

# PFAS in the Delaware River Basin: An Update from the DRBC

**Public Webinar**

June 15, 2026

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Jeremy Conkle, Ph.D., Senior Chemist/Toxicologist

Matthew Amato, Ph.D., Water Resource Scientist



**Delaware River Basin Commission**

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PENNSYLVANIA • NEW YORK  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

# Welcome to the webinar!

## Today's Agenda


- **Introduction & Logistics**
- PFAS Report Highlights
  - Key Findings
  - Web App Overview
  - Next Steps
- Stay Engaged
- Question & Answer session

# Today's Topic: PFAS and the Delaware River Basin


May 2026

## PFAS WATER QUALITY AND FISH TISSUE ASSESSMENT STUDY - YEAR 3

Technical Report No. 2026-3




Managing, Protecting and Improving  
the Water Resources of the  
Delaware River Basin since 1961



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## PFAS in the Delaware River Basin



Media: Surface Water

PFAS Data Type:  
 ΣPFAS  
 Compounds  
 Groups

Agency: All

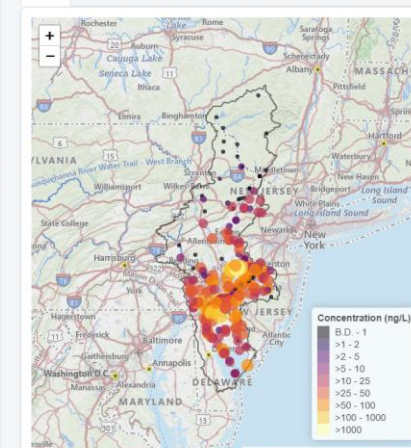
Years: 2007 - 2025

Value displayed at sampling locations with multiple sampling years:  
Most Recent Sample

HUC12 Averages (based on values displayed at each sampling location)  
 River Miles  
 Hide Map Legend  
 Samples with known Quality Assurance Project Plans

ΣPFAS = Sum of detected PFAS compounds in a sample; not all samples were analyzed for the same compounds.  
B.D. = Below analytical detection limits; varies by sample.

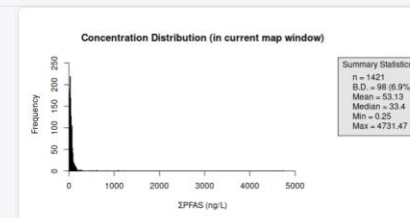
Map Estuary Analyzer Criteria History About



Concentration (ng/L)

- B.D. - 1
- >1 - 2
- >2 - 5
- >5 - 10
- >10 - 25
- >25 - 50
- >50 - 100
- >100 - 1000
- >1000

Concentration Distribution (in current map window)



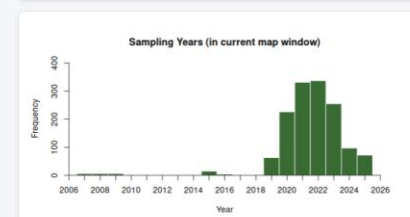
Frequency

ΣPFAS (ng/L)

Summary Statistics

- n = 1421
- B.D. = 98 (6.9%)
- Mean = 53.13
- Median = 23.4
- Min = 0.25
- Max = 4731.47

Sampling Years (in current map window)



Frequency

Year

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Technical  
Report

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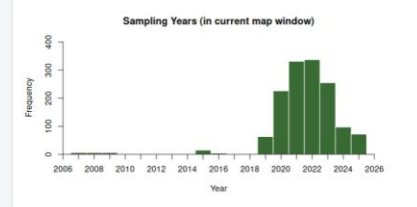
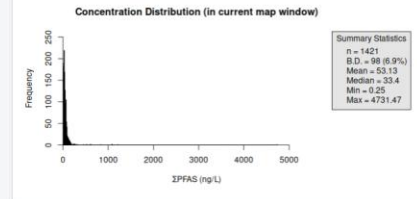
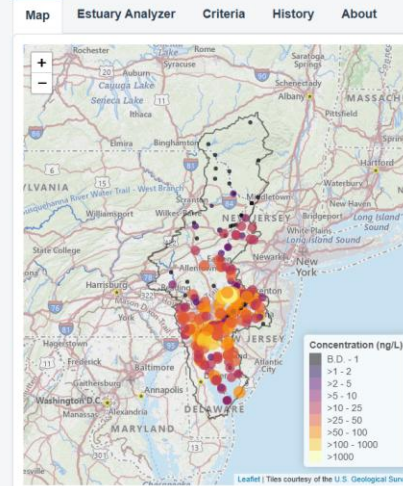
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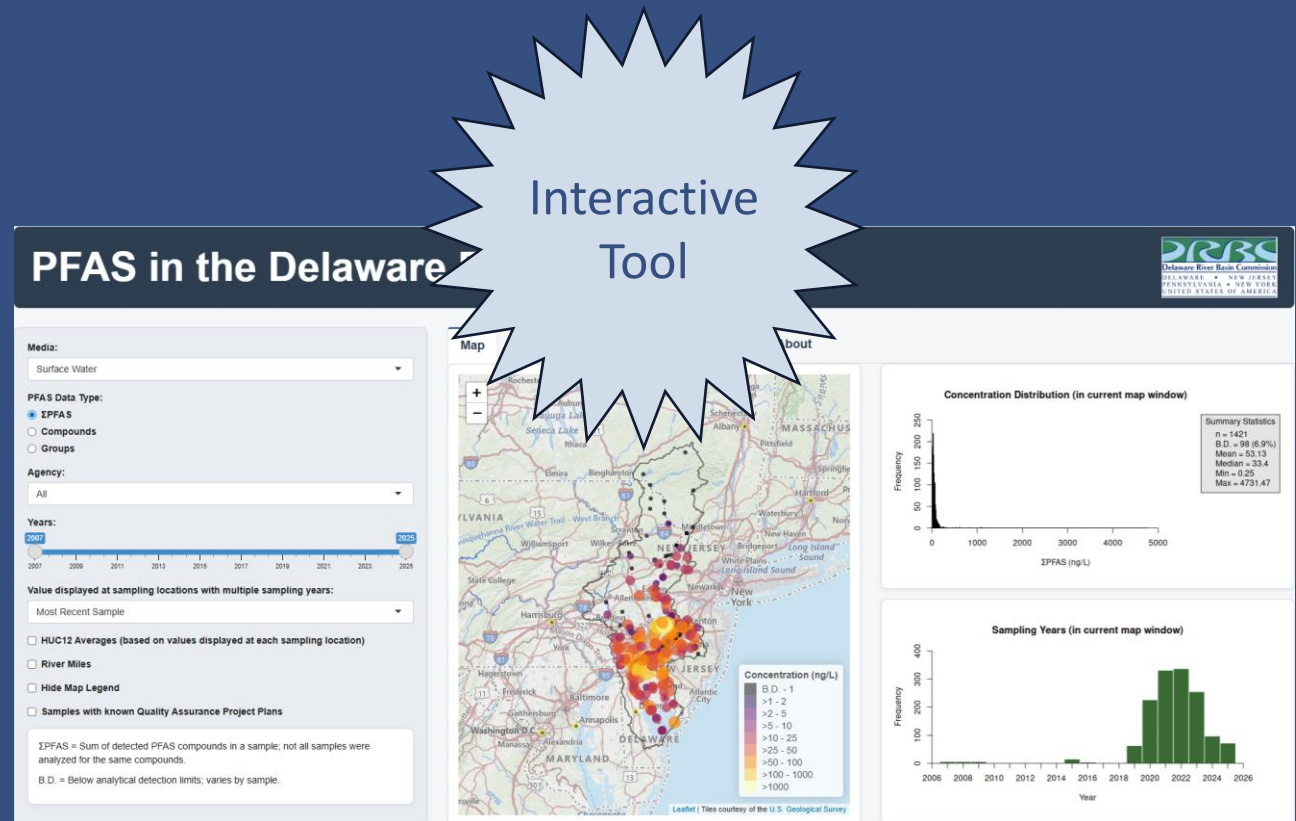


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## PFAS in the Delaware River Basin Interactive Tool



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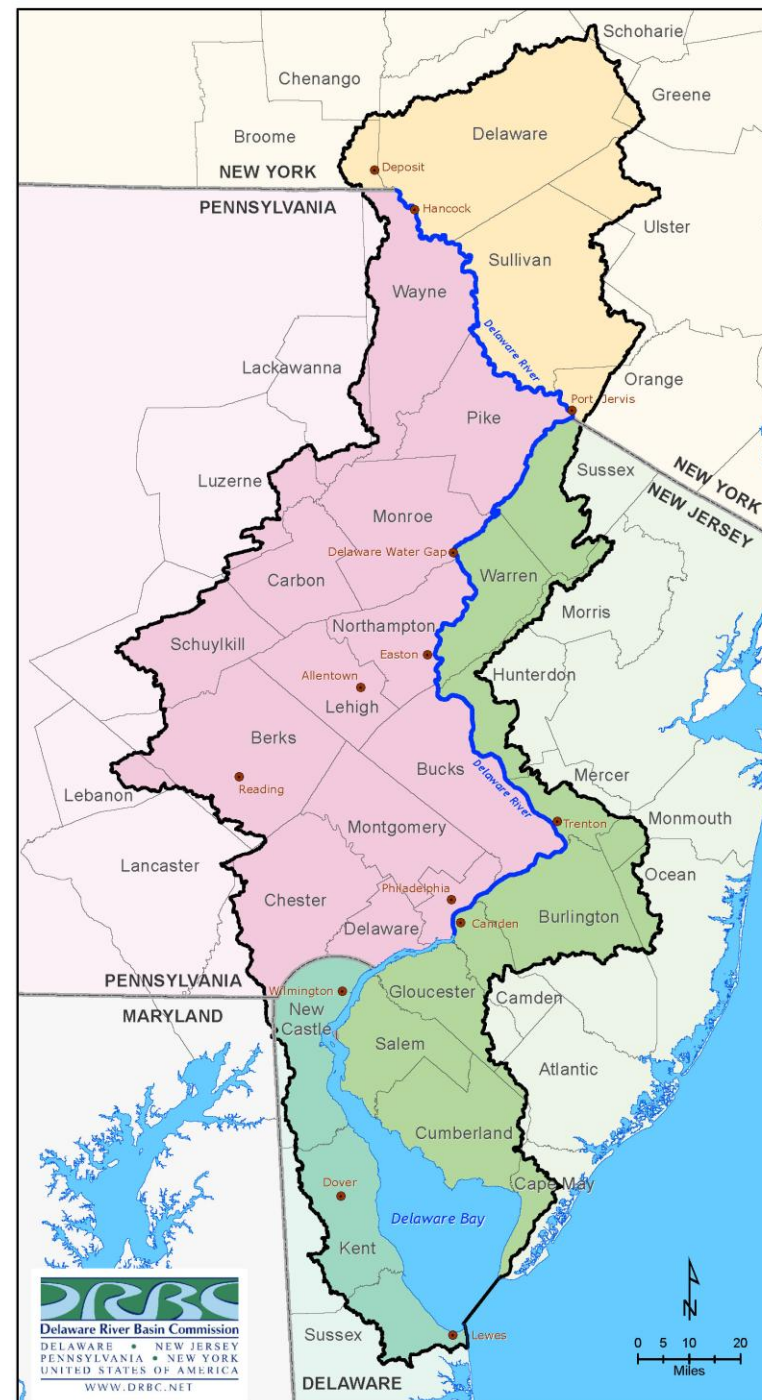
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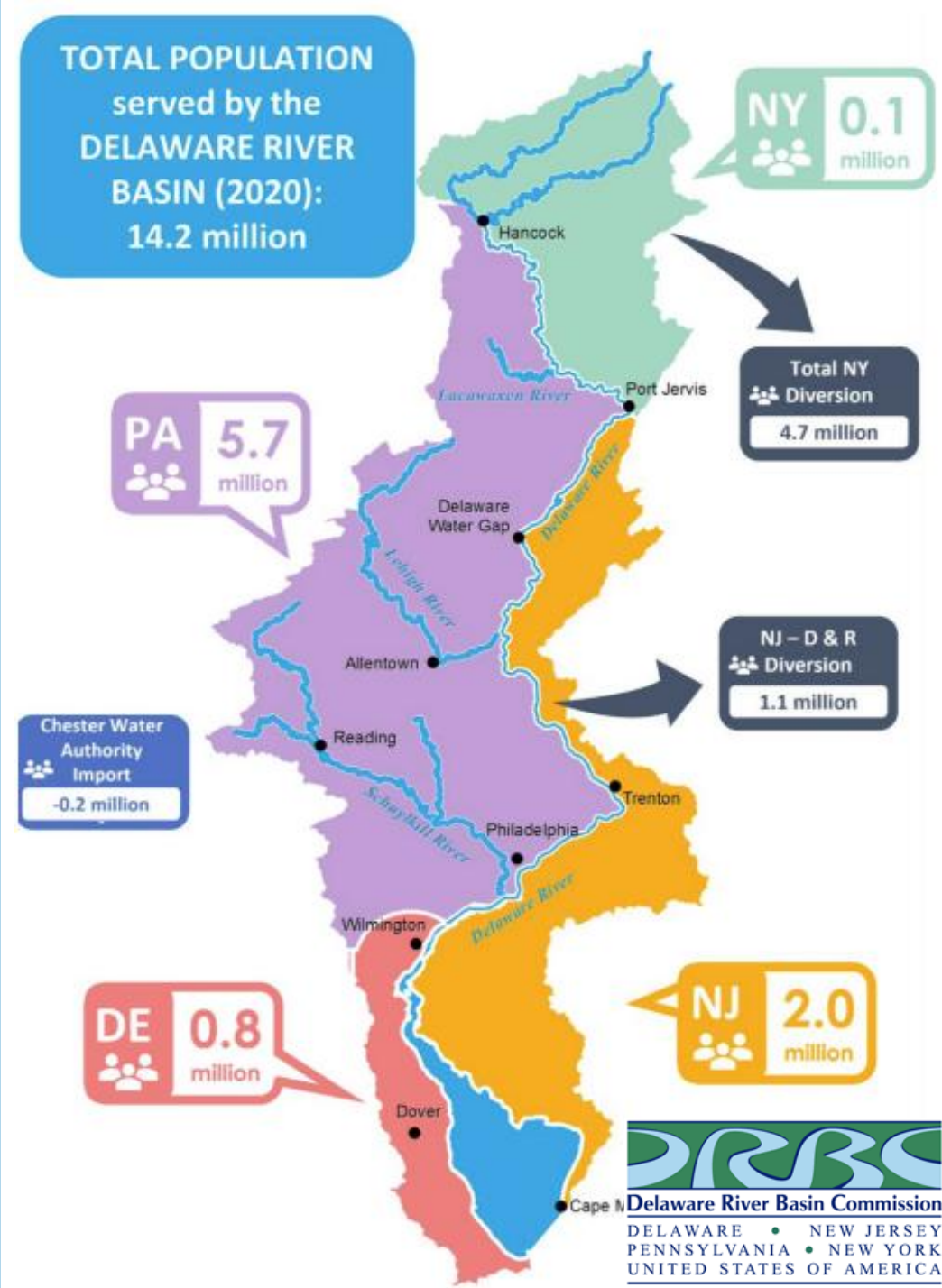
Sampling Years (in current map window)

The Delaware River Serves over 14 million people in four states



# The Delaware River Basin is highly managed to meet competing needs

- 14+ million people
- \$21+ billion in economic value
- 330-mile river
- Free-flowing mainstem
- Unique habitats & communities
- Interstate boundary



# The Delaware River Basin Commission is a federal-interstate government agency



## *Our Mission*

Manage, protect, and improve the water resources of the Delaware River Basin.

## *Our Vision*

Provide trusted, effective, and coordinated management of the Basin's shared water resources.

# DRBC focuses on PFAS as part of its water quality mission.

- Emerging contaminants
- Chlorides
- Bacteria
- Dissolved oxygen
- Cyanotoxins
- Macroinvertebrates



# Webinar Logistics



- Submitted questions
- Q&A at end
- Additional resources
- DRBC introduction

# Today's Agenda

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- Introduction & Logistics
- **PFAS Report Highlights**
  - Key Findings
  - Web App Overview
  - Next Steps
- Stay engaged
- Question & Answer session

# PFAS WATER QUALITY AND FISH TISSUE ASSESSMENT STUDY - YEAR 3

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**Jeremy L. Conkle, Ph.D., Sr. Chemist/Toxicologist**

Elaine Panuccio, Sr. Water Resource Scientist

Jacob Bransky, Sr. Aquatic Biologist



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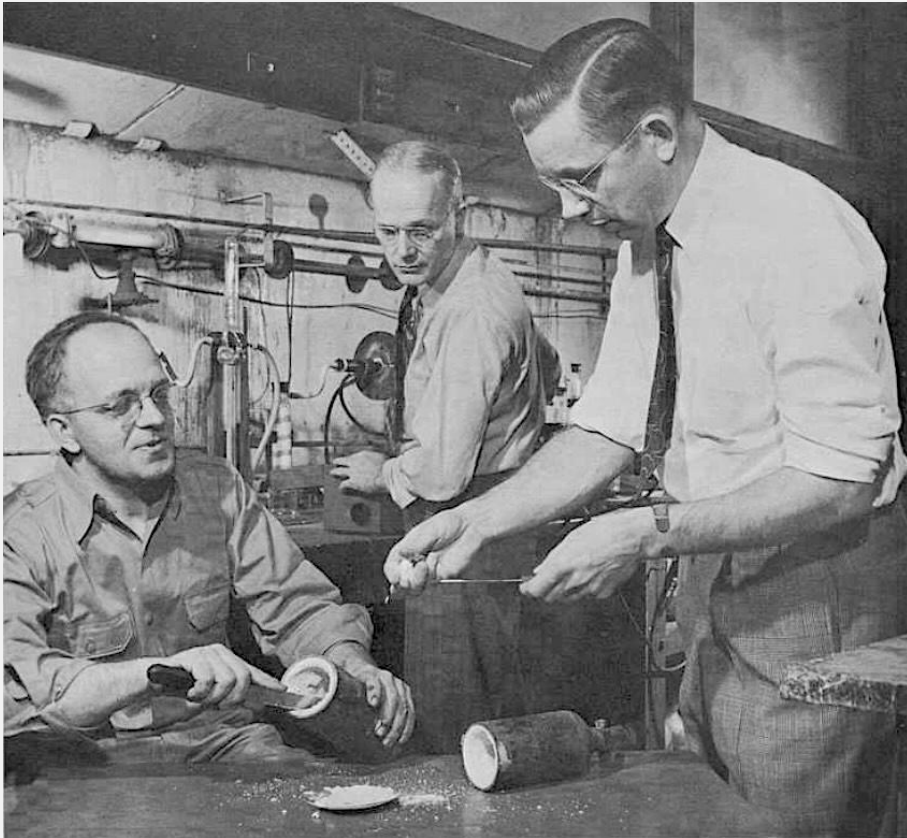
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# PFAS Started in the Delaware River Basin

## THE DISCOVERY

*An “Accident” Derived from Solid Research*



**DISCOVERY** of fluorocarbon polymers in 1938 was made by Dr. Roy Plunkett (*right*), who holds the original patent. Technician Jack Rebok (*left*) helped. Chemist Robert McHarness did early fluorocarbon research. In photograph, Plunkett and Rebok re-enact the discovery at the Jackson Laboratory.

**“The Wide World of Teflon”**

*E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company, 1963*



Hagley Museum & Library  
Digital Archives

# PFAS: >13,000 Diverse Chemicals



## Pros

- ⊕ Extremely durable
- ⊕ Water/stain repellent
- ⊕ Non-stick/low friction
- ⊕ Smothering fires
- ⊕ Surfactants
- ⊕ Other industrial applications

## Cons

- ⊖ Extremely durable
- ⊖ Ubiquitous
- ⊖ Mobile in water, but also sticky
- ⊖ Found in every human
- ⊖ Numerous health effects
- ⊖ Difficult/expensive to treat/remove

# Long-term Goal: Reduce PFAS Loading to the Delaware River Basin

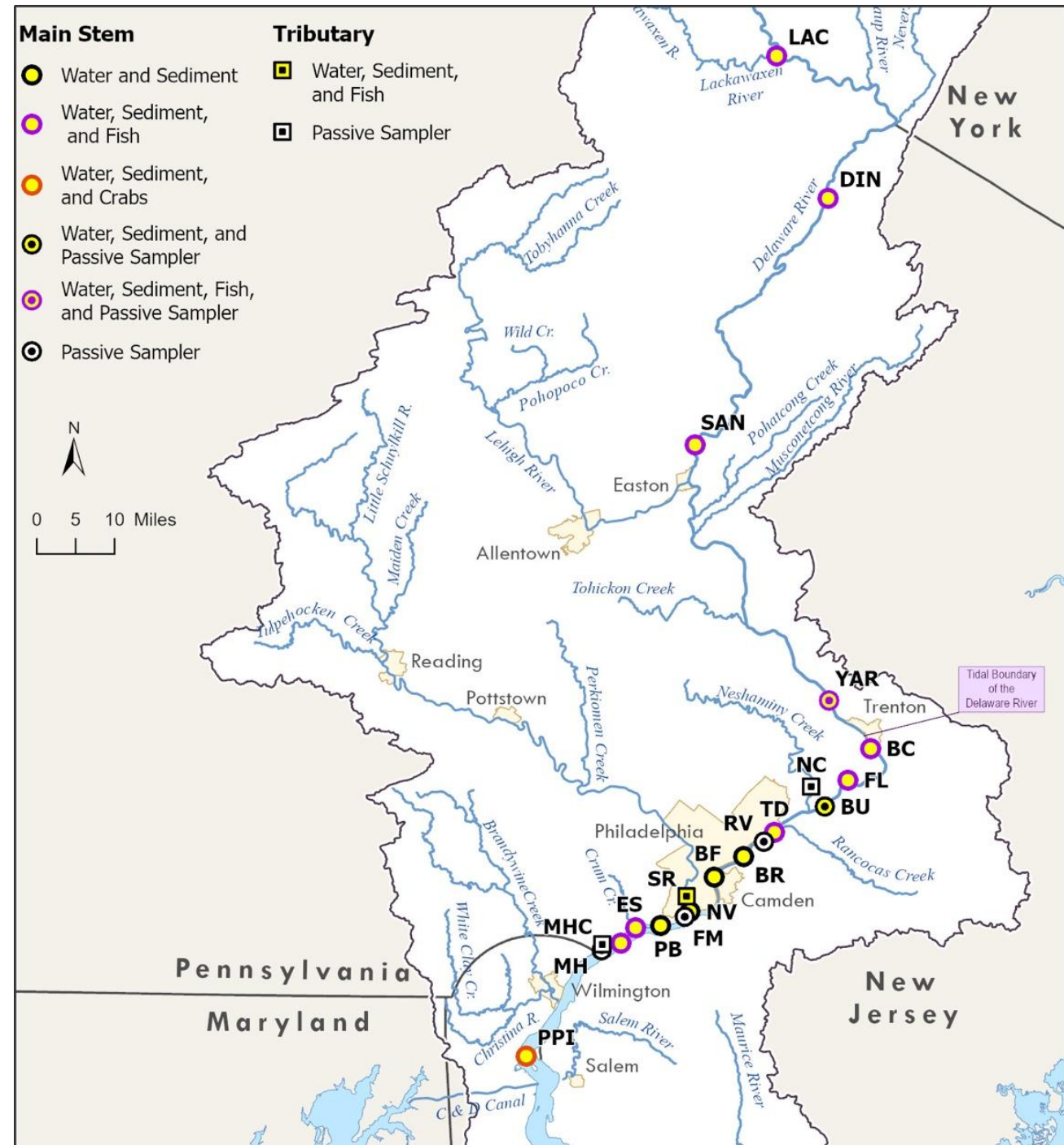


Step 1: Consolidate and look at the existing data

Step 2: Source Identification

Step 3: Work with state and federal partners to reduce loading from point and non-point sources.

# Multi-Matrix Sampling from Lackawaxen to Pea Patch Island

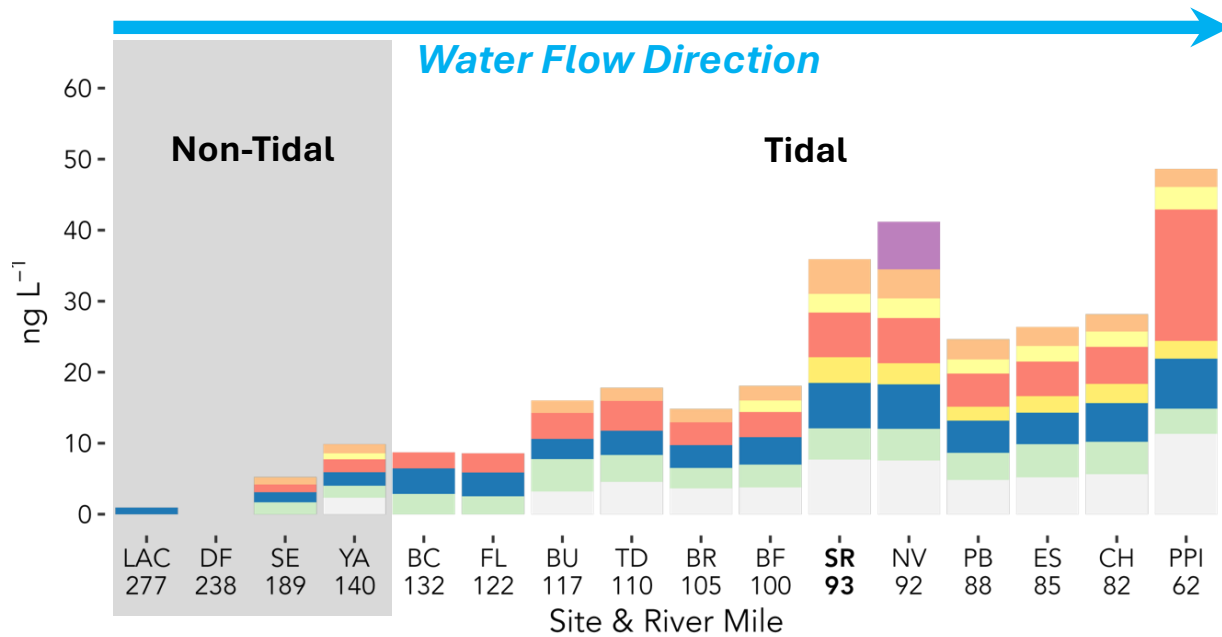




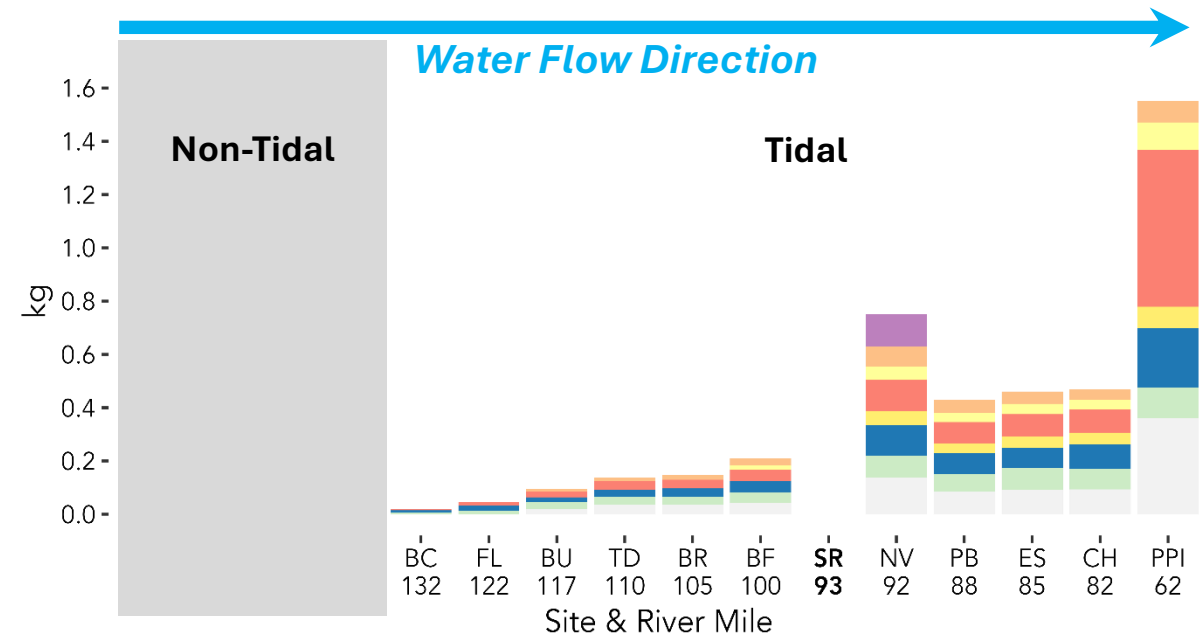
# PFAS Mass Downstream



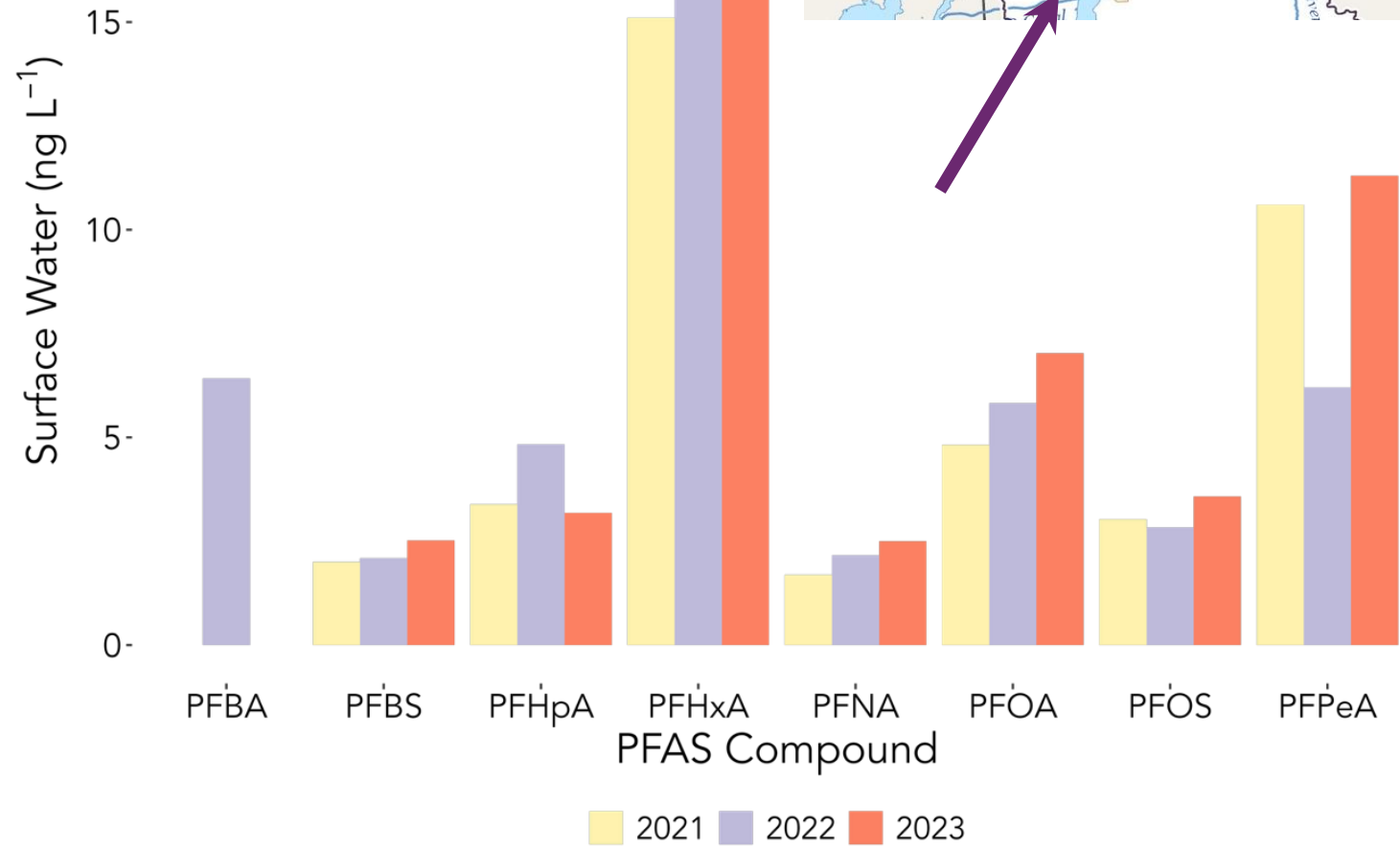
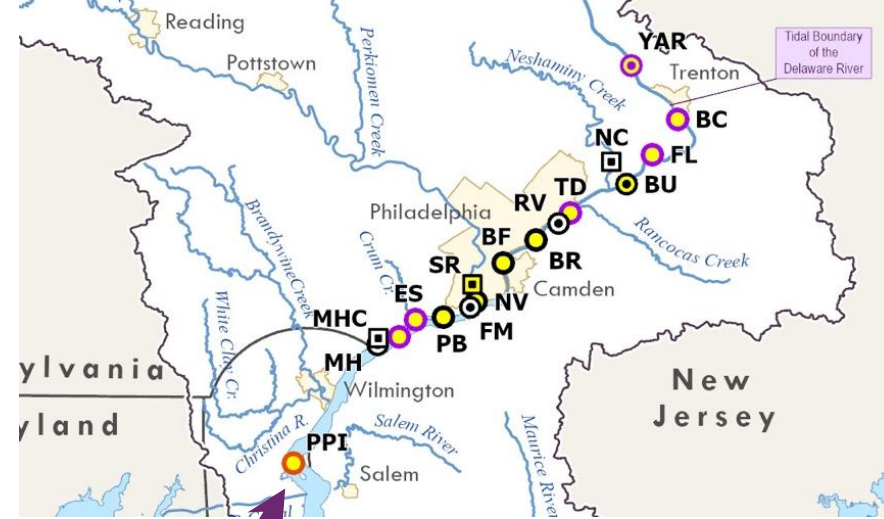
## PFAS Concentration



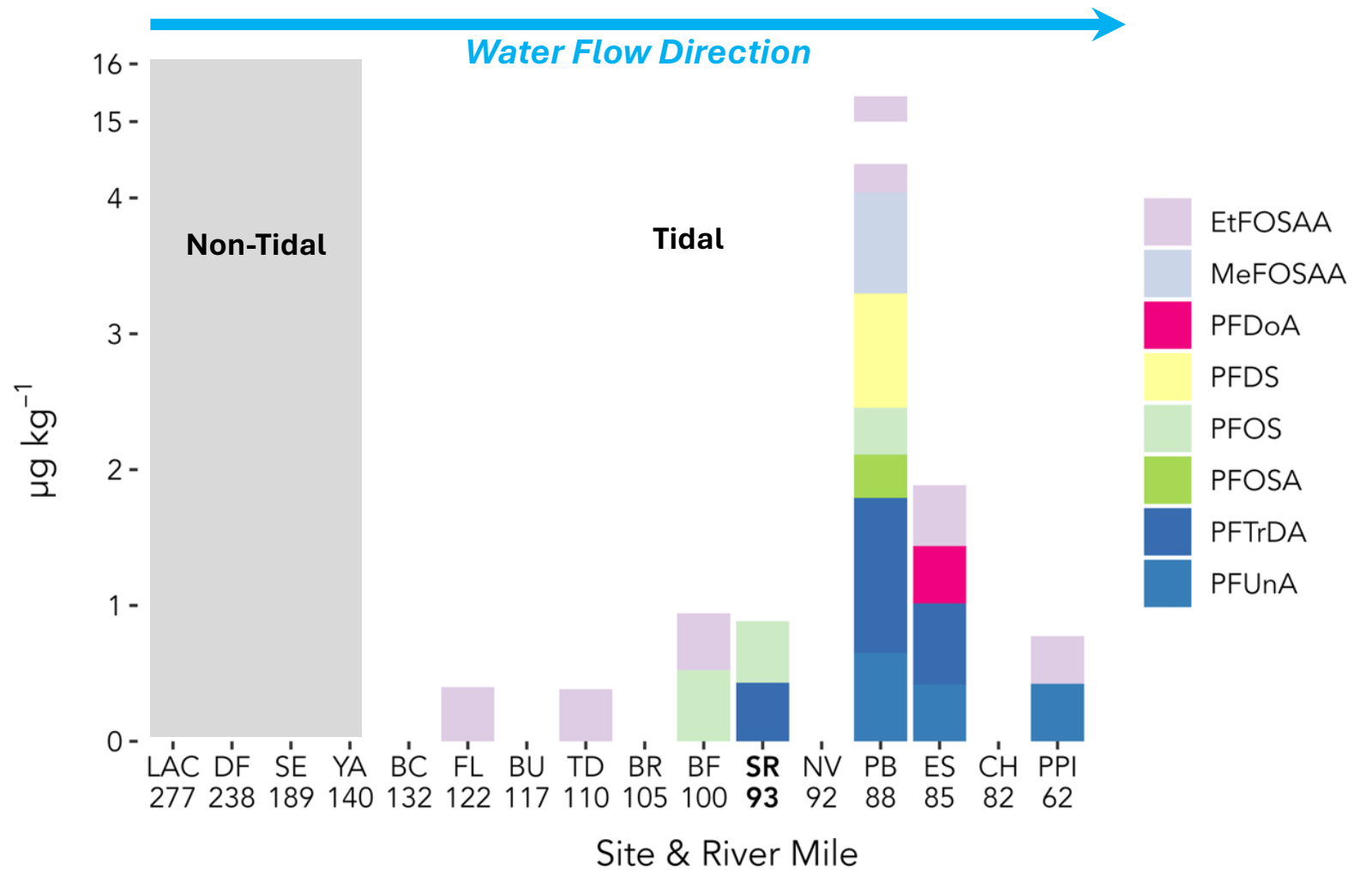
## PFAS Mass



# Surface Water PFAS Concentrations Were Consistent at Pea Patch Island



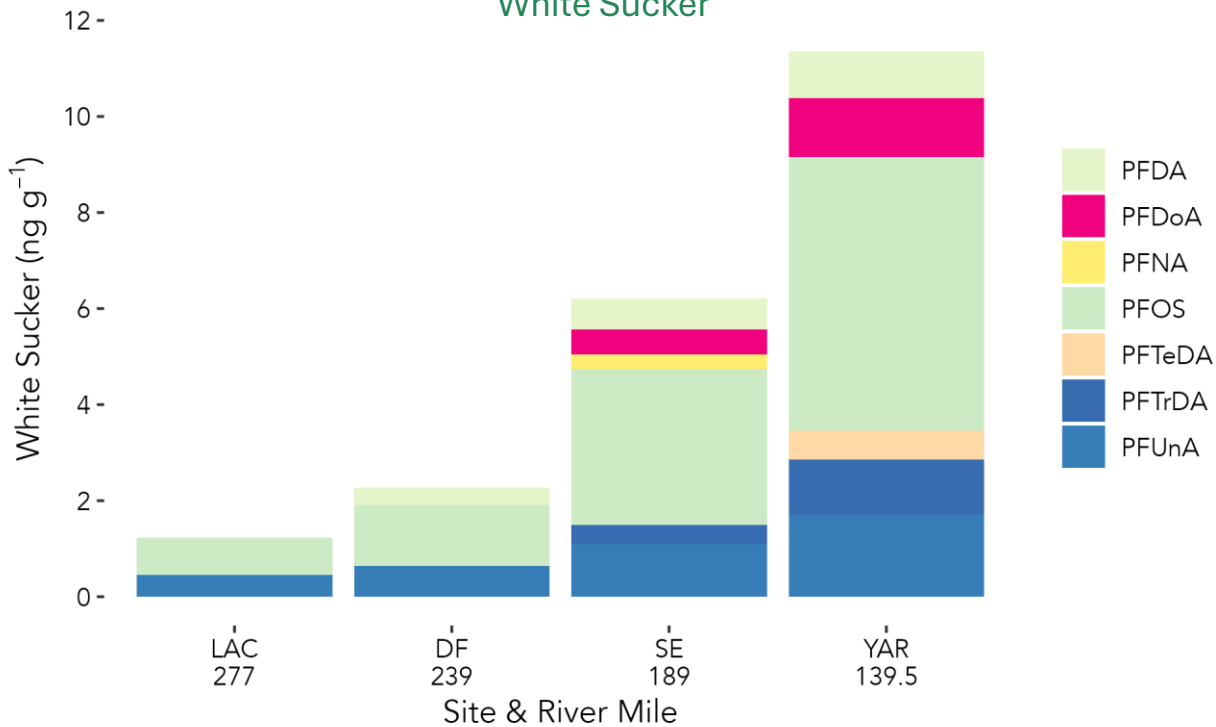
# Sediment Concentrations Were Highly Variable and Inconsistent



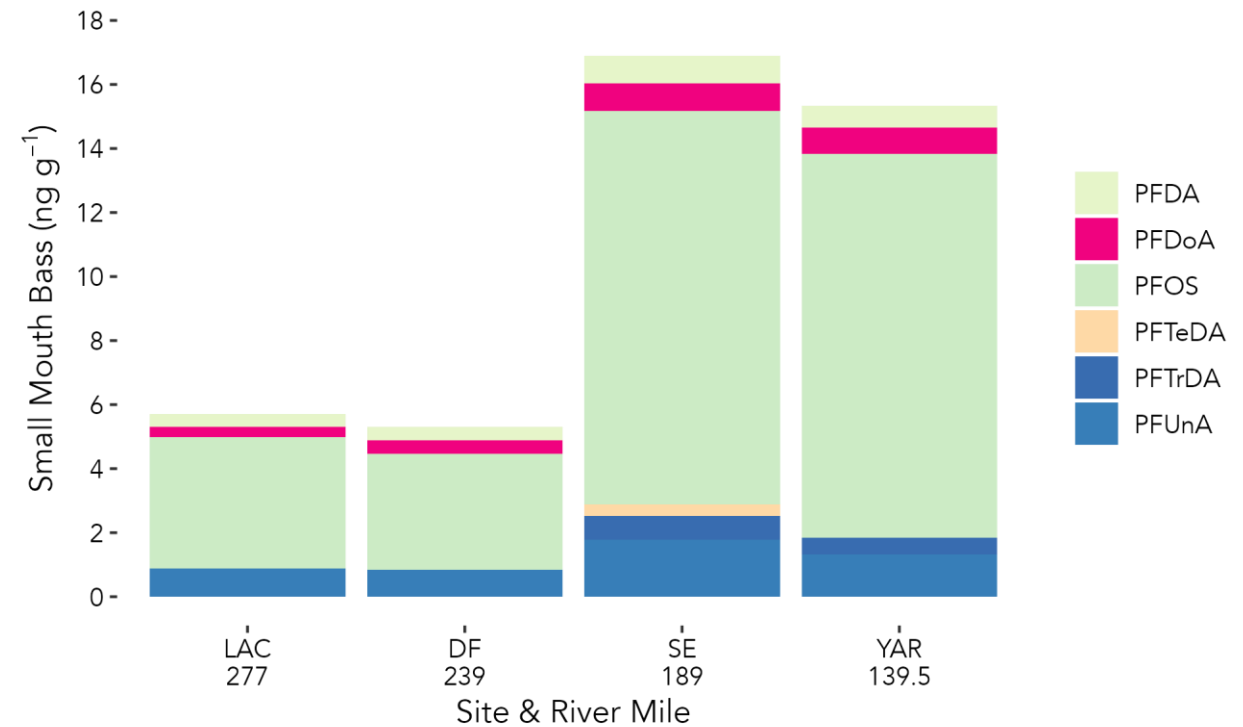
# PFOS Dominates Freshwater Fish Fillet Samples



White Sucker



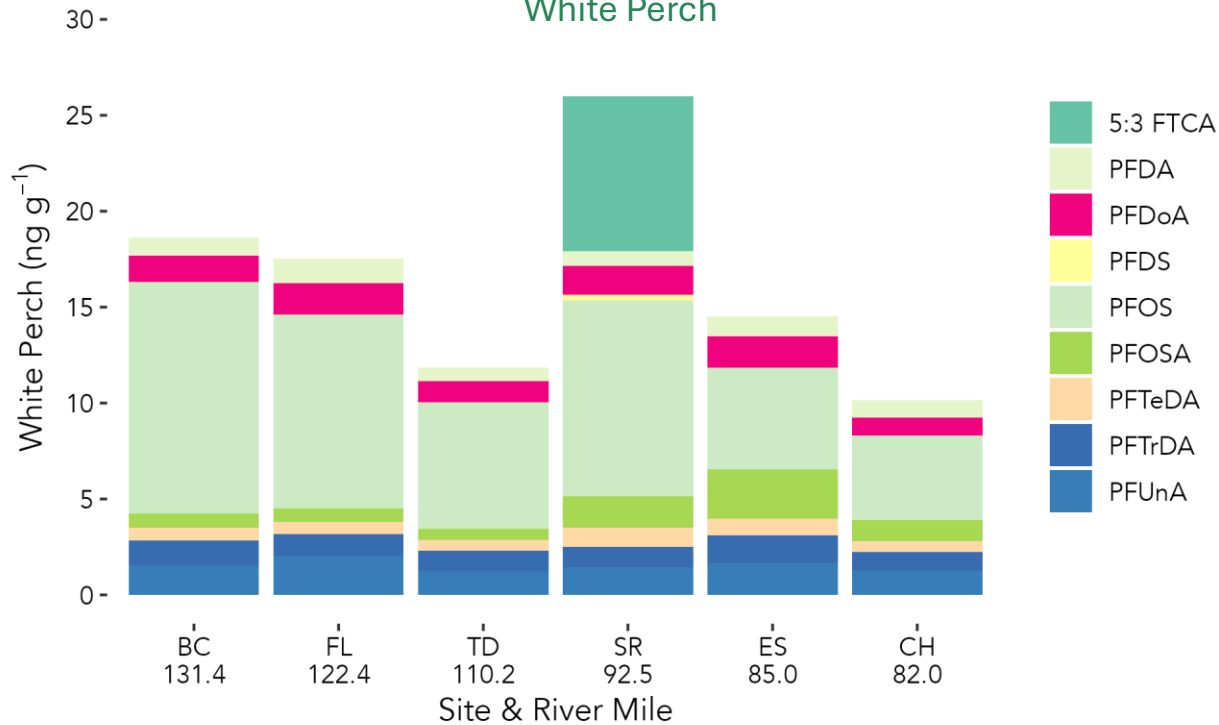
Small Mouth Bass



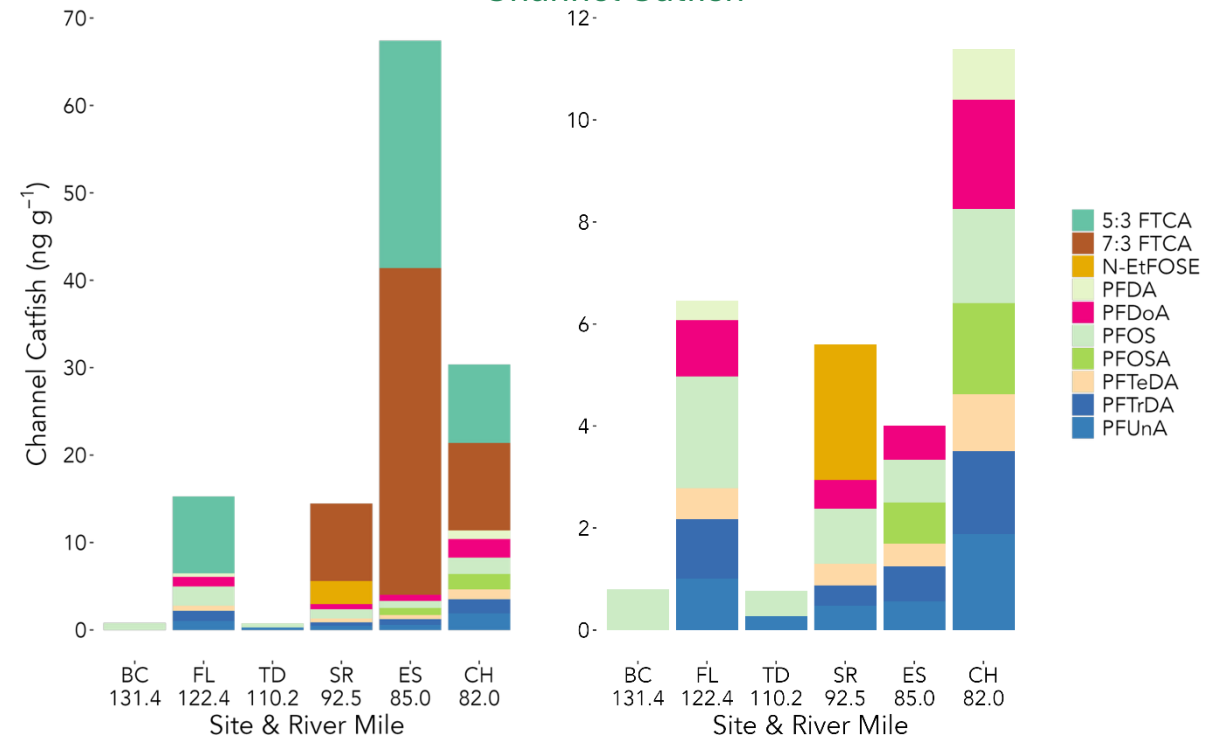
# Channel Catfish have a Unique PFAS Profile



White Perch



Channel Catfish



# Consult Your State's Consumption Advisory Website

Pennsylvania



New Jersey



Delaware



New York



**OR Search: [STATE NAME] + Fish Advisories**



PFAS concentrations and masses increase as water flows downstream



Sediment concentrations are highly variable, but likely reflective of nearby sources



PFAS is found in all tissues sampled, with PFOS generally being the dominant compound



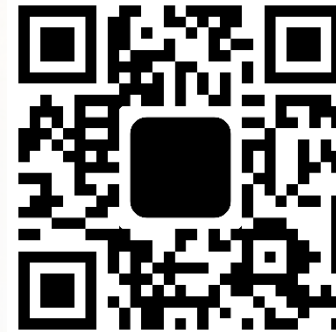
Review your states consumption advisories

PFAS is pervasive in the Delaware River Basin – more monitoring and source Identification are needed



A HUGE thank you to the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Delaware Watershed Conservation Fund for 3 consecutive years of funding to study PFAS in the Delaware River Basin

NFWF Yr 3 Final Report



DRBC PFAS Website



OR search for: "DRBC PFAS"

Thank you for the support:  
DRBC Staff: Ron MacGillivray, Elaine Panuccio, Jake Bransky, Bailey Adams, Kyle McAllister



# Web App: PFAS in the Delaware River Basin

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**Matthew Amato, Ph.D., Water Resource Scientist**  
Jeremy L. Conkle, Ph.D., Sr. Chemist/Toxicologist

[wq.drbc.net/PFAS](http://wq.drbc.net/PFAS)



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# Surface Water $\Sigma_{\text{PFAS}}$ Peaks near River Mile 65



Zone 1

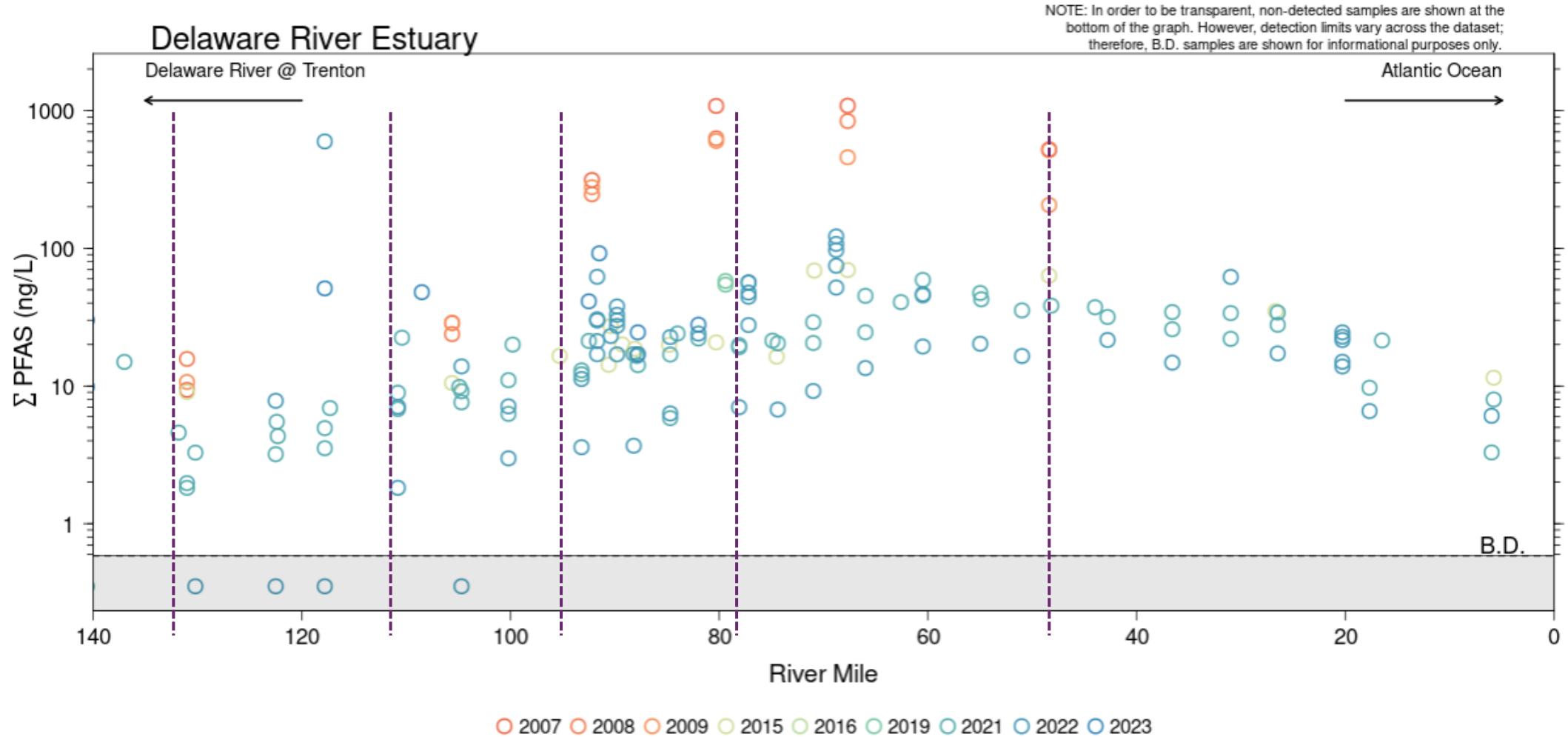
Zone 2

Zone 3

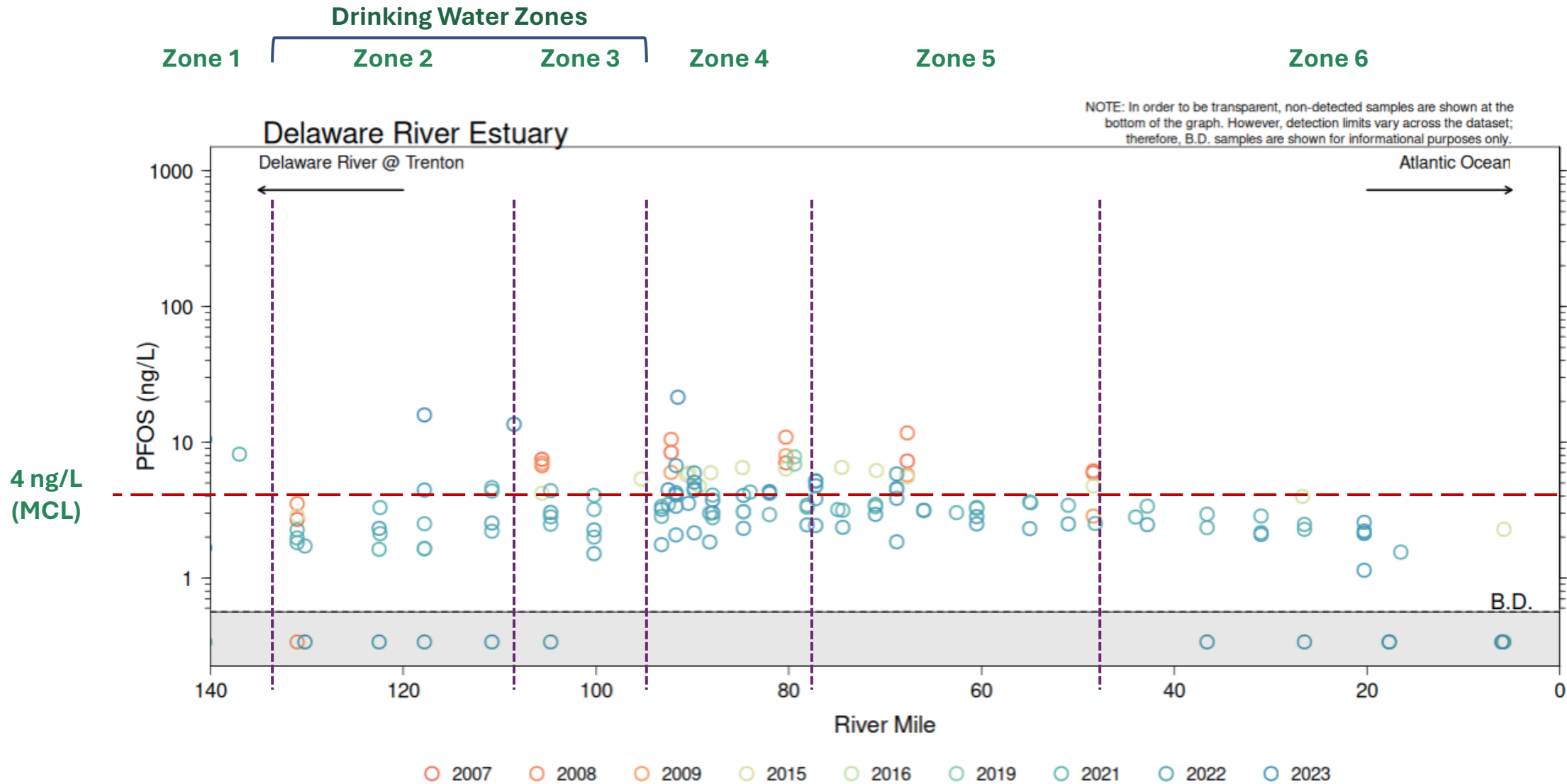
Zone 4

Zone 5

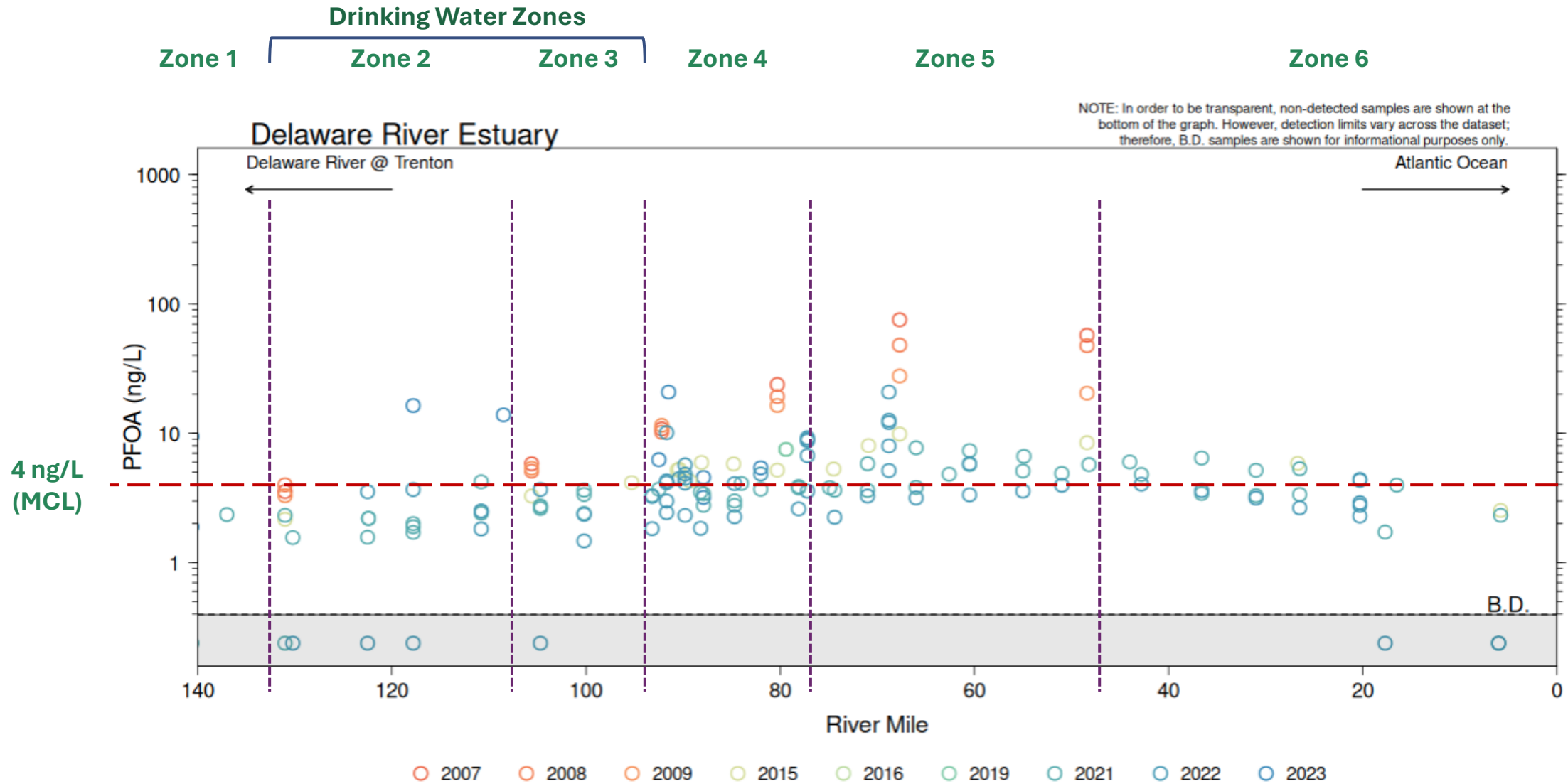
Zone 6



# PFOS in Mainstem Surface Water



# PFOA in Mainstem Surface Water



# DRBC's Next Steps for PFAS

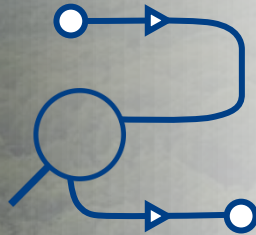
Jeremy L. Conkle, Ph.D., Sr. Chemist/Toxicologist



# DRBC's Plans for PFAS



Continue collecting and assessing publicly available PFAS data for the Delaware River Basin



Begin tracking sources of PFAS



When sources are identified, work with state and federal partners to find ways to reduce loading



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# DRBC's Plans for PFAS

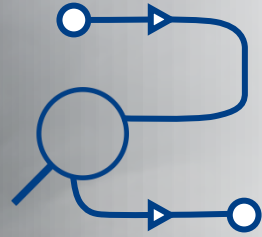


PFAS Web App for assessment



Samples of opportunity

# DRBC's Plans for PFAS



Begin tracking sources of PFAS



Start with smaller-scale efforts  
in tributaries



Pursue funding

# DRBC's Plans for PFAS



When sources are identified, work with state and federal partners to find ways to reduce loading



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DRBC knows that PFAS is a significant problem in the Delaware River Basin. While still assessing data, we are starting to look for ways to identify sources and reduce this pollution in our basin.

Jeremy L. Conkle, Ph.D.  
[jeremy.conkle@drbc.gov](mailto:jeremy.conkle@drbc.gov)



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# Stay Engaged with DRBC's PFAS work

- **Explore DRBC's PFAS resources**
  - PFAS report and resources:  
<https://www.nj.gov/drbc/programs/quality/pfas.html>
  - Web app: <https://wq.drbc.net/pfas/>
- **Attend a DRBC meeting**
  - Next advisory committee meeting:  
<https://www.nj.gov/drbc/meetings/advisory/index.html>
  - Next public input opportunity:  
<https://www.nj.gov/drbc/meetings/upcoming/>
- **Apply to serve on a DRBC advisory committee**
  - Committee openings  
<https://www.nj.gov/drbc/about/advisory/committee-openings.html>
- **Sign up for news from DRBC**
  - <https://www.nj.gov/drbc/contact/interest/>
- **Share DRBC's PFAS social media toolkit**
  - Toolkit will be sent via email to webinar attendees

# Question & Answer session

The Delaware River Basin Commission ensures water security for over 14 million people in 4 states.

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[contact@drbc.gov](mailto:contact@drbc.gov)

[www.drbc.gov](http://www.drbc.gov)

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