

Greater Amberjack

Seriola dumerili



Description:

- brownish in color (darker above and whitish below)
- often a broad, diffuse, yellowish stripe along mid-side
- dark olive-brown stripe extends from snout through the eye and ends where the spinous dorsal fin begins
- head bluntly shaped
- more slender than most jacks
- ♦ tailfin is lunate/moon-shaped
- 7 spines on dorsal fin

Size:

• up to 5 feet and 176 pounds, averages 20 pounds

Range:

 Massachusetts to southeastern Brazil, nearly worldwide in warm waters

Facts:

- eats smaller fish, squid, and crustaceans
- females tend to live longer than males
- spawning occurs offshore
- largest of the Amberjacks
- are edible, but usually not a preferred eating fish
- fast-swimming predators

GREATER AMBERJACK CATCH TOTALS

Year	Total
1983	1
Grand Total	1

*greater amberjacks were only caught during the year shown