What would the WQAC recommend to the Commissioners at this time with respect to the Recreational Uses and associated bacteria indicator criteria for the Delaware Estuary?

Option	Designated Use	WQ Criteria	Regulatory Revisions	Advantages / Disadvantages / Considerations
Α	Secondary Contact No change to use	Current Criteria – Secondary Contact No change: Use current DRBC WQ Criteria	• None	 No burden for rule making process. Will likely receive petition/challenges from external groups. No regulatory incentive toward primary contact use. Continue to collect data. Continue to make improvements in WQ towards the recreational use criteria.
В	Secondary Contact No change to use	EPA Criteria - Primary Contact Adopt EPA recommended criteria for "recreation" Apply "recreation" criteria to areas designated for "secondary contact recreation"	 DRBC rulemaking required to revise WQ criteria State rulemaking may be required as well. 	 Criteria align with basic swimmable goal under the CWA. Will likely result in impaired waters*. May pose legal/regulatory conflict because Designated Use is different than the use for which the criteria were developed. Use NPDES permits
С	Primary Contact Zone 3 & upper 4 Adopt "recreation" designated use for all interstate waters where it is determined to be attainable.	EPA Criteria - Primary Contact Conduct Attainability Study extent of attainabilty Adopt recommended criteria for "recreation" where it is determined to be attainable.	DRBC Rulemaking required to revise the Water Code (WQ Regulations) to change the designate use and adopt new WQ criteria	 Attainability Study will follow CWA and consider the HAU and socio economic factors consistent with EPA guidance. Requires significant resources for Attainability Study. Will likely result in impaired waters*.
D	Primary Contact Zone 3 & upper 4 Adopt designated use for "recreation" for all interstate waters	EPA Criteria - Primary Contact Adopt recommended criteria for "recreation " No Attainability Study.	State rulemaking may be required as well.	 Will likely result in impaired waters*. Use NPDES permits, compliance and enforcement, long term CSO control plans, and EPA guided integrated planning to achieve criteria (pollution minimization methods)

E	Primary Contact – Location by Location Adopt designated uses for recreation in specific river miles or areas, that can currently support recreational uses	EPA Criteria - Primary Contact Adopt recommended criteria for "recreation " in specific areas No Attainability Study.		 May be subject to the Commission or some party imitating a revision to the Comp Plan. No Attainability Study May be subject to some party imitating a request to revise the Comp Plan. 		
	Impaired waters designation could be listed under Category 5-Alt (or state equivalent), triggering a Water Quality Improvement Plan					
*	(WQIP) under existing regulatory mechanisms rather than a TMDL. A WQIP approach could be pursued even without an impairment					
	designation, as a plan to minimize bacterial contamination and thereby enhance recreational uses over time.					