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SCHERING CORPORATION

NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF  
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, THE  
COMMISSIONER OF THE NEW JERSEY  
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY,  
and THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE NEW  
JERSEY SPILL COMPENSATION FUND,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION,  
TIERRA SOLUTIONS, INC., MAXUS ENERGY  
CORPORATION, REPSOL YPF, S.A., YPF, S.A.,  
YPF HOLDINGS, INC. and CLH HOLDINGS,

Defendants,

MAXUS ENERGY CORPORATION and  
TIERRA SOLUTIONS, INC.,

Third-Party Plaintiffs,

vs.

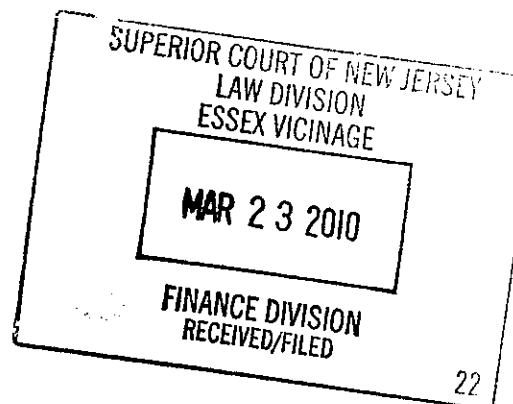
3M COMPANY,  
A.C.C., INC.,  
ACH FOOD COMPANIES, INC.,  
ACTIVE OIL SERVICE,  
ADCO CHEMICAL COMPANY,  
AGC CHEMICALS AMERICAS, INC.,  
ALDEN-LEEDS, INC.,  
ALLIANCE CHEMICAL, INC.,  
ALUMAX MILL PRODUCTS, INC.,  
AMCOL REALTY CO.,  
AMERICAN INKS AND COATINGS CORPORATION,

SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY  
LAW DIVISION: ESSEX COUNTY

DOCKET NO. L-9868-05 (PASR)

CIVIL ACTION

**SCHERING CORPORATION'S  
ANSWER TO THIRD-PARTY  
COMPLAINT "B"**



APEXICAL, INC.,  
APOLAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.,  
ARKEMA, INC.,  
ASHLAND INC.,  
ASHLAND INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC.,  
ASSOCIATED AUTO BODY & TRUCKS, INC.,  
ATLAS REFINERY, INC.,  
AUTOMATIC ELECTRO-PLATING CORP.,  
AKZO NOBEL COATINGS, INC.,  
BASF CATALYSTS LLC,  
BASF CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS INC.,  
BASF CORPORATION,  
BAYER CORPORATION,  
BEAZER EAST, INC.,  
BELLEVILLE INDUSTRIAL CENTER,  
BENJAMIN MOORE & COMPANY,  
BEROL CORPORATION,  
B-LINE TRUCKING, INC.,  
BORDEN & REMINGTON CORP.,  
C.S. OSBORNE & CO.,  
CAMPBELL FOUNDRY COMPANY,  
CASCHEM, INC.,  
CBS CORPORATION,  
CELANESE LTD.,  
CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS INC.,  
CHEMTURA CORPORATION,  
CLEAN EARTH OF NORTH JERSEY, INC.,  
COSMOPOLITAN GRAPHICS CORPORATION,  
CIBA CORPORATION,  
COLTEC INDUSTRIES INC.,  
COLUMBIA TERMINALS, INC.,  
COMO TEXTILE PRINTS, INC.,  
CONAGRA PANAMA, INC.;  
CONOPCO, INC.,  
CONSOLIDATED RAIL CORPORATION,  
COOK & DUNN PAINT CORPORATION,  
COSAN CHEMICAL CORPORATION,  
COVANTA ESSEX COMPANY,  
CRODA, INC.,  
CRUCIBLE MATERIALS CORPORATION,  
CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION,  
CWC INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
DARLING INTERNATIONAL, INC.,  
DAVANNE REALTY CO.,

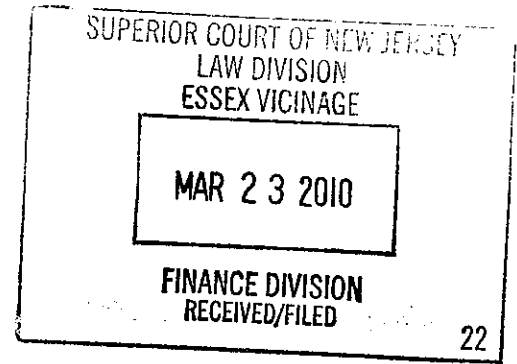
DELEET MERCHANDISING CORPORATION,  
DELVAL INK AND COLOR,  
INCORPORATED,DILORENZO PROPERTIES  
COMPANY, L.P.,  
E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY,  
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY,  
EDEN WOOD CORPORATION,  
ELAN CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.,  
EM SERGEANT PULP & CHEMICAL CO.,  
EMERALD HILTON DAVIS, LLC,  
ESSEX CHEMICAL CORPORATION,  
EXXON MOBIL  
F.E.R. PLATING, INC.,  
FINE ORGANICS CORPORATION,  
FISKE BROTHERS REFINING COMPANY,  
FLEXON INDUSTRIES CORPORATION,  
FLINT GROUP INCORPORATED,  
FORT JAMES CORPORATION,  
FOUNDRY STREET CORPORATION,  
FRANKLIN-BURLINGTON PLASTICS, INC.,  
GARFIELD MOLDING COMPANY, INC.,  
GENERAL CABLE INDUSTRIES, INC.;  
GENERAL DYNAMICS CORPORATION,  
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,  
GENTEK HOLDING LLC,  
GIVAUDAN FRAGRANCES CORPORATION,  
G. J. CHEMICAL CO.,  
GOODY PRODUCTS, INC.,  
GORDON TERMINAL SERVICE CO. OF N.J., INC.,  
HARRISON SUPPLY COMPANY,  
HARTZ MOUNTAIN CORPORATION,  
HAVENICK ASSOCIATES L.P.,  
HEXCEL CORPORATION,  
HEXION SPECIALTY CHEMICALS, INC.,  
HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC.,  
HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.,  
HOUGHTON INTERNATIONAL INC.,  
HUDSON TOOL & DIE COMPANY, INC,  
HY-GRADE ELECTROPLATING CO.,  
ICI AMERICAS INC.,  
INNOSPEC ACTIVE CHEMICALS LLC,  
INX INTERNATIONAL INK CO.,  
ISP CHEMICALS INC.,  
ITT CORPORATION,

KEARNY SMELTING & REFINING CORP.,  
KAO BRANDS COMPANY,  
KOEHLER-BRIGITT STAR, INC.,  
LINDE, INC.,  
LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,  
MACE ADHESIVES & COATINGS COMPANY, INC.,  
MALLINCKRODT INC.,  
MERCK & CO., INC.,  
METAL MANAGEMENT NORTHEAST, INC.,  
MI HOLDINGS, INC.,  
MILLER ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP, INC.,  
MORTON INTERNATIONAL, INC.,  
N L INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
NAPPWOOD LAND CORPORATION,  
NATIONAL FUEL OIL, INC.,  
NATIONAL-STANDARD, LLC,  
NELL-JOY INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
NESTLE U.S.A., INC.,  
NEW JERSEY TRANSIT CORPORATION,  
NEWS AMERICA, INC.,  
NEWS PUBLISHING AUSTRALIA LIMITED,  
NORPAK CORPORATION,  
NOVELIS CORPORATION,  
ORANGE AND ROCKLAND UTILITIES, INC.,  
OTIS ELEVATOR COMPANY,  
PRC-DESOTO INTERNATIONAL, INC.,  
PASSAIC PIONEERS PROPERTIES COMPANY,  
PFIZER INC.,  
PHARMACIA CORPORATION,  
PHELPS DODGE INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
PHILBRO, INC.,  
PITT-CONSOL CHEMICAL COMPANY,  
PIVOTAL UTILITY HOLDINGS, INC.,  
PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
PRC-DESOTO INTERNATIONAL, INC.,  
PRAXAIR, INC.,  
PRECISION MANUFACTURING GROUP, LLC,  
PRENTISS INCORPORATED,  
PROCTER & GAMBLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,  
PRYSMIAN COMMUNICATIONS CABLES AND  
SYSTEMS USA LLC,  
PSEG FOSSIL LLC,  
PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC AND GAS COMPANY,  
PURDUE PHARMA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,

QUALA SYSTEMS, INC.,  
QUALITY CARRIERS, INC.,  
RECKITT BENCKISER, INC.,  
REICHHOLD, INC.,  
REVERE SMELTING & REFINING CORPORATION,  
REXAM BEVERAGE CAN COMPANY,  
ROMAN ASPHALT CORPORATION,  
ROYCE ASSOCIATES, A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP,  
R.T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.,  
RUTHERFORD CHEMICALS LLC,  
S&A REALTY ASSOCIATES, INC.,  
SCHERING CORPORATION,  
SEQUA CORPORATION,  
SETON COMPANY,  
SIEMENS WATER TECHNOLOGIES CORP.  
SINGER SEWING COMPANY  
SPECTRASERV, INC.,  
STWB, INC.,  
SUN CHEMICAL CORPORATION,  
SVP WORLDWIDE, LLC,  
TATE & LYLE INGREDIENTS AMERICAS, INC.,  
TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC.,  
TEVAL CORP.,  
TEXTRON INC.,  
THE DIAL CORPORATION,  
THE DUNDEE WATER POWER AND LAND COMPANY,  
THE NEWARK GROUP, INC.,  
THE OKONITE COMPANY, INC.,  
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY,  
THE STANLEY WORKS,  
THE VALSPAR CORPRATION,  
THIRTY-THREE QUEEN REALTY INC.,  
THREE COUNTY VOLKSWAGEN CORPORATION,  
TIDEWATER BALING CORP.,  
TIFFANY & CO.,  
TIMCO, INC.,  
TRIMAX BUILDING PRODUCTS, INC.,  
TROY CHEMICAL CORPORATION, INC.,  
UNIVERSAL OIL PRODUCTS COMPANY,  
V. OTTILIO & SONS, INC.,  
VELSICOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION,  
VEOLIA ES TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS, L.L.C.,  
VERTELLUS SPECIALTIES INC.,  
VITUSA CORP.,

VULCAN MATERIALS COMPANY,  
W.A.S. TERMINALS CORPORATION,  
W.A.S. TERMINALS, INC.,  
W.C. INDUSTRIES,  
WHITTAKER CORPORATION,  
WIGGINS PLASTICS, INC.,  
ZENECA INC.,

Third-Party Defendants.



**SCHERING CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT "B"**

Third-Party Defendant Schering Corporation ("Schering"), by and through its undersigned counsel, and in accordance with this Court's Case Management Order V, Section 9, entered April 16, 2009 ("CMO V"), hereby answers the Third-Party Complaint "B" by Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiffs Maxus Energy Corporation and Tierra Solutions, Inc. ("Third-Party Plaintiffs"), as follows:

**GENERALLY**

1. Schering denies each and every allegation contained in Third Party Complaint "B" that is not otherwise herein addressed, including, without limitation, any allegations concerning the relief sought in the First Count and the Second Count and all headings and titles used in Third-Party Complaint "B".

**AS TO PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND**

**(Paragraphs 1 through 15)**

2. Schering responds that the referenced pleadings speak for themselves. No response is required pursuant to CMO V.

**AS TO THE THIRD PARTY PLAINTIFFS**

**(Paragraphs 16 through 18)**

3. No response is required pursuant to CMO V.

### **AS TO THE THIRD PARTY DEFENDANTS**

#### **(Paragraphs 19 through 209)**

4. To the extent that the allegations in Paragraphs 19 through 209 relate to other parties, no response is required pursuant to CMO V.

5. In response to Paragraph 170, Schering admits that its principle place of business is located at 2000 Galloping Road, Kenilworth, New Jersey. The remaining allegations in Paragraph 170 are denied.

6. The allegations in Paragraph 210 state a legal conclusion as to which no response is required.

### **AS TO DEFINITIONS**

7. Paragraphs 211 through 236 contain definitions. No response is required pursuant to CMO V.

### **AS TO FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

#### **(Paragraphs 237 through 3445)**

8. The referenced pleadings speak for themselves. No response is required pursuant to CMO V, except to the extent noted below.

#### **The Schering Site**

9. Schering admits the allegations set forth in Paragraph 2693 of the Third-Party Complaint.

10. In response to Paragraph 2694, Schering admits that since 1938, pharmaceutical manufacturing, packaging, warehousing, and research and development activities have been conducted at the site. Schering further admits that principal activities at the site have included: fermentation, biological and chemical synthesis, and extraction of pharmaceutical intermediates; pilot plant process development; raw material and finished item receiving,

shipping, and warehousing. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2694.

11. In response to Paragraph 2695, Schering admits that toluene, methylene chloride, chloroform, acetone, butyl ether, methanol, acids and ethylene dichloride may have been used and/or processed and/or handled at certain times at the site. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2695.

12. In response to Paragraph 2696, Schering admits that, during certain periods of time, storm water runoff has been discharged from the site to the Elizabeth River. Schering further admits that a portion of the site abuts the Elizabeth River, that the Elizabeth River flows generally in a south to southeast direction draining into the Arthur Kill and that the Arthur Kill connects to Newark Bay. Schering further admits that surface water and sediment sampling of the Elizabeth River demonstrate that the site did not adversely impact the Elizabeth River or sediments in the Elizabeth River. Schering further admits that by Release dated May 15, 2007, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and the Administrator of the Spill Compensation Fund (hereinafter "NJDEP") fully and forever released Schering from any and all causes of actions for Natural Resource Damages arising from groundwater at the site and other natural resources found within the Elizabeth River. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2696.

13. In response to Paragraph 2697, Schering admits that four surface impoundments were used to dispose of waste liquids from testosterone production, principally chromic and sulfuric acid wastes, starting in the 1940s. Schering further admits that use of the surface

impoundments was discontinued in the early 1950s. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2697.

14. In response to Paragraph 2698, Schering admits that materials stored in surface impoundments may have evaporated and/or infiltrated the soil. Schering further admits that remnants of a "blue-green clayey material" were located during a 1986 Remedial Investigation of the site and that operation of the impoundments, which ceased in the early 1950s, may have caused some elevation of chromium levels in sediments beneath the former surface impoundments. Schering further admits that the 1986 Remedial Investigation Report concludes that no adverse environmental impact occurred at the site as a result of residual materials from the operation of the surface impoundments. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2698.

15. Schering denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 2699 of the Third-Party Complaint.

16. In response to Paragraph 2700, Schering admits that during certain periods of time, raw materials, intermediates, products, and wastes were stored in open, unpaved drum storage areas at the site. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2700.

17. In response to Paragraph 2701, Schering admits that a June 1986 Remedial Investigation Report states that long-term Schering personnel indicated that prior to 1977 or 1978, certain sewers at the site leaked and contained cross-connections, that certain floor drains and trenches were eroded to earth and that certain waste acid lines had been dissolved by acid

leaks. Schering further admits that surface water and sediment sampling of the Elizabeth River demonstrate that the site did not adversely impact the Elizabeth River or sediments in the Elizabeth River. Schering further admits that by Release dated May 15, 2007, the NJDEP fully and forever released Schering from any and all causes of actions for Natural Resource Damages arising from groundwater at the site and other natural resources found within the Elizabeth River. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2701.

18. Schering denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 2702 of the Third-Party Complaint.

19. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 2703.

20. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 2704.

21. In response to Paragraph 2705, Schering admits that benzene, toluene, methylene chloride, carbon tetrachloride and 1, 2-dichloroethane and other compounds have been detected in groundwater at the site. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2705.

22. In response to Paragraph 2706, Schering admits that a 1986 Remedial Investigation Report indicated that a free phase layer of toluene and a free phase layer of toluene and benzene were located in groundwater at the site. The remaining allegations in Paragraph 2706 are denied.

23. In response to Paragraph 2707, Schering admits that during certain periods of time groundwater flows from west to east across the site and toward the Elizabeth River.

Schering further admits that surface water and sediment sampling of the Elizabeth River demonstrate that the site did not adversely impact the Elizabeth River or sediments in the Elizabeth River. Schering further admits that by Release dated May 15, 2007, the NJDEP fully and forever released Schering from any and all causes of actions for Natural Resource Damages arising from groundwater at the site and other natural resources found within the Elizabeth River. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2707.

24. In response to Paragraph 2708, Schering admits that volatile organic compounds have been detected in groundwater across from the site. Schering further admits that surface water and sediment sampling of the Elizabeth River demonstrate that the site did not adversely impact the Elizabeth River or sediments in the Elizabeth River. Schering further admits that by Release dated May 15, 2007, the NJDEP fully and forever released Schering from any and all causes of actions for Natural Resource Damages arising from groundwater at the site and other natural resources found within the Elizabeth River. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 2708.

25. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 2709.

26. The allegations in Paragraph 2710 seek a legal conclusion for which no response is required. To the extent any allegations are being made in Paragraph 2710, Schering denies them.

### **AS TO FIRST COUNT**

#### **New Jersey Spill Compensation and Control Act, N.J.S.A. 58:10-23.11.f.a.2(a)**

27. Schering incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein its responses and denials as asserted in Paragraphs 1 through 26 herein.

28. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the matters stated in Paragraphs 3447 through 3448, and therefore denies the same.

29. Schering denies that it is liable to Third-Party Plaintiffs for contribution. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the matters alleged in Paragraphs 3449 through 3451, and therefore denies the same.

### **AS TO SECOND COUNT**

#### **Statutory Contribution**

30. Schering incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein its responses and denials as asserted in Paragraphs 1 through 26 herein.

31. Schering denies that it is liable to Third-Party Plaintiffs for contribution. Schering is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the matters in Paragraphs 3452 through 3453, and therefore denies the same.

### **FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The Third-Party Complaint is barred in whole or in part as it fails to state a cause of action against Third-Party Defendant upon which relief can be granted.

### **SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendant is not a discharger or a person in any way responsible for a discharge under N.J.S.A. 58:10-23 et seq. ("Spill Act").

### **THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The claims of Third-Party Plaintiffs are barred in whole or in part by the statutory defenses to liability provided by the Spill Act and the Water Pollution Control Act, N.J.S.A. 58:10A-1 et seq. (“WPCA”).

### **FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs have no Spill Act claim against Third-Party Defendant because they have not cleaned up and/or removed a discharge of hazardous substances within the meaning of the Spill Act.

### **FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs have no right of contribution against Third-Party Defendant under the WPCA.

### **SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs’ claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the entire controversy doctrine.

### **SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

To the extent the Third-Party Complaint purports to seek any relief under New Jersey’s Environmental Rights Act, N.J.S.A. 2A:35A-1 et seq., in whole or in part, the pleading is barred because Third-Party Plaintiffs have failed to meet the procedural and/or substantive requirements entitling them to sue Third-Party Defendant under that statute.

### **EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Some or all of Third-Party Plaintiffs do not have standing to sue.

### **NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Upon information and belief, Third-Party Plaintiffs are mere corporate shells who are periodically infused with cash or equivalent contributions by other corporate entities which

money Third-Party Plaintiffs purport to use to address the environmental contamination at issue in this litigation. Consequently, the claims by Third-Party Plaintiffs are barred under the collateral source doctrine or its equitable equivalent.

#### **TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs are not the real parties in interest for pursuit of the claims set forth in the Third-Party Complaint, nor are Third-Party Plaintiffs acting in the capacity of an executor, administrator, guardian of a person or property, trustee of an express trust, or a party with whom or in whose name a contract has been made for the benefit of another.

Consequently, all claims are barred under R. 4:26-1 of the New Jersey Court Rules.

#### **ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs are mere volunteers for remediation of the environmental contamination for which they claim contribution and/or other relief from Third-Party Defendant. Consequently, the claims in the Third-Party Complaint are barred, in whole or in part.

#### **TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The claims brought by Third-Party Plaintiffs reflect damages that are wholly speculative, conjectural, unreasonable, excessive and/or arbitrary and capricious.

#### **THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendant cannot be held liable for or be required to pay Third-Party Plaintiffs' damages or other claims based on actions or inactions by Third-Party Defendant that arise out of conduct lawfully undertaken in compliance with permits or other approvals issued by relevant government agencies, including the State of New Jersey and/or the United States and/or in compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, orders, ordinances, directives and

common law, and other requirements of all foreign, federal, state and local government entities (“applicable Environmental Laws”).

#### **FOURTEENTH THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

At common law, Third-Party Defendant held, and still holds, a usufructuary interest allowing it, along with all other citizens, the reasonable use of assets held for the benefit of the public by the State of New Jersey under the Public Trust Doctrine. Third-Party Defendant has at all relevant times acted in accordance with its rights of reasonable use of publicly held assets. As a matter of law, Third-Party Plaintiffs’ claims are derivative of, and cannot be any greater than, the claims that the State of New Jersey has or would have against Third-Party Defendant directly. As a result, the claims set forth in the Third-Party Complaint are barred, in whole or in part.

#### **FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The State of New Jersey is legally barred from asserting direct claims against Third-Party Defendant for the damages sought in its Amended Complaint. Consequently, all claims that are or may be derivative of the State of New Jersey’s claims are barred as to the Third-Party Defendant as well, including the claims set forth in the Third-Party Complaint.

#### **SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The Third-Party Complaint is barred and/or is constitutionally impermissible to the extent that it seeks to impose retroactive liability for acts that were previously authorized or condoned by law including applicable Environmental Laws.

#### **SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs’ Complaint is barred to the extent that it seeks relief for damages incurred prior to the effective date of the Spill Act.

#### **EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

At all relevant times, Third-Party Defendant complied with all applicable Environmental Laws, regulations, industry standards and ordinances, and otherwise conducted itself reasonably, prudently, in good faith, and with due care for the rights, safety and property of others.

#### **NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The claims asserted against Third-Party Defendant in the Third-Party Complaint are barred because at all relevant times Third-Party Defendant exercised due care with respect to hazardous substances, if any, that may have been handled at the subject property or properties, took precautions against foreseeable acts or omissions of others and the consequences that could reasonably result from such acts or omissions, and because any release or threat of release of any hazardous substances, if any, and any costs or damages resulting therefrom, were caused solely by the negligence, acts or omissions of third parties over whom Third-Party Defendant had no control, whether by, in whole or part, contract or otherwise, or any duty to control, including without limitation the State of New Jersey and its agencies and officials, and the United States and its agencies and officials.

#### **TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The claims set forth in the Third-Party Complaint are barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of preemption.

#### **TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs suffered no losses or injuries that were proximately caused by Third-Party Defendant.

#### **TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims against Third-Party Defendant are barred, in whole or in part, by the applicable Statute of Limitations, Statute of Repose, and/or the equitable doctrines of laches and estoppel.

#### **TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred in whole or in part by the doctrines of accord and satisfaction, waiver, consent, estoppel, release and/or assumption of risk.

#### **TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of "coming to the nuisance."

#### **TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the "unclean hands" doctrine.

#### **TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The claims for equitable contribution under the Spill Act in the Third-Party Complaint are barred because: (1) equity will not compel action that is impossible of performance; (2) equity will not exceed the rights of parties existing at law; (3) equity will not consciously become an instrument of injustice; and/or (4) equity will not permit double satisfaction.

#### **TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of collateral estoppel, *res judicata*, and/or judicial estoppel including in connection with prior findings as to Third-Party Plaintiffs' intentional misconduct.

#### **TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred because the relief sought against Third-Party Defendant, were it claimed directly by Plaintiffs, would amount to unlawful taxation.

#### **TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims against Third-Party Defendant are subject to setoff and recoupment and therefore must be reduced accordingly.

#### **THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendant did not own or operate a "Major Facility" as defined by the Spill Act or the WPCA.

#### **THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by Third-Party Plaintiffs' failure to comply with the prerequisites to liability under the Spill Act including, without limitation to, Third-Party Plaintiffs' have not incurred costs authorized by the Spill Act and Third-Party Plaintiffs' have failed to direct cleanup and removal activities in accordance with the National Contingency Plan to the greatest extent possible.

#### **THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred because neither they nor Plaintiffs have incurred "costs of restoration and replacement ... of any natural resources damaged or destroyed by a discharge" under the Spill Act.

#### **THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs have failed to join necessary and indispensable parties needed for a just adjudication of the claims asserted in this action, in whose absence complete relief can not be afforded the existing parties pursuant to R. 4:28-1 of the New Jersey Court Rules. These necessary and indispensable parties include, without limitation, State of New Jersey

agencies and instrumentalities, including without limitation the State trustees for tidelands, certain United States agencies and instrumentalities with liability under the Spill Act, and certain state and local governmental agencies located outside the boundaries of New Jersey, including the State of New York and its agencies and instrumentalities, all of whom are or may be separately liable for contamination allegedly located in the “Newark Bay Complex,” as defined in Plaintiffs’ Second Amended Complaint.

#### **THIRTY-FOURTH THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs’ claims are not ripe for adjudication, inter alia, because Third-Party Plaintiffs have a joint liability to the Plaintiffs and have not paid and will not pay more than their fair or equitable share of the liability.

#### **THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendant denies that Third-Party Plaintiffs have suffered any harm whatsoever, but in the event that they did suffer any form of injury or damage cognizable under applicable Environmental Law, such injury was caused by the intervening acts, omissions, or superseding acts of persons or entities over whom Third-Party Defendant exercised no control and for whose conduct Third-Party Defendant was not responsible including, without limitation, unpermitted and storm event discharges from publically owned treatment works.

#### **THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

If Third-Party Plaintiffs sustained any injury or are entitled to any damages, such injury and damages were wholly, or in part, caused by Third-Party Plaintiffs’ own acts or omissions, negligence, lack of due care and fault and/or that of Third-Party Plaintiffs’ agents or employees. In the event that Third-Party Plaintiffs are found to have sustained any injury and are entitled to damages, Third-Party Plaintiffs’ recovery against Third-Party Defendant, if any,

must be reduced by the proportionate damages caused by the acts and conduct of Third-Party Plaintiffs and/or its agents or employees.

**THIRTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Although Third-Party Defendant denies that it is liable for the contamination described in Third-Party Plaintiffs' Complaint, in the event it is found liable, Third-Party Defendant is entitled to an offset against any such liability on its part for the equitable share of the liability of any person or entity not joined as a defendant in this action that would be liable to Third-Party Plaintiffs.

**THIRTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Under N.J.S.A. 2A:15-97, the amount of damages, if any, should be reduced by any amounts recovered from any other source.

**THIRTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred to the extent that the conduct of Third-Party Defendants alleged to give rise to liability in the Third-Party Complaint is the subject of a release, covenant not to sue, or has otherwise been excused by Plaintiffs, including, without limitation, through issuance of a no further action letter, consent order, settlement agreement or other applicable document, with or without inclusion of contribution protection, or through the Plaintiffs' allowance of any applicable Statute of Limitations or Statute of Repose to lapse.

**FORTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The disposal of waste, if any, which allegedly originated from Third-Party Defendant, was undertaken in accordance with the then state of the art, the then accepted industrial practice and technology, and the then prevailing legal requirements for which Third-Party Defendant cannot be found retroactively liable.

#### **FORTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Any discharge that allegedly originated from Third-Party Defendant, was investigated and remediated by a licensed professional and under the direct oversight of state and/or federal agencies with the then state of the art, the then accepted industrial practice and technology, and the then prevailing requirements for which Third-Party Defendant cannot be found retroactively liable.

#### **FORTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs are not entitled to recover costs incurred for cleanup actions not undertaken in coordination or conjunction with federal agencies.

#### **FORTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

The damages or other relief that Third-Party Plaintiffs seek, if awarded, would result in unjust enrichment to the Third-Party Plaintiffs.

#### **FORTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred due to its own conduct in unilaterally, and without notice to Third-Party Defendant, implementing clean-up plan(s) or taking other actions that resulted in the commingling of formerly divisible areas of environmental harm.

#### **FORTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendants' liability to Third-Party Plaintiffs, if any, is limited to Spill Act and contribution claims and excludes any such claims which may properly be apportioned to parties pursuant to *Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Co., et al. v. United States, et al.*, 556 U.S. \_\_; 129 S.Ct. 1870 (2009), and other comparable decisional law.

#### **FORTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs cannot assert contribution claims against Third-Party Defendants because the discharges for which the Plaintiffs are seeking relief are different from Third-Party Defendants' alleged discharges.

#### **FORTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs cannot seek contribution under the Joint Tortfeasors Contribution Law because Third-Party Defendant(s) are not liable for "the same injury" caused by Third-Party Plaintiffs' discharges and do not share a common liability to the State of New Jersey.

#### **FORTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred to the extent they seek to hold Third-Party Defendant liable, in contribution, for any claims for which it would be a violation of public policy to hold Third-Party Defendant liable, including but not limited to punitive damages and penalties.

#### **FORTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, because no actions or inactions by Third-Party Defendant have resulted in any permanent impairment or damage to a natural resource.

#### **FIFTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs claims for contribution, whether under the Spill Act or the New Jersey statutory provisions for contribution, are derivative of, and are therefore no greater than, Plaintiffs' claims against Third-Party Plaintiffs. Consequently, Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims against Third-Party Defendant are barred to the extent of any legal extinguishments of actual or potential claims by the Plaintiffs against Third-Party Defendant pertaining to the alleged environmental contamination (including natural resource damage) of any site(s) alleged by

Third-Party Plaintiffs to be the subject of their contribution claims against Third-Party Defendant. Examples of legal extinguishments that are or may be applicable to Third-Party Defendant include, with respect to each such site:

- A. Any release or covenant not to sue granted by Plaintiffs to Third-Party Defendant;
- B. Any settlement or other compromise between Plaintiffs and Third-Party Defendant;
- C. Any expiration of the statute of limitations or statute of repose governing Plaintiffs' right to maintain a claim against Third-Party Defendant;
- D. Any failure to join a claim relating to the "Newark Bay Complex" (as defined in the Third-Party Complaint) in a prior litigation between Plaintiffs and Third-Party Defendant, which would result in relinquishment of such a claim by virtue of New Jersey's Entire Controversy Doctrine; and/or
- E. Any issuance by Plaintiffs to Third-Party Defendant, directly or indirectly, of any "No Further Action" (a/k/a "NFA") determination, "Negative Declaration," or similar determination.

#### **FIFTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred because the relief sought against Third-Party Defendant, were it claimed directly by Plaintiffs, would amount to a "taking" of Third-Party Defendant's property in violation of its constitutional rights to due process and/or in violation of its rights under the Eminent Domain Act of 1971, N.J.S.A. 20:3-1 et seq.

#### **FIFTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims are barred to the extent the relief sought by Third-Party Plaintiffs in the Complaint is at odds with Third-Party Defendant's responsibilities to conduct ongoing environmental cleanups under oversight of the Plaintiffs at any site(s) alleged by Third-Party Plaintiffs to be the subject of their contribution claims against Third-Party Defendant, thereby exposing Third-Party Defendant to inconsistent responsibilities, penalties and liabilities, and the possibility of paying twice for the same actions (i.e., double recovery).

#### **FIFTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

To the extent Third-Party Defendant is acting or has acted to conduct environmental cleanup at any site(s) alleged by Third-Party Plaintiffs to be the subject of their contribution claims against Third-Party Defendant, the claims for equitable contribution under the Spill Act in the Third-Party Complaint are barred because equity will not compel action that is already being undertaken and/or is unnecessary.

#### **FIFTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Without admitting liability, Third-Party Defendant alleges that if it is found to have been engaged in any of the activities alleged in the Third-Party Complaint, such activities were *de minimis* and not the cause of any damages or other claims by Third-Party Plaintiffs.

#### **FIFTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendant incorporates by reference any affirmative defense asserted by other parties in this action to the extent such affirmation defenses are defenses to Third-Party Plaintiffs' claims and do not impose liability on Third-Party Defendant.

#### **FIFTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Third-Party Defendant reserves the right to assert and hereby invoke each and every Environmental Law defenses that may be available during the course of this action.

#### **COUNTER-CLAIMS, CROSS CLAIMS AND THIRD/FOURTH PARTY CLAIMS**

No such claims are required to be asserted at this time and are expressly reserved pursuant to CMO V.

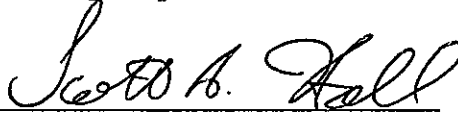
#### **DESIGNATION OF TRIAL COUNSEL**

In accordance with Rule 4:25-4 you are hereby notified that Russell L. Hewit, Esq., is assigned to try this case.

WHEREFORE, Third-Party Defendant Schering Corporation respectfully requests that the Court enter an Order dismissing the Third-Party Complaint "B" with prejudice, and awarding costs, attorney fees and any other relief the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: March 23, 2010

DUGHI & HEWIT, P.C.  
Attorneys for Third-Party Defendant,  
Schering Corporation

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Scott A. Hall, Esq.

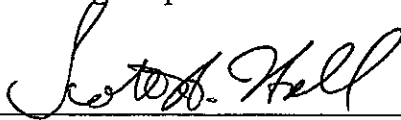
**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO R. 4:5-1(b) (2)**

Pursuant to R. 4:5-1(b)(2), the undersigned hereby certifies that:

- (a) The matter in controversy is not the subject of any other action pending in any court or of a pending arbitration proceeding and no action or arbitration proceeding is contemplated by the undersigned; and
- (b) Since it is the legal position of the undersigned that the potential liability, if any, of a third party defendant for the claims set forth in the Third Party Complaint is several, only, there are no non-parties which should be joined in the action pursuant to R.4:28; but that
- (c) In the event the Court shall determine that the potential liability of a third party defendant, if any, for the claims set forth in the Third Party Complaint is in any respect joint and several (which is denied), then all or some of the non-parties listed on the October, 2009 posting by O'Melveny and Myers may constitute non-parties who should be joined in the action.

Dated: March 23, 2010

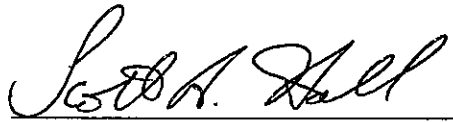
DUGHI & HEWIT, P.C.  
Attorneys for Third-Party Defendant,  
Schering Corporation

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Scott A. Hall, Esq.

### **CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE**

I certify that Schering Corporation's Answer to Third Party Complaint "B", Case Information Statement and this Certification of Service were hand-delivered to the Clerk of the Court, Superior Court of New Jersey, Essex County, on March 23, 2010. I further certify that the above referenced materials were served electronically on all parties which have consented to electronic service by posting on [www.njdepvocc.sfile.com](http://www.njdepvocc.sfile.com) on March 23, 2010. All counsel of record for parties that have not consented to electronic service, as set forth on the attached counsel list, were served on March 23, 2010 via first class, regular mail.

Dated: March 23, 2010

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Scott A. Hall, Esq.

**Third-Party Defendants for Regular Service as of February 21, 2010**

NAMED THIRD-PARTY DEFENDANT	THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT	NOTICE OF APPEARANCE: COUNSEL OF RECORD
Borough of Hasbrouck Heights	A	Richard J. Dewland Coffey & Associates 465 South Steet Morristown, NJ 07960 973.539.4500 rjd@coffeylaw.com
City of Orange	A	John P. McGovern Assistant City Attorney City of Orange Township 29 North Day St. Orange, NJ 07050 973.266.4197 973.674.2021 - fax jmcgovern@ci.orange.nj.us
Passaic Pioneers Properties Company	B	John A. Daniels Daniels & Daniels LLC 6812 Park Ave. Guttenberg, NJ 07093 202.868.1868 201.868.2122 - fax jad1903@gmail.com
Township of Hillside	A	Christine M. Burgess Township Attorney Hillside Township Municipal Bldg. 1409 Liberty Ave. Hillside, NJ 07205 973.926.3000 973.926.9232 - fax
Township of Irvington	A	Gustavo Garcia Municipal Attorney Township of Irvington Irvington Municipal Building Civic Square Irvington, NJ 07111 973.399.6637 973.399.6723 - fax