<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media</th>
<th>Carcinogen Group</th>
<th>Oral Slope Factor: $(\text{mg/kg/day})^{-1}$</th>
<th>Oral Reference Dose: $(\text{mg/kg/day})$</th>
<th>Basis:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drinking water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogen Group</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Carcinogen Group</td>
<td>Unit Risk Factor: $(\text{ug/m}^3)^1$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slope Factor:</td>
<td>$(\text{mg/kg/day})^{-1}$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Reference</td>
<td>Reference Concentration: $(\text{ug/m}^3)$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference Dose:</td>
<td>$(\text{mg/kg/day})$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Basis:</td>
<td>Basis:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Reference Doses for Group C chemicals are shown with uncertainty factor of 10 for possible carcinogenicity included. These are the Reference Doses used to derive criteria for all media. In the Basis and Background documents for these criteria, these Reference Doses may or may not be shown with this uncertainty factor incorporated.*
1. The Reference Doses for the Group C chemicals incorporate an additional uncertainty factor of 10 for possible carcinogenicity.
2. Toxicity factors were developed by the NJDWQI under the A-280 process for the following chemicals, but MCLs were not adopted for unrelated reasons, such as lack of a standardized analytical method for drinking water: Ethylene glycol, formaldehyde, hexane, methyl ethyl ketone, and 2,4,6-trichlorophenol.
3. The New Jersey MCL for 1,4-Dichlorobenzene was adopted from USEPA, but New Jersey did not necessarily agree with the USEPA RfD, so it is not included on this table.

**Ground Water - Footnotes**

- b = existing drinking water Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) (CFR Part 141 - National Primary Drinking Water Regulations). For beryllium see Section IV-o of the Basis and Background.
- c = developed by the Department for calculating ISCs. For details on developing specific RfD, slope factor, or carcinogen class equivalent to USEPA categorization, see support document available by request to the Department.
- d = Slope factor and carcinogen group of arsenic are those listed in IRIS under arsenic (inorganic); RfDs of chromium, mercury, and nickel are those listed in IRIS under chromium (VI), mercuric chloride, and nickel (soluble salts), respectively. The RfD for thallium was developed by the Department based on the RfD of thallium(I) sulfate in IRIS.
- e = derived by multiplying the IRIS slope factor of B(a)P of 7.3 (mg/kg-day)-1 with the "estimated order of potential potency" for the individual Group B2 PAHs recommended in USEPA "Provisional Guidance for Quantitative Risk Assessment of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons", Office of Research and Development, EPA/600/R-93/089. The relative potencies based on that of benzo(a)pyrene as 1.0 are as follows: benzo(a)anthracene, 0.1; benzo(b)fluoranthene, 0.1; benzo(k)fluoranthene, 0.01; chrysene, 0.001; dibenz(a,h)anthracene, 1.0; indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene, 0.1.
- f = Group D categorization of mercury based on USEPA National Primary Drinking Water Regulations; Final Rule. 56 FR 3537, Jan 30, 1991. For detailed discussion on Group D categorization of mercury, see Section IV-o in this Basis and Background.

**Surface Water - Footnotes**

- ^ The carcinogen group assigned to acrolein in IRIS is the descriptor, "data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential" which is equivalent to Group D.
- + See text on cadmium. For RfD for cadmium, "(w)" stands for water. "(f)"stands for food.
- * The criterion for lead remains unchanged. The criteria for nickel are based on data from 2002 Calculation Matrix updated by the current fish consumption rate of 17.5 g/day.

**Soil - Footnotes**

1. The carcinogen group assigned to acrolein in IRIS is the descriptor, "data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential" which is equivalent to Group D.
- See text on cadmium. For RfD for cadmium, "(w)" stands for water. "(f)"stands for food.
- The criterion for lead remains unchanged. The criteria for nickel are based on data from 2002 Calculation Matrix updated by the current fish consumption rate of 17.5 g/day.

**Drinking Water - Notes**

1. Reference Doses for Group C chemicals are shown with uncertainty factor of 10 for possible carcinogenicity included. These are the Reference Doses used to derive criteria for all media. In the Basis and Background documents for these criteria, these Reference Doses may or may not be shown with this uncertainty factor incorporated.

See additional footnote explanations on last page