201 | Syntech Spectras BTEX analyzer GC 955 | Gas Chromatography | 092 |
| Toluene | 45202 | Syntech Spectras BTEX analyzer GC 955 | Gas Chromatography | 092 |
| Ethylbenzene | 45203 | Syntech Spectras BTEX analyzer GC 955 | Gas Chromatography | 092 |
| m,p-Xylene | 45109 | Syntech Spectras BTEX analyzer GC 955 | Gas Chromatography | 092 |
| o-Xylene | 45204 | Syntech Spectras BTEX analyzer GC 955 | Gas Chromatography | 092 |