



Highlights of the 2008

Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report



New Jersey Dept. of Environmental Protection Water Monitoring and Standards Bureau of Water Quality Standards and Assessment PO Box 409 Trenton, NJ 08625 www.nj.gov/dep/wms/bwqsa/

Contents

Why Do We Assess Water Quality? How Do We Assess Water Quality? 2008 Water Quality Assessment Results Key Findings and Implications Coming Soon: The 2010 Integrated Report Discussion



Required under federal and state statutes:
 Section 305(b) of Federal Clean Water Act
 Section 303(d) of Federal Clean Water Act
 Water Quality Planning Act at N.J.S.A. 59:11A

Why Do We Assess Water Quality? (cont'd)

Statewide Water Quality Report

Integrated Report

NJ - Since 2002

List of Water Quality Limited Waters

Why Do We Assess Water Quality (cont'd)

Necessary to determine appropriate regulatory, preventive, and restorative actions:

- Permits
- Enforcement
- Research

Funding (e.g., 319 grants for restoration,

Role of Water Quality Assessment in Water Resource Management



How Do We Assess Water Quality?

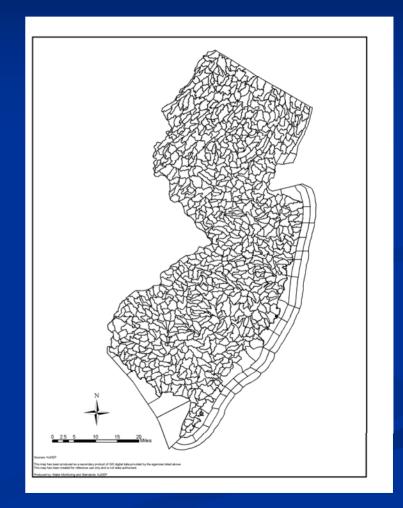
- Compare Data Results to Surface Water Quality Standards (SWQS)
 - Develop Scientific Methods for Sample Collection and Data Analysis
 - Collect and Compile Water Quality Data
 - Evaluate Data Quality
- Evaluate Data Trends:
 - Improving or declining water quality
 - Threatened Waters

Type of Data Needed

Aquatic Life - General	 Biological data; or Chemical Non-tidal waters: pH, DO, temperature, TP, TDS and TSS (non- tidal); Tidal waters: DO
Aquatic Life -Trout	 Biological and chemical (<u>DO and</u> <u>temperature</u>); or Chemical only: <u>DO, temperature</u>, pH, total phosphorus, TDS, and TSS
Recreation	 Sanitary: Enterococcus, fecal coliform, or E. coli; Beach Closure Data (ocean beaches)
Fish Consumption	Fish Consumption Advisories
Shellfish Harvesting	Shellfish Classifications
Drinking Water Supply	Chemical: nitrate

- Agency-conducted (DEP and/or USGS) Monitoring Programs
 - Statewide, Regional, and Waterbody-specific
 - Chemical/physical Water Quality
 - Biological (macroinvertebrates, fish tissue)
- External Monitoring and Data Sources
 - EPA, DRBC, IEC
 - Counties
 - Volunteers
 - Regulated Community (wastewater and water supply)

- Establishment of Assessment Unit (AU)
 Scale and Boundaries
 - Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 14 subwatershed (ave. size = 8.5 square miles)
 - Delaware River Basin Commission zones for the Delaware River (New Jersey portion)

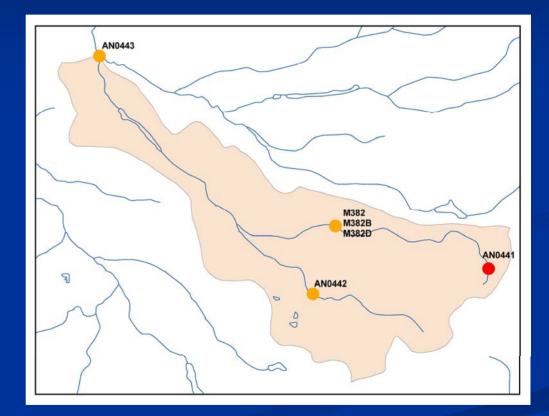


950 HUC 14 watersheds (with modifications)

+ 20 Delaware River Zones

= 970 AUs in NJ

Extrapolation of
 Data Results to the
 Entire Assessment
 Unit (AU)



- Considered data from over 5,000 sampling stations
- Evaluated 5,495 possible designated use/AU combinations
 - 3,587 individual use assessments
 - 1,908 combinations had insufficient info for assessment

Integrated List of Waters -Assessment <u>Categories</u>

Sublist 1: All applicable designated uses (except FC) are assessed and attained.

Sublist 2: Designated use is attained but one or more other uses are not assessed or not attained.

Sublist 3: Insufficient information to assess the designated use.

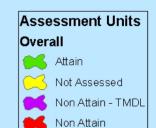
Sublist 4: Designated use is not attained but a TMDL is not required (because TMDL already approved).
Sublist 5: Designated use is not attained and a TMDL is required.

2008 Water Quality **Assessment Results**

2008 Water Quality Assessment Results



Overall Assessment without Fish Consumption

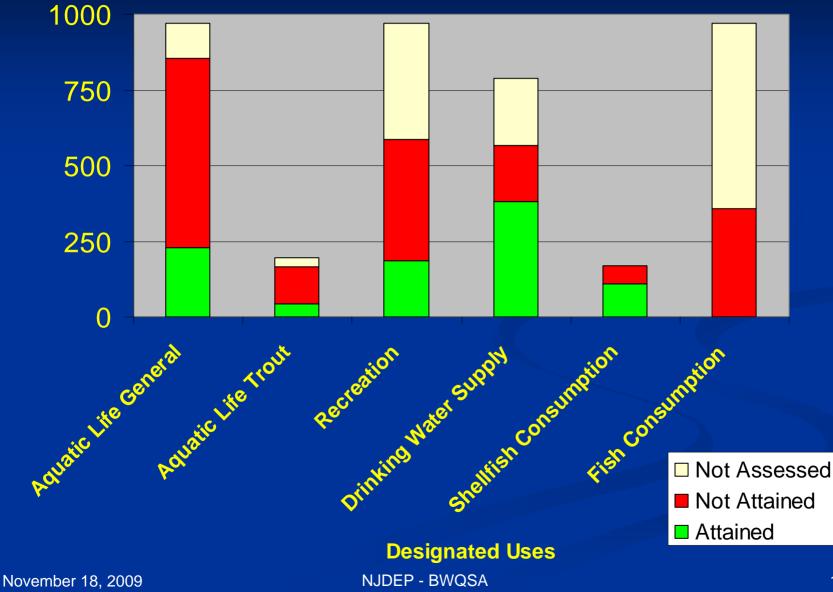


November 18, 2009

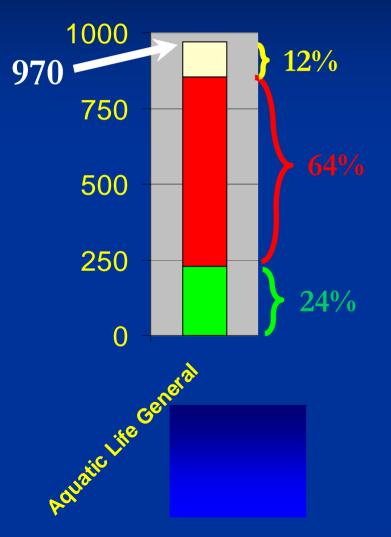
2008 Water Quality Assessment Results (cont'd)

- Assessment of all uses increased by almost 50% over 2006:
 - 49% of AUs in 2008
 - **25%** of AUs in 2006
- Only 6% of AUs were <u>not</u> assessed for <u>any</u> designated use; down from 10% in 2006
- 94% of AUs were assessed for at least one designated use

2008 Water Quality Assessment Results (cont'd)



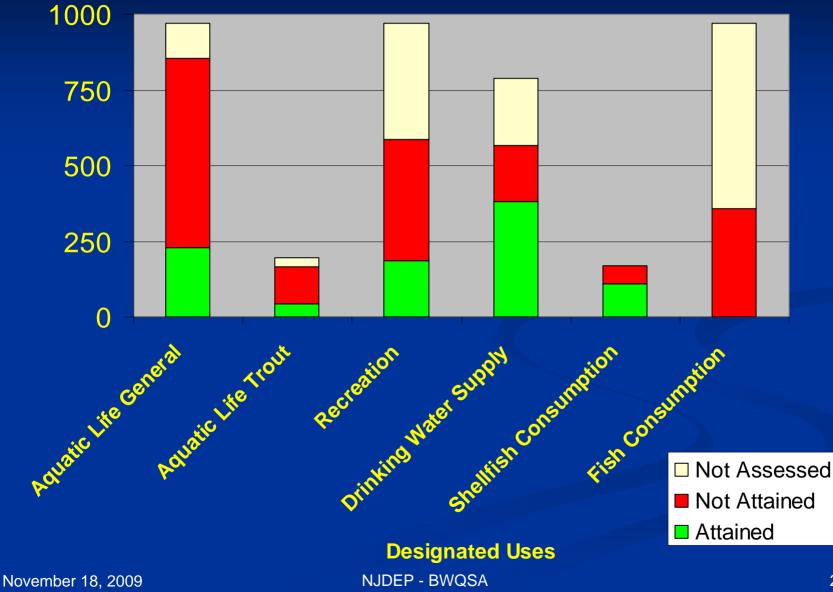
2008 Water Quality Assessment Results (cont'd)



Bar Height Shows Relative Number of Applicable AUs per Designated Use (970 = All NJ AUs)

Bar Color shows Results per Use
 Yellow = Use Not Assessed
 Red = Use Not Attained
 Green = Use Attained

2008 Water Quality Assessment Results (cont²d)

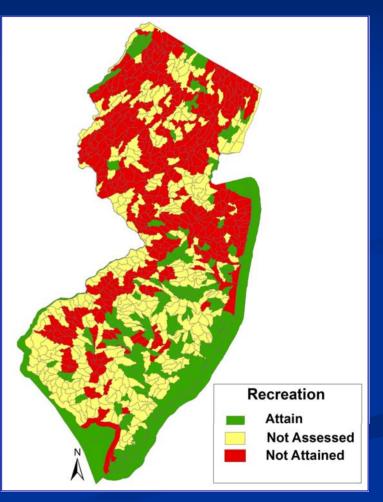


Assessment Units

Is It Safe To Swim at New Jersey Beaches?

Yes! All ocean beaches are fully swimmable.

- All 970 AUs are assessed for recreation but not all contain bathing beaches
- Pollutants of concern:
 Pathogens (Enterococcus)



Is It Safe To Swim at New Jersey Beaches?

Beach Days Available to the Public (2007)

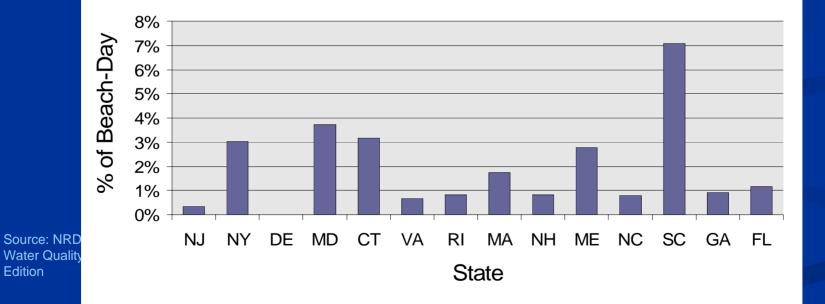


NO ocean beach closings due to high bacteria in 2007 8 ocean beach closings due to rain-related precaution 4 ocean beach closings due to floatables wash-ups

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Is It Safe To Swim at New Jersey Beaches?

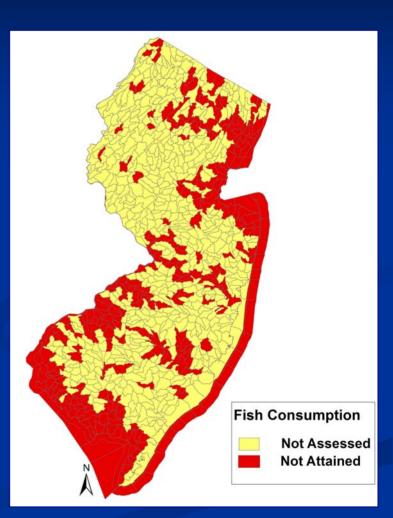
% of Beach-Days affected by a Closure/Advisory



Can I Eat <u>All</u> The Fish I Catch?

- No! Statewide and local fish consumption advisories are in place that restrict consumption of certain types of fish.
- Fish consumption advisories are issued for specific fish species and suscetable populations.
- Pollutants of concerns: mercury, PCBs, and dioxin.

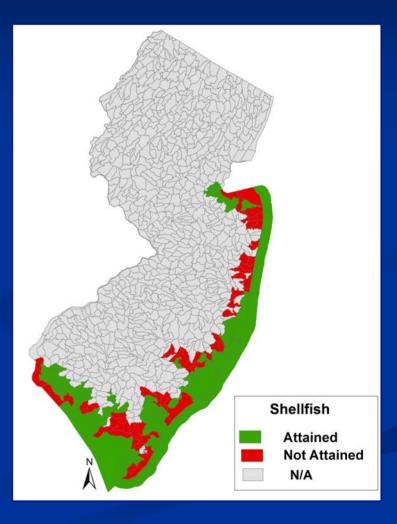
nj.gov/dep/dsr/njmainfish.htm



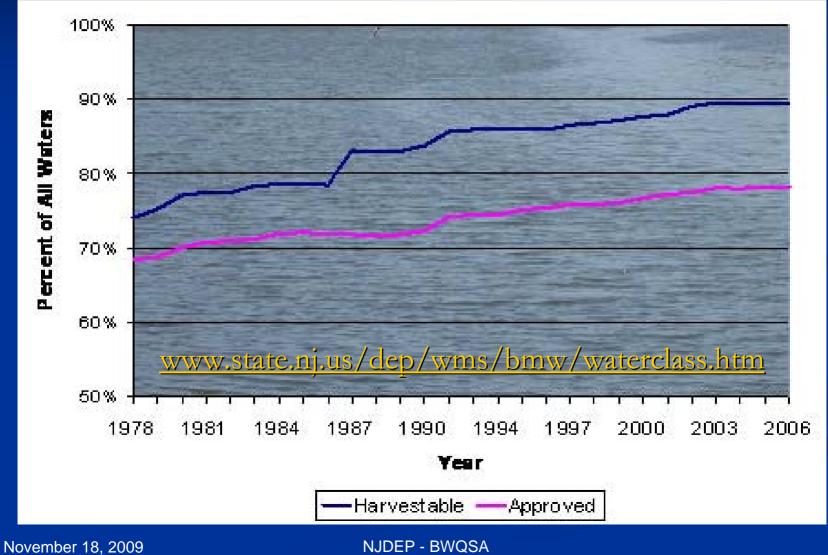
Can I Harvest The Shellfish?

- Yes! Almost 90% of New Jersey's shellfish waters are classified as harvestable – only 11% are prohibited because of water quality.
 - Approved, Seasonal Restricted, Special Restricted, Prohibited
 - Pollutant of concern: Pathogens





Can I Harvest The Shellfish?

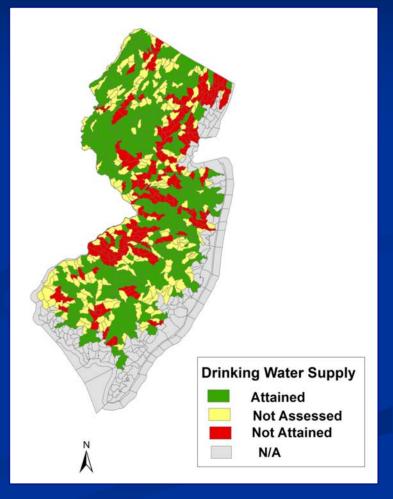


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Are My Drinking Water Supplies Safe?

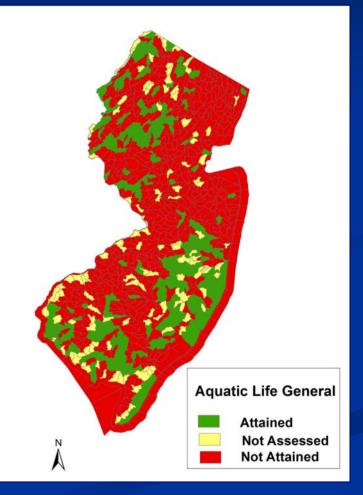
 Yes! All finished drinking water supplies in NJ meet
 Safe Drinking Water Act standards.

- Only 57% of New Jersey's potable supplies are drawn from surface waters; the rest are drawn from ground water.
- Pollutant of Concern: Arsenic



Is The Aquatic Ecosystem Healthy?

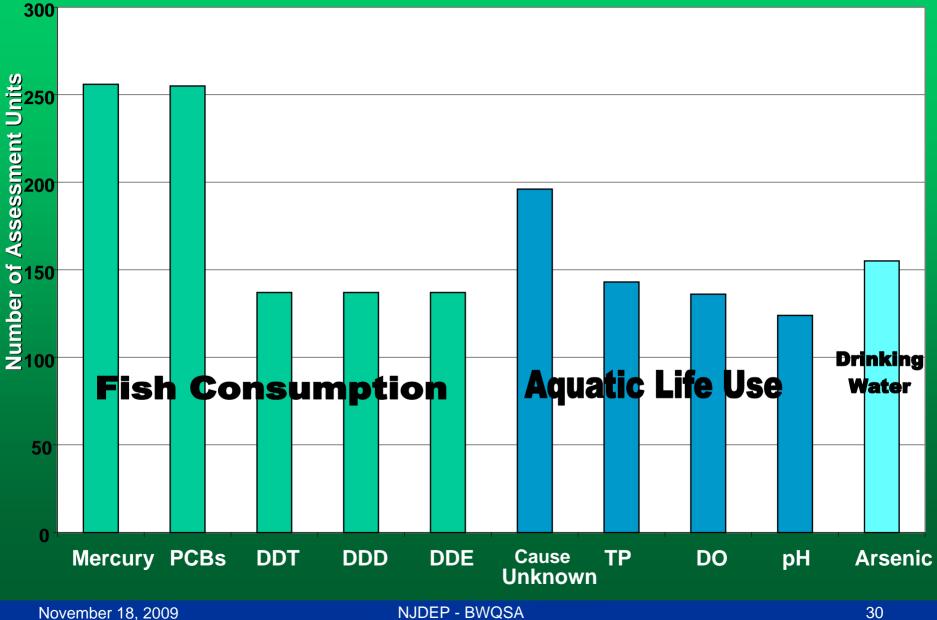
- No! Over 70% of assessed waters did not attain the trout or general aquatic life use.
- Assessment of both uses is based on numeric criteria and biological indicators
- Pollutants of Concern
 - Trout: Temperature and dissolved oxygen
 - General: Phosphorus, dissolved oxygen, pH, and "Cause Unknown"



2008 303(d) List

- This regulatory component of the Integrated Report:
 - Identifies AUs that do not attain designated uses (Sublist 5), along with the pollutant causing nonattainment, and require development of a TMDL to restore water quality.
- Contains 745 of 970 AUs = 41 pollutants and 2,304 AU/pollutant combinations
 589 new listings (on 2008 List but not 2006)
 - 487 delistings (on 2006 List but not 2008)

2008 Top Ten Listed Pollutants



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Cause Unknown

- Cause of non-attainment of the Aquatic Life Uses may be due to factors other than chemical pollutants, e.g., erosion and loss of habitat
- When biological data indicate impairment but chemical data is not available or does not demonstrate exceedance of numeric criteria = Cause Unknown
- Additional study is needed to determine the cause of aquatic life use non-attainment where a specific pollutant is not identified.

Coming Soon:

The 2010 Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report

New in 2010

New water quality criteria/assessment methods:

- Nutrients, including Total Phosphorus
- Temperature
- ∎ pH
- New assessment methods/indices:
 - Biological Impairment in Freshwaters
 - Fish Consumption
- Use of DEP electronic database (WQDE) for submission of data to the Department
- Use of USEPA electronic database (ADB) for submission to USEPA

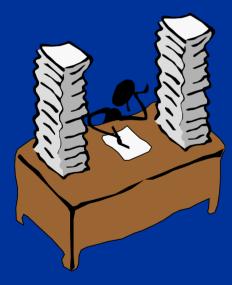
2010 Integrated Report

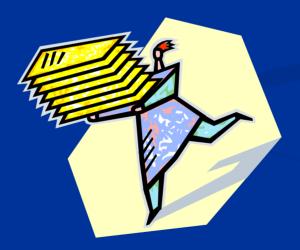
- Chapter 1
- **Overview: New Jersey's Water Resources Summary of Monitoring Programs** Chapter 2 Chapter 3 Water Quality Assessment **Results of the 2008 Water Quality Assessment Chapter 4** Chapter 5 Water Quality Management Programs Chapter 6 **Public Health Concerns Chapter 7 Cost/Benefit Analysis Chapter 8 Public Participation**
- Chapter 9 Next Steps - Preparing for 2010 and Beyond

Appendices – Integrated List, 303(d) List, TMDL schedule, Methods Document and other related documents

2010 Integrated Report Schedule

Submit to EPA for Approval: April 1st, 2010
 Adopt 2010 Integrated Report: June 2010?







For More Information...

www.state.nj.us/dep/wms/bwqsa/generalinfo.htm

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Assessment	General Information		
Surface Water Quality Standards Ground Water Quality Standards Water Quality Assessment	The federal Clean Water Act mandates that states submit biennial reports to USE Statewide Water Quality Inventory Report or "305(b) Report" must include the stat quality and support of designated uses, as well as strategies to maintain and imprice Congress and USEPA to establish program priorities and funding for federal and st biennial List of Water Quality Limited Waters or "303(d) List" identifies waters that not meet surface water quality standards despite the implementation of technolo on the 303(d) List of Water Quality Limited Waters for Total Maximum Daily Load	atus of principal waters in terms of overall water prove water quality. The 305(b) reports are used by tate water resource management programs. The at are not attaining designated uses because they do pgy-based effluent limits. States must prioritize waters	
GIS Coverages	for which they anticipate establishing TMDLs in the next two years. The Integrate participation requirements of Sections 303(d), 305(b), and 314 of the federal Clear	ted Report satisfies the reporting and public	_
SWQS and GWQS Rule Archives	New Jersey's Integrated Reports		_
Technical Support and Related Documents	The New Jersey Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Reports are high quality waters and improving the quality of waters that do not attain their d attainment of the designated uses specified in New Jersey's Surface Water Qualit life; recreation; drinking, industrial, and agricultural water supply; fish consumption Integrated Report includes the following information to inform and guide water resolved:	lesignated uses. The Integrated Reports describe ty Standards (N.J.A.C. 7:9B), which include: aquatic on; and shellfish harvest for consumption. The	
	 Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Methods (Methods Do to by the Department to generate the Integrated List. The Integrated List of Waters , which identifies the use assessment results called "sublists", ranging from full attainment to non-attainment/requires a Tene 303(d) List of Water Quality Limited Waters, which identifies waters as non-attainment of the designated use i.e., Sublist 5); Sources and causes of pollutants causing impairment, where known; A schedule of TMDLs to be developed in the next two years to address imp. Ongoing and planned strategies to maintain and improve water quality state pollution control programs; improve and expand water quality assessment of the assessment Strategy (2005-2014); and improve water quality assessment of the state of th	s for each assessment unit as one of five categories, TMDL; ssessed as impaired for specific pollutants based on paired waters identified on Sublist 5 (303(d) List); ewide, including summaries of the Department's water including the Department's Water Monitoring &	
	2008 Integrated Report Information		
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