PROVISIONS FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED AGREEMENTS

I. Required Certification
The Grantee shall include the following certification, signed by an official who is authorized to legally bind the Grantee, with the submission of any annual or final fiscal report, as well as with the submission of any voucher requesting payment pursuant to this agreement:

“By signing this report, I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that the report is true, complete, and accurate, and the expenditures, disbursements, and cash receipts are for the purposes and objectives set forth in the terms and conditions of the Federal award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information, or the omission of any material fact, may subject me to criminal, civil or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise. (U.S. Code Title 18, Section 1001 and Title 31, Sections 3729-3730 and 3801-3812).”

II. Requirement for Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number
No entity, as defined at 2 CFR Part 25, Subpart C, may receive a subaward from the Department unless the entity has provided its DUNS Number to the Department.

III. Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Reporting
A. The Grantee shall report the names and total compensation of each of the Grantee’s five most highly compensated executives for the Grantee’s preceding completed fiscal year, if:

1. In the Grantee’s preceding fiscal year, the Grantee received:
   i. 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined in 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and
   ii. $25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts), and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act (and subawards); and

2. The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code for 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information see U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm.)

B. Such reporting shall be made, to the Department, upon the Grantee's execution of this agreement.

C. Definitions applicable to this reporting requirement can be found at Appendix A to 2 CFR Part 170.

IV. Debarment and Suspension
A. The Grantee shall fully comply with Subpart C of 2 CFR Part 180 – Responsibilities of Participants Regarding Transactions Doing Business with Other Persons and, further, pass the requirement to comply to each person with whom the Grantee enters into a covered transaction at the next lowest tier.

B. The Grantee acknowledges that failing to disclose information as required at 2 CFR 180.355 may result in the delay or negation of this agreement, or pursuit of legal remedies, including suspension and debarment.

V. Restrictions on Lobbying
A. The Grantee agrees to fully comply with the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment (31 U.S.C. 1352) and the appropriate Federal Agency Regulations for Grants and Agreements and Federal Agency Regulations, whichever would be applicable under Federal law, with respect to New Restrictions on Lobbying.

B. The Grantee and all lower tier subrecipients shall include the following language in the award documents for all
subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements). The Grantee and all lower tier subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly:

1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form LLL, “Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying”, in accordance with its instructions.

C. Grantees and their subcontractors that apply or bid for an award exceeding $100,000 must file the enclosed Certification Regarding Lobbying. Each tier certifies to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Each tier must also disclose any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award. Accordingly, Standard Form LLL, if required at any tier, shall ultimately be forwarded to the Department.

VI. Trafficking Victim Protection Prohibition Statement
A. As a subrecipient of a Federal award, the Grantee, if a private entity, must comply with the following award term:

1. You as the recipient, your employees, subrecipients under this award, and subrecipients' employees may not:
   i. Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect;
   ii. Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect; or
   iii. Use forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

VII. Eligible Workers
A. The Grantee shall ensure that all employees complete the I-9 form to certify that they are eligible for lawful employment under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a). The Grantee shall comply with regulations regarding certification and retention of the completed forms. These requirements also apply to any contract or supplemental instruments awarded under this agreement.

B. The Grantee agrees to make these forms available in accordance with the access to records and record retention provisions of this agreement.

VIII. Drug Free Workplace Compliance
If applicable, the Grantee certifies that it shall comply with the Drug Free Workplace Act of 1988, as amended, 2 CFR Part 182 – Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Financial Assistance), and the appropriate Federal Agency Regulations for Grants and Agreements, whichever would be applicable under Federal law, regarding Drug Free Workplace compliance. Further, the Grantee shall require compliance, if applicable, from contractors, subcontractors, subrecipients, or third parties otherwise providing services.

IX. Equal Employment Opportunity
If this agreement constitutes a Federally assisted construction contract, or modification thereof, as defined in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor at 41 CFR Chapter 60, then:
A. During the performance of this agreement, the Grantee agrees as follows:

1. The Grantee will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The Grantee will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following:

   Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Grantee agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The Grantee will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Grantee, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

3. The Grantee will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee’s essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer or is consistent with the Grantee’s legal duty to furnish information.

4. The Grantee will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers’ representatives of the contractor’s commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

5. The Grantee will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.

6. The Grantee will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to its books, records, and accounts by the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

7. In the event of the Grantee’s noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Grantee may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts or Federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

8. The Grantee will include the portion of the sentence immediately preceding Subparagraph (A)(1) and the provisions of Subparagraphs (A)(1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Grantee will take such action with respect to an subcontract or purchase
order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance:
Provided, however, that in the event the Grantee becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the administering agency, the Grantee may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

X. Federal Labor Standards
To the extent applicable, the Grantee shall comply with Federal Labor Standards, including:

1. The Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, “Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction”). In accordance with the statute, the Grantee and its subcontractors, where applicable, are required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, the Grantee and its subcontractors, where applicable, are required to pay wages not less than once a week. If the prevailing wage rate prescribed for any craft by the United States Secretary of Labor is not the same as the prevailing wage rate prescribed for that craft by the New Jersey Department of Labor, the Grantee and its subcontractors, where applicable, shall pay the higher rate.

General wage determinations issued under Davis-Bacon and related acts, published by the US Department of Labor, may be obtained from the Wage Determinations online website at https://www.wdol.gov.dbas.aspx. The Federal wage determinations in effect at the time of this award are part of this agreement. The Grantee hereby accepts the wage determinations and agrees that its award of any subcontract under this agreement shall be conditioned upon the subcontractor’s acceptance of the wage determinations.

2. The Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor Regulations (29 CFR Part 3, “Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States”). The Act provides that each Grantee and its subcontractors, where applicable, must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled.

3. The Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708). The Grantee and its subcontractors, where applicable, shall comply with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor Regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, the Grantee and its subcontractors must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.

XI. Rights to Inventions
If the Federal award meets the definition of “funding agreement” under 37 CFR 401.2(a) and the Grantee or its subrecipients at any tier wish to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that “funding agreement,” the Grantee or subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements,” and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.

XII. Environmental Regulatory Compliance
A. The Grantee shall not begin any implementation work under this agreement until the required environmental review process, if applicable, is completed in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). 42
U.S.C. 4321, et seq., its implementing regulations, 40 CFR Part 1500-1508, and other applicable Federal Agency NEPA requirements. Further, the Grantee shall not begin any implementation work under this agreement until compliance with the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1531, et seq., and the National Historic Preservation Act, 16 U.S.C. 470, et seq., if applicable, is completed.

B. The Grantee shall comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

XIII. Procurement of Recovered Materials
Any Grantee that is an agency of a political subdivision of a State and its contractors must comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (42 U.S.C. 6962). The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR Part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of an item exceeds $10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired during the preceding fiscal year exceeded $10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.

XIV. Federal Funding of Conferences
The Grantee certifies that no Federal funds shall be used to sponsor or fund in whole or in part a meeting, convention, conference, or training seminar that is conducted in, or that otherwise uses the rooms, facilities or services of, a place of public accommodation that does not meet the requirements of the fire prevention and control guidelines described in section 29 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2225).