













Presented to an advisory committee of the DRBC on December 19, 2024. Contents should not be published or re-posted in whole or in part without permission of DRBC.

### Special Protection Waters (SPW) Monitoring





### Assessment Period 2023 – 2025

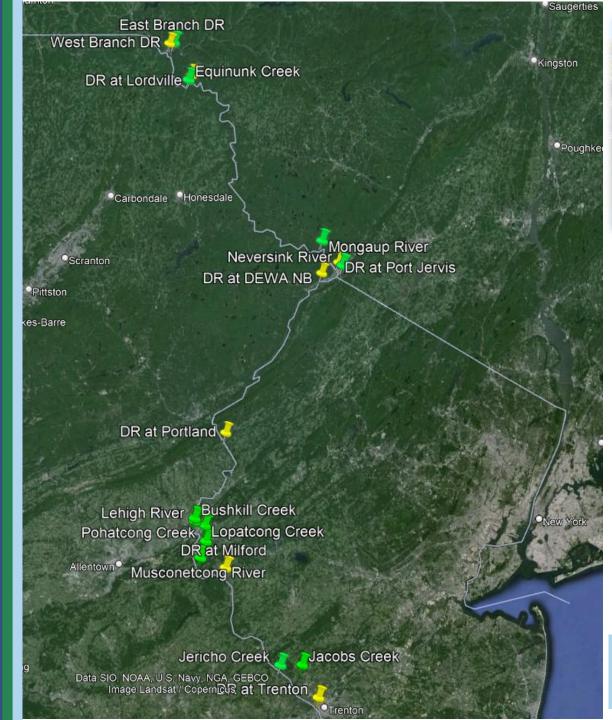
- Last assessment done for 2009 – 2011
- Rotating site basis vs. reach-wide

#### **NPS Partners**

- DEWA and UPDE
- DRBC monitors the Lower Delaware (LDEL)

### **Monitoring plan**

- Twice monthly
  - May September
- 7 mainstem sites (ICPs)
- 11 tributaries (BCPs)
- Alkalinity, hardness, nutrients, ions, and in-situ parameters







"No measurable change shall occur"

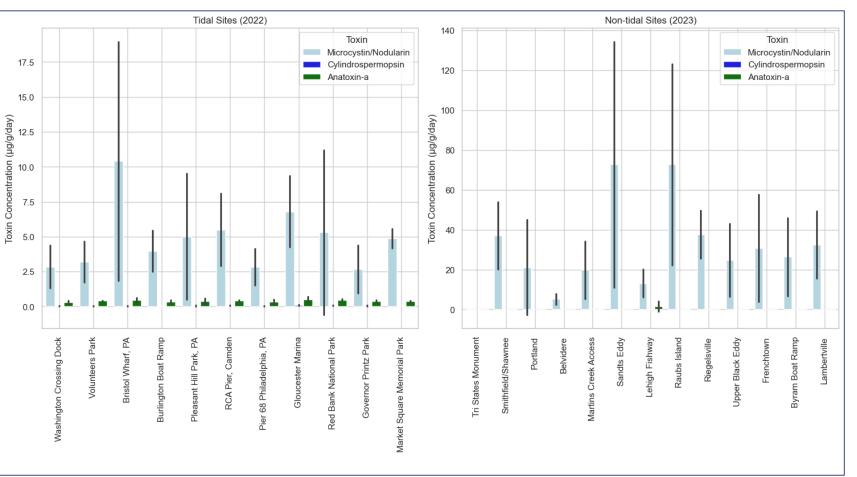
# **Cyanotoxins Monitoring**



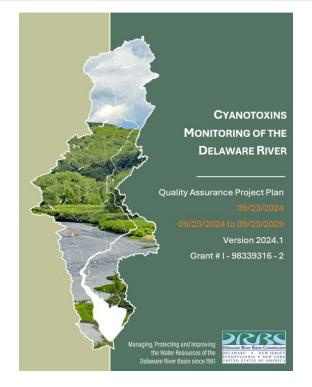


## SPATT (Solid Phase Adsorption Toxins Tracking) Pilot Study Conducted 2022 – 2023

**Next steps**: Identify congeners (e.g., MC-LR) in SPATT bags and estimate cyanotoxin concentrations in the mainstem



Cyanotoxin	10-day Drinking Water Health Advisory (EPA)
Cylindrospermopsin	0.7 – 3.0 μg/L
Microcystin	0.3 – 1.6 μg/L

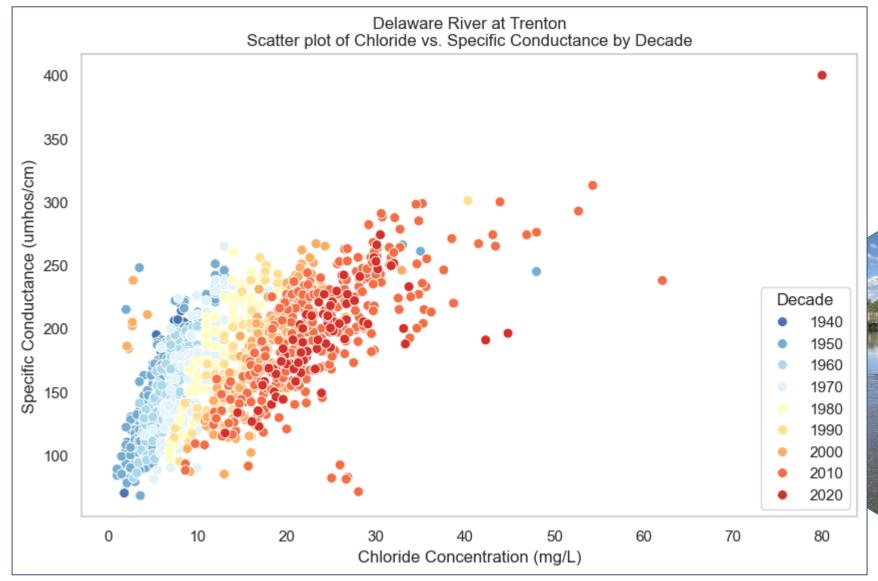


# **Chloride Monitoring**





### Increasing Chloride Trends in the Non-tidal Delaware River



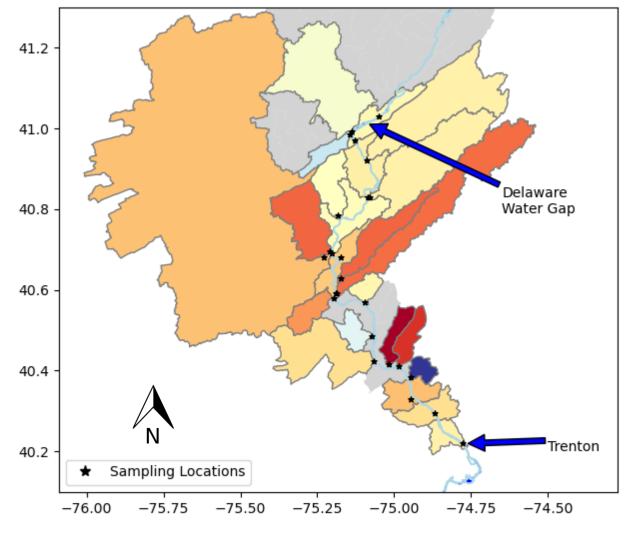
- Historical monitoring site
- Non-tidal boundary location

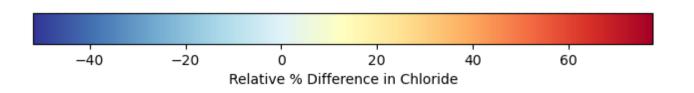


### Non-tidal Chloride Monitoring

- 2016 SPW Lower
   Delaware Measurable
   Change Assessment
   results prompted
   monitoring at 27
   locations
- Increasing trends prevalent
- Chloride levels are well below state criteria
  - Aquatic life
    - 860 and 230 mg/L (acute and chronic)
  - Drinking water
    - 250 mg/L

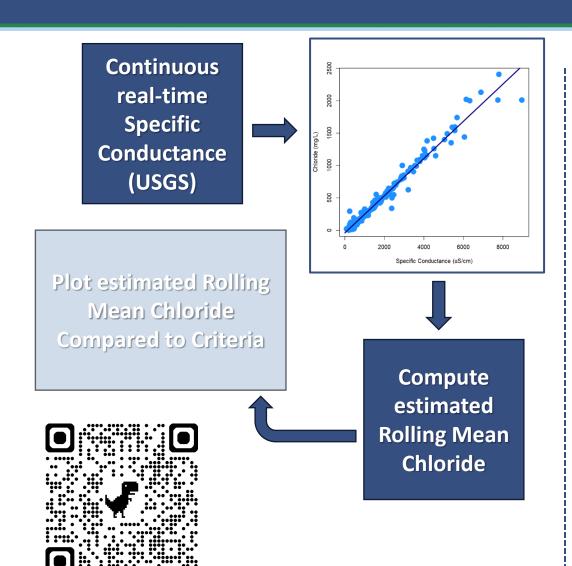


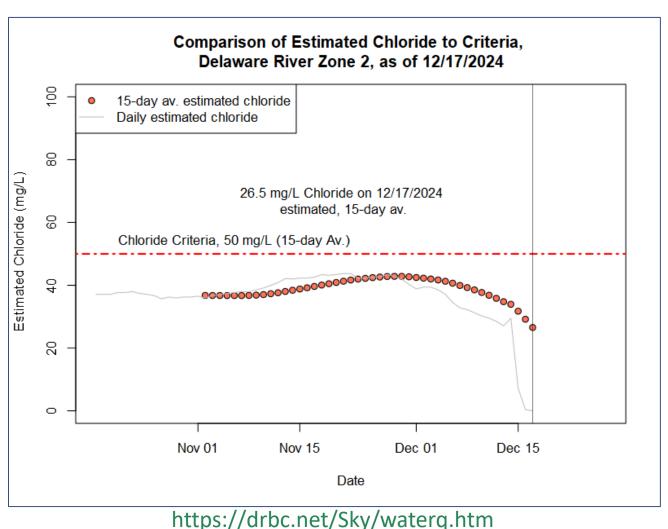




## Downstream of Delaware at Trenton (into Zone 2): Daily Assessment via DRBC Water Quality Dashboard

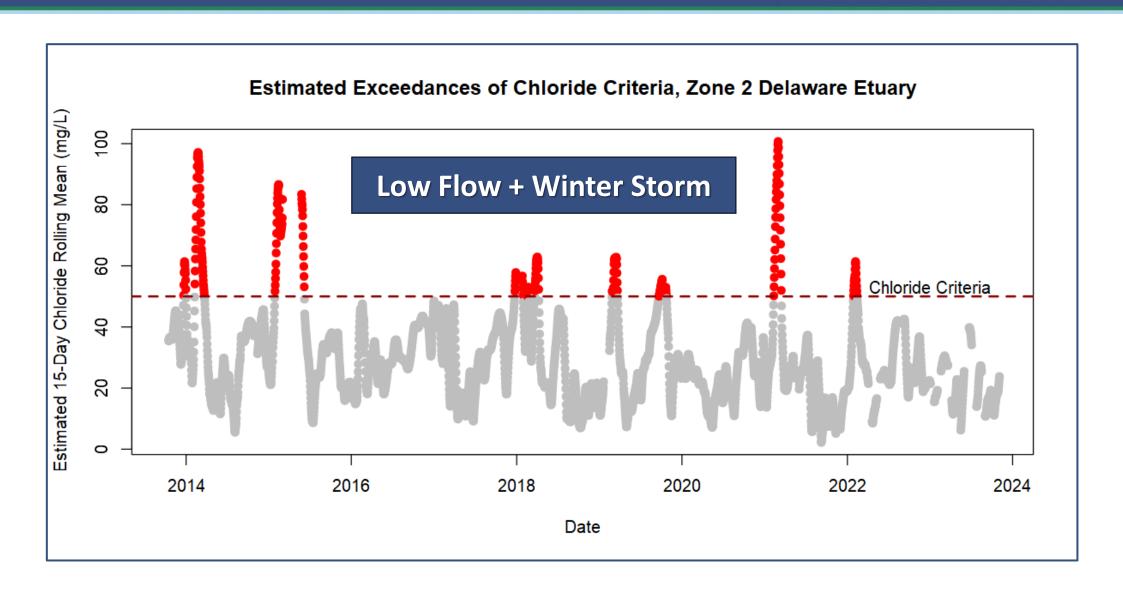






## Apparent DRBC Criteria Exceedances (more stringent) have occurred in Zone 2





### Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR) Monitoring: Pilot Study 2025





### What is Antimicrobial Resistance?

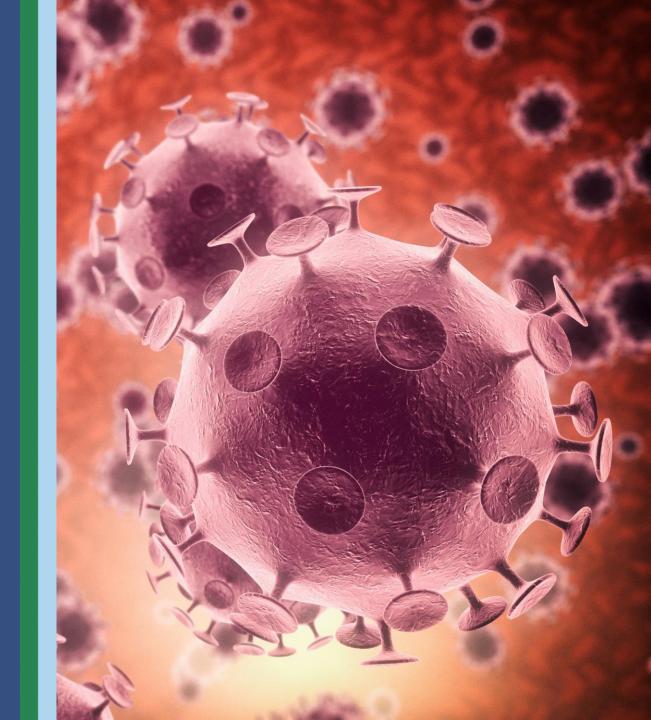
 AMR occurs when bacteria and other microorganisms become resistant to drugs like antibiotics, making infections harder to treat.

### Why Monitor AMR?

Aquatic environments spread drugresistant pathogens, posing risks to public health.

#### Goals for 2025:

- Develop a monitoring approach (with QAPP)
- Conduct a sampling event targeting sites in the populated urban corridor

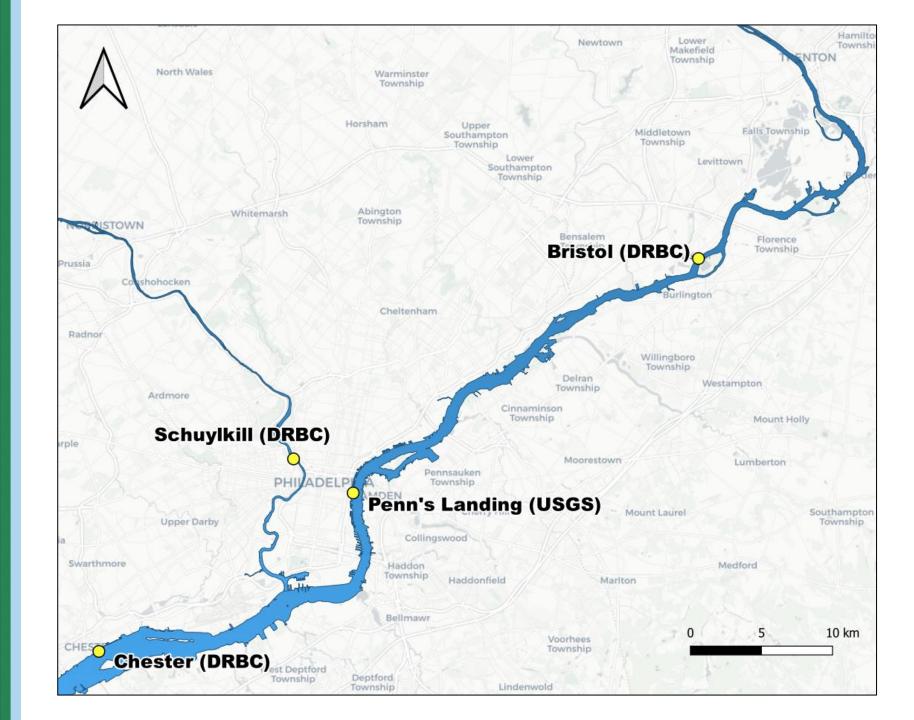


### Delaware Estuary Phytoplankton Monitoring

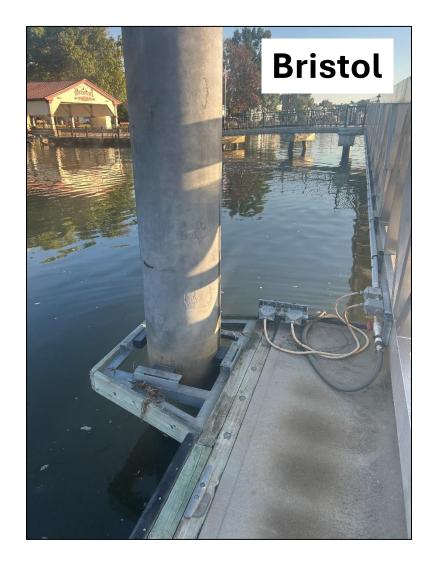


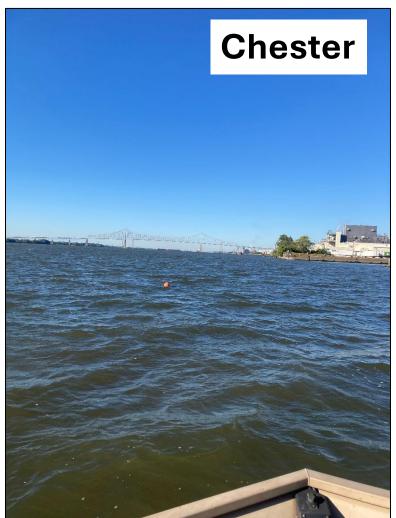


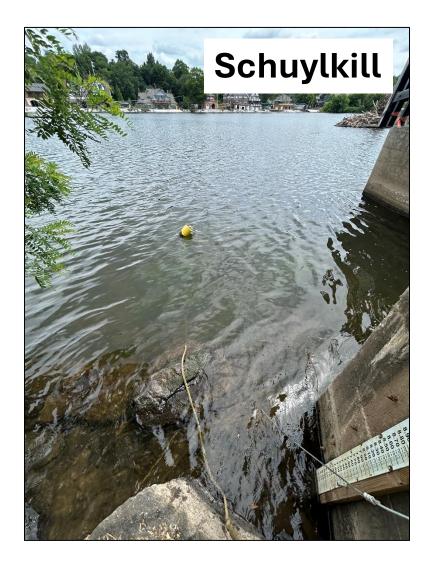
- DRBC loggers
  - Bristol (zone 2)
  - Chester (zone 4)
  - Schuylkill above head of tide
- USGS logger
  - Penn's Landing (zone 3)
- Monitoring period April – October
- 20 grab samples
  - Chlorophyll a
  - Algal community composition



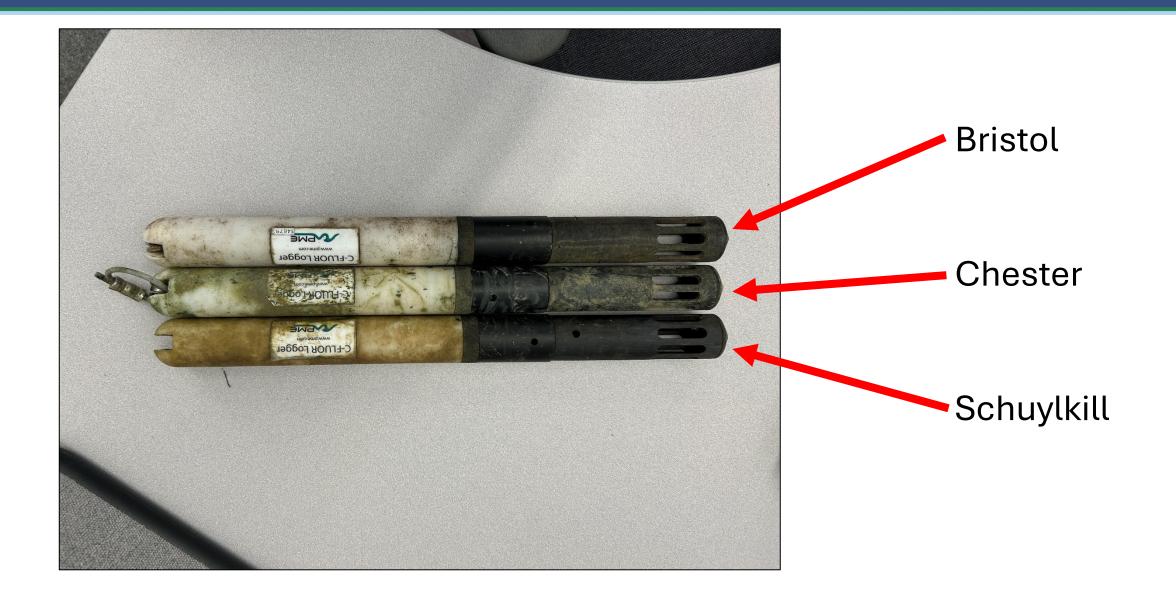
### **Monitoring Locations**

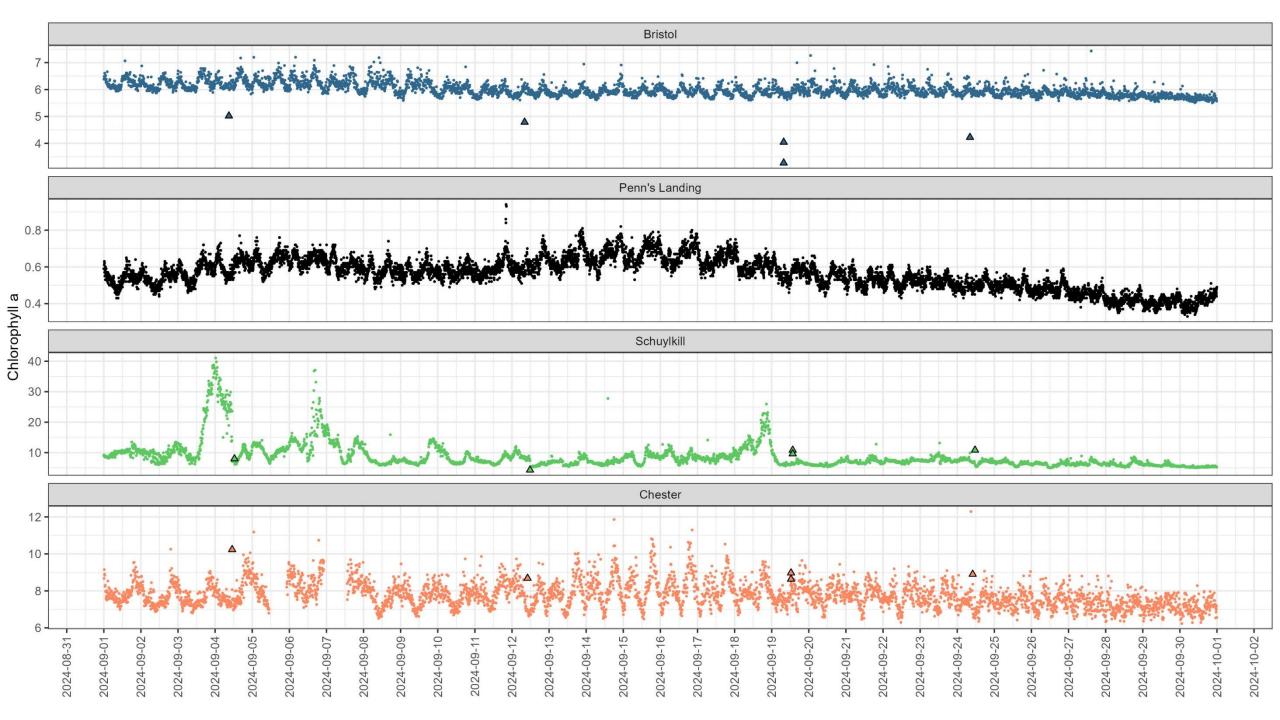






### Continuous Chlorophyll a Loggers





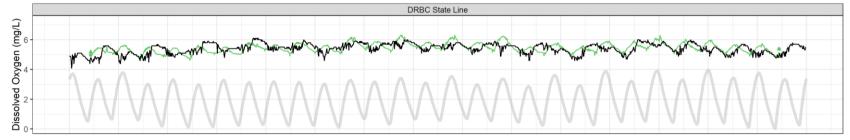
# DO Monitoring in Sturgeon Habitat





- Current USGS logger at Chester is several miles upstream of important sturgeon nursery grounds
- Collect enhanced spatial resolution DO data in portion of the estuary important to young-of-year Atlantic sturgeon
- Deploy several top/bottom DO loggers at multiple locations
- Target low DO time of year (July-September)



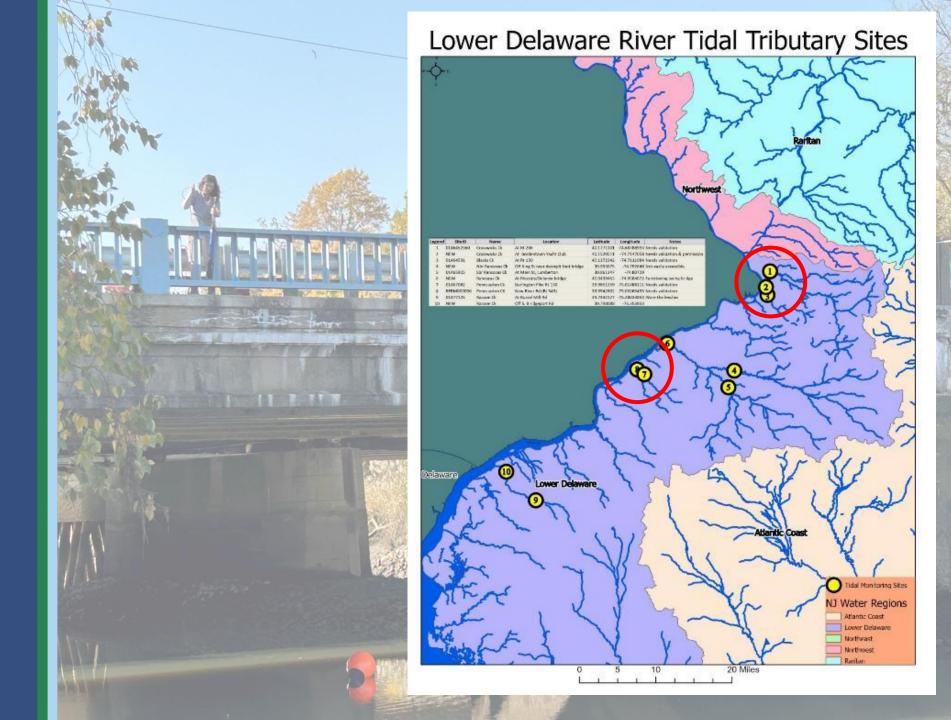


# Tributary Nutrient Monitoring with NJDEP





- Support NJ efforts to monitor several tidal tributaries for nutrients and water quality
- DRBC will assist on Crosswicks, Blacks, and Pennsauken creeks
- Installation of sondes to measure
   Temperature, Specific Conductance,
   Dissolved Oxygen, pH, and Turbidity
- Grab samples for nutrients



## 6-PPDq Monitoring



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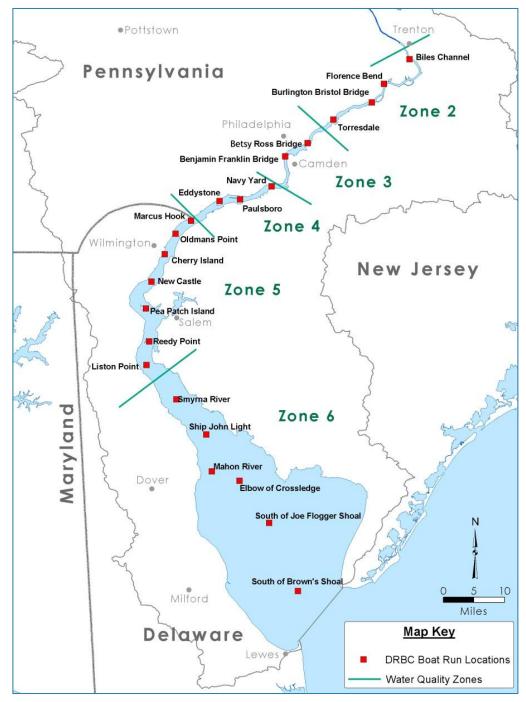


## 6-PPDq Monitoring



### Delaware Estuary Water Quality Monitoring (Boat Run)

- ■Since mid-1960's
- ■22 Sites
- Once per month, April-October (typical)
- **■**Parameter Groups
  - •Dissolved Oxygen, pH, temperature, specific conductance, turbidity, secchi depth, PAR
  - •Nutrients (ammonia, nitrate + nitrite, phosphorus)
  - ·Sodium, Chloride, Chlorophyll a
  - Bacteria
  - Metals
  - •Bromide (lower level)

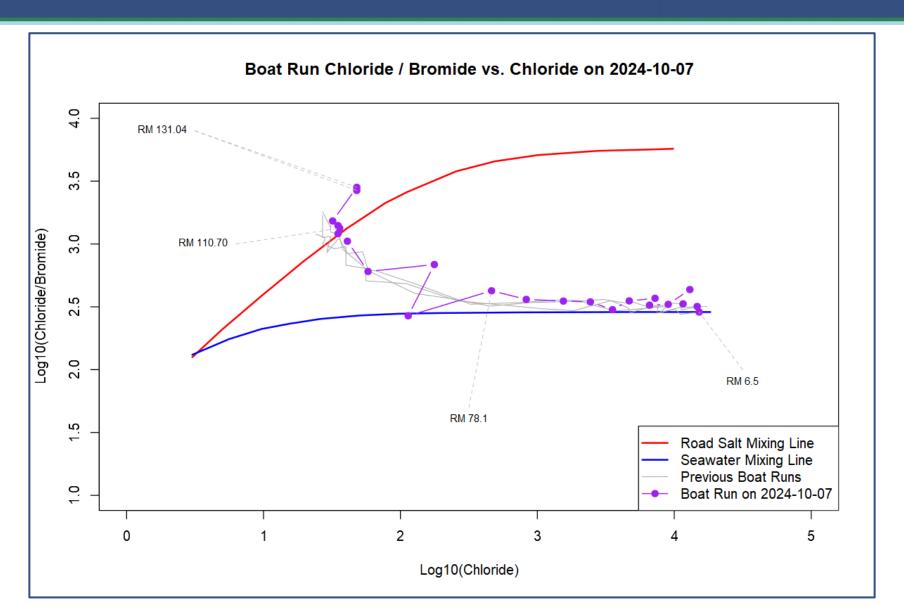






## Chloride / Bromide Ratio Plots Help determine source of salts mid-estuary

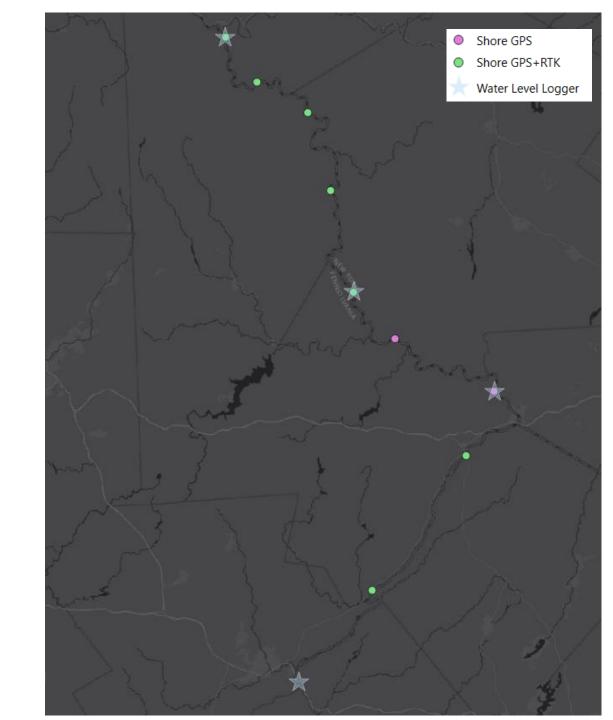




# Additional Low Flow Monitoring

- HOBO water level loggers at 4 locations
- RTK-GPS shore location measurements at multiple locations
- In support of low-flow habitat model development





### **Additional Low-Flow Monitoring**

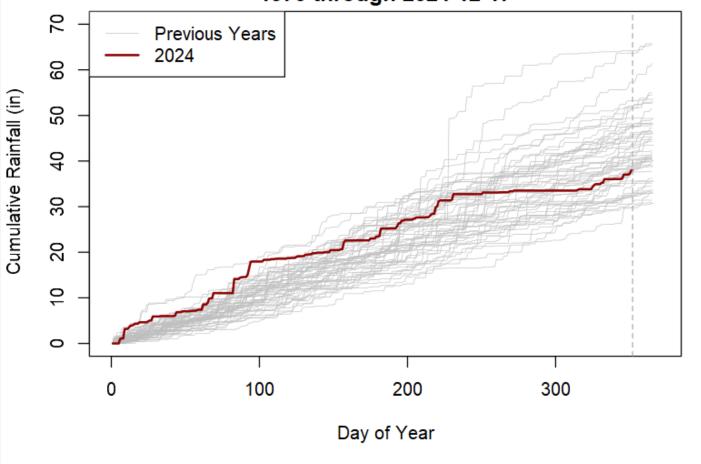




# New daily dashboard images

https://drbc.net/Sky/flows.htm

### Cumulative Rainfall by Day of Year Philadelphia International Airport 1970 through 2024-12-17

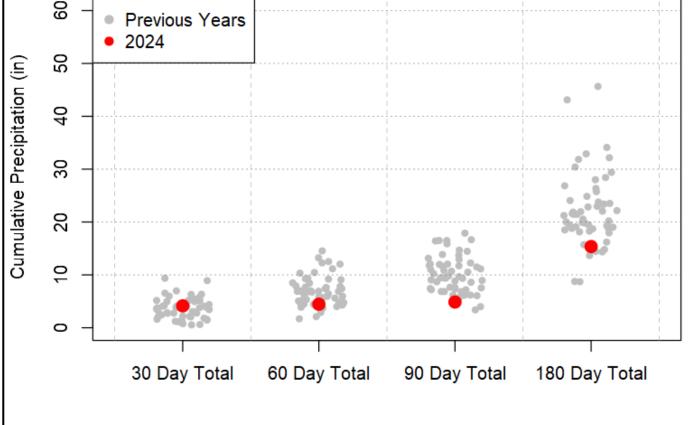




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# Cumulative 30, 60, 90, and 180 day Precipitation Totals to Day of Year from 1970 to 2024-12-17 Philadelphia International Airport Previous Years

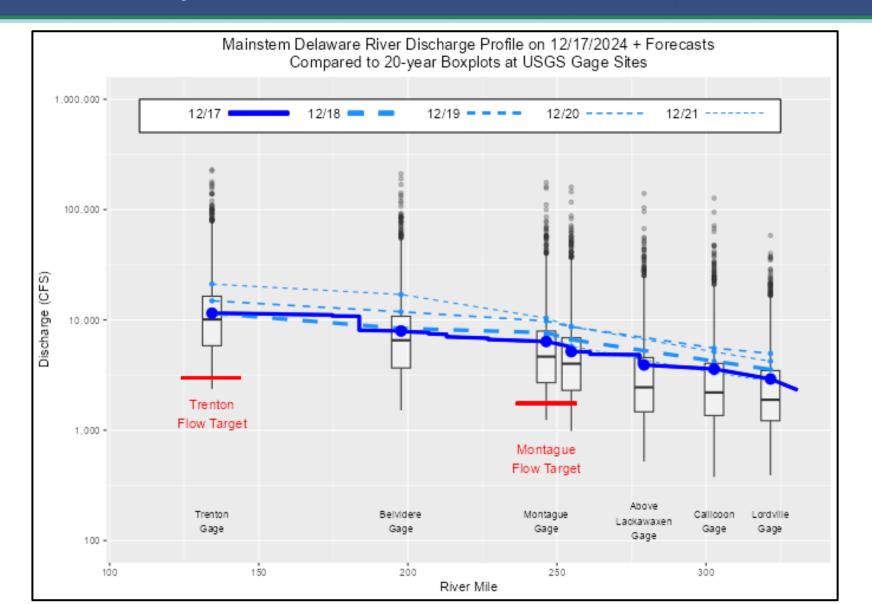




### New daily dashboard images

### https://drbc.net/Sky/flows.htm





### **Drone** sUAS Based Monitoring





- Acquired a sUAS with thermal imaging camera
- Planned work:
  - Heat dissipation areas
  - Pre- and during flood inundation at selected locations

Open to other technical applications





Delaware River at Raub's Island (near River Mile 177). Low flow photo was taken on November 6<sup>th</sup> when daily mean flow at Trenton was 2,900 CFS (~ 3<sup>rd</sup> percentile since 1982).





Mid flow photo taken on November 30<sup>th</sup> when daily mean flow at Trenton was 8010 CFS (~ 43<sup>rd</sup> percentile).





High flow photo taken on December 13<sup>th</sup> when daily mean flow at Trenton was 37,200 CFS (~ 96<sup>th</sup> percentile).



Photos from the Delaware River at Bull's Island and Lumberville-Raven Rock Bridge (near River Mile 155.4). Low flow photo was taken on October 28<sup>th</sup> when daily mean flow at Trenton was 3,030 CFS (~ 4<sup>th</sup> percentile since 1982). High flow photo taken on December 13<sup>th</sup> when daily mean flow at Trenton was 37,200 CFS (~ 96<sup>th</sup> percentile).

# PADEP & NJDEP Support Delaware Estuary Bacterial Monitoring

- 135 sites
- 6 sampling events within a 30-day window
- June & July 2024
- E. Coli
- Enterococcus
- Fecal Coliform
- QPCR (PA sites)
- Paired tryptophan (subset)

