

Presented to an advisory committee of the DRBC on December 4, 2025. Contents should not be published or re-posted in whole or in part without the permission of DRBC.



Proposed Bacteria Criteria Updates





December 4, 2025 *Water Quality Advisory Committee*





Motivations & Drivers



Proposed Criteria



Anticipated Schedule

DRBC intends to revise (modernize) its Surface Water Quality Standards for Bacteria

- Apply to all mainstem Zones (1A through 1E, 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6)
- Revisions to Fecal Indicator Bacteria
- Revisions to numeric criteria values for <u>both</u>
 Primary & Secondary Contact



- This proposed action will NOT change uses
 - Different and separate from the initiative to upgrade from secondary to primary contact in select areas (Recreational Use Strategy)
 - Does not preclude changing the uses in the future



Why the Change?

- EPA published Recreational Water Quality Criteria in 2012 (820-F-12-058)
 - Applicable to Primary Contact only
- States go First approach. State choices inform DRBC options
- EPA published An Approach for Applying EPA's 2012 Recreational Water Quality Criteria Recommendation to Non-primary Contact Exposure Scenarios: White Paper in 2022 (823-B-22-001)
- DRBC's existing bacteria criteria are not in alignment with EPA recommended criteria
- EPA requested Co-regulators consider in 2024



Possible Candidate Criteria

Criteria Elements	Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 36 per 1,000 primary contact recreators Magnitude			Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 32 per 1,000 primary contact recreators Magnitude		
	GM	STV		GM	STV	
Indicator	(cfu/100 mL) ^a	$(cfu/100 \text{ mL})^a$	OR	(cfu/100 mL) ^a	$(cfu/100 \text{ mL})^a$	
Enterococci						
- marine						
and fresh	35	130		30	110	
OR						
E. coli]			
- fresh	126	410		100	320	

Duration and Frequency: The waterbody GM should not be greater than the selected GM magnitude in any 30-day interval. There should not be greater than a ten percent excursion frequency of the selected STV magnitude in the same 30-day interval.

^a EPA recommends using EPA Method 1600 (U.S. EPA, 2002a) to measure culturable enterococci, or another equivalent method that measures culturable enterococci and using EPA Method 1603 (U.S. EPA, 2002b) to measure culturable *E. coli*, or any other equivalent method that measures culturable *E. coli*.



White Paper Methodology – Ratios of Ingestion

N 316 766	Median	Mean Limited Cor	UCL	N	Median	Mean	UCL
	2.1	Limited Cor	stact Scenario				
	2.1		nact Secharic	os			
766	2.1	3.7	11.2	0			
				76			
	2.2	3.8	11.4		2.1	3.6	11.0
	3.6	6.0	19.9		3.9	6.6	22.4
	2.3	3.9	11.8		2.6	4.4	14.1
600	2.0	3.6	10.8	121	2.0	3.5	10.6
801				104			
	2.2	3.8	11.4		2.1	3.6	10.9
	2.9	5.0	16.5		4.8	7.9	26.8
	2.3	3.8	11.6		3.1	5.2	17.0
222				0			
	2.3	3.9	11.8		-	-	-
		3.5	10.6			-	-
	2.3	3.9	11.8			-	-
0	-	-	_	112	2.2	3.7	11.2
0	-	-	-	23	2.0	3.5	10.6
		Full Conta	ct Scenarios				
0		-	-	112	3.2	5.1	15.3
0	-	-	-	114	6.0	10.0	34.8
,705				662			
	0 0 0,705	2.2 2.9 2.3 222 2.3 2.0 2.3 0 - 0 -	2.2 3.8 2.9 5.0 2.3 3.8 222 2.3 3.9 2.0 3.5 2.3 3.9 0 Full Conta	801 2.2 3.8 11.4 2.9 5.0 16.5 2.3 3.8 11.6 222 2.3 3.9 11.8 2.0 3.5 10.6 2.3 3.9 11.8 0 - 0 - Full Contact Scenarios 0 - - - - 705	801 2.2 3.8 11.4 2.9 5.0 16.5 2.3 3.8 11.6 222 2.3 3.9 11.8 2.0 3.5 10.6 2.3 3.9 11.8 0 112 0 112 0 112 0 112 0 112 0	801 2.2 3.8 11.4 2.9 5.0 16.5 4.8 2.3 3.8 11.6 2.2 0 2.3 3.9 11.8 - 2.0 3.5 10.6 - 2.3 3.9 11.8 - 0 - 2.3 3.9 11.8 - 112 2.2 0 Full Contact Scenarios Full Contact Scenarios 705 662	801 2.2 3.8 11.4 2.9 5.0 16.5 4.8 7.9 2.3 3.8 11.6 3.1 5.2 222 0 2.3 3.9 11.8 - 2.0 3.5 10.6 - 2.3 3.9 11.8 2.3 3.9 11.8 2.3 3.9 11.8 2.3 3.9 11.8 112 2.2 3.7 0 112 3.2 5.1 0 114 6.0 10.0

Possible Ratio

$$\frac{I_{Primary}}{I_{Non-Primary}} = \frac{34.8}{17.0}$$

$$\approx 2.047$$

An Approach for Applying EPA's 2012 Recreational Water Quality Criteria Recommendation to Non-primary Contact Exposure Scenarios

White Paper

Office of Science and Technology

Office of Water

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

Washington DC 20460

January 2022

Office of Water 823-B-22-001

Secondary Contact Candidate Criteria (using Primary & Ingestion Ratio)

Overall similar levels of protectiveness

Criteria	Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 36 per 1,000 primary contact recreators			Estimated Illness Rate (NGI): 32 per 1,000 primary contact recreators		
Elements	Mag	nitude		Magnitude		
	GM	STV		GM	STV	
Indicator	(cfu/100 mL) ^a	$(cfu/100 \text{ mL})^a$	OR	(cfu/100 mL) ^a	(cfu/100 mL) ^a	
Enterococci						
– marine						
and fresh	35	130		30	110	
OR						
E. coli						
- fresh	126	410		100	320	

Duration and Frequency: The waterbody GM should not be greater than the selected GM magnitude in any 30-day interval. There should not be greater than a ten percent excursion frequency of the selected STV magnitude in the same 30-day interval.

^a EPA recommends using EPA Method 1600 (U.S. EPA, 2002a) to measure culturable enterococci, or another equivalent method that measures culturable enterococci and using EPA Method 1603 (U.S. EPA, 2002b) to measure culturable *E. coli*, or any other equivalent method that measures culturable *E. coli*.

				<u>Primary</u>	Secondary	
<u>Bact</u>	Source	<u>Type</u>	<u>Illnesses</u>	<u>Criteria</u>	<u>Criteria</u>	<u>Description</u>
Enterococcus	EPA	GM	32	30	61	EPA, Enterococcus, GM, 32 illnesses per 1000
Ecoli	EPA	GM	32	100	205	EPA, E Coli, GM, 32 illnesses per 1000
Enterococcus	EPA	STV	32	110	225	EPA, Enterococcus, STV, 32 illnesses per 1000
Ecoli	EPA	STV	32	320	655	EPA, E Coli, STV, 32 illnesses per 1000
Enterococcus	EPA	GM	36	35	72	EPA, Enterococcus, GM, 36 illnesses per 1000
Ecoli	EPA	GM	36	126	258	EPA, E Coli, GM, 36 illnesses per 1000
Enterococcus	EPA	STV	36	130	266	EPA, Enterococcus, STV, 36 illnesses per 1000
Ecoli	EPA	STV	36	410	839	EPA, E Coli, STV, 36 illnesses per 1000
Enterococcus	DRBC	GM	NA	NA	88	DRBC, Enterococcus, GM
FC	DRBC	GM	NA	NA	770	DRBC, FC, GM





Elements of the Anticipated Criteria Proposal

- 36 illnesses per 1000 primary contact recreators
- E. Coli for freshwater and Enterococci for marine water
- Differentiation between freshwater and marine would be based on a spatial definition (such as RM or Zone) such that the same criteria would apply at that location regardless of conditions when the sample was collected
- GM and STV
- 30-day window (for binning data)
- At least 5 observations per assessment for GM



Elements of the Anticipated Criteria Proposal (continued)

<u>Ingestion rates For translating Primary to Secondary Contact</u>

- Kayaking (all activities) for limited contact ingestion rate
- Swimming for full contact ingestion rate
 - \circ Results in translator factor of ≈ 2.047



Anticipated Schedule (subject to revision)

- Public Notice Spring 2026
- Final adoption 2026 / 2027





Proposed Bacteria Criteria Updates



Jacob.Bransky@drbc.gov John.Yagecic@drbc.gov





