Using Project Learning Tree and Project WILD at sites described in the

New Jersey Wildlife Viewing Guide

The **New Jersey Wildlife Viewing Guide** describes 87 of the most interesting places in New Jersey from a wildlife habitat standpoint. Many of these sites offer exciting, educationally-stimulating programs that focus on local wildlife, natural and cultural history at a reasonable price. At sites without an interpretive program you can create your own natural history program by using activities from **Project Learning Tree** and **Project WILD**. This document gives some suggestions for activities you can use at the various sites. Be sure to call the phone number listed in the **Viewing Guide** for each site to verify bus parking and other particulars, and to avoid scheduling conflicts.

Project Learning Tree correlations begin on page 2; Project WILD on page 8. The key of site numbers begins on page 11.





Sponsored by N.J. Department of Environmental Protection

Project Learning Tree Correlation for the Sites in the New Jersey Wildlife Viewing Guide

Project Learning Tree Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
1. The Shape of Things	Identify common shapes appearing in nature.	1,2,5,6,8,9,13,21,34,37, 41,44,45,47,54,56,58,59, 62,64,68,71
2. Get in Touch With Trees	Become aware of how the bark of trees varies in texture. Describe textures found in leaves and tree parts.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76
3. The Peppermint Bottle	Describe various ways animals use their sense of smell.	52 (trail for visually impaired)
7. Habitat Pen Pals	Explain the relationship between climate, conditions and habitat. Identify relationships between organisms within habitats. Distinguish between kinds of animals that can and can't live in a habitat.	1,2,5,6,8,9,13,21,34,37, 41,44,45,47,54,56,58,59, 62,64,68,71
8. The Forest of ST Shrew	Identify microhabitats in the forest by drawing pictures and writing a story	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76
9. Planet of Plenty	Investigate the diversity of plants and animals. Explain the value of diversity of life forms in an ecosystem.	1,2,5,6,8,9,13,21,34,37, 41,44,45,47,54,56,58,59, 62,64,68,71
11. Can it Be Real?	Study the characteristics of unusual plants and animals. Describe how plants and animals are adapted to particular environmental conditions.	8,10,13,20,34,69,80

Project Learning Tree Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
12. Tree Treasurers	Identify and categorize products from trees. Find out which products are recyclable or reusable. Recommend actions for conserving forest resou	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76 rces.
13. We All Need Trees	Examine various products and determine which ones are made from trees. Describe ways trees are used to make and how these products can be conserved. Explore methods for recycling and reusing products.	Same as immediately above ducts.
16. Pass the Plants Please	Identify edible plant parts and give examples of each. Describe how plants are used to make various kinds of foods. Discuss the importance of plants in people's diets.	1,2,5,6,8,9,13,21,34,37, 41,44,45,47,54,56,58,59, 62,64,68,71
20. Environmental Exchange Box	Describe the products and characteristics of a region. Discuss the similarities and the differences between regions with respect to these character	All istics.
21. Adopt a Tree	Describe a self selected "tree" which they have chosen for adoption. Identify relationships between their tree and organisms in the environment.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76
22. Trees as Habitats	Take an inventory of plants/animals that live on, in and near a tree. Identify the interdependence of these plants and	Same as immediately above.
23. The Fallen Log	Identify some of the organisms that live Same as immediately above. on, in and under fallen logs. Explain how those organisms depend on the dead wood for survival.	

Project Learning Tree Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
24. Nature's Recycles	Understand and describe the process of 1,2,3,4, decomposition. Explain the functions of scavengers and 41,44,4 decomposes.	15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40,
27. Every Tree for Itself	Simulate how trees compete for survival. Describe how varying amounts of light, 15,17,2 water and nutrients affect a tree's growth.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76
29. Rain Reasons	Explain how variations in water, light and temperature affect plant growth. Describe how precipitation and geography affect plant and animal species in a particular region.	All
30. Three Cheers for Trees	Describe ways in which trees benefit people.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14,15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64,65,68,71,72,76
31. Plant a Tree	Identify ways that urban trees enrich our lives. Determine how people care for urban trees. Identify areas which would benefit from tree pl	11,27,28,29,30, 31,32,33,47,60
32. A Forest of Many Uses	Conduct an urban tree planting project. Identify ways people use forest resources. Explain that forests are managed in order to provide for human needs. Explain how different uses can be accommodated in one forest.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76,
33. Forest Consequences	Evaluate the options for managing forest land. 1,2,3,4, Make a land use decision and explore the consequences of this decision.	,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76
34. Who Works in the Forest?	Explore forest related careers.	Same as immediately above.

Project Learning Tree Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
35. Loving it Too Much	Explain how park visitors, their actions 1,2,5,6 inside and outside the park boundaries can affect the ecosystem of the park.	,8,9,13,21,34,37, 41,44,45,47,54,56,58,59, 62,64,68,71
36. Pollution Search	Identify forms of pollution and the effects of pollution. Identify the relationship between human action and various types of pollution.	11,27,28,29,30, 31,32,33,47,60
37. Talking Trash, Not!	Analyze the solid waste they generate over a period of time. Describe what happens to various types of was Design and implement a plan to reduce maintaining water quality.	30 te.
48. Field, Forest and Stream	Identify and measure components in three different ecosystems. Describe similarities and differences among the Identify ways the abiotic components affect the	
54. I'd Like to Visit a Place Where	Describe the characteristics of their favorite recreational area. Explain the importance of recreational areas to	All people and other things.
56. We Can Work it Out	Develop solutions to land use problems in urban settings.	11,27,28,29,30, 31,32,33,47,60
61. The Closer You Look	Describe the overall structure of a tree and its principal parts.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64,
64. Looking at Leaves	Describe how leaf shape, size and other characteristics vary from tree to tree. Explain how particular types of trees can be identified by their leaves.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76

Project Learning Tree Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
65. Bursting Buds	Explain the purpose of a tree's buds and their relationship to leaves.	Same as immediately above.
66. Germinating Giants	Measure physical characteristics of at least three different trees. Compare measurements and conclusions abo	Same as immediately above.
67. How Big is Your Tree?	Measure and compare tree parts.	Same as immediately above.
68. Name That Tree	Identify several trees using various structural characteristics.	Same as immediately above.
69. Forest for the Trees	Participate in a simulation designed to teach how forest resources are managed. Simulate managing a piece of land for various	Same as immediately above.
71. Watch on Wetlands	Study a wetland ecosystem and analyze 43,46,47,48,49,50,51,73,74,75, the issues and opinions relating to 76,77,78,79,81,82,83,84,85,86,87	
76. Tree Cookies	the management and protection of wetlands Identify heartwood, sapwood and a tree's annual rings. Infer from a tree's rings what damage or stress might have occurred in its life. Make a time line of human history that coinci	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76
77. Trees in Trouble	Cite factors that can cause trees to become un Describe symptoms of unhealthy trees. Compare environmental conditions that affec human health and plant health. Identify people or agencies that care for trees	t both
78. Signs of Fall	Describe some of the differences between deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify patterns in the changing seasons. Understand why leaves of deciduous trees change color in the fall.	1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,13,14, 15,17,21,22,25,27,35,36,37,40, 41,44,45,55,56,57,58,59,62,64, 65,68,71,72,76

Project Learning Tree Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to Any
79. Tree Life cycle	Diagram the life cycle of a tree. Compare a tree life cycle to a human life-cycle. Explain the role each stage of a tree's life plays in the forest ecosystem.	Same as immediately above.
80. Nothing Succeeds Like Succession	Explain how relationships between species diversity and ecosystem stability. Identify successional stages in ecosystems based animal species. Draw conclusions about the process of succession plots in different stages of succession.	-
83. Reduce, Reuse and Recycle	Learn about ways to reduce solid waste in the community by reducing consump products, recycling materials and composting, a others the importance of recycling in their community.	
87. Earth Manners	Express appropriate ways to treat living things and to act in forests, parks and other natural areas.	All
88. Life on the Edge	Identify environmental factors that can cause species to become endangered. Research the current status of several endangered plants or animals. Present persuasive arguments for the protection of a particular plant or animal species.	1,2,5,6,8,9,10,13,21,34,37, 41,44,45,47,54,56,58,59, 62,63,64,68,69,71

Project WILD Correlation for the Sites in the **New Jersey Wildlife Viewing Guide**

Project WILD Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to Any
1. Wildlife is Everywhere	State that humans and wildlife share environments. Generalize that wildlife is present everywhere.	All
2. Microtrek Treasure Hunt	State that humans and wildlife share environments. Demonstrate that humans do not have exclusive use of environments. Generalize that wildlife can be all around us even we do not actually see it.	All
3. My Kingdom for a Shelter	Identify and describe the materials and techniques used by at least one wild animal to construct its shelter.	All
4 Litter We Know	Identify and evaluate ways that litter pollution can endanger wildlife. Propose ways they can help eliminate	All e dangers.
5. Tracks!	Students will be able to identify common animal tracks.	All
6. Habitrekking	Summarize evidence about the nature of habitats. Generalize from evidence that people and wildlife have similar basic needs, share environments and are subject to the same or similar environmental problems,	All
7. Learning to Look	Describe differences seen in an environment as the result of casual and detailed observation. Give reasons for importance of looking closely at any environment.	All or the
8. WILD Words, Journal	Observe and describe their surroundings particularly in an outdoor setting.	All
9. Animal Poetry	Recognize and experience the inspirational valu wildlife.	e of All
10. Seed Need	Explain how seeds are carried by animals. Evaluate the importance of wildlife as contributors to ecological systems based on seed dispersal.	4,5,7, 19, 20, 21, 26, 38, 41, 45, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 72

Project WILD Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
11. Environmental Barometer	Observe and count wildlife in an area. Discuss why the wildlife is or is not present. Consider ways in which the presence of wildlife can be an indicator of environmental quality.	All
12. Drawing on Nature	Generalize that wildlife is an important inspiration for art and science.	All
13. Photos Keep it Happening	Interpret the importance of wildlife as an inspiration for art.	All
14. Wild Edible Plants	Identify at least one native edible plant. Describe the relationship between wild pants and cultivated plants.	All
15. Graphananimal	Identify characteristic life forms in 2 different environment	ents. All
16. Forest in a Jar	Observe and describe succession. Summarize what they have learned about how environments can change.	2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 16, 18, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 39, 46, 51, 52, 54, 57, 58, 59, 63, 64, 71, 72, 75, 83, 85
17. Pond Succession	Recognize that natural environments are involved in a process of continual change. Discuss the concept of succession. Describe succession as an 58, 59, example of the process of change in natural environments and apply understanding o the concept by drawing a series of pictures showing stages in pond succession.	2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 16, 18, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 39, 46, 51, 52, 54, 57, 63, 64, 71, 72, 75, 83, 85
18. The Thicket Game	Define adaptation in animals and generalize that any Reall animals are adapted to survive.	gion I, Ii, IV, VI site and 25, 28, 29, 31, 33, 41, 44, 45, 62, 63, 64, 68, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 83, 85
19. Quick Frozen Critters	Discuss predator/prey relationships including adaptations. describe the importance of adaptations in predator/ prey relations.	All

Project WILD Activity	Objectives - SWDTAT	Site Number or Applicable to All
20. Oh Deer!	Identify and describe food, water and shelter as the three essential components of habitat. Describe the importance of good habitat to wildlife. Define limiting factors and give examples. Recognize that some fluctuations in wildlife populations are natural as ecological systems undergo constant change.	All
21. Smoky Bear Said What?	Identify positive and negative consequence of forest and grassland fires. Describe some of the changes fire can make in an ecosystem.	54, 55, 56, 57, 58
22. Fire Ecologies	Identify, Describe and evaluate some possible positive and negative effects on wildlife that result from forest and grassland fires.	54, 55, 56, 57, 58
23. Bird Song Survey	Identify and describe the importance of bird counting as one means of inventorying wildlife populations.	All

Project Learning Tree/Project WILD

Correlation for the Sites in the

New Jersey Wildlife Viewing Guide

South Branch Reservation and Echo Hill

Environmental Education Center

22

		24	Palisades Interstate Park and Alpine Boat Basin
Nu	mber Site Name	25	Tenafly Nature Center
114	inder Site I value	26	Celery Farm Conservation Area
1	Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area	27	Morris Canal Park and Nature Preserve
2	High Point State Park and Stokes State Forest	28	Trailside Nature and Science Center
3	Wallkill National Wildlife Refuge	29	Lenape Park
4	Whittingham Wildlife Management Area	30	Hackensack Meadowlands Development
5	Pequest Wildlife Management Area		Commission Environment Center
6	Worthington State Forest	31	Liberty State Park
7	Merrill Creek Reservoir	32	Dismal Swamp
8	Waywayanda State Park	33	Highland Avenue Woods Reserve
9	Weis Ecology Center and Norvin Green State	34	Bull's Island Recreation Area in Delaware and
Ü	Park		Raritan Canal State Park
10	Wildcat Ridge Wildlife Management Area	35	South Branch Reservation - Assiscong Marsh
11	Black River Wildlife Management Area		Natural Area
12	Great Swamp Area	36	Sourland Mountain Nature Reserve
13	Ringwood State Park	37	Washington Crossing State Park
14	Longpond Ironworks State Park	38	Stony Brook Millstone Watershed Association
15	Appalachian Trail Pochuk Creek Crossing	39	Assunpink Wildlife Management Area
16	Newark-Pequannock Watershed	40	Roosevelt Woodland Trail
17	Pyramid Mountain Natural Historical Area	41	Cheesequake State Park
18	Saffin's Pond	42	Raritan Bayshore Viewing Area
19	Fairview Farm Wildlife Preserve	43	Gateway NRA, Sandy Hook
20	Willowwood Arboretum and Bamboo Outdoor	44	Hartshorne Woods Park
~0	Education Center	45	Huber Woods Park
21	Spruce Run and Round Valley Recreation Areas	46	Coastal Ponds - Lake Takanassee

<u>Nu</u>mber

Site Name

Musconetcong River Reservation Point

Mountain Section

Number	Site Name	Number	Site Name
47	Cattus Island County Park	72	Tuckahoe Wildlife Management Area
48	Island Beach State Park and Barnegat	73	Cape May National Wildlife Refugee
	Lighthouse State Park	74	William D and Jane C Blair, Jr., Cape May
49	Great Bay Boulevard WMA		Migratory Bird Refugee
50	Edwin B. Forsythe National Wildlife Refuge	75	Higbee Beach Wildlife Management Area
51	Manasquan Reservoir	76	Cape May National Wildlife Refuge
52	Wells Mills County Park	77	Shorebird Viewing Area
53	Dot and Brooks Evert Memorial Nature Trail	78	Dennis Creek Wildlife Management Area
54	Whitesbog Village Lebanon State Forest	79	Heislerville Wildlife Management Area
55	Greenwood Forest Wildlife Management Area	80	Morie Sand Company
56	Wharton State Forest	81	Egg Island Wildlife Management Area
57	Stafford Forge Wildlife Management Area	82	Bayside
58	Lebanon State Forest	83	Bridgeton City Park
59	Atlantic County Park	84	Gateway to the Maurice National Scenic and
60	Hamilton-Trenton Marsh Viewing Area		Recreational River
61	Taylor's Wildlife Preserve	85	Peaslee Wildlife Management Area
62	Rancocas Nature Center	86	Ocean City Viewing Areas
63	Greenwald Memorial Park and Pennypacker	87	Wetlands Institute
	Park of Camden County Parks		
64	Washington Lake Park		
65	Fort Mott State Park		
66	Salem River Wildlife Management Area		
67	Abbots Meadow Wildlife Management Area		
68	Parvin State Park		
69	Stow Creek Viewing Area		
70	Moore's Beach Heislerville Wildlife		
	Management Area		
71	Belleplain State Forest		