Update on Groundwater Monitoring in Delaware

DRBC - Oct 25, 2015

Scott Andres

Delaware Geological Survey

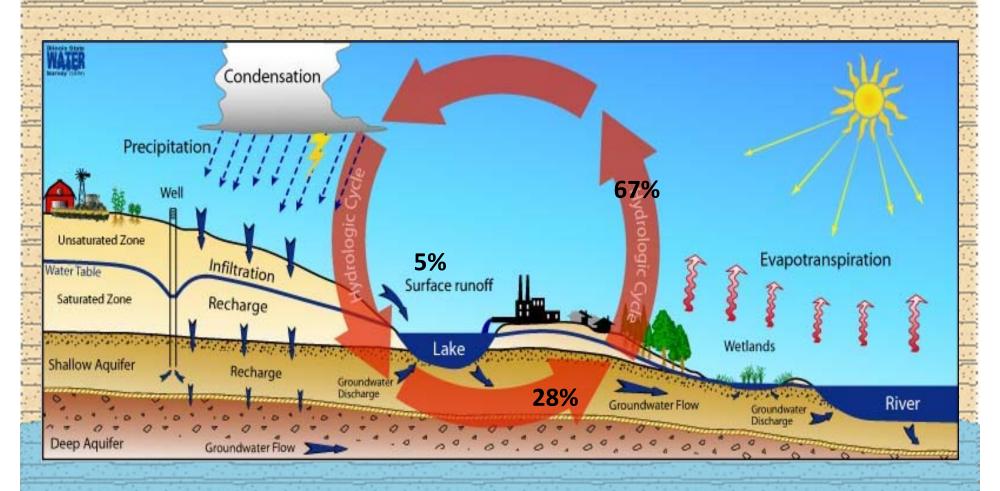
University of Delaware

Alphabet Soup

- GW groundwater
- SW surface water
- WL water level
- WQ water quality
- DGS Delaware Geological Survey
- USGS U.S. Geological Survey
- DNREC Dept. of Natural Resources and Environmental Control
- DDA Delaware Dept. of Agriculture
- DPH Division of Public Health

Delaware WQ challenges

- Nutrients SW and GW
- Saltwater GW issue
- Toxics mostly a SW issue with site specific exceptions
- Furding management challenges
- Potomac aquifer allocation > resource
- Dover area Piney Point, Cheswold drawdown
- Contaminated sites statewide



Water Budget

Precipitation ~ 44 inches/year ET ~ 28 - 32 inches/year Groundwater ~ 12 - 16 inches/year Surface runoff ~ 2 - 4 inches/year Monitoring Budget

Statewide SW
monitoring funds
estimated at ~ 10 x GW
monitoring funds

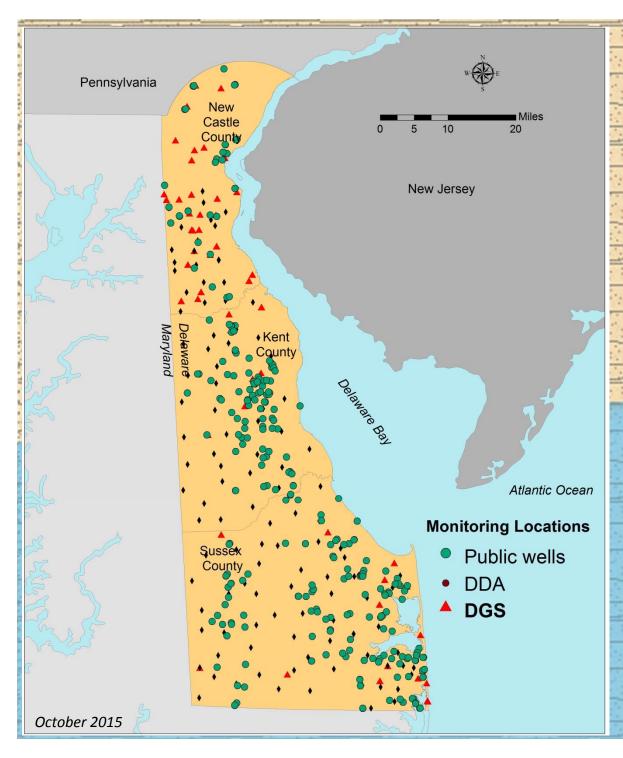


GWQ Monitoring

- 2011, 2013 WQ monitoring conferences
- SW \$ >>> GW \$
- \$ for GWQ monitoring fragmented across special projects and programs in multiple agencies and divisions
- Mismatched monitoring objectives so little opportunity to leverage resources

Long-Term Ambient GW Monitoring Programs in Delaware

- DGS/DNREC WL in 100+ wells in 13 aquifers, since 1970s, intermittent WQ projects
- USGS/DDA WQ project 70+ wells in WT aquifer just started, other intermittent WL and WQ projects
- DNREC 305b reporting, site specific GWQ monitoring projects by site owners for specific permitting and contaminant mitigation programs
- DPH potable water source testing, includes public and private wells



Monitoring infrastructure

- DGS 13aquifers, WL,WQ
- DDA 1aquifer, WQ
- DNREC/DPH,
 13 aquifers,
 WQ in public
 wells

Recent Events for DGS Monitoring

- 2012-2014 Infrastructure improvements through capital-funded project focused on southern New Castle and northern Kent Counties – after 3 year wait
- 2014- present addition of salinity sensors to selected wells
- 2015 Water Supply Coordinating Council resolution to support project in Kent Co
- Kent-Sussex mapping/water use study

Infrastructure Project - Homework

Draft





Updated Draft Groundwater Model Production Run Report Upper New Castle County, Delaware

Prepared for
Delaware Department of Natural Resources and
Environmental Control

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Philadelphia District

February 2007



State of Delaware DELAWARE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY John H. Talley, State Geologist



DELAWARE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
John H. Talley, State Geologist

State of Delaware

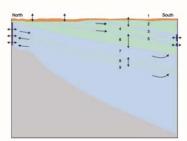


REPORT OF INVESTIGATIONS NO. 77

SIMULATION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW IN SOUTHERN NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE

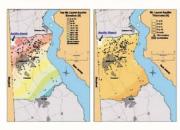
By

Changming He and A. Scott Andres



University of Delaware Newark, Delaware 2011 OPEN FILE REPORT NO. 49

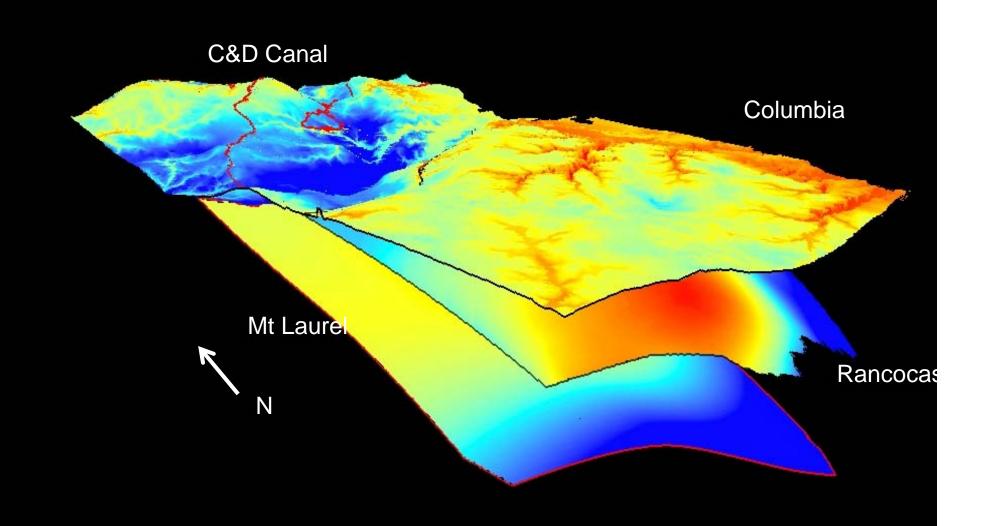
HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK OF SOUTHERN NEW CASTLE COUNTY



By

Bailey L. Dugan, Mark P. Neimeister, and A. Scott Andres

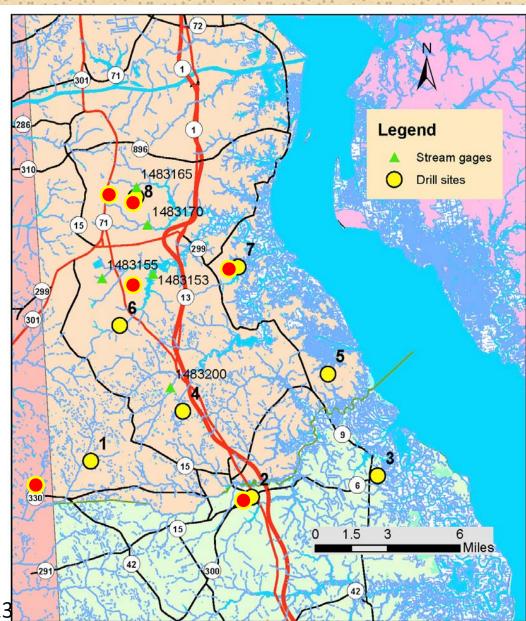
University of Delaware Newark, Delaware 2008



3-D mapping products

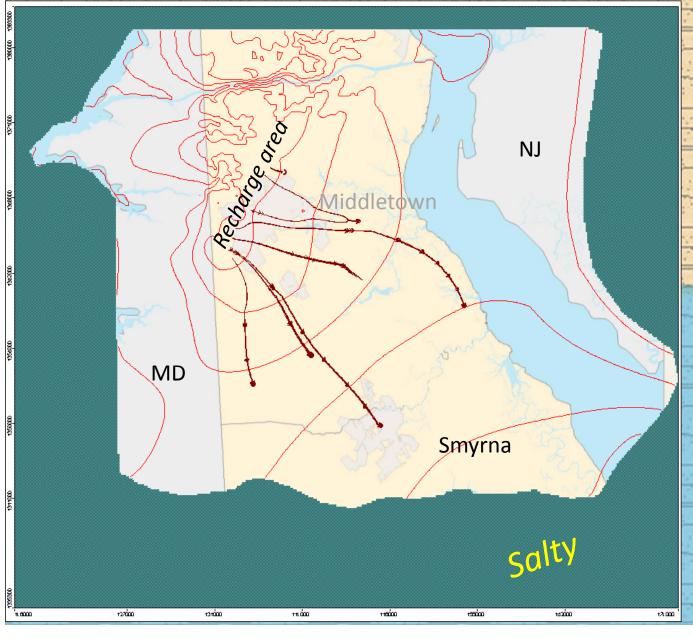
Capital Project Overview

- Monitoring well installs
- Existing monitoring wells added to network
- Stream gages with USGS identifier



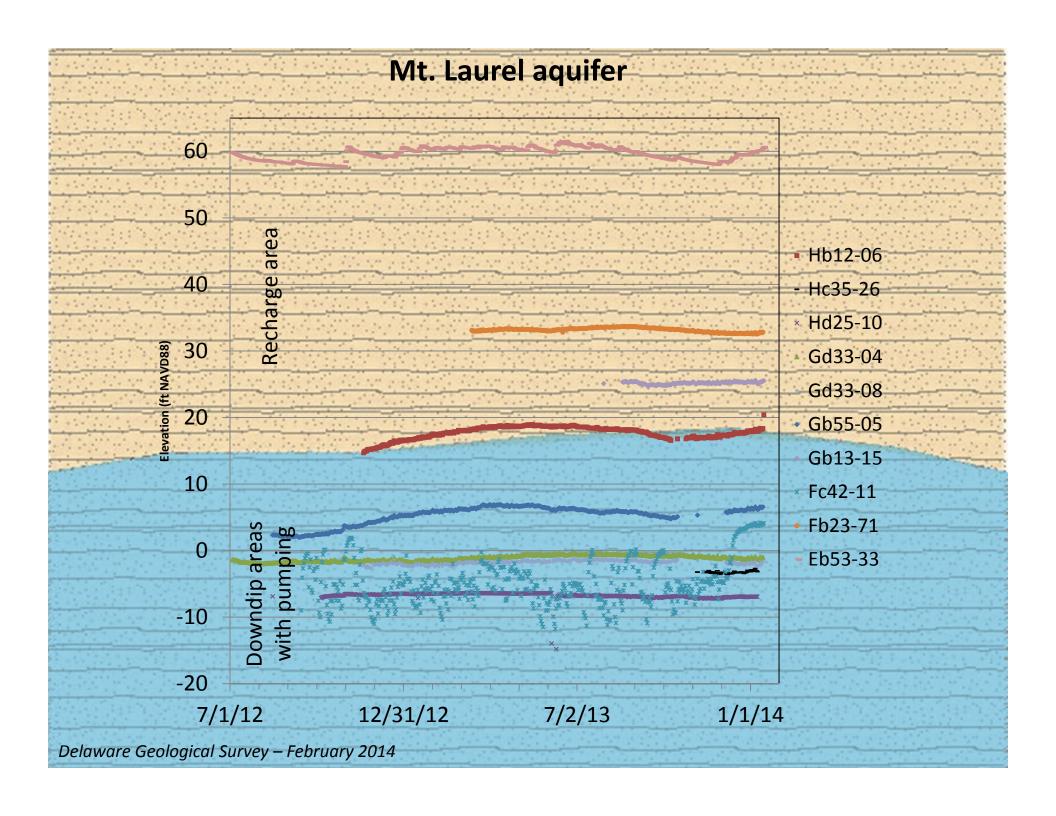
Delaware Geological Survey - October 2013

Flow in Mt. Laurel Aquifer

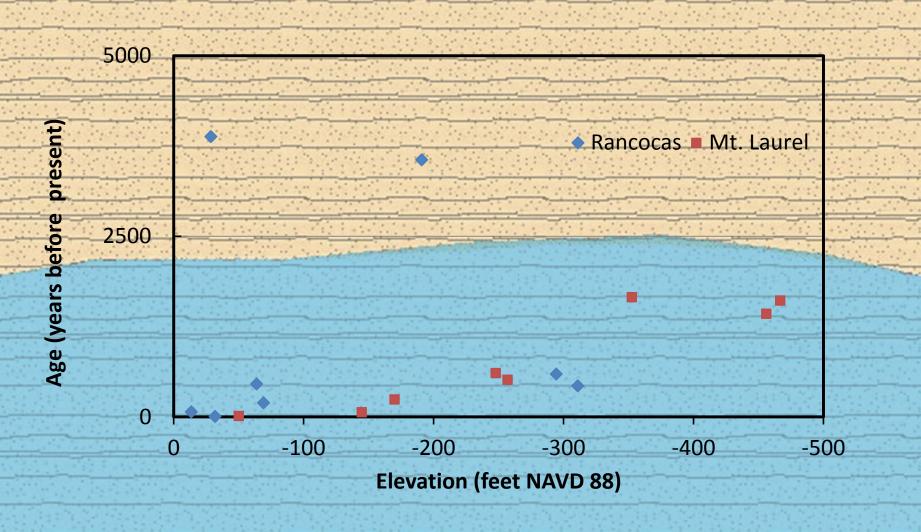


It takes
hundreds to
thousands of
years for flow
from recharge
area to deep,
confined
aquifer.

Aquifer use limited to SE by salt and poor yield



GW repenishment





Prepared in cooperation with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

Water-level conditions in selected confined aquifers of the New Jersey and Delaware Coastal Plain, 2003

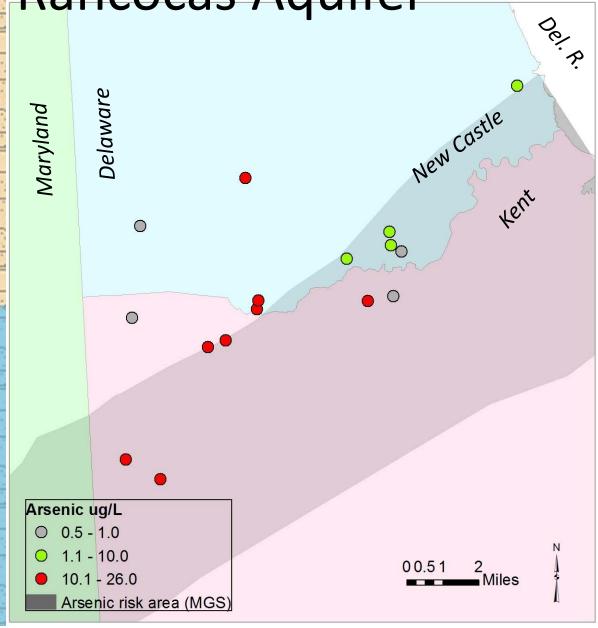
- Previous work
 underestimated
 water pressures
- New monitoring data support DGS model predictions
- Follow up 2008 and 2013 USGS projects

Scientific Investigations Report 2008-5145

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

Arsenic in Rancocas Aquifer

- Workprompted byMarylandstudy
- Naturally occurring
- Follow up by USGS-Dover



Future for DE GW Monitoring (DGS)

- Proposal to join National Groundwater
 Monitoring Network
- Looking for stable funding to initiate and sustain regular GWQ monitoring
- Capital appropriation proposal has been submitted for three budget cycles