

Chapter IX.6

**WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
FOR
SALEM COUNTY, NEW JERSEY
LOWER DELAWARE WATER QUALITY
MANAGEMENT PLANNING AREA**

MANNINGTON TOWNSHIP CHAPTER

PREPARED BY:

**SICKELS & ASSOCIATES, INC.
SHERWOOD MEWS
833 KINGS HIGHWAY
WOODBURY, NEW JERSEY 08096**



TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| I. | INTRODUCTION..... | 1 |
| A. | Status of Previous Approved WMPs | 2 |
| B. | Current Wastewater Services | 2 |
| C. | Current Water Services | 3 |
| D. | Overview of Environmental, and Local Considerations to Wastewater Services .. | 3 |
| E. | Overview of Major Water Resource Management Issues | 4 |
| F. | Overview of Future Wastewater Services..... | 4 |
| G. | Summary of Significant Actions..... | 5 |
| II. | EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE AND TREATMENT FACILITIES | 5 |
| A. | Existing Areas Served by Wastewater Facilities | 5 |
| B. | Major Transmission Piping and Pumping Stations..... | 5 |
| C. | Existing On-site, Non-industrial Wastewater Facilities..... | 5 |
| D. | Existing Industrial Wastewater Facilities | 6 |
| E. | General Wastewater Management Areas for Septic Systems..... | 6 |
| F. | Existing Wastewater Flows..... | 6 |
| G. | Existing Wastewater Treatment..... | 8 |
| H. | Existing Public Water Supply Infrastructure | 8 |
| I. | Existing Public Water Supply Allocation and Daily Demands | 8 |
| III. | ENVIRONMENTAL AND OTHER LAND FEATURES | 9 |
| IV. | DELINATION OF SEWER SERVICE AREAS AND PLANNING INTEGRATION | 10 |
| A. | Environmentally Sensitive Areas Map | 10 |
| B. | Sewer Service Areas in Environmentally Sensitive Areas | 11 |
| C. | Exceptions to the Use of Geographic or Political Boundaries..... | 12 |
| D. | Environmentally Sensitive Areas – Data Sources | 12 |
| V. | FUTURE WASTEWATER DEMAND AND FACILITIES..... | 13 |
| A. | Conformance and Nonconformance with Zoning and Prior Land Use Approvals | 13 |
| B. | Municipal Zoning and Composite Zoning..... | 14 |
| C. | Calculating Future Wastewater and Water Supply Needs and Capacity | 14 |
| D. | Municipal Demand Projections in Urban Municipalities | 15 |
| E. | Municipal Demand Projections in Non-urban Municipalities | 15 |
| VI. | ANALYSIS OF CAPACITY TO MEET FUTURE WASTEWATER NEEDS..... | 17 |
| A. | Adequacy of Sewage Treatment Plant Capacity..... | 17 |
| B. | Analysis and Selection of Treatment Alternatives..... | 18 |
| C. | Antidegradation Analysis for New and Expanded Domestic Treatment Works .. | 18 |

Sickels & Associates, Inc.

*Wastewater Management Plan for
Salem County, New Jersey
Mannington Township Chapter*

| | |
|---|-----------|
| VII. FUTURE WATER SUPPLY AVAILABILITY..... | 18 |
| A. Sufficiency of Water Supply..... | 18 |
| VIII. MAPPING REQUIREMENTS | 19 |
| A. Basis for Service Area Delineations | 19 |
| B. Mapping Classification | 19 |

LIST OF TABLES

SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION

- Table 1.1: Historic Population
- Table 1.2: Projected Population

SECTION 2: EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE AND TREATMENT FACILITIES

- Table 2.F.1: Wastewater Treatment Plant Capacity and Flows 2010
- Table 2.F.2: Existing Wastewater Flows
- Table 2.I.2: Annual Water Demand Summary

SECTION 4: DELINEATION OF SEWER SERVICE AREAS AND PLANNING INTEGRATION

- Table 4.D.1: Information Sources for Environmentally Constrained Areas

SECTION 5: FUTURE WASTEWATER DEMAND AND FACILITIES

- Table 5.B.1: Summary of Municipal Zones
- Table 5.E.2.1: Sewer Service Area Build-Out Projections

SECTION 6: ANALYSIS OF CAPACITY TO MEET FUTURE WASTEWATER NEEDS

- Table 6.A.1: Wastewater Treatment Plant Capacity

SECTION 8: MAPPING REQUIREMENTS

- Table 8.B.4.1: Zoning Regulations

I. INTRODUCTION

This chapter represents the Mannington Township portion of the WMP. The WMP has been submitted to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection for approval so that it may be incorporated into the Lower Delaware Water Quality Management Plan via the Plan Amendment Procedure (NJAC 7:15).

The Township of Mannington is located in the Delaware River Drainage Basin and lies within the Lower Delaware Water Quality Management Planning Area. The Planning Area is not located within the jurisdiction of the Pinelands Commission nor is it located within the Coastal Area Facility Review Act (CAFRA) area. The future wastewater service area (FWSA) for Mannington Township is identified on Map No.3. This service area does not include any areas that lay within adjacent municipalities.

The Township of Mannington is located in the center of Salem County. The Township is bounded by six (6) municipalities including Pennsville Township (to the west), Carneys Point Township (to the north), Pilesgrove Township (to the northeast), Alloway Township (to the southeast), Quinton Township to the South, and Salem City (to the southwest). Mannington Township encompasses a total area of 24,232 acres (37.9 square miles) including approximately 165.8 acres of which is surface water (ponds, lakes, reservoirs) and 138.4 miles of streams (shown in Map No.1) flowing in the municipality. This municipality has been developed mostly agriculturally, with some mid to high density residential, commercial, and industrial development along the State Route 45 highway (Salem-Woodstown Road). As the township is mostly farmland, Mannington has the second lowest population density in Salem County (approximately 44.8 people/sq mi), according to (2010) U.S. Census data.

Mannington Township has a population of 1,806 persons. The municipality’s population trend over the last decade can be seen as a 1.58% growth in population each year (15.8% over ten years), according to the most recent (2010) U.S. Census data. Table 1.1 is a summary of the historic population and trends for the Township of Mannington. In terms of population change over the next three decades, Mannington’s growth is expected to slow somewhat, but still continue over the next thirty years, according to the most recent study by the South Jersey Transportation Planning Organization, prepared in 2011. A summary of the SJTPO projected population can be found below in Table 1.2:

| Year | Population | Population Change | |
|-------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | # | avg yearly % |
| 1980 | 1,740 | | |
| 1990 | 1,693 | -47 | -0.27% |
| 2000 | 1,559 | -134 | -0.79% |
| 2010* | 1,806 | 247 | 1.58% |

~Source: 1990 U.S. Census, *2010 U.S. Census

| Year | Population | Population Change | |
|------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | # | avg yearly % |
| 2010 | 1,806 | | |
| 2020 | 1,971 | 165 | 0.91% |
| 2030 | 2,121 | 150 | 0.78% |
| 2040 | 2,277 | 156 | 0.78% |

~Source: SJTPO, 2011

]

A. STATUS OF PREVIOUS APPROVED WMPS

Mannington Township has not previously submitted a Wastewater Management Plan to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, as the Township does not own or operate a public sewer or water supply infrastructure. However, certain areas within the municipality have been included within Lower Delaware WQMP Amendments for adjacent municipalities. Specifically, the Borough of Woodstown's amendment dated March 30, 1999 and the September 24, 2003 amendment submitted by Salem City, Alloway Township, and Quinton Township.

The 1999 and 2003 Lower Delaware WQMP amendments noted above are the plans currently in effect for Mannington Township. The enclosed plan reflects current zoning with proposed sewer service areas consistent with the Municipality's Master Plan. The Township of Mannington WMP has been incorporated within the overall Salem County Wastewater Management Plan. The proposed plan, upon adoption, will remain in force and in effect until the expiration date noted in the Chapter 1, Salem County Summary.

B. CURRENT WASTEWATER SERVICES

Mannington Township does not currently own or operate a public sanitary sewer system, nor does it own any infrastructure for wastewater service. However, there are facilities along NJ Route 45 in Mannington that are currently served by public sewer from the Salem City and the Woodstown Sewerage Authority (WSA). The Township sewer service area serves a population of approximately 534 people according to current DEP online sources and related municipal data. This equates to 0.81% of the total Salem County population (66,083 persons, 2010 U.S. Census) being served by the wastewater treatment plant.

Sanitary Sewer infrastructure within Mannington Township utilized to support the conveyance of wastewater to the Salem City WWTP consists of one (1) pumping station and approximately 2.3 miles of sanitary sewer mains along NJ Route 45. Additional infrastructure has been extended to the Mannington / Pilesgrove municipal boundary in an effort to direct sanitary flows to the Woodstown WWTP. This also consists of One (1) pumping station and approximately 2.0 miles of sanitary sewer mains along NJ Route 45

Sewer service areas may include industrial facilities that discharge process wastewater to the collection system for treatment. The existing sewer service limits, delineated on Map No.2, are serviced by the Salem and Woodstown Wastewater Treatment Plants as mentioned above, and were derived from existing sanitary sewer infrastructure currently constructed and/or approved. The treatment processes and information for these two facilities are located within their respective municipal chapters in this report.

C. CURRENT WATER SERVICES

Mannington Township does not currently own or operate a public community potable water system, nor does it own any infrastructure for potable water service. However, the Salem City Water Department provides potable water to residential, commercial and industrial connections within Mannington Township. The Woodstown Water Department generally provides community drinking water service to the facilities that receive sewer service, as described above. The Woodstown Water Department provides service to institutional facilities, supplying approximately 325 persons within Mannington.

Generally, sanitary sewer service is available where potable water service is currently in place, with the exception of some residential water service connections branching from Route 45 in the south of the municipality. Map No.1 depicts the areas actively served by existing public water supply facilities. As with sewer service, “actively served” means that the distribution lines exist and that the property either is connected or has all regulatory approvals necessary to be connected with no further review. Information with regard to the water systems mentioned above that serve Mannington Township is located within the Woodstown Borough and Salem City municipal chapters in this report.

D. OVERVIEW OF ENVIRONMENTAL, AND LOCAL CONSIDERATIONS TO WASTEWATER SERVICES

Wastewater Management Planning is part of the continuing planning process required by the New Jersey Water Quality Planning Act (N.J.S.A. 58:11A-1 et seq.) and Section 208 of the federal Clean Water Act. The intent of the continuing planning process is to align federal, state, regional and local land use planning to ensure that these land use plans do not conflict with each other.

The provision of environmental infrastructure, in particular centralized sewer service, has a profound influence on development patterns and intensity. The wastewater management planning process is intended to assign an appropriate wastewater management treatment alternative to geographic areas based on environmental sensitivity and other land use planning objectives such as regional center-based development or farmland preservation. The extension of public sewers into areas designated for protection by federal, state, regional or local land use plans would be inconsistent with those protection objectives.

The adopted Water Quality Management Planning Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:15) generally exclude the extension of sewer service into large contiguous areas, defined as 25 acres or more, of wetlands, category one water buffers, Natural Heritage Priority Sites and/or endangered and threatened species habitat. The extension of sewer service into these areas would encourage their development and thus conflict with the Department of Environmental Protection’s statutory mandate to protect these resources.

It should be noted that under limited circumstances environmentally sensitive areas that meet the 25 acre threshold may be included in the sewer service area as necessary to preserve the investment in projects having already received certain local and State approvals, to relate sewer service areas to recognizable geographic features, or to accomplish center based development proposed by the local land use planning authority and approved by the Department of Environmental Protection through the plan endorsement process. Additional local land use planning objectives used in delineating appropriate areas for public sewer service are discussed in this municipal chapter.

E. OVERVIEW OF MAJOR WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Mannington Township does not currently own or operate a public community water supply system and is served by both, Salem City and Woodstown Borough. The municipality has not identified any issues regarding water quality, water supply or concerns with non-sewered areas.

F. OVERVIEW OF FUTURE WASTEWATER SERVICES

The Township of Mannington has identified the future sewer service area necessary to implement a portion of the goals and objectives of the Township's Master Plan. Those areas have been reduced to account for the environmental constraints pertaining to wetlands, the habitats of Threatened and Endangered Species, Riparian Corridors, and FW-2 Waters. The proposed Sewer Service Area is identified on Map No.3.

The proposed future sewer service areas delineated on Map No.3 consist of proposed future areas outside the existing sewer service area. The remaining areas, not designated as a sewer service area will continue to be serviced by Individual Subsurface Sewerage Disposal Systems (ISSDS's) with wastewater flows less than or equal to 2,000 gpd.

Based on the environmental and local land use planning objectives discussed above, Map No.2 and Map No.3 identify areas presently served by public sewers and the areas planned to be served by public sewers in the future. These maps also identify sites that are served by an on-site treatment works, if applicable, that are regulated under a New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit. Each sewer service area is keyed to a specific sewage treatment plant which is the facility authorized under this plan to accept and treat wastewater from that sewer service area. Each sewage treatment plant identified in this plan has an accompanying facility table that provides information concerning that facility's owner, operator, permitted flow, existing flow, remaining permitted flow, and projected build-out flow summarized by municipality.

A sanitary build-out analysis has been prepared for the future sewer service area identified on Map No.3. In addition, available wastewater capacity has been evaluated to determine whether sufficient capacity exists to support proposed development. The results of these analyses are summarized within this municipal chapter. Based on the build-out analysis of each sewer service area and the existing permitted capacity of the

sewage treatment plants identified in this plan, sufficient wastewater treatment capacity exists to accommodate the currently proposed Sewer Service Area. Future expansion of the identified treatment works serving the municipality is not required to meet the future wastewater generation needs of the municipality.

G. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACTIONS

Amendments to the Water Quality Management Planning Rules adopted on July 7, 2008, 40 N.J.R. 4000(a), necessitated a modification to certain sewer service areas based on environmental sensitivity and local planning objectives as described in this document. In accordance with the regulatory requirements, undeveloped lands within the existing sewer service area have been removed based on the limits of environmental constrained areas. In addition, areas have been added based on local planning objectives and an environmental sensitivity assessment. Maps No.2 and No.3 reflect the changes in sewer service area as a result of this wastewater management plan.

1. All areas not proposed to be included within the sewer service area in this WMP will be served by ISSDS's with 2,000 gpd or less flows.

II. EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE AND TREATMENT FACILITIES

A. EXISTING AREAS SERVED BY WASTEWATER FACILITIES

Map No.2 depicts the areas actively served by existing wastewater facilities, and the tables in Chapter 7 (VII) provide detailed information on each facility. "Actively served" means that the collection lines exist and that the property either is connected or has all regulatory approvals necessary to be connected.

B. MAJOR TRANSMISSION PIPING AND PUMPING STATIONS

The Township of Mannington does not own or operate any wastewater treatment or conveyance systems. However, the municipality does contain two separate sewer collection systems that are owned and operated by (separately) the City of Salem, and the Borough of Woodstown.

C. EXISTING ON-SITE, NON-INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER FACILITIES

Non-industrial treatment facilities serve single developments, sites or other properties under single ownership that discharge 2,000 gallons per day or more of domestic wastewater and are regulated under a NJPDES permit, but do not treat industrial flows. These facilities typically provide wastewater treatment for apartment complexes, commercial properties and businesses where regional sewerage is not available. The Wastewater Facilities Tables provided in Chapter 7 (VII) list all existing on-site, non-industrial treatment facilities that discharge 2,000 gallons per day or more of domestic wastewater and are regulated under a NJPDES permit. However, Mannington Township does not contain any industrial wastewater treatment facilities.

D. EXISTING INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER FACILITIES

Some industrial land uses have independent wastewater treatment facilities that treat and discharge manufacturing process waste or sanitary sewage, rather than other types of effluent such as non-contact cooling water. They may be discharged to ground water or to surface water. The Wastewater Facilities Tables provided in Chapter 7 (VII) list all existing industrial treatment facilities that discharge 2,000 gallons per day or more of domestic wastewater and are regulated under a NJPDES permit. However, Alloway Township does not contain any industrial wastewater treatment facilities.

E. GENERAL WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT AREAS FOR SEPTIC SYSTEMS

Remaining areas of the Municipality, not otherwise designated as service areas for treatment facilities requiring a NJPDES permit, are included within a general wastewater management area for septic systems and other small treatment works that treat less than 2,000 gallons per day of wastewater and discharge to ground water.

F. EXISTING WASTEWATER FLOWS

The existing wastewater flows conveyed to the Salem WWTP and Woodstown WWTP were calculated based on information provided by the respective municipalities. The present average flow includes residential, commercial and industrial flows.

The existing wastewater flows conveyed to the Salem City STP were calculated based on flows metered by the Salem City Sewer Department. The present average annual wastewater contributed by Mannington to the plant for 2010 is 0.104mgd. The existing wastewater flows conveyed to the Woodstown STP were calculated based on flows provided by the Borough of Woodstown. The present average annual wastewater contributed by Mannington to the plant for 2010 is 0.076mgd. The present average flow includes residential, commercial and industrial flows.

Mannington Township does not have an executed an interlocal service agreement with either the City of Salem or Borough of Woodstown. However, an agreement has been established between Woodstown and the Salem County complex, located in Mannington, allocating 100,000 gpd of capacity for sanitary sewer flows being conveyed to the Woodstown STP. In addition, an agreement has been established between The City of Salem and Mannington Mills allocating 122,500 gpd of capacity for sanitary sewer flows being conveyed to the Salem City STP.

The following Table 2.F.1 summarizes the permitted capacity and associated average daily flows of 2010 for the wastewater treatment plants serving Mannington Township.

| WWTP | Allocated Capacity (mgd) | Average Daily Flow 2010 (mgd) | Build-Out Projection (mgd) | Total (mgd) | Remaining Capacity (mgd) |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Salem WWTP | 0.1225 | 0.1040 | 0.0050 | 0.1090 | 0.0135 |
| Woodstown WWTP | 0.1000 | 0.0760 | 0.0027 | 0.0787 | 0.0213 |

The flows from these connections are identified within the specific municipal chapter or facilities tables provided within Chapter 7 (VII) of this report. Monthly wastewater flow data specific to Mannington Township are identified for 2010 in Table 2.F.2 below. Based upon the above analysis, Mannington Township has sufficient capacity to support the proposed sewer service area.

| Month | Estimated Monthly Avg. Contributions to Receiving Facility (mgd) | | Total Flow | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | Salem City WWTP | Woodstown WWTP | | |
| Jan-10 | 0.1513 | 0.0766 | 0.228 | |
| Feb-10 | 0.1683 | 0.0776 | 0.246 | |
| Mar-10 | 0.1725 | 0.0843 | 0.257 | |
| Apr-10 | 0.1439 | 0.0991 | 0.243 | |
| May-10 | 0.0961 | 0.0710 | 0.167 | |
| Jun-10 | 0.0758 | 0.0758 | 0.152 | |
| Jul-10 | 0.0666 | 0.0699 | 0.137 | |
| Aug-10 | 0.0681 | 0.0668 | 0.135 | |
| Sep-10 | 0.0652 | 0.0662 | 0.131 | |
| Oct-10 | 0.0863 | 0.0720 | 0.158 | |
| Nov-10 | 0.0808 | 0.0766 | 0.157 | |
| Dec-10 | 0.0778 | 0.0701 | 0.148 | |
| Yearly Average | (mgd) | 0.104 | 0.076 | 0.180 |
| | (mgm) | 3.175 | 2.297 | 5.471 |
| | (mgy) | 38.100 | 27.558 | 65.658 |

G. EXISTING WASTEWATER TREATMENT

Mannington Township does not own or operate a wastewater treatment plant or sanitary sewer conveyance system consisting of major interceptors, trunk lines and pumping stations associated with public wastewater treatment facilities. Specific information on the wastewater treatment plants in Salem City and Woodstown is provided in Salem City and Woodstown Borough's respective municipal chapter.

H. EXISTING PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY INFRASTRUCTURE

Mannington Township does not own or operate any public community water supply facilities, water treatment plants, potable water wells or distribution mains. However, the Woodstown Water Department and Salem City Water and Sewerage Departments serve areas within the Township.

The Salem City Water and Sewerage Department owns and operates water supply facilities with water main and associated piping ranging in size from 12-16 inches in diameter along NJ Route 45 near the Mannington-Salem City municipal boundary.

The Woodstown Water Department owns and operates approximately one (1) mile of 12-inch diameter water main located along NJ Route 45 at the Mannington-Pilesgrove municipal boundary. A water allocation agreement exists between Salem County and the Borough of Woodstown for 125,000 gpd of potable water to service the Salem County facilities inside Mannington.

Map No.1 depicts the areas actively served by existing public water supply facilities. As with sewer service, "actively served" means that the distribution lines exist and that the property either is connected or has all regulatory approvals necessary to be connected with no further review.

I. EXISTING PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY ALLOCATION AND DAILY DEMANDS

Mannington Township does not own or operate any public community water supply facilities, water treatment plants, potable water wells or distribution mains. However, a portion of the Township is currently served by Woodstown Water Department, and Salem City Water Department. The Township of Mannington currently has an average daily usage of approximately 0.21 mgd from these two public drinking water systems, based upon the 2010 calendar year.

The following table 2.I.2 summarizes historical daily, monthly and annual water demands for the public community water systems that provide service to Mannington. The districts and franchise areas are depicted on Map No.1.

| Table 2.I.2: Annual Water Demand Summary | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Service Provider | Year | Annual Demand Total (MGY) | Average Daily Demand (MGD) | Average Monthly Demand (MGM) |
| Salem City Water Department | 2006 | 75.193 | 0.206 | 6.266 |
| | 2007 | 71.234 | 0.195 | 5.936 |
| | 2008 | 71.181 | 0.195 | 5.932 |
| | 2009 | 55.112 | 0.151 | 4.593 |
| | 2010 | 58.388 | 0.160 | 4.866 |
| Woodstown Water Department | 2006 | 16.740 | 0.046 | 1.395 |
| | 2007 | 17.842 | 0.049 | 1.487 |
| | 2008 | 17.910 | 0.049 | 1.493 |
| | 2009 | 16.540 | 0.045 | 1.378 |
| | 2010 | 17.508 | 0.048 | 1.459 |

***Note:** The information above was provided by Salem City and the Borough of Woodstown for 2010. Information presented for 2006 through 2009 was calculated as a percentage of yearly water demand utilized by the respective water system.*

III. ENVIRONMENTAL AND OTHER LAND FEATURES

A full description of the mapping of environmental features for the County can be found in **Chapter I** of this report. This section includes a summary of the environmental features and public open space for the municipality that were taken into account when preparing the mapping. These features are significant to wastewater management planning for three reasons: they may influence the delineation of sewer service areas, they may reduce the potential future wastewater generation due to existing regulatory programs, or they may be subject to federal grant limitations that prohibit the extension of sewer service into these areas. Some of this mapping has been used in the development of a map of environmentally sensitive areas where the extension of sewer service areas is restricted (see **Delineation of Sewer Service Areas, below**).

Development in areas mapped as wetlands, flood prone areas, designated river areas, or other environmentally sensitive areas may be subject to special regulation under Federal or State statutes or rules. Interested persons should check with the Department of Environmental Protection for the latest information. Depiction of environmental features is for general information purposes only, and shall not be construed to define the legal geographic jurisdiction of such statutes or rules.

The following environmental features have been identified within the County map set:

- A.** Surface Waters and Classifications—Refer to Map No.5A of County map set
- B.** Riparian Zones -- Refer to Map No.5C of County map set
- C.** Flood Prone Areas – Refer to Map No.5A of County map set
- D.** Freshwater Wetlands -- Refer to Map No.5B of County map set
- E.** Coastal Wetlands –Refer to Maps 5A and 5B of County map set
- F.** Public Open Space and Recreation Areas –Refer to Map No.5B of County map set
- G.** Preserved Agricultural Areas and Other Conservation Easements on Private Lands – Refer to Map No.5C of County map set
- H.** Suitable Habitat for Threatened and Endangered Species – Refer to Maps 5B and 5C
- I.** Natural Heritage Priority Sites –Refer to Map No.5C of County map set

IV. DELINATION OF SEWER SERVICE AREAS AND PLANNING INTEGRATION

The results of the environmental analyses, summarized in Section III above, provide justification for the established service area delineations by demonstrating consistency with all applicable NJDEP requirements and criteria. This WMP chapter provides the most current planning efforts within the municipalities WMP planning area.

The WQMP rules NJAC 7:15-5.22 require coordination with and solicitation of comments or consent from certain agencies, entities and plans, and consistency with other plans. These requirements are addressed in the Chapter 1, Salem County Summary within this document.

This chapter provides the method used to delineate future sewer service areas based on the mapping of significant environmentally sensitive areas, and consistency with other regional plans.

A. ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS MAP

Under the Water Quality Management Planning Rules, large contiguous environmentally sensitive areas, generally defined as 25 acres or greater in size should be excluded from sewer service areas except under certain circumstances such as providing service to development that has already secured prior approvals or center based development approved by the Department of Environmental Protection through the Plan Endorsement process. Maps 5A, 5B and 5C, of the County map set, reflect the final results for the mapping of environmentally sensitive areas, based on the information described above and the WQMP rules. These maps were created using the following process:

1. Identify areas (to the extent that GIS interpretations are available) where pre-existing grant conditions and requirements (from Federal and State grants or loans for sewerage facilities) provide for restriction of sewer service to environmentally sensitive areas, and then delete areas (if any) where a map revision or grant waiver has been approved by USEPA. Note: pre-existing

grant conditions and requirements (from Federal and State grants or loans for sewerage facilities) which provide for restriction of sewer service to environmentally sensitive areas are unaffected by adoption of this WMP and compliance is required.

2. Merge the GIS layers for wetlands, Category One riparian zones, Natural Heritage Priority Sites, and Threatened and Endangered Species habitats, and any others used by the County areas into a single composite GIS coverage.
3. Correct the composite areas by eliminating areas designated as urban in the most recent land use land cover layer (2002) to address land use/land cover modifications that have occurred since the environmental feature layers were prepared.
4. Identify and delete any composite areas less than 25 acres in size from the map of environmentally constrained areas. The resulting map shows the final environmentally sensitive areas, which is used to eliminate the potential for sewer service areas except where sewer service already exists, or exceptions are allowed for infill development or approved endorsed plans. It is noted for public information purposes that the excluded areas will be protected through other NJDEP regulatory programs such as the Flood Hazard Area Control Act and Freshwater Wetlands Act rules, and may be protected by municipal ordinances as well.

B. SEWER SERVICE AREAS IN ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

The WQMP rules allow for inclusion of environmentally sensitive areas under limited conditions. The following modifications were considered for the WMP:

1. Where a development has secured approval under the Municipal Land Use Law and possesses a valid wastewater approval, the site may be included in the sewer service area if consistent with that valid wastewater approval. This information was gathered in consultation with municipalities.
2. Where a project has an approved site-specific water quality management plan and wastewater management plan amendment from the Department the project may be included in the wastewater management plan consistent with that approved site specific amendment for a period of six years from the date the amendment was adopted. The general locations of these developments are indicated on Map No.3, if applicable, and are keyed to a list of qualifying developments in each municipal chapter.
3. Where environmentally sensitive areas are bordered on either side by areas with existing sewer service, and where the infill development would generate 2,000 gpd or less of sewage based on existing zoning and where the area to be included does not include habitat critical to the recovery potential or the survival of a local population of an endangered or threatened species.

4. Where sewer service is necessary to support for center based development under an “endorsed plan” (through the State Planning Commission relative to the State Development and Redevelopment Plan) and would not remove habitat critical to endangered or threatened species. Where such modifications have been made, they are noted in the individual municipal chapters.

5. Where necessary to create a linear boundary that related to recognizable geographic features and would not remove habitat critical to the recovery potential or the survival of a local population of an endangered or threatened species. Where necessary to create a linear boundary that related to recognizable geographic features and would not remove habitat critical to the recovery potential or the survival of a local population of an endangered or threatened species.

C. EXCEPTIONS TO THE USE OF GEOGRAPHIC OR POLITICAL BOUNDARIES

The existing Sewer Service Area boundary was derived from existing sanitary sewer infrastructure currently constructed or approved. These boundaries hold tightly to geographical features and political boundaries within the municipality. No exceptions were made for the delineations used in this WMP.

D. ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS – DATA SOURCES

The information described above with regard to the mapping of proposed sewer service areas and Environmentally Sensitive Areas was obtained from various sources. Table 4.D.1 below highlights the information and sources used to delineate environmentally constrained areas.

| Table 4.D.1: Information Sources for Environmentally Constrained Areas | | | | |
|---|--|--|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Category | Source | Source Location | Original Date | Date Last Revised |
| Wetlands | NJDEP | www.state.nj.us/dep/gis | 11/9/99 | |
| Floodplains | FEMA | www.msc.fema.gov/webmap/wcs | 1/9/03 | |
| Stream Corridors | NJDEP | www.state.nj.us/dep/gis | 8/1/08 | 12/1/10 |
| Threatened & Endangered Species | NJDEP | www.njfishandwildlife.com | 11/1/09 | 2/13/09 |
| Parks, Preserves, & Open Space | Green Acres Recreation Program & NJDEP | www.state.nj.us/dep/gis | 2/13/09 | |
| Preserved Agricultural Lands | NJ SADC | www.nj.gov/agriculture/sadc | 1/25/11 | |
| Surface Water Quality Standards | NJDEP | www.state.nj.us/dep/gis | 10/1/07 | 1/19/11 |
| National Heritage Priority Sites | NJDEP | www.state.nj.us/dep/gis | 2/13/09 | |
| Zoning | Municipality | Current Master Plan | N/A | July, 2010 |

V. FUTURE WASTEWATER DEMAND AND FACILITIES

Proposed future sanitary sewer flows conveyed to the Salem City WWTP projected under build-out conditions were evaluated based on two sets of data; sanitary flows projected within the existing sewer service area and proposed flows for the future sewer service area. Future flows within the existing sewer service area utilize a “parcel based” method for calculating the flows of infill development. Whereas, future sanitary flows within the expanded sewer service area utilize a “zoning based” method for calculating the build-out. The build-out data is then converted to a projected future wastewater flow by applying the planning flow criteria from N.J.A.C. 7:14A based on the type of development projected.

All projected flows were separated into residential, commercial, and industrial components. Total projected build-out flow for residential, commercial and industrial development was determined based on the available developable land and current zoning ordinances for the municipality within areas proposed as the future sewer service area. Environmental constraints with required buffers were also considered and indicated within the Mapping section of this report.

For example, single-family residential development is assumed to consist of houses having three or more bedrooms per house, and each projected new house is multiplied by 300 gallons per day to predict the future wastewater generated. For non-residential land uses the anticipated floor area is multiplied by 0.1 gallon per day to predict future wastewater generation. A more detailed explanation of build-out flow calculations and criteria used is provided in the tables below.

The build out method used for the wastewater demand was also used to predict future water supply demand, except that the flow multiplier used to predict future water supply demand is slightly higher than that used for wastewater demand. The results of the analysis are presented within this chapter and in the facilities tables found in the appendices at the end of this document.

A. CONFORMANCE AND NONCONFORMANCE WITH ZONING AND PRIOR LAND USE APPROVALS

Where the WMP build out deviates from either current zoning or prior land use approvals, such deviation and the reasons for the deviation are explained in this chapter

B. MUNICIPAL ZONING AND COMPOSITE ZONING

The municipal zoning information provided below is specific to this chapter. Because municipal zoning ordinances are not uniform in their nomenclature or definitions, a composite zoning map has not been developed. Table 5.B.1 below identifies the zoning specific to this chapter and was been utilized for the associated build-out analyses.

“SSA Developable Area” includes both undeveloped and underdeveloped parcels within the proposed sewer service area. “Undeveloped” parcels are those where no development exists and the land has not been restricted from development through dedicated open space or agricultural preservation programs. “Underdeveloped” parcels are those where some level of development exists, but at a density less than allowed by zoning and where deed restrictions do not prevent further development.

Table 5.B.1: Summary of Mannington Municipal Zones

| Zone Name | Zone Description | Municipal Area (ac) | SSA Developable Area (ac) |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A | AGRICUTURAL | 14,973.8 | 47.71 |
| CONS | CONSERVATION | 4,479.6 | 0 |
| CR | CONDITIONAL RESIDENTIAL | 1,874.5 | 0 |
| GC | GENERAL COMMERCIAL | 86.3 | 0 |
| HR | HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | 86.2 | 0 |
| I | INDUSTRIAL | 170.3 | 0 |
| MR | MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | 675.5 | 0 |
| RR | RURAL RESIDENTIAL | 1,806.9 | 1.78 |
| LC | LIMITED COMMERCIAL | 79.0 | 0.98 |

C. CALCULATING FUTURE WASTEWATER AND WATER SUPPLY NEEDS AND CAPACITY

Using the municipal information provided above regarding existing wastewater and water supply facilities, sewer service area delineation, environmentally sensitive areas, and municipal zoning to project build-out or 20 year growth projections for the listed urban municipalities, an analysis of wastewater and water supply demands was performed to determine whether existing infrastructure capacity or zoning is a constraining factor.

There are two methods used for projecting future wastewater management needs: a 20-year projection for urban municipalities or a build out based on existing zoning for non-urban municipalities. An urban municipality is defines as those municipalities where less than 10 percent of the total land area of the municipality is “available land for development” after subtracting out permanently preserved open space.

D. MUNICIPAL DEMAND PROJECTIONS IN URBAN MUNICIPALITIES

The Township of Mannington does not meet the definition of an urban municipality as defined above. Consequently, future wastewater build out projections are based on existing zoning identified below.

E. MUNICIPAL DEMAND PROJECTIONS IN NON-URBAN MUNICIPALITIES

Development of vacant land is the predominant factor in determining future wastewater treatment needs. Further, because external market and economic forces, such as interest rates, are a dominant factor in determining the rate of construction, this analysis assesses the ability to provide wastewater treatment while protecting surface and ground water quality for the entire projected build out allowable by zoning. There are two separate methods employed for calculating future wastewater generation at build out depending based on the wastewater service area designation.

1. Future Wastewater from Non-Urban Municipalities' Sewer Service Areas

In designated sewer service areas the following features have been removed prior to the application of zoning to the undeveloped land area because they are unlikely to generate wastewater in the future: wetlands, riparian zones, permanently preserved farmland, permanently preserved open space, steep slopes, floodplains, and cemeteries. The existing zoning is then applied to the remaining developable land area within the sewer service area(s) to project a build out condition for use in estimating the future wastewater management needs of each sewer service area. Build out data for each municipality has been provided on a compact disk (cd) for reference.

Proposed future sanitary sewer flows conveyed to the City of Salem WWTP projected under build-out conditions were evaluated based on two sets of data; sanitary flows projected within the existing sewer service area and proposed flows for the expanded sewer service area. Future flows within the existing sewer service area utilize a "parcel based" method for calculating the flows of infill development. Whereas, future sanitary flows within the expanded sewer service area utilize a "zoning based" method for calculating the build-out. The build out data is then converted to a projected future wastewater flow by applying the planning flow criteria from N.J.A.C. 7:14A based on the type of development projected.

2. Sewer Service Area Build-out Analysis

Mannington Township identified 50.47 acres of developable area within the SSA, as indicated above. This area consists of the above-mentioned areas contributing to the Salem City Water and Sewerage Department, and WSA. These areas require no changes due to environmental constraints, nor has Mannington Township identified any other change to this area that would require a proposed SSA. Therefore, an analysis of the existing sewer service area does not apply to Mannington Township, and is not included as a part of this submission of the Salem County WMP.

The build-out of the sewer service area consisted of evaluating residential, commercial and industrial flow projections to the extent of development that could occur according to applicable zoning in developable areas. The projections are based on the potential for development of existing infill lots within areas zoned for each use and the most current land use regulations for the municipality. Generally, infill development of the existing sewer service area was prepared utilizing a “parcel based” build-out approach.

The total number of potential units within each residential, commercial and industrial district was then multiplied by the maximum percent building coverage specified in the zoning ordinances to reach a maximum building area at build-out. Residential flows were projected assuming 300gpd / dwelling unit. Commercial and Industrial flows were projected assuming 0.10 gpd/sq.ft. of building area.

Table 5.E.2.1 summarizes the build-out flow projections for the existing sewer service area. In addition, the table reflects a breakdown of the acreage of land available for development (i.e., either undeveloped or underdeveloped, and not constrained due to environmentally sensitive areas) within each general zone of the municipality, based on the build-out analysis.

| Treatment Facility | Zone | Developable Acres | Potential Units | Average Daily Flow (GPD) | Total ADF (GPD) |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | <i>See Note (a)</i> | <i>See Note (b)</i> | <i>See Note (c)</i> | <i>See Note (d)</i> |
| Salem City WWTP | A* | 12.65 | 224 | Varies | 3,930 |
| | LC | 0.98 | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Woodstown WWTP | A | 35.06 | 9 | 300 | 2,700 |
| | RR | 1.78 | 0 | 300 | 0 |
| TOTAL | | | | | 7,630 gpd 0.008 mgd |

The notes referenced below are indicated in the above table.

Notes:

- (a) “Developable Acres” represents the available acreage per zone of the Township in accordance with the current Mannington Township Master Plan.
- (b) “Potential Units” represent the number of remaining units that may be constructed within each zone within the existing sewer service area.
- (c) Average Daily Flow has been calculated based on current NJDEP regulations.
 - Commercial Zone LC, GC, Average Daily Flow Based on 0.1 gal/SF established for Offices and Industry (40% coverage of 25,000 square foot lots or 10,000 sf)
- (d) TOTAL ADF represents the remaining potential build-out within the existing sewer service area. Individual parcels with less than the minimum lot size for each zone have not been assessed an average daily flow value
- (e) (A*) reflects specific average daily flow values for proposed school and/or municipal building..

3. Future Sewer Service Area Build-out Analysis

An analysis of the future sewer service area does not apply to Mannington Township, as this municipality is not proposing a sewer service area as a part of this submission of the Salem County WMP. All potential flows within the FWSA have been included within the above analysis.

VI. ANALYSIS OF CAPACITY TO MEET FUTURE WASTEWATER NEEDS

This section of the wastewater management plan analyzes whether there is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity to meet the needs of the Municipality based on the projections described above. For sewer service areas this requires a comparison of the projected future demand to the existing capacity of the sewage treatment plant.

A. ADEQUACY OF SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT CAPACITY

Table 6.A.1 provides a comparison of existing wastewater treatment capacity with existing and future flow demands within the municipality. The final column determines whether existing capacity is or is not adequate for the projected flows. Details of the projections are included within the Salem City and Woodstown municipal chapters, which also address any needs for new or expanded treatment facility discharges.

| Table 6.A.1: Wastewater Treatment Plant Capacity | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|---|
| Treatment Works | Permit No. | Current Treatment Capacity (mgd) | Average Daily Flows 2010 (mgd) | | Existing SSA Build-Out Projection (mgd) | Proposed SSA Build-Out Projection (mgd) | Remaining Treatment Capacity of System (mgd) |
| | | | Mannington Township | WWTP System | | | |
| Salem WWTP | NJ0024856 | 1.4 | 0.104 | 0.696 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.700 |
| Woodstown WWTP | NJ0022250 | 0.53 | 0.076 | 0.346 | 0.003 | 0.000 | 0.181 |

The total treatment capacity for the Salem City WWTP (1.40 mgd) that serves Mannington Township is greater than the projected flow necessary to support the combination of existing demand within the sewer service area and proposed build-out flows (0.105 mgd) that is contributed to the system. Similarly, the total treatment capacity for the Woodstown WWTP (0.53 mgd) that serves Mannington Township is greater than the projected flow necessary to support the combination of existing demand within the sewer service area and proposed build-out flows (0.079 mgd) that is contributed to the system. Average daily flows are based off of information provided by the Salem City Water and Sewerage Department and the WSA. Based on the analysis presented above, Sufficient wastewater treatment capacity exists to accommodate the currently proposed Sewer Service Areas.

B. ANALYSIS AND SELECTION OF TREATMENT ALTERNATIVES

This section is not applicable to this municipality, as sufficient capacity currently exists to address the future wastewater management needs projected by the plan.

C. ANTIDegradation ANALYSIS FOR NEW AND EXPANDED DOMESTIC TREATMENT WORKS

This section is not applicable to this municipality as new or expanded wastewater facilities are not being proposed at this time.

VII. FUTURE WATER SUPPLY AVAILABILITY

The purpose of the Depletive/Consumptive Water Use Analysis is to determine if there is sufficient water supply to serve the proposed development of the municipality. The analysis should compare the build-out water supply need with the existing permitted water allocation. To complete the objective of this analysis, water allocation and drinking water demand within the existing sewer service area were compared. A build-out projection of the proposed sewer service area was then prepared to determine the additional water demands that may result. These demands were also compared to the water allocation to verify whether sufficient water supply exists to serve the proposed development. The information provided was made available by the Salem Water Department or obtained from DEP online sources. The comparison of water allocation and projected build-out for the proposed sewer service area are summarized in the table below.

A. SUFFICIENCY OF WATER SUPPLY

Mannington Township does not currently own or operate a public community water supply system. Mannington Township is generally supplied by individual private water wells. However, the City of Salem and Borough of Woodstown community water supply system provides potable water to a portion of Mannington Township as identified within this chapter. No further expansion of the Salem or Woodstown water distribution systems is planned within Mannington Township. Future development within the Township will continue to be supplied by individual water wells.

VIII. MAPPING REQUIREMENTS

A. BASIS FOR SERVICE AREA DELINEATIONS

The results of the required environmental analyses, summarized in Section III and the delineation of the sewer service areas identified in section IV above provide justification for the established service area delineations by demonstrating consistency with all applicable NJDEP requirements and criteria. The Mannington WMP provides the most current planning efforts within the Sewer Service Area.

The Mannington proposed Sewer Service Area encompasses the future sewer service area necessary to implement the goals and objectives of the municipality. Those areas have been reduced to account for the buffer requirements regarding wetlands, the habitats of Threatened and Endangered Species and Riparian Corridors.

The proposed Mannington Township Sewer Service Area does not contain any areas located within the Pinelands. Areas located within the watershed of a Fresh Water One (FWI) stream, as classified in the Surface Water Quality Standards, and/or that have Class I-A ground water (Ground Water of Special Ecological Significance), as classified in the Ground Water Quality Standards, are identified as "Non-degradation water areas based on the Surface Water Quality Standards at NJ.A.C. 7:9B, and/or the Ground Water Quality Standards at NJ.A.C. 7:9-6." Areas so designated are included on Map No.3. Non-degradation water areas shall be maintained in their natural state (set aside for posterity) and are subject to restrictions.

B. MAPPING CLASSIFICATION

The mapping for this municipal chapter of the WMP was created by using available data from NJDEP, online GIS data sets and has been prepared in accordance with NJDEP WMP guidelines. The maps included within this submission reflect the requirements for preparing a Water Quality Management Plan Amendment. Five (5) maps with specific features have been provided. Supplemental maps have been included to clarify information in an effort to clearly depict the required information. Each map has been provided with a complete and readily understandable legend. All 30" x 42" maps have been developed using New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Geographic Information System digital data at a scale of 1" = 1 mile'. Additional 11" x 17" maps have been provided within each report for convenience. The maps are classified below:

1. MAP #1: WMP MUNICIPAL MAP/WATER INFRASTRUCTURE

The map depicts the municipal boundary as well as the potable water infrastructure, if applicable. This planning area is exclusive to the municipality's boundary. The map also includes HUC-11's, and existing water service infrastructure. Map No.1 shows areas of the municipality that lay within the

Hackensack Meadowlands District, Pinelands Areas, Pinelands National Reserves, or franchise areas.

2. MAP NO.2: EXISTING FACILITIES & SERVICE AREAS

This map depicts the existing wastewater service area. This map also identifies the present extent of the actual sewer infrastructure within the municipal boundary of Mannington Township, including all sewer department buildings, existing NJPDES facility (WWTP) locations, pump stations, force mains, and gravity sewers. All areas outside the existing sewer service area are served by ISSDS with wastewater planning flows of less than or equal to 2,000 gpd.

3. MAP NO.3: PROPOSED FACILITIES & SERVICE AREAS

The map illustrates the wastewater service areas, non-degradation areas, pumping stations, major interceptors and trunk lines, which are proposed to exist in the future. The boundaries of future service areas coincide with recognizable geographic or political features (i.e., roads, lot lines, zoning area boundaries, water bodies). The proposed future infrastructure and facilities are also depicted on the map. The existing infrastructure and facilities from Map No.2 are also included in this map.

4. MAP NO.4: MANNINGTON TOWNSHIP ZONING MAP

The map depicts the current zoning of Mannington Township. The zoned minimum lot acreage for Commercial, Industrial and Residential areas within the WMP proposed Sewer Service Area indicated in Table 8.B.4.1 below were utilized to determine calculated flows within the future sewer service area.

| Zone | Zone Title | Minimum Lot Area | Minimum Lot Width | Minimum Lot Depth | Minimum Front Yard Setback | Minimum Side Yard Setback | Minimum Rear Yard Setback | Maximum Building Height | Maximum Building Cover | Other Impervious Cover | |
|------|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|
| A | AGRICUTURAL | 3 ACRES | 250' | 350' | 75' | 40' | 60' | 35' | 10% | 15% | |
| CONS | CONSERVATION | 5 ACRES | 300' | 400' | 80' | 30' | 60' | 35' | 5% | 5% | |
| CR | CONDITIONAL RESIDENTIAL | 3 ACRES | 250' | 350' | 75' | 40' | 60' | 35' | 10% | 15% | |
| GC | GENERAL COMMERCIAL | 25,000SF | 125' | 175' | 50' | 20' | 20' | 35' | 40% | 35% | |
| HR | HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | SINGLE FAMILY | 20,000 SF | 100' | 150' | 35' | 15' | 30' | 35' | 20% | 25% |
| | | TOWNHOUSES | 5 ACRES | 300' | 400' | 40' | 20' | 40' | 35' | | |
| | | APARTMENTS | 5 ACRES | 300' | 400' | 40' | 20' | 40' | 35' | 40% | 30% |
| I | INDUSTRIAL | | | | 60' | 30' | 50' | 50' | 40% | 30% | |
| MR | MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | 25,000 SF | 125' | 175' | 40' | 20' | 35' | 35' | 20% | 25% | |
| RR | RURAL RESIDENTIAL | 3 ACRES | 250' | 350' | 75' | 40' | 60' | 35' | 10% | 15% | |
| LC | LIMITED COMMERCIAL | 25,000SF | 125' | 175' | 50' | 20' | 20' | 35' | 40% | 35% | |

5. MAP NO.5A: ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES (REFER TO COUNTY MAP SET)

The map depicts environmental features indicated in N.J.A.C. 7:15-5.17 including major drainage basin boundaries (U.S.G.S. Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 11 Watersheds), CAFRA boundary and flood prone areas (FEMA). Map No.5A shows any New Jersey and Federal Wild and Scenic Rivers, FW 1-Trout Production or FW 2 Trout Production or farmlands preservation areas. Streams with FW2-NTC1/SE1 and FW2-NT/SE1 ranking are also shown.

6. MAP NO.5B: ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES (REFER TO COUNTY MAP SET)

The map depicts environmental features indicated in N.J.A.C. 7:15-5.17 including wetlands, required wetlands buffers, public open space and recreation areas greater than or equal to (10) ten acres. Additional information including major drainage basin boundaries (U.S.G.S. hydrologic unit code (HUC) 14 watersheds), landscape project areas for grasslands, emergent and forested areas with rankings of 3, 4 and 5 are also shown. MapNo.5B shows any New Jersey and Federal Wild and Scenic Rivers, FW 1 Trout Production or FW 2 Trout Production or farmlands preservation areas.

7. MAP NO.5C: ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES (REFER TO COUNTY MAP SET)

The map depicts environmental features indicated in N.J.A.C. 7:15-5.17 including the natural heritage priority sites for threatened and endangered species. Landscape Project Areas for Forested Wetlands and Bald Eagle Foraging are shown on this map. Map No.5C shows any New Jersey and Federal Wild and Scenic Rivers, FW 1-Trout Production or FW 2 Trout Production or Farmlands Preservation areas. C-1 water bodies are identified on the map as well. Sewer service areas are excluded from the 300ft buffers of C-1 water bodies and on all tributaries within the HUC 14 watershed.