

N.J.A.C. 6A:8, Standards and Assessment

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Chapter 8, Standards and Assessment

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

6A:8-1.1 Purpose

- (a) To prepare students for college and career, success in life, and work in an economy driven by information, knowledge, and innovation requires a public education system where teaching and learning are aligned with 21st century learning outcomes. The outcomes move beyond a focus on basic competency in core subjects and foster a deeper understanding of academic content at much higher levels by promoting critical thinking, problem solving, and creativity through:
1. The New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS) that specify expectations in nine academic content areas: English language arts; mathematics; visual and performing arts; comprehensive health and physical education; science; social studies; world languages; technology; and 21st century life and careers;
 2. Indicators at benchmark grade levels delineated in the standards that further clarify expectations for student achievement; and
 3. Twenty-first century themes and skills integrated into all content standards areas.
- (b) District boards of education shall ensure that standards, assessments, curriculum, instruction, and professional development are aligned in a local support system that enables all students to achieve 21st century outcomes through the establishment of student-centered learning environments that provide opportunities for academically diverse students to:
1. Learn in meaningful, real-world contexts through rigorous and relevant curriculum that promotes engagement in learning by addressing varying college and career goals;
 2. Access and use quality learning tools, technologies, and resources;

3. Become self directed seekers of knowledge able to evaluate, apply, and create new knowledge in varying contexts; and
 4. Use effective communication, communication technology, and collaboration skills to interact with cultural sensitivity in the diverse local and world community.
- (c) The NJSLS, including indicators, enable district boards of education to establish curriculum and instructional methodologies for the purpose of providing students with the constitutionally mandated system of “thorough” public school instruction that promotes college and career readiness.
- (d) The Statewide assessment system is designed to measure college and career readiness and student progress in the attainment of the NJSLS.
- (e) The results of the Statewide assessments shall facilitate program evaluation based on student performance and shall enable district boards of education, the public, and government officials to evaluate the educational delivery systems of all public schools.

6A:8-1.2 Scope

- (a) The New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS) apply to all students enrolled in public elementary, secondary, and adult high school education programs within the State of New Jersey.
- (b) Unless otherwise noted, “district boards of education” shall be interpreted throughout this chapter to include the governing authorities of all providers of publicly funded elementary, secondary, and adult high school education programs, including county vocational school districts; educational services commissions; jointure commissions; charter schools; alternative schools; regional day schools; adult high schools; county special services school districts; the Marie H. Katzenbach School for the Deaf; the Department of Human Services; the Department of Children and Families; the

Department of Corrections; the Juvenile Justice Commission; public college-operated programs; and approved private schools for the disabled.

- (c) District boards of education shall align their curriculum and instructional methodologies to assist all students in achieving the NJSLs and to prepare all students for college and career.
- (d) Progress toward meeting the NJSLs shall be measured by the Statewide assessment system at grades three through 12, or if ungraded at equivalent ages, and at other grade(s) deemed appropriate by the Commissioner.

6A:8-1.3 Definitions

The following words and terms shall have the following meanings when used in this chapter unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Accommodations or modifications to the Statewide assessment system” means changes in testing procedures or formats that provide students with disabilities and multilingual learners (MLs) an equitable opportunity to participate in assessment and demonstrate their knowledge and skills in the areas assessed.

“ACTFL” means the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages.

“Adult education assessment test” means a test approved by the United States Department of Education that is used to award a State-issued high school diploma.

“Advanced Placement courses” means courses aligned with course descriptions provided by the College Board and intended to provide students with the opportunity to complete college-level studies during secondary school.

"All students" means every student enrolled in public elementary, secondary, and adult high school education programs within the State of New Jersey, including general education students, students with disabilities, and multilingual learners (MLs).

“Alternative State assessment for students with disabilities” means the alternative assessment used to determine cumulative student achievement of the knowledge and skills specified by the New Jersey Student Learning Standards for students with disabilities who are unable to participate in the Statewide assessment system.

“Annual measurable objectives” or “AMOs” means the performance targets set by New Jersey in the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) flexibility waiver approved by the United States Department of Education.

“Approved private schools for the disabled” means incorporated entities approved by the Department according to N.J.A.C. 6A:14-7.2 or 7.3 to provide special education and related services to students with disabilities who have been placed by the district board of education or charter school responsible for providing their education.

"Assessment" means a State-developed or State-approved standardized instrument or process that measures student performance levels on the New Jersey Student Learning Standards.

“Career awareness, exploration, and preparation” means instruction and programs that assist students to clarify career goals; explore career possibilities; develop employability skills; develop foundational knowledge necessary for success in the workplace; and make the transition from school to careers, including college, training, and employment.

“Career and technical education” means as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:19-1.2.

“Charter school” means as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:11-1.2.

“Chief school administrator” means the superintendent of schools or the administrative principal who works directly with the district board of education if there is no superintendent in the school district.

“CLEP” means College-Level Examination Program, which enables students to receive college credit by earning qualifying scores on examinations that are offered by the College Board and

cover material taught in courses most students take as requirements in the first two years of college. A college usually grants the same amount of credit to students earning satisfactory scores on the CLEP examination as it grants to students successfully completing the course.

“Content equivalent” means courses or activities that include the same or equivalent knowledge and skills as found in traditionally titled courses that are required for high school graduation and are aligned with the New Jersey Student Learning Standards. The content must be taught by certified teachers, may be integrated in one or more courses, may be titled differently, or may present material in an interdisciplinary or spiral format.

“Credit” means the award for the equivalent of a class period of instruction, which meets for a minimum of 40 minutes, one time per week during the school year or as approved through N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)2.

“Cut score” means a score on the assessment scales that demarcates the various performance levels.

“English language development standards” means as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:15-1.2.

“Evaluation,” formerly called “monitoring,” means the process by which the Commissioner or his or her designee evaluates the status of each school district or charter school.

“504 plan” means a written educational plan prepared by the 504 team for a 504 student.

“504 student” means a student who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life function; has been determined eligible for services, including accommodations and modifications by the school district’s 504 team; and has a 504 plan.

“504 team” means a group of persons that makes program and placement decisions according to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, and 34 CFR § 104.35(c).

“GED” means tests of General Educational Development taken in order to qualify for a State-issued high school diploma.

“Gifted and talented students” means students who possess or demonstrate high levels of ability in one or more content areas when compared to their chronological peers in the local school district and who require modifications of their educational program if they are to achieve in accordance with their capabilities.

“IEP” means individualized education program as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3.

“IEP team” means as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3.

“Indicator” means statements that further delineate the NJSLs.

“Individualized student learning opportunities” means student experiences based upon specific instructional objectives that meet or exceed the NJSLs at the high school level. Such opportunities may occur in all NJSLs and may include, but are not limited to, independent study; online learning; study-abroad programs; student exchange programs; and structured learning experiences, including, but not limited to, work-based programs, internships, apprenticeships, and service learning experiences. The opportunities shall be based on student interests and career goals.

“Instructional adaptation” means an adjustment or modification to instruction enabling students with disabilities, MLs, or students in alternative education programs or who are gifted and talented to participate in, benefit from, and/or demonstrate knowledge and application of the NJSLs.

“Interdisciplinary connections” means integrating NJSLs and skills from one or more content areas into instruction and assessment of another content area.

“Laboratory/inquiry-based science course” means a course in which students are systematically provided with ongoing opportunities to use data drawn from or to interact directly with the

natural and designed/engineered world, using tools, data collection techniques, models, and scientific concepts and principles.

“Magnet program” means a distinctive program designed to:

1. Attract students by offering a specialized curriculum based on a special theme or method of instruction; and
2. Substantially strengthen the knowledge of academic subjects and the attainment of tangible and marketable vocational, technological, and professional skills of students attending the program.

“ML” means multilingual learner, indicating a person who is in the process of acquiring English and has a first language other than English. MLs sometimes are referred to as English language learners (ELL) or limited English proficient (LEP).

“MOPI” means the ACTFL Modified Oral Proficiency Interview, which is a standardized assessment of functional speaking ability often used to test lower proficiency ranges.

“Native language” means the language or mode of communication first learned by the student.

“New Jersey Student Learning Standards” or “NJSLS” means standards adopted by the State Board of Education on May 1, 1996, and as thereafter revised by the State Board, and the Common Core State Standards adopted by the State Board on June 16, 2010, and as thereafter revised by the State Board, that describe the knowledge and skills all New Jersey students are expected to acquire by benchmark grades in the following areas: English language arts; mathematics; science; social studies; visual and performing arts; comprehensive health and physical education; world languages; technology; and 21st career life and careers. The standards are established for the provision of a thorough and efficient education pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-46 and as a basis for the evaluation of school districts in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:30.

“OPI” means the ACTFL Oral Proficiency Interview, which is a standardized assessment of functional speaking ability currently available in 37 world languages.

"Pacing guide" means a schedule that includes aligned concepts, topics and skills related to a particular curriculum to be addressed over a defined period of time. It is not a prescriptive, lock-step set of lesson plans that impede an educator's ability to exercise flexibility in meeting students' learning needs.

“PARCC assessment” means the set of assessments designed by the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers that was used from the 2014-2015 through 2017-2018 school years to determine student achievement of knowledge and skills specified by the NJSL in English language arts and mathematics.

“Performance level” means one of several categories describing student proficiency with regard to the achievement of the NJSL.

“Personalization” means enabling students to build and strengthen relationships with peers, teachers, other staff members, families, and the community at large through multiple strategies that promote engagement and high expectations based on individual interests and aptitudes, and that are conducive to successful teaching and learning experiences.

“Personalized Student Learning Plan” means a formalized plan and process that involves students setting learning goals based on personal, academic, and career interests, beginning in the middle school grades and continuing throughout high school with the close support of adult mentors, including teachers, counselors, and parents.

“Portfolio appeals process” means an alternative assessment of proficiency for graduation established by the Commissioner, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-3, utilizing techniques and

instruments other than PARCC English language arts (ELA) 10 or Algebra I assessments, the State graduation proficiency test, or substitute competency tests.

“Professional development” means a comprehensive, sustained, and intensive approach to improving the effectiveness of teachers, principals, and other school personnel in raising student achievement.

“Proficient” or “proficiency” means a student-achieved score at or above the cut score, which demarks a solid understanding of the content measured by an individual section of any State assessment.

“QSAC” means the Quality Single Accountability Continuum, which is used pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:30 to review and evaluate school district operations.

“Rehabilitation Act” means the Federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 701 et seq., as amended in 1992.

“Service learning experience” means a method that allows students or participants to learn and develop through active participation in thoughtfully organized activities that are conducted in and meet the needs of a community, and that help foster civic responsibility. Service learning experiences shall be coordinated with the community and with an elementary or secondary school, institution of higher education, or community-services program; shall be integrated into and enhance the school district’s academic curriculum; and shall provide structured time for students to reflect on the service experience.

“STAMP” means Standards-based Measurement of Proficiency, which is a test that is delivered, graded, and reported online, and that assesses students’ language proficiency from the “Novice-Low” to the “Intermediate-Mid” benchmark levels.

“Standards support materials” means documents published by the Department that include and elaborate on the NJSLs for preschool through grade 12 education, and that may assist in the development of local curricula.

“State Board” means the New Jersey State Board of Education.

“State-endorsed diploma” means a locally-issued document awarded to an exiting student indicating successful completion of high school graduation requirements.

“State graduation proficiency test” means a Statewide assessment that is aligned, at a minimum, to the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS) for ELA 10, Algebra I, and Geometry and administered pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 6.1. For students eligible to utilize the alternative means in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(g)1 to meet the graduation assessment requirement, the State graduation proficiency test shall also include the substitute competency test, which is an alternative set of third-party assessments approved by the Commissioner that may include, but are not limited to, the SAT, PSAT, ACT, ACT-Aspire, Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery-Armed Forces Qualifying Test (ASVAB-AFQT), or Accuplacer.

“State-issued high school diploma” means a diploma issued by the State of New Jersey.

“State Seal of Biliteracy” means the designation established pursuant to P.L. 2015, c. 303, to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational proficiency in one or more languages in addition to English.

“Structured learning experience” means as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:19-1.2.

“Study abroad programs” means programs that enable New Jersey students to attend a high school in another country for a semester or full academic year to acquire academic and cross-cultural skills that will help them live and work in a globally interdependent world.

“Substitute competency test” means, for students in the classes of 2018 through 2022, an alternative set of third-party assessments approved by the Commissioner, including, but not limited to, the SAT, PSAT, ACT, ACT-Aspire, Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery-Armed Forces Qualifying Test (ASVAB-AFQT), or Accuplacer, that can be used to demonstrate competency in

the NJSLs for students who have not demonstrated proficiency on PARCC ELA 10 or Algebra I assessments or the ELA or mathematics components of the State graduation proficiency test.

"Technological literacy" means students meeting NJSLs 8.1 Educational Technology, obtained through the integration of effective educational technology practices, strategies, and tools throughout all curricular areas.

"Transcript" means a document for all students exiting the public education system that describes a student's progress toward achievement of the NJSLs and other relevant experiences and achievements.

"Twenty-first century careers" means careers and occupations that have been impacted by technological and global forces and are in an ongoing state of reinvention due to technological advances and e-commerce.

"Twenty-first century themes and skills" means themes such as global awareness; financial, economic, business, and entrepreneurial literacy; civic literacy; health literacy; learning and innovation skills, including creativity and innovation, critical thinking and problem solving, and communication and collaboration; information, media, and technology skills; and life and career skills, including flexibility and adaptability, initiative and self-direction, social and cross-cultural skills, productivity and accountability, and leadership and responsibility.

Subchapter 2. The New Jersey Student Learning Standards

6A:8-2.1 Authority for educational goals and standards

- (a) The State Board of Education is responsible for establishing State educational goals and standards according to P.L. 1990, c. 52, P.L. 1991, c. 3, and P.L. 1991, c. 62.

1. In June 2009, the State Board adopted revised CCCS and associated indicators in visual and performing arts, comprehensive health and physical education, science, technology, 21st century life and careers, and world languages.
2. In September 2009, the State Board adopted revised CCCS and associated indicators in social studies.
3. In June 2010, the State Board adopted revised CCCS and associated indicators reflecting the Common Core State Standards for English language arts and mathematics.
4. The State Board on or before May 2008 initiated a review and readoption process for the CCCS and the Preschool Teaching and Learning Expectations: Standards of Quality. The process will be repeated every five years thereafter, based on recommendations by the Commissioner according to the following procedure:
 - i. The Commissioner shall convene an advisory panel of public school educators, higher education representatives, business representatives, and other citizens, to review and, if necessary, to recommend modifications to the NJSLS and the associated indicators within a scheduled period of time established by the Commissioner.
 - ii. The Commissioner shall present to the State Board for consideration at a public meeting any recommended revision(s) to the NJSLS and the associated indicators.
 - iii. Advanced notice(s) of the State Board meeting at which the recommended NJSLS will be considered shall be published in the New Jersey Register.
 - iv. The State Board will conduct public hearings on the Commissioner's recommendations at dates, times, and locations announced in the New Jersey Register.
 - v. Upon State Board adoption, the Commissioner shall publish and distribute to district boards of education and the general public the revised NJSLS.

6A:8-2.2 Authority for the State Plan for Career and Technical Education

- (a) The State Board shall serve as required by P.L. 109-270 and designated by N.J.S.A. 18A:59-5 as the sole agency responsible for the administration of the State Plan for Career and Technical Education and the legally constituted State Board for Career and Technical Education.
- (b) The State Board will be guided by the NJSLs and, particularly, Standard 8: Technology and Standard 9: 21st Century Life and Careers, in developing the State Plan for Career and Technical Education required under P.L. 109-270.

Subchapter 3. Implementation of The New Jersey Student Learning Standards

6A:8-3.1 Curriculum and instruction

- (a) District boards of education shall ensure that curriculum and instruction are designed and delivered in such a way that all students are able to demonstrate the knowledge and skills specified by the NJSLs and shall ensure that appropriate instructional adaptations are designed and delivered for students with disabilities, for MLs, for students enrolled in alternative education programs, and for students who are gifted and talented.
 - 1. The Department shall provide district boards of education with Standards support materials that suggest a variety of activities and strategies that may assist in the development of local curricula aligned with the NJSLs.
 - 2. District boards of education shall encourage the active involvement of representatives from the community, business, industry, labor, and higher education in the development of educational programs aligned with the NJSLs.
 - 3. District boards of education shall be responsible for assessing and publicly reporting on the progress of all students in developing the knowledge and skills

specified by the NJSLs, including civics, financial literacy, and all content areas not currently included in the Statewide assessment program.

4. District boards of education shall provide all students with disabilities an educational program aligned with the NJSLs, as well as the required individualized accommodations, instructional adaptations, and/or modifications as specified in a student's IEP or 504 plan.
5. District boards of education shall be responsible for identifying gifted and talented students and shall provide them with appropriate instructional adaptations and services.
 - i. District boards of education shall make provisions for an ongoing K-12 identification process for gifted and talented students that includes multiple measures.
 - ii. District boards of education shall provide appropriate kindergarten-through-grade-12 (K-12) educational services for gifted and talented students.
 - iii. District boards of education shall develop appropriate curricular and instructional modifications used for gifted and talented students indicating content, process, products, and learning environment.
 - iv. District boards of education shall take into consideration the Pre-K–Grade 12 Gifted Programming Standards of the National Association for Gifted Children in developing programs for gifted and talented students.
6. District boards of education shall actively assist and support professional development for teachers, educational services staff, and school leaders, including their efforts to meet mandatory professional development requirements specified in N.J.A.C. 6A:9C-3.
 - i. District boards of education shall facilitate the development and implementation by school leaders of professional growth plans aligned with the requirements set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:9C.

7. District boards of education shall be responsible for developing for MLs English language assistance programs that are aligned to the NJSLs and the English language development standards.
- (b) District boards of education shall be responsible for the delivery of educational programs at the elementary and secondary levels using a coherent sequence of activities to prepare all students for college and careers upon their graduation. Examples of such programs include, but are not limited to, academic programs, career and technical education programs, and/or magnet programs.
1. District boards of education shall implement educational programs that prepare all students for success in college and careers, including the kindergarten through grade eight development of academic skills integral to success in high school courses.
 2. District boards of education of school districts that include students in at least two of the grades from six through 12 shall develop opportunities for personalization that strengthen relationships among students, teachers, staff members, families, and the larger community for students in grades six through 12.
- (c) District boards of education shall be responsible for the review and continuous improvement of curriculum and instruction based upon changes in knowledge, technology, assessment results, and modifications to the NJSLs, according to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-2.
1. District boards of education shall include interdisciplinary connections throughout the K-12 curriculum.
 2. District boards of education shall integrate into the curriculum 21st century themes and skills.
 3. District boards of education shall provide the time and resources to develop, review, and enhance inter-disciplinary connections, supportive curricula, and instructional tools for helping students acquire required knowledge and skills. The tools include, but are not limited to:

- i. A pacing guide;
 - ii. A list of core instructional materials, including various levels of texts at each grade level;
 - iii. Benchmark assessments; and
 - iv. Modifications for special education students, for MLs in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:15, for students at risk of school failure, and for gifted students.
- (d) District boards of education shall establish procedures whereby any student whose parent or guardian presents to the school principal a signed statement that any or part of the instruction in health, family life education, or sex education is in conflict with his or her conscience or sincerely held moral or religious beliefs shall be excused from that part of the course where such instruction is being given and, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.7, no penalties shall result.

6A:8-3.2 Career education and counseling

- (a) The Department shall conduct a pilot project and evaluation of Personalized Student Learning Plans beginning in the 2009-2010 school year.
- (b) In fulfillment of the NJSLs, district boards of education shall develop and implement a comprehensive and developmental system for the delivery of guidance and academic counseling for all students to facilitate career awareness, exploration, and preparation. The system shall:
 1. Be linked to the NJSLs;
 2. Take into consideration the American School Counselor Association's National Standards for School Counseling Programs;
 3. Be infused throughout the K-12 curriculum as appropriate for all students;
 4. Be supported by professional development programs;
 5. Provide developmental career guidance and academic counseling, linked to the NJSLs, designed to:

- i. Assist students in making and implementing informed educational and career choices, including opportunities to change career focus;
 - ii. Support students' academic attainment, career development, and personal/social development;
 - iii. Develop students' understanding of the relationships among academic attainment, career development, and personal/social development; and
 - iv. Encourage students to create and maintain portfolios consisting of student accomplishments including academic and career-oriented work samples that reflect achievement of the NJSLS; and
6. Allow district boards of education to select the delivery format, which may include:
 - i. An integrated curriculum that is based on NJSLS 9.1 through 9.4 and provides students the opportunity to acquire information about their career interests and/or take advanced courses linked to their career interests; and/or
 - ii. Specialized programs that reflect the needs of students and the community.
- (c) For students with disabilities beginning at age 14, or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP team, district boards of education shall ensure that career guidance and academic counseling are coordinated with transition services provided in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.7.
- (d) District boards of education, in fulfillment of the NJSLS, shall develop and implement curriculum and instructional methods that:
 1. Include the integration of technological literacy, consistent with the NJSLS;
 2. Provide all students with an understanding of the career applications of knowledge and skills learned in the classroom; and
 3. Provide all students with opportunities to apply knowledge and skills learned in the classroom to real or simulated career challenges.
- (e) District boards of education, in fulfillment of the NJSLS, shall develop and implement for all students a system of career development activities that:

1. Offers all students the opportunity to more fully explore career interests within one or more of the Career Clusters identified in the Career and Technical Education Programs and Standards rules at N.J.A.C. 6A:19, that are linked to NJSLS and measured by the Statewide assessment system according to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-4;
 2. Allows district boards of education to select the appropriate format for offering career-development activities based on district resources, community needs, and student interest;
 3. Allows district boards of education to select the delivery format that may include:
 - i. An integrated curriculum, based on the NJSLS, that provides students the opportunity to acquire information about their career interests and/or take advanced courses linked to their career interests; or
 - ii. Specialized programs that reflect the needs of students and the community; and
 4. Instills the concept of the need for continuous learning throughout one's life.
- (f) District boards of education shall offer all high school students opportunities to more actively explore career interests by participating in structured learning experiences linked to the NJSLS.
1. Structured learning experiences should give students opportunities to demonstrate and apply a high level of academic attainment and to develop career and personal/social goals.
 2. Interested students may voluntarily select structured learning experiences that are:
 - i. Co-curricular or extra-curricular activities; and
 - ii. Taking place within the school district, at a work site, or in the community in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:19-6.4.
 3. District boards of education shall ensure students participating in school-sponsored, paid, or unpaid external structured learning experiences:
 - i. Are supervised by school personnel in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-11.19 through 11.22; and
 - ii. Conform to Federal and State law.

6A:8-3.3 Enrollment in college courses

- (a) District boards of education, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:61C-1, shall make reasonable efforts to increase the availability of college-level instruction for high school students through courses offered by institutions of higher education at their campuses and in high schools. The credits shall be accepted at all public New Jersey higher education institutions pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:61C-8.
- (b) District boards of education shall determine the eligibility of students to participate in college courses.
- (c) District boards of education and partner colleges shall ensure that college courses offered to high school students are:
 - 1. Equivalent to those offered to regularly admitted college students; and
 - 2. Accepted toward both college degree and high school graduation requirements.
- (d) District boards of education and partner colleges shall ensure that college courses for high school students are taught by college faculty with academic rank. Adjunct faculty and members of the district staff who have a minimum of a master's degree may also be included.

Subchapter 4. Implementation of The Statewide Assessment System

6A:8-4.1 Statewide assessment system

- (a) The Commissioner, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-1 et seq., and 18A:7E-2 and 3, may implement assessment of student achievement in the State's public schools in any grade(s) and by such assessments as he or she deems appropriate. The Commissioner shall report to the State Board the results of such assessments.
- (b) The Commissioner shall implement a system and related schedule of Statewide assessments to evaluate student achievement of the NJSLs.

1. The Commissioner, with the approval of the State Board, shall define the scope and level of student performance on Statewide assessments that demonstrate thorough understanding of the knowledge and skills delineated by the NJSLs at grade levels three through 12.
 2. After consultation with the Commissioner, the State Board shall establish by resolution uniform Statewide criteria defining adequate school district progress toward meeting the NJSLs.
- (c) District boards of education shall, according to a schedule prescribed by the Commissioner, administer the applicable Statewide assessments, including the following major components: the elementary assessment component for grades three through five; the middle school assessment component for grades six through eight, the high school assessment component, and the alternative State assessment for students with disabilities and provide notification to each student entering grades three through 12 of the Statewide assessment schedule.
1. The Department shall implement the elementary component of the Statewide assessment of the NJSLs consisting of the following:
 - i. Continued administration of mathematics and English language arts in grades three, four, and five, and of science in grade five.
 2. The Department shall implement the middle school component of the Statewide assessment of the NJSLs consisting of the following:
 - i. Continued administration of mathematics and English language arts in grades six, seven, and eight, and of science in grade eight.
 3. The Department shall implement a high school component of the Statewide assessment of the NJSLs consisting of, at a minimum, English language arts, mathematics, and science, in accordance with State and Federal law.

(d) Pursuant to (b) and (c) above, all students at grade levels three through 12, and at any other grade(s) designated by the Commissioner pursuant to (a) above, shall take all appropriate Statewide assessments as scheduled.

1. District boards of education shall provide all appropriate accommodations or modifications to the Statewide assessment system as specified by the Department for MLs and students with disabilities as defined at N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3 or eligible under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act as specified in a student's IEP or 504 plan.
 - i. District boards of education may administer the Statewide assessments in mathematics to MLs in their native language, when available, and/or English.
 - ii. District boards of education shall have the option for a first-year ML of substituting a Department-approved language proficiency test only for the English language arts component of the Statewide assessment, when the student has entered the United States after June 1 of the calendar year prior to the test administration.
2. District boards of education shall ensure students with disabilities as defined in N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3 participate in Statewide assessments in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-4.10.
3. At specific times prescribed by the Commissioner, district boards of education shall administer the alternative State assessment for students with disabilities to students with severe disabilities who cannot participate in other assessments due to the severity of their disabilities.
 - i. The Department shall implement the alternative State assessment for students with disabilities according to the schedules at (c)1, 2, and 3 above.
 - ii. The alternative State assessment for students with disabilities measures the progress of students who have been determined eligible for the alternative

State assessment for students with disabilities by the IEP team in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-4.10.

iii. The Department shall also implement an approved English language proficiency assessment to measure the progress in English language proficiency of MLs with an IEP who have been determined eligible by the IEP team for an alternative Department-approved English language proficiency assessment for students with disabilities.

4. District boards of education shall implement alternative ways for students to demonstrate graduation proficiency in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)6, (f), (g), (h), or (i), as applicable.

(e) District boards of education shall be responsible for ensuring the security of all components of the Statewide assessment system that are administered within the school district.

6A:8-4.2 Documentation of student achievement

(a) After each test administration, the Department shall provide to chief school administrators the following:

1. Rosters of student performance in each content area;
2. Individual student reports; and
3. School and school district summary data, including school and school district means, numbers tested, and percent achieving at each performance level. The school district summary data shall be aggregated and disaggregated, and school summary data shall be disaggregated, for students with disabilities as defined at N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3 and for MLs.

(b) District boards of education shall transmit within 10 business days any official records, including transcripts, of students who transfer to other school districts or institutions.

- (c) District boards of education shall maintain an accurate record of each student's performance on Statewide assessments.
- (d) District boards of education shall maintain for every student a ninth-grade-through-graduation transcript that contains the following, as available:
 - 1. Results of all applicable State assessments, including assessments that satisfy graduation requirements set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)6;
 - 2. Results of any English language proficiency assessments according to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(h);
 - 3. Evidence of instructional experience and performance in the NJSLs;
 - 4. Evidence of technological literacy;
 - 5. Evidence of career education instructional experiences and career development activities;
 - 6. Evidence of State-issued occupational licenses and credentials, industry-recognized occupational credentials, and/or technical skill assessments for students enrolled in Department-approved career and technical education programs pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:19-3.2; and
 - 7. Any other information deemed appropriate by the district board of education.

6A:8-4.3 Accountability

- (a) Chief school administrators shall report final results of annual assessments to district boards of education and members of the public at a public meeting within 60 days of receipt of information from the Department.
- (b) Chief school administrators shall provide educators, parents, and students with the results of annual assessments as required under N.J.A.C. 6A:8-4.2(a), within 30 days of receipt of information from the Department.

- (c) District boards of education shall provide appropriate instruction to improve skills and knowledge for students performing below the established levels of student proficiency in any content area either on the Statewide or local assessments.
- (d) All students shall be expected to demonstrate the knowledge and skills of the NJSLS as measured by the Statewide assessment system.

6A:8-4.4 Annual review and evaluation of school districts

The Department shall review the performance of schools and school districts by using a percent of students performing at the proficient level as one measure of AMO and incorporating a progress criterion indicative of systemic reform. The review shall include the performance of all students, including students with disabilities as defined by N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3, students from major racial and ethnic groups, economically disadvantaged students, and MLs. The review shall take place at each grade level in which Statewide assessments are administered, using the AMO targets.

6A:8-4.5 Public reporting

- (a) The Department shall report annually to the State Board and the public on the progress of all students and student subgroups in meeting the NJSLS as measured by the Statewide assessment system by publishing and distributing the Department's annual New Jersey School Report Card in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7E-2 through 5.
- (b) After each test administration, the Department shall report to district boards of education on the performance of all students and of student subgroups.
- (c) The Department shall report performance on the alternative State assessment for students with disabilities with the same frequency and in the same detail as it reports on other Statewide assessments, including school and school district means, and the number and percentage of participating students.

- (d) In public reporting of school and district performance data, the Department shall not compromise the confidentiality of individual students.

Subchapter 5. Implementation of Graduation Requirements

6A:8-5.1 Graduation requirements

- (a) For a State-endorsed diploma, district boards of education shall develop, adopt, and implement local graduation requirements that prepare students for success in post-secondary degree programs, careers, and civic life in the 21st century, and that include the following:
1. Participation in a local program of study of not fewer than 120 credits in courses designed to meet all of the NJSLs, including, but not limited to, the following credits:
 - i. At least 20 credits in English language arts, aligned to grade nine through 12 standards, effective with the 2009-2010 grade nine class;
 - ii. At least 15 credits in mathematics, including algebra I or the content equivalent effective with the 2008-2009 grade nine class; geometry or the content equivalent effective with the 2010-2011 grade nine class; and a third year of mathematics that builds on the concepts and skills of algebra and geometry and that prepares students for college and 21st century careers effective with the 2012-2013 grade nine class;
 - iii. At least 15 credits in science, including at least five credits in laboratory biology/life science or the content equivalent effective with the 2008-2009 grade nine class; one additional laboratory/inquiry-based science course, which shall include chemistry, environmental science, or physics effective with 2010-2011 grade nine class; and one additional laboratory/inquiry-based science course effective with 2012-2013 grade nine class;

- iv. At least 15 credits in social studies, including satisfaction of N.J.S.A. 18A:35-1 and 2; five credits in world history; and the integration of civics, economics, geography and global content in all course offerings;
 - v. At least 2.5 credits in financial, economic, business, and entrepreneurial literacy, effective with 2010-2011 grade nine class;
 - vi. At least 3 3/4 credits in health, safety, and physical education during each year of enrollment, distributed as 150 minutes per week, as required by N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5, 7 and 8;
 - vii. At least five credits in visual and performing arts;
 - viii. At least five credits in world languages or student demonstration of proficiency as set forth in (a)2ii(2) below;
 - ix. Technological literacy, consistent with the NJSLS, integrated throughout the curriculum; and
 - x. At least five credits in 21st century life and careers, or career-technical education;
2. The 120-credit requirement set forth in (a)1 above may be met in whole or in part through program completion of a range of experiences that enable students to pursue a variety of individualized learning opportunities, as follows:
- i. District boards of education shall establish a process to approve individualized student learning opportunities that meet or exceed the NJSLS.
 - (1) Individualized student learning opportunities in all NJSLS areas include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (A) Independent study;
 - (B) Online learning;
 - (C) Study abroad programs;
 - (D) Student exchange programs; and

- (E) Structured learning experiences, including, but not limited to, work-based programs, internships, apprenticeships, and service learning experiences.
- (2) Individualized student learning opportunities based upon specific instructional objectives aimed at meeting or exceeding the NJSLS shall:
 - (A) Be based on student interest and career goals as reflected in the Personalized Student Learning Plans;
 - (B) Include demonstration of student competency;
 - (C) Be certified for completion based on the district process adopted according to (a)2ii below; and
 - (D) Be on file in the school district and subject to review by the Commissioner or his or her designee.
- (3) Group programs based upon specific instructional objectives aimed at meeting or exceeding the NJSLS shall be permitted under this section and shall be approved in the same manner as other approved courses.
- ii. District boards of education shall establish a process for granting of credits through successful completion of assessments that verify student achievement in meeting or exceeding the NJSLS at the high school level, including standards achieved by means of the individualized student learning opportunities enumerated at (a)2 above. Such programs or assessments may occur all or in part prior to a student's high school enrollment; no such locally administered assessments shall preclude or exempt student participation in applicable Statewide assessments at grades three through 12.
 - (1) District boards of education shall choose assessments that are aligned with or exceed the NJSLS and may include locally designed assessments.

(2) District boards of education shall choose from among the following assessment options to determine if students have achieved the level of language proficiency designated as Novice-High as defined by the ACTFL and recognized as fulfilling the world languages requirement of the NJSLS:

(A) The STAMP online assessment;

(B) The OPI or MOPI; or

(C) Department-approved locally designed competency-based assessments;

iii. District boards of education shall establish a process to approve post-secondary learning opportunities that may consist of Advanced Placement (AP) courses, CLEP, or concurrent/dual enrollment at accredited higher education institutions.

(1) District boards of education shall award credit for successful completion of an approved, accredited college course that assures achievement of knowledge and skills that meets or exceeds the NJSLS.

3. Local student attendance requirements;

4. Any other requirements established by the district board of education;

5. Any statutorily mandated requirements for earning a high school diploma;

6. The requirement that all students demonstrate proficiency by achieving a passing score on the ELA and mathematics components of the State graduation proficiency test or through the alternative means at (h) below, if applicable, or for students who take the State graduation proficiency test but do not achieve a passing score through the alternative means set forth at (g) and (i) below;

i. Students in the graduating classes of 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 shall be required to demonstrate proficiency by achieving a passing score on the

high school end-of-course PARCC assessments in ELA 10 and Algebra I
or through the alternative means set forth at (f), (h), and (i) below;

7. For students who have not demonstrated proficiency on the ELA and/or mathematics components of the State graduation proficiency test, the opportunity for the following:
 - i. Remediation, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-3; and
 - ii. One or more additional opportunities to demonstrate proficiency on the State graduation proficiency test, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-6; and
 8. Students graduating from an adult high school shall demonstrate proficiency in the ELA and mathematics components of the State graduation proficiency test, or through the alternative means set forth at (f), (g), (h), and (i) below.
- (b) In the development of Personalized Student Learning Plans according to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.2(a), district boards of education shall actively encourage all students who have otherwise met the requirements for high school graduation according to (a)1 through 3 above, to include in their programs of study the following additional credits:
1. Five credits in mathematics during each year of enrollment, aimed at preparation for entrance into post-secondary programs or 21st century careers;
 2. Five credits in a laboratory science during each year of enrollment, aimed at preparation for entrance into post-secondary programs or 21st century careers;
 3. Five credits in social studies during each year of enrollment, aimed at preparation for entrance into post-secondary programs or 21st century careers; and
 4. Five credits in world languages during each year of enrollment, aimed at preparation for entrance into post-secondary programs or 21st century careers.
- (c) Through the IEP process set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.7 and pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:14-4.11, district boards of education may specify alternate requirements for a State-endorsed diploma for individual students with disabilities as defined at N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3.

1. District boards of education shall specifically address any alternate requirements for graduation in a student's IEP, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-4.11.
 2. District boards of education shall develop and implement procedures for assessing whether a student has met the specified alternate requirements for graduation individually determined in an IEP.
- (d) District boards of education shall provide to the executive county superintendent their graduation requirements each year they are evaluated through QSAC and update the filed copy each time their graduation policies are revised.
- (e) District boards of education shall provide each student entering high school and his or her parents or legal guardians with a copy of the district board of education's requirements for a State-endorsed diploma and the programs available to assist students in attaining a State-endorsed diploma, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-5.
- (f) To ensure adequate transition to the new Statewide assessment system, district boards of education shall provide students in the graduating classes of 2018 through 2022 who have not demonstrated proficiency on the high school end-of-course PARCC assessments in ELA 10 and Algebra I with the opportunity to demonstrate such competence through one of the alternative means set forth below:
1. For the graduating classes of 2018 through 2022, students who did not take both the ELA 10 and the Algebra I end-of-course PARCC assessment or who take but do not achieve a passing score on both assessments, as required at (a)6 above, may satisfy the State requirement to demonstrate proficiency in English language arts and/or mathematics in one of the following ways:
 - i. Achieve a passing score, as determined by the Commissioner, on a corresponding substitute competency test in English language arts and/or mathematics, as applicable, or substitute a passing score on another end-of-course PARCC assessment, including ELA 9, ELA 11, Geometry, or Algebra II; or

- ii. Meet the criteria of the portfolio appeals process.
- (g) For students in the classes of 2023, 2024, and 2025, the alternative means referenced at (a)6 above shall be as follows:
- 1. Achieve a passing score, as determined by the Commissioner and approved by the State Board of Education, on a corresponding substitute competency test in English language arts and/or mathematics, as applicable; and/or
 - 2. Demonstrate proficiency through the portfolio appeals process, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-3.
- (h) All MLs shall satisfy the requirements for high school graduation, except MLs may demonstrate they have attained State minimum levels of proficiency through passage of the portfolio appeals process in their native language, when available, and passage of a Department-approved, English fluency assessment.
- (i) Students, including students with disabilities as defined at N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.3 or eligible under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act who participate in the alternative assessment for students with disabilities, are not required to participate in repeated administrations of high school assessment components required at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-4.1(c).
- (j) For students in the classes of 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022, the Department shall consider high school end-of-course State assessments to be equivalent to the corresponding high school end-of-course PARCC assessments.

6A:8-5.2 High school diplomas

- (a) District boards of education shall award a State-endorsed high school diploma to prospective graduates who have met all of the requirements adopted in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a) or (c), or (d) below.
- (b) District boards of education shall not issue a high school diploma to any student not meeting the criteria specified in the rule provisions referenced at (a) above.

1. District boards of education shall provide students exiting grade 12 without a diploma the opportunity for continued high school enrollment to age 20 or until the requirements for a State-endorsed diploma have been met, whichever comes first.
 2. District boards of education shall allow any out-of-school individual to age 20 who has otherwise met all State and local graduation requirements but has failed to pass the State proficiency test to demonstrate proficiency through alternative means as set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)6 through (i), as applicable, pursuant to the standards applicable to the student's graduating class. Students in graduating classes prior to 2018 shall demonstrate proficiency as set forth for the classes of 2018 through 2022 at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(f)1. Upon certification of passing the test applicable to the student's class in accordance with this chapter, a State-endorsed diploma shall be granted by the high school of record.
- (c) Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:20-1.4, the Commissioner shall award a State-issued high school diploma based on achieving the Statewide standard score on the General Education Development test (GED) or other adult education assessments to individuals age 16 or older who are no longer enrolled in school and have not achieved a high school credential.
- (d) The Commissioner shall award a State-issued high school diploma to individuals age 16 or older and no longer enrolled in high school based on official transcripts showing at least 30 general education credits leading to a degree at an accredited institution of higher education. Included in the 30 general education credits must be a minimum of 15 credits with at least three credits in each of the five general education categories as follows: English; mathematics; science; social science; and the humanities.
- (e) District boards of education shall award a State-endorsed high school diploma to any currently enrolled student, regardless of grade level, who:
1. Has demonstrated proficiency in the State graduation proficiency test, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)6, or as set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(g).

- i. District boards of education shall award a State-endorsed high school diploma to any currently enrolled student in the graduating classes of 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 who has demonstrated proficiency in the high school end-of-course PARCC assessments in ELA 10 and Algebra I, or as set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(f).
 2. Has presented official transcripts showing at least 30 general education credits leading to a degree at an accredited institution of higher education; and
 3. Has formally requested such early award of a State-endorsed high school diploma.
- (f) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-7 and 18A:7E-3, the chief school administrator or lead person of a charter school shall report annually to the district board of education or the charter school board of trustees at a public meeting not later than September 30, and to the Commissioner:
1. The total number of students graduated;
 2. The number of students graduated under the substitute competency test process;
 3. The number of students graduated under the portfolio appeals process;
 4. The number of students receiving State-endorsed high school diplomas as a result of meeting any alternate requirements for graduation as specified in their IEPs;
 5. The total number of students denied graduation from the 12th grade class; and
 6. The number of students denied graduation from the 12th grade class solely because of failure to pass the high school end-of-course PARCC assessments, the State graduation proficiency test, substitute competency tests, or portfolio appeals process based on the provisions of this chapter.

6A:8-5.3 State Seal of Biliteracy

- (a) A district board of education may award a State Seal of Biliteracy to any student who has met all requirements in N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.2 and demonstrates proficiency in the following:

1. One or more world languages via an assessment approved pursuant to (f) below during the student's next to last or final year of high school; and
 - i. Pursuant to P.L. 2015, c. 303, a foreign language other than English also shall include, but not be limited to, American Sign Language, Latin, and Native American languages.
 2. English language arts as set forth in N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)6.
- (b) Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, a district board of education that chooses to award the State Seal of Biliteracy shall incorporate the process into the local graduation policy developed, adopted, and implemented pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a), denoting participation in the voluntary program. A district board of education choosing to participate shall submit, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(d), a copy of the local graduation policy that reflects the option for students to participate in the State Seal of Biliteracy.
- (c) A district board of education may pay the costs for related assessments and transcript insignias or may charge a fee to a participating student. A participating district board of education shall include in its revised local graduation requirements whether it will cover the related costs or charge a fee.
- (d) A district board of education that chooses to award the State Seal of Biliteracy shall do the following:
1. Provide the Department with information regarding students who qualify for the State Seal of Biliteracy pursuant to (a) above;
 2. Present each student who qualifies pursuant to (a) above with a Department-issued certificate;
 3. Include the Commissioner-developed insignia on the student's transcript; and
 4. Maintain appropriate records to identify students who have earned the State Seal of Biliteracy.

- (e) A district board of education shall not award a State Seal of Biliteracy to any student who does not meet the criteria in (a) above and shall not include the Commissioner-developed insignia on the student's transcript.
- (f) A list of Department-approved, nationally recognized assessments and the Statewide scores necessary for a student to satisfy requirements for the State Seal of Biliteracy shall be set by a resolution approved by the State Board of Education.
 - 1. If an approved assessment, pursuant to (f) above, does not exist for a particular language, a district board of education may administer a Department-approved, locally designed proficiency-based assessment.
- (g) The Commissioner shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature by September 1 of each school year a report that includes the number of students awarded the State Seal of Biliteracy in the previous school year, the languages in which the students attained proficiency, and the method(s) by which the students demonstrated proficiency.

Subchapter 6. Bridge Year Pilot Program

6A:8-6.1 Purpose

- (a) This subchapter implements the Bridge Year Pilot Program authorized by P.L. 2020, c. 41. The law provides students in the graduating classes of 2021 and 2022 with the opportunity to defer graduation from high school for one year to offset disruptions to learning opportunities and participation in extracurricular activities that might have resulted from the closure of schools for in-person instruction in the spring of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The rules specify procedures that all school districts, charter schools, and renaissance school projects with high schools and participating nonpublic high schools must follow, as well as the eligibility criteria for students.
 - 1. This additional year will be referred to throughout the subchapter as "bridge year."

6A:8-6.2 Scope

- (a) This subchapter shall apply to all public high schools and their school districts and district boards of education or charter school or renaissance school project board of trustees.
 - 1. A nonpublic high school that elects to participate in the Bridge Year Pilot Program shall follow the rules throughout this subchapter, as applicable.
 - 2. “Host high school,” which is the high school that a student who pursues a bridge year attended as a junior, shall be used throughout the subchapter to refer to a public high school and its school district and district board of education or charter school or renaissance school project board of trustees, as well as a participating nonpublic high school.
- (b) This subchapter shall apply to students in the graduating classes of 2021 and 2022 who pursue a bridge year and meet the eligibility criteria at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.4.

6A:8-6.3 Host high school responsibilities

- (a) Each host high school shall provide students in the graduating classes of 2021 and 2022, who are eligible, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.4, with the opportunity to pursue a bridge year during the academic year immediately following their senior year of high school.
- (b) Each host high school shall designate a staff member as a bridge year liaison to carry out the responsibilities set forth at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.5.
 - 1. Nothing at (b) above or at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.5 shall be construed to require a host high school to hire an individual to serve as a bridge year liaison.
- (c) The host high school shall permit a student pursuing a bridge year to participate in graduation ceremonies with the graduating class of 2021 or 2022, as applicable, or at the conclusion of the student’s bridge year, but the host high school shall not issue a diploma to the student until the conclusion of the bridge year.

1. If a student initially decides to pursue a bridge year but does not complete the fall or spring semester, the student's host high school shall release all final transcripts and other records, as necessary, and as may be requested.
- (d) A host high school shall indicate in NJ SMART, by June 30, whether students in the 12th grade are planning to participate in a bridge year during the following school year. This requirement does not apply to participating nonpublic schools.

6A:8-6.4 Student eligibility and participation

- (a) A student in the graduating classes of 2021 or 2022 who has met all applicable State and local high school graduation requirements by the end of the student's senior year of high school may defer graduation from high school for one year to pursue a bridge year.
 1. To receive a State-endorsed high school diploma, a student participating in a bridge year shall:
 - i. Meet the graduation requirements in place for the student's original senior year; and
 - ii. Not be required to meet any additional graduation requirements implemented for the student's bridge year.
- (b) A student shall be 19 years of age or younger and shall not turn 20 years of age at any time during the bridge year, except as detailed at (b)1 below.
 1. A student with disabilities who has satisfied State and local graduation requirements but may need an extra year of services, and will not turn 21 years old before June 30, may participate in the Bridge Year Pilot Program and receive services for another year as determined by the student's individualized education program (IEP) team, which includes the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).

- (c) A student who intends to pursue a bridge year shall notify the host high school's bridge year liaison no later than February 15 of the student's senior year.
- (d) A student pursuing a bridge year shall remain enrolled in the host high school while participating in the Bridge Year Pilot Program. The student shall not be permitted to transfer to a different high school, as the designation of host high school is not transferable.
- (e) To remain in the Bridge Year Pilot Program, a student shall maintain a grade point average of 2.0 while fulfilling the credit requirements at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.7.

6A:8-6.5 Bridge year liaison responsibilities

- (a) Each host high school's bridge year liaison shall do the following:
 1. Serve as the host high school's point of contact for students who are interested in pursuing, or are participating in, a bridge year;
 2. Facilitate planning of academic services for students participating in a bridge year;
 3. Communicate regularly with the host high school's respective county college or applicable four-year institution attended by a student participating in a bridge year regarding the academic progress of students;
 4. Develop individual learning plans (ILPs) in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.6;
 5. Collect and report attendance according to the host high school's policy for students participating in classes not at the host high school and in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.6;
 6. Receive, at least quarterly, reports from the respective county college and other institutions of higher education attended by a student participating in a bridge year as specified in the student's ILP; and
 7. Ensure, at the conclusion of each semester of the bridge year, that the student's high school transcript reflects the high school and college credits earned during

the bridge year in accordance with host high school's policy for students participating in classes not at the host high school.

6A:8-6.6 Individual learning plans

- (a) The host high school's bridge year liaison shall develop, in consultation with the student, an individual learning plan (ILP) for each student pursuing a bridge year.
1. The bridge year liaison may confer with a multi-disciplinary team of professionals with knowledge of the student's educational, behavioral, emotional, social, and health needs. For students with a disability, the multi-disciplinary team shall include the student's IEP team.
 2. The bridge year liaison may utilize the ILP template on the [Department's website](https://www.nj.gov/education/covid19/boardops/bridge.shtml) at <https://www.nj.gov/education/covid19/boardops/bridge.shtml>.
- (b) An ILP for a student's bridge year shall define academic and extracurricular goals and shall detail activities and strategies that will support the student in accomplishing the goals.
1. All academic goals in the ILP shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.7 and shall:
 - i. Be based on specific instructional objectives;
 - ii. Be based on student interest and career goals; and
 - iii. Include demonstration of student competency.
 2. The activities and strategies detailed in the ILP may include, but are not limited to, counseling, academic support, coursework, transition services, and extracurricular or athletic participation.
 3. Host high schools that do not operate on the basis of fall and spring semesters shall ensure that students in a bridge year meet the total credit requirements at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-6.7 over the course of the entirety of the bridge year.

- (c) An ILP for a student's bridge year shall specify the manner in which the institution of higher education must report quarterly to the host high school's bridge year liaison regarding the student's progress and performance related to the academic goals defined in the ILP.
- (d) Each student's ILP shall be completed by June 1 of the student's senior year.
- (e) The host high school's bridge year liaison shall update and modify a student's ILP throughout the student's bridge year to ensure the student is meeting academic and performance goals. The host high school's bridge year liaison shall utilize the quarterly reports submitted pursuant to (c) above to modify a student's ILP.

6A:8-6.7 Academic and course requirements

- (a) The high school or college credits taken by a student pursuant to this section shall together form a coordinated sequence of academic content that prepares the student for high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand occupations.
- (b) During the fall semester of the bridge year, students shall take between nine and 12 credits at the host high school, the county college that serves the county of the host high school, or a combination thereof.
- (c) During the spring semester of the bridge year, students shall take between nine and 12 credits at the county college that serves the county of the host high school.
- (d) During the fall or spring semester of the bridge year, students may also take up to three credits offered by a four-year institution of higher education at any high school in the State or at any other location to fulfill the credit requirements at (b) or (c) above.
- (e) To meet the credit requirements at (b) and (c) above, students may participate in learning opportunities, including, but not limited to, independent study, online learning, and structured learning experiences.
- (f) Students in a bridge year do not need to participate in health, safety, and physical education requirements at N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5, 7, and 8 or at N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1(a)1 vi.

- (g) A student who participates in a spring sport sanctioned by the New Jersey State Interscholastic Athletic Association (NJSIAA) during the bridge year shall enroll in less than 12 college credits, or otherwise be enrolled in a number of college credits as to not be considered a full-time college student during either semester of the student's bridge year.
- (h) For the purpose of taking college credits pursuant to this section, the student participating in a bridge year shall be considered a non-matriculated student of the county college.

6A:8-6.8 Athletic and extracurricular activity participation

- (a) A student in a bridge year may participate in a spring sport sanctioned by the New Jersey State Interscholastic Athletic Association (NJSIAA) and extracurricular activities at the host high school.
 - 1. A student pursuing a bridge year shall not be eligible to participate in any fall or winter sport sanctioned by the NJSIAA.
 - 2. A student who decides not to continue the bridge year in the spring semester shall not be eligible to participate in a spring sports program or extracurricular activities at the host high school.
- (b) To participate in a spring sport during the bridge year, the student shall meet all of the NJSIAA's eligibility requirements, except as detailed at (b)1 below.
 - 1. For students participating in a spring sport during a bridge year, the host high school shall request that the NJSIAA waive the rule under which a student is not eligible for high school athletics after the expiration of eight consecutive semesters following the student's entrance into the ninth grade.
- (c) A student participating in a spring sport or extracurricular activity during the bridge year shall pay applicable student athletics and activities fees and be subject to the host high school's student code of conduct, athletic code of conduct, and any other applicable codes,

rules, or policies that other students participating in the spring sport or extracurricular activity at the host high school are required to follow.