









Sara Sayed

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September 5th, 2024

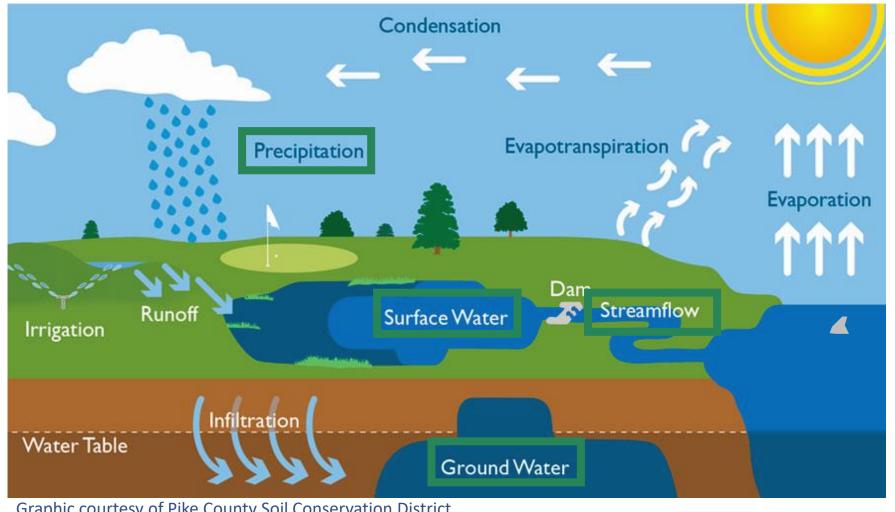
DRBC 3Q 2024 Business

Meeting



The Hydrologic Cycle

Water moves around the earth through air, soil, and over land.

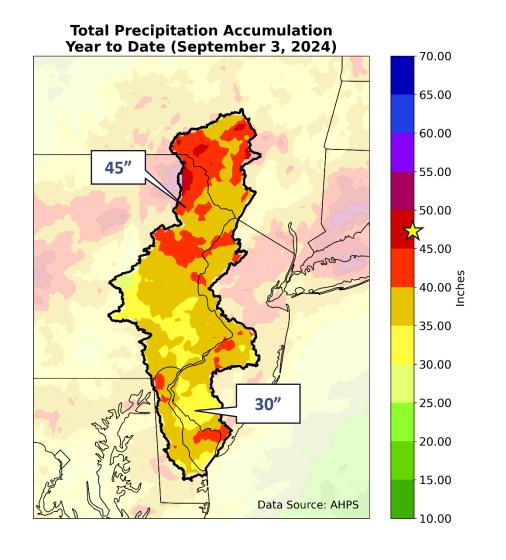


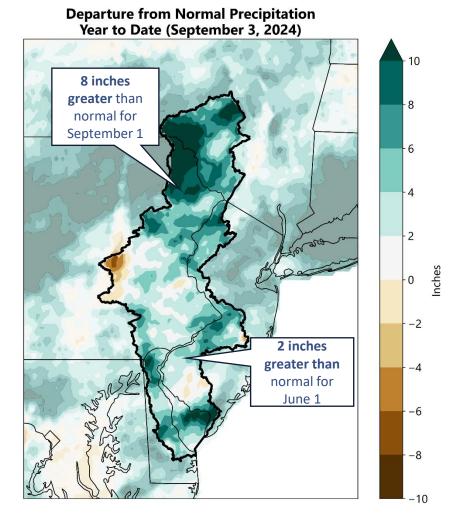




Precipitation since January 1

The basin has received much more than normal rainfall so far this year.

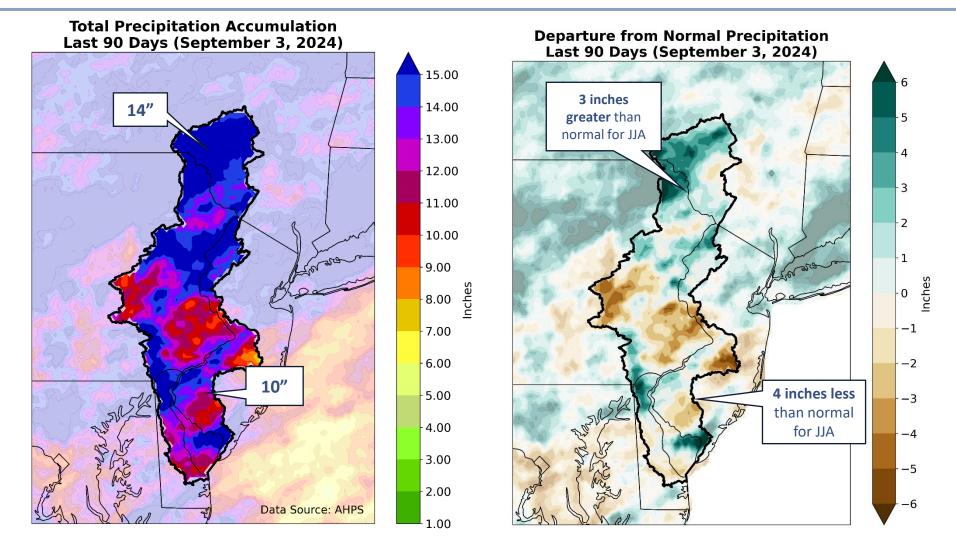






Precipitation – 90 days

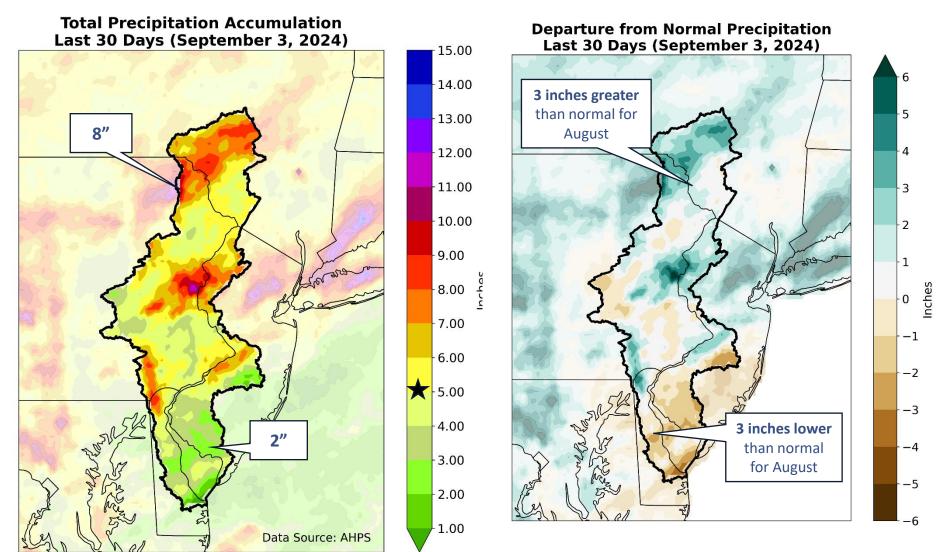
The past three-month period has been wetter in the Upper Basin and drier in the lower basin.





Precipitation – past 30 days

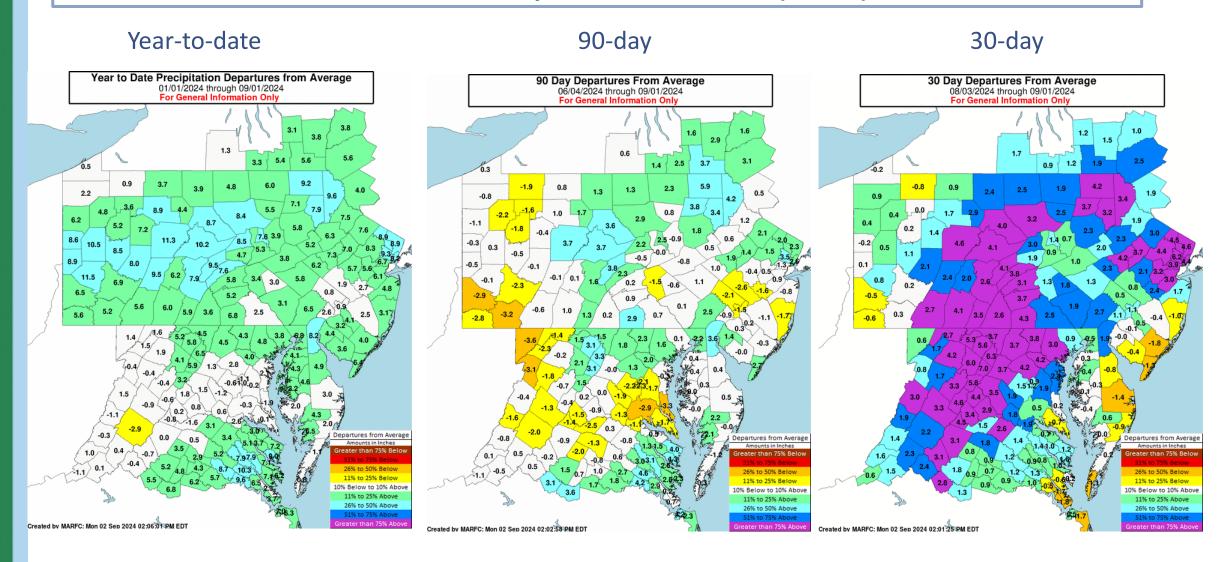
August was relatively drier in the lower basin and wetter in the upper basin.





Precipitation Departures

Conditions have become relatively wetter over the past quarter and month.



Streamflow

Smaller tributaries remain below normal while larger ones have returned to normal after recent rains.

Flow Conditions:

Upper Basin: Normal

Central Basin: Normal/Below Normal

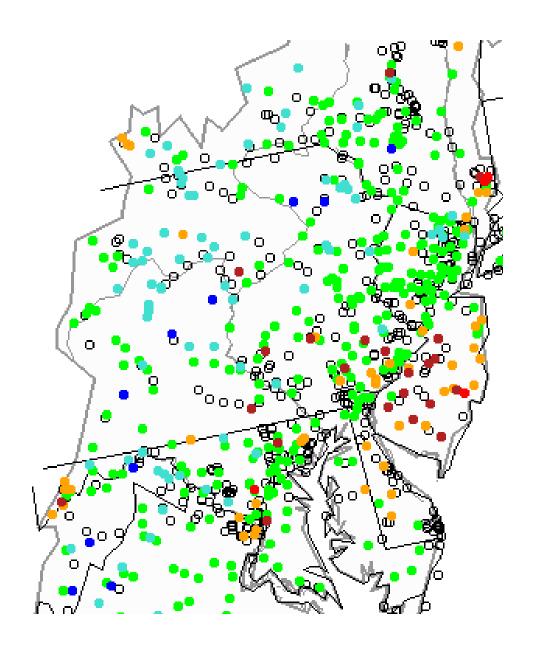
Lower Basin: Normal/Below Normal

Explanation - Percentile classes								
		•	•			•	0	
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High	Not-ranked	
	Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal			

Map last updated:

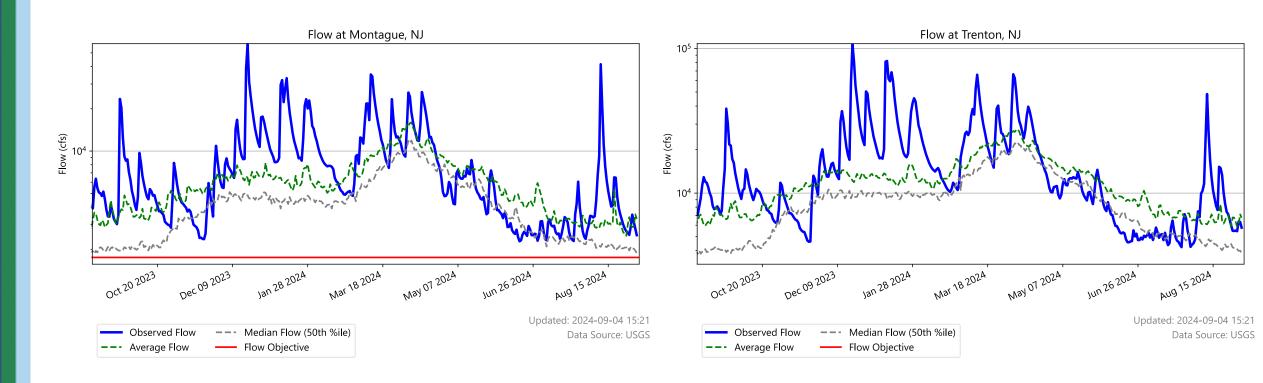
1:30 pm, September 3, 2024

Data Source: USGS



Streamflow

Flows along the mainstem remain above normal to normal after recent rains.

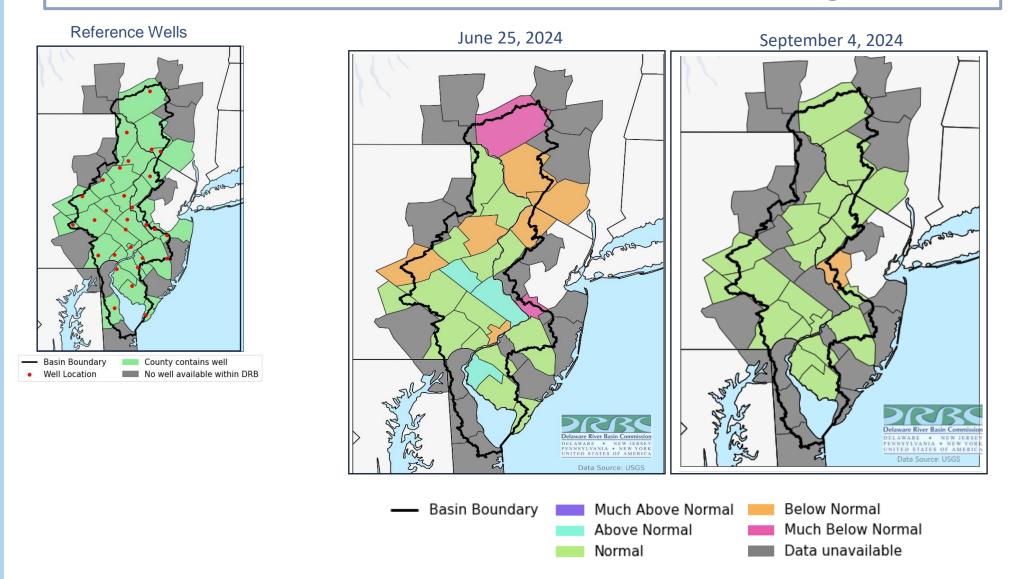


Map last updated: 3:18 pm, September 4, 2024

Data Source: USGS

Groundwater Levels

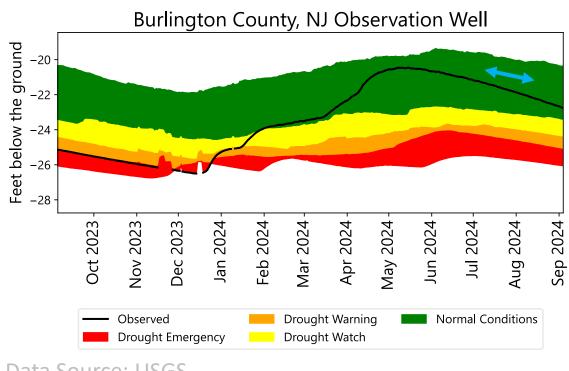
Groundwater levels have recovered to normal levels with higher rainfall.

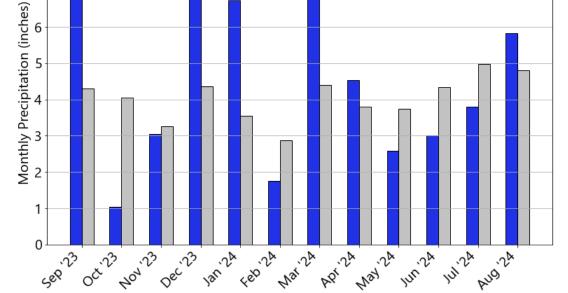




Groundwater Levels

Groundwater levels recovered during and after high rainfall months.





Monthly and Normal Precipitation Lower Delaware basin

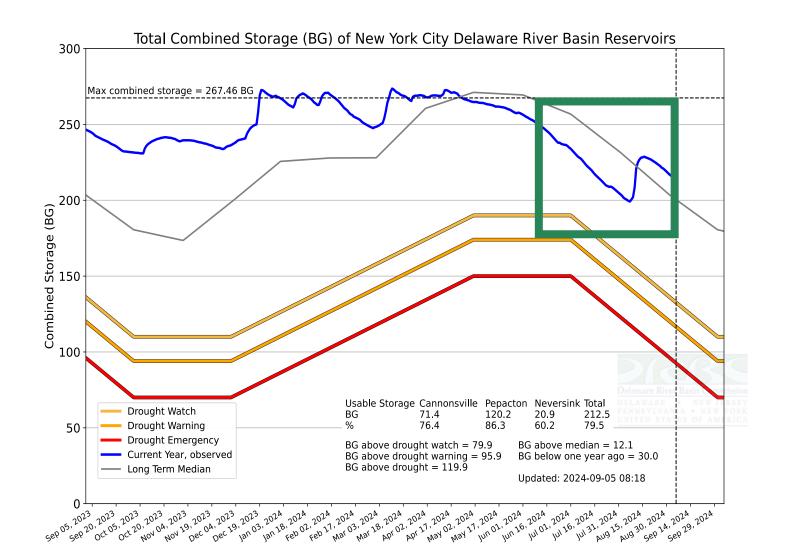
Data Source: USGS





New York City Reservoir Storage

Low rainfall and high diversions are reflected in the combined storage.

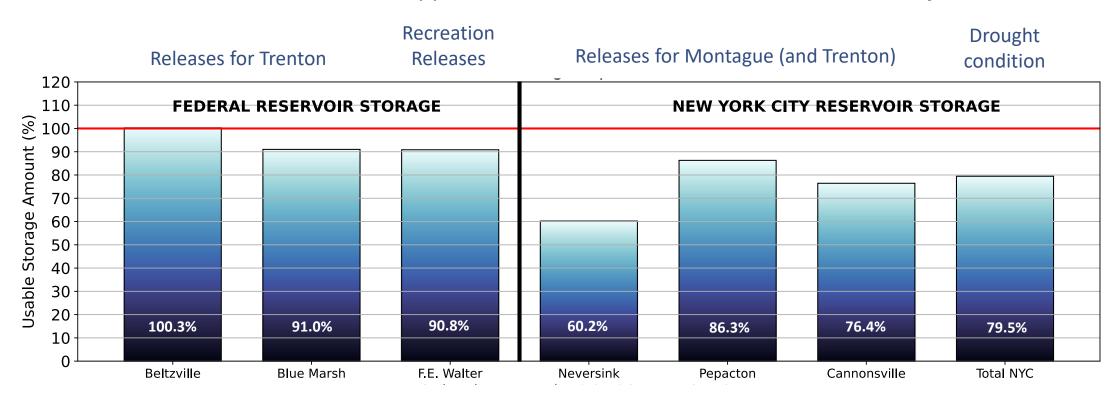




Reservoir Storage for Flow Management

The reservoirs are full or near full.

Releases from Lower and Upper Basin Reservoirs are used to meet flow objectives.

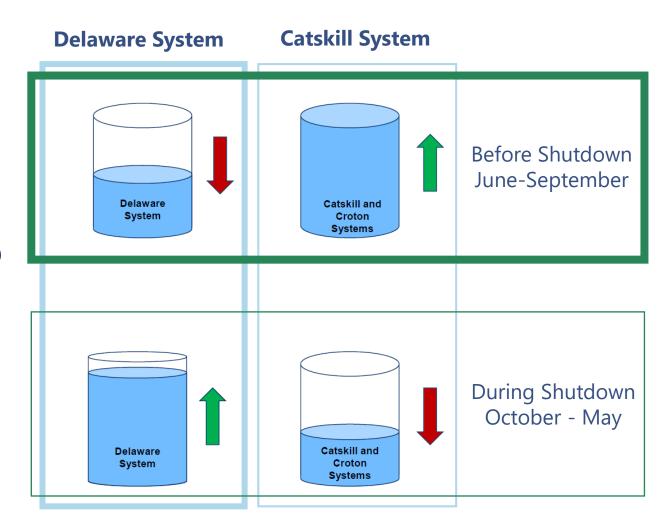




Delaware Aqueduct Repair (shutdown)

Operations will be in accordance with the Flexible Flow Management Program.

- Shutdown beginning next month.
- FFMP provisions are unaffected.
- Inflow forecasts inform operations.
- Release rates selected based on current AND predicted storage.
- FFMP limits the maximum diversion not when water is diverted.



Links to more information:

https://www.nj.gov/drbc/programs/flow/nyc-aqueduct-shutdown.html

Potential Impacts During Shutdown

Impacts are within the range of standard operations under the FFMP.



Drought Conditions are unlikely.



Releases are expected to be at the best levels for fishing and recreation

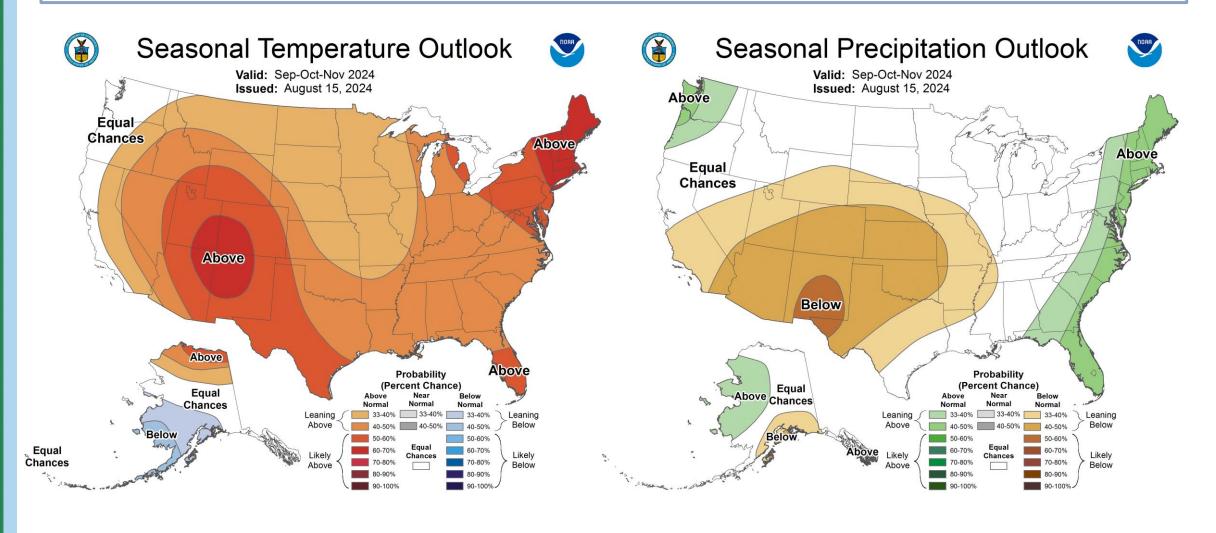


Risk of minor flooding has slightly increased and more likely after the hurricane season.



NOAA Seasonal Outlook

Above normal precipitation forecast is due to active hurricane season forecast.



Hurricane Forecast for 2024

Back-to-back hurricanes have produced basin-wide flooding, but not always.

	Forecast 2024	2023	30-year Average
Named Storms	20 - 25	19	14
Hurricanes	8 - 12	7	7
Major Hurricanes	4 - 7	3	3
Likely to Impact US	4 - 6	4	4

The 30-year average was based on 1990-2020 Seasons NOAA – May 2024; Probability of an above normal season = 85%

Hurricane Names for 2024: Alberto, Beryl, Chris, Debby, Ernesto, Francine, Gordon, Helene, **Isaac**, Joyce, Kirk, Leslie, Milton, Nadine, Oscar, Patty, Rafael, Sara, Tony, Valerie, William.



Impacts of Tropical Storm Lee in the DRB:

https://www.nj.gov/drbc/library/documents/Flood Website/Irene-Lee2011.pdf

DRBC Flood Portal:

https://www.nj.gov/drbc/programs/flood/portal-flood.html



Hydrologic conditions summary



- Hydrologic conditions in the basin are normal after recent rain in August
- Aqueduct shutdown is proceeding next month- impacts likely minor
- Three-month outlook- warmer and wetter weather continuing







