

State of New Jersey DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT LANCE R. MILLER, DIRECTOR

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MEMORANDUM

TO:	Linda Grayson, Chief Bureau of Planning and Assessment		
FROM:	Doug Stuart, Acting Chief Bureau of Compliance and Technical Service		
SUBJECT:	Responsible Party Investigation		
	Foundry Street Complex (AKA Arkansas Chemical, Eummel Chemical) 185 Foundry Street, Newark, NJ		

The Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services' Special Investigation Section has prepared the attached Responsible Party Investigation Summary for the subject case to assist the Bureau of Planning and Assessment in its site evaluation.

Please be advised that referenced key documents are maintained in this bureau's files. Should you have any questions in this matter, do not hesitate to contact me at (609) 633-0708.

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FOUNDRY STREET COMPLEX AKA ARKANSAS CHEMICAL AND HUMMEL CHEMICAL

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The Foundry Street Complex consists of six separate parcels of land, Lots 4 (Block 5005); Lot 5 (Block 5005); Lot 6 (Block 5005); Lot 10 (Block 5005); Lot 21 (Block 5005); and Lot 22 (Block 5005), see Attachment 1. The site is located in the Iron Bound Section of Newark and is situated between Foundry Street on the east, the former Manufactures Railroad on the west, and Roanoke Avenue on the north. Bordering the southern portion of the site is the New Jersey Turnpike.

Approximately 30 small buildings are situated throughout the complex. The buildings are separated by narrow driveways which have strip-like drains in the middle of the lane. These drains are connected to an industrial sever line on Roanoke Avenue and receive surface water run-off and industrial discharge from companies in the complex. The complex is easily accessible

Historically, the Foundry Street Complex has been occupied by a variety of chemical manufacturing industries. One of the first known companies associated with the site was Central Dysatuff and Chemical Company (CDC), a New Jarsey Corporation. CDC acquired the property in three different and part of the premises known as Plum Point Lane duly vacated by the City of Newark. CDC manufactured color spacialties which included oranges, fast variety of colors and dyes used for cakes, varnishes, inks, stains, straw, leather, etc.

On August 13, 1930, Central Dyestuff and Chemical Company merged with Consolidated Color and Chemical Company (CCC). The latter name was retained by the new corporation which continued to operate on site.

In January of 1936, Arkansas Company, Inc., a New York Corporation, executed a three year lease for space in buildings designated as #16, #24, #26, #27, #28, #32 and #35 with CCC. Consolidated Color and Chemical gave Arkansas the sole right and option to purchase the demised property. However, this option expired on October 31, 1938. After executing the lease with Arkansas, CCC changed their name to H.A. Hetz & Company Inc., a New Jersey Corporation, on March 2, 1936. H.A. Hetz & Company name was changed to Roanoke, Inc., a New Jersey Corporation, on Hay 24, 1937.

In January, 1939, Roanoke, Inc. sold the property which now consists of Lots 4, 5, 21 and 22 to Chemical Industries, Inc. for a sum of \$10.00.

Prior to the sale of the premises, a ten year lease which became effective February 1, 1939, was negotiated between Arkansas Company, Inc., Chemical Industries, Inc. and Roanoke Inc. Arkansas Company's new lease still contained the right and option to purchase the premises which expired on November 1, 1943. Apparently, Arkansas and Chemical Industries, Inc. had negotiated the sale of the property before the November 1 deadline. The

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sale was finalized on December 27, 1943. The Newark Tax Map now designates this property as Lot 5 (Block 5005).

ARKANSAS COMPANY, INC.

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Arkansas Company, Inc. (Arkansas Chemical) manufactured textile chemicals at the facility which included chelating agents, dye carriers, emulsifying agents, fire retardants, fungicides, resin finishes and water repellents.

In 1975, Arkansas was issued a Notice of Violation (NOV) by the U.S. EPA, Region II, for failure to implement a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan for a 20,000 gallon storage tank containing No. 6 fuel oil. It is not known if any penalties were assessed against Arkansas for the violation.

Arkansas Chemical sold the property (Lot 5) to Galaxy, Inc. on February 23, 1978, but continued to operate on the premises as a tenant. The City of Newark foreclosed upon the property, for unpaid taxes, in September of 1983. Both Arkansas and Galaxy, Inc. subsequently filed for bankruptcy, under Chapter 11, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of New Jersey.

Sometime thereafter, Arkansas Chemical ceased operations at the facility. NJDEP personnel discovered approximately 250 abandoned 55 gallon drums on the property during a site inspection on April 30, 1984. Labels found on the drums indicated that they contained benzene chloride, perchloroethylene, methanol, silane, isophorondiisocyanate, lactic acid and polyethylene glycol. Some of the drums were noted leaking their contents. Oil spillage was discovered on the rear portion of the property where open containers of petroleum products were stored.

The Division of Waste Management (DWM) issued a Directive Letter to Arkansas on September 21, 1984. Arkansas was directed pursuant to the Spill Compensation and Control Act, to immediately initiate remedial measures at the site which included: Securing access onto the site; listing all materials stored on site within fourteen days upon receipt of the directive; and properly removing and disposing of all containers and contaminated soil in accordance with Department regulation.

Howard S. Greenberg, registered agent for Arkansas, informed the NJDEP by letter dated October 3, 1984, that remedial contractors were being sought. A supplemental letter dated October 23, 1984, provided the names of potential contractors which included: Atlantic Remedial Constructors, Inc., Clean Venture, Inc. and Rollins Field Service, Inc. The letter also stated that Elson T. Killian Associates had been hired to oversee cleanup activities. A cleanup proposal was submitted by Clean Venture, Inc. in November, 1984.

Approximately 500 additional drums were discovered in building No. 28 during a subsequent inspection. Many of the drums were labeled for corrosive, flammable and poisonous materials. An unspecified number of five gallon pails were also found in an outdoor shed.

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The United States Bankruptcy Court authorized funds to secure the drums. On January 3, 1985, Cycle Chem commenced cleanup operations by moving drums located in the outside yard into building No. 28A. This phase of the cleanup was completed on the following day. No further actions were taken in this response.

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CWC Realty Company made a "contract of sale" for Lot 5, with Galaxy, Inc. on May 10, 1985. The sale of the property never occurred due to a potential costly cleanup.

In 1986, the City of Newark took steps to secure the buildings of Arkansas Company, Inc. Such efforts proved to be ineffective. Vandals routinely broke into the buildings and ware responsible for a fire which occurred at the facility. The buildings on the property began to deteriorate due to leaks in the roof. This allowed rain to enter the buildings and caused drums stored inside to corrode and release their contents.

The USEPA Region II Technical Assistance Team took control of the Arkansas Chemical facility in January, 1987. A cleanup commenced shortly thereafter and continued over the next two years. By February 2, 1989, all hazardous materials which consisted of base neutrals compounds, acids, cyanides, flammables, peroxides, halogenated organics, oxidizers and organics were removed from the facility. EPA's response did not include remediation of contaminated soils and ground water.

LOT 4, BLOCK 5005

Kem Realty Company purchased Lot 4 (Block 5005), 96-144 Roanoke Avenue, from Chemical Industries Inc. on Hay 8, 1962. The City of Newark subsequently approved a subdivision of the lot on January 6, 1964. Approximately 0.87 acres was taken from the northeast corner of Lot 4 and designated as Lot 21 (Block 5005).

HUMMEL LANOLIN CORPORATION

Hummel Lanolin Corporation (HLC), a wholly owned subsidiary of Croda Inc., EFA ID #NJD002175016, manufactures lanolin and lanolin derivatives used as formulation aids for the cosmetic industry. HLC began operating on the property as a tenant in the late fifties.

On February 28, 1964, Hummel Lanolin purchased Lot 21 from Kem Realty. The property contained a single building that was built in 1947 by Chemical Industries, Inc. Apparently, this building was once used to store food and flavor ingredients by Maschmeirer Aromatics, before it was occupied by HLC. In 1964, a warehouse was constructed and an extension was made to this warehouse in 1969-1970.

HLC blended mixtures of lanolin and lanolin derivatives with mineral oils, paraffin waxes, fatty acids, and alcohols. The manufacturing of lanolin involved four stages. Wool grease was first heated until it became a liquid and sodium chloride, citric acid, and trisodium EDTA were then added. Next, hot water was sprayed over the mixture which settled overnight. Fatty acids contained in the mixture were neutralized with isopropanol, soda ash, and caustic soda solution. The mixture was then aggregated and allowed to

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settle overnight once again. Upon completion of this process, the product was ready for washing and bleaching. In this stage, soap stock and interface used to clean the lanolin were drawn off the mixture and pumped to a tank for subsequent treatment. The remaining grease was washed a second time to remove any residual soap and allowed to air dry. A hydrogen peroxide solution was then used to bleach the wool grease.

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Soap stock and wash water generated from the manufacturing process were neutralized with either sulfuric acid or hydrochloric acid to free water insoluble fatty acids. The fatty acids would float to the surface and the remaining acid solution was pumped to another tank where it was neutralized with caustic soda or soda ash to a pH of 5.5. The neutralization solution was discharged into the Passaic Valley Sewerage Authority. Fatty acids recovered from the neutralization process were recycled in lanolin derivatives.

In September of 1986, Hummel Lanolin Corporation entered into an "Agreement of Sale" of the premises with Custom Foil Company, Division of CWC Industries. The prospective sale of the property activated the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act. Consequently, HLC hired Dames & Moore, an environmental consultant, to investigate the property and determine if any potential sources of contamination existed on site. The location of a former underground storage tank was one of the major environmental concerns of the ECRA investigation. Borings made in the vicinity of the tank revealed the presence of petroleum hydrocarbon (PHC) contamination. Soil samples collected at a depth of 5.0 - 5.5 feet tank. Dames & Moore attributed the contamination to spillage from tank refilling operations. Base neutral compounds (B/N) were also detected in three of the soil samples taken near the tank.

The presence of B/Ns warranted further investigation and a ground water investigation was conducted by Dames & Moore. During the installation of monitoring wells in the area of the former underground storage tank, a black sludge like material was encountered in the location of monitoring well #1. A soil sample collected from a soil boring made near this monitoring well on August 13, 1987 contained volatile organic compounds (VOC), B/Ns, pasticides (i.e. Beta BHC and delta BHC) and priority pollutant metals. Dames & Moore concluded that the contamination was probably due to a leak in the sewer line which passes underneath the property and receives waste from an electroplating company (Automatic Electro-Plating) located upgradient of the sewer line.

Additional sampling was conducted to determine if the contamination was from an on site or off site source. Six soil borings (B1-B6) were made throughout the southwest portion of Lot 21 and one sediment sample was collected from a manhole in the sewer line located upgradient of HLC's process building. The soil samples and sediment sample contained VOCs, metals, and PHC. B/Ns and pesticides (i.e. heptaclor, aldrin, 4-4' DDT) were only detected in the soil samples.

Floor drains in the process building were also investigated as a potential source of contamination. A soil sample (BSW-1) was collected from beneath a floor drain in the southwest corner of the process building in September,

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1988. The drain was the closest to where the sludge contamination existed and contained VOCs, B/N and metals below ECRA action levels. The floor drains were determined not to be a source of the sludge material.

A third possible source investigated was Hummel Lanolin's drainage basin. The basin was used to collect effluent samples before being discharged into the industrial sever system. The basin and pipe connected to the sever was cleaned out on October 14, 1988. During the clean out, a black liquid flowed into the basin from the industrial sever line. Dames & Moore collected one sludge sample (WC-1) and one liquid sample (WC-2). Both samples contained VOCs, PHCs and total cyanide. Sulfides and corrosivity were below EPA maximum levels. Sample WC-1 also contained five B/Ns, below method detection limits, and priority pollutant metals (i.e. cadmium, copper, lead and zinc). Similar metals were detected in the upgradient manhole in the main industrial sewer. It should be noted that the drainage basin is located downgradient of the sludge contamination. The sludge contamination was determined to originate from an off site source (i.e. via the industrial sewer).

LOT 22, BLOCK 5005

A major subdivision of Lot 4 (Block 5005), was approved by the City of Newark, Central Planning Board, on March 1, 1971. Consequently, Lot 22, 159-169 Foundry Street, was formed from the southern portion of Lot 4. Kem Realty Company conveyed this new parcel containing approximately 1.65 acres to the Foundry Street Corporation on May 3, 1971. The Foundry Street Corporation leases the property to Automatic Electro-Plating Corporation, Sun Chemical Corporation, and Fleet Auto Electric.

SUN CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Sun Chemical Corporation (Sun), Pigment Division, EPA ID #NJD002458842, manufactures quincridone pigments in buildings #23, #31, #32, #33 and #34 located on the eastern portion of Lot 22 (See Attachment 2). Polychrome Corporation, Cellomer Division, operated here prior to 1967.

Quinacridone pigments are highly colored, insoluble pigments, and range in color from red to violet. The pigments are used in the automobile industry, printing inks, and plastics. Quinacridones are produced by the cyclo dehydration of dianilino-terephthalic acids in polyphosphoric acid.

Sun uses two basic methods to produce red and violet pigments. The red pigment is made by mixing polyphosphoric acid and dianilino-terephthalic acid together and heated, to dehydrate the dianilino-terephthalic acid. The substance is pumped to another tank containing water and the slurry produced is heated under reflux, then pumped through a filter press where the crude pigment is collected. Effluent from the press which consists mainly of phosphoric acid, is pumped to a storage tank for subsequent removal off site. The crude pigment is refluxed a second time with glacial acetic acid and the finished product is pumped to a filter press for collection. Spent acid generated from this process is pumped to a tank where it is neutralized with caustic mode and discharged to the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission.

In producing violet pigment, polyphosphoric acid and dianilino-terephthalic acid are mixed together and heated, to dehydrate the dianilino-terephthalic acid. The remaining material is added to methyl alcohol and refluxed for several hours. Water is added and the mixture is distilled to recover some of the alcohol. The alcohol is later reused.

The mixture is pumped to a filter press where the pigment is collected. Effluent generated from the process, consisting of alcohol and phosphoric acid, is pumped to a neutralization tank for treatment with caustic soda. After the pH is adjusted, the effluent is discharged into PVSC. Magentapigments are made the same way except 2,5-di-p-toluidino-terephthalic acid or 2,5-di-(p-chloroanilino) telepathic acid is used as the starting material.

Originally, Sun Chemical was identified as a hazardous waste generator and TSD facility on their RCRA Part A application. TSD activities included storage in tanks (SO2) and treatment in tanks (TO1). In April of 1988, the Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering (BHWE) delisted the company's status to a generator only since waste were no longer stored on site for more than 90 days.

Sun is classified as a Industrial Waste Management Facility (IWNF) under the New Jersey Water Pollution Control Act, due to the on site neutralization of waste. Caustic soda is used to neutralize process effluent in two interconnected 1,500 gallon above ground storage tanks situated between Buildings #23 and #31. The treated effluent is discharged into a sump connected to an industrial sewer located on the adjacent property (Lot 4) owned by Norpak Corporation. Sun discharged its effluent into the strip drainage system located on the west side of the plant before the installation of the waste water treatment unit.

The Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission (PVSC) regulates the discharge under Permit #2040-1042 and requires the pH to be between 5.0 and 10.5. Sun is exempt from obtaining a NJPDES permit because it is considered an elementary neutralization unit. The facility qualifies as an elementary unit since the wastes neutralized are only considered hazardous due to the corrosivity characteristic.

Some of the company's hazardous waste is transported off site to Industrial Solvents in Pennsylvania. Industrial Solvents reclaims the solvent portion of the phosphoric acid and methanol/isopropanol mixture. This is sold back to Sun Chemical.

Sun Chemical Corporation entered an agreement for the sale of the Foundry Street facility with Sun/DIC Acquisition Corporation. In October, 1986, Recon Systems Inc. conducted sampling at the facility as part of a preliminary acquisition survey. Samples consisting of one soil, one sediment, and one swipe sample taken of an oily stain on the boiler room floor. The sediment and soil samples contained VOCs, PHCs, PCBs and priority pollutant metals. PCBs were detected in the swipe sample.

Consequently, both parties signed an ECRA Administrative Consent Order (ACO) on December 30, 1986. The ACO required Sun to install monitoring wells so that ground water quality could be investigated. Recon Systems Inc. collected ground water samples from three monitoring wells throughout the

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facility on September 19 and November 10, 1989. The sample results indicated that ground water was contaminated with VOCs, B/Ns, PHCs and priority pollutant metals. The concentrations detected exceeded ECRA action levels. However, the contamination appeared to be coming from an off site source.

As a result of potential off site contamination, five additional monitoring wells were installed at Sun Chemical. Ground water samples were collected from the eight monitoring wells on August 23, 1990. These samples contained elevated levels of VOCs, B/Ns, PHCs and priority pollutant metals.

The DWR, Bureau of Ground Water Control recommended that additional background sampling be conducted to verify off site sources of contamination in March of 1990. Recon Systems Inc. in an attempt to verify such sources, investigated the integrity of the drainage system (strip drains) and sewer system. Video inspection of the sewer system revealed that the sewer lines contained numerous cracks and separations between the pipes. The inspection also noted that the strip drains were connected to the sewer system on Sun's property.

On July 17, 1990, four sediment samples and one water sample was collected from catch basins and the sewer system on the property. The samples contained elevated levels of VOCs, B/Ns, organic acids, cyanides, and priority pollutant metals. Recon Systems Inc. investigative findings concluded that contamination could have migrated onto the facility through the drainage system and leaks in the sewer system.

It was also indicated that reoccurring flooding of the drainage system may have distributed past sources of contamination throughout the facility, resulting in the scattered pattern noted on the premises. Furthermore, "ground water contamination appeared to be a regional problem not directly attributable to Sun Chemical".

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The western portion of Lot 22 is occupied by Fleet Auto Electric and Automatic Electro-Plating Inc. (AEP). Fleet Auto Electric rebuilds electrical parts (i.e. generators, alternators for cars) in building #29 which is located immediately adjacent, and on the west side of Sun Chemical (See Attachment 2). The company has operated in the building since the early seventies.

AUTOHATIC ELECTRO-PLATING CORPORATION

Automatic Electro-Plating (AEP), EPA ID #NJD002445500 conducts an electroplating business in buildings #19, #21 and #22 (See Attachment 2). AEP has occupied these buildings since April, 1971. Tennant Chemical Company once operated in building #21 during the sixties.

The company performs nickel and zinc plating which incorporates two automated methods: RACK (metal parts suspended from racks), building #21, and BARREL (metal parts are placed in a polypropylene barrel) building #22. Both procedures are dipped in the various plating solutions and rinses. AEP

stores their dry chemicals in building #19. The yard south of building #19 is used to store acid carboys.

Several processes are done to prepare the metal parts for plating. The parts are first cleaned with an alkaline solution which is followed by a water rinse. Next, the parts are placed in a mild acid bath for surface activation and once again rinsed with water. From this process, the parts are submerged either in the zinc or nickel solution. The zinc solution consists of zinc chloride, potassium chloride and boric acid. The nickel solution consists of nickel sulfate, nickel chloride and boric acid. After the plating is completed, the parts are rinsed with water a final time and air dried.

Spent plating solutions are discharged from two outlets into the outside drains surrounding the production building. The drains flow to a sewer connection located near the northeast corner of building #21. Prior to discharge, the pH of the effluent is adjusted (neutralized) in house before it is released to the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission (PVSC) which regulates the discharge under permit #2040-1122. Automatic Electro-Plating's permit is effective until July 14, 1991.

In January of 1986, AEP was determined to be in violation of Sections 307 and 308 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Subsection 1317, and Subsection 1318. A Civil Action Suit (86-0920) was filed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region II. Gerald Borriello, President of AEP, signed a Consent Decree on April 15, 1987 for settlement of the pending actions. A \$100,000 penalty was paid for the violation by Automatic Electro-Plating.

A prospective acquisition of AEP stock by Gerald F. Mahoney and Sennody Volkov in 1989, initiated the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA) pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26-B-1.6 (stock purchase and redemption agreement of controlling share of assets of an industrial establishment). Subsequently, a General Information Submission and Site Evaluation Submission were filed with the Bureau of Environmental Evaluation Cleanup and Responsibility Assessment (BEECRA) on November 30, 1989 and January 10, 1990 respectively. Both submissions were determined to be incomplete by the Industrial Site Evaluation Element (ISE).

The Earth Technology Corporation, consultant to Automatic Electro-Plating, submitted a ECRA Negative Declaration on April 6, 1990, but it was found to be deficient. A revised declaration submitted on April 18, 1990 was waved due to enforcement actions on the adjacent property. No sampling was originally proposed for the facility. However, Mr. Borriello stated during a site inspection on November 7, 1990, that the Department (presumably ECRA) is requiring him to investigate contamination on site through sampling.

LOT 6 AND 10, BLOCK 5005

The south-southeast portion of the Foundry Street Complex consists of Lots 6 and 10 (Block 5005). Ashland Chemical Company acquired the property from Lasp Realty, Inc. in June, 1968. The two parcels are referred to as the "West Plant" and lie adjacent to Arkansas Chemical. It should be noted that the Ashland facility is divided in half by the New Jersey Turnpike. The

FOUNDRY STREET COL. LX PAGE 9

portion of the facility located on the east side of the turnpike is referred to as the "East Plant", and is not considered part of the Foundry Street Complex.

ASHLAND CHEMICAL COMPANY

Ashland Chemical Company, Industrial Chemical and Solvents Division (IC&S), EPA ID #NJD060803905, 221 Foundry Street, has operated on Lots 6 and 10 (Block 5005) since 1968. Ohmlac Paint and Refinishing Company once manufactured roofing felts and coatings on Lot 6. The company ceased operations on the property around 1961. Subsequently, the property was leased by Jo-Mar Trucking through the mid sixties. No other information is known about the operations of Ohmlac and Jo-Mar Trucking.

The IC&S Division received bulk shipments of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, acids, alcohols, alkines, amines, esters, ethers, glycols, halogenated solvents, ketones, and nitro paraffins by rail car and tank truck. Ashland transfers the product into a series of above ground tank farms throughout their property. The chemicals are repackaged into smaller bulk lots, such as bags, drums, and other containers, for distribution to their customers. No chemicals are manufactured on site, however, a few special blends (solvent mixtures) are processed. Ashland also generates waste oils, spill cleanup material and hose residue on site.

The West Plant contains loading/unloading areas for rail cars and tank trucks, a drumming warehouse (Building #19), and a tank farm (referred to as the 200 Series), see Attachment 3. Ashland's 200 Series tank farm consisted of 17 vertical above ground storage tanks. Product stored inside the tanks included: 140 solvent, cyclohexane, diemethyl formaldehyde, laktane, light oils, mineral spirits, plasticizers, toluene, and xylene (See Storage and Transfer Vessels of Volatile Organic Substances Maintained in File). The tanks were surrounded by a containment wall made of fire brick. It should be noted that the containment wall was reported to be structurally unsound by DWR personnel. The tank farm also contained a storage tank for No. 4 fuel oil.

Widespread contamination has been documented throughout the IC&S facility. The contamination is a by-product of routine site operations (i.e. storage, loading/unloading operations). On March 7, 1979, a spill of No. 4 fuel oil occurred in the 200 Series tank farm, but was contained within the diking. Approximately 18,000 gallons of waste solvents and fuel oil were removed. Subsequently, a ground water recovery system, consisting of three trenches was installed around the 200 Series tank farm.

Inspections conducted by Department personnel on two occasions, March 13 and 28, 1979, noted that the recovery system had been infiltrated with oil and solvents. Apparently, the contaminants were not attributed to the spill, since the dike area contained a water bottom which prevented most of the spill from entering into the ground.

Spillage and/or leakage was also documented throughout Ashland's IC&S facility by representatives of the NJDEP. Areas noted included: All tank farms, loading/unloading manifolds, pipe connections, sumps, and the storm sewer system were noted to contain product. Corrective measures were

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discussed with Ashland's officials who stated that it would not be economically feasible for the company to implement all of the remedies required by the Department.

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On May 20, 1980, DWR personnel collected water samples from two recovery sumps on site. High levels of banzene, toluane, trichloroethylena, athyl benzene, m-xylene, p-xylene, and o-xylene ware detected in the sample collected from the west sump, located adjacent to building #19. Similar volatile organic compounds were present in the east sump sample.

Ashland proposed a ten year construction schedule to upgrade the facility's Discharge, Prevention, Containment, Countermeasure Plan (DPCC). However, this plan was found unacceptable. A modified plan to be implemented over a five year period was subsequently proposed, but axcluded the construction of impervious diking and the replacement of old tanks. By April of 1984, a number of corrective measures outlined in the DPCC plan had been implemented. However, spillage still existed on site in many of the crease not yet addressed.

Ashland's DPCC plan went through numerous revisions but a final plan had not been approved by the Department. In November of 1984, Ashland suggested the construction of a new facility. Consequently, this approach was initiated and triggered ECRA.

Ashland's consultant, M.T. Gates, Inc. conducted a preliminary site assessment on December 1 and 21, 1987. During the December 21 site visit, soil samples and surface water samples were collected from the IC&S West Plant. These samples contained halogenated and aromatic volatile organic compounds, ketones and petroleum distillates.

M.T. Gates initial ECRA Sampling Plan for the IC6S facility was found to be inadequate by the BEERA. A revised Sampling Plan was approved on November 18, 1988. Ten monitoring wells were installed throughout the west plant and sampling occurred on March 7, 1989. In addition to the ground water samples, eight soil borings were taken at depths ranging from 1.5 - 3.0 feet. Both ground water and soil samples contained halogenated VOCs, sromatic VOCs, ketones, metals, and petroleum distillates. The greatest percentage of the contaminants detected were in the aromatic VOC fraction.

A Hydrogeologic Environmental Assessment Conceptual Remedial Plan was submitted by M.T. Gates, Inc. in 1990. The plan called for a ground water interceptor trench to be installed six feet below the existing grade, on the north, east, and south perimeter of the ICSS facility. The interceptor trench would be connected to a series of collection sumps that would accumulate contaminated ground water. The contaminated ground water would then be pumped through a treatment system and discharged into either the PVSC or surface waters. Recently, a Supplemental Sampling Plan has been submitted for the pump and treatment system proposed by M.T. Gates. Upon approval of the Sampling Plan, Ashland will obtain the necessary permits for the systems. The treatment system is expected to be operational by the Spring of 1991.

LOT 4, BLOCK 5005

Kem Realty Company merged with D.S.C. of Newark, NJ Raw Materials Inc., Newark Glassine Bag Company, Norpak Corporation, Diamond Ink Company, A.A.C. Realty Company and Core Realty Corporation forming Torco Investing Corporation on April 30, 1976. Torco Investing Corporation conveyed Lot 4 (Block 5005) to Norpak Corporation on November 30, 1976. Subsequently, Norpak merged with Norpak Specialties Corporation, Leeds Enterprises, Inc., and Abar International Corporation forming a new corporation named A.A.C. Transitional Investment Corporation. On November 30, 1981, A.A.C. sold Lot 4 to Norpak Corporation.

While under the ownership of Kem Realty Company, Norpak Corporation, Torco Investing Corporation, and A.A.C. Transition Investment Corporation, buildings and space on the property were leased to a number of tenants which include: ABC Demolition Company (Building #15), Avon Drum Company (north side of property), Berg Chemical (Buildings #5 and #5A), CWC Industries, Inc. (Buildings #17 and #18, and #36), Comstock Foods (Buildings #38), Conus Chemical (Buildings #4 and #7), Coronet Chemical Company (Building #9), County Lift Truck Service (Building #14), Essex Chemical (Building #17), Grignard Chemical (Building #7), Honig Chemical (Building #7 and #13), Hummel Chemical (Building Unknown), Morrel Truck Service (Building #9), and RFE Industries (Building #1).

NOTE: See Attachment 2 for Building Locations.

C.W.C. Industries, Inc.

C.W.C. Industries, Inc. leased space in buildings #17, #18 and #36. The company manufacturers hot stamping foils (plastic ribbons). The operation involves the application of solvent based surface coatings to a polyester substrate (film). Upon completion of this process, the coated films are dried in an oven. Raw materials used in the coating formulations include isopropanol, methyl ethyl ketone, methanol, v, m & p napthalene, plasticizers, and toluene. These materials were stored outside in a yard adjacent to building #17 and #18. C.W.C. claims that it does not generate any waste on site. Any left over materials are recycled because disposal is too expensive.

The company possesses a NJDEP Air Permit #063295 which they received in May of 1983. C.W.C.'s surface coating is categorized as a paper coating operation in accordance with Table 3B of N.J.A.C. 7:27-16.5. Volatile organic substances (VOS) cannot exceed 2.9 pounds per gallon of coating, applied per hour, in the paper coating category. Two surface coating samples taken on November 10, 1988 exceeded VOS standards. Analysis of the coatings revealed that the costings contained 5.33 and 6.53 pounds of VOS per gallon. Subsequently, an Administrative Order and Notice of Civil Administrative Penalty Assessment (AO/NCAPA) in the amount of \$500 was issued to C.W.C. Industries. The penalty was paid and the company began to come into compliance by ordering new air pollution control apparatus. No other Department actions are known to have occurred at the facility. C.W.C. has since purchased the former Hummel Lanolin facility.

FOUNDRY STREET COM. JX PAGE 12

Conus Chemical

Conus Chemical Company, Inc. (aka Berg Chemical), a New York Corporation, conducted a chemical repackaging/distribution business in buildings #4, #5 and #7 which are situated on the western portion of Lot 4. In September of 1984, Conus purchased the assets of Berg Chemical Company which included accounts, equipment and chemical inventory. Berg Chemical had operated a similar business in the Bronx, New York. The New York City Department of Environmental Protection performed a publicly funded cleanup at the Bronx site in July, 1984. Various chemicals were found improperly stored at the facility.

Norpak Corporation and Conus were both issued Directives by the Division of Hazardous Waste Management on April 16, 1987. The Directive indicated that hazardous substances were improperly stored in building #7. Some of these drums had discharged their contents. Both companies were directed to repack leaking containers, segregate materials on site by hazard class and compatibility, and engage a qualified contractor to submit a cleanup plan. No actions were taken to correct the noted problems.

Numerous incidents have occurred at Conus Chemical Company which have required responses by the Newark Office of Emergency Management and NJDEP, Bureau of Emergency Response. In June of 1987, a drum of benzyl chloride was emitting hydrogen chloride vapor through a pinhole leak. The drum had been previously owned by Berg Chemical. The BER used Spill Fund monies to hire a contractor who neutralized and contained the fuming drum. Efforts made by the Department to contact Conus personnel were unsuccessful.

Conus Chemical was evicted from Norpak's property on December 31, 1989. An inspection conducted by the DHWM, Bureau of Metro Enforcement noted discharges of hazardous substances throughout the inside and outside of the facility. Conus and Norpak were subsequently cited for violations under the Spill Act. On January 31, 1990 a fire occurred in an outside debris pile near building #8. The USEPA inspected the Conus facility and found approximately 1,000 drums and containers with acids, flammables, laboratory reagents, oxidizers, petroleum products and solvents improperly stored.

On February 9, 1990 the NJDEP officially referred the site to the USEPA for a CERCLA Removal Action. Consequently, Norpak Corporation granted EPA access to the site for a cleanup. Remedial activities commenced on February 19, 1990. The objective of the project was to remove any threat of fire and explosion, and eliminate the threat of direct contact with hazardous substances abandoned on site. The cleanup was completed by March 30, 1990. Further remedial activities at the site are now pending. Berg Chemical Co. Inc. and Conus Chemical are investigating site contamination through ECRA.

Coronet Chemical Company, Inc.

Coronet Chemical Company, Inc., EPA ID #NJD046954715, manufactured metallic sodium dispersions and pigment concentrations used in the teflon industry. In addition, the company was developing a sodium dispersion to destroy PCBs. The company occupied building #9 located to the east of Conus

FCUNDRY STREET COM. .X PAGE 13

Chemical. Coronet Chemical stored some of their raw materials in building #4 which they subleased from Conus.

Coronet was originally registered as a hazardous waste generator and TSD facility on their initial RCRA Part A application submitted in August, 1980. Coronet reclaimed napthalene and ether from spent teflon etching solution through settling and distillation processes. First, the solution was vacuumed into a distillation columnar and transferred into a holding tank as diethyleneglycoldimethylether. Once the settling process was completed, the ether went into a drying column containing activated aluminum and subsequently into a drum for resale. Still bottoms produced from the process, consisting of naphthalene (solid), were placed in five gallon pails and heated in a cooker. The clean naphthalene recovered from this process was used to make sodium dispersions. Waste generated by Coronet's operations included spill cleanup material (approximately one drum per year); solids from the distillation column (1/2 pound per year); and spent activated alumina. Non contact cooling water was discharged into the Passaic Valley Sewerage Authority.

This reclamation service was originally used by Atlantic Tubing, Paterson, NJ and Chem Plast, Wayne, NJ. However only Chem Plast was utilizing the services of Coronet in 1982. Due to the lack of business, TSD status was never developed.

RCRA inspections conducted by the Department in 1981 and 1982 noted numerous deficiencies at the facility. During one such inspection, a leaking drum of napthalene was observed and waste materials had exceeded the 90 day storage limit for hazardous waste. Moreover, waste generated from the recovery process was disposed into a domestic dumpster on site. Other deficiencies reported as a result of the RCRA inspections included: No waste analyses, no closure plan, no operation records, no personnel training, and no manifests.

Coronet vacated the premises around 1986. The company abandoned drums containing flammable, reactive and explosive materials on site. In March of 1987, a drum containing metallic sodium caught fire and exploded.

Grignard Chemical Company, Inc.

Grignard Chemical Company, Inc., EPA ID #NJD002201093, occupied building #7 located on the west side of Lot 4. The company conducted operations at this location between 1975 and 1984 which included the manufacturing of chemical preparations such as metal preservatives and cleaners.

On August 18, 1980 Grignard Chemical filed a Notice of Hazardous Waste Activity and subsequently a RCRA Part A application on November 19, 1980. The company's president, Emil G. Grignard, requested to delist the TSD facility to generator only status on September 21, 1981. The request was approved on March 3, 1983, after the Department had issued a Notice of Violation (NOV) in November 1982. The NOV cited Grignard Chemical for failure to submit an annual report required of TSD facilities. No other enforcement actions are known to have been taken against Grignard.

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Waste generated by Grignard Chemical are generally unknown. However, in a letter to the USEPA, Grignard stated that they use chlorinated hydrocarbons. Also a Department memo dated February 1, 1982 indicated that Grignard received a shipment of transformer oil containing 135 ppm polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). According to the Industrial Waste Survey, Grignard generated one 30 gallon drum of solid waste every three weeks.

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DISCHARGE/ABANDONMENT INFORMATION:

Foundry Street Complex 141-189 Foundry Street and 96-144 Roanoke Avenue City of Newark, Essex County Block 5005, Lots 4, 5, 6, 10, 21 5 22 1

Current Owners: Block 5005, Lot 4 (96-126 Rosnoke Avenue) Norpak Corporation 76 Blanchard Street Newark, NJ 07105

Block 5005, Lot \$ (171-183 Foundry Street) City of Newark 920 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 (201) 733-3844

Block 5005, Lots 6 & 10 (185-189 Foundry Street) Ashland Oil & Refining Company PO Box 1400 Lexington, Kentucky 40512

Block 5005, Lot 21 (128-144 Roanoke Avenue) C.W.C. Realty Company, Inc. 185 Foundry Street, Building #18 Newark, NJ 07105

Block 5005, Lot 22 (157-169 Foundry Street) Foundry Street Corporation 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105

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SUBSTANCES DISCHARGED/ABANDONED:

The following contaminants were detected in sediment samples, soil samples, and surface water samples collected throughout the Foundry Street Complex by the Bureau of Planning and Assessment on October 14, 1988.

VOCe :

Acetone, Benzene, 2-Bu Chloroform, 1, 1,2-Dichloroethene	tanone, Carbon Disul 1-Dichloroathane,	fide, Chlorob 1,2-Dic	enzene, hloroethane
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone,	Vinyl Chlorida	Methylene	Chloride,
1,1,1-Trichloroethene,		thene,	Toluene,

BNAS:

Anthracene, Benzoic Acid, Benzo(a)Anthracene, Benzo(b) Fluoranthens, Benzo(k)Fluoranthene, Benzo (g,h,i) Benzo(a)Pyrene, Perylene, bis (2-Ethylhexyl) Butylbenzylphthalate, 4-Chloroaniline, 1,2 Dichlorobenzene, 1,3 Dichlorobenzene, 1,4 Dichlorobenzene, Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene, Di-n-Butylphthalate, Di-n-Octylphthalate, 2,4-Dichlorophenol, Fluoranthene, Fluorene, 2 Methylnaphalane, Indeno (1,2,3,-c,d) Naphalene, 2-Nitroaniline, Phenanthrene, Pyrene, Phenol, Pyrene, 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

PESTICIDES:

Aldrin, Dieldrin, 4,4'DDT, Arcolor 1248

METALS:

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Antimony, Arsenic, Barium, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Nickel, Silver, Vanadium, Zinc, Cyanide

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DESCRIPTION OF SITE CONTAMINATION:

LOT 21 (BLOCK 5005)

Hummel Lanolin Corporation removed a 6,000 gallon underground storage tank, used to store fuel oil from the southwest corner of Lot 21 in 1985. The location of this former tank was a major environmental concern of Hummel Lanolin. As a result of this concern, Dames & Moore, consultants for Hummel Lanolin, installed six soil borings in the area of the former tank. Soil samples were collected at six inches above the saturation zone (approximately 5.0 - 5.5 feet in depth) and six inches below the base of the tank (approximately 10.0 - 10.5 feet in depth). It should be noted that ground water was encountered at a depth of five and one half feet.

All twelve samples were found to have petroleum hydrocarbons ranging in concentrations from 16 ppm to 1,720 ppm. Three samples analyzed for base neutral compounds revealed the presence of bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, di-n-butyl phthalate, and napthalene. Other base neutral compounds were detected but could not be definitively identified. The two samples containing the highest concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons were further analyzed to determine their constituents (fuel oil or wool grease). High the tank. The other sample, which was taken above the saturation zone revealed higher levels of fuel oil.

Six additional soil borings were made in the area of the former tank in March, 1987. The soil samples collected from these borings contained VOCs (i.e. benzene, toluene, 2-butanone, trichloroethane, 1,2-dichloropropane, xylene) semi volatiles (i.e. napthalene, fluoranthene, pyrene, chrysene, benzo(a)pyrene, phenanthrene), PHCs, and metals (i.e. cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, zinc).

Dames & Moore installed four monitoring wells (MW) in the vicinity of the former tank in July, 1987 to determine if ground water had been contaminated. During the installment of MW-1, a sludge like material with a septic odor, was encountered. On August 13, 1987, a soil boring was made approximately one foot from MW-1. The sludge material was not detected in the soil sample taken from the boring, however, a septic odor persisted. Contaminants detected in the sample included VOCs, B/Ns, pesticides and metals (arsenic, cadmium, lead and zinc).

A ground water sample was extracted from MW-2 on August 17, 1987. No significant levels (less than 1 ppm) of petroleum hydrocarbons and oil/grease were detected in the sample. It should be noted that no analysis for priority pollutants was performed on the sample. The presence of VOCs, B/Ns, and metals in soil samples would suggest possible leaching of these contaminants into the underlying ground water.

To further delineate the source of the sludge material, a sediment sample was collected from the base of a manhole located 60 feet from the facility on the southern portion of the property. The sediment sample contained VOCs, PHCs, and metals. These are the same types of contaminants present in the soil sample taken from the boring next to MW-1.

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Recon Systems, Inc. collected four (4) sediment samples and one water sample from Sun's sewer system on July 17, 1990. Sediment sample #1 was collected from the drainage system (strip drain) located in the driveway separating Sun and Arkansas Chemical where a second drain from Arkansas property connects into the first drain. The sample contained elevated levels for volatile organic compounds (VOC), base neutral compounds (B/N), organic acids, cyanide, phenol and priority pollutant metals (i.e. lead, mercury).

Ground water samples were collected from the monitoring wells on September 19 and November 10, 1989. The samples from all three wells exceeded ECRA action levels for total B/Ns and VOCs. However, levels detected in MW-2 were lower than those levels detected in the other two contents. were lower than those levels detected in the other two monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-3). In addition MW-3 also exceeded action levels for PHCs, PCBs, and metals (i.e. arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, zinc).

In August, 1989, three monitoring wells were installed at Sun Chemical to examine ground water quality. Two of the three wells (MW-1, MW-3) were placed on the west and north side of the facility respectively. While HW-2 was placed to the south of the facility. Ground water was determined to flow in a southeast direction and was reported to be influenced by tidal

The soil and sediment samples exceeded the Bureau of Industrial Site Evaluation cleanup levels for base neutral compounds and petroleum hydrocarbons. Base neutral compounds detected included napthalene, 2-methylnapthalene, di-n-butyl phthalate, bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and unknown brominated compounds. Metals (i.e. antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc) were also present in both samples. PCBs were detected in the soil and swipe sample.

A preliminary ECRA investigation was performed at the Sun Chemical facility by Recon Systems, Inc. on October 14, 1986. Three (3) samples consisting of one soil sample from an unpaved area adjacent to a solid waste dumpster, one sediment sample from a drain located in the drive way south and adjacent to Sun, and one swipe sample of a oily substance on a boiler room floor were

LOT 22 (BLOCK 5005)

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In October, 1988, Dames & Moore collected a sediment sample (WC-1) and water sample (WC-2) from the drainage basin situated on the north side of the process building. The sediment sample contained methylene chloride (11,000 ppb), toluene (6,100 ppb), five B/Ns below method detection limits, and metals (1.e. cadmium, copper at 1,096 ppm, lead at 1,044 ppm, selenium, zinc at 3,746 ppm). The water sample contained low levels of cadmium and lead. However, both samples had elevated levels of total petroleum hydrocarbons.

A composite soil sample was obtained from beneath a floor drain in the process building located near the area where the sludge material was discovered outside. The sample was taken at a depth of 20.5 - 26.3 inches and 26.1 - 32.5 inches. The sample contained VOCs, B/Ns, and metals below ECRA action level. The floor drains were determined not to be a source of the sludge through the concentrations detected in the soil sample.

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Sediment sample #2 was collected from a catch basin located in the driveway separating Sun and Automatic Electro-Plating to the west. The catch basin is situated where an underground sewer line from Automatic Electro-Plating connects into the sewer system. This sample contained elevated levels of VOCs, unknown semi volatile compounds, cyanide (45 ppm) and priority pollutant metals (i.e. cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel (4,270 ppm), zinc (4,140 ppm).

Sediment sample #3 was obtained from the underground sewer system where a strip drain located in the driveway on the north side of Automatic Electro-Plating connects with the underground sewer line. The sample contained PCBs (100 ppm), VOCs, B/N, organic acids, unknown semi volatiles, cyanide, phenol and priority pollutant metals (i.e. antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, zinc). Overall, sediment sample #3 had the highest concentration of metals detected in all of the samples analyzed.

Monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3 contained high levels of contamination. It was suspected that the contamination detected in the wells may be coming from an off site source. Recon Systems, Inc., consultants for Sun Chemical, installed five additional MWs in June and August, 1990. Two of the wells (MW-4, MW-5) were installed along the northern property line. MW-6 was installed along the western property line adjacent to Automatic Electro Plating. MW-7 was installed on the south side of the facility. Ground water was determined to flow onto Sun Chemical from the south. Sampling of the wells occurred on August 23, 1990. Ground water samples contained VOCs, B/N, and priority pollutant metals.

LOTS 4, 5, 21, 22 (BLOCK 5005)

Bureau of Planning and Assessment (BPA) personnel conducted a presampling site inspection (SI) at the Foundry Street Complex on October 7, 1988. Air monitoring and soil gas readings were limited to Lots 4, 5, 21 and 22. Soil gas readings ranged in concentrations from 0.6 ppm - 600 ppm (as benzene) and 10 ppm - 1,000 ppm (as methane) with the HNU and OVA respectively. Ambient air levels ranged from 1-10 ppm.

Information obtained from the SI indicated that further investigation was warranted. Eighteen soil samples, five sediment samples, four surface water samples, and two ground water samples were collected during the sampling episode on October 14, 1988 (See Attachment 2 for Sampling Locations). High concentrations of volatile organic compounds, base neutral compounds, PCBs, and metals were present in the soil, sediment, surface water and ground water samples. The most commonly detected contaminants included: Trichloroethane, benzene, chlorobenzene, toluene, xylene, tetrachlorobenzene, naphthalene, pyrene, di-n-butyl phthalste, bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, butyl benzyl phthalate, aroclor 1248, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc.

LOTS 6 & 10 (BLOCK 5005)

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Ashland Chemicals ECRA consultant, T.M. Gates Inc. collected two surface water and three soil samples from Lot 10 in December of 1987. The samples were taken during a preliminary site assessment. Both surface water samples

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contained 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The soil samples revealed several additional volatile organic compounds that included: 1,1-dichloroethane, 1,1-dichloroethene, xylene, 4-methyl-2-pentanone, and mineral spirits.

Based on the preliminary data, ten monitoring wells (MW) and eight soil borings (SB) were constructed on Lots 6 and 10. Three of the monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3) were installed along the northern boundary of Lot 6, which is adjacent to Arkansas Chemical. These wells were intended to provide upgradient ground water quality data. Ground water samples from the three monitoring wells contained a variable pH, elevated concentrations of metals (i.e. arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, leads, nickel and zinc), and volatile organic compounds. MW-3 had the highest concentrations of metals.

The greatest occurrence of ground water contamination was detected in the central portion of Lots 6 and 10 in MW-5 and MW-6. Both wells were located in the vicinity of the 200 Series tank farm which has a history of spills and ground water contamination. Monitoring wells (i.e. MW-7, MW-8, MW-9 and MW-10) located hydraulically downgradient of the other wells contained low levels of volatile organic compounds. A general breakdown of the chemical groups detected in the ground water samples were halogenated VOCs (3%), aromatic VOCs (93%), ketones (4%), and petroleum distillates (trace).

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Ashland Chemical Division (Duns #06-080-3905) 221 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105-4211 (201) 287-3344

Block 5005, Lot 6 & 10

Registered Agent: Corporation Trust Company 28 West State Street Trenton, NJ 08608

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Corporate Status: Active; SIC 5169; Chemicals and Allied Products, NEC Hesdquarter Duns: #00-500-3264 Ashland Oil, Inc, 1000 Ashland Drive PO Box 391 Russell, XY 41169

Financial Status: Sales \$8,536,314,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: Chairman - Hall, John R. President - Luellan, Charles J. Vice President - Lacy, James D. Vice President - Stephenson, James J. Vice President - Zachem, Harry M. Vice President - Adm. Cont., Denton, Kenneth B. Vice President - General Counsel, Crimmins, Sean T. Vice President - Adm. General Counsel, Feazell, Thomas L. Vice President - Administration, Perrine, William E. Vice President - Block, Philip W. Vice President - Dansby, John W. Vice President - Justice, Franklin P. Jr. Secretary - Ward, John P. Treasurer - Quin, J.M. Senior Vice President - Brothers, John A. Senior Vice President - D'Antoni, David J. Senior Vice President - Jones, G.W. Senior Vice President - Pettus, John F. Senior Vice President - Spears, Richard W. Senior Vice President - Yancey, Robert E. Jr. Senior Vice President - Boyd, James R. Senior Vice President - Barr, John D. Senior Vice President, CFO- Chellgren, Paul W. Chairman of the Board - Hall, John R. Auditor - Wallace, John H. Jr. President, CFO - Luellen, Charles J. Senior Vice President, CFO - Chellgren Paul W. Vice President, General Counsel - Crimmins, Sean T.

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Automatic Electro-Plating Corporation (Duns #00-244-5500) 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105-4208 (201) 589-0344

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Block 5005, Lot 22

Registered Agent: J.J. Longley 426 Springfield Avenue Summit, NJ 07901

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 3471; Electro-Plating

Financial Status: Sales \$1,000,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Borriello, Gerald 260 Knoll Drive Block: 2505 Lot: 7 (Park Ridge Borough, Bergen County)

Assessment: \$136,900 Land <u>\$221,400 Improvements</u> \$358,300 Total Assessment

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FOUNDRY STREET COL EX PAGE 23

RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Avon Drum Corporation (Duns #07-515-4948) 955 South Springfield Avenue Unit 604 Springfield, NJ 07081-3520 (201) 379-3520

Registered Agent: Bruce R. Sandles 21 Avon Road Springfield, NJ 07081

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 5085; Wholesale New & Reconditioned Drums

Financial Status: Sales \$530,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Nelkin, Herwin Secretary - Nelkin, Elaine Treasurer - Nelkin, Elaine

955 South Springfield Avenue Block 143; Lot 2.02 C0604 (Springfield Township, Union County)

Assessment: \$ 45,000 Land <u>\$115,100 Improvements</u> \$161,100 Total Assessment

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Arkanses Company, Inc. 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105-4208 (212) 861-0521

Registered Agent: George B. Reitz 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105

Corporate Status: Active

Financial Status: Unknown

Principals: CEO - Von Sternberg, Dorothy B. President - Von Stern, Mark R. Plant Manager - Cufasso, Joseph Production Manager - Stump, Richard

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CWC Industries, Inc. (Duns #06-751-3994) 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105-4208 (201) 344-1434

Block 5005, Lot 4

Registered Agent: William J. Bate 970 Clifton Avenue Clifton, NJ 07013

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 3953; Manufacture hot sampling foils

Financial Status: Sales \$1,000,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

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Principals: President - Chan, Peter

128-144 Roanoke Avenue Block 5005; Lot 21 (Newark, Essex County)

Assessment: \$ 20,500 Land <u>\$128,400 Improvements</u> \$148,900 Total Assessment

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

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Conus Chemical (Duns #11-886-8975) 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105-4208 (201) 589-8806 Block 5005, Lot 4

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 5169; Wholesale industrial chemicals

Financial Status: Sales \$1,300,000 Latest Year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: Owner - Richards, James

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

County Lift Truck Service Inc. (Duns #06-155-7526) 81 Charles Street P.O. Box 7816 Jersey City, NJ 07307-3537

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Registered Agent: John Curtin 81 Charles Street Jersey City, NJ 07307

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Corporate Status: Active; SIC 7699; Services & Rents Forklifts

Financial Status: Sales \$200,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Curtin, John Secretary - Curtin, Barbara Treasurer - Curtin, Barbara

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Foundry Street Corporation 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105 Block 5005, Lot 22

Registered Agent: J.J. Longley 426 Springfield Avenue Summit, NJ 07901

Corporate Status: Changed

Financial Status: Unknown

Principals: Unknown

157-169 Foundry Street Block 5005, Lot 22

Assessment: \$ 41,300 Land <u>\$ 82,100 Improvements</u> \$123,400 Total Assessment

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

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Horrel Truck Service 185 Foundry Street Building #9 Newark, NJ 07105

Block 5005, Lot 4

Corporate Status: Unknown

Financial Status: Unknown

Principals: -- Unknown

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Newark City 920 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 (201) 733-6400

Block 5005, Lot 5

 Financial Status:

 Total Revenues 1987
 \$395,345,689.05

 Property Tax
 120,436,862.59

 State Aid
 48,896,786.60

 Federal Aid
 9,388,605.00

Principals: Mayor-James, Sharpe 185 Foundry Street Block 5005, Lot 5 (Newark Essex County)

Assessment: \$ 43,000 Land <u>\$191,400 Improvements</u> \$234,400 Total Assessment

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

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Norpak Corporation 70 Blanchard Street Newark, NJ 07105 (201) 589-4200

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 2672 & 3497; Waxed paper and laminated foil wrappers

Financial Status: Sales \$10,000,000 - \$20,000,000 (NJ Directory of Manufactures 1990-91)

Principals: President - Coraci, Anthony A. Vice President - Godown, Robert Treasurer/Secretary - Coraci, V.J. Production Manager - Cartem, Art Sale Manager - Pacyna, Michael Purchasing Agent - Rebol, Louis

FOUNDRY STREET COM. X PAGE 32

RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Torco Investing (Trinet #007648611) 70 Blanchard Street Newark, NJ 07105-4702 (201) 589-4200

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 2671; Coated & Laminated Paper Packaging

Financial Status: Estimated Total Sales \$23,100,000 (Trinet)

Principals: Unknown

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

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RFE Industries Inc. (Duns #05-509-0815) 19 Crows Hills Road Keasbey, NJ 08832-1004 (201) 738-5200

Registered Agent: Bruce H. Nagel 744 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 3356; Nonferrous rolling and drawling, NEC, solder: wire bar, acid core and rosin core

Financial Status: Sales \$36,000,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

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Principals: President - Leiner, Jack Secretary - Leiner, Haxine Treasurer - Leiner, Maxine

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POTENTIAL RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Essex Chemical Corporation (Duns #00-215-3898) 351 Doremus Avenue Newark, NJ 07105-4805 (201) 589-5300

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 2819; Industrial Inorganic Chemicals Headquarter Duns #00-138-1581 the Dow Chemical Company, Inc.

Financial Status: Sales \$17,600,000,000 latest date 3/26/90 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: Branch Manager - Prudente, Pat

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POTENTIAL RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Fleet Auto Electric Company, Inc. (Duns #05-126-8225) 185 Foundry Street Newark, NJ 07105-4208

Block 5005, Lot 22

Registered Agent: Mark A. Gettelson, Esq. 303 George Street New Brunswick, NJ 08901

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 7539; rebuilds and services electric systems of trucks

Financial Status: Sales \$96,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Levy, Howard Secretary - Levy, Howard Treasurer - Levy, Howard

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POTENTIAL RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Honig Chemical & Processing Corporation (Duns #05-509-0161) 414 Wilson Avenue Newark, NJ 07105-4203 (201) 344-0881

Registered Agent: Robert Honig 414 Wilon Avenue Newark, NJ 07105

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 2869; manufacture organic chemicals

Financial Status: Sales \$2,200,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Honig, Robert Secretary - Honig, Heloise

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POTENTIAL RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Grignard Company, Inc. (Duns #00-220-1093) 60 Grant Avenue PO Box 523 Carteret, NJ 07008-2720 (201) 541-6661

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 2992; Manufacture specialty synthetic lubricants, oils and greases

Financial Status: Sales \$900,000 Latest Year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Grignard, Emile E. Secretary - Grignard, Patricia

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POTENTIAL RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Hummel Croton Inc. (Duns #06-072-2154) 10 Harmich Road South Plainfield, NJ 07080-4804 (201) 754-1800

Registered Agent: B.F. Schoen Sr. 10 Harmich Road South Plainfield, NJ 07080

Corporate Status: Active; SIC 2819; industrial inorganic chemicals, NEC; barium compounds

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Financial Status: Sales \$4,000,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Schoen, Bernard E. Vice President - Dugan, Mark Vice President - Schoen, Bernard Jr.

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POTENTIAL RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

Reichhold Chemicals, Inc. (Duns #10-865-0862) Cellomar Division 46 Albert Avenue Newark, NJ 07105-4523 (201) 589-3875

Registered Agent: Corporation Trust Company 28 West State Street Trenton, NJ 08608

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Corporate Status: Active; SIC 5169; wholesale chemicals, chemicals and allied products Headquarter Duns: #00-122-0904 Reichold Chemicals, Inc. 525 North Broadway White Plains, NY 10603-3216 Corporate Family Duns: #05-452-7502 DIC Americas, Inc.

Financial Status: Sales \$850,000,000 latest year 1989 (Dun & Bradstreet)

Principals: President - Mitchell, Thomas R. Vice President-Controller - Owen, William H. Vice President-Human Resources - Fisher, Richard W. Secretary & General Counsel - Lorelli, Charles A. Chief Executive Officer - Mitchell, Thomas R. Vice President-Finance - Owen, William H.

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CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

Historically operations at the Foundry Street Complex have contributed to contamination through the handling of hazardous substances and contributory operations. Ellis R. Meeker's book entitled "New Jersey, A Historical, Commercial and Industrial Review", Commonwealth Publishing Company, 1906, indicates that Central Dyestuff and Chemical Company manufactured tar colors at their extensive plant at Plum Point Lane. This is substantiated by information obtained through a title and deed search. Part of the property making up the Foundry Street Complex was formerly known as Plum Point Lane.

According to the Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology products recovered from the fractional distillation of coal tar have been the traditional raw materials for the dye industry. Among the most important are benzene, toluene, xylene, naphthalene, anthracene, acenaphthene, pyrene, pyridine, carbozal, phenol and cresol. The reference further states that dye companies expanded their activities into the pharmaceutical field. Pharmaceuticals such as sulfa drugs were derived from compounds already in use as dye intermediates.

H.A. Metz & Company, Inc., successors to Consolidated Color and Chemical Company by virtue of name change, was identified to have once manufactured drugs at the Foundry Street Complex. This information was obtained from the Industrial Directory of New Jersey (1931) and Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps.

Hummel Lanolin Corporation and Sun Chemical Company have investigated their facilities located within the Foundry Street Complex for potential sources of contamination pursuant to the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA). Extensive files are maintained relative to these activities with ECRA.

NOTE: ECRA File Numbers are Provided on Page 50

Ground water samples taken from eight monitoring wells installed throughout the Sun Chemical facility contained elevated levels of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), base neutral compounds (B/Ns), petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs) and priority pollutant metals. Recon Systems Inc. determined that the flow of ground water in the vicinity of the facility is from the south in a radial direction. Arkansas Chemical and Ashland Chemical Company's Industrial Chemical and Solvents Division are situated upgradient of Sun Chemical.

Widespread contamination has been documented throughout the "West Plant" of Ashland's Industrial Chemical and Solvent Division. The west plant lies approximately 300 feet south of Sun Chemical. Contamination on this property has resulted from numerous spills, leaks, and poor house keeping practices associated with the 200 Series tank farm, drumming warehouse, and truck and rail car loading/unloading manifolds. The 200 Series tank farm was used to store products such as mineral spirits, napthalene, plasticizer, fuel oil, toluene and xylene. In addition, halogenated VOCs (i.e. 1,1-dichloroethane, 1,1,-trichloroethane, tetrachloroethane), aromatic VOCs (i.e. benzene, toluene, xylene) and petroleum distillates have been detected in ground water and soil samples collected from the West Plant. The highest

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concentrations have been detected in the area of the former 200 Series tank farm. It should be noted that most of the West Plant is not paved.

Arkansas Chemical Company occupied the adjoining property to the south of Sun for approximately 47 years. It should be noted that Arkansas vacated the premises in 1984. The two companies are separated by a narrow driveway. Numerous storage tanks were maintained in the rear south-southwest corner of the property (Lot 5), adjacent to building #28. Arkansas used these tanks to atore fuel oil, sulfuric acid, caustic soda, mineral oil, naptha and other products. In 1981, a NJDEP, Division of Hazard Management representative noted weep holes in a caustic tank. Spillage stained the ground below the tank and other tanks in the area.

In October, 1988, two soil samples were taken from the southwest corner of the facility behind the former tank house. Both samples were obtained from the same boring. The shallow sample (S-2) contained high concentrations of VOCs (1.e. xylene, toluene, tetrachloroethylene, ethylbenzene) and semi volatiles (i.e. napthalene, 2-methylnapthalene). chlorobenzene, Only tetrachloroethylene was present in the deep sample (S-3). suggests that the contamination is the result of surface spillage which has This not deeply penetrated into the ground. Spillage from petroleum products was observed on the ground in the rear (west side) of the property during an inspection in 1984. In addition napths was stored in a tank near the sample location. Napthalene and 2-methylnapthalene were detected in the shallow soil sample. Spillage or leakage from the tank could have migrated from the tank to this area.

It should be noted that the drainage system throughout the Foundry Street Complex is a major source of contamination. Sediment and surface water samples collected from the drainage system in October, 1988, contained high concentrations of VOCs, B/Ns, PHCs, PCBs and priority pollutant metals. The drainage system essentially consists of troughs embedded in the driveways which are connected to sewerlines. A site inspection conducted at the Foundry Street Complex on November 7, 1990, revealed that many sections of the drains had collapsed or were broken. Water observed in the drains had a petroleum sheen on its surface and a heavy residue existed on the bottom. It was also reported that the drains would frequently flood during periods of rain. Any contamination in the drains could be redistributed over other areas covered by the flood waters.

The drainage system connects to sewerlines located on the south side and to the northwest of Sun Chemical. The sewerline on the south side, transverses underneath the Sun facility. Both sewerlines are connected to an industrial sewerline on Norpak's property to the north. The industrial sewerline is connected to a city sewer on Roanoke Avenue. Four sediment samples were collected from the drainage system and sewerlines surrounding Sun Chemical on July 17, 1990. These samples contained elevated levels of VOCs, B/Ns, organic acids, unknown semi volatiles, and priority pollutant metals.

Recon Systems, Inc. video inspection of the sewerlines on the premises of Sun Chemical revealed numerous cracks and separations between the pipes. Any contamination entering the sewerline could escape through these openings into the surrounding soil.

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Drains from Arkansas Chemical were discovered to flow directly from Building #26, #27 and #28 (See Attachment 4). The drains are connected to the drainage system in the driveway on the north side of the facility. Herman G. Wieland, Chief Chemist of Arkansas, stated in a Sewer Connection Application dated October 27, 1980 that the plant's effluent is neutralized in an outside tank and discharged into "city storm sewers via covered ditches". Waste water samples taken from Arkansas Chemical in October, 1981 contained trace concentrations of arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc. Mercury was detected in effluent samples taken in June and July, 1981. These contaminants have been detected in sediment samples taken from the drains throughout the Foundry Street Complex.

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Division of Hazard Management personnel noted in 1981, that spillage from the process building (#28) could flow unobstructed into strip drains outside. It was also indicated that drains located in the shipping building (#27) flowed directly off the premises. In December, 1986, NJDEP personnel observed powder and resin on the floors of the process building. In addition, numerous fiber drums and lines on reactor/process vessels were leaking their contents. The roof was also noted to be leaking which could wash spillage into floor drains that flowed into the drainage system. Many of the products removed from Arkansas Chemical by the EPA were base neutral compounds, acids, cyanides, peroxides, flammables, halogenated organics, oxidizers and organics.

Automatic Electro-Plating Corporation (AEP) has operated an electroplating business on the western portion of Lot 22, adjacent to Sun Chemical, since 1972. The drainage system borders the facility on its north, west and south side, and receives point source discharge and surface water run-off from AEP. A sewerline on the east side is connected to a sanitary source at the facility. Elevated levels of VOCs and priority pollutant metals were detected in a sediment sample (Sediment #2) taken from a catch basin where the two sewerlines connect in July, 1990.

A flow diagram submitted by AEP to the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission in January, 1989 shows process lines from buildings #21 and #22 discharge into the drain on the north side. Kigh concentrations of arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, silver and zinc were detected in a surface water sample (SW-4) taken from this drain on October 14, 1988.

This drain and the noted severline connect to one another at a catch basin situated near the corner of building #21. Elevated levels of VOCs, B/Ns, PCBs, organic acids, unknown semi volatile compounds and priority pollutant metals (i.e. cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, zinc) were detected in a zediment sample (Sediment #3) collected from this catch basin in July, 1990.

In January, 1989 Gerald Borriello, President of AEP, informed the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission that his company does not discharge any cadmium, lead, silver or cyanide into the sewage system. Automatic Electro-Plating's ECRA General Information Submission (GIS) states that only nickel and zinc plating are conducted on site. These metals have been detected in sediment samples collected from the drainage system.

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According to the Division of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Right to Know Survey dated November 10, 1988, Automatic Electro-Plating Corporation used materials containing chromium, copper, nickel, silver, zinc and cyanide. The GIS indicated that dry chemicals are stored in building #19. Samples SW-3 and SED-4 were obtained from the drain located on the west side of buildings #21 and #22, and adjacent to the chemical storage area on October 14, 1988. High concentrations of metals detected in these two samples suggest that run-off may be transporting spilled materials from the storage area into the drain.

Records obtained from the PVSC revealed that AEP once conducted chrome electro-plating (see file copy of AEP General Information Sewer Connection Application, 1980). An effluent sample taken on December 12, 1979, during "usual electro-plating" operations contained arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel and zinc.

In 1982, AEP informed the DWR that they are experimenting with nontoxic products such as cyanide free plating solutions, and chromium free passivities to reduce the discharge of chromium. Subsequently, AEP consistently failed to meet electro-plating discharge standards which initiated enforcement actions by the USEPA in 1986.

Another potential source of contamination may have originated from the Polychrome Corporation, Cellomer Division. Sun Chemical stated in their General Information Submission that Cellomer occupied the premises before 1967. Cellomer's address is listed as 185 Foundry Street in New Jersey Industrial Directories from 1964 through 1966. There is no information concerning the company's activities at the Foundry Street Complex.

In subsequent directories, the address was listed as 46 Albert Street, Newark. Cellomer manufactures alkyd resins at this location. Some products used include vegetable oils, polyols, phthalic anhydride, aliphatic and aromatic solvents. The company submitted to the PVSC a base line monitoring report (BMR) for process water samples taken during normal operations in June, 1988. The samples contained detectable levels of benzene, benzoic acid, methylene chloride, toluene, xylene, bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, and di-n-butyl phthalate. These substances have been detected in soil and sediment samples taken from Sun Chemical.

In 1989, O'Brien & Gere Engineering, Inc. was retained to address compliance with waste water discharge regulations. A compliance monitoring report indicated that Cellomers regulated waste stream exceeded maximum concentration limits for toluene, ethylbenzene, and phenol. In addition, toluene and bis (2 ethylhexyl) phthalate were detected in the plant's effluent. O'Brien & Gere concluded that the company was not consistently complying with standards for phenol, bis (2 ethylhexyl) phthalate, ethyl benzene and toluene. These substances have been detected in ground water, surface water and sediment samples collected from the drains around Sun Chemical and Automatic Electro-Plating. Neither Sun Chemical or Automatic Electro-Plating are known to utilize these substances, therefore Polychrome's operation at Foundry Street are a likely source of this contamindtion. Polychrome's Cellomer Division name was changed to Reichhold Chemical Inc. in 1989.

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Avon Drum Corporation has operated a drum brokerage on the northern portion of Lot 4, adjacent to Roanoke Avenue and west of the former Hummel Lanolin facility for approximately 20 years. Historical aerial photographs (EPI-IRC-6571, 6572, 6573) taken on September 6, 1978, revealed extensive drum storage along Roanoke Avenue where Avon Drum operates. The area appeared to be heavily stained.

Kigh concentrations of VOCs (i.e. xylene, tetrachloroethene, toluene, ethylbenzene), semi volatiles (i.e. phenanthrene, di-n-butyl phthalate, fluoranthene, pyrene, benzo(a)anthracene), PCBs, and priority pollutant metals were detected in soil samples (S-12, S-13, S-14) collected from the facility on October 14, 1988. Two soil samples (S-10, S-11) taken at the perimeter of the facility contained significantly fewer contaminants at lower concentrations. This implies that contamination is directly associated with site operations (i.e. drum storage). Representatives from the Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services observed spillage throughout the facility on November 7, 1990. During this inspection, a solvent odor was encountered. Two operators at the Foundry Street Complex also stated that the company washes drums out on the premises. Consequently any remaining residues in the drums would be allowed to discharge onto the facility.

Berg Chemical Co. and Conus Chemical conducted a chemical repackaging and distribution operation in buildings #5, #5A and #7 located on the west side of Lot 4 adjacent to the railroad tracks. Products handled at the facility included acids, alcohols, solvents, petroleum products, corrosives, reactives and flammables. A large inventory of these products were stored inside and outside of the buildings. The outside storage area lacked adequate spill prevention structures to prevent spillage from seeping into the ground. High levels of chloroform, 1,2-dichloroethene, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, 2-methylnapthalene, benzoic acid, phenthane, di-n-butyl phthalate, pyrene and butyl benzyl phthalate were detected in a soil sample (S-9) collected near the drum storage area on October 14, 1988.

Ar. EPA inventory taken from drums located in the outside storage area included trichloroethylene, chloroethylene, napths distillate, benzyl chloride, toluene and petroleum ether. Some of these substances were detected in the soil sample. In February, 1990 NJDEP, DHWM personnel reported that various spills of hazardous substances existed outside of the facility. It was also noted that soils were stained along the western portion (exterior) of Conus.

NJDEP representatives observed spillage throughout the inside of building #5 during a presampling site inspection in October, 1988. Conus stored a variety of hazardous substances in 55 gallon drums, fiber drums, fiber bags, small containers and above ground storage tanks. Spillage was also observed inside on subsequent inspections. Floor drains in building #5 were determined to curve towards the east side of the facility. This suggests that the drains may be connected to the drainage system location in the driveway outside. Any spillage resulting from repackaging could flow or be washed into the floor drains.

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High concentrations of VOC (i.e. methylene chloride, 1,1-dichloroethene, 1,2 dichloroethene, 1,2 dichloroethane, 2-butanone, 1,1,1-trichloroethene, xylene, trichloroethylene, benzene, tetrachloroethylene, toluene, chlorobenzene), semi volatile (i.e. 1,2-dichlorobenzene, napthalene, 2-methylnapthalene, phenanthrene, fluorene, flouranthena, pyrene, butylbenzyl phthalate, bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate) pesticides, PCBs and priority pollutant metals were detected in a sediment sample collected from the drain situated between Conus (Building #5) and RFE Industries (Building #1) on October 14, 1988.

An inventory of hazardous materials found in building #5 included: Petroleum product residue, naptha sillate, kerosene, mineral spirits, n-butyl lactate, dry cleaning solution to name a few. Other potential sources of contamination detected on the west-northwest side of Lot 4 may have originated from operations conducted by Coronet Chemical Co., Grignard Chemical Co. Inc., Honig Chemical and Processing Co., Hummel Chemical, RFE Industries, Horrel Truck Services, and County Lift Truck Service.

Grignard Chemical Co. manufactured lubricating oils, cutting oils, cleaners and preservatives in building #7. This consisted of blending materials such as petroleum oil, alkaline additives, chlorinated hydrocarbons and diester compounds with non-hazardous components. Grignard's "Site Evaluation Submission" dated August 21, 1990 included a Hazardous Substance/Waste Inventory List (Appendix D). The list notes that Grignard used dichlorobenzene, dichloromethane, 1,1,1-trichloroethane and petroleum distillates. High concentrations of dichlorobenzene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and B/Ns were detected in sediment sample (SED-5) collected from the drain outside building #5 on October 14, 1988. Petroleum distillates with high molecular weights will be present in the base neutral fraction. Such compounds might be related to B/Ns contamination detected in the ditch.

The company has not manifested any hazardous waste from their facility between 1980 and 1989. Grignard reportedly received a shipment of PCB contaminated transformer oil from G&S Motor Equipment Company in 1981. According to Grignard's response to a "Request for Information" dated January 8, 1991, indicates they are no way related to G&S Motor Equipment Company. High concentrations of PCBs (Arcolor-1248) was detected in the previously noted sediment sample.

Another potential source of contamination is Coronet Chemical Company. The company reclaimed naphalene from spent teflon etching solutions in building #9 during the early eighties. Waste generated from the reclamation process was disposed in a dumpster. Leaking drums of naphalene were observed during RCRA inspections at the facility. The location of the dumpster and leaking drums are not known. However, discharges from either source could seep into the ground or migrate into the drain on the west side of Coronet Chemical.

Coronet Chemical was also developing a sodium dispersion to destroy PCBs. Nowever, it is not known if the company inventory of hazardous substance included PCBs. It should be noted that high concentrations of napthalene and PCBs were detected in sediment sample (SED-5) collected on October 14, 1988. Coronet Chemical was evicted from the facility in 1986. Numerous drums containing metallic sodium were abandoned in building #4. This

building was used for storage. Inspection of the building in July, 1987 revealed that one of the drums had reacted.

Grignard identified Honig Chemical and Processing Co. as having operated in building #7 and #8 during the early seventies (1970-1975). This information was stated in Grignard's ECRA Site Evaluation Submission. In October, 1988 Gerald Berriello of Automatic Electro-Plating stated that Honig operated in a building next to Conus Chemical which exploded. It should be noted that building #13 was destroyed by an explosion in 1962. This is stated in a Newark, Division of Inspections Violation Report.

Honig manufactures organic chemicals at a facility located at 414 Wilson Avenue, Newark, NJ. According to the Division of Environmental Quality, Right to Know Survey, Honig Chemical uses the following hazardous substances: Arsenic trioxide, barium nitrate, benzene, chloroform, dichloromethane, lead nitrate, mercury chloride, mercury acetate, mercury metal, petroleum spirits, pyridine, silver nitrate and toluene. High concentrations of arsenic, barium, lead, mercury and silver were present in a soil sample (S-6). The sample was taken on the west side of building #15 where it was once attached to building #13. High concentrations of acetone, barium, benzene, chloroform, toluene and pyrene were detected in sediment sample (SED-5) collected from the drain between building #1 and building #5.

Hummel Chemical is also believed to have operated on the west side of the Foundry Street Complex according to Howie Levy of Fleet Auto Electric. This information was obtained during a presampling site inspection in October, 1988.

Hummel Chemical Co. Inc. address is listed as 185 Foundry Street in New Jersey Industrial Directories from 1966-1970. A "Request for Information" was issued to Hummel Croton Inc. (HCI), successors of Hummel Chemical, on December 7, 1990. HCI's response dated December 28, 1990 verified that Hummel Chemical operated at the Foundry Street Complex until April of 1968.

The company supplied chemicals to the pyrotechnic industry. Most of the items handled were purchased from other companies in truckloads, rail car, and less than truckload quantities. It should be noted that only the west side of the Foundry Street Complex is serviced by a rail siding. HCI claims that most of the chemicals were shipped out in their original container without being opened. Hummel Chemical also grinded nitrates on the premises. Such operations at the HCI facility in South Plainfield has contributed to soil contamination. Airborne particulate generated by the grinding process would accumulate around ventilators on the roof. Subsequently particulate would wash off the roof from rain and onto the surrounding grounds.

Soil samples (S-7, S-8) taken on the west side of building #5 and #7 contained high concentrations of antimony, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc. HCI indicated that Hummel Chemical handled antimony sulfide and zinconium powder. They may have also handled copper oxide, copper oxychloride, lead chromate, lead dioxide, lead oxide, zinc dust, zinc oxide at the site in Newark. These products are used at the South Plainfield facility.

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Hummel Chemical was also a producer of Class III organic chemicals at the Foundry Street Complex according to a USEPA publication entitled "Dioxins" (EPA 600/2-80/197) November, 1980. These organic chemicals are precursor of dioxins. Compounds identified included 2,4-dinitrophenoxyethanol, 3,5-dinitrosalicyclic acid, hexachlorobenzene and picric acid. On October 14, 1988, four soil samples were collected from the Foundry Street Complex and analyzed for the 2, 3, 7, 8 TCDD dioxin isomer. However, none of these samples were taken from areas where Hummel Chemical is believed to have operated.

The ground in a small yard, approximately 50 x 20 feet, situated between Morrel Truck Service (Building #9) and County Lift Truck Service (Building #14) was saturated with oil during a site inspection by the Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services (BCTS) Special Investigation Section personnel on November 7, 1990. In addition, there was evidence of a recent spill where speedy dry had been applied. Spillage was also observed around the drain in the driveway which separates the two facilities from Conus Chemical. The yard contained an assortment of oily/greasy truck parts (i.e. engines, rears, transmissions). These parts were laying directly on the ground without any type of barrier. It should be noted that Morrel repairs trucks and County Lift operates a forklift rental business. Spillage in the yard can penetrate underlying soils or be washed into the drain when it rains.

RFE Industries occupies building #1 which abuts Roanoke Avenue on its north side. On November 7, 1990 approximately ten 55 gallon drums were observed by BCTS personnel in the driveway outside of building #1. Upon closer inspection of the drums, it was discovered that some of the drums had been turned over to allow any remaining contents to drain out. The contents of these drums flowed into a large pool of water in the driveway. The drums were marked "Proprietary Solvent Mix #100" contained denatured ethyl alcohol. Such practice by RFE Industries has contributed to on-site contamination. Other types of materials handled are unknown.

C.W.C. Industries, Inc. stored raw materials (i.e. isopropanol, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, V.M.P. naptha, methanol) and process residues in a small fenced yard located adjacent to the south side of building #17 and the west side of building #18. On November 7, 1990 staining was observed on the concrete throughout the yard and on the east side of building #18. The concrete in the yard contained many fractures. Any spilled or leaking substance could penetrate the underlying soil through the fractures or migrate into a drain located outside the fence. No diking exits around the

High levels of VOCs (i.e. 1,1-dichloroethane, 1,2-dichloroethane, trichloroethylene, benzene, 4-methyl-2-pentanone, toluene, chlorobenzene) were present in a surface water sample collected from the south side of building #17 on October 14, 1988. An active flow was noted in the drain during the sampling. C.W.C. uses toluene. The company applies solvent based surface coatings to polyesters. It is not known if any floor drains are connected to the drainage system or if process effluents is discharged into the drain.

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Contamination (i.e. VOCs, B/Ns, priority pollutant metals) detected on the property of Hummel Lanolin Corporation (HLC) may have originated from two sources. An industrial sewer line runs underneath the property before connecting to a city sewerline on Roanoke Avenue. The industrial sewer receives discharge and run-off from the Foundry Street Complex. In July, 1987, a black sludge-like material with a septic odor was encountered during the installation of monitoring wells near the sewerline. The sludge material contained VOCs, PHCs, and metals. A sediment sample collected from a manhole on the sewerline, located upgradient of the facility, contained VOCs, PHCs, and metals. Similar contaminants (i.e. VOCs, PHCs, metals) were present in a sludge sample taken from a basin on, the north side of HLC process building. The sludge had back flowed into the basin from the industrial sewerline. It should be noted that the basin is located downgradient of where contamination was detected. Friority pollutant metals (i.e. cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, zinc) detected in the sludge

Dames & Moore, consultants for HLC, determined that ground water in the vicinity of the former underground storage tank flowed in a east-southeast direction in July, 1987. Soil borings made in the vicinity of the tank contained elevated levels of B/Ns (i.e. napthalene, fluoranthene, chrysene, pyrene, benzo(a)pyrene, phenanthrene). High concentrations of base neutral compounds were detected in five soil samples collected from Avon Drum on October 14, 1988. Avon Drum is located adjacent and hydraulically upgradient of Hummel Lanolin Corporation. HLC did not use any VOCs, B/Ns, or priority pollutant metals in their operations.

are used by Automatic Electro-Plating located upgradient of HLC.

Kem Realty purchased Lot 4 in May, 1962. Anthony A. Coraci, Vincent J. Coraci and Mary Coraci were the incorporators of Kem according to the Certificate of Incorporation. A deed between Kem Realty and Hummel Lanolin dated February 28, 1964, identified Vincent Coraci as the President of Kem.

In April, 1976, Kem Realty merged with several companies including Norpak Corporation to form Torco Investment Corporation. Torco's name was subsequently changed to Norpak Corporation by a Certificate of Amendment to a Certificate of Incorporation. Norpak's and Torco Investment Corporation's address are both listed as 70 Blanchard Street, Newark.

By Certificate of Merger dated December 31, 1980, Norpak merged with Norpak Specialties Corporation, Leeds Enterprises, and Abar International Corporation forming ACC Transitional Investing Corporation. Anthony A. Coraci is listed as the registered agent for Norpak Specialties, Leeds, and Abar. A Certificate of Incorporation for ACC Transitional Investing Corporation identifies Anthony A. Coraci, Vincent J. Coraci and Mary Coraci as the first Board of Directors.

ACC conveyed Lot 4 to Norpak on November 11, 1981. A.A. Coraci is currently the President of Norpak Corporation, 70 Blanchard Street, Newark, New Jersey. Therefore, Norpak Corporation, Anthony A. Coraci, Vincent J. Coraci and Mary Coraci have owned Lot 4 since 1962 and subsequently leased out space in buildings on the premises. Numerous discharges have occurred on the property as a result of tenants on site. Norpak and its officers have not made any attempts to remediate contamination on site.

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The City of Newark, Division of Inspections issued a Certificate of Occupancy to Essex Chemical for 185 Foundry Street on November 7, 1971. Peter Chan of C.W.C. Industries stated that Essex Chemical once operated in building #17 during a presampling inspection on October 7, 1988. Essex Chemical manufactures inorganic chemicals at a facility on Doremus Avenue. The Division of Environmental Quality, Right to Know Survey indicated that Essex Industrial Chemical uses: Acetone, chloroform, chromium oxide, chromium and compounds, lead nitrate, lead and compounds, and silver nitrate. These substances have been detected in a sediment sample (SED-5) collected from the drain outside of building #5.

ABC Demolition Company was evicted from building #15 by Norpak in October, 1989. The company renovated old buildings and disposed debris from their projects on the property. On November 2, 1989, approximately 13 x 55 gallon drums were observed around the exterior of building #15. Subsequent inspection of the interior of the building discovered additional drums. The Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services, Special Investigation Section determined through their investigation that Norpak, the property owner, was the only viable responsible party (Norpak/ABC Demolition file).

Ace Chemical Corporation was identified as having operated at the Foundry Street Complex according to a Newark, Department of Kealth and Welfare, Division of Inspections list of "Hazardous Waste Addresses" dated March 12, 1979. Apparently, no certificate of occupancy was issued for this operation by the City of Newark. No other information is known about the company's operations at the Foundry Street Complex.

Tennant Chemical Corporation and Weston Chemical Corporation were also identified as site operators through "Application for Building Permits" issued by the City of Newark. Both companies manufactured chemicals. No other information is known about their operations. Arkansas Company, Inc., Central Dyestuff and Chemical Company, Chemical Industries, Inc., Consolidated Color and Chemical Company, Coronet Chemical Company, Galaxy Inc., H.A. Metz Company, Inc., Ohmiac Paint and Refinishing Company, Tenant Chemical Corporation, and Weston Chemical Corporation have been determined to be dissolved.

Ashland Chemical Company, Automatic Electro-Plating Corporation, Avon Drum Corporation, Berg Chemical Company, Inc., C.W.C. Industries, Inc., Conus Chemical Company, Inc., County Lift Truck Service, Morrel Truck Service, and RFE Industries have been identified as primary responsible parties. The City of Newark, Foundry Street Corporation, Norpak Corporation, and Torco Investment Corporation have also been identified as primary responsible parties for being the owners of the contaminated property located on Lots 4, 5, and 22 (Block 5005).

Essex Chemical Company, Fleet Auto Electric, Grignard Chemical Company, Inc., Honig Chemical and Processing Corporation, Hummel Croton Inc., and Reichhold Chemical Company are potential responsible parties. These companies once operated at the Foundry Street Complex and used substances similar to those detected on site. However only limited or no information exists concerning their activities at the subject site.

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Ashland Chemical Company (Case #88695), Hummell Lanolin Corporation (Case #86732) and Sun Chemical Company (Case #86960) have initiated actions to investigate and remediate contamination detected at their facilities pursuant to the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA). Other ECRA investigations at the Foundry Street Complex include: Automatic Electro-Plating Corporation (Case #85708), Berg Chemical Company, Inc. (Case #90289), C.W.C. Industries, Inc. (Case #90598), Conus Chemical Company, Inc. (Case #90217), Grignard Chemical Company, Inc. (Case #90624).

It is recommended that information provided in this report should be used as a tool to assist in the evaluation of ongoing ECRA investigations (i.e. Berg Chemical, CWC Industries, Inc., Conus Chemical, Grignard Co., Inc.). This may be valuable in determining sampling locations and sampling plans at the noted facilities.

Site investigations conducted by Sun Chemical and Hummel Lanolin Corporation have indicated that ground water is contaminated at the Foundry Street Complex. Therefore all responsible parties and potential responsible parties identified in this investigation should be held jointly and severely liable for contamination of ground water pursuant to the Spill Compensation and Control Act. Their handling of hazardous substances and contributory operations (i.e. storage, processing) have contributed to contamination as noted in this report. It is recommended that an Administrative Consent Order be drafted and issued to the identified responsible parties to address the ground water contamination.

Recovery of administrative costs charged to this case (Project Activity Code JNK and JNM) should be an objective of Department actions. Contact this bureau regarding information or questions on the subject case file.

INVESTIGATOR:

Paul Smith Environmental Specialist NJDEP-Division of Hazardous Waste Management Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services Special Investigations Section 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-0700

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Newark Department of Engineering Department of Health and Welfare, Division of Inspections City of Newark 920 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 Contact: Lenny Iannio Content: Department of Health & Welfare, Division of Inspections, Violations, Building Permits, Certificate of Occupancy, Complaints for 96-144 Roanoke Avenue and 141-189 Foundry Street

Title & Deed Search Essex County Hall of Records 469 High Street Newark, NJ 07102 (201) 621-5000 Contact: Nicolas Caputo Contact: Nicolas Caputo Content: Title & Deed Search for Lots 4, 5, 6, 10, 21 & 22, Block 5005

NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Planning & Assessment 65 Prospect Streat Trenton, NJ 08625 Contact: Claire Whittaker Content: Arkansas Chemical, Grignard Chemical, Sun Chemical Preliminary Assessments, Inspection Reports, Sampling Data, Field Notes

Ashland Chemical NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Environmental Evaluation Cleanup & Responsibility Assessment 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-7141 Contact: Annette Christian Contact: General Information Submission, Site Evaluation Submission, Sampling Plans, Sampling Data, Correspondence for Ashland Chemical

Industrial Waste Survey NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services 401 East State Street 5th Floor Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-0708 Contact: Doug Stuart Contact: Sun Chemical, Ashland Chemical, Arkansas Chemical

NJ Department of Education, Division of State Library 185 West State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 292-6220 Contact: Janet Tuerff Content: Hac Raes Industrial Directory, NJ Industrial Directory, Sanborn Fire Insufance Maps

NJ Department of State, Division of Commercial Recording Mountainview Office Complex 820 Bear Tavern Road West Trenton, NJ 08628 (609) 771-1297 Contact: Telefax Content: Certificate of Incorporation for Second Di

Content: Certificate of Incorporation for Coronet Chemical Company, County Lift Truck Service Inc., CWC Industries Inc., Avon Drum Company, Chemical Industries, Inc., Arkansas Company, Inc., A.A.C. Transitional Investment Corporation, Automatic Electro-Plating, Fleet Auto Electric, Hummel Lanolin Corporation, Central Dye Stuff & Chemical Company, Consolidated Color & Chemical Company, H.A. Metz Company, Inc., Roanoke Inc., Kem Realty Company, Foundry Street Corporation, Torco Investing Company, Inc., Norpak Specialties Corporation, Leeds Enterprise Inc., Abar International Corporation, Cellomar Corporation, Grignard Chemical Company, Weston Chemical Corporation, Tenant Chemical, Berg Chemical

NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Metro Enforcement 2 Babcock Place West Orange, NJ 07052 (201) 669-3960 Contact: Yacoub Yacoub Content: Ashland Chemical Company, Arkansas Company, Inc., Conus Chemical, Coronet Chemical Company, Grignard Chemical Company, Inc., Hummel Lanolin Corporation, Norpak Corporation, Sun Chemical Company, Automatic Electro-Plating, Cellomar Corporation, Honig Chemical, Polychrome, Newark Drive-In, Avon Drum Company

NJDEP-DWR, Bureau of Metro Enforcement 2 Babcock Place West Orange, NJ 07052 (201) 669-3900 Contact: Peter Lynch Content: Files Ashland Chemical, Essex Chemical, Sun Chemical; Site Inspections, Spill Reports, Sampling Data, Enforcement Documents

NJDEP-DEQ 2 Babcock Place West Orange, NJ 07052 (201) 669-3935 Contact: Byron Sullivan Content: Ashland Chemical, Arkansas Company, Inc., CWC Industries and Hummel Lanolin Permits to Install Air Monitoring Apparatus, Contingency Plans, Enforcement Documents

Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission 600 Wilson Avenue Newark, NJ 07105 (201) 344-1800 Contact: Anthony Gammaro Content: PVSC Sample Results, Permits and Correspondence for Arkansas Company, Inc., Cellomar, Automatic Electro-Plating, Hummel Lanolin

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Newark Department of Engineering 920 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 (201) 733-4300 Contact: Paul Butler Content: Arkansas, Conus Chemical, Inspection Reports, Hazardous Material Data Sheet

DWR General Files NJDEP-DWR, General Files Carroll Building 432 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 984-2249 Contact: Laverna Jones

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Aerial Photographs NJDEP-Division of Coastal Resources, Planning Group 501 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 292-0060 Contact: Mike Ryan Content: Aerial Photographs NJ State Plane Coordinates 2,147,500'E; 690,300'N

Assessment Search Newark Administration Building 920 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 (201) 733-6566 Contact: Joseph Frisinn Content: City Tax Maps, Records of Ownership for Lots 4, 5, 6, 10, 21 & 22, Block 5005

Dun & Bradstreet Information Resource Center Carroll Building 432 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 984-2249 Contact: Dorothy Alibrando Content: Dun & Bradstreet for Ashland Chemical, Arkansas Chemical, Sun Chemical, Automatic Electro-Plating, Reichhold Chemical, Cellomar Division

Trenton Public Library Academy Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 392-7188 Contact: Richard Rebecca Content: Various Information Source: Directory of Obsolete Securities, Ward Business Directory, Duns Regional Business Directory

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Automatic Electro-Plating

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NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Environmental Evaluation Cleanup & Responsibility Assessment 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-7141 Contact: John Kosher General Information Submission, Site Evaluation Submission, Content: Correspondence for Automatic Electro-Plating Right to Know NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-0700 Contact: Paul Smith Content: Right to Know Submissions for Refinery for Electronics, Grignard Chemical Company, Automatic Electro-Plating, Sun Chemical, Honig Chemical, Coronet Chemical Company, Cellomar Sub-Division of Poly Chrome Inc., Kummel Chemical Hummel Chemical NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Central Enforcement 300 Horizon Center CN 407 Trenton, NJ 08625-0407 (609) 584-4150 Contact: Mark Gruzlovic Content: Limited Information Pertaining to Hummel Chemical Preliminary Assessments NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Compliance and Technical Services 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-0700 Contact: Bob Beretsky Content: Preliminary Assessments for Coronet Chemical, Conus Chemical, Sun Chemical, Hummel Lanolin Sun Chemical NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Environmental Evaluation Cleanup & Responsibility Assessment 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-1429 Contact: Mike Kenny Content: Sampling Plans, Cleanup Plans, Department Correspondence

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Rummel Lanolin NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Environmental Evaluation Cleanup & Responsibility Assessment 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 292-1963 Contact: Kenneth Smith General Information Submission, Cleanup Plan, Sampling Plan, Content: Department Correspondence Hummel Chemical 98073 NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Environmental Evaluation Cleanup & Responsibility Assessment 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 633-1419 Contact: Joshua Gradwohl Content: General Information Submission, Site Evaluation Submission Assessment Search Springfield Township Tax Assessor's Office 100 Mountain Avenue Springfield, NJ 07081 (201) 912-2200 Contact: Theresa Enright Content: Tax Assessment for Block 143, Lot 2.02 00604 Assessment Search Park Ridge Borough Tax Assessor's Office 55 Park Avenue Parkridge, NJ 07656 (201) 391-6161 Contact: Joseph Burek Content: Tax Assessment for Block 2505, Lot 7 Conus Chemical Company, Inc. 90217 NJDEP-DHWM, Bureau of Environmental Cleanup & Responsibility Assessment 401 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 292-6139

Contact: Bill Paterson Content: General Information Submission, Site Evaluation Submission

FOLMORY STREET COMPLEX

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	101	BLOCK	BUILDING NUMBER	CONPANY	OCCUPANCY (APPROXIMATE)
	4	5005	#1	RFE Industries	01/01/78 - Present
				Ameilo Natos	Circa 1972
			64	Comuș Chemical	12/01/64 - 11/30/89
\bigcirc			85 & 85A	Berg Chumical Company Inc.	11/01/84 - 10/31/87
			87	Come Chemical	12/01/84 - 11/30/89
				Grignard Chemical Company Inc.	03/01/75 - 10/01/84
				Honig Chemical and Processing	1970 · 1975
			#9	Norrei Truck Repair	Unknown - Present
				Coronet Chemical Company	12/12/83 - 12/20/84
			#13	Destroyed	Circe 1962
			814	County Lift Truck Service	11/15/85 - Present
			#15	ABC Demoiltion	Uniusum + 11/89
\cap			#17	CMC Industries inc.	1985 - 1991
()				Laber's Trucking	
				Essex Chemical	Circe 1971
			#16	CWC Industries Inc.	09/01/76 - 08/01/87
			#36	CWC Industries Inc.	09/01/76 - 08/01/87

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FOUNDRY STREET COMPLEX

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	101	BLOCK	<u>BUILDING NUMPER</u>	COMPANY	OCCUPANCY (APPROXIMATE)
	•	5005	#38A, #386, #38C	PJ Express Trucking Comstock Foods, Division of Curtice-Burns Inc.	08/01/72 - 07/30/86
0	22	5005	#19	Automatic Electropiating	04/04/71 - Present
U			4 21	Automatic Electroplating Tennent Chemical	04/04/71 - Present 1963
			622	Automatic Electroplating	06/06/71 - Present
			#29	floet Auto Electric	1968 - Present
			623, 631, 632, 633, 634, 634A	Sun Chemical Company Callomer Corporation, Division of Polychrome Corp.	1967 - Present 1964 - 1966
\cap	5	5005	#16, #168, #26, #25, #26, #27, #28, #260, #30, #32	Arkanese Company Inc.	January 1936 - 1983
()	21	5005	6 39	CMC Industries Inc. Mummel Lenolin Corporation	Present Lage 1950a - 1987

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FOUNDRY STREET

FOUNDRY STREET COMPLEX ATTACHMENT 2





PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSION NEWARK, NEW JERSEY



Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers



PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSION NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

HEAVY METALS SOURCE DETERMINATION STUDY

IN COMPLIANCE WITH OCEAN DUMPING PERMIT No. 1 NJOO3 INTERIM, SECTION 9(c)

APPENDIX A

INDUSTRIAL WASTE SURVEYS Part A - Industrial Site Interviews Volume 3

August 15, 1978

Elson T. Killam Associates, Inc.

Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date:	7-25-78		Interviewed	by:	SCOTT &	VAN MALDEN
PV N·	/SC Industry -1230	v #	Industrial	Wastewater			
<u> </u>			Questic	nnaire	"att	ach busir	ess card"
			Part	A	·		
1)	Industry	Name	EXPRESS CONTAIN	ER CORP.			
2)	Address	105	AVENUE L.			NE	WARK
		No.	Street			Munici	pality
3)	Responsib.	le Person	n to whom further	inquir:es s	hould be	e directed	1:
	·	MR. BREI	ER	CONTRL.		58	9-2155
		Name		Titl	e	Tel	ephone
4)	Type of Ir	ndustry	MFR. OF PAPER SH	IPPING CONT	AINERS	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5)	Primary S. (4 Digit (.I.C. num Code from	ber, if available 1976 standard ind	2653 lustrial cla	assifica	tion manu	al)
6)	Principle	Raw Mate	rials(s) used	PAPER, ST	ARCH &	SILICATE	
7)	Principle	Product(s) roduced	CORRUGATE	D SHIPP	ING CONTA	INERS
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted 8						
	Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted 5						
	Process Discharge Frequency	(circle d	one) Continuous In	termittant	# of Bat Times	ches/Day of Day	1 PERIOD LATE AFTERNOON
9)	Number of	employee	s <u>at this location</u>	100	····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10)	Indicate p	Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cubic feet during					
	the most recent calender quarter. If you obtain water from a privately						
	owned well	and <u>do</u> g	not meter your con	sumption fr	om this	source,	indicate
	the capaci	ty of the	e well pump(s) in	gallons per	minute	and the a	approxi-
	mate daily	running	time(s) in hours	per day.			

Industrial Wastewater

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

1,450,372Gallons/Quarter

<u>193,900</u> Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>Newark</u> Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

10 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

82 % of Water Discharged From Process

____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

8 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER LOCATED AGAINST AVE L. SIDE WALL APPROX. 50' FROM LEFT CORNER OF BLDG.

Industrial Wastewater

Questionnaire

Part B

- 1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:
- 2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A	Line B	Line C
Any detectable gas	Any detectable gas Process	Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling	N.C. Cooling	N.C. Cooling
Sanitary <u> </u>	Sanitary	Sanitary
Storm	Storm	Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

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LETTER _A MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width <u>3'</u>
entire depth
junction manhole yes no X # of in pipes $\frac{1}{1}$
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø <u>6</u> " % full <u>95</u>
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:
water depth 5.5 benched yes no X
water depth range <u>CONSTANT</u>
water velocity <u>< .25 FPS</u> turburlence yes <u>no X</u>
roll in front of stake roll behind stake no
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yesno_X_)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampling Line		
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> X </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic		·	
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	1,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper active			
a set in our pipe, dipper method			·
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube dippor mothed			• •
and a finite dole tabe, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square		·	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	X		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Incort	······		
Inflatable			
/!!	· · · · · · · · · ·		
o 10''			
10			
1 ÷ 1 5 ''			
Weirs y-notch (90°)			
4"	- • • • • •		<u></u>
6''			
8"			
10"			<u>.</u>
12''			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)	<u> </u>	····	· · · · ·
Packing			
Blocks			·
Sand Bags			
Caulking		·	
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90)	·		
4		P. Marco - M. C. Marco	
6" 0"			
8°°	 .	·	
10			
12			 _
LJ Corportorio course tul 1 - 1		·	<u></u>
varpencer's square with level			<u> </u>
NU1E3.			
		· ·	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

> WATER DEPTH IN PIPE AND LOW VELOCITY INDICATE OBSTRUCTION TO FLOW, SUGGEST WATER METER READINGS BE USED.
Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	В	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1)	<u>15,000</u> <u>0.2</u>	 	
Cadmium (mg/l) Copper (mg/l)			
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/l) Zinc (mg/l)	- <u></u>		
Mercury (mg/1)		·	· <u> </u>
Arsenic (mg/l) Varadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	ate:8/31/78	Interviewed	d by: <u>Standfast & Safchinsky</u>
PVS	C Industry # N-1240	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire	r "attach business card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry Name	Fairmount Chemical Company	· · ·
2)	Address <u>117</u>	Blanchard Street	Newark
	No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom further inquiries	should be directed:
	Robert W. Th	eobald	344-5790
	Name	Tit	tle Telephone
4)	Type of Industr	y Organic and Inorganic Chem	nicals
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code f	number, if available <u>2865</u> rom 1976 standard industrial c	classification manual)
6)	Principle Raw M	aterials(s) used <u>Hydrazin</u> e	e, H ₂ SO4, HCL,
7)	Principle Produ	ct(s) produced <u>Malic Hydra</u>	azide, Chemicals for Reproduc
8)	Hours per day 1	manufacturing operations are o	conducted 24
	Days per week m	anufacturing operations are co	onducted 5
9)	Process Discharge Frequency Number of employ	le one) Continuous Intermittan yees at this location 10	nt # of Batches/Day Times of Day 00
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption figures in g	gallons or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarter. If you obt	tain water from a privately
	owned well and	do not meter your consumption	from this source, indicate
	the apprecity of	the well pump(s) in callons r	per minute and the approvi-
	the capacity of	for a for point (b) in gallond p	per minute and the approxi

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply <u>N12,000,000</u> Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

Newark Name of City or Public

4,843,000Cubic Feet/Quarter

Supply

36,227,000allons/Quarter

10% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

 84%
 of Water Discharged From Process

 5%
 of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 1%
 of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

5 Locations

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	as <u>-</u>	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	-	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	·

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE: Trough
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width8"
entire depth 20"
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full90
out pipe Ø % full90
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
water depth <u>15'</u> benched yes <u>no X</u>
water depth range <u>14" - Surcharg</u> e
water velocity turburlence yes no _X
roll in front of stake roll behind stake sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yesno)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

		Samp	ling Lin	ie
		A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
	SAMPLING: Automatic	<u>X</u>		
	Manual FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
3 -6	Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method	X		
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
	90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method	<u> </u>		
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			<u>-</u>
	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
	Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method	<u>-</u>		
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method		. <u></u>	
	Manual		· .	
	Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows))		
	Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	e		
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
	Water meter readings		·	<u> </u>

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

		A	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC				
Semplore		х		
Verpose				<u>_</u>
Gurrent Motor (velocity)		<u> </u>		
Duo & Watch		·		
Dipporta		X		
Dippers Ded & Transit				
Flumes				
Insert			<u>. </u>	
Inflatable				
	,			<u> </u>
				· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			<u> </u>	
				
			<u>-</u> _	
			·	
15°				
Weirs V-noten (90)				
8				
12"				
10°				
Weir Box (initalable)			·	
Packing				
Blocks		·		· · · · · ·
Sand Bags	·			
Caulking				·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
MANUAL	•			
Bottles				
Bucket & watch				
Weirs (v-notch 90)				
4''			<u> </u>	
6"				
8"				
10"				·
12"				
15"		·		
Carpenter's square with level			······································	
NOTES:				

TIERRA-B-013387

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1)	Do you pretreat	any	wastewater	before	discharging	to	the	sanitary	sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

pH Adjustment
The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series
of 24 hour flow proportioned composite samples collected over a period
of two (2) consecutive production days. Samples shall be collected from

each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	<u>317,0</u> 00		<u></u>
Chromium (mg/1)			. <u> </u>
Cadmium (mg/1)	<u> </u>		
Copper (mg/1)	1.0_	<u>. </u>	
Lead (mg/l)	4.0_		·
Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc (mg/1)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)		_ <u></u>	
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

Yes

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PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date:7-26-78	Interviewed	by:SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
PV	SC Industrv #	Industrial Wastewater	
<u>_N</u>	1–1250	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
	· · ·	Part A	
1)	Industry Name	FEDERATED METALS CORP,	
2)	Address 150	St. CHARLES STREET	NEWARK
	No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Person	to whom further inquiries sh	ould be directed:
	KEN SAVA	AGE REG. ENG	. 589–0500
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry	SECONDARY, SMELTING OF NON	-FERROUS METALS
Ĵ)	Primary S.I.C. numb (4 Digit Code from	er, if available3341 1976 standard industrial cla	ssification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mater	ials(s) used Sn, Pb, Sb, Ni	, Cu, As, Cd, Zn, Al, Mg, Bi, Ag, Hg
7)	Principle Product(s	Su, Co, Non-Ferr Non-Ferr	P, Mn, Cr ous Alloys
8)	Hours per day manu	facturing operations are con-	ducted 8
	Days per week manuf	acturing operations are cond	ucted 5
	Process Discharge (circle of Frequency	ne) Continuous Intermittant ;	f of Batches/Day Times of Day
9)	Number of employees	at this location 200	
10)	Indicate plant wate	r consumption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
	the most recent cal	ender quarter. If you obtain	n water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> <u>n</u>	ot meter your consumption fro	om this source, indicate
	the capacity of the	well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate daily running	time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

5,984,000Gallons/Quarter

800.000 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>Newark</u> Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u>70</u>% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process <u>0</u>% of Water Discharged From Process <u>0</u>% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water <u>30</u>% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

TWO METERS LOCATED IN M.H. IN FRONT PARKING LOT

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		<u>Line C</u>	
Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable y Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A.B.C.,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC



TIERRA-B-013393

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

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	LETT	ER A	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø		-	
inside length	3'	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width		-	
entire depth		• -	
junction manhole yes	x no	# of in pipes 2	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø6'', 6''	% full	95,100	
out pipe Ø	% full	100	
5. water depth in pipe	5", 6"		
surcharged yes X no	·		
CHANNEL:			
water depth	bench	ed yes <u>X</u> no	
water depth range CC	NSTANT	_	
water velocity7	5 FPS	turburlence yes	no X
roll in front of stake	super cri roll beł	nind stake	no <u> </u>
channel configuration st instantaneous flow	raight	X curved	_ sloped drop
SAMPLING:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
can be harnessed in MH _	X pla	aced in MH	
or placed outside MH			
(vandalism problem yes	s no)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sam	pling L	ine
	A	B	<u>.</u> <u>C</u>
SAMPLING:	v		
Automatic	X		
Manual	·····		
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	th,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8''Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket $\&$ stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)		•••
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squar	e		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			

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Water meter readings

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

		<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC				
Samplers		X		
Harness		X		
Current Meter (velocity)				
Dye & Watch		<u></u>		
Dippers				
Rod & Transit				
Flumes				
Insert				
Inflatable				
4''				
6''				
8''		·····		
10''				
12"				
15''			 ,	
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)				
4		<u> </u>		 · · · ·
6''				
8''			·	
10''				<u> </u>
12''				
15''		<u> </u>		
Weir Box (inflatable)				
			<u></u>	
Packing				
Blocks			····· ·	·
Sand Bays				
Caulking		·		
obul ning	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MANIJAT				•
Bottles				
Bucket & watch				
Neirs $(y-notch 90^{\circ})$				
4"				····-
6''				
8"				
10"				
10"			<u> </u>	·
1511				
1J Compontonio anus tel 2 - 5		·		
Carpenter's square with level		<u> </u>		
NOILD.				

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

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Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	11,000		
Concomitum $(mg/1)$	0.000		
Copper (mg/1)	0.21		
Lead (mg/1)	1.73		
Nickel (mg/l)	3.92		
Mercury $(mg/1)$	0.97		······································
Arsenic (mg/l)	<u></u>		
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)	0.02	<u> </u>	
beryllium (mg/l)			

2)

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 8-7-78	Interviewed by	SCOTT & VANMALDEN
ΡV	SC Industry #	Industrial Wastewater	
<u></u>	N-1260	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry Name_	FEDERAL PACIFIC ELECTRIC COMPANY	
2)	Address	AVENUE L & HERBERT STREET	NEWARK
	No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Pe	rson to whom further inquiries shou	ld be directed:
	AL BROWN	MGR. PLANT ENG	INEER 589-7500
	Nam	e Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Indust	ry MFR. ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION EQU	IPMENT
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code	number, if available 3613 from 1976 standard industrial classi	fication manual)
6)	Principle Raw 2	Materials(s) used STEEL, COPPER, A	LUMINUM, AG
7)	Principle Prod	uct(s) produced ELECTRICAL DISTR	IBUTION EQUIPMENT
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing operations are conduc	ted 8
	Days per week w	manufacturing operations are conduct	ed_ 5
	Process Discnarge (circ Frequency	ele one) Continuous Intermittant # o	f Batches/Day
9)	Number of emplo	byees at this location 450	
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption figures in gallon	s or cubic feet during
	the most recent	t calender quarter. If you obtain w	ater from a privately
	owned well and	do not meter your consumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of	t the well pump(s) in gallons per mi	nute and the approxi-
	mate daily runn	ning time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

15,995,980 Gallons/Quarter

2,138,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u>Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

8% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
53% of Water Discharged From Process
35% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
4% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: 2 METERS ONE ON HERBERT STREET 2ND LOCATED ON DORTON STREET IN M.H.'S. NOTE: M.H.'S ARE PRONE TO FLOODING.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:____I

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ; Process	gasX	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable p Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling	·	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	_	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



AVE. L3



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

	LETTER A
MANHOLE:	
(circular) surface \emptyset	20"
inside length	4'Ø (parallel with pipe)
inside width	
entire depth	5'
junction manhole yes	X no # of in pipes
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø 15", 10"	% full 50
out pipe Ø <u>15</u> "	% full SURCHARGE
water depth in pipe	
surcharged yes X no	
CHANNEL:	
water depth	benched yes no
water depth range CONSTA	ANT BUT WILL FLOOD IN STORM.
water velocity8 FPS	turburlence yes X
roll in front of stake	super critical velocity /es no X Xroll behind stake
channel configuration st	raight X curved sloped
	drop
SAMPLING:	
can be harnessed in MH $_$	X placed in MH
or placed outside MH	
(vandalism problem yes	по)

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TIERRA-B-013404

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).









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TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sam	pling L	ine
·	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	n,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)		·	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	2		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	· · ·		
Water meter readings	Х		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	В	С
AUTOMATIC	_	_	_
Samplers	Х		
Harness	v		
Current Meter (velocity)	<u></u>		
Dve & Watch		<u>.</u>	
Dippers		<u> </u>	
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable	<u> </u>		
4"			
6''		~	
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"	·		
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4 ¹¹			
6''	<u> </u>		
8''			
10''			<u> </u>
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
	<u>-</u> ,	<u> </u>	
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90)			
4''			
6''		·· _· _· _·	
8"			
10"		·····	
12"			
15"	······································		
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

COMPANY MUST BE SAMPLED DURING PERIOD OF DRY WEATHER AS LINE A CARRIES STORM WATER AND METER PITS ARE PRONE TO FLOODING.

Questionnaire

Part C

Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?
 NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	287,000	-	
Cadmium $(mg/1)$	_10	·	
Copper (mg/1)	8		
Lead (mg/1)	0.08		<u> </u>
Nickel (mg/1)			
Mercury (mg/l)	11.0		
Arsenic (mg/l)			
Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)	······		
Deryffrum (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date: <u>3-20-78</u>	Interviewed by	: Standfast & Bartley	
PV	SC Industry # Inc	dustrial Wastewater		
	N-1270	Questionnaire	"attach business card"	
		Part A		
1)	Industry NameGeneral (Color		
2)	Address 24 Avenue B		Newark	
	No.	Street	Municipality	
3)	Responsible Person to whom	further inquiries shou	ld be directed:	
	Jim_McNellis	Plant Engineer	248-2575	
	Name	Title	Telephone	
4)	Type of Industry Pigment man	nufacturing		
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if a	vailable_2819		
	(4 Digit Code from 1976 sta	ndard industrial class	ification manual)	
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s)	used Cd, Na ₂ S, Se, H ₂ S	0 ₄ , NaOH, BaSO ₄	
7)	Principle Product(s) product	edCadmium_pigments		
8)	Hours per day manufacturin	g operations are condu	cted10	
	Days per week manufacturing	operations are conduc	ted5	
	Process Discharge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batches/Day			
9)	Number of employees at this	location 30		
10)	Indicate plant water consum	ption figures in gallo	ns or cubic feet during	
	the most recent calender qua	arter. If you obtain w	water from a privately	
	owned well and <u>do not</u> meter	your consumption from	this source, indicate	
	the capacity of the well pur	mp(s) in gallons per m	inute and the approxi-	
	mate daily running time(s)	in hours per day.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
4,754,000_Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
<u>635,600</u> Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

4-5 % of Water Used in Actual Process
92 % of Water Discharged From Process
2 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
1 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 2 1)

Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point: 2)

<u>Line A</u> Any detectable gas ProcessX		<u>Line B</u> Any detectable gas Process		Any detectable gas Process	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary	X	Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) 3) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.







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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

	LETT	fer A					
MANHOLE:							
(circular) surface Ø	20"	_					
inside length	4'	_ (parallel with pipe)					
inside width	4'	_					
entire depth	4'						
junction manhole yes	no	# of in pipes					
PIPES:	•						
in pipe Ø8"	% full	30					
out pipe Ø _ 10"	% full	15					
water depth in pipe	·						
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:							
water depth2"	bench	ed yes no					
water depth range 2-3"							
water velocity		turburlence yes no X					
roll in front of stake roll behind stake roll behind stake							
instantaneous flow							
SAMPLING:		drop					
can be harnessed in MH	pla	ced in MH X					
or placed outside MH							
(vandalism problem yes_	no)	· · ·					

}
5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling L	ine
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method	<u> </u>		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	;h,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

(_____

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	 ·
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	x	

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Samplers	X		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)	X		•
Dye & Watch	·		
Dippers		·	
Rod & Transit	·	<u>-</u>	
Flumes	· ····		
Insert		<u> </u>	
Inflatable			
4"			
6''		·	
8''			
10"	 		
12"			
15"		<u> </u>	
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)	 , , _		·
4''			
6''			<u> </u>
8"			
10''			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
()			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
ocoticing			
MANIJAT.			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			<u> </u>
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$	···········		
4"			
6"	<u> </u>	·	
8"			
10"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
12"			
15"		<u> </u>	
Carpenter's square with 11			
NOTES:		 -	

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

M.H. not conductive to auto flow measurement as:1. Junction M.H., turbulent flow.

Questionnaire

Part C

Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?
No, but they do have a settling pit, which is cleaned weekly.

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u> </u>	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1)	1 <u>17,00</u> 0		
Cadmium (mg/1)	2.5-25	·	
Copper $(mg/1)$			
Lead $(mg/1)$	<u> </u>		
Nickel $(mg/1)$		<u> </u>	
Zinc $(mg/1)$	2.5-25		
Mercury (mg/1)		·	·······
Arsenic (mg/1)		·	
Vanadium (mg/1)	<u></u>	·····	
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			
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PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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Date: 8-3-78 Interviewed by: SCOT	
	C & VANMALDEN
JSC Industry # Industrial Wasterster	
industrial wastewater	
N-1280 Questionnaire "attach	business card"
Part A	
Industry Name CREST CHEMICAL CORPORATION	
Address 225-235 EMMET STREET	NEWARK
No. Street M	unicipality
Responsible Person to whom further inquiries should be di	rected:
DR. SCHWARTZ PRESIDENT	248-2270
Name Title	Telephone
(4 Digit Code from 1976 standard industrial classification Principle Raw Materials(s) used VEGETABLE OILS, GLYCOLS,	n manual) TALLOW SODIUM B
Principle Product(s) produced CHEMICALS FOR TEXTILE, L	EATHER AND ADHES
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted	8
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted	<u> </u>
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted Process Discnarge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Frequency (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Times of 35	8 5 s/Day
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted Discnarge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Frequency (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Times of Number of employees at this location35 Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cub	8 5 s/Day Day pic feet during
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted Discnarge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Frequency (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Times of Number of employees at this location35 Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cub the most recent calender quarter. If you obtain water from	8 5 s/Day Day pic feet during om a privately
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted Process Discnarge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Frequency (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Times of Number of employees at this location 35 Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cut the most recent calender quarter. If you obtain water from owned well and <u>do not</u> meter your consumption from this sour	8 5 s/Day Day oic feet during om a privately erce, indicate
Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted Process Discharge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Frequency (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batche Times of Number of employees at this location 35 Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cub the most recent calender quarter. If you obtain water from owned well and <u>do not</u> meter your consumption from this source the capacity of the well pump(s) in gallons per minute and	8 5 s/Day Day pic feet during om a privately arce, indicate the approxi-

Questionnaire

Part A

<u>Continued</u>

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

3,575,440 Gallons/Quarter

____478.000_ Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

___% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

_5 % of Water Discharged From Process

92 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

1_% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

2 METERS ONE LOCATED IN BASEMENT OF BUILDING ON EMMET STREET OTHER LOCATED IN WAREHOUSE ON WRIGHT STREET.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A	Line B	Line C
Any detectable gas ProcessX	Any detectable gas Process	Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling X	N.C. Cooling	N.C. Cooling
Sanitary -	Sanitary	Sanitary
Storm -	Storm	Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

	LETTE	ER A
MANHOLE:		
(circular) surface Ø		
inside length	36"	(parallel with pipe)
inside width	36"	
entire depth	24"	
junction manhole yes	no X	<pre># of in pipes</pre>
PIPES:		· · · · ·
in pipe Ø <u>6</u> "	% full	85
out pipe Ø <u>6</u> "	% full	85
water depth in pipe	;" 	
surcharged yes no_ CHANNEL:	<u>X</u>	
water depth11"	benche	d yes X no (PIT)
water depth range CONS	STANT.	
water velocity	1 FPS	turburlence yes no
roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	super crit <u>X</u> roll behi raight <u>X</u>	ical velocity /es no X nd stake
SAMPLING:		
can be harnessed in MH	plac	ed in MH
or placed outside MH	_X	
(vandalism problem yes	X no	

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5.3

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





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TIERRA-B-013425

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	oling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method		·· ·	
Manual			
Realist Cotor and A (1) and a co	、 、		

X

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)_ Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square_

Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method

Water meter readings

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC		<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers		X		
Harness		<u> </u>		
Current Meter (velocity)				
Dye & Watch		_	·	
Dippers	· ·			
Rod & Transit				
Flumes				
insert T Cl + 11				
Inflatable				
4				
6''			<u></u>	
8''				
10''				
12"				
15"				
Weirs v-notch (90°)				
6"			<u>····-</u>	
8			·	
10"			<u></u>	<u> </u>
12"				· · · · · · ·
Weir Box (inflatable)				·
D 1 1				
Packing				
Blocks			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sand Bags				
Caulking	· · ·			
PANUAL				
Bollies Bushet (•			
Blicket & Watch				
weirs (v-notch 90)				
4		<u> </u>		
0				
				·
carpenter's square with level			·	
NUIES:				+

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

DR. SCHWARTZ RECOMMENDS ALL POSSIBLE PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO GUARD AGAINST VANDALISM.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (ag/1)	40,000		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1)	0.14		
Nickel (mg/l) Zinc (mg/l)			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/l) Varadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

TIERRA-B-013429

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Date: 8/30/78	Interviewed	l by: <u>Standfast & Pullizzi</u>
/SC Industry #	Industrial Wastewater	:
N-1285	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
- A 1209		
	Part A	
		·
Industry Name <u>Cro</u> d	la, Inc.,Hummel Lanolin Cor	poration
Address 185	Foundry Street	Newark
No.	Street	Municipality
Responsible Person	to whom further inquiries	should be directed:
Mr. Parat	Dient Engi	580 3407
Name		le Telephone
Type of Industry	Lanolin Manufacturer	
Primary S.I.C. numb	per, if available 2899	
(4 Digit Code from	1976 standard industrial c	lassification manual)
Principle Raw Mater	rials(s) used Wool Greas	se
Principle Product(s	s) produced Lanolin	
Hours per day manu	ifacturing operations are c	conducted 9
Days per week manut	facturing operations are co	onducted5.5
Process Discharge (circle c Frequency	one) Continuous Intermittan	t ∦ ^y bf Batches/Day <u>2</u> Times of Day Afternoon/Mc
Number of employees	s at this location19)
)) Indicate plant wate	er consumption figures in g	gallons or cubic feet during
the most recent ca	lender quarter. If you obt	tain water from a privately
owned well and <u>do</u> <u></u>	not meter your consumption	from this source, indicate
the capacity of the	e well pump(s) in gallons p	per minute and the approxi-
mate daily running	time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

2,135,540	_Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
285,500	Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark	Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Suppry	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u>___32</u>% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process <u>___35</u>% of Water Discharged From Process <u>___30</u>% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water <u>___2</u>% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

2

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Inside Main Building

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	as	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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TIERRA-B-013433

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER <u>A</u> See Page 9

MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
super critical velocity /es no
roll in front of stakeroll behind stakesloped
instantaneous flow
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes no)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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TIERRA-B-013435

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.....) ·

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6)	Final	recommendations	for	flow	measurement	&	sampling.
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	Samp	ling Li	ne
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	·		
Manual ,	X		
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dippe method	r		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper meth (shallow flows)	od 		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, dipper method	rough,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method		<u> </u>	<u></u>
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst slope, rough, dipper method	• •		

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	
Water meter readings	

Batches dumped morning and afternoon. Take grab samples and proportion according to the amount of water in Batch Tank. Flakker runs continuously @ 50 g/min.

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	С
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers			
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)	<u>+</u>		
Dve & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit		- <u></u>	
Flumes			
Insert		·	
Inflatable			
4"			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 [°])	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
4 ⁰			
6''			
8"	=		
10"			
12"			
15"	·		
Weir Box (inflatable)			
		<u></u>	
Packing			
Blocks	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Sand Bags			
Caulking	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cautking			
ΜΔΝΙΙΔΊ			
Bottles	x		
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-\text{potch } 90^\circ)$			
çıı		. 	
10"		<u> </u>	
10"	·	_	
14		·	
1) Generation of the state of t			
NOTES:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction

9

recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions,

etc.)

Sampling should be done manually. Flakker water flows at a rate of 60 gal/min. One or two batches are dumped in morning and afternoon volume of water is known so samples may be composited accordingly.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

No

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	20,400		
Chromium (mg/1)	<u> </u>		
Cadmium (mg/1)	<u>L.02</u>		
Copper (mg/1)		<u> </u>	
Lead (mg/1)	.2		<u> </u>
Nickel (mg/l)	·	<u> </u>	·
Zinc (mg/l)	<u> </u>		
Mercury (mg/1)	4.0002		
Arsenic (mg/1)		<u> </u>	
Vanadium (mg/1)			<u></u>
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)		<u> </u>	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date:7/6/78	Interviewed	by:SCOTT AND CHECCHIO
PV	SC Industry # N 1290	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire	"attach business card"
1)	Industry Name	<u>HY- GRADE ELECTROPLATING C</u>	0.
2)	Address <u>35</u>	FOURTH STREET	NEWARK
	No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Person	to whom further inquiries sh	ould be directed:
	FUCENE WACNER	DDTC	
	Name	T <u>T</u> itle	<u>482-1442</u> Telephone
4)	Type of Industry	ELECTROPLATING AN	D METAL POLISHING
5)	Primary S.I.C. numb (4 Digit Code from	er, if available <u>3471</u> 1976 standard industrial cla	ssification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mater	ials(s) used <u>CU, NI, CR, </u>	SN, CD, AU, AG
7)	Principle Product(s) producedPLATED_AND_P	DLISHED METALS
8)	Hours per day manu	facturing operations are con	ducted8
	Days per week manufa	acturing operations are cond	ucted 5
9)	Process Discharge Frequency (circle or Number of employees	e) Continuous Intermittant	of Batches/Day Times of Day
10)	Indicate plant wate:	r consumption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
	the most recent cal	ender quarter. If you obtai	n water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> no	ot meter your consumption fr	om this source, indicate
	the capacity of the	well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate daily running t	time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply			
159,324 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter			
21.300 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter			
NEWARK Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.			
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day			

_5 % of Water Used in Actual Process _90 % of Water Discharged From Process ____ % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water _5 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

TWO METERS LOCATED AT RIGHT OF OVERHEAD DOOR AT FRONT OF BUILDING.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...) LETTER <u>A</u> 2 - 4 " CLEAN OUTS

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MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length50" (parallel with pipe)
inside width20.5"
entire depth6!
junction manhole yes no χ # of in pipes 1
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full NOT ACCESSABLE
out pipe Ø_ <u>4</u> " % full <u>NOT_ACCESSABLE</u>
water depth in pipe surcharged yes no CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
super critical velocity /es no roll in front of stake roll behind stake channel configuration straight curved sloped instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes no)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





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TIERRA-B-013445

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

1996 (Providence) (Providence)

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	Sampling Line		
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough, dipper method	,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
			<u>-</u>
Manual			

Water meter readings v	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Samplers	v		
Harness	A		· +
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch		•	
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
		- <u></u> -	
Inflatable			
4			
6''			
8"			
10''			
12"	<u> </u>		
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
45		······································	
6'' - ''			
8"			
10"	· · ·		
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			<u> </u>
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)	·		
4''			
6"		<u> </u>	
8''			
10"	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
12"			
15"	· · · · · · · ·	·	
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:	·		

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)			
Chromium (mg/1)	1.5		
Cadmium (mg/1)	0.1		· · · · · · · · ·
Copper $(mg/1)$	0.9		
Lead (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Nickel (mg/l)	0.2	<u> </u>	
Zinc (mg/1)	0.2		·
$\frac{1}{1}$	0.2		
Arconia (ma/1)			
Norodium (mg/1)			
vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)		·	
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

1

	Date:7-25-7	8 Interviewed	by: SCOTT & VANMALDEN	
PV	SC Industrv #	Industrial Wastewater		
	N-1300	Questionnaire	"attach business card"	
		Part A		
1)	Industry Name	INDUSTRIAL HARD CHROMIUM COMPANY	7, INC.	
2)	Address 7	ROME STREET	NEWARK	
,	No.	Street	Municipality	
3)	Responsible Pe	rson to whom further inquiries sh	nould be directed:	
	MR. FOOTE	GENERAL MANA	AGER 344-2265	
4) 5)	Type of Indust Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code	ryELECTROPLATING number, if available347 from 1976 standard industrial cla	71	
6)	Principle Raw 1	Materials(s) used CHROMIC ACID		
7)	Principle Produ	uct(s) produced CHROME PLATED	METALS	
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing operations are con	ducted 8-12	
	Days per week r	nanufacturing operations are cond	ucted 5	
0.)	Process Discharge (circ Frequency)	le one) Continuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day CLAIMS ONLY C Times of Day	:00:
9)	Number of emplo	yees <u>at this location</u>	15	
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during	
	the most recent	calender quarter. If you obtai	n water from a privately	
	owned well and	<u>do</u> <u>not</u> meter your consumption fr	om this source, indicate	
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-	
•	mate daily runn	ing time(s) in hours per day.		
Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

652,256 Gallons/Quarter

87,200 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

∠ 5 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

 12% of Water Discharged From Process

 80% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 3 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

CHECK WITH FOOTE AT TIME OF SAMPLING.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	x X	Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable ga Process	IS
N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	<u>X</u>	Sanitary	X	Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

	LETTE	R A	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	3 ¹ 2'	(parallel with pi	ipe)
inside width	3 ¹ ₂ '		
entire depth	3'	•	
junction manhole yes	NOX	# of in pipes	1
in pipe Ø8"	% full		
out pipe Ø8"	% full		
water depth in pipe			
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:			
water depth	benched	yes no	
water depth range			
water velocity		turbürlence yes	no
roll in front of stake	super crit: roll behim aight	ical velocity /es nd stake curved	no
instantaneous flow			drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	place	ed in MH X	
or placed outside MH	·····		
(vandalism problem yes_	no <u>X</u>)		

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TIERRA-B-013454

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,).





BLDG.

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

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...)

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	LETTE	ЗВ	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	4'	(parallel with pi	pe)
inside width	4'		· .
entire depth	3'		
junction manhole yes_	no X	# of in pipes _	1
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø8"	% full		
out pipe Ø <u>8"</u>	% full		
water depth in pipe			
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:			
water depth	benched	yes no	
water depth range			
water velocity		turburlence yes	no
roll in front of stake channel configuration str	super criti roll behin aight	cal velocity /es d stake curved	no
CAMPLING			drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	place	d in MH X	
or placed outside MH			
(vandalism problem yes_	N		

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





TIERRA-B-013457

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	San	npling L	ine
	Λ	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X	<u>X</u>	
Manual			<u> </u>
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			·
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method		<u>X</u>	81 146 - yr 200-
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)		17 No. and Mat	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method			
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $\delta''\emptyset$)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method	·		
		·	, ·
Manual	· .		
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)		· •·	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	<u> </u>		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	<u></u>	-	· · · · · · ·
Water meter readings	_X_	·	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

		n	
	A	В	. <u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers		X	
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert	_		
Inflatable			
4			
6''			
8''	<u></u>		
10''			
12"			
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
<u>7</u> 11			
61		······	
0			
0	·······	<u> </u>	
10**			
12"		·	
15"	/-		
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags	·-		— <i>-</i>
Caulking	•		,
Caulking			
N4 A N17 - A T			
ANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			•
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
		<u> </u>	•
carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

FLOW FOR LINE A CAN BE DETERMINED BY SUBTRACTING FLOW FOR B

9

TIERRA-B-013460

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u> </u>	В	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	$\frac{6,000}{19,8}$		· <u> </u>
Codmin (mg/1)	19.0		
Copper (mg/l)	0.1	·····	
Lead (mg/1)			·
Nickel (mg/l)			
Mercury $(mg/1)$		<u>.</u>	
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Varadium (mg/1)		- <u></u>	
Selenjum (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date:7-17-78		Interviewed by:	SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
PV	SC Industry # N-1310	Indus Qi	trial Wastewater uestionnaire "a	ttach business card"
			Part A	
			· · ·	
1)	Industry Name	THE KENNY PR	ESS, INC.	
2)	Address 110	EDISON PLACE		NEWARK
	No.	Str	reet	Municipality
3)	Responsible Pe	rson to whom fur	ther inquiries should	be directed:
	DANIEL	O'CONNEL	GEN. MANAGER	642-3111
	Name	е	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Indust	ry COMMERCIAL P	RINTING	
ō)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code 1	number, if avai from 1976 standa	lable 2751 rd industrial classifi	cation manual)
6)	Principle Raw 🕅	laterials(s) use	dPAPER, INK, FILM,	METAL PLATES, PHOTO PROCESSI
7)	Principle Produ	uct(s) produced	PRINTED MATERIAL	PLATES
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing o	perations are conducte	d16
	Days per week m	nanufacturing op	erations are conducted	5
	Process Discharge (circ Frequency	le one) Continuo	ous Intermittant # of Tim	Batches/Day
9)	Number of emplo	yees <u>at this lo</u>	cation 45	
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption	on figures in gallons	or cubic feet during
·	the most recent	calender quart	er. If you obtain wat	er from a privately
·	owned well and	<u>do not meter you</u>	ur consumption from th	is source, indicate
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in gallons per minu	te and the approxi-
	mate daily runn	ing time(s) in l	hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
150,142 Gallons/Quarter (EST.)	Gallons/Quarter
Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

SUPPLIED BY LANDLORD

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: <u>2</u>
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as X	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	·
Sanitary		Sanitary	<u> </u>	Saratary	· i
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A.B.C.,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

3

SEE SCHEMATIC

: :::::

LETTER _A 1" CLEAN OUT	
MANHOLE:	
(circular) surface Ø	
inside length (parallel with pipe)	
inside width	
entire depth	
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes	
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø % full	
out pipe Ø% full	
water depth in pipe	
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	
water depth benched yes no	
water depth range	
water velocity turburlence yes no	
roll in front of stake roll behind stake	
instantaneous flow drop	
SAMPLING:	
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH	
or placed outside MH	
(vandalism problem yes no)	

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





FILM

FILM PROLESSOE (BACK) **WAL**

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	
(circular) surface Ø	
inside length (parallel with pipe)	
inside width	
entire depth	
junction manhole yes no X # of in pipes 1	
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø <u>1½</u> " % full	
out pipe Ø <u>1½</u> " % full	
water depth in pipe surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	
water depth benched yes no	
water depth range	
water velocity	no no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake channel configuration straight curved instantaneous flow	sloped
SAMPLING:	· ·
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH	
or placed outside MH	
(vandalism problem yesno)	

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





6

TIERRA-B-013469

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

		Sampling Line		ine
		Ā	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			•	
Automatic	-			
Manual	•.	<u>X</u>	<u>Х</u>	
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			·	,
<u>Automatic</u>	-1	·		
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, di method	pper -	• • 		
Death of flow in in pipe, voloc/dvo, dipper m	athod			
(shallow flows)		· · ·		·· ~ •
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream M dipper method	H, rough	•	·	
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method				
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method				
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (to $8''\emptyset$)	up			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method	-	.: <u></u>		
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/s slope, rough, dipper method	yst.,			
		en en en	•	.•
Manual	7. 1	•		
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smalle	er flows)	Х	X	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenter	rs square	·		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	· ·			
Water meter readings				·

 $\sum_{i \neq j_1, i \neq j_2} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1}$

· -2

a shi shekara ki k

)

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	А	В	С
AUTOMATIC		_	
Samplers			
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch	<u>-</u>		
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit	·		<u> </u>
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			<u> </u>
4''			
6''			
8"		<u> </u>	
10''	<u> </u>	÷	
12"			· · · · · · ·
15"			·
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)	<u>-</u>		
4 ¹¹			
6''			
8''			
10''			<u> </u>
12"			
15"	<u></u>		
Weir Boy (inflatable)			
			-
Packing			
Blocks			· ·
Sand Bags			
Caulking -	·		
Cadiking			
MANUAT			
Bottles	X	Y	
Bucket & watch	- <u>x</u>	- <u>x</u>	
When $(y = not ch 90^{\circ})$		· · ·	
A"			
7 Z11			
0	·		
	···-		
	<u></u>		
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES :			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

> FLOWS FOR A & B MUST BE DETERMINED MANUALLY AS CO. DOES NOT HAVE ITS OWN WATER METER.

MR. O'CONNEL WILL SUPPLY MORE INFO AT TIME OF SAMPLING ABOUT DISCHARGES FROM FILM PROCESSOR,

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO_

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	2000		
Chromium $(\log/1)$ Cadmium $(mg/1)$			·
Copper $(mg/1)$	·		
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc (mg/l)			
Mercury (mg/1)	·		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)		<u> </u>	
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)	***********		

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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		Date:	7-24-78		Interviewed	by:	SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
			•				
	Þ.	VSC Industr N-1320	y #	Indust	rial Wastewater		
				Qu	estionnaire	"atta	ch business card"
					Part A		
	1)	Industry	Name	KEYSTONE AUT	OMOTIVE PLATING		
	2)	Address 2	4	LEGAL STREET			NEWARK
			No.	Stre	et		Municipality
	3)	Responsib	le Person	to whom furt	her inquiries sho	ould be	directed:
			AL RONCO		VICE PRESIDEN	Τ	248-1665
	4)	Type of I	nductry				Telephone
<u>)</u>	5)	Drimonu C	T C	AUTU DUMPER	RECONDITIONING		
	2)	(4 Digit (Code from	ber, if avail 1976 standar	able/510 d industrial clas	sificat	ion ranual)
	6)	Principle	Raw Mater	rials(s) used	NICKEL, CHROM	E	
	7)	Principle	Product(s	oduced ייק (s	REPLATED AUTO	BUMPERS	
	8)	Hours per	day manu	afacturing ope	erations are cond	ucted	16
		Days per w	veek manuf	acturing oper	rations are condu	cted	5
		Process Discnarge Frequency	(circle o	ne) Continuou	Intermittant #	of Batc	hes/Day
	9)	Number of	employees	at this loca	ation 45		T Day
	10)	Indicate p	lant wate	r consumptior	n figures in galle	ons or c	ubic feet during
		the most r	ecent cal	ender quarter	. If you obtain	water f	rom a privately
		owned well	and <u>do</u> <u>n</u>	ot meter your	consumption from	n this s	ource, indicate
		the capaci	ty of the	well pump(s)	in gallons per m	minute a	nd the approxi-
•.		mate daily	running	time(s) in ho	ours per day.		· ·

TIERRA-B-013474

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

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748,472 Gallons/Quarter Cubic Feet/Quarter NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply

_____Gallons/Quarter

_____Cubic Feet/Quarter

_____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

_____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

10 % of Water Used in Actual Process
76 % of Water Discharged From Process
---- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
14 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

CHECK WITH RONCO AT TIME OF SAMPLING

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>	<u>Line B</u>		<u>Line C</u>	
Any detectable gas Process	Any detectable gas Process	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	 Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	 Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



TIERRA-B-013476

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

 $\left| \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{array} \right\rangle$

	LETTE	R A	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø	30"		
inside length	3'Ø	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width			
entire depth	12"		
junction manhole yes	X	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø	% full		
out pipe Ø SURCH	% full)	
water depth in pipe			
surcharged yes X no CHANNEL:			
water depth9"	benched	yes X no (PIT)	
water depth range CONS	STANT		
water velocity		turburlence ves X no	
roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	super criti roll behir raight	ical velocity /es no nd stake curvedslo	oped
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH _	place	ed in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes	no ^X)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sampling Line		ine
	A	B	<u>.</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		· - ·= =	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method		·· <u></u>	

Manual

Water meter readings	X		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	·	-	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square		
Bucket $\&$ stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	·	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch		· · · ·	
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes		 .	
Insert			
Inflatable			
4''			
6''		· · · · · ·	·
8''		· · · · · ·	·
10''	<u> </u>		
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
41			
6''			
8"			
10"			<i>:</i>
12"			
15"			
Weir Boy (inflatable)	 -		
acti boa (inflacable)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Barr			
Caulting	·		
Caulking			
34 6 331 7 6 T	i -		
Rottlee			
Bucket (ustab			
Moire (w patch 00 ⁰)			
werrs (v-notch 90)			
8			
10			
15"			<u> </u>
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

- 8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction
 - recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions,

1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -

Questionnaire

Part C

- 1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?
 - NO If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue

generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (19/1)	$\frac{11,300}{5.6}$	- <u></u>	
Cadmium (mg/1) Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1)	· · · · · ·		
Zinc (mg/l) Mercury (mg/l)			
Arsenic (mg/l) Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l) Beryllium (mg/l)			······································
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	Date: 7-17-78		Interviewed by:	SCOTT & VAN	MALDEN
P	VSC Industry # N-1330	Industrial Questic	Wastewater onnaire	"attach busi	ness card"
		Part	A		
1)	Industry Name <u>KI</u>	NGSLAND DRUM & BARI	REL		
2)	Address_308	MILLER STREET		NE	JARK
	No.	Street		Munici	pality
3)	Responsible Person	n to whom further :	inquiries shoul	ld be directe	d :
	JERRY MOLINARI		VICE PRESIDENT		242-1203
	Name		Title	Ţe	lephone
4)	Type of Industry	RECONDITIONING	& MFG OF STEEL	DRUMS	
5)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	ber, if available 1976 standard inc	5085 Justrial classi	fication man	141)
6)	Principle Raw Mate	rials(s) used	AUSTIC, MURIAT	IC ACID, SODA	ASH, NITRITE
7)	Principle Product(s) producedS	TEEL STEEL 1	DRUMS	
8)	Hours per day man	ufacturing operati	ons are conduc	ted 8	
	Days per week manu	facturing operatio	ns are conducte	ed 5	(OCC AT 4)
0)	Process Discharge Frequency (circle of	one) Continuous Int	termittant # of Ti	Batches/Day mes of Day	
9)	Number of employee	s <u>at this location</u>	40		
10)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption fig	ures in gallons	s or cubic fe	et during
	the most recent ca	lender quarter. I	f you obtain wa	ater from a p	rivately
	owned well and <u>do</u>	not meter your con	sumption from t	this source,	indicate
	the capacity of the	e well pump(s) in ;	gallons per min	ute and the	approxi-
	mate daily running	time(s) in hours	per day.		

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TIERRA-B-013484

بالمراجعة العقيدية

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

25 % of Water Used in Actual Process
73.5 % of Water Discharged From Process
- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
1.5 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER FOR ALL PROCESS WATER LOCATED OUTSIDE OFFICE. IN M.H. NOTE: METER M.H. FLOODS EASILY.

Questionnaire

Part B

l) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:____1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable ; Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	_ 	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC
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TIERRA-B-013487

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

	LETTH	IR	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	63"	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	67"		
entire depth	87"		
junction manhole yes	X no	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø8,8,4	% full	0,0	
out pipe Ø_SURCHARGED	% full	100	
water lepth in pipe 1",(),0		
<pre>surcherged yes no_ CHANNEL:</pre>			
water depth37"	bench	ed yes X no (PIT)	
water depth rangeCON	STANT.	-	
water velocity2 FPS	<u>S</u>	turburlence yes X no	The manufacture of a state of a
roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	roll beh	Ind stake	_X oped trop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	pla	aced in MH	
or placed outside MH _	X		
(vandelism problem yes	s <u>?</u> no) [·]		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





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TIERRA-B-013489

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sampling Line		ne
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	
Manual	<u></u>		
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	1 <u>x</u>		
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $8''(0)$)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

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Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	·.	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	² x		

•

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

ΔΙΤΩΜΔΤΙΩ	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch		<u> </u>	
Dippers	X		
Rod & Transit			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Flumes	X		
Insert	X		
Inflatable			
4''			
6"	X		
8''			
10"			
12"		<u></u>	
15"	<u> </u>		
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
	·		
12			<u> </u>
15 Woir Roy (inflotable)			
well box (initatable)			
Packing			
Blocks	<u>_</u> .		
Sand Back			
Caulking			
oddikine			
MANIJAT			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			<u> </u>
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	<u>77,40</u> 0	<u> </u>	
Cadmium $(mg/1)$			
Copper (mg/1)	2.1	<u> </u>	
Lead (mg/1)	,		
Nickel (mg/l) Zinc (mg/l)			
Mercury (mg/1)	00		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Variadium (mg/1)			
Servilium (mg/l)			
\mathcal{L}			

NO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date: 8-1-78		Interviewed by	SCOTT & VANMALDEN
PV	SC Industry #	Industria]	Wastewater	
	N-1340	Questi	onnaire	"attach business card"
		Par	t A	
1)	Industry Name	LAUREL LAMP MFRG	COMPANY	
2)	Address	ROME & MAGAZINE S	STS.	NEWARK
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom further	inquiries shou	Ild be directed:
	BUD WIGGINS		PLANT MANAGER	489-1148
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry	yLAMP_MFG.		
3)	Primary S.I.C. 1 (4 Digit Code fr	number, if available rom 1976 standard in	e	ification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Ma	aterials(s) used	STEEL, ALUM.,	BRASS, ZN, NI, CR, CU
7)	Principle Produc	ct(s) produced	LAMPS	
8)	Hours per day r	nanufacturing operat	ions are condu	cted8
	Days per week ma	anufacturing operation	ions are conduc	ted 5
0)	Process Discharge Frequency (circl	e one) Continuous I	ntermittant #	of Batches/Day Fimes of Day
9)	Number of employ	vees <u>at this location</u>	on <u>150</u>	
10)	Indicate plant w	vater consumption fi	igur <mark>es in</mark> gallo	ns or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarter.	If you obtain	water from a privately
	owned well and d	<u>lo not</u> meter your co	onsumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in	a gallons per m	inute and the approxi-
	mate daily runni	ing time(s) in hours	s per dav.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

city of Public Supply	Private Well Supply
982,872 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
131,400 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

5 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

______ 77 % of Water Discharged From Process

____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

18 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

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1 METER LOCATED CENTER OF BUILDING SOUTH END.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	_	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

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	LETT	ER _A	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	49''	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	33''		
entire depth	33"		
junction manhole yes_	no X	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø	% full	50	
out pipe Ø4''	% full	25	
water depth in pipe	2''		
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	<u>X</u>		
water depth6"	bench	ed yes <u>X</u> no (PI	Γ)
water depth range <u>CONST</u>	ANT	-	
water velocity1 FPS	super cri	turburlence yes	no X
roll in front of stake \underline{X} channel configuration st	roll beh raight x	ind stake	sloped
instantaneous flow			drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	pla	aced in MH	· · ·
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes	_X_no)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,).

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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sampling Line		ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method		<u></u>	
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $8''\emptyset$)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	X	

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

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ልፒሞብመልጥ ፓ ር	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	···		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			<u> </u>
0			
10			
12			
Weirs y-notch (90°)			
4 ⁰			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"	<u> </u>		
Weir Box (inflatable)	·	<u> </u>	
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			— <u>—</u> —
Caulking			·
			·
MANUAL	· · ·		
Bottles			
Bucket & watch $V_{\rm relation} = (1 + 0.00)$			
weirs (v-notch 90)			
4			
01			
0 10 ¹¹			
10"			
12			
Carpenter's cause with 1 1	<u> </u>		
NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? 1) NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of 24 hour flow proportioned composite samples collected over a period of two (2) consecutive production days. Samples shall be collected from each individual waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	16,000		
Chromium (mg/1)	·		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper $(mg/1)$	22	<u> </u>	
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel (mg/l)	30		
Zinc (mg/1)	3 04		
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic $(mg/1)$			
Vanadium (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Selenium $(mg/1)$			
Beryllium $(mg/1)$			<u> </u>
Derymina (mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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Date:6/29/78	Interview	ed by:SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
PVSC Industry #	Industrial Wastewat Questionnaire	er "attach business card"
	Part A	
l) Industry Name	MANCO METALS	
2) Address 390	PARK AVENUE	NEWARK
No.	Street	Municipality
 Responsible Perso 	on to whom further inquirie	s should be directed:
LOUIS GARCI.	A OWNER	485-6800
Name	T	itle Telephone
4) Type of Industry	ELECTROPLATING	
5) Primary S.I.C. nu (4 Digit Code fro	umber, if available347 om 1976 standard industrial	l classification manual)
6) Principle Raw Mat	terials(s) used Zn, C	d, Sn, Ni, Cr
7) Principle Product	t(s) produced ELEC	TROPLATED METALS
8) Hours per day ma	anufacturing operations are	conducted 8
Days per week man	nufacturing operations are	conducted 5
Process Discharge Frequency 9) Number of employe	e one Continuous Intermitt	ant # of Batches/Day Times of Day
10) Indicate plant w	ater consumption figures in	gallons or cubic feet durin
the most recent	calender quarter. If you c	
owned well and d	o not meter your consumptic	on from this source, indicate
the capacity of	the well pump(s) in gallons	s per minute and the approxi-
mate d aily runni	ng time(s) in hours per day	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
483,208 Callons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
64,600 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

5 % of Water Used in Actual Process

 91 % of Water Discharged From Process

 -- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 4 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

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1 METER

SEE SCHEMATIC

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	- -	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.



TIERRA-B-013507

4) Describe each manhole or campling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

	LETTE	R A	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	35''	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	35"		
entire depth	28"		
junction manhole yes	no	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø4''	% full		
out pipe Ø3 - 3"	% full		
water depth in pipe	1"		
surcharged yes no_ CHANNEL:	<u>X</u>		
water depth	benched	yes <u>X</u> no (P	IT)
water depth range	CONSTANT		
water velocityEST. 2	FPS	turburlence yes X	no (MINOR)
roll in front of stake	super crit: Xroll behin	ical veloci t y ye s nd stake	no X
channel configuration st instantaneous flow	raight X	curved	sloped
SAMPLING:		· .	urop
can be harnessed in MH _	place	ed in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes	no ^X)		

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TIERRA-B-013508

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sam	pling L	ine
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	ì,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

<u>Manual</u>

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers $w/smaller$	flows)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	Х	-	

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
	Χ.		
Samplers			
Harness Gunnant Mater (unlegitu)			
Current Meter (Velocity)			
Dye & walch	<u> </u>		
Dippers Rod & Transit			
Flumes		_ 	
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"			
6''		<u> </u>	
8"			<u>_</u>
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4 ^v			
6''	<u> </u>		
8"	<u></u>		·
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			·····
Sand Bags			_
Caulking			
MANTIAI			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"	<u> </u>		
6"		·	
8"			
10"		<u> </u>	
12"		<u> </u>	
15"			
Carpenter's square with level	<u> </u>		
NOTES:		<u> </u>	

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

INSTALL SAMPLER LINE IN INLET PIPE W/WEIR.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u></u> B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/l)	25,000 .55		
Cadmium (mg/1)	.9	·,	
Copper (mg/1)	<u>.3</u>		· · · · ·
Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$	$\frac{.3}{3.1}$		
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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) I	Date:	8/30/78]	nterviewed by:	Standfast & Pullizzi
PVS	SC Indus	stry #	Industrial	Wastewater	
			Questio	nnaire	"attach business card"
			Part	Α	
1)	Indust	ry Name Man	a Polishing & Pla	ating Company	
2)	Addres	s 105–107	West Peddie St	reet	Newark
		No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Respon	sible Person	to whom further	inquiries shoul	ld be directed:
	Don	🖁 Gene Mara		Prop.	242-0800
	<u> </u>	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Туре о	f Industry	Metal Polishi	ing & Plating	
5)	Primar (4 Dig	y S.I.C. num it Code from	per, if available 1976 standard in	3471 dustrial classi	fication manual)
6)	Princi	ple Raw Mate:	rials(s) used (Cr, Ni, Zn, Pb	Salts
7)	Princi	ple Product(s) produced I	Plated Metal	
8)	Hours	per day manu	ifacturing operat	ions are conduc	ted 8
	Days p	er week manu:	facturing operation	ons are conduct	.ed5
9)	Process Dischar Frequer Number	cze ncy of employees	one) Continuous Ir	ntermittant # o T n 8	f Batches/Day imes of Day
10)	Indica	te plant wate	er consumption fi	gures in gallon	s or cubic feet during
	the mo	st recent cal	lender quarter.	If you obtain w	ater from a privately
	owned	well and <u>do</u> <u>r</u>	not meter your com	nsumption from	this source, indicate
	the ca	pacity of the	e well pump(s) in	gallons per mi	nute and the approxi-
	mate d	aily running	time(s) in hours	per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

599,896 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
802,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

__% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
 __% of Water Discharged From Process
 __% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
 __% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

In basement (reading in digits)

Questionnaire

Part B

1)	Number of metal	contributing o	lischarge points to m	municipal sewer: 1
2)	Check off which	of the below :	is in each metal disc	charge point:
	Line A		Line B	Line C

Any detectable gas Process	 Any detectable gas Process	 Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling	 N.C. Cooling	 N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	 Sanitary	 Sanitary	
Storm	 Storm	 Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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(____)

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A

MANHOLE:
(circular) surface \emptyset 10" x 10" drain w/3" Pipe
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth <u>12" /9"</u> water
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake sloped slopedsloped sloped sloped sloped sloped slopedsloped sloped slopedslopedslopedslopedsloped sloped
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem vesno)

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).



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TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.				
		Sampling Line		
		<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
	SAMPLING: Automatic	<u>X</u>		
	Manual .			
	FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	;		
	90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		<u> </u>	
:	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
	Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flow	ws)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squ	are		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		<u> </u>	
Water meter readings	X		

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Complexe	x		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Due & Watch			·
Dippers	- <u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Rod & Transit		<u> </u>	
Flumes	<u></u> _		
Insert			
Inflatable	<u></u>		
4"			
6"	·		
8"			
10''			
12"			
15''			<u> </u>
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4 ¹¹			
6''			
8"			
10''			
12"			
15"	<u></u>		
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch		<u> </u>	
Weirs (v-notch 90°)	··=·		<u></u>
4''	<u> </u>		
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			<u> </u>
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)
المستقلب فالتعاد بالعام معاديته أحاد المعادية

No

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>incividual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	В	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	$\frac{13,600}{1,2}$		
Cadwing $(m_{2}/1)$	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Conner $(mg/1)$			
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel $(mg/1)$	7		<u> </u>
Zinc $(mg/1)$	1	······	
Mercury (mg/1)	- <u>+</u>		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)		·	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 7-24-7	3 Interviewed by: SCOTT & VAN	MALDEN
PV	SC Industry # N-1360	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire "attach busin	ness card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry Name	METAL PARTS PROCESSING CO. INC.	
2)	Address <mark>165</mark> No.	DELANCY STREET NEWARK Street Munici	pality
3)	Responsible Po	rson to whom further inquiries should be directe	d :
	ARTHUR	F. VONDERLINDEN PRESIDENT 58 e Title Te	9-5314
4)	Type of Indust	ry METAL FINISHING	
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code	number, if available 3559 from 1976 standard industrial classification man	ual)
6)	Principle Raw	Materials(s) used STEEL, Cu, Zn, ALKALIS, ACI	DS, ABRASIVES
7)	Principle Prod	uct(s) produced FINISHED METAL PARTS	
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing operations are conducted 8-10	
	Days per week	manufacturing operations are conducted 5-6	
	Process Discharge (cir Frequency]	le one) Continuous (Intermittant) # of Batches/Day Times of Day	
9)	Number of empl	oyees at this location16	
10)	ludicate plant	water consumption figures in gallons or cubic the	et during
	the most recen	t calender quarter. If you obtain water from a f	rivately
	owned well and	do not meter your consumption from this source,	indicate
	the capacity o	f the well pump(s) in gallons per minute and the	approxi-
	mate daily run	ning time(s) in hours per day.	

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Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

295,460 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
39,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

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Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER IN BASEMENT FRONT OF BUILDING

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:____1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	s 	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable y Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	6- 14- 10 	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B.,C,...)

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...)

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	LETTE	R A
MANHOLE:		
(circular) surface Ø		
inside length	3'	(parallel with pipe)
inside width	3'	
entire depth	2.5'	
junction manhole yes_	X	# of in pipes
PIPES:		
in pipe Ø <u>12" x 4" D</u>	% full 25	
out pipe Ø_SURCH	% full	0
water depth in pipe <u>1"</u>		
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	<	
water depth10"	benched	yes X no (PIT)
water depth range CONS	STANT	
water velocity1.2	FPS	turburlence yes X
roll in front of stake) channel configuration str instantaneous flow	super criti	ical velocity /esno X nd stakeXsloped drop X
SAMPLING:		
can be harnessed in MH	place	ed in MH
or placed outside MH	,	
(vandalism problem yes	no X)	

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

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6)	Final	recommendations	for	flow	measurement	Å	sampling.
---	---	-------	-----------------	-----	------	-------------	---	-----------

	Sampling Line		ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:	Х		
Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method	<u> </u>		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shellow flows)		17 a. aller:	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h.		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $8''\emptyset$)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			a 1961 in 1
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Custom Rect. Weir	<u>X</u>		
Manual			
Bucket $\&$ stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows))		

Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square______ Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method

TIERRA-B-013530

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	<u>.C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
	Х		
Samplers			
Harness Current Motor (unlesitu)			
Due & Voteb	<u>_</u>		
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit		<u> </u>	
Flumes			
Insert			·
Inflatable			
4 ¹¹			
6''	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
8''			
10^{n}			
12"	·		
157	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4 ¹¹			<u> </u>
6''	·		
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Reir Low (inflatable)			
Custom Rect. Weir	X		
Packing			
Block	<u></u>		
Sand Mags			
Caulting			
N# 5 117 / T			
HANDAL Dettle			
Dellies Rusket f veteb	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
$V_{\text{area}} = (v_{\text{area}} + 0)^{0}$			<u> </u>
///			
6''			
8"	<u> </u>		
10"			
12.			
15"			
Carpenter's square with lowel			
NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

SUGGEST THAT CUSTOM RECTANGULAR WEIR BE INSTALLED IN CHANNEL TO MEASURE FLOW.

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Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? $$\rm NO$$

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected from to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	1880		
Chromium (ng/1)			<u> </u>
Copper (mg/1)	1.2		
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/1) Zinc (mg/1)	0.3		
Mercury (mg/1)		· ··· ·	
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/l) Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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)		Date:7-17-78	In	terviewed by	:S	COTT AND VAN MALDEN
	ΡV	SC Industry #	Industrial W	astewater		
		<u>N-1370</u>	Question	naire	"attac	h business card"
			Part /	4		
	1)	Industry Name	MODERN POLISHING	AND PLATING	CO.	
	2)	Address <u>242_</u> No.				NEWARK Municipality
	3)	Responsible Person	n to whom further in	quiries show	ld be d	lirected:
		JOSEPH MAYKIS	Н	PARTNER		623-8178
	<i>•</i> ``	Name		Title		Telephone
2	4)	Type of Industry	ELECTROPLATIN	IG	·····	
) 3	5)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	nber, if available n 1976 standard indu	3471 strial class	ificati	on manual)
e	5)	Principle Raw Mate	rials(s) usedCu,	Ni, Cr, CLE	ANERS,	BRASS. Zn
7)	Principle Product(s) produced PLA	TED METALS		
8	3)	Hours per day man	ufacturing operation	ns are condu	cted	8
		Days per week manu	facturing operation:	s are conduc	ted	5
		Process Discharge (circle (Frequency)	one) Continuous Inte	ermittant # c	of Batch Times of	nes/Day
9)	Number of employee	s <u>at this location</u>	22		
1	0)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption figur	res in gal l o	0 6 &⊁ ⊂ι	ubic feet during
		the most recent ca	lender quarter. If	you obtain w	water fi	rom a privately
		owned well and \underline{do}	not meter your const	umption from	this so	ource, indicate
		the capacity of th	e well pump(s) in ga	allons per m	inute ar	nd the approxi-
		mate daily running	time(s) in hours pe	er dav.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
1,120,000 Gallons/Quarter (EST)	Gallons/Quarter
Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

10 % of Water Used in Actual Process
87.5 % of Water Discharged From Process
---- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
2.5 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

TWO METERS ONE FOR PROCESS OTHER FOR SANITARY.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A	<u>Line B</u>		<u>Line C</u>	
Any detectable gas Process	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable ga Process	as
N.C. Cooling	 N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	 Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	 Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.





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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

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LETTER A
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length <u>24</u> " (parallel with pipe)
inside width <u>12"</u>
entire depth
junction manhole yes no X # of in pipes 1
PIPES:
in pipe Ø% full% / 10
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe <u>N/A (VERT</u>) surcharged yes <u>no X</u> <u>CHANNEL:</u>
water depth benched yes X no
water depth range <u>CONSTANT</u>
water velocityturburlence yes X no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake no channel configuration straight curved sloped instantaneous flow dropX
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yes no X)

TIERRA-B-013538

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





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(مرجعة 6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Samp	ling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)) X		

Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squar	e	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	A	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harness	X		<u> </u>
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dve & Watch			 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Dippers	·	<u> </u>	
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable	<u> </u>		····
4''			
6''			
8''			
10"			
12"			
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4''			
6''			·
8''			
10''	 .		
12''	**********		
15''		····	
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			······
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
14.111.1			
MANUAL			
Bottles Bucket for the			
Blicket & watch	X		
weirs (V-notch 90)			
4			
0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
0			
10			
12			
1) Corportanle es sus stat			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Dav)	13,500		
Chromium (mg/1)	1		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)	0.02		
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel (mg/l)	1.5		
Zinc (mg/1)	<u>+•J</u>		
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			- <u></u>
Bervllium $(mg/1)$			
(mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date: 8/1/78		Interviewed	by: SCOTT & VAN MALDEN	J
PV N·	SC Industry # -1380	Indust: Que	rial Wastewater estionnaire Part A	"attach business ca	ard"
1)	Industry NameMC	YER PLATING	со.		
2)	Address 175	CHRISTIE	STREET	NEWARK	
	No.	Stre	et	Municipality	
3)	Responsible Person	to whom furt	her inquiries sh	nould be directed:	
	SEAN MOYER		PLANT ENG.	589-111	2
	Name		Title	Telephon	e
4)	Type of Industry	ELECT	ROPLATING		
5)	Primary S.I.C. numb (4 Digit Code from	er, if avail 1976 standar	able <u>3471</u> d industrial cla	ssification manual)	
6)	Principle Raw Mater	ials(s) us¢d	Ni, Cr, Cd, Zn	, Cu, BRASS, Sn	
7)	Principle Product(s) produced	PLATED METALS		
8)	Hours per day manu:	facturing op	erations are con	ducted8	
	Days per week manufa	acturing ope	rations are cond	ucted 5	
9)	Process Discharge (circle on Frequency) Number of employees	e) Continuou at this loca	Intermittant	# of Batches/Day Times of Day 17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10)	Indicate plant water	consumption	n figures in gal	lons or cubic feet dur	ino
	the most recent cale	ender quarte:	r. If you obtain	n water from a private	ely
	owned well and <u>do</u> no	ot meter your	consumption fro	om this source, indica	ite
	the capacity of the	well pump(s)) in gallons per	minute and the approx	i-
	mate daily running t	ime(s) in he	ours per day.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

2 <u>,125,816</u> Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
284,200 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Dav

<u>5</u>% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

94 % of Water Discharged From Process

____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 $_1$ % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

METER LOCATED NEAR LOADING DOOR AT 179 CHRISTIE.

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Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B	•	Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable g Process	2as	Any detectable e Process	as
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A.B.C.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.





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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

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MANHOLE:	LETTER <u>A</u>
(circular) surface Ø	8"
inside length	6"Ø (parallel with pipe)
inside width	
entire depth	30"
junction manhole yes	NoX # of in pipes
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø 8"	% full 25
out pipe Ø <u>8"</u>	% full 25
water depth in pipe	2''
surcharged yes no_ CHANNEL:	<u>X</u>
water depth2"	benched yes No X
water depth rangeC	DNSTANT
water velocity3.8	F.P.S. turburlence yes x no (MILD)
roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	super critical velocity /es no X Xroll behind stake raight Xcurvedsloped drop
SAMPLING:	
can be harnessed in MH	placed in MH
or placed outside MH	X
(vandalism problem yes	no X)

Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph 5) (Label A, B, C,).



TO CHRISTIE ST.



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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sa	mpling L	ine
	٨	B	С
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	Х		
Manual .			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:		<u> </u>	
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method	_X		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,	·	·· = ·····
90° we watch wait is a set of the set			
by vehicle werr in out-pipe, dipper method			
lnsert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $8''\emptyset$)		·	
Voir by sheril a la			•
Well-Dox W/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			···· .

Manual

Bucket stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squar	e	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)	<u> </u>		
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit	— <u>—</u> ———		
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4''			
6''			
8''			
10''			
12"	·		
15"			·
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)	·		
4''			
6''		<u> </u>	
8"			·
10"			
12"		•	
15''			
Weir Box (inflatable)	······		
		<u> </u>	·
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags	~		
Caulking			
	· •		
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$	·		
4"			
6"			· ··· •• •
8"			
10"			
12''			
15"			···
Carpenter's square with lovel		·	
NOTES.			
NUILO.			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? 1)

YES

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series 2) of 24 hour flow proportioned composite samples collected over a period of two (2) consecutive production days. Samples shall be collected from each individual waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)			
Chromium (ag/1)	-		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper $(mg/1)$		·	
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel (mg/1)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Zinc $(mg/1)$			· · · ·
Mercury (mg/1)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			
2 07 - 7			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date:8-15-78	Interviewed	by: Scott & Van Malden
ΡV	SC Industry #	Industrial Wastewater	
	N-1390	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry NameN	ewark Boxboard	
2)	Address17	Blanchard Street	Newark
	No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Perso	n to whom further inquiries sl	hould be directed:
	Lou Thaisz	Mgr. of Eng	ineering 589-6853
	Name	Title	e Telephone
4)	Type of Industry_	Paperboard Mfg.	
5)	Primary S.I.C. nu (4 Digit Code fro	mber, if available <u>2631</u> m 1976 standard industrial cla	assification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mat	erials(s) used <u>Wastepaper</u>	
7)	Principle Product	(s) produced Paperboard	
8)	Hours per day man	nufacturing operations are con	ducted24
	Days per week man	facturing operations are cond	ucted6-7
• •	Process Discnarge Frequency	one Continuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day Times of Day
9)	Number of employee	es at this location 150)
10)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
	the most recent ca	lender quarter. If you obtai	n water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u>	not meter your consumption free	om this source, indicate
	the capacity of ch	e well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate daily running	; time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

45,000,00@allons/Quarter (Est.)	Gallons/Quarter
Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u> 15%</u> of Water <u>Use</u>	<u>d</u> in Actual Process
83 % of Water Dis	charged From Process
% of Water Dis	charged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
2% of Water Dis	charged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Check with Thaisz at time of sampling.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	s	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length4' (parallel with pipe)
inside width33"
entire depth24"
junction manhole yes no_X # of in pipes1
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>6</u> " % full <u>33</u>
out pipe Ø 8" % full 100
water depth in pipe2"
surcharged yes <u>x</u> no (Outpipe) CHANNEL:
water depth <u>17"</u> benched yes <u>no X</u>
water depth range <u>Constant</u>
water velocity <u>< .5 FPS</u> turburlence yes no No
super critical velocity /es no X roll in front of stake X roll behind stake channel configuration straight X curved
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yes no X)
Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,....).

LETTER A

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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

)		Sam	pling L	ine
		A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
	SAMPLING:			
	Automatic	<u>X</u>		
, ,	Manual			
	FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
a	Automatic			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,	<u> </u>	
	90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
)	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $8''\emptyset$)			
	Weir-boy w/inflatable tube dimensional i			
	were box w/initiatable tube, dipper method			
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method Custon 90° V-Notch Weir	X		
	Manual			

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)______ Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square______ Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method ______ Water meter readings

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Samplers	х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4''			
6''			
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"	**		<u> </u>
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
40			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Custom Weir	<u> </u>		
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			<u> </u>
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	563,000		
Chromium (mg/1)			
Cadmium (mg/l)			
Copper (mg/1)	0.2		
Lead (mg/l)	10		
Nickel (mg/l)	<u></u>		
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/1)			
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PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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)	Date: 7/31	/781	Interviewed by: S	COTT & VAN MALDEN	
P 	VSC Industry # N-1400	Industrial Questio	Wastewater nnaire "at	tach business card"	
		Part	А		
1)	Industry Name_	NEWARK MORNING LEDGE	R COMPANY		
2)	Address No.	STAR LEDGER PLAZA Street		NEWARK Municipality	
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom further i	inquiries should b	∈ directed:	
	JOHN SOLOMI	TA E	BLDG. SUPT.	877-4141	
4)	Type of Industr	yNEWSPAPE	IIIIe CR PRINTING	Telephone	
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code f	number, if available_ rom 1976 standard ind	2711 ustrial classifica	ation manual)	
6)	Principle Raw M.	aterials(s) used	NEWSPRINT, INK		
7)	Principle Produc	ct(s) produced	NEWSPAPERS.		
8)	Hours per day m	nanufacturing operatio	ons are conducted	8	
	Days per week ma	inufacturing operation	ns are conducted	7	
9)	Brocess Bischarge (circl Frequency Number of employ	e one) Continuous Int	ermittant # of Ba Times 300	tches/Day of Day_10:30_approx.	(P.M.
10)	Indicate plant w	ater consumption figu	res in gallons or	cubic feet during	
	the most recent	calender quarter. If	you obtain water	from a privately	
	owned well and <u>d</u>	<u>o not</u> meter your cons	umption from this	source. indicate	
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in g	allons per minute	and the approxi-	
	mate daily runni	ng time(s) in hours p	er day.	1 5 4 4 4 4	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

 City or Public Supply
 Private Well Supply

 3.808.068 Gallons/Quarter
 ______Gallons/Quarter

 ______S09,100
 Cubic Feet/Quarter

 ______Cubic Feet/Quarter
 ______Cubic Feet/Quarter

 ______NEWARK Name of City or Public
 ______Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

 ______Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

______5 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process _____10 % of Water Discharged From Process _____72 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water _____13 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

CHECK WITH SOLOMITA AT TIME OF SAMPLING.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable ga Process	as
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A.B.C.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.



TIERRA-B-013567

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

LETTERA
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø 24"
inside length <u>5'Ø</u> (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth <u>8'</u>
junction manhole yes no_X # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø% full
out pipe Ø 8" % full 12
water depth in pipe <u>1"</u> surcharged yes <u>no X</u> CHANNEL:
water depth <u>1</u> " benched yes no X
water depth range <u>1 - 4" (EST.)</u>
water velocity TOO SHALLOW turburlence yes X no super critical velocity /es no X (MILD) roll in front of stake X roll behind stake
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLINC:
can be harnessed in MH X placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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TIERRA-B-013569

6)	Final	recommendations	for	flow	measurement	&	sampling.
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	Sampling Line		ine
	A	B	<u>C.</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u>X</u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper			
method	<u> </u>		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	zh,		
90 [°] what she waith in a tank in the			
Vanoten well in out-pipe, dipper method	·- ·		
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Dein han alt Classes and		·	
weir-nox wrintlatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

<u>Manua</u>)

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings		 · · - ·

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	C
Samplers	x		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	X		
KOd & Transit Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"			
6"			
8"			·
10''			<u> </u>
1011			
15"	······································		
Weirs y-notch (90°)			
6''		<u> </u>	
8''			· · · · ·
10''			
12''			
15''			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sand Bags			
Caulking			<u> </u>
		···· • ··	··- • ·
<u>PANUAL</u>			
Bottles			
Bucket & Watch			
weirs (v-notch 90)			
4			·
o gu			10 To 1000
10"			
10			
15"			
Carpenter's square			
NOTES.		·	

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction

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recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions,

etc.)

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SUGGEST THAT SAMPLER BE CONNECTED TO DIPPER & USED IN "FLOW MODE" IN ORDER TO CATCH DISCHARGE FROM SUMP PUMPS.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1) Cadmium (mg/1)	44,800 2.05		
Copper $(mg/1)$ Lead $(mg/1)$.02		
Nickel $(mg/1)$ Zinc $(mg/1)$	<u>Z.05</u>		
Mercury (ng/1) Arsenic (ng/1)	L .02		
Vanadium (mg/1) Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Γ	Date:8/31/78	Interviewed	by:Standfast & Safchinsky
	PVS	GC Industrv #	Industrial Wastewater	
		N-1405	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
			Part A	
	1)	Industry Name <u>N</u>	ewark Tank Wash, I _{nc.}	
	2)	Address <u>335</u>	Raymond Boulevard	Newark
		No.	Street	Municipality
3) Responsible Person to whom further inquiries should				hould be directed:
		Joe Calonge Name	V.P. Operation & Title	Eng. 589-5700 e Telephone
	4)	Type of Industry	Service	
	5)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	ber, if available <u>7699</u> 1976 standard industrial cla	assification manual)
	6)	Frinciple Raw Mate	rials(s) used <u>Caustic & A</u>	lkaline Detergents
	7)	Principle Product(s) produced Cleaned Truck	Tanks
	8)	Hours per day man	ufacturing operations are con	nducted16
		Days per week manu	facturing operations are conc	lucted 6
		Process Discharge (circle Frequency)	one Continuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day Times of Day
	9)	Number of employee	s at this location 4	
	10)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption figures in gal	llons or cubic feet during
		the most recent ca	lender quarter. If you obtai	in water from a privately
		owned well and do	not meter your consumption fr	com this source, indicate
		the capacity of th	e well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
•• .		mate daily running	time(s) in hours per day.	

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Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

418,132 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
559,900 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>Newark</u> Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
capping	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u><1%</u> of Water Used in Actual Process
<u>>98%</u> of Water Discharged From Process
<u>0%</u> of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
<u><1%</u> of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

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Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 Meter inside building NE corner/

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: ____1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable ga Process	ıs
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	·	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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. . . . 4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	LETTI	ER A Settling Pit	
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	20'	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	4'		
entire depth	2'		
junction manhole yes_	no	X # of in pipes <u>1</u>	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø	% full		
out pipe Ø <u>1</u> "	% full _2	5	
water depth in pipe <u>1"</u>			
surcharged yes no X	, 		
water depth	benche	d yes X no	
water depth range			
water velocity		turburlence yes	no X
roll in front of stake	super crit roll behi	tical velocity /es ind stake	no
channel configuration str	aighty	<pre> curved </pre>	sloped
Instantaneous 110w			drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	plac	ced in MH	
or placed outside MH	<u>X</u>		
(vandalism problem yes_	no_X_)		

TIERRA-B-013578

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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6)	Final	recommendations	for	f 1
v,	T THE T	recommendation	TOT	

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low measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X_		<u> </u>
Manual ,			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	1 ,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	····	<u> </u>	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual		·	

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	 ····
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		 ·
Water meter readings	X	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harpess	X		
Current Motor (male in)	- <u></u>		
Duc & Match			
Dimon			
Dippers Rod & Transit			
KOG & ITANSIT	·		
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"			
6"			
8"			
10"			
10			
15"			
Weirs y -notab (00 ⁰)			
Au		·	
6''			
. ` <mark>8</mark> ''			
10"			
12"	<u> </u>		
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
well box (initiatable)		·	
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bage			
Caulking			
Caulking			
ΜΔΝΙΙΔΤ	•	-	
Bottles			
Bucket & watch	·		
Weirs $(y-potch 00^{\circ})$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4"	·		
л 6"			
o gu			
10"			
10			
15"			<u> </u>
Corportor's course to a			
NOTES.			
1101 HD *			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

No

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	В	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1) Cadmium (mg/1)	<u>375,0</u> 00 1.2		
Copper $(mg/1)$			<u> </u>
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel (mg/1)			·
Zinc $(mg/1)$		<u> </u>	
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

)	Date:7-19-78	Inte	erviewed by:	SCOTT & VAN MALDEN		
P	VSC Industry #	Industrial Was	tewater			
	N-1415	Questionna	ire	"attach business card"		
		Part A				
1)	Industry NameN.J.	TANNING INC.				
2)	Address410 No.	<u>FREYLINGHUYSEN</u> Street	AVENUE	NEWARK		
3)	Responsible Person to w	hom further inqu	iries shoul	d be directed:		
	HAROLD SCHWARTZ Name		V.P.	248-1349		
4)	Type of IndustryLEAT	HER TANNING	12116	Telephone		
) 5)	Primary S.I.C. number, i (4 Digit Code from 1976	f available <u>31</u> standard industi	11 rial classif	fightion and the		
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used <u>SALTE</u>	D HIDES, TAN	NNING CHEMICALS & OTIS		
7)	Principle Product(s) prod	duced <u>CRUST</u>	LEATHERS			
8)	8) Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted 8					
	Days per week manufactur:	ing operations a	re_conducte	d 5		
	Frequency (circle one)	ontinuous Interm	ittant # of	Batches/Day		
9)	Number of employees at the	is location	35	les of Day		
10)	Indicate plant water cons	sumption figures	in gallons	or cubic feet during		
	the most recent calender	quarter. If you	u obtain wat	ter from a privately		
1	owned well and <u>do not</u> met	er your consumpt	tion from th	nis source, indicate		
1	the capacity of the well	pump(s) in gallo	ons per minu	ite and the approxi-		
Ţ	mate daily running time(s) in hours per d	lay.			

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

city of Public Supply	Private Well Supply
Gallons/Quarter	1,166,880 Gallons/Quarter
Cubic Feet/Quarter	156,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
(SUPPLIED BY LANDLORD)	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

15% of Water Used in Actual Process
76.5_% of Water Discharged From Process
__5_% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
3.5_% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

ONE METER LOCATED AT WELL HEAD.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	3as	Any detectable g Process	;as
N.C. Cooling	K	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

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MANHOLE:	
(circular) surface \emptyset 24"	
inside length (parallel with	pipe)
inside width	
entire depth $- 10$	
junction manhole yes <u>no x</u> # of in pipe	es <u>1</u>
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø <u>~ 18"</u> % full <u>100</u>	
out pipe Ø <u>18"</u> % full <u>100</u>	
water depth in pipe 18"	
surcharged yes X no CHANNEL:	
water depth <u>18"</u> benched yes <u>X</u> no	
water depth range <u>CONSTANT, EXCEPT</u> FOR STORM	
water velocityEST5 FPSturburlence was	
super critical velocity /es	
channel configuration straight	
instantaneous flow	sloped
SAMPLING:	drop
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH	
or placed outside MH	
(vandalism problem yes no)	

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,....).



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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sampling Line		
	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic			
Manual	<u> </u>		
Panual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
method flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	 X		

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harness	X		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch	·		
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes	·		
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"			
6''			
8''			
10''			
12"		· <u> </u>	
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4"			
6''			
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflotoble)			
neur box (initacable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bage		·	
Caulking			
Cautking			·
ΜΔΝΠΙΛΤ			
Bottles			
Bucket			
Woire (watch			<u> </u>
weils (V-notch 90)			
4 611			······
0 0''			
0 1011			
10			
15			
Carpenter's square with level NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

N.J. TANNING WILL ARRANGE TO SWITCH TO 100% WELL WATER FOR 2 DAY SAMPLING PERIOD. FLOW CAN THEN BE DETERMINED BY METER OR WELL.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2)</u> consecutive production <u>days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	78,700		
Chromium (mg/1)	176 (TRI)		<u> </u>
Cadmium (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Copper $(mg/1)$			
Lead (mg/1)	- 0.01		
Nickel (mg/1)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$	0.000 1		
Mercury (mg/1)	<u> </u>		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Variadium (mg/1)	·	· · · · · · · · ·	·
Selenium (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Bervllium (mg/l)			
(mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

]	Date:9/5/78	Interv	iewed by: Standfast	
PV: N·	SC Industry # -1410	Industrial Waste	water	
		Questionnair	e "attach business card"	
		Part A		
1)	Industry Name <u>Ne</u>	w Jersey Galvanizing & T	inning Works, Inc.	
2)	Address 139	Haynes Avenue	Newark	
	No.	Street	Municipality	
3) Responsible Person to whom further inquiries should be directed:				
]	K <u>en McCormack</u>	Exec. V.P.	242-3200	
	Name		Title Telephone	
4)	Type of Industry_	Metal Finishing		
5) Primary S.I.C. number, if available <u>3479</u> (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard industrial classification manual)				
6)	Principle Raw Mat	erials(s) used Zn		
7)	Principle Product	(s) produced <u>Galvaniz</u>	ed Steel	
8)	Hours per day ma	nufacturing operations a	re conducted 16	
	Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted5			
	Process Discnarge Frequency (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batches/Day			
9)	Number of employe	es <u>at</u> this location	65	
10)	Indicate plant wa	ter consumption figures	in gallons or cubic feet during	
	the most recent c	alender quarter. If you	obtain water from a privately	
	owned well and do not meter your consumption from this source, indicate			
	the capacity of the well pump(s) in gallons per minute and the approxi-			
	mate daily running	g time(s) in hours per d	av.	
Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

______Gallons/Quarter

Newark Name of City or Public Supply

Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

______5 % of Water Used in Actual Process ______85 % of Water Discharged From Process ______0 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water ______10 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Flooded, N.J. Cal. & Tin Works will pump out for us.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

т.)

Line A	·	Line B		Line C	
Any detectable gas Process	 X	Any detectable gas Process	S	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	_X	Storm	. <u> </u>	Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width2'
entire depth3'
junction manhole yes <u>x</u> no <u>#</u> of in pipes <u>2</u>
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>8", 3"</u> % full <u>30%, 10%</u>
out pipe Ø 8" % full 30%
water depth in pipe <u>2-1/2"</u>
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no X
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no X
super critical velocity /es no X
channel configuration straight X curved - sloped -
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yesno_X_)





6 ~

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling Li	ne
	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual ,			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>	•		
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. mete method	r, dipper		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dip (shallow flows)	per method		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstro dipper method	eam MH, rough,	·	
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper met	hod <u>X</u>		
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	·		
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper meth to 8"Ø)	hod (up		
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method	d	<u> </u>	. <u>.</u>
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. co slope, rough, dipper method	oll/syst.,		
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/sm	naller flows)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpe	enters square		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings			

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

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	A	В	С
AUTOMATIC	· · · ·		
Samplers	X		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Dippers	X		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			- <u></u>
Inflatable	<u> </u>		
4''			
6''			
8''	<u>-</u>		
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)	x		
4 ⁰			
6''			
8''	 X		
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)		·····	
		<u> </u>	
Packing			
Blocks			<u></u>
Sand Bags			<u> </u>
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)	<u> </u>		
4"			
6"			
8"		·	
10"			
12"			
15"		····	<u> </u>
Carpenter's square with lovel			·
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

pH Neutralization

Yes

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

<u>Analysis</u>	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	13,900		
Chromium (mg/1)			
Cadmium (mg/1)	·		
Copper (mg/l)	.02		<u> </u>
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel (mg/1) Z_{inc} (mg/1)		·	
$\frac{2111C}{Marcury} \left(\frac{mg}{1}\right)$		······	
Arsenic $(mg/1)$			
Varadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Bervllium (mg/1)	<u>_</u>		
=) (10)			<u>_</u>

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date:3-22-78		Interviewed by:	Standfast & Bartle	зу
F	PVSC Industry #	Inductoria 1			
	<u>₩-1420</u>	Questi	Wastewater	W	
		Questi	Sinaire	attach business car	d''
		Pari	L A		
1)	Industry NameOcean	leather	_		
2)	Address <u>42</u> Ga	arden Street			
	No.	Street		<u>Newark</u>	
3)	Responsible Person to			Hunicipality	
		whom further	inquiries should	d be directed:	
	Mr. R.C. Burger	1	Executive V.P.		
	Name		Title	<u>344-1193</u>	
4)	Type of Industry <u>Lea</u>	ther		Ielephone	
5)	Primary S.I.C. number (4 Digit Code from 19	, if available 76 standard ind	3111 ustrial classif	ication manual)	
6)	Principle Raw Materia	ls(s) used	Hides	(anual)	
7)	Principle Product(s)	produced	Unfinished bi	des	
8)	Hours per day manufac	cturing operation	ons are conducte	ed 16	
	Days per week manufact	uring operation	ns are conducted	1 5	
	Process Discharge Frequency (circle one)	Continuous Int	ermittant # of	Batches/Day	
9)	Number of employees at	this location		tes of Day	
10)	Indicate plant water c	onsumption figu	res in gallons	or cubic feet during	 ,
	the most recent calend	er quarter. If	you obtain wat	er from a privately	,
	owned well and <u>do</u> not	meter your cons	umption from the	is source, indicate	
	the capacity of the we	ll pump(s) in g	allons per minut	te and the approxi-	
	mate daily running time	e(s) in hours p	er day.	SPECIAL	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

2,400,000 ^Callons/Quarter * (Calc.) <u>320,856</u> Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>Newark</u> Name of City or Public Supply *40,000/day 1,800,000 Gallons/Quarter (30,000/day)
_____Cubic Feet/Quarter
_____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
____24 Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

15 % of Water Used in Actual Process

____% of Water Discharged From Process

10 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

____% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: _____1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C
Any detectable Process	gasX	Any detectable gas Process		Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling	·	N.C. Cooling
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary
Storm	X	Storm		Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic.



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TIERRA-B-013607

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	LETTER		
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	3.5'	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	3.5'		
entire depth	4.5'		
junction manhole yes	no_X	<pre># of in pipes</pre>	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø15''	% full <u>60</u>		
out pipe Ø15"	% full _50		
water depth in pipe	8"		
surcharged yes no_ CHANNEL:	<u> </u>		
water depth12"	benched	yes no X	
water depth range			
water velocity		turburlence yes <u>X</u>	no
roll in front of stake	roll behind	al velocity /es 1 stake	no
instantaneous flow	raight X	curved	sloped drop
SAMPLING:			·
can be harnessed in MH	placed	1 in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes	no)		

TIERRA-B-013608

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling L	ine
	A	B	С
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u>X</u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:		<u> </u>	
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	1,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		·	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Devil (c c	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method Water meter readings		
accel meter readings	X	

a service and the service states

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	A	B	<u>c</u>
Samplers			
Harness	_X		
Current Meter (velocity)		·	
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Incort			
Inflatable		·	
	<u> </u>	·····	
8"			
10"			
12"	- <u></u> .		
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)	<u> </u>		
4** <1			
6'' 01	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
87			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
		·····	
Packing			
Blocks	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Sand Bags			
Caulking			·
	· · · · · · · · · · · ·		
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			
6"			
8"			
10"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
12"	·		
15"			
Carpenter's square with level	<u> </u>	•	
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Flow measurement not practical as:

- 1. Extremely turbulent
- 2. Poor configuration

Recommend water meter readings.

Questionnaire

Part C

Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?
 ______No

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (pg/1)	7 <u>72,00</u> 0 <u>12</u>		
Cadmium (mg/1) Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1)	0.049 2.43		
Nickel (mg/l) Zinc (mg/l)			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/l) Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)		······	
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 7/19/78	Interviewed by:	SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
Р V	/SC Industry # Industria N-1440 Questi	Wastewater	"attach business card"
	Par	t A	
1)	Industry Name ONDECKER METAL FIN	ISHING INC.	
2)	Address 178-182 EMMET STREET		NEWARK
	No. Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to whom further	inquiries shoul	d be directed:
	CEORGE ONDECKER	PRES.	824-1371
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of IndustryELECTROP	LATING	
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if available (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard in	3471 dustrial classi	fication manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used	Cu, Ni, Au, Ag, 1	Rd
7)	Principle Product(s) produced	PLATED METALS	
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operat	ions are conduct	.ed8
	Days per week manufacturing operation	ons are conducte	ed 5
	Process Discharge (circle one) Continuous I Frequency	ntermittant # of Ti	Batches/Day mes of Day
9)	Number of employees at this location	n	1
10)	Indicate plant water consumption fi	gures in gallons	or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender quarter.	If you obtain wa	ter from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> not meter your co	nsumption from t	his source, indicate
	the capacity of the well pump(s) in	gallons per min	ute and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in hours	per dav.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

190,480 Gallons/Quarter (EST)

_____ Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u>5</u> % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

 93 % of Water Discharged From Process

 --- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 2 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

NO METER - WATER IS SUPPLIED BY LANDLORD.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	asX_	Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable gas Process	s
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.

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TIERRA-B-013617

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

VI. 1.201

MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø 1.5"
inside length (parallel with nine)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes no X # of in pipes 1
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full 0
out pipe Ø 3" % full 0
water depth in pipe 0 surcharged ves no _X CHANNEL:
water depth 0 benched yes no N/A water depth range CONSTANT
water velocityturburlence ves
super critical velocity /es no roll in front of stake roll behind stake no channel configuration straight X curved sloped instantaneous flow 0 drop drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yesno)

NOTE: NO PRODUCTION AT TIME OF INSPECTION.

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).







TIERRA-B-013619

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Samp	ling Lin	ie
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Δ	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>	···	
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)	X		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method		•	
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method	-		
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			

Water meter readings

1. E. A. M.

Search States and States

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

		А	в	C
AUTOMATIC			-	0
Samplers		Х		
Harness				
Current Meter (velocity)				
Dye & Watch	•			
Dippers		<u>x</u>		
Rod & Transit			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Flumes			<u> </u>	
Insert	*			
Inflatable				·
4''				
6''		<u> </u>		· ·
8''				
10"				
10			_	
12				
10				
Weirs V-notch (90)				
4			<u></u>	
8				
12"		·		
Weir Box (inflatable)				
Packing				
Blocks				
Sand Baas				
Caulking				
MANUAL				
Bottles				
Bucket & watch				<u> </u>
Weirs (v-notch 90°)				
4''				
6''				
8''				_
10"				
12''				
15"				
Carpenter's square with 11				
NOTES,				
NULES.				

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

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POINT A CAN BE USED FOR FLOW MEAS. IF DYE IS USED TO CHECK VELOCITY AND DIPPER IS USED THROUGH 1 1/2" "T".

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis		<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1)	_3100		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper $(mg/1)$			
Lead $(mg/1)$	_0./		
Nickel (mg/l)	2.0	·	
Zinc (mg/1)			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)	· · ·		
,		·	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date:7/17/78	I	nterviewed by	SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
PV	SC Industry # N-1450	Industrial Questio	Wastewater	"attach business card"
		Part	Α	
1)	Industry Name	ORBIS PRODUCTS C	ORPORATION	
2)	Address_ <u>55</u>	VIRGINIA STREET		NEWARK
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Persor	1 to whom further j	inquiries shou	ld be directed:
	JOSEPH PESACRI	ETA GI	ENERAL MANAGER	243-5420
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry	ORGANIC FRAGRANCI	CS, FLAVOR & P	HARMACEUTICAL MFG.
5)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	ber, if available_ 1976 standard ind	2899 ustrial class	ification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mate	rials(s) usedA	TACHED	
7)	Principle Product(s) producedA	TACHED	·
8)	Hours per day man	ufacturing operati	ons are condu	cted_24_HR/DAY
	Days per week manu	facturing operatio	ns are conduc	ted <u>5 DAY WITH 7 DAYS OVERTIME</u>
	Process Discharge (circle o Frequency)	one) Continuous In	termittant # c	of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employee	s <u>at this location</u>	.90	
10)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption fig	ures in gallo	ns or cubic feet during
	the most recent ca	lender quarter. I	f you obtain w	water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u>	not meter your con	sumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of the	e well pump(s) in	gallons per m	inute and the approxi-
	mate daily running	time(s) in hours	per day.	

TIERRA-B-013624

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PRINCIPLE RAW MATERIALS

Acetic Acid

Acetic Anhydride

Aluminum Chloride Anhydride

Benzene

Benzyl Chloride

Benzyl Cyanide

Caustic Potash Liquid 45%

Caustic Soda Liquid 50%

D'Limonene

Ethylene Oxide

Manganese Dioxide Ore

Methyl Chloride

Muriatic Acid 22⁰ Be

Para Cresol

Soda-Ash

Sodium Bicarbonate

Sodium Cyanide Gran 99%

Sodium Nitrite Soln. 40%

Sulfuric Acid 60 Be

Toluene

Urea Prilled

Principle Products

Anisic Aldehyde

Carvone - Step I & II

Phenyl Ethyl Alcohol

Sodium Phenyl Acetate

Potassium Phenyl Acetate

Ethyl Phenyl Acetate

Benzyl Acetate

Methyl Phenyl Acetate

Benzophenone

Aluminum Chloride Solution

Mustard Oil

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

42,300,000 Gallons/Quarter

_____ Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

11 % of Water Used in Actual Process
10 % of Water Discharged From Process
89 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

VIRGINIA STREET

MCCLELLAN STREET

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B	·	Line C	
Any detectable Process	gasX	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable gas Process	- <u>x</u>
N.C. Cooling	X_	N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	_
Storm	X	Storm	·	Storm	Σ

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE ATTACHED



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

	LETTER A SUMP	
MANHOLE:		
(circular) surface \emptyset		
inside length	(parallel with pipe	2)
inside width	20'	
entire depth	10'	
junction manhole yes	no # of in pipes	
PIPES:		
in pipe Ø	% full	
out pipe Ø <u>2"</u>	% full	
water depth in pipe		
surcharged yes no_ CHANNEL:		
water depth	benched yes no	
water depth range		
water velocity	turburlence yes	no
roll in front of stake	super critical velocity /es roll behind stake	no
instantaneous flow	raight curved	sloped
		drop
SAPITLING:		
can be harnessed in MH	placed in MH	·
or placed outside MH		
(vandalism problem yes	no)	

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TIERRA-B-013631

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	LETTE	R <u>B</u>	
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	48"	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	36"		
entire depth	36"		
junction manhole yes	X no	<pre># of in pipes 2</pre>	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø8"	% full <u>38</u>		
out pipe Ø24"	% full <u>20</u>		
water depth in pipe surcharged yes no_ CHANNEL:	_ <u>3"</u> X		
water depth	benched	yes <u>x</u> no	
water depth rangeWILL	FLOOD IN STOP	RM	
water velocity <u>2 FPS</u> roll in front of stake channel configuration str instantaneous flow	super criti <u>x</u> roll behin raight <u>X</u>	turburlence ves x cal velocity /es d stake curved	no no sloped
SAMPLING:			<u> </u>
can be harnessed in MH	place	d in MH	
or placed outside MH	Х		
(vandalism_problem yes_	<u>X</u> no)		

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\ /زونه 5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





TIERRA-B-013633

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

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	LETTER C	8" YARD DRAIN	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	(parallel wit	h pipe)	
inside width			
entire depth			
junction manhole yes	no <u>X</u> # of in pip	pes <u>1</u>	
PIPES:		·	
in pipe Ø 8" 9	% full		
out pipe Ø8"	% full		
water depth in pipe4"			
surcharged yes no X CHANNEL:	-		
water depth4"	benched yes <u>X</u> no		
water depth range			
water velocity <u>1 FPS</u>	turburlence ye super critical velocity	es X no /es no X	(MILD)
roll in front of stake <u>y</u> channel configuration strai instantaneous flow	<pre>x roll behind stake ght X curved</pre>	sloped	
SAMPLING:		drob	
can be harnessed in MH	placed in MU		
or placed outside MH			
(vandalism problem ves X	no)		

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).







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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sampling Line		
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			_
Automatic	X	<u> </u>	X
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			X
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rou dipper method	ıgh,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		****	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method	-		
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
DETERMINE PUMT CAP & RUN TIME	X		
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flow	/s)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squa	re	. <i>.</i>	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings		X	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	А	В	С
AUTOMATIC	_	-	_
Samplers	<u> X </u>	X	X
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			×
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	×		X
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"		<u> </u>	
6''		<u> </u>	
8''			
10''		<u></u>	
12"			
15''	 .	 ,	·
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
			
6"		<u> </u>	
8"			·
10"	·		<u>·</u>
10			
12		·	
IJ Note Deve (de Classifica)		·	
weir box (inflatable)			
l'acking		· ·	
Blocks			
Sand Bags	·	·	
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch		· .	
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			
6''		100 march - Barl Ambail - 1	
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with lovel			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

PUMP RUNNING TIME AT SITE A CAN BE MONITORED. CAPACITY WILL BE GIVEN BY ORBIS. SAMPLING TUBE SHOULD BE PLACED AT INLET TO PUMP. SAMPLING SHOULD BE CONDUCTED DURING DRY WEATHER.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u> </u>	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (ag/1)	6 <u>99</u> ,681	····	
Cadmium (mg/1) Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1)	0.030		
Zinc $(mg/1)$	0.42		
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/1)			<u> </u>

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date: 7-10-78	Inter	rviewed by:	ft & VANMALDEN
ΡV	SC Industry # N-1460	Industrial Wast	ewater	
		Questionnai	.re "atta	ich business card"
		Part A		
1)	Industry Name PABST BR	EWING CO.		
2)	Address 400 GROV	E STREET		NEWARK
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to	whom further inqu	iries should be	directed:
	H.A. BLAIR	PLANT	ENGINEER	373-6000
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry MFG. M	IALT BEVERAGES		
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, (4 Digit Code from 1976	if available standard industr	2082 rial classificat	tion manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials	(s) used BARLEYM	ALT, CORN GRITS	, HOPS. WATER
7)	Principle Product(s) pr	oduced MALT BEVER	AGES	
8)	Hours per day manufact	uring operations	are conducted	24
	Days per week manufactu	ring operations a	re conducted	7
	Process Discharge (circle one) Frequency	Continuous Interm	ittant # of Bat	ches/Dav
9)	Number of employees at	this location	750	
10)	Indicate plant water co	nsumption figures	in gallons or	cubic feet during
	the most recent calende	r quarter. If yo	u obtain water	from a privately
	owned well and <u>do not</u> m	eter your consump	tion from this	source, indicate
	the capacity of the wel	l pump(s) in gall	ons per minute	and the approxi-
	mate daily running time	(s) in hours per	day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

108,171,520Gallons/Quarter

14 459,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter

NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply 21,541,540 Gallons/Quarter 2,879,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

21.3% of Water Used in Actual Process
78.7% of Water Discharged From Process
13.8% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
.5% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

CHECK WITH BLAIR.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas X	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as
N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	<u>X</u>	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	_	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC

TIERRA-B-013643

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	LETT	ER A	
(circular) surface Ø	22"		
inside length	4'Ø	(parallel with pi	pe)
inside width			
entire depth	6'		
junction manhole yes_	noX	# of in pipes	1
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø	% full	50	
out pipe Ø 24"	% full	50	
water depth in pipe	2''		
surcharged yes no 2 CHANNEL:	K		
water depth <u>12"</u>	benche	d yes noX	
water depth range CONSTAN	IT.		
water velocity		turburlence yes	no X
roll in front of stake <u>x</u>	super crit	ical velocity /es ind stake	no X
channel configuration str instantaneous flow	raight <u>X</u>	curved	sloped
SAMPLING:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		arop
can be harnessed in MH	X plac	ed in MH	
or placed outside MH			
(vandalism problem yes_	no)		

TIERRA-B-013644

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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98) 1993 6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	San	pling L	ine
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method	X		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	zh,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8''Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
·			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) corporters		
Denth of flow in in size	square	
bepen of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	A	B	<u>.</u> <u>C</u>
Samplers	Х		
Harness	X		
Current Meter (velocity)	X		
Dye & Watch			·····
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
6°			
8			
10"	· -		
12"			
15°			
veirs v-notch (90°)			
4			
0 0''	·		
10			
157			
LJ Voir Pay: (inflatable)			
Xell box (initatable)			······
Packing			
	<u>-</u>		
Sand Bage			
Caulking			
Cadiking	•		
MANUAL			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"		<u> </u>	
6''			···· · ··· ·
8"			
10"			
12''			·
15"	·····		
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

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TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction

recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions,

etc.)

PABST HAS DIRECT CONNECTION WITH PVSC AT GROVE STREET. SAMPLING SITE A IS LOCATED PRIOR TO CONNECTION ON GROVE STREET BETWEEN FERDINAND STREET AND 13th AVENUE. M.H. COVER IS MARKED WITH ORANGE PAINT.

NOTE: PABST HAS BEEN CONDUCTING SMPLING AND FLOW MEAS. AT SAME LOCATION. PICTURE NOT POSSIBLE AS PABST'S SAMPLER WAS INSTALLED IN M.H.

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)			
Chromium (ag/1)		···	
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper $(mg/1)$			
Lead (mg/1)		<u> </u>	
Nickel (mg/1)		·	
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)	·	<u>_</u>	
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Bervllium (mg/l)			
(mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 7-31-	-78	Interviewed b	y: SCOTT & VANM	IALDEN
P	VSC Industry # N-1470	Industria: Questi	l Wastewater Ionnaire	"attach busine	ss card"
		Par	t A		
1)	Industry Name	PARAMOUNT PLATING CO	MPANY		
2)	NAddress 689	SO. 16TH STREET		NEWARK	
	No.	Street		Municipa	lity
3)	Responsible P	erson to whom further	inquiries show	uld be directed:	
	VINCENT FUCC	HETTI	PRESIDENT	374-77	704
	Nai	ne	Title	Tele	phone
4)	Type of Indus	tryELECTROPLATING	& ANODIZING		
5)	Primary S.I.C (4 Digit Code	. number, if available from 1976 standard in	3471 dustrial class	ification manual	
6)	Principle Raw	Materials(s) used	u, Ni, Sn, Au,	Ag, Rd, Zn	.,
7)	Principle Prod	uct(s) produced PL	ATED METALS		
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing operat	ions are condu	cted8	
	Days per week	manufacturing operati	ons are conduc	ted 5	
٥)	Process Discharge Frequency (cire	cle one) Continuous In	ntermittant # c	of Batches/Day Times of Day	
"	Number of empl	oyees <u>at this location</u>	<u>9</u>		
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption fig	gures in gallor	ns or cubic feet	during
	the most recen	t calender quarter.	lf you obtain w	vater from a pri	vately
	owned well and	do not meter your con	nsumption from	this source, ind	dicate
	the capacity o	f the well pump(s) in	gallons per mi	nute and the app	proxi-
	mate daily runn	ning time(s) in hours	per day.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

903,584 Gallons/Quarter

_____Gallons/Quarter

120,800 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u>Name of City or Public Supply _____Cubic Feet/Quarter

_____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

_____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

_____ of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

74 % of Water Discharged From Process

_20 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

____% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

2 METERS - 1 LOCATED IN LADIES ROOM, OTHER IN INSP. ROOM.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable ; Process	gas X	Any detectable g Process	;as	Any detectable ga Process	as
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	_	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	-	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

LETTER A

MANHOLE:		
(circular) surface Ø		
inside length	∼40'	(parallel with pipe)
inside width	10"	
entire depth	7''	
junction manhole yes	no_X	# of in pipes <u>1</u> CHANNEL
PIPES:		
in pipe Ø <u>10"w x 7"D</u>	% full	20
out pipe Ø <u>8"</u>	% full	VERT.
water depth in pipe	2''	
surcharged yes no	X	
CHANNEL:		
water depth2"	bench	ed yes no
water depth range CONSTA	ANT.	_
water velocity0.8 FPS	5	turburlence yes no
roll in front of stake a	super cri	tical velocity /es no _X
channel configuration s	traight X	curved sloped
instantaneous flow	0	drop
SAMPLING:		
can be harnessed in MH	pla	aced in MH
or placed outside MH	X	
(vandalism problem ve	s no X)	

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).







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. 1. 1.2 6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Samp	oling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:	v		
Automatic			
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
CUSTOM 90 V-NOTCH WEIR IN CHANNEL	X		
Manual			
Bucket δ stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows))		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	2		

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Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method

Water meter readings

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	<u> </u>		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch	······		
Dippers	<u> </u>		
KOd & Transit Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4"			
611			
0 Q11		<u> </u>	
10"			
10			
12	- <u></u>		
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4 ¹¹	<u>X</u>		
6"			
8"			
10"			<u> </u>
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)	<u> </u>		
Packing	<u> </u>		
Blocks	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
0			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch	——— <u>—</u>		
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			
6"	——— <u>—</u>		
8"			
10"		·····	
12"	·	<u> </u>	····
15"			<u> </u>
Carpenter's square with level		· · · · ·	
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

CHECK WITH FUCHETTI PRIOR TO SAMPLING TO DETERMINE PRODUCTION SCHEDULE.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	700		
Chromium (mg/1)	0.35		
Cadmium (mg/1)	0.3		
Copper $(mg/1)$	$\overline{0.6}$		
Lead $(mg/1)$	$\frac{1}{0.01}$		
Nickel $(mg/1)$	$\frac{3101}{1.2}$		
Zinc $(mg/1)$	$\frac{1.2}{1.1}$		<u> </u>
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic $(mg/1)$			
Varadium (mg/1)			
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Colorium} (mg/1) \\ \text{Colorium} (mg/1) \end{array} $			
Setentum (mg/1)			
beryllium (mg/l)			

NO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

т. К.)

Date:7/10/78	Interviewed	by: SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
PVSC Industry #		
N 1490	Industrial Wastewater	
	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
	Part A	
l) Industry Name	C. PATTI ELECTROPLATING CORP.	
2) Address <u>302</u>	SO. 12th STREET	NEWARK
No.	Street	Municipality
 Responsible Persc 	n to whom further inquiries s	hould be directed:
CARMEN	PATTI OWNER	643-4548
Name	Titl	e Telephone
Type of Industry_	ELE CTROPLATING	1
 5) Primary S.I.C. nut (4 Digit Code from 	nber, if available 3471 n 1976 standard industrial cla	assification manual)
6) Principle Raw Mate	erials(s) used ZN, Ni, SN, Cu	1, Cd
7) Principle Product	s) produced ELECTROPLATED M	ÆTALS
8) Hours per day mar	ufacturing operations are cor	nducted 7 1/2
Days per week manu	facturing operations are cond	ucted 5
Frequency (circle	one) Continuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day
9) Number of employee	s at this location	8
10) Indicate plant wat	er consumption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
the most recent ca	lender quarter. If you obtain	n water from a privately
owned well and <u>do</u>	not meter your consumption fro	om this source, indicate
the capacity of the	e well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
mate daily running	time(s) in hours per day.	

TIERRA-B-013660

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public S	upply	Private Wel	ll Supply
Gallon	s/Quarter	<u> </u>	Gallons/Quarter
Cubic	Feet/Quarter		_Cubic Feet/Quarter
NEWARK Name o Supply	f City or Public		Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
		·····	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

10 % of Water Used in Actual Process % of Water Discharged From Process % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER LOCATED IN REAR OF SHOP COVERS FIVE CO'S PATTI'S WATER BILLS ARE PAID BY LANDLORD.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	s	Any detectable gas Process	S	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



TIERRA-B-013662



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A

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MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø <u>22" x 13"</u>
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth6"
junction manhole yes X no $\#$ of in pipes CHANNELS (2)
PIPES: ROUGH in pipe Ø CHANNELS % full
out pipe Ø % full VERT.
water depth in pipe surcharged yes X no (PARTIAL) CHANNEL:
water depth 3.5" benched yes X no (PIT)
water depth range CONSTANT
water velocity turburlence yes no X super critical velocity yes no X roll in front of stake X roll behind stake x channel configuration straight X curved sloped instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yes no X)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



TIERRA-B-013665

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling Li	lne
	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	_X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	ſ,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	X	
1

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)		<u> </u>	
Dve & Watch			
Dinners			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			- <u> </u>
Insert		· · · · ·	·
Inflatable			- <u>-</u>
4"		<u></u>	
6"		<u> </u>	
8"			<u> </u>
10"			<u></u>
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)	<u></u>		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
4 ^v			
6"			
8"			
10"	······································		
12"			
15"			<u> </u>
Weir Box (inflatable)	·		<u> </u>
			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags		· · · · · · · · ·	
Caulking			
oudiking			
MANIJAT.			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch		<u> </u>	
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"		·	·
6"			
8"	·····		
10"			
12"			
15"	·		
Carpenter's square with lovel			
NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1)	3,400		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Lead $(mg/1)$	·		<u> </u>
Nickel (mg/l)			<u> </u>
Zinc (mg/l) Mercury (mg/l)	2.4		
Arsenic (mg/1)		·	
Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)			
Derymina (mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

D	ate:9/1/78		Interviewed b	y:Standfast & Levitch
PVS	C Industry # N-1490	Ir	ndustrial Wastewater	"attach business card"
			Part A	
1)	Industry Name	S.B. P	'enick & Company	
2)	Address 158	Mt. C)livet Avenue	Newark
-,	No.		Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Pers	on to whor	m further inquiries sh	ould be directed:
	Mr. Robert Ric	chter	Plant Engineer	242-4001
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry	Medici	nal Chemicals & Botan:	ical Products
5)	Primary S.I.C. n (4 Digit Code fro	umber, if om 1976 st	available 2833 tandard industrial cla	ssification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Ma	terials(s)	Botanicals, Ster) used Acids, Sals, Mi	ric Acid, Alkalies sc. Solvens, Organic Compoun
7)	Principle Product	t(s) produ	uced Mfg. Fine Chemica	als, Pharmaceucals
8)	Hours per day ma	anufacturi	ing operations are con	ducted 24
	Days per week man	nufacturin	ng operations are cond	ucted7
	Process Discharge (circle Frequency)	e one) con	itinuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day Times of Day
9)	Number of employ	ees <u>at</u> thi	is location 233	
10)	Indicate plant w	ater consu	umption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender o	quarter. If you obtai	n water from a privately
	owned well and <u>d</u>	<u>o not</u> mete	er your consumption fr	om this source, indicate
	the capacity of	che well p	pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate daily runni	ng time(s)) in hours per day.	

)

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

56,274,284 Gallons/Quarter

Private Well Supply 32,923,220 Gallons/Quarter 4,401,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter 700 Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

24 Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

Newark Name of City or Public Supply

7,523,300 Cubic Feet/Quarter

6.3 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
72 % of Water Discharged From Process

27 ____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

.82 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A	Objectionable	Odor <u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas X	Any detectable Process	e gas	Any detectable ; Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	·····	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary	· - · · · ·	Sanitary	
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER A Flume
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full 40
water depth in pipe15" surcharged yes no CHANNEL:
water depth <u>15"</u> benched yes <u>no X</u>
water depth range <u>12"-18"</u>
water velocity
roll in front of stake roll behind stake _X channel configuration straight X curved sloped
Instantaneous flow
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MHX
(vandalism problem yesno <u>x_</u>)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





6 ...

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Samp	ling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual ,			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper metho (shallow flows)	d		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, redipper method	ough,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	······		
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flo	ws)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squ	are		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings		<u> </u>	
S.B. Penick's Flow Measuring Device	х		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	Х		
Harness		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes	<u> </u>		
Insert	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Inflatable			
4			
6''			
8''			
10"			
12"	<u></u>		
	·		
weirs v-notch (90°)	, u		
4. 611		<u> </u>	
0			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Herr Box (Inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags		<u> </u>	
Caulking	·		<u> </u>
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90 ⁰)			
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level	· · ·		
NOTES:		·	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

S.B. Penick has their own flow measuring device. x100 cu. ft. w/totalizer (Esterline Angus)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	2,000,000		
Chromium (mg/1)	4.1	<u> </u>	
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)	.12		<u> </u>
Lead (mg/l)	/ 2		
Nickel (mg/l)	<u> </u>		
Zinc (mg/1)	2+ <u>1</u>		
Mercury (mg/1)	4.02		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)	4.2		
Selenium (mg/1)	_ 		
Bervllium (mg/l)	<u> </u>		
~~····································	······································		

No.

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

I	Date: <u>8-31-78</u>	Intervi	ewed by:	Standfast & Safchinsky
PVS	SC Industrv # N-1500	Industrial Wastew Questionnaire	ater "a	t ta ch business card"
		Part A		· · · · · ·
1)	Industry Name	Phillips Mfg. Company		
2)	Address 190	Emmet Street		Newark
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Perso	n to whom further inquir	ies should	be directed:
	Mr. Dante	V.P M	anager	243-4560
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry_	Novelties - Buttons Man	ufacturer	
5)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	nber, if available <u>24</u> n 1976 standard industria	51 al classif:	ication manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mate	erials(s) used <u>St</u>	<u>eel, Paper</u>	and Acetate
7)	Principle Product	(s) produced <u>Brass But</u>	tons	
8)	Hours per day man	nufacturing operations an	e conducte	ed 16
	Days per week man	facturing operations are	conducted	l5
	Process Discnarge (circle Frequency	one Continuous Intermit	tant # of Tim	Batches/Day
9)	Number of employee	es at this location	70	C3 01 Day
10)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption figures i	n gallons	or cubic feet during
	the most recent ca	alender quarter. If you	obtain wat	er from a privately
	owned well and \underline{do}	not meter your consumpti	on from th	iis source, indicate
	the capacity of ch	ne well pump(s) in gallor	s per minu	te and the approxi-
	mate daily running	g time(s) in hours per da	у.	

TIERRA-B-013680

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

<u>127,160</u> Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>Newark Name of City or Public</u>	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

____% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
 <u>28</u> % of Water Discharged From Process
 <u>-</u>__% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
 72 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Two meter, one in front and one in back.

Back meter supplies plating operation.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as _X	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	-
Sanitary	_X	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	<u> X </u>	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE: 2-2" Drain Pipes from small plating bath
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake no
channel configuration straight curved sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem ves no)

 5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).



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TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampling Line		ine
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic			
Manual	X		
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/cur. meter. dipper			
method		<u> </u>	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rou dipper method	gh,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		·	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method		·	
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flow	s) <u>X</u>	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squa	re	· .
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	<u> </u>	·
Water meter readings		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	<u>C</u>
AUTUMATIC			
Samplers			
Harness			·····
Current Meter (velocity)			·····
Dve & Watch			
Dippers			·
Rod & Transit	~		
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable		·	
4"			
6"			
8''			
10"	- <u></u> .		
12"			
15"		<u> </u>	
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
40			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing	<u> </u>		
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
ΜΑΝΠΙΑΤ			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch	<u> </u>		
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$	<u> X </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4"		<u></u>	
6"		<u></u>	
811			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with lovel			·
NOTES:		 -	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Plate once a week, sampling must be arranged at this time. Back meter supplies water to the plating operation.

TIERRA-B-013688

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	<u>33,00</u> 0		
Chromium $(mg/1)$			
Copper (mg/1)	86.25		
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/l)	16.0	·	
Mercury (mg/1)	10.0		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/l) Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
			the second se

No

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Da	ate:	8/29/78		Interviewe	ed by: Standf	ast & Levitch
PVS	C Indus	stry #	Industrial	Wastewate	er	
<u>N</u>	<u>1-1510</u>		Questi	onnaire	"attacl	n business card"
			Par	t A		
1)	Indust	ry Name	Pitt-Consol Chem	ical Compa	ny	
2)	Addres	s 1 91	Doremus	Avenue		Newark
		No.	Street			Municipality
3)	Respon	sible Per	rson to whom further	inquiries	should be o	lirected:
		Will:	iam F. Revelt	Sr. Proc.	Engineer	344-3800
		Name	2	Ti	tle	Telephone
4)	Туре о	of Industi	yOrganic Chemic	als		
5)	Primar (4 Dig	y S.I.C. it Code i	number, if availabl from 1976 standard i	e2869 ndustrial) classificati	ion manual)
6)	Princi	ple Raw M	Materials(s) used	Phenol &	Methanol	<u></u>
7)	Princi	ple Produ	uct(s) produced	Cresylic	Acid	
8)	Hours	per day	manufacturing opera	tions are	conducted	24
	Days p	er week n	nanufacturing operat	ions are c	conducted	7
0)	Proces Discna Freque	s rge ncy](circ	le one) Continuou	Intermitta	# of Bate Times of	ches/Day of Day
"	Number	or empre	Syees at this ideal		, 	·····
10)	Indica	te plant	water consumption f	igures in	gallons or o	cubic feet during
	the mo	st recen	t calender quarter.	If you ob	otain water :	from a privately
	owned	well and	do not meter your o	onsumption	n from this :	source, indicate
	the ca	apacity o	f the well pump(s) i	in gallons	per minute	and the approxi-
	mate o	laily run	ning time(s) in hour	s per day.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

19 <u>,887,824</u> Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
2 <u>,658,800</u> Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>Newark</u> Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

20% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process (Cooling Towers)

60% of Water Discharged From Process

16% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

5% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

50% shower 30-50 g/individual

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

3 water meters 2 sets on Doremus 1 set on Avenue P

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable ga Process	is
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary	· <u> </u>
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A Sump
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity
super critical velocity jes no roll in front of stake roll behind stake
channel configuration straight curved sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes no)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampl	ing Lin	2
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual FLOW MEASUREMENT: Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		<u> </u>	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			<u>_,</u>
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Depth of water in sump dipper method	<u>X</u>		
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows))		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	2		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings		 ~	

- 4 -

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplore	x		
		<u>_,</u>	
Current Motor (velocity)			
Due & Watch	<u> </u>		
Dippore	<u></u>		
Dippers Pod (Transit			
Flumes			
Insert		<u> </u>	
Inflatable			
4"			
6"			
QII		<u></u> .	
10"			<u> </u>
10			
12			
$V_{\text{oirs } y=\text{notch}} (90^{\circ})$			
Au			
4 6''			
0 8"			
10"		····-	
10"			
12			
15 Wair Boy (inflatable)			
well box (Inflacable)		<u> </u>	
Packing			
Send Roop			
Cautking			
MANTIAI			
Rottloc			
Bucket & watch			
$Moire (w-notch 90^{\circ})$	<u> </u>		
An a second seco			·
	<u>_</u>		
0 10!!	<u> </u>		
10			
12			
Carpenter's square with level NOTES:		·	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

> Storm water Split Samples Pump 540 gal/min w/timer

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	185,000		
Chromium (<u>mg/1</u>) Cadmium (mg/1)	$\frac{0.5-1.0}{1.02}$		<u> </u>
Copper (mg/1)	.05		
Lead (mg/l) Nickel (mg/l)	2.2		
Zinc (mg/1)	1.2-3.0		
Mercury (mg/l) Arsenic (mg/l)	/]	·	
Vanadium (mg/1)	<u>•</u>		
Selenium (mg/1)	<1.0		
pervirum (mg/1)			

No

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

4

	Date:7-6-78 Interviewed by:SCOTT & CHECCHIO
P	SC Industry # Industrial Wastewater N-1520 Questionnaire "attach business card"
	Part A
1)	Industry Name D.S. PLUMB CO. INC
2)	Address 73-77 NORFOLK STREET NEWARK
	No. Street Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to whom further inquiries should be directed:
	FRED_SCHNEIDERV.P., GEN_MGR482-1864 Name Title Telephone
4)	Type of Industry <u>METAL WORKING & MEG</u>
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if available 3821 (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard industrial classification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used BRASS, STEEL PLASTICS
7)	Principle Product(s) produced ROTARY SWITCHES, ALARM MECHANISMS
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted 9
	Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted 5
	rocess liscnarge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees at this location 58
10)	Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender quarter. If you obtain water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do not</u> meter your consumption from this source, indicate
	he capacity of the well pump(s) in gallons per minute and the approxi-
	ate daily running time(s) in hours per day.

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply			
1,725,636 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter			
2 <u>30,700 </u> Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter			
N <u>EWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.			
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day			

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Sec

ONE METER LOCATED IN BASEMENT FRON LEFT OF BLDG.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A	<u>Line B</u>			Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas 	Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable g Process	as
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	·	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	?	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.
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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...) LETTER <u>A</u> 2-4" CLEAN OUTS MANHOLE: (circular) surface Ø inside length 30" (parallel with pipe) inside width 24" entire depth 66" junction manhole yes_____ no_X # of in pipes 1_____ PIPES: in pipe Ø _ 4" % full _____ out pipe Ø_4" % full_____ water depth in pipe _____ surcharged yes ____ no____ CHANNEL: water depth _____ benched yes ____ no____ water depth range_____ water velocity ______ turburlence yes _____ no _____ super critical velocity /es _____ no _____ roll in front of stake _____ roll behind stake _____ channel configuration straight ______ curved ______ sloped _____ instantaneous flow _____ drop SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH _____ placed in MH _X or placed outside MH

(vandalism problem yes____ no___)

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampling Line		ine
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>c</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u>X</u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Marris 1			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	X	·	

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harness	X		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	•		
Rod & Transit			
Insert	·		
Inflatable			
	·····		·
			
0			
10"			
weirs v-notch (90°)			
0.1 0.1	- 1		
10"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
weir Box (inflatable)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
racking			
Blocks		·	
Sand Bags	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Caulking			
			·
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"	· · ·	·	
15"			
Carpenter's square with level	<u> </u>		
NOTES:			
			-

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

CO. CLOSED LAST WK. JULY, FIRST WK OF AUGUST.

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

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Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)			
Chromium (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)		·	
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/1)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$			·
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)		·····	·
Varadium (mg/1)			
Selenium $(mg/1)$			
Bervllium $(mg/1)$			
Deryman (mg/1)			<u></u>

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 6-28-78	Interviewed	by:SCOTT & VANMALDEN
PV	/SC Industry #	Industrial Wastewater	
	N-1530	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry NameQ-PAK		
, 2)	Address 2145 MCCARTE	R HIGHWAY	NEWARK
	No .	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to who	om further inquiries sh	ould be directed:
	MICHAEL FORMICA	PRESIDENT	483-4404
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of IndustryMFG. 1	PLASTIC BOTTLES, PACKAG	SING OF BLEACH & AMMONIA
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if (4 Digit Code from 1976 s	available 3079 tandard industrial cla	ssification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) usedBLEACH, AMM	IONIA PLASTIC & WATER
7)	Principle Product(s) prod	uced	
8)	Hours per day manufactur	ing operations are con	ducted 8 (24 HRS-BOTTLES)
	Days per week manufacturi	ng operations are cond	ucted 5
	Process Discharge (circle one) Con	ntinuous Intermittant #	of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees at th	is location 60	limes of Day
10)	Indicate plant water cons	umption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender (quarter. If you obtain	n water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do not</u> mete	er your consumption fro	om this source, indicate
	the capacity of the well j	pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s)) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
3 <mark>,770,668</mark> Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
<u>504,100</u> Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u>50</u>% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

48 % of Water Discharged From Process

____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

____% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

2 METERS LOCATED IN BASEMENT HEAR GUARD HOUSE.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C
Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable ga Process	s	Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling
Sanitary	<u>X</u>	Sanitary		Sanitary
Storm		Storm		Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

•)

	LETTE	CR	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø	21"		
inside length	3'Ø	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width		•	
entire depth	43"	· · · ·	
junction manhole yes	no X	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø	% full	60	
out pipe Ø10"	% full	40	
water depth in pipe	5"		
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	<u>.</u>		
water depth5"	bench	ed yes no X	
water depth range 4-6	1	_	
water velocity <u>EST 1 FP</u>	5 Super cri	turburlenceyes	no X
roll in front of stake channel configuration str instantaneous flow	roll ber aight <u>x</u>	nind stake curved	slopeddro.
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	pla	aced in MH 🔻	
or placed outside MH	· · ·	A	
(vandalism problem yes	no) [·]		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).

LETTER A.



NOTE: NO PROFUSE DUE TO INACCESSABILITY

TIERRA-B-013715

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling L	ine
	A	B	С
SAMPLING:			_
Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	X		
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
			<u> </u>

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters agreed	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	
Water meter readings	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

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AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harness	<u>_X</u>		
Current Meter (velocity)		 -	
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit	<u> </u>		
Flumes		<u> </u>	
Insert	<u>_X</u>		
Inflatable	<u> X </u>		
4''			
6"			
8''			
10"			
12"	<u> X </u>		
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"	<u></u>		
12''	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
15"	•		
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL		<u> </u>	
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"		******	<u> </u>
6''			··
8"			
10"		<u> </u>	
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's comments to			
NOTFS.			

 Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

MICHAEL FORMICA IS RATHER DIFFICULT TO DEAL WITH, SUGGEST MINIMUM CONTACT.

SAMPLING POINT M.H. COVER IS JAMMED CROWBAR AND/OR PICK NECESSARY TO OPEN.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)			
Chromium (mg/1)	·		<u>·</u>
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)	·		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: <u>7-31</u>	-78	Interviewed b	y: SCOTT & VANMALDEN
·	VSC Industry # N-1540	Indu	ustrial Wastewater	
			Questionnaire	"attach business card"
			Part A	
1)	Industry Nam	e RONSON MET	ALS CORPORATION	
2)	Address 55	MANUFACTUR	ERS PLACE	NEWARK
	NO.	St	treet	Municipality
3)	Responsible	Person to whom fu	orther inquiries show	uld be directed:
	EDWARD_KLE	IN	PLANT MANAGER	589-1380
~		me	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Indus	stry PRIMARY MET	TAL - NON FERROUS	
5)	Primary S.I.C (4 Digit Code	. number, if ava from 1976 stand	ilable <u>3356</u> ard industrial class	164
6)	Principle Raw	Materials(s) use	ed_RARE_EARTH_CHLORI	DE, FE, MG
7)	Principle Pro	duct(s) produced	RARE EARTH METAL	& ALLOW PRODUCTS
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing o	operations are conduc	cted 24
	Days per week	manufacturing op	erations are conduct	red 7
	Process Discharge (cir Frequency	cle one) Continu	ous Intermittant # p	f Batches/Day
9)	Number of emp	loyees <u>at this lo</u>	cation 78	imes of Day
10)	Indicate plant	t water consumpti	on figures in gallon	s or cubic feet during
	the most recen	nt calender quart	er. If you obtain w	ater from a privately
	owned well and	i <u>do</u> <u>not</u> meter yo	ur consumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity c	of the well pump(s) in gallons per mi	nute and the approxi-
	mate daily run	ning time(s) in	hours per day.	

TIERRA-B-013720

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

2,776,200Gallons/Quarter

Private Well Supply

_____Gallons/Quarter

_____ Cubic Feet/Quarter

_____Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u>Name of City or Public Supply

_____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

_____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

(NOT DISCHARGED TO SEWER)

_____8% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

47% of Water Discharged From Process

35% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

10% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER LOCATED AT ENTRANCE OF BUILDING 4 (45) 49 BUILDING 5 58 MANFACT PLACE WEST WALL CENTER

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C
Any detectable g Process	as X	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling
Sanitary	-	Sanitary		Sanitary
Storm		Storm		Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

4)	Describe	each	manhole	or	sampling	location	in	detail.	(Label	A,B,C,)	
----	----------	------	---------	----	----------	----------	----	---------	--------	---------	--

	LETTI	ER A (NEUTRALIZATI)	ON TANK)
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	6'	(parallel with pipe	2)
inside width	4'		
entire depth	70"		
junction manhole yes_	no	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			· · · ·
in pipe Ø	% full	·	
out pipe Ø2"	% full	75	
water depth in pipe	N		
surcharged yes no			
CHANNEL:			
water depth	benche	d yes no	
water depth range			
water velocity		turburlence yes	no
roll in front of stake	super crit roll behi	tical velocity yes ind stake	no
channel configuration st	raight	curved	sloped
instantaneous flow		······································	drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH _	plac	ced in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes	no)		

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Samp	ling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	ì,	<u></u>	<u> </u>
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method		·	
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	<u>.</u>		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	х		

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X

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	В	С
AUTOMATIC	· .	_	
Samplers	x		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			·
Dippers			
Rod & Transit	·		<u> </u>
Flumes			
Insert	<u></u>		
Inflatable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4''			
6''	·		
8"			•
10''			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			· · · ·
4 ¹¹			
6"			
8''		<u> </u>	
10''		·	
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)	·	<u> </u>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags		<u> </u>	
Caulking	<u> </u>		
0			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			<u> </u>
4"	· <u> </u>		 ,
6''			
8"			· · · · · · ·
10"		····	
12"	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
15"	·		
Carpenter's square with lowel			
NOTES:		 -	·

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

END OF SAMPLER HOSE SHOULD BE PLACED ADJACENT TO OUTLET OF NEUT TANK AND SECURED.

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? YES

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

PH ADJUSTMENT WITH CAUSTIC SODA

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	138,000		
Chromium (mg/1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cadmium (mg/1)			·
Copper $(mg/1)$			
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel $(mg/1)$	<u> </u>		
Zinc (mg/1)			
Mercury $(mg/1)$	<u>-</u> -		
Arsenic (mg/1)			<u>-</u>
Variadium (mg/1)			·
Solonium $(mg/1)$			
Boryllium (mg/1)			
Derviitum (mg/l)		·	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date: 7-6-78		Interviewed	by: SCOTT & CHECCHIO
PV	SC Industry # N-1550	Indust Qu	rial Wastewater estionnaire Part A	"attach business card"
1)	Industry Name	ROYALE PLATING	CO. INC	
2)	Address 70 No.	SUSSEX AVENUE	eet	<u>NEWARK</u>
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom fur	ther inquiries sh	ould be directed:
	ALFR Name	ED BOCCHINI	PRES	<u>642-8630</u>
4)	GERA Type of Industr	RD ROSANIA y	V.P. EI	_ECTROPLATING
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code f	number, if avail rom 1976 standar	able <u>3471</u> d industrial clas	ssification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Ma	aterials(s) used	Cu, Ni, Cr	
7)	Principle Produc	ot(s) oduced	T.V. & AUTOM	ATIVE PARTS
8)	Hours per day t	nanufacturing op	erations are cond	lucted 16
	Days per week ma	inufacturing ope	rations are condu	icted 5
	Process Discharge Frequency	e one) Continuo	us)Intermittant #	of Batches/Day Times of Day
9)	Number of employ	vees <u>at this loc</u>	ation <u>15</u>	
10)	Indicate plant w	ater consumptio	n figures in gall	ons or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarte	r. If you obtain	water from a privately
	owned well and d	<u>lo not</u> meter you	r consumption fro	m this source, indicate
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate daily runni	.ng time(s) in h	ours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

1,249,160 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
167,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
NEWARK Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

2 % of Water Used in Actual Process
95 % of Water Discharged From Process
--- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
3 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

CHECK WITH BOCCHINI AT TIME OF SAMPLING.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: _____

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable ; Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

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SEE SCHEMATIC



TIERRA-B-013733

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B., C.,...)

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· ____)

MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length 20" (parallel with pipe)
inside width <u>13"</u>
entire depth4.5'
junction manhole yes no χ # of in pipes 1
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full <u>VERT</u>
out pipe Ø8 % fullVERT
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes x no CHANNEL:
water depth N/A benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no super critical velocity /es no roll in front of stake roll behind stake
channel configuration straight curved sloped instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yes no_X_)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

)

	Samp	ling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X_		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			· · ·

Manual

Bucket $\&$ stop-watch (elevated sewers <code>w/smaller</code>	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	Х	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	C
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	X		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			<u> </u>
Flumes	<u> </u>		
Insert		<u> </u>	
Inflatable			
4''		<u> </u>	
6''			
8''			
10''	<u> </u>	<u></u>	
12''		<u> </u>	
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4''			
6''			
8''			
10"			- <u></u>
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			÷
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90)			
4"			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"		<u>_</u>	
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)
Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1)	<u>25,60</u> 0 5		
Copper (mg/1)	7		
Lead (mg/l) Nickel (mg/l)	10.1		
Zinc $(mg/1)$	1.5		
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/l) Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

- -

)		Date: 8-15-78	Interviewed	by:Scott & Van Malden
	PV	/SC Industrv # N-1560	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire Part A	"attach business card"
	1)	Industry Name Sci	entific Chemical Processing	
	2)	Address <u>411</u> No.	Wilson Avenue Street	Newark Municipality
-	3)	Responsible Person t	o whom further inquiries s	hould be directed:
4	•)	Jim Kadash Mr. Barnkæsne Mr. Case Type of Industry Sc	Assistant to Title	e Telephone
) 5)	Primary S.I.C. number (4 Digit Code from 19	r, if available 7399 976 standard industrial cla	assification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materia	als(s) used <u>Solvents & Oth</u> Products as we	er Hydrocarbon 11 as other chem.
8)	Principle Product(s) Hours per day manufa	produced <u>Recovered solv</u> and blended fu acturing operations are cor	ents, chem., byproducts els. ducted 10
		Days per week manufac	cturing operations are cond	ucted5
9))	Discharge (circle one Frequency) Number of employees a	Continuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day (with s Times of Day
10))	Indicate plant water	consumption figures in gal	lons or cubic feet during
		owned well and <u>do</u> not	der quarter. If you obtai meter your consumption fr	n water from a privately
		the capacity of che w	ell pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
		mate daily running ti	me(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Will be installed in near future. Private Well Supply

3,260,00@allons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
434,600 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Note: Includes two other companies	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

10% of Water Used in Actual Process ____% of Water Discharged From Process (See Note on Page 9) (____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water 90% (____% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	<u></u>
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	<u> </u>	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic



 $\left(\cdot \right)$

TIERRA-B-013743

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A

MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	58''	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	27"		
entire depth	49"		
junction manhole yes	X no	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
		20	
in pipe Ø	% full	20	
out pipe Ø4"	% full	50	
water depth in pipe	2" <u>(Out</u> pipe)		
surcharged yes no	X		
CHANNEL:			
water depth13"	- bench	ed yes X no (P	it)
water depth range Cons	tant, but wi	11 flood in storm.	
water velocity	< 5 FPS	turburlence yes	$-\frac{\text{no}}{\text{no}}\frac{X}{X}$
roll in front of stake	X roll be	hind stake	
channel configuration s	straight	X curved	sloped
instantaneous flow			
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	pl	aced in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem ye	es no X)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

- -----





TIERRA-B-013745

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Samp	ling Line	<u>-</u>
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u>X</u>		
 Manual FLOW MEASUREMENT: Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	· ,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method	<u>X</u>		
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Custon Weir 2	X		
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows))	<u>.</u>	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	e		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings			

and a second firm of the

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	X	<u></u>	
Harness		<u> </u>	
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	<u>_X</u>		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes	=		
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"			<u> </u>
6''			
8"			
10''			
12''			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4 ¹¹	. <u></u>		
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)	Х		
	X		
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"			
10"	<u></u>		
15"			
15 Corportor's square with lovel	. <u> </u>		
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Contact company prior to sampling to determine production schedule. Some water discharged into sewer is contained in raw materials.

Questionnaire

Part C

Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? Yes

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

pH Adjustment

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u>A</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	20,000		<u></u>
Chromium (mg/1)			
Conner $(mg/1)$	· <u> </u>		
Lead $(mg/1)$		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Nickel (mg/l)			· · · ·
Zinc (mg/1)			
Mercury (mg/1)		<u> </u>	
Arsenic (mg/l)			<u> </u>
Selenjum $(mg/1)$			
Bervllium (mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Da	ate:9-12-78	Interv	iewed by: Scott & Standfast
PVS	C Industry #	Industrial Waste	water
<u>N-</u>	1565	Questionnair	e "attach business card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry Name	Seton Leather Company	
2)	Address 349	Oration Street	Newark
	No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom further inqui	ries should be directed:
	Al Jameson	Envir. Qual	1. Mgr. 485-4800 X 55
	Name		Title Telephone
4)	Type of Industr	y Leather Tanning & Fin:	ishing
5)	Primary S.I.C.	number, if available 3.	111
	(4 Digit Code i	Sulph a	cid chrom. sulf. caustic soda
6)	Principle Raw M	aterials(s) used Hides,	salt hydr. lime
7)	Principle Produ	ct(s) produced Finishe	d leather
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing operations	are conducted <u>24</u>
	Days per week m	anufacturing operations a	re conducted 5-6
	Process Discharge (circ	le one) Continuous Interm	Low at 1 ittant # of Batches/Day
9)	Frequency	ovees at this location	Times of Day
10)	Tadicate alert		in college on this fact during
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption rigures	in gallons or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarter. If yo	u obtain water from a privately
	owned well and	do not meter your consump	tion from this source, indicate
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in gall	ons per minute and the approxi-
	mate daily runr	ing time(s) in hours per	day.
			·

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

11,347,900 Gallons/Quarter (Incl. Wells)Gallons/Quarter
Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

5 % of Water Used in Actual Process
82 % of Water Discharged From Process
<1 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
12 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences</pre>

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

8 meters

Check with Jameson at time of sampling.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 2

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C
Any detectable gas Process	S	Any detectable ga Process	s	Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling
Sanitary	<u>X(</u> 25%)	Sanitary	<u>X(75%)</u>	Sanitary
Storm	<u> X </u>	Storm	<u> </u>	Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

4

TIERRA-B-013753

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER A MANHOLE: 20" (circular) surface Ø inside length (parallel with pipe) inside width 11" entire depth # of in pipes 1 junction manhole yes no X PIPES: 60% 18" in pipe Ø % full 24" 50% out pipe Ø % full water depth in pipe surcharged yes no CHANNEL: benched yes ____ no __ water depth water depth range water velocity turburlence yes no super critical velocity jes no roll in front of stake roll behind stake channel configuration straight X sloped curved drop instantaneous flow -SAMPLING: Use concrete nails to hang sampler. can be harnessed in MH X placed in MH or placed outside MH

(vandalism problem yes no x)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

.



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER B MANHOLE: 20" (circular) surface Ø inside length (parallel with pipe) inside width 91 entire depth ∦ of in pipes ³ junction manhole yes X no PIPES: % full 50% in pipe Ø 18" out pipe Ø 24" % full 75% water depth in pipe _____ surcharged yes no CHANNEL: water depth benched yes X no water depth range turburlence yes _____ no X water velocity _____ super critical velocity /es____ no X roll in front of stake ____ roll behind stake ____ channel configuration straight _____ curved X ____ sloped instantaneous flow drop SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH X placed in MH or placed outside MH (vandalism problem yes_____no___)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



TIERRA-B-013757

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

		Samp	ling Lin	e
		A	B	<u>C</u>
	SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
- -	Manual FLOW MEASUREMENT: Automatic		· · ·	
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method			
	(shallow flows) Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	n,		
	90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
	Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method		·	
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller f	lows)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters s	square		<u> </u>
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	X	X	<u>.</u>

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

· .)

	A	B	С
AUTOMATIC		_	
Samplers	X	X	
Harness		X	
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers		<u>—</u>	·····
KOG & Transit Flumes			- <u></u>
Insert		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Inflatable		<u> </u>	
4"			·
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"		<u> </u>	
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)		·	
4 ¹⁰	<u> </u>		
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"	<u>. </u>		
		·	
Weir Box (inflatable)			
De alt da a			
Placking	·	<u> </u>	
Sand Bass			
Caulking		-	
Caulking	 .		
MANILAT			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			<u> </u>
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4''			- • • • • • • •
6''			
8"			
10"		<u> </u>	·
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			- <u></u>
NOTES:		 .	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

9

Must be sampled in dry weather.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	661,568		
Chromium (mg/1)	<u>946-4</u> ,73	30	·
Cadmium (mg/l)			
Copper (mg/1)	<u><0.94</u> 6		
Lead (mg/1)	.95-4.75	5	
Nickel (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Selenium (mg/l)			
Bervllium $(mg/1)$	<u></u>		
Derlarren (m8/ =/			

No

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Interviewed by: SCOTT & VANMALDEN

.

Date: 8-2-78

N-					
	-1570	Questi	onnaire	"attach ł	ousiness card"
		Par	t A		
.)	Industry NameS	HIMAN INDUSTRIES	, INC.		
?)	Address 109	MONROE STREET		N	EWARK
	No.	Street		<u>M</u> u	nicipality
)	Responsible Person	to whom further	inquiries shoul	ld be dir	ected:
	ALFRED DELUCA		V.P. PRODUCTION	1	589-9090
	Name		Title		Telephone
)	Type of Industry	EWELRY MANUFACTU	RER		
)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	ber, if available 1976 standard in	e 3911 ndustrial classi	fication	manual)
)	Principle Raw Mate	rials(s) used	AU, AG, CU, NI, Z	N	
)	Principle Product(s) produced	GOLD RINGS &	JEWELRY	
;)	Hours per day man	ufacturing operat	tions are conduc	ted	8
	Days per week manu	facturing operat:	ions are conduct	ed	5 ¹ 2
))	Process Discnarge (circle o Frequency) Number of employee	one) Continuous I s <u>at this location</u>	Intermittant # c on 100	f Batche Imes of	s/Day Day
0)	Indicate plant wat	er consumption f	igures in gallo	ns or cub	ic feet durin
	the most recent ca	lender quarter.	lf you obtain v	water fro	m a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u>	not meter your c	onsumption from	this sou	rce, indicate

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

862,444 Gallons/Quarter

<u>115,300</u> Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u>Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

▲ 2 % of Water Used in Actual Process

 74 % of Water Discharged From Process

 10 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 14 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

METER LOCATED IN BASEMENT NEAR SAMPLING SITE.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>	· ·	Line C	
Any detectable § Process	gas	Any detectable gas Process		Any detectable gas Process	3
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	<u> </u>
Storm	-	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



4

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	LETT	ER A	
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	38"	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	30"		
entire depth	20"		
junction manhole yes_	noX	# of in pipes 1	
PIPES:		•	
in pipe Ø	% full	urch.	
out pipe Ø	% full	25	
water depth in pipe	(OUTPIPE)		
surcharged yes noX			
CHANNEL:			
water depth14"	benche	d yes X no	(TANK)
water depth range CONS	TANT.		
water velocity <u>L.25</u> FPS		turburlence yes	no X
roll in front of stake	super crit <u>X</u> roll behi	ind stake	no X
instantaneous flow	raight <u>X</u>	curved	sloped drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	plac	ced in MH	
or placed outside MH	<u> </u>		

(vandalism problem yes____ no X__)





TIERRA-B-013767

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling L:	ine
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method		· .	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	•		
90° notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method		·	
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)_		·	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			·

Water meter readings

X

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			<u> </u>
4''			
6''			
8''			
10''		,	
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4°'			<u> </u>
6''			
8''			
10''	·		<u> </u>
12''	<u> </u>		
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)	······································		
·,			
Packing			
Blocks			·
Sand Bags	·		
Caulking	•		
.,			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			
6''		····	
8"	·····		
10"			
12''			
15"	·		
Carpenter's square said to t			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction

recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions,

etc.)

CONTACT ALFRED DELUCA PRIOR TO SAMPLING TO DETERMINE PRODUCTION SCHEDULE FOR PLATING.

AUTOMATIC SAMPLER MUST BE ACTIVATED IN MORNING AND SWITCHED OFF AT NIGHT SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH SHIMAN'S SECURITY SYSTEM.

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	17,100		
Chromium (19/1)			
Cadmium (mg/1)	<u> </u>		
Copper (mg/1)	0.67		
Lead (mg/1)	0.27		
Nickel (mg/1)	0.2	<u> </u>	
Zinc (mg/1)	1.28		·
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/1)		<u> </u>	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Date: <u>8-22-78</u>

Interviewed by: <u>Scott & Van Malden</u>

PVSC Industry #

Industrial Wastewater

N-1580

Questionnaire

"attach business card"

Part A

1)	Industry NameStandard Tallow	Corporation	
2)	Address 61 Blanchard Street		Newark
	No. Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to whom further	inquiries should be	directed:
	Robert Schonwalter	Vice President	589-7595
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry Rendering		
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if available (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard in	2077 dustrial classificat	ion manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used I	nedible animal fats	and bone
7)	Principle Product(s) produced T	allow, meat meal	
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operat	ions are conducted	12 (4 P.M6 A.M.
	Days per week manufacturing operati	ons are conducted	5
9)	Process Discnarge Frequency (circle one) Continuous I Number of employees at this location	ntermittant # of Bat Times n 70	ches/Day of Day
10)	Indicate plant water consumption fi	gures in gallons or	cubic feet during
	the most recent calender quarter.	If you obtain water	from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> <u>not</u> meter your co	nsumption from this	source, indicate
	the capacity of the well pump(s) in	gallons per minute	and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in hours	per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

26,105,200allons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
3,490,000Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Newark Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Заррту	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u>5</u>% of Water Used in Actual Process

49% of Water Discharged From Process

_34 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

12 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: corner of property. 1 meter located in pit at S.E.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable gas Process	X	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	<u>X(6</u> 0%)	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic


4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER A MANHOLE: (circular) surface Ø 49" inside length (parallel with pipe) inside width 28" entire depth # of in pipes 2 junction manhole yes X no____ PIPES: in pipe Ø <u>4", 6"</u> % full <u>0, 0</u> out pipe Ø <u>6"</u> % full _ .5 water depth in pipe 0 surcharged yes ____ no____ CHANNEL: water depth 10" benched yes X no (Pit) water depth range Constant water velocity **C**.25 FPS _____turburlence yes _____ no _X super critical velocity jes_____ no _____ roll in front of stake _____ roll behind stake _____ channel configuration straight X curved _____sloped_____ drop____X instantaneous flow SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH _____ placed in MH _____ or placed outside MH X

(vandalism problem yes no X)

an an an an an tar tar tar dhi t

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

		Samp	ling Lin	le
		<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
	SAMPLING:	v		
	Automatic	<u>A</u>	·	
	Manual			
	FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
-	Automatic			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			-
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
	90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up			
	Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			. <u></u>
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
	Manual			

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flow	ws)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squa	are	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	х	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	С
AUTOMATIC		_	
Samplers	х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit	·		
Flumes			
Insert		*******	
Inflatable			
4''	= ··		
6''			
8''	<u> </u>		
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)		,	
4 ¹¹			
6''			
8''			<u>-</u>
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags		·	
Caulking			
Gaurring			
ΜΔΝΙΙΔΙ			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(v-\text{potch } 90^\circ)$		·	
			
6"		<u> </u>	
811	~~~~		
10"			<u> </u>
10			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12			
NOTES:		 .	

TIERRA-B-013779

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

1.6.45

Questionnaire

Part C

1)	Do you	pretreat	any	wastewater	before	discharging	to	the	sanitary	sewer?
			Nc	,						

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	15,600		
Chromium (mg/1)		<u> </u>	· · ·
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)	0.12		
Lead (mg/1)	0.12		
Nickel (mg/l)			·
Zinc $(mg/1)$	<u> </u>		
Mercury (mg/1)	<u> </u>	. <u> </u>	
Arsenic (mg/1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Varadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/l)			
Bervllium $(mg/1)$			
Deryman (mg/1)	·····		

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

,	Date: 7-18-78	Interviewed by	SCOTT AND VAN MALDEN
P	VSC Industry #	Industrial Wastewater	
<u></u>	N-1590	Questionnaire	"attach business card"
		Part A	
1)	Industry NameSTIRE	RUP METAL PRODUCTS CORP.	
2)	Address 215 EMMET	STREET	
	No.	Street	<u>NEWARK</u>
3)	Responsible Porcon to at		idnicipality
- /	hosponsible reison to wh	iom further inquirtes shou	ild be directed:
	GOERGE STIRRUP	PRES	243-5076
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry1	METAL STAMPING & FINISHING	2
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, i (4 Digit Code from 1976	f available <u>3479</u> standard industrial class	ification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) usedSTEEL, BRASS, CC	PPER, ALUMINUM
7)	Principle Product(s) prod	ducedSTEAM AND AIR VA	LVES
8)	Hours per day manufactur	ring operations are conduc	cted 8
	Days per week manufacturi	ing operations are conduct	ted 5
	Process Discharge (circle one) Co Frequency	ntinuous Intermittant # p	f Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees at th	is location 35	Imes of Day
10)	Indicate plant water cons	sumption figures in gallor	as or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender	quarter. If you obtain w	ater from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> not met	er your consumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of the well	pump(s) in gallons per mi	nute and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

<u>388,960</u> _Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
52,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<10 % of Water Used in Actual Process
_79 % of Water Discharged From Process
____ % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
_11 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences</pre>

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER - LOCATED BEHIND WASHROOMS AT LEFT OF BLDG.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 2.
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A (we	SH MACH.)	Line B		Line C	
Any detectable gas Process		Any detectable gas Process		Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	· 1000-100-100	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



TIERRA-B-013784



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width <u>12"</u>
entire depth <u>8"</u>
junction manhole yes no X # of in pipes 1 CHANNEL
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø% full
water depth in pipesurcharged yes X no CHANNEL:
water depth <u>1/2"</u> benched yes <u>no</u> X
water depth range CONSTANT
water velocity turburlence yes no X super critical velocity /es no X roll in front of stake X roll behind stake
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem ves no)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

LETTER A.







4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

MANUOLE.	ETTER
MANROLE :	3" CLEAN OUT
(circular) surface Ø	
inside length	(parallel with pipe)
inside width	
entire depth	
junction manhole yes <u>X</u> no	# of in pipes _2
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø <u>3" 3"</u> % full	NOT ACCESSABLE
out pipe Ø <u>3''</u> % full	NOT ACCESSABLE
water depth in pipe	
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	
water depth ben	ched yes no
water depth range	
water velocity	turburlence yes po
roll in front of stake roll b	critical velocity /es no
channel configuration straight	curvedsloped
SAMPLING:	drop
MANUAL	
F F F F F	placed in MH
or placed outside MH	
(vandalism problem yes no)	

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



		1
		1
1		1
		· ·
	,	
1		
1		
1		
]		
		1

6

TIERRA-B-013789

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

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	Sampling Line		
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual		<u> X </u>	
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	gh,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
lnsert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope. rough, dipper method			
CUSTOM 90° V-NOTCH WEIR	x		<u> </u>
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)	·	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squar	e	·	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings		X	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u> </u>
Samplers	x		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	<u> </u>		
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4''			
6''		<u> </u>	•
8''			
10"	·		<u> </u>
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4			
6''			
8"			·
10''			- <u> </u>
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
CUSTOM 90° V-NOTCH WEIR Packing	X		·
Blocks	·		
Sand Bags			
Caulking	·	·	
MANUAL			
Bottles		v	
Bucket & watch		<u> </u>	
Weirs (v-notch 90°)	······		
4''	·		·
6''			
8''			
10"			··
12''			
15"	·		
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			<u>-</u>

9

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (ag/1)	5,700 15		
Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1)			
Zinc (mg/1) Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/l) Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/1) Romullium (mg/1)			
beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Ι	Date:8-21-78	Interview	ed by: SCOI	T & VAN MALDEN	
PVS	SC Industry #	Industrial Wastewat	er		
<u>N-</u>	1600	Questionnaire	"attach	business card"	
		Part A			
1)	Industry Name SUN CHE	1ICAL CORP.			
2)	Address 185 FOUND	RY STREET		NEWARK	
	No.	Street	P	funicipality	
3)	Responsible Person to w	hom further inquirie	s should be d	irected:	
	RALPH JAFFE	PLANT	SUPER.	344-4879	
	Name	Т	itle	Telephone	
4)	Type of Industry <u>ORGA</u>	NIC PIGMENT MFR.			
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, (4 Digit Code from 1976	if available 2 standard industrial	865 classificatio	on manual)	
6)	Principle Raw Materials	(s) used <u>SAME</u>			
7)	Principle Product(s) pro	oduced ORGANIC	PIGMENTS		
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted 24				
	Days per week manufactu	ring operations are	conducted	5	
	Process Discnarge (circle one) (Frequency)	Continuous Intermitta	ant # of Batch Times of	es/Day	
9)	Number of employees at	this location	16		
10)	Indicate plant water co	nsumption figures in	gallons or cu	ıbic feet during	
	the most recent calende	r quarter. If you o	btain water fi	rom a privately	
	owned well and <u>do</u> not m	eter your consumptio	n from this so	ource, indicate	
	the capacity of the wel	l pump(s) in gallons	per minute an	nd the approxi-	
	mate daily running time	(s) in hours per day			

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

14,960,000 Gallons/Quarter

2,000,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply ____Cubic Feet/Quarter

Gallons/Quarter

_____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

22 % of Water Used in Actual Process

57.5% of Water Discharged From Process

20 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

.5 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: 1 METER LOCATED IN METER HOUSE ON WEST SIDE OF PROPERTY.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 4
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	s X	Any detectable Process	gas x	Any detectable g Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC

)

) .

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE: VALVE ON 6" PIPE
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water_depth benched_yesno
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake no
channel configuration straight curved sloped
Instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yesno)

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

	LETTER	<u> </u>	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface \emptyset			
inside length	CHANNEL	(parallel with pip	e)
inside width	8''		
entire depth	6''		
junction manhole ye	s nox_	# of in pipes	1
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø <u>1.5</u> "	% full		
out pipe Ø <u>6"</u>	% full	AIN	
water depth in pipe	0		· · ·
surcharged yes no) X		
CHANNEL:			
water depth 0	benched	yes no x	
water depth range 0-3"			
water velocity		turburlence ves	
	super criti	cal velocity /es	no
channel configuration s	roll behin straight	d stake	
instantaneous flow			droped
SAMPLING:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
can be harnessed in MH	place	d in MH	
or placed outside_MH	x		
(vandalism problem ye	s no x)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6)	Final	recommendations	for	flow	measurement	&	sampling.
----	-------	-----------------	-----	------	-------------	---	-----------

)		Samp	oling Li	ne
		A	B	<u>C</u>
	SAMPLING: Automatic	_ X	X	
•	Manual			
	Automatic			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	ı, 		
	90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
	Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method		<u> </u>	
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
	CUSTOM WEIR, DIPPER METHOD		0 <u>x</u>	·
	Manual			
	Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows))	<u> </u>	
	Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	2		
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	<u></u>		
	Water meter readings	<u>x</u>	(2) X	<u> </u>

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	В	С
AUTOMATIC			-
Samplers	Øx	x	
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch		·	
Dippers		x	
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable	·		
4			
6" 01	·····	<u> </u>	
8			
10"		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>-</u> -
12			
13 Woirs w_motob (00°)			
Au			
		- 	
8"	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10"			
12"			
15"	 		
Weir Box (inflatable)			<u></u>
CUSTOM WEIR		x	
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			·
MANUAL	0		
Bottles	υ _x		
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4''			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level		·	
NOTES:		·	

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction

recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions,

etc.)

SAMPLING VALUE ON LINE A WAS NOT WORKING AT TIME OF INSPECTION. JAFFE SHOULD BE CONTACTED PRIOR TO SAMPLING AND REQUESTED TO INSTALL APPROPRIATE FITTING FOR 1/2" HOSE. (FOR AUTO SAMPLER)

SAMPLERS SHOULD BE SET FOR 1/2 HR. INTERVALS.

SAMPLER ON LINE B SHOULD BE USED IN FLOW MODE IN CONJUNCTION WITH DIPPER.

9.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	<u>46,1</u> 00		<u></u>
Chromium $(mg/1)$			
Copper (mg/1)	0.16		
Lead $(mg/1)$	0.1	<u> </u>	
Nickel (mg/l)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)	0.06		·····
Varadium (mg/1)			-
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/1)	·····		

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 8-7-78		Interviewed	by: <u>SCOTT</u>	& VANMALDEN	
PV	SC Industry #		· · ·			
Ň	1610	Industri	lal Wastewater			
N	-1010	Ques	stionnaire	"attach	business card"	
		F	Part A			
		. · ·	-			
1)	Industry Name	THOMASSET COLORS	DIVISION			
2)	Address 120	LISTER AVENUE		NE	WARK	
	No.	Stree	t	<u>M</u> ı	nicipality	-
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom furth	er inquiries sh	ould be dir	cected:	
	G. GRUDINOFF		GENERAL MAN	AGER	344-7308	
÷	Name				Telephone	
4)	Type of Industr	y PIGMENT MFG.			·	
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code f	number, if availal rom 1976 standard	ole 2816, 2865 industrial cla	ssification	manual)	
6)	Principle Raw Ma	aterials(s) used_	ACIDS, INTERME	DIATES, ARO	MATIC AMINES IN	WORGANIC
7)	Principle Produc	ct(s) produced	PIGMENTS			-
8)	Hours per day 1	manufacturing oper	ations are cond	ducted	16	
	Days per week ma	anufacturing opera	tions are condu	ucted	5	
	Brocess Discharge Frequency	e one) Continuous)Intermittant #	of Batche Times of 1	s/Day Day	-
9)	Number of employ	vees <u>at this locat</u>	ion 55	·	·	
10)	Indicate plant w	vater consumption	figures in gal	lons or cub	ic feet during	_
	the most recent	calender quarter.	If you obtain	n water fro	m a privately	
	owned well and o	lo not meter your	consumption fro	om this sou	rce, indicate	
	the capacity of	the well pump(s)	in gallons per	minute and	the approxi-	
	mate daily runni	ing time(s) in hou	rs per day.			

1

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
23,217,172 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
3,103,900 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

<u>4</u> % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
 <u>87</u> % of Water Discharged From Process
 <u>-</u> % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
 <u>9</u> % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

2 METERS LOCATED IN PIT BY GUARD.

2

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any_detectable ; Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable ga Process	s
N.C. Cooling	·	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	<u></u>	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

3

SEE SCHEMATIC



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

	LETTE	R					
MANHOLE:							
(circular) surface Ø							
inside length	8'	(parallel with pipe)					
inside width	4'						
entire depth	6'						
junction manhole yes noX # of in pipes 1							
PIPES:							
in pipe Ø SURCHARGE % full							
out pipe Ø 10" % full 50							
water depth in pipe							
surcharged yes no	<u>X</u>						
water depth2'	benched	yes X no	(PIT)				
water depth rangeCONSTANT							
water velocity1.5 FPSturburlence yes no							
roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	super crit: X roll behin raight X	ical velocity ye nd stake curved	esno_Xslopeddrop				
SAMPLING:							
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH							
or placed outside MH X							

(vandalism problem yes no X)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





6

TIERRA-B-013810
6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

_)

Water meter readings

	Sampling Li		ne	
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>c</u>	
SAMPLING: Automatic	X			
Manual				
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>				
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method				
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)				
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	· ,			
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method				
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			<u>-</u>	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			<u></u>	
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method				
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			<u> </u>	
Manual				
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)				
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	<u> </u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method				

7

<u>X</u>

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

1)

AUTOMATIC	A	B	<u> </u>
Samplers	v		
Harness	<u></u>		
Current Meter (velocity)	·····		
Dye & Watch			— ——
Dippers	<u> </u>		·
Rod & Transit			<u> </u>
Flumes	<u> </u>	<u></u>	
Insert		·	·
Inflatable			
4"			
6''			
8''		<u> </u>	
10"			
12''	·····		<u></u>
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4 ⁰		·	
6''			
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Packing			
Blocks	 .		
Sand Bags			
Caulking	<u> </u>		
MANUAL			
Bottles		·.	
Bucket & watch	<u>-</u>		
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			·
6"	 ,		
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			<u> </u>
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:		 .	
•			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? YES

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

PH ADJUSTMENT WITH AMMONIA.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	423,000		
Cadmium (mg/1)	_ <u></u>		
Copper (mg/l)			
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/1)	<u> </u>		
Mercury $(mg/1)$	0018	· · · · · · · · ·	
Arsenic (mg/1)	.0010	· ·	
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)	<u> </u>		·
beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date:7-10-78	Interviewed by	: SCOTT & VANMALDEN
P,	VSC Industry # N-1620	Industrial Wastewater	• • • •
		Questionnaire	"attach business card"
		Part A	•
1)	Industry Name TIMCO IN	C	
2)	Address 666 SO. 161	th STREET	NEWARK
	NO.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to whether the second sec	nom further inquiries shoul	ld be directed:
	TOM PANELLA	SUPERVISOR	374-3729
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry HOT, DI	P PLATING	
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, i (4 Digit Code from 1976	f available 3471 standard industrial classi	fication manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used <u>SN</u>	
7)	Principle Product(s) pro	duced TIN PLATED METALS	
8)	Hours per day manufactu	ring operations are conduc	ted8
	Days per week manufactur:	ing operations are conduct	ed5
	Brocess Discharge Frequency (circle one)	ontinuous Intermittant # of	Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees at the	nis location 6 FULL TIME	, 2 PART TIME
10)	Indicate plant water cons	sumption figures in gallons	or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender	quarter. If you obtain wa	ter from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> <u>not</u> met	er your consumption from t	his source, indicate
	the capacity of the well	pump(s) in gallons per min	ute and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

140,674 Gallons/Quarter

18,800 Cubic Feet/Quarter

NEWARK Name of City or Public Supply

_____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

5 % of Water Used in Actual Process

82.5% of Water Discharged From Process

6.5% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

<u>6</u> % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

IN BASEMENT FRONT RIGHT CORNER OF BUILDING.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C		
Any detectable ; Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable o Process	gas	
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	-	N.C. Cooling		
Sanitary	<u> </u>	Sanitary		Sanitary		
Storm		Storm		Storm	·	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



TIERRA-B-013817



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B., C.,...)

:

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) NG (1917)

LETTER A
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø4"
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full <u>~ 50</u>
out pipe Ø <u>6''</u> % full <u>~ 50</u>
water depth in pipe 🗻 3"
surcharged yes no X
N/A
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake
channel configuration straight curved sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism problem yesnoX_)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	San	pling L	ine
	A	B	С
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:	•		
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)	<u> </u>		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket $\&$ stop-watch (elevated sewers <code>w/smaller</code>	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	X	

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Samplers	x		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
insert			
Inflatable			
4			
6''			
8''			
10''			
12"	·	·	
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4"			·
6''			
8''			·
10''			·
12''			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
	<u>-</u>		····
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking	· ·		
	·		trans an en con-
MANUAL			
Bottles	,		
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90°)			
4"			- <u></u>
6''			
8"			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10''			
12''			
15"			
Carpenter's square with lowel			
NOTES:			

9

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)			
Chromium (.w/1)		<u> </u>	
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/1)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)	·		
Varadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Bervllium (mo/l)			- <u></u>
(mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

4

	Date: 8-2-3	78	Interviewed by	SCOTT	& VANMALDEN
P	VSC Industry #	Industria	1 Wastewater		
N	-1630	Quest	ionnaire	"attach	business card"
		Ра	rt A		
1)	Industry Name	VICTORY OPTICAL M	G. COMPANY		
2)	Address_9	MULBERRY PLACE		NI	EWARK
	No.	Street		<u>M</u> ı	micipality
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom further	inquiries shou	ld be din	cected:
	NORMAN BAUMANN		COLOR SUPERVIS	OR	643-7844
·	Name		Title		Telephone
4)	Type of Industry	/			
5)	Primary S.I.C. 1 (4 Digit Code fi	number, if availabl om 1976 standard i	e <u> </u>	ification	
6)	Principle Raw Ma	terials(s) used_NI	, RD, AU, AG, C	U, BRASS,	BLACK NI
7)	Principle Produc	t(s) produced	OPTHALMIC FRAM	ES	
8)	Hours per day π	anufacturing operat	tions are conduc	ted	8
	Days per week ma	nufacturing operat:	lons are conduct		5
	Brocess Discharge Frequency	e one) Continuous I	ntermittant # p 'T	f Batches	/Day
9)	Number of employ	ees <u>at this locatio</u>	<u>m 130</u>		ay
10)	Indicate plant w	ater consumption fi	gures in gallon	s or cubi	ic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarter.	If you ob tain w	ater from	n a privately
	owned well and de	o <u>not</u> meter your co	nsumption from	this sour	ce, indicate
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in	gallons per mi	nute and	the approxi-
	mate daily running	ng time(s) in hours	per day.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well	l Supply			
813,824 Gallons/Quarte	r		_Gallons/Quar	ter	
<u>108,800</u> Cubic Feet/Qu	arter		_Cubic Feet/Q	uarter	
<u>NEWARK</u> Name of City o Supply	r Public		Well Pump(s)	Gal/Min.	
			Pump Running	time(s) Hr	s/Day

2 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
76 % of Water Discharged From Process
2 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
20 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

METER IS LOCATED ADJACENT TO EXIT POINT FOR 6" SEWER LINE IN BASEMENT (PROCESS ONLY).

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gas 	Any detectable gas Process	3	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	<u> </u>	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	~

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

3

SEE SCHEMATIC

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

MANHOLE:	LET	TER A
(circular) surface Ø	22"	
inside length	5'	- (parallel with nine)
inside width	4'	
entire depth	8'	- .
junction manhole yes	X no	# of in pipes _2
PIPES:		
in pipe Ø6"	% full	25
out pipe Ø16"	% full	25
water depth in pipe <u>1</u> . surcharged yes <u>no</u> <u>CHANNEL:</u> water depth <u>4"</u>	<u>X</u> benck	ned yes no <u>x</u>
water depth range <u>CONS</u>	TANT	_
water velocity roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	FPS super cr Xroll be raight _X	turburlence yes <u>X</u> no (MILD) itical velocity yes no <u>X</u> hind stake curvedsloped drop
SAMPLING:		
can be harnessed in MH	pl	aced in MH
or placed outside MH		
(vandalism problem yes	s no)	
OTE: SAMPLER SHOULD BE " LINE. HOSE CAN BE INS	PLACED INSI ERTED IN 4"	DE BUILDING AT EXIT POINT OF CLEAN OUT AT THAT POINT.

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ , B, C,).



FROM VICTORY

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

· •

	Samp	ling Li	ne
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	· ,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)	X		
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method	
Water meter readings	

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	X		
Rod & Transit			
flumes	<u> </u>		
Insert			
Inflatable	<u> </u>		
4''	- <u>-</u> X		
6''	·		
8''			
10''			
12''			<u> </u>
15''	 -		
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4° < 1			
6			<u> </u>
8		·	
10"	· · ·		
12"			
15"	<u> </u>	•••····	
weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			<u>-</u>
Blocks			
Sand Bage			
Caulking			
Gadiking			
ΜΑΝΠΔΙ			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch		<u> </u>	
Weirs $(v_{-notch} 00^{\circ})$			<u> </u>
611			
о gn			
10"			
10			-
1511			
1.5 Companya da la			
vorpenter's square with level			
NULES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) 38,600		
Chromium (mg/1)	, <u>,</u>		<u> </u>
Cadmium $(mg/1)$			
Copper (mg/1)	0.05		
Lead (mg/1)	0.05		·
Nickel (mg/1)	0.1		<u> </u>
Zinc (mg/1)			
Mercury (mg/1)		······	
Arsenic (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Bervllium $(mg/1)$			
/1110m (mg/1)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 8-15-78		Interviewed by	y:Scott & Van Mal	.den
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PVSC Industry #

Industrial Wastewater

N-1650

Questionnaire

"attach business card"

Part A

1) Industry Name_____ Westinghouse Electric Corporation Relay & Instrument Division_____

2)	Address <u>90</u>	Orange Street	Newark
	No.	Street	Municipality

3) Responsible Person to whom further inquiries should be directed:

	Ed Hennel	Mgr. Purchasing	465-2546
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry Electrical Equ	ipment Mfr.	
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if availab (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard	le 3641 industrial classifica	tion manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used	Cu, Wire, S. Steel,	Finished Plated Parts
7)	Principle Product(s) produced	Nz, Ni, Cu, Sn	
8)	Hours per day manufacturing oper	ations are conducted_	8 (16 Plating)
	Days per week manufacturing opera	tions are conducted	5
9)	Process Discharge Frequency (circle one) Continuous Number of employees at this locat)Intermittant # of Bat Times ion 1000	tches/Day of Day
10)	Indicate plant water consumption	figures in gallons or	cubic feet during
	the most recent calender quarter.	If you obtain water	from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> not meter your	consumption from this	source, indicate
	the capacity of the well pump(s)	in gallons per minute	and the approxi-

mate daily running time(s) in hours per day.

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public SupplyPrivate Well Supply (Cooling Only)10,341,800
Gallons/QuarterGallons/Quarter28.75 x 106
Gallons/Quarter 79% Returned
to groundCubic Feet/QuarterCubic Feet/QuarterCubic Feet/QuarterNewarkName of City or Public
Supply220
24Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.24Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

$\frac{City}{\sqrt{1}}$ of Water Used in Actual Process	<u>Well</u> 0
<u>68</u> % of Water Discharged From Process	
25% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water	8
7 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences	13

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

2 meters

6" compound meter in building C Basement

l" meter in building J basement

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 6

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line 🔏 1			$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$		4	Line XX 5	6	
Any detectable gas Process	X	X	Any detectable gas Process	X	X	Any detectable gas Process	X	X
N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	<u> </u>	N.C. Cooling	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Sanitary	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Sanitary	<u>X</u>	<u> </u>	Sanitary		
Storm	<u>X</u>		Storm		<u> </u>	Storm		

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic

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TIERRA-B-013838

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

1 ... -

LETTER Α (1)

MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø24"
inside length <u>42" Ø</u> (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth <u>10'</u>
junction manhole yes no X # of in pipes 1
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>14"</u> % full <u>100</u>
out pipe Ø 14" % full 100
water depth in pipe <u>14"</u> surcharged yes <u>X</u> no CHANNEL:
water depth 14" benched yes no X
water depth range Constant
water velocity 1 FPS turburlence yes no X super critical velocity /es no X roll in front of stake x roll behind stake channel configuration straight x curved sloped instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yesno)
Note: No Rungs



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...) LETTER B (2) 6" Clean Out MANHOLE: (circular) surface Ø 27" inside length (parallel with pipe) 30" inside width 32" entire depth yes____ No X junction manhole # of in pipes 1PIPES: in pipe Ø _____6" % full _____ out pipe Ø 6" % full water depth in pipe _____ surcharged yes ____ no___ CHANNEL: water depth _____ benched yes no water depth range_____ water velocity ____ turburlence yes _____ no super critical velocity /es_____ no roll in front of stake _____ roll behind stake ____ channel configuration straight _____ sloped _____ curved instantaneous flow drop SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH _____ placed in MH _____ or placed outside MH (vandalism problem yes no)

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

LETTER B (2)



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,)
LETTER C (3)
MANHOLE: 8" Trap
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width <u>34"</u>
entire depth 8.5'
junction manhole yes noX # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>8</u> " % full
out pipe Ø 8" % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocityturburlence yes no
roll in front of stake roll behind stake roll behind stake
channel configuration straight X curved sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH X placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes no)

1. F

((*))

TIERRA-B-013843



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A. R. C.)
LETTER D (4)
(circular) surface Ø
inside length $5'$ (parallel with pipe)
inside width <u>3</u>
entire depth
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe $\emptyset _5 $ % full
out pipe Ø <u>5</u> " % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity
super critical velocity yes no
channel configuration straight
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes no)
SAMPLING POINT NOT ACCESSION -
TIME OF INTERVIEW ADDE
OBTAINED FROM WESTING
DRAWINGS.

)

MANHOLE :	LETTER	E	(5)			
(circular) surface Ø	24"			4"	TRAP.	
inside length	24'	(paralle	l with pi	pe)		
inside width	4'					
entire depth	7.5'					
junction manhole yes	no V	∦ of	in pipes	<u> l </u>		
PIPES:						
in pipe Ø _ 4 "	% full					
out pipe Ø 4''	% full					
water depth in pipe						
surcharged yes no						
CHANNEL:						
water depth	benched	yes	no			
water depth range						
water velocity		turburlen	P VAC	~~~		
roll in front of stake	super criti	cal veloci	ty 7es	no		
channel configuration stra	roll behin aight	d stake			1	
instantaneous flow		curv		S	drop	
SAMPLING:						
can be harnessed in MH	▶ place	d in MH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
or placed outside MH						

()
4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,)
LETTER \underline{F} (G)
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface $\emptyset $ <u>24</u> \Box
inside length <u>H</u> (parallel with pipe)
inside width 4'
entire depth 7.5′
junction manhole yes no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>4</u> " % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity
roll in front of stake roll behind stake no
channel configuration straight curved sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yesno)

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TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

		San	pling L	ine	
		A	B	<u>C</u> <u>D</u> <u>E</u>	<u>F</u>
	SAMPLING: Automatic	X	X	<u>x x x</u>	<u>x</u>
•	Manual FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>				
.	Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method				
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)				
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,			
	90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method				
	Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method				
$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array}\right)$	Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)				
	Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method				
	Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method				
	Manual				
	Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)				
	Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	<u> </u>	···		
	Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method				
	Water meter readings	<u>x</u>	_X	<u> </u>	<u>x x</u>

and the second second second second

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u> <u>D</u> <u>E</u> <u>F</u>
Samplers	X	Х	х х х х
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)		-	
Dye & Watch			······
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			•
Flumes			
Insert Tefletelle			
INIIATADIE			
4		·	
6''	····		
8"		;	
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
40			
6"			
8"	·· ···································		
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			<u> </u>
Caulking			
			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90 [°])			
4"			
6''			
8"			······
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level		·	
NOTES:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? No

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	374,000		
Cadmium (mg/1)		·	
Copper (mg/1)	<u>_0.1</u>		
Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1)	$\frac{\langle 0.3}{\langle 0.1}$		
Zinc $(mg/1)$	$\frac{20.1}{20.59}$		
Mercury (mg/1)	L.0007		
Vanadium (mg/1)			
Selenium (mg/l)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date:	-31-78	Interviewed	1 by:	Scott & Van Malden
P	VSC Industry #	In	dustrial Wastewater		
	-1660		Questionnaire	"at	tach business card"
			Part A		
1)	Industry Name_	Weston Ir	struments Divsion		
2)	Address 614	Freylingh	uysen Avenue		Newark
	NO.		Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom	further inquiries s	should 1	De directed:
	Hank Go	gerty	Maint. Super	v.	242 2600
	Name		Titl	e	Telephone
4)	Type of Industr	y_Mfr.elec	tric test & Measuri	ng equi	pmetn
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code f	number, if av rom 1976 star	vailable <u>3678</u> ndard industrial cla	assific	ation manual)
6)	Principle Raw M	aterials(s) ι	usedSteel Brass (Cu, Alu	m & Plastics
7)	Principle Produ	oduceיק (t(s)	ed <u>Electrical</u> <u>Te</u>	est equ	ip and Bimetal Therm.
8)	Hours per day n	nanufacturing	, operations are cor	nducted	
	Days per week ma	nufacturing	operations are cond	ducted_	5
	Discnarge (circl Frequency	e one) Contig	nuous Intermittant	# of Ba	atches/Day
9)	Number of employ	ees <u>at</u> this	location 650		
10)	Indicate plant w	ater consump	tion figures in gal	lons or	cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender qua	rter. If you obtai	n water	from a privately
	owned well and <u>d</u>	o not meter	your consumption fr	om this	source, indicate
	the capacity of	che well pump	p(s) in gallons per	minute	and the approxi-
	mate daily runni	ng time(s) in	n hours per day.		

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

2,848,384 Gallons/Quarter

380,800 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>Newark</u> Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

25 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

_43 % of Water Discharged From Process

5 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

27 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

2 Meters -- 1 Located on Lawn at South End of Building 17. Other Located on Lawn at North End of Building 17. Both Meters in M.H.S.

Questionnaire

Part B

l) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable ga Process	.S	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary	<u>X</u>	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A.B,C,...)

137

MANHOLE:	LETTE	R <u>A</u>		
(circular) surface Ø	42"			
inside length	3' Ø	(parallel with pipe)		
inside width				
entire depth	8.1			
junction manhole yes	X no	# of in pipes		
PIPES:				
in pipe Ø 16",15",6",5",	4"% full			
out pipe Ø16"	% full 31			
water depth in pipe	(outpipe)			
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	X			
water depth6"	benched	yes NO X		
water depth range Consta	ant, but will	flood in storm		
water velocity1.3 F	.P.S.	turburlence yes	no X	
roll in front of stake	super criti roll behin	cal velocity /es d stake	no X	
instantaneous flow	raight X	curved	_ sloped	
SAMPLING:				
can be harnessed in MH	place	d in MH X		
or placed outside MH				
(vandalism problem yes	no)			

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



TIERRA-B-013859

18 **1**8 H 5 L

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sam	pling Li	ne
· ·	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X		
Manual			- <u></u>
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	J.,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method	<u> X </u>		
lnsert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			<u> </u>
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			·
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			

Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method

Water meter readings

 $\left| \cdot \right\rangle$

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	C
Samplers	v		
Harness	<u> </u>		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	v		
Rod & Transit	<u> </u>		
Flumes	· ·····		
Insert			
Inflatable			
4''	<u></u>		
6''		<u> </u>	
8''			
10''	<u> </u>		
12"	·		
15''			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)	<u>v</u>		
41	<u> </u>		
6''		· · · · · · · · · ·	
8''			
10''			
12"	<u> </u>		
XXXX' 16'			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	
Packing		-	
Blocks			
Sand Baus			
Caulking	·		
	· ···		··- ·- ·
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (y-notch 90°)			
4"	·		
6''			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8''			
10"			
12"	<u> </u>		
15"		·	
Carpenter's square with 1.			
NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Should be sampled during dry weather.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (ag/1)	77,000		<u> </u>
Cadmium (mg/1)	0.095		
Copper (mg/1)	2.17		— <u>—, </u>
Lead $(mg/1)$			
Nickel (mg/1)	2.7		
Zinc (mg/1)	1.1		
Mercury (mg/1)			····
Arsenic (mg/1)	<u></u>		
Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l)	· · ·	·	
Beryllium (mg/l)			

NO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 7/10/78 Ir	terviewed by: <u>SCOTT</u>	& VAN MALDEN
PV N-	SC Industry # Industrial W 1670 Question Part	astewater naire "attach A) business card"
1)	Industry NameJ. WISS & SONS INC.		
2)	Address 400 W. MARKET STREET No. Street		NEWARK Municipality
3)	Responsible Person to whom further in	nguiries should be d	irected:
	DICK HEGARTY	MGR. PLANT ENG.	622-4670
	Name	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of IndustryCUTLERY, MFG		
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if available (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard indu	3421 strial classification	on manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) usedSI	'EEL, N1,	
7)	Principle Product(s) producedSCISS	ORS, SHEARS & CUTLEF	RY FORGINGS
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operatio	ns are conducted	8
	Days per week manufacturing operation	s are conducted	5
9)	Process Discharge Frequency (circle one) Continuous Int	ermittant # of Batch Times of	es/Day Day
	remptoyees at this location		
10)	Indicate plant water consumption figu	res in gallons or cu	bic feet during
	the most recent calender quarter. If	you obtain water fr	om a privately
	owned well and <u>do not</u> meter your cons	umption from this so	urce, indicate
	the capacity of the well pump(s) in g	allons per minute an	d the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in hours p	er day.	

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TIERRA-B-013864

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
4,899,400 Gallons/Quarter	3,627,800 Gallons/Quarter
655,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter	485,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter (NON-CONTACT)
NEWARK Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

45 % of Water Used in Actual Process
45.5 % of Water Discharged From Process
42.5 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
7 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

CHECK W/HEGARTY.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 3

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

$\underline{\text{Line A}}$ (1))	$\underline{\text{Line B}}$ (2)	I Contraction of the second	$\underline{\text{Line } C} (3)$	
Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as <u>X</u>
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	X
Sanitary	?	Sanitary	??	Sanitary	?
Storm	?	Storm	?	Storm	?

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.



4

TIERRA-B-013867

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

· · · ·

· · · · ·)

	LETTER A				
MANHOLE:					
(circular) surface Ø _					
inside length	24" (parallel with pipe)				
inside width _	24"				
entire depth	18"				
junction manhole yes_	X no # of in pipes <u>1 + CHANNEL</u>				
PIPES:					
in pipe Ø <u>1 1/2"</u>	% full				
out pipe Ø <u>1</u> 1/2"	% full				
water depth in pipe					
<pre>surcharged yes no</pre>	<u>X</u>				
water depth <u>12"</u>	benched yes X no (PIT)				
water depth range6	- 12"				
water velocity	turburlence yes no				
roll in front of stake channel configuration st instantaneous flow	super critical velocity /es no roll behind stake				
SAMPLING:					
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH					
or placed outside MH X					
(vandalism problem yes	sn X)				

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





TIERRA-B-013869

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

· · · ·

	LETTE	R _ B				
MANHOLE:						
(circular) surface Ø						
inside length	30"	(parallel with pipe)				
inside width	30"					
entire depth						
junction manhole yes	noX	<pre># of in pipes</pre>				
PIPES:						
in pipe Ø8"	% full	0				
out pipe Ø8''	% full	0				
water depth in pipe	0					
surcharged yes no	X					
CHANNEL:						
water depth 0	benche	d yes no _X				
water depth range MAY	FLOOD IN STORM	I				
water velocity0		turburlence yes no				
roll in front of stake	super crit roll behi	ical velocity /es no nd stake				
channel configuration s	traight	curved X sloped				
instantaneous flow		drop				
SAMPLING:						
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH						
or placed outside MH X						
(vandalism problem ye	s?no)					

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· _).

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

1.1

	Sampling Line		
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X	<u> </u>	
Manual -			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Dopth of flow is in the second			
(shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough, dipper method	3		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		<u>X</u>	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
DIPPER IN SUMP	X		
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)_			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square_			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings +	X		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	Х	X.	
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch	<u></u>		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Dippers	X	X	
Rod & Transit			
Insert		X	
Inflatable		X	
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"		<u> </u>	
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			·
4 ¹			·
6''	<u> </u>		
8''			
10''			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
N# A NTI 7 A T			
Battles			
Bucket & uptob			
Weirs $(y_{-} not ch 00^{\circ})$	·		
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"			<u></u>
15''			
Carpenter's square with level	,		
NOTES:	,		

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

USE FLOW ACTIVATED MODE ON SAMPLER FOR LINE B.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u> </u>	B	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	132,000		
Chromium (mg/1) Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)			
Lead (mg/l) Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)			····
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)		<u></u>	

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

	Date: 6-21-78		Interviewed by	SCOTT & VANMALDEN
PV	SC Industry # NT-1680	Industrial Questi Par	. Wastewater onnaire t A	"attach business card"
1)	Industry Name A	FLANTIC CHEMICAL	CORPORATION	· ·
2)	Address 10	KINGSLAND AVENU	E	NUTLEY
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Person	to whom further	inquiries shoul	ld be directed:
	CHARLES DANZIGE	2	VICE PRESIDEN	I 235-1800
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industry_D	ESTUFFS MFG.		
5)	Primary S.I.C. numb (4 Digit Code from	er, if available 1976 standard in	e 2869 Idustrial classi	fication manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mater	ials(s) used	SALT, ACIDS, (DRGANIC AMINES
7)	Principle Product(s) produced	DYESTUFFS	
8)	Hours per day manu	facturing operat	ions are conduc	ted16
	Days per week manuf	acturing operati	ons are conduct	ed 5 ¹ 2
	Process Discharge (circle on Frequency)	ne) Continuous I	ntermittant # p T	f Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees	<u>at this locatio</u>	n 175	
10)	Indicate plant wate	r consumption fi	gures in gallon	s or cubic feet during
	the most recent cal	ender quarter.	lf you obtain w	ater from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> <u>n</u>	ot meter your co	nsumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of the	well pump(s) in	gallons per mi	nute and the approxi-
	mate daily running	time(s) in hours	per day.	

TIERRA-B-013876

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
46,376,000 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
6,200,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
JERSEY Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

∠1 % of Water Used in Actual Process

 93.5%
 of Water Discharged From Process

 5
 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

 .5
 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

METER LOCATED IN PIT COVERED BY WOOD SHED BEHIND CO. IN SHOPPING CENTER PARKING LOT.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitarv		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach up. Any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



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TIERRA-B-013879

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length5' p (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth6'
junction manhole yes <u>no x</u> # of in pipes <u>1</u>
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>10"</u> % full <u>40</u>
out pipe Ø 10" % full 50
water depth in pipe4"
surcharged yes no XCHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no X
water depth range COULD FLOOD IN STORM
water velocityturburlence yes X no(MODERATE)
roll in front of stake X roll behind stake
channel configuration straight X curved sloped drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH X* placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes no_X_)
*NOTE: SAMPLER CAN BE PLACED BY NEUT. PIT.

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).

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TIERRA-B-013881

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampling Line		
	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	X		
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			.
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			

Water meter readings

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17 - Carlos A.

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	Х		
Harness			
Current Meter (velocity)		· · · · · · ·	
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			·
Rod & Transit	<u> </u>		
Flumes	X		<u>-</u>
Insert	X	<u> </u>	
Inflatable			
4			
6"			
8''			
10"	X		
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
41			
6''	•		
8''	<u>_</u>		·····
10"			- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90 [°])			
4"			·
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:		 ·	

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

SAMPLER SHOULD BE PLACED BY OUTLET OF NEUTRALIZATION PITS.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	65,800		
Chromium (ng/1)	0.26	<u></u>	
Cadmium (mg/l)			<u> </u>
Copper (mg/1)	0.54		
Lead (mg/1)			
Nickel (mg/1)			
Zinc (mg/1)	······		
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Selenjum $(mg/1)$		·	
Bervllium $(mg/1)$			<u> </u>

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	Date:	Interviewed b	y: <u>Standfast & Bartley</u>
P۱	/SC Industry # Indus	trial Wastewater	
]	NT 1690 O	Jestionnaire	"attach business cord"
	·	Dont A	business card
		rart A	
1)	Industry Name <u>Hoffman - LaRoc</u>	he Inc.	
2)	Address 340 Kingsland St.		
	No. Str	eet	<u> </u>
3)	Responsible Person to whom fur	ther inquiries sho	uld be directed.
	Mark Louis	Super.	did be difected:
	Name	<u>Environmental</u> Title	Control 235-5000
4)	Type of Industry <u>Pharmaceutica</u>	1	Terephone
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if avai (4 Digit Code from 1976 standa	lable <u>2833</u> rd industrial clas	sification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) use	d <u>Organic & Inorg</u>	anic Chemicals
7)	Principle Product(s) produced	Vitamins, Pharmace	uticals, Fine Chemicals
8)	Hours per day manufacturing op	perations are cond	ucted 24
	Days per week manufacturing ope	erations are condu	cted 7
	Process Discharge (circle one) Continue Frequency	us Intermittant #	of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees at this loc	ation 7000	limes of Day
10)	Indicate plant water consumption	on figures in gallo	ons or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender quarte	er. If you obtain	water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do not</u> meter you	r consumption from	n this source, indicate
	the capacity of the well pump(s) in gallons per m	ninute and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in h	ours per day.	

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Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

392,500,000Callons/Quarter

57,473,262 Cubic Feet/Quarter

<u>P.V.W.C.</u>, Name of City or Public Supply Jersey City

 Private Well Supply

 16,850,000
 Gallons/Quarter

 (calc.)
 (calc.)

 2,252,674
 Cubic Feet/Quarter

 Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

 Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

4 Wells, 3 Active, 1 Backup

_____% of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

____% of Water Discharged From Process

_____% of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: One

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ; Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as
N.C. Cooling	_X	N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	- <u></u>
Sanitary	X	Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	_X	Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label cach metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

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LETTER
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocityturburlence ves
roll in front of stake roll behind and roll be
channel configuration straight curved sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yesno)

TIERRA-B-013890

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



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TIERRA-B-013891

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sar	npling L	ine
	A	B	С
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	X		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90° v-notch weir in out-pipe dipper method			
Insert flume in out at the			
insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		·····-	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable type is -			
alpper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
			<u> </u>

Manual

Water meter readings		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller	flows)	

Use Hoffman LaRoche Meter.

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7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harness	X		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			<u> </u>
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4''			
6''			
8''			
10''			
12"			
15"		<u> </u>	
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)		<u> </u>	
4"			
6''			
8''			
10"			
12''			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
· /			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90 ⁰)			
4"			
6''	·	·	
8" .			
10"			
12"			
15"	- <u></u>		
Carpenter's square with lowel			
NOTES:		·	
Use Hoffman LaRoche			

Flow Measuring Device

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TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Sampler can be placed by flume of Pre-treatment Facility.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? Yes

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

Neutralization.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	Updated
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1) Cadmium (mg/1) Copper (mg/1) Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1) Zinc (mg/1) Mercury (mg/1) Arsenic (mg/1) Vanadium (mg/1) Beryllium (mg/1)	06, <u>100,000</u> <u>0.363</u> <u>7.001</u> <u>0.15</u> <u>0.769</u> <u>2.58</u> <u>0.5</u>		4,200,000 0.013 Not monitored 0.37 0.14 0.15 1.5 0.0027
0.1			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

I	Date:	5-15-78	Interviewed	by:Scott & Van Malden
PV	SC Industr NT 1700	∵y #	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire Part A	"attach business card"
1)	Industry	NameIT	T	
2)	Address_	100	Kingsland Road	Nutley
		No.	Street	Municipality
3)	Responsi	ble Person	to whom further inquiries s	hould be directed:
	T.W.E.	Bowdler, Pl	ant Engineer	284-2752
		Name	Title	e Telephone
4)	Type of	Industry	Electronics Mfg.	
5)	Primary : (4 Digit	5.I.C. numb Code from	oer, if available3670 1976 standard industrial cla	assification manual)
6)	Principle	e Raw Mater	ials(s) usedElectron	ic Components
7)	Principle	Product(s) produced Electronic C	Communications System
8)	Hours per	day manu	facturing operations are con	nducted 16
	Days per	week manuf	acturing operations are conc	lucted 5
0)	Process Discharge Frequency	(circle o	me) Continuous Intermittant	# of Batches/Day Times of Day
9)	Number of	employees	at this location 125	
10)	Indicate	plant wate	r consumption figures in gal	llons or cubic feet during
	the most	recent cal	ender quarter. If you obtai	in water from a privately
	owned we]	.1 and <u>do</u> <u>n</u>	ot meter your consumption fr	com this source, indicate
	the capac	ity of che	well pump(s) in gallons per	minute and the approxi-
	mate dail	y running	time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

37,	6	Mitallons/Quarter

_____ Cubic Feet/Quarter

	_Gallo	ons/Quart	ter	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_Cubio	c Feet/Qu	uarter	
	_Well	Pump(s)	Gal/Min	•
	_Pump	Running	time(s)	Hrs/Day

2 % of Water Used in Actual Process
40 % of Water Discharged From Process
32 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
26 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

See Schematic

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

<u>Line A</u>		<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	as X	Any detectable ; Process	gas	Any detectable g Process	as
N.C. Cooling	<u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling	X	N.C. Cooling	X
Sanitary	X	Sanitary	<u> </u>	Sanitary	<u> </u>
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematics





4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

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- N. - N.

LETTER A

MANHOLE:				
(circular) surface Ø _	22			
inside length	4'Ø	(parallel with pipe)		
inside width				
entire depth	7'	•		
junction manhole yes_	Х по	# of in pipes		
PIPES:				
in pipe Ø <mark>8", 8", 6"</mark>	% full	·		
out pipe Ø12"	% full	20		
water depth in pipe 2 .	5"			
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	X			
water depth1"	bench	ed yes <u>no X</u>		
water depth range_1-6"		_		
water velocity1 FPS		turburlence yes	no	(Mild)
roll in front of stake	x roll beh	nind stake X	no	
instantaneous flow			drop	
SAMPLING:				
can be harnessed in MH	X pla	aced in MH		
or placed outside MH				
(vandalism problem yes	no)			

 5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).

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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER B MANHOLE: (circular) surface \emptyset 22" 4**'**Ø (parallel with pipe) inside length inside width 9' entire depth ∦ of in pipes 2 junction manhole yes X no PIPES: in pipe Ø 8", 10" % full _____ out pipe Ø_ 10" % full 2water depth in pipe ____2" surcharged yes ____ no ____ CHANNEL: water depth 5" benched yes X no water depth range 3-6" turburlence yes _____ no _X water velocity _____ .5 FPS super critical velocity /es_____ no roll in front of stake _____ roll behind stake channel configuration straight X curved X sloped drop instantaneous flow SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH X placed in MH or placed outside MH

(vandalism problem yes no)

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).



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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER C MANHOLE: 22" (circular) surface Ø 5'Ø (parallel with pipe) inside length inside width 77" entire depth # of in pipes 5 junction manhole yes X no PIPES: in pipe Ø 8",15",6",4" % full out pipe Ø 10" % full 20 water depth in pipe _____ (Outpipe) surcharged yes ____ no ____ CHANNEL: water depth 2" benched yes no X water depth range Constnat PS______turburlence yes X_____ no ____ super critical velocity /es_____ no ___ (Mild) water velocity 1 FPS X roll in front of stake X roll behind stake ____ X sloped drop X channel configuration straight curved instantaneous flow SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH placed in MH or placed outside MH X

(vandalism problem yes no X)

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





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6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Samp	ling Li	ine
	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	X	X	<u> </u>
Manual FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u> Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper			
method Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	· ,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			<u> </u>
<u>Manual</u>			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)		<u></u>	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			·
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	Х	Х	X

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	<u> X </u>	X	X
Harness	X	<u> </u>	X
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Kod & Transit			
Insert		<u></u>	
		·	
8			·
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			<u> </u>
4* </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
6''			
8		<u></u>	
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)		·	
T			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch	· · · ·		<u> </u>
Weirs (v-notch 90)			·
4''			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

No

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	···-		
Chromium (ng/1)			
Cadmium $(mg/1)$			
Lead $(mg/1)$			······································
Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc (mg/1)		- <u></u> -	
Mercury $(mg/1)$			
Arsenic (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

المتأخف سالم وأحداث

	Date: 6/14/78	Interviewed by: Scott & Van Malde	en .
-	PVSC Industry #	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire "attach business of	
		Part A	
1	l) Industry _{Name} Oxy- Metal	Industries Corp. (Sel-Rex Co.)	
2	2) Address <u>75</u> River Ro	bad	
	No.	Street <u>Nutley</u>	
3	B) Responsible Person to who	m further incuision in the	c.
		in forener inquiries should be directed:	
	George Graham	Plant Manager 667-5200	
, ,	,	Title Telephon	ie
4,) Type of Industry <u>Mfg. of I</u>	Precious Metals Electroplating Salts	
) 5)) Primary S.I.C. number, if (4 Digit Code from 1976 st	available 2899 tandard industrial classification market	
6)) Principle Raw Materials(s)) used Precious Metals, Acid, Cyanide	
7)) Principle Product(s) produ	uced <u>Electroplating</u> Salts	
8)	Hours per day manufacturi	ng operations are conducted 8	
	Days per week manufacturin	g operations are conducted 5	
	Process Discnarge Frequency	tinuous Intermittant # of Batches/Day	
9)	Number of employees <u>at this</u>	s location 160	•
10)) Indicate plant water consur	mption figures in gallons or cubic feet dur	ing
	the most recent calender qu	uarter. If you obtain water from a private	ly
	owned well and <u>do not</u> meter	r your consumption from this source, indica	te
	the capacity of the well pu	ump(s) in gallons per minute and the approx	i-
	mate daily running time(s)	in hours per day.	

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Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
15,741,660Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
2,104,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
Nutley Name of City or Public Supply	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

95 % of Water Used in Actual Process
3.8% of Water Discharged From Process
-- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
1.2% of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: Check w/ George Graham.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 2_____

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ; Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gasX	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling	_	N.C. Cooling	-	N.C. Cooling	-
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	-

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic





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TIERRA-B-013915

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

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MANHOLE:	LETTER
(circular) surface Ø	
inside length	20' (parallel with pipe)
inside width	27"
entire depth	27"
junction manhole yes	X no # of in pipes10
$\begin{array}{cccc} 3 & - 1'' \\ \underline{PIPES:} & 3 & - 4'' \\ 2 & - 3'' \\ \text{in pipe } \emptyset & 2 & - 2'' \\ \end{array}$	% full
out pipe Ø <u>4", 4"</u>	% full90
water depth in pipe <u>3¹/₂"</u> surcharged yes <u>X</u> no <u>CHANNEL:</u> water depth <u>21"</u>	(outpipes)
water depth range Const	tant
water velocity roll in front of stake channel configuration str instantaneous flow	turburlence yes no X super critical velocity /es no X roll behind stake raight X curved sloped drop
SAMPLING:	
can be harnessed in MH or placed outside MH	placed in MH
(vandalism problem yes_	no_X_)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

. .

MANUALE	LETTER B		
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	<u>15'</u> (F	parallel with pipe)	
inside width	25''		
entire depth	25''		
junction manhole yes_	noX	# of in pipes 1	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø4"	% full <u>100</u>		
out pipe Ø4"	% full <u>100</u>		
water depth in pipe4	n		
surcharged yes <u>X</u> no CHANNEL:			
water depth18"	benched yes	X no(Pit)	
water depth range <u>Consta</u>	int		
water velocity25 FPS	turb	urlence yes	no V
roll in front of stake <u>x</u> channel configuration sta	super critical roll behind sta	velocity /es ake	no X
instantaneous flow	argnt X	curved	sloped
SAMPLING:			drop
can be harnessed in MH	placed in	МН	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes_	по Х)		
5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,).





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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

MANHOLE:	
(circular) surface Ø	
inside length 15' (para	allel with pipe)
inside width25"	
entire depth25"	
junction manhole yes_X no #	of in pipes
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø <u>4",4",4",2</u> " % full <u>50,50,50,25</u>)
out pipe Ø6" % full 100	
water depth in pipe	
surcharged yes <u>X</u> no (outpipe) CHANNEL:	
water depth benched yes X	no (Pit)
water depth rangeConstant	
water velocity turburl	ence yes X no (Milia)
super critical vel roll in front of stake <u>X</u> roll behind stake channel configuration straight <u>X</u> c instantaneous flow	ocity /es no X urvedsloped
SAMPLING:	
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH	
or placed outside MH X	
(vandalism problem yes no X)	

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





15 1 6

TIERRA-B-013921

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

1.1

	Sar	mpling I	ine
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	Х	Х	х
Manual		<u> </u>	
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, roug dipper method	h,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method	¹ x		
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	² x	X	X

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	A	B	<u>c</u>
Samplers			
Harness	X	Х	х
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit Flumes	X		
Insert	X		
Inflatable	<u> </u>		
	<u></u>		
0" 0"	<u></u>		
8			
10"	- ·		
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4''			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			· · · · ·
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks		. 7	
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
	·		
MANITAT			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notob 00 ⁰)			 -
4"			·
0			
0			
10		·	
12			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

· · ·

7.11.11.1

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

Questionnaire

Part C

 Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer? Yes

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

pH Adjustment

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u>B</u>	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	172 500		
Chromium (mg/1)	2 4		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1)	0.24		
Lead $(mg/1)$	24		
Nickel $(mg/1)$	0.24		
Zinc $(mg/1)$	0.24		·
Mercury $(mg/1)$	0.24		<u>-</u>
Arsenic $(mg/1)$			
Variadium (mg/1)			
Selenium $(mg/1)$			
Bervllium $(mg/1)$		·	
\mathcal{L}			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date:6/28/78 Interviewed by: <u>SCOTT & VAN MALDEN</u>
P 	VSC Industry # Industrial Wastewater
	(attach business card"
	Part A
1)	Industry NameT & E INDUSTRIES, INC.
2)	Address 422 ALDEN STREET
	No. Street ORANGE
3)	Responsible Percepto should be a
-,	neoponoible leison to whom further inquiries should be directed:
	LEONARD BOX PRESIDENT 672 FIFT
	Name <u> </u>
4)	Type of Industry MFG. ELECTRONIC TERMINALS & CONNECTORS
5)	Primary S.I.C. number, if available 3229 (4 Digit Code from 1976 standard industrial classification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Materials(s) used STEEL, GLASS Cu, Sn, Ni.
7)	Principle Product(s) produced ELECTRONIC TERM. & CONNECTORS
8)	Hours per day manufacturing operations are conducted 9
	Days per week manufacturing operations are conducted 5
	Process Discharge (circle one) Continuous Intermittant # of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees at this location 49
10)	Indicate plant water consumption figures in gallons or cubic feet during
	the most recent calender quarter. If you obtain water from a privately
	owned well and do not meter your consumption from this source, indicate
	the capacity of the well pump(s) in gallons per minute and the approxi-
	mate daily running time(s) in hours per day.

Questionnaire

Part A

<u>Continued</u>

city or Public Supply	Private Well Supply
	Gallons/Quarter
115,000 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
ORANGE Name of City or Public	60 Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
	VARIES Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

CHK. WHEN SAMPLING TO SEET IF WELL IS IN USE. (ONLY USED OCCASIONALLY)

 $\frac{1}{5}$ % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process

78% of Water Discharged From Process

10 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

7 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

1 METER LOCATED IN CLOSET BY ENTRANCE TO BLDG.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable ga Process	s	Any detectable gas Process	S	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	_
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.

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TIERRA-B-013929

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...

	_		(Laber A, D, C,)
MANHOLE :	LETTER	L	
(circular) surface Ø			
inside length	14" x 14"	(parallel with pipe	2)
inside width			
entire depth	15"		
junction manhole yes_	no X	<pre># of in pipes</pre>	1
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø3''	% full		
out pipe Ø <u>NOT VISIB</u> LE	% full		
water depth in pipe			
surcharged yes X no			
CHANNEL:			
water depth14 1/2"	benched	yes X no	(PIT)
water depth range CON	STANT		
water velocity		turburlence yes	no
roll in front of stake	super critic roll behind	cal velocity /es	no
channel configuration str	aight	curved	sloped
instantaneous flow			drop
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	placed	l in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem yes_	noX)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sa	mpling L	ine
	A	B	<u>c</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic			
Manual	<u> X </u>		
	<u> </u>		
FLOW MEASUREMENT: Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/cur, meter dipper			
method a star			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rou dipper method	gh,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to $8''\emptyset$)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method		<u> </u>	
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square	e		
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	<u>ک</u>		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

AUTOMATIC	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers	v		
Harness	X		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes		<u> </u>	
Insert	·		
Inflatable			
4''			
6''	·		
8"			
10"		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
49		·	
6''			
8''	·		
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
		·	·
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MANUAL		*	
Bottles			
Bucket & watch	v		
Weirs (v-notch 90°)	<u> </u>	·	
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"	·	·····	
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with lowel	· 		
NOTES:			

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

BE CAUTIOUS OF LOW pH.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

YE:	S
-----	---

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

NEUTRALIZATION WITH LIMESTONE.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	23,000		
Chromium $(ng/1)$ Cadmium $(ng/1)$			
Copper (mg/1)		·	<u> </u>
Lead (mg/1)	.076		
Nickel (mg/l)	.079		
Zinc (mg/l)			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)		·	
Vanadium (mg/1)		·	
Selenium (mg/1)			
Beryllium (mg/l)	<u> </u>		
<i>y y y y</i>			

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

 $\langle \hat{\cdot} \rangle$

Date:<u>8-28-78</u>

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Interviewed by: SCOTT & VAN MALDEN

PVS	SC Industry #	Industrial	Wastewater	
PS	-1730	Questi	onnaire	"attach business card"
		Par	t A	
1)	Industry Name_	AMERICAN BRAND TEXT	LLE CORP.	
2)	Address 35	8тн стреет		PASSAIC
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Per	rson to whom further	inquiries show	uld be directed:
	MRS. WOLF		BOOKEEPER	779-8550
	Name	2	Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industr	Y DYEING & KNITTI	NG	
5)	Primary S.I.C. (4 Digit Code f	number, if available From 1976 standard in	2259 dustrial class	ification manual)
6)	Principle Raw M	laterials(s) usedS	ALT, SODA ASH,	ACETIC ACID FOR MALDEHYDE
7)	Principle Produ	act(s) produced <u>DYE</u>	D AND FINISHED	GOODS
8)	Hours per day	manufacturing operat	ions are condu	acted 8
	Days per week m	anufacturing operati	ons are conduc	ted5
	Process Discnarge Frequency	le one) Continuous I	ntermittant #	of Batches/Day Times of Day
9)	Number of emplo	yees <u>at</u> <u>this</u> <u>locatic</u>	<u>20</u>	
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption fi	gures in gallo	ons or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarter.	If you obtain	water from a privately
	owned well and	<u>do not meter your co</u>	nsumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of	the well pump(s) in	gallons per m	inute and the approxi-
	mate daily runn	ing time(s) in hours	per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

. . .

Private Well Supply

3,287,460 Gallons/Quarter	Gallons/Quarter
439,500 Cubic Feet/Quarter	Cubic Feet/Quarter
P.V.W.C. Name of City or Public	Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.
Supply	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

15 % of Water Used in Actual Process

84 % of Water Discharged From Process

- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water

1 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: CHECK W/MRS. WOLF AT TIME OF SAMPLING

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A	<u>Line B</u>		Line C	
Any detectable gas Process	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable gas Process	
N.C. Cooling	 N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	<u>. </u>
Sanitary	 Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm	 Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.



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TIERRA-B-013939

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

А

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	LETTER A
MANHOLE:	
(circular) surface Ø $_$	
inside length	18" (parallel with pipe)
inside width	46"
entire depth	13"
junction manhole yes_	no # of in pipes <u>1</u> CHANNEL
PIPES:	
in pipe Ø <u>CHANNEL</u>	% full
out pipe Ø6"	% full5
water depth in pipe	5" (OUTPIPE)
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:	<u> </u>
water depth5"	benched yes <u>x</u> no (PIT)
water depth range CONSTA	NT
water velocity	turburlence yes no x
roll in front of stake _ channel configuration st instantaneous flow	x roll behind stake sloped sloped
SAMPLING:	
can be harnessed in MH	placed in MH
or placed outside MH	<u>x</u>
(vandalism problem ye	sno_x_)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).





TIERRA-B-013941

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Samj	oling Li	ne
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	<u> </u>		
Manual			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			·
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)		<u>_</u>	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rou dipper method	gh,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method		<u> </u>	
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)	····-		
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

Manual

Bucket $\&$ stop-watch (elevated sewers <code>w/smaller</code>	flows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters	square	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings	x	

a na sangan katalan sa katala

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	A	B	<u>C</u>
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	x		
Harness			<u> </u>
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch	····	····	
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			
Flumes			
Insert			
Inflatable			
4"			
6''			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4 ⁰			
6"			
8"			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing	·		
Blocks			<u> </u>
Sand Bags			
Caulking		•	
. .			
MANUAL			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90)		·····	
4"			
6"	<u>.</u>		
8"	<u></u>		<u> </u>
10"			·
12"		<u> </u>	
15"			
Carpenter's square with level NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

NOT POSSIBLE TO UTILIZE PRIMARY DEVICE TO MEASURE FLOW AS:

1. DROP FROM CHANNEL CREATES TOO MUCH TURBULENCE.

2. NARROW LENGTH WILL NOT ALLOW INSTALLATION OF FLUME.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	10,000		
Chromium $(\underline{mg}/1)$	····		
Copper (mg/1)	1 25		
Lead (mg/1)	0.2	<u> </u>	
Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Arsenic (mg/1)		<u> </u>	
Vanadium (mg/1)			<u> </u>
Selenium (mg/1)	······		
Beryllium (mg/l)			

NO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

Da	ate:	8-28-78		Interviewed b	y: <u>SCOTT</u>	VAN MALDEN
PVS	C Indust	ry #	Industri	ial Wastewater		
PS-	1740		Ques	stionnaire	"attach	business card"
			T	Part A		
			*	art n		
1)	Industi	y Name	APPLIKAY TEXTILE	E PROCESS CORP.	<u></u>	
2)	Address	5 35	8TH STREET		P	ASSAIC
- /	muur oot	No.	Stree	et	M	unicipality
3)	Respons	sible Per	son to whom furth	ner inquiries sh	nould be di	rected:
	MORTON	маск		PRESIDENT		778-8509
	HORION	Name		Title	2	Telephone
4)	Type of	f Industr	y PRINTING & FI	NISHING OF TEXT	ILES	<u></u>
5)	Primary	v S.I.C.	number, if avail;	able 2261		
·	(4 Dig	it Code f	rom 1976 standard	d industrial cla	assificatio	n manual)
6)	Princip	ple Raw M	aterials(s) used	PIGMENTS, MINI	ERAL SPIRIT	S
7)	Princi	alo Produ	et(s) produced	RESINS	TLES	
/)	FILICI			FINISHED ILAI		
8)	Hours	per day	manufacturing ope	erations are con	nducted	18
	Days p	er week m	anufacturing ope	rations are cond	ducted	5
	Process Discnat Frequer	ge](circ	le one) Continuou	s Intermittant	# of Batch Times of	es/Day Day
9)	Number	of emplo	yees <u>at this loc</u>	ation	50	
10)	Indica	te plant	water consumptio	n figures in ga	llons or cu	bic feet during
	the mo	st recent	: calender quarte	r. If you obta	in water fr	om a privately
	owned	well and	<u>do not</u> meter you	r consumption f	rom this sc	ource, indicate
	the ca	pacity of	f the well pump(s) in gallons pe	r minute an	nd the approxi-
	mate d	aily runr	ning time(s) in h	ours per day.	•	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

1,500,000 Gallons/Quarter(EST.)

_____ Cubic Feet/Quarter

P.V.W.C. Name of City or Public Supply

Gallons/Quarter _____Cubic Feet/Quarter _____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min. _____Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

15 % of Water Used in Actual Process
74 % of Water Discharged From Process
3 % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
8 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: CHECK WITH MACK AT TIME OF SAMPLING.

Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 2
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B	Line C
Any detectable g Process	as	Any detectable gas Process	Any detectable gas Process
N.C. Cooling	- <u>X</u>	N.C. Cooling	N.C. Cooling
Sanitary		Sanitary	Sanitary
Storm	- <u>X</u>	Storm	Storm

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

SEE SCHEMATIC.





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4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

	LETTE	R A	
MANHOLE:			
(circular) surface Ø	16" x 32"		
inside length	32"	(parallel with pipe)	
inside width	28"		
entire depth	44''		
junction manhole yes	x no	# of in pipes	
PIPES:			
in pipe Ø6"	% full	0	
out pipe Ø8"	% full	.5	
water depth in pipe	0		
surcharged yes no	x		
CHANNEL:			
water depth2"	benche	d yes <u>x</u> no	
water depth range <u>WILL</u>	INCREASE DURI	NG PRODUCTION.	
water velocity	0	turburlence yes	no x
roll in front of stake	roll behi	ind stake	no
channel configuration s	traight	curved	sloped
instantaneous flow			drop <u>x</u>
SAMPLING:			
can be harnessed in MH	plac	ced in MH	
or placed outside MH	X		
(vandalism problem ye	s <u>x</u> no)		

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C, \ldots).



4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

LETTER B MANHOLE: (circular) surface Ø (parallel with pipe) inside length ____31"_____ inside width ____33"_____ entire depth 30" junction manhole yes x no # of in pipes 3 PIPES: in pipe Ø <u>5", 4", 16</u>" % full <u>0</u> out pipe Ø 6" % full 0 water depth in pipe _____ surcharged yes <u>no x</u> CHANNEL: water depth <u>18</u>" benched yes x no (PIT) water depth range_____ turburlence yes _____ no ____ water velocity _____0 super critical velocity /es____ no roll in front of stake roll behind stake _____sloped drop _____ channel configuration straight _____ curved instantaneous flow SAMPLING: can be harnessed in MH _____ placed in MH _____ or placed outside MH 🛛 🗴

(vandalism problem yes no x)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A,B,C,....).



TIERRA-B-013953

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그는 모두 가슴 같은 것을 가지 않는 것이 없다.

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampling Lin		ne
	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING: Automatic	x	x	
Manual ,			
FLOW MEASUREMENT: <u>Automatic</u>			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	ì,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)		<u> </u>	<u></u>
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method		<u></u>	
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			

<u>Manual</u>

Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flo	ows)	
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squ	uare	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method		
Water meter readings		
7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	C
AUTOMATIC			
Samplers	x	x	
Harness	<u>-</u>		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch		<u> </u>	
Dippers			
Rod & Transit			<u> </u>
Flumes		<u></u> ,	
Insert	<u></u>	·····	
Inflatable			
4"			
6''			
8''		···	
10"			
12"			
15"	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)			
4 ⁰			
6''		······································	
8"			
10''			
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)	······································		
		·····	
Packing		<u> </u>	
Blocks			
Sand Bags			
Caulking			
MANUAL			
Bottles	·		
Bucket & watch			
Weirs (v-notch 90 ⁻)			
4"			
6"			
8"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10"			
12"			
15"			
Carpenter's square with level			
NOTES:			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

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8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

DIRECT FLOW MEAS. NOT POSSIBLE AS:

1. SITE A HAS OBSTRUCTION IN FRONT OF IN PIPE.

2. SITE B HAS TOO MANY SOLIDS FLOATING IN PIT.

NOTE: CO. WAS NOT IN PRODUCTION AT TIME OF INTERVIEW.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	<u>17,30</u> 0		
Chromium (ng/1)			·
Cadmium (mg/l)		<u> </u>	
Logic $(mg/1)$	<u>_6.35</u>	.	
Nickel (mg/l)			
Zinc $(mg/1)$			
Mercury (mg/1)			
Arsenic (mg/1)			
Vanadium (mg/1)	1.35		
Selenium (mg/l)			
Beryllium (mg/l)	<u></u>		

)

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

I	Date:8-28-78		Interviewed by	Scott & Van Malden
PVS	SC Industry #	Industria.	l Wastewater	· · ·
P	S-1760	Quest	ionnaire	"attach business card"
		Par	t A	
1)	Industry Name	Baltic Dyeing & F	inishing Company	y, Inc.
2)	Address 35	8th Street		Passaic
	No.	Street		Municipality
3)	Responsible Per	son to whom further	inquiries shou	ld be directed:
	Paul Fallavoll	ita	Maintenance	777-6619
	Name		Title	Telephone
4)	Type of Industr	yDyeing & Fin	ishing of Texti	les
5)	Primary S.I.C.	number, if availabl	e2269	
	(4 Digit Code f	rom 1976 standard i	ndustrial class	ification manual)
6)	Principle Raw M	aterials(s) us Qyest	uffs,	
7)	Principle Produ	ct(s) produced	Finished Texti	les
8)	Hours per day n	manufacturing opera	tions are condu	cted 8
	Days per week m	anufacturing operat	ions are conduc	ted
	Process Discnarge Frequency	le one) Continuous	Intermittant # g	of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employ	yees <u>at this locati</u>	on 30	
10)	Indicate plant	water consumption f	igures in gallo	ns or cubic feet during
	the most recent	calender quarter.	If you obtain w	water from a privately
	owned well and	<u>do not</u> meter your c	onsumption from	this source, indicate
	the capacity of	che well pump(s) i	n gallons per m	inute and the approxi-
	mate daily runn:	ing time(s) in hour	s per day.	

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Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply

Private Well Supply

6,616,800 Gallons/Quarter *

Cubic Feet/Quarter

P.V.W.C. Name of City or Public Supply _____Gallons/Quarter

____Cubic Feet/Quarter

_____Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.

Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day

20 % of Water <u>Used</u> in Actual Process
79.5 % of Water Discharged From Process
- % of Water Discharged as Non-Contact Cooling Water
.5 % of Water Discharged From Sanitary Conveniences

Indicate Location of Water Meter: In boiler room.

*Note: Company was on 16 hr. production schedule during this time.

Questionnaire

Part B

1) Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer: 1

2) Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable g Process	asX	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable Process	gas
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

See Schematic



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TIERRA-B-013961

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 $\left\langle \frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle$

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1. J. M.

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C, ...)

LETTER A
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length <u>30"Ø</u> (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth 48"
junction manhole yes X no # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø <u>12"</u> % full <u>15</u>
out pipe Ø 15" % full 30
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no
CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no X
water depth range <u>1-4"</u>
water velocity <u>2 FPS</u> turburlence yes <u>X</u> no
roll in front of stake X roll behind stake
channel configuration straight curved sloped
instantaneous flow
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH X
(vandalism.problem yes X no)

- شد د شه -

 Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).





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5)	Final	recommendations	for	flow	measurement	8	sampling.
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	Samp	ling Li	ne
	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Automatic	<u> X </u>		
Manual 🙀			 <u>.</u>
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, ro dipper method	ugh,		
90 ⁰ v-notch weir in out-pipe, dipper method			
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flo	ws)		
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters squ	are	<u></u>	
Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method			
Water meter readings	<u> </u>		

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	С
AUTOMATIC		_	
Samplers	v		
Harness	<u> </u>		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers		<u> </u>	
Rod & Transit	<u> </u>		
Flumes	<u> </u>		
Insert			<u> </u>
Inflatable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4"			
6''			
8''			
10"			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90°)			
4 ⁰			
6''	·		
8"		<u> </u>	
10"			····
12"			
15"			
Weir Box (inflatable)			
Packing			
Blocks			
Sand Bags	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>
Caulking	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
oddiking	<u></u>		
MANIJAT			
Bottles			
Bucket & watch			
Weirs $(y-potch 90^{\circ})$			<u> </u>
4"			
6"			
8"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10"			
10"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
15"			
Carpontor's square total a			
NOTES.		 .	
NOTEO •			

TO BE COMPLETED IN OFFICE

8) Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

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TIERRA-B-013966

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Daily Flow (Gal/Day)	40,300		
Cadmium (mg/1)			
Copper (mg/1) Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1) Zinc (mg/1) Mercury (mg/1) Arsenic (mg/1) Vanadium (mg/1) Selenium (mg/1) Beryllium (mg/1)	0.8		
			·

No

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PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

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	Date:6/20/78	Interviewed b	oy: SCOTT & VAN MALDEN
Р' <u>Р</u>	VSC Industry # S-1770	Industrial Wastewater Questionnaire Part A	"attach business card"
1)	Industry Name	FALSTROM CO.	
2)	Address No.	FALSTROM COURT Street	PASSAIC Municipality
3)	Responsible Person	to whom further inquiries sho	ould be directed:
	JOSEPH J.	OLAH EXEC V.P.	777-0013
	Name	Title	Telephone
4-)	Type of Industry	METAL FABRICATING	
5)	Primary S.I.C. num (4 Digit Code from	per, if available 3444 1976 standard industrial clas	sification manual)
6)	Principle Raw Mater	ials(s) usedSHEET_STEEL &	ALUM; STRUCTURES AND EXTRUSIONS
7)	Principle Product(s	CABINETS, FRAM	ES, PANELS AND COVERS
8)	Hours per day manu	facturing operations are cond	ucted 8
	Days per week manuf	acturing operations are condu	cted 5 (PARTIAL ON SATURDARY)
	Process Discnarge Frequency	ne) Continuous Intermittant #	of Batches/Day
9)	Number of employees	at this location 175	Times of Day
10)	Indicate plant wate	r consumption figures in galle	ons or cubic feet during
	the most recent cal	ender quarter. If you obtain	water from a privately
	owned well and <u>do</u> <u>n</u>	ot meter your consumption from	n this source, indicate
	the capacity of the	well pump(s) in gallons per m	ninute and the approxi-
	mate daily running	time(s) in hours per day.	

Questionnaire

Part A

Continued

City or Public Supply		Private Well Supply			
650,000	(EST) _Gallons/Quarter	212,500	Gallons/Quarter		
	_ Cubic Feet/Quarter		_Cubic Feet/Quarter		
<u>P.V.W.C.</u>	Name of City or Public	145	_Well Pump(s) Gal/Min.		
	Suppry	8	Pump Running time(s) Hrs/Day		

<u>5</u> %	of	Water	Used in Actual Process		
70 %	of	Water	Discharged	From Process	
%	of	Water	Discharged	as Non-Contact Cooling Water	
25_%	of	Water	Discharged	From Sanitary Conveniences	

Indicate Location of Water Meter:

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Questionnaire

Part B

Number of metal contributing discharge points to municipal sewer:
 Check off which of the below is in each metal discharge point:

Line A		Line B		Line C	
Any detectable Process	gasX	Any detectable Process	gas	Any detectable gas Process	X
N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling		N.C. Cooling	
Sanitary		Sanitary		Sanitary	
Storm		Storm		Storm	

3) Illustrate the processing areas, the eminating discharge sanitary line(s) carrying the metals contaminated wastewater, the location of the proposed
) sampling manhole, any upstream manhole, and the receiving municipal sewer. Label each metal process sanitary line A,B,C,.... Indicate landmarks. If sampling or flow measuring device already exists, indicate so. Attach any existing schematics of sanitary layout provided by the company.

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A,B,C,...)

LETTER <u>A</u> 4" CLEAN OUT
MANHOLE:
(circular) surface Ø
inside length (parallel with pipe)
inside width
entire depth
junction manhole yes # of in pipes
PIPES:
in pipe Ø % full
out pipe Ø % full
water depth in pipe
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:
water depth benched yes no
water depth range
water velocity turburlence yes no
super critical velocity /es no roll in front of stake roll behind stake channel configuration straight sloped
instantaneous flow drop
SAMPLING:
can be harnessed in MH placed in MH
or placed outside MH
(vandalism problem yes)

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label A, B, C,).







TIERRA-B-013973

4) Describe each manhole or sampling location in detail. (Label A, B, C,...)

MANHOLE	LETTER 🕑 🛷	4" CLEAN OUT
(circular) surface Ø		
inside length	(parallel	with pipe)
inside width		
entire depth		
junction manhole yes_	no# of in	n pipes
PIPES:		
in pipe Ø	% full	
out pipe Ø	% full	
water depth in pipe		
surcharged yes no CHANNEL:		
water depth	benched yes	no
water depth range	·····	
water velocity	turburlence	yes no
roll in front of stake channel configuration str	super critical velocit roll behind stake caight curve	y /es no d sloped
instantaneous flow		drop
SAMPLING:		
can be harnessed in MH	placed in MH	
or placed outside MH		
(vandalism problem yes_	no)	

5

5) Sketch each manhole or sampling location in detail. Attach photograph (Label Λ, B, C,....).







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TIERRA-B-013975

6) Final recommendations for flow measurement & sampling.

	Sampling Line		
	A	B	<u>C</u>
SAMPLING:			
Adtomatic			
Manual	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
FLOW MEASUREMENT:			
Automatic			
Depth of flow in in-pipe,veloc/cur. meter, dipper method			_
Depth of flow in in-pipe, veloc/dye, dipper method (shallow flows)			
Depth of flow in in-pipe, slope to upstream MH, rough dipper method	,		
90° venotch weir in out nine dienen setted			
Jo v noten well in out-pipe, aipper method		<u> </u>	
Insert flume in out-pipe, dipper method			
Inflatable flume in in-pipe, dipper method (up to 8"Ø)			
Weir-box w/inflatable tube, dipper method			
			·
Up & downstream depths of flow in mun. coll/syst., slope, rough, dipper method			
Manual			
Bucket & stop-watch (elevated sewers w/smaller flows)			
Trajectory method (elevated sewers) carpenters square			

--<u>X</u>---

-X--

Depth of flow in in-pipe, weir method

Water meter readings

7) Recommendations for sampling and flow measurement, including equipment and special devices required (A,B,C,...). Check if required and size.

	<u>A</u>	B	<u>C</u>
Samplers			
Harness	·		
Current Meter (velocity)			
Dye & Watch			
Dippers	•	·	
Rod & Transit		·	
Flumes		·	
Insert			
Inflatable		•	
4"			
6''			
8''			<u> </u>
10''			
12"			
15"			
Weirs v-notch (90 ⁰)		<u> </u>	
4"	- <u></u> -		
6''			
8"			
10''	- • •		
12"			
15"	· · · · · · ·		
Weir Box (inflatable)			
			- ·
Packing			
Blocks	~		
Sand Bags			
Caulking		- <u></u>	
oudining			
MANITAL			
Bottles	57	37	
Bucket & watch	<u> </u>	X	
Weirs $(v-notch 90^{\circ})$			
4"	· · · · · ·		<u>-</u>
6"			
811		•	
10"	<u> </u>		
10			
15"			
NOTES:			

 Miscellaneous notes and recommendations (i.e., manhole construction recommended, must be monitored during dry weather, equipment suggestions, etc.)

CHECK WITH OLAH BEFORE SAMPLING TO DETERMINE WHAT DAYS CO. WILL BE IN FULL PRODUCTION.

Questionnaire

Part C

1) Do you pretreat any wastewater before discharging to the sanitary sewer?

NO

If the answer is "yes", briefly describe pretreatment method(s), what specific parameter pretreatment is utilized for, and how is residue generated by pretreatment disposed.

2) The following tests will be performed by PVSC at a later date on a series of <u>24 hour flow proportioned composite</u> samples collected over a period of <u>two (2) consecutive production days</u>. Samples shall be collected from each <u>individual</u> waste sewer leaving your plant which is connected directly to the municipal PVSC sanitary sewer system.

Previous Measurements of Flow and Metals (if available)

Analysis	A	B	C
Daily Flow (Gal/Day) Chromium (mg/1) Cadmium (mg/1) Copper (mg/1) Lead (mg/1) Nickel (mg/1) Zinc (mg/1) Mercury (mg/1)	$\frac{13,500}{1,075}$		
	23.5		
Arsenic (mg/l) Vanadium (mg/l)			
Selenium (mg/l) Bervllium (mg/l)		·····	
201)1110m (mg/1)			



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 2 290 BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10007-1866

JUN - 8 2000

GENERAL NOTICE LETTER URGENT LEGAL MATTER PROMPT REPLY NECESSARY CERTIFIED MAIL-RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Kevin Gallagher, President Croda Inc. 300-A Columbus Circle Edison, NJ 08837

Re: Diamond Alkali Superfund Site Notice of Potential Liability for Response Actions in the Lower Passaic River Study Area, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Gallagher:

The United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") is charged with responding to the release and/or threatened release of hazardous substances, pollutants, and contaminants into the environment and with enforcement responsibilities under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. § 9601 <u>et seq</u>. EPA is seeking your cooperation in an innovative approach to environmental remediation and restoration activities for the Lower Passaic River.

EPA has documented the release or threatened release of hazardous substances, pollutants and contaminants into the six-mile stretch of the river known as the Passaic River Study Area, which is part of the Diamond Alkali Superfund Site ("Site") located in Newark, New Jersey. Based on the results of previous CERCLA remedial investigation activities and other environmental studies, including a reconnaissance study of the Passaic River conducted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE"), EPA has further determined that contaminated sediments and other potential sources of hazardous substances exist along the entire 17-mile tidal reach of the Lower Passaic River. Thus, EPA has decided to expand the area of study to include the entire Lower Passaic River and its tributaries from Dundee Dam to Newark Bay ("Lower Passaic River Study Area").

By this letter, EPA is notifying Croda Inc. of its potential liability relating to the Site pursuant to Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a). Under CERCLA, potentially responsible parties ("PRPs") include current and past owners and operators of a facility, as well as persons who arranged for the disposal or treatment of hazardous substances at the Site, or the transport of hazardous substances to the Site.

In recognition of our complementary roles, EPA has formed a partnership with USACE and the New Jersey Department of Transportation-Office of Maritime Resources ("OMR") ["the governmental partnership"] to identify and address water quality improvement, remediation, and restoration opportunities in the 17-mile Lower Passaic River Study Area. This governmental partnership is consistent with a national Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") executed on July 2, 2002 between EPA and USACE. This MOU calls for the two agencies to cooperate, where appropriate, on environmental remediation and restoration of degraded urban rivers and related resources. In agreeing to implement the MOU, the EPA and USACE will use their existing statutory and regulatory authorities in a coordinated manner. These authorities for EPA include CERCLA, the Clean Water Act, and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The USACE's authority stems from the Water Resources Development Act ("WRDA"). WRDA allows for the use of some federal funds to pay for a portion of the USACE's approved projects related to ecosystem restoration.

For the first phase of the Lower Passaic River Restoration Project, the governmental partners are proceeding with an integrated five-to-seven-year study to determine an appropriate remediation and restoration plan for the river. The study will involve investigation of environmental impacts and pollution sources, as well as evaluation of alternative actions, leading to recommendations of environmental remediation and restoration activities. The study is being conducted pursuant to CERCLA and WRDA.

Based on information that EPA evaluated during the course of its investigation of the Site, EPA believes that hazardous substances were released from the Hummel Lanolin facility located at 185 Foundry Street in Newark, New Jersey, into the Lower Passaic River Study Area. Hazardous substances, pollutants and contaminants released from the facility into the river present a risk to the environment and the humans who may ingest contaminated fish and shellfish. Therefore, Croda Inc. as successor to Hummel Lanolin may be potentially liable for response costs which the government may incur relating to the study of the Lower Passaic River. In addition, responsible parties may be required to pay damages for injury to, destruction of, or loss of natural resources, including the cost of assessing such damages.

EPA is aware that the financial ability of some PRPs to contribute toward the payment of response costs at the Site may be substantially limited. If you believe, and can document, that you fall within that category, please inform Sarah Flanagan and William Hyatt in writing at the addresses identified below in this letter. You will be asked to submit financial records including federal income tax returns as well as audited financial statements to substantiate such a claim.

Please note that, because EPA has a potential claim against you, you must include EPA as a creditor if you file for bankruptcy. You are also requested to preserve and retain any documents now in the possession or control of your Company or its agents that relate in any manner to your facility or the Site or to the liability of any person under CERCLA for response actions or response costs at or in connection with the facility or the Site, regardless of any corporate document retention policy to the contrary.

Enclosed is a list of the other PRPs who have received notices of potential liability. This list represents EPA's findings on the identities of PRPs to date. We are continuing efforts to locate additional PRPs who have released hazardous substances, directly or indirectly, into the Lower Passaic River Study Area. Exclusion from the list does not constitute a final determination by EPA concerning the liability of any party for the release or threat of release of hazardous substances at the Site. Please be advised that notice of your potential liability at the Site may be forwarded to all parties on this list as well as to the Natural Resource Trustees.

We request that you become a "cooperating party" for the Lower Passaic River Restoration Project. As a cooperating party, you, along with many other such parties, will be expected to fund the CERCLA study. Upon completion of the study, it is expected that CERCLA and WRDA processes will be used to identify the required remediation and restoration programs, as well as the assignment of remediation and restoration costs. At this time, the commitments of the cooperating parties will apply only to the study. For those who choose not to cooperate, EPA may apply the CERCLA enforcement process, pursuant to Sections 106(a) and 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9606(a) and § 9607(a) and other laws.

You may become a cooperating party by participating in the Cooperating Parties Group ("Group") that has already formed to fund the CERCLA study portion of the Lower Passaic River Restoration Project.

We strongly encourage you to contact the Group to discuss your participation. You may do so by contacting:

William H. Hyatt, Esq. Common Counsel for the Lower Passaic River Study Area Cooperating Parties Group Kirkpatrick & Lockhart LLP One Newark Center, 10th Floor Newark, New Jersey 07102 (973) 848-4045 whyatt@kl.com

Written notification should be provided to EPA and Mr. Hyatt documenting your intention to join the Group and settle with EPA no later than 30 calendar days from your receipt of this letter. The result of any agreement between EPA and your Company as part of the Group will need to

be memorialized in an Administrative Order on Consent. Your written notification to EPA should be mailed to:

Sarah Flanagan, Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 290 Broadway - 17th Floor New York, New York 10007-1866

Pursuant to CERCLA Section 113(k), EPA must establish an administrative record that contains documents that form the basis of EPA's decision on the selection of a response action for a site. The administrative record file and the Site file are located at EPA's Region 2 Superfund Records Center at 290 Broadway, New York, NY, on the 18th floor. You may call the Records Center at (212) 637-4308 to make an appointment to view the administrative record and/or the Site file for the Diamond Alkali Site, Passaic River.

As you may be aware, the Superfund Small Business Liability Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act became effective on January 11, 2002. This Act contains several exemptions and defenses to CERCLA liability, which we suggest that all parties evaluate. You may obtain a copy of the law via the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/swerosps/bf/sblrbra.htm and review EPA guidances regarding these exemptions at http://www.epa.gov/compliance/ resources/policies/cleanup/superfund.

Inquiries by counsel or inquiries of a legal nature should be directed to Ms. Flanagan at (212) 637-3136. Questions of a technical nature should be directed to Elizabeth Butler, Remedial Project Manager, at (212) 637-4396.

Sincerely yours,

Ray Basso, Strategic Integration Manager Emergency and Remedial Response Division

Enclosure 6-06