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HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

PREPARED BY HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

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7 Lexington Avenue, East Brunswick, New Jersey 08816, Tel: (732) 254 8300

August 14, 2015

The Commissioner New Jersey Department of Education Riverview Executive Plaza – Bldg. 100 P. O. Box 500 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500

Dear Commissioner:

We hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School (the "Charter School" or "HIACS") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Charter School. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and result of operations of the various funds of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Hatikvah International Academy Charter School's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Charter School's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (MD&S) and the basic financial statements including the Charter School-wide financial statements presented in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The basic financial statements also include individual fund financial statements and required supplemental information (RSI). The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations", and the New Jersey OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

1) <u>Reporting Entity and its Services</u>

The Hatikvah International Academy Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as established by National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 3. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report.

The Charter School is approved to provide a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels K to 8. These include regular education as well as special education for handicapped youngsters. During the 2014-2015 school year (fifth year in operation as a public charter school), Hatikvah International Academy Charter School enrolled Kindergarten through 6th grade students.

2) <u>Economic Condition and Outlook</u>

The Hatikvah International Academy Charter School is located in the Township of East Brunswick which is proudly hailed as one of New Jersey's 25 great towns (NJ Monthly Magazine, March 2009). Its 22.5 square miles is home to a diverse population of approximately 48,975. A strategic location and a progressive outlook have fostered a dynamic growth of attractive and desirable residential developments, an excellent school system, shopping centers, state-of-the-art office complexes, and medical services. Development in the center of the township, away from the heavily traveled and developed commercial area on Route 18, has seen an influx of doctors, dentists and other ancillary medical providers in the Cranbury Road section. Currently, there are 279 doctors, representing every specialty, with office space in the township. The University Radiology Group, P.C. Central Jersey's largest radiology group consisting of 51 radiologists and doctors, is headquartered in the Township and has expanded its facility to house a second MRI diagnostic machine. There are 127 dentists with offices in East Brunswick. Physical therapists, ambulance service companies and other medical service providers including 4 medical labs operate offices in the Township as well.

East Brunswick has a multitude of housing choices on the eastern side of town with single family homes, townhouses, condominiums and apartment complexes. The western side is the sparsely developed 6.7 square mile Rural Preservation Zone. Most homes in East Brunswick are single family residences. Current real estate values for single family homes range from \$150,000 to over \$1,000,000 for a custom home with tennis court and pool.

2) <u>Economic Condition and Outlook</u> - continued

Residential offerings are diverse and include one of the township's star attractions, Crystal Springs Aquatic Facility, a blue water swimming area with a lazy river, Olympic size lap pool, several wading pools, and a water slide.

In addition, the Township boasts two private swim clubs, many tennis courts, five private health clubs and fourteen public parks on 600 acres. Tamarak Golf Club, which includes two 18-hole courses and is owned by Middlesex County, is also located in the Township. A community theater group, Playhouse 22, performs major Broadway shows and children's shows.

The East Brunswick Public Library is the busiest single municipal building in the state of State New Jersey, open more hours each week than any other public library in the state. It has achieved national recognition for the quality of its collections, programs and services to all segments of the community. The Library operates its own municipal cable television station, EBTV, seen by more than 75 percent of East Brunswick homes on Comcast cable's Channel 3, EBTV produces 200 original programs each year as well as a Community Bulletin Board that updates subscribers on Township news and activities of community organizations. It is the only government-run station in the state to produce a weekly video news magazine. The Library has been voted the Best Public Library in Central New Jersey" by readers of the Home News Tribune every year since the inception of the newspaper's "Best of the Best" award.

The township experienced a 22% decrease in its labor force from 26,511 in 2008 to 26,452 in 2009 as reported by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics. The employment rate for 2009 was 92.4% as compared with 95.9% in 2008, and the unemployment rate for 2009 increase to 7.6% from 4.1% in 2008.

Economic data provided by the Township of East Brunswick indicates that the construction value of building permits issued for new units, additions and remodeling as of August 31, 2010 totaled approximately \$23 million and the total number of permits issued totaled 1,972 for the same period. The construction value and permits issued for the entire 2009 calendar year respectively totaled approximately \$30.2 million and 2,733 as compared to \$48.4 million and 2,773 for the 2008 calendar year. This represents a decrease of 40 permits and a decrease in construction value of \$18.2 million.

Growth

The Charter School has just completed its fifth year of operations. During the 2014-2015 schoolyear, the school served 50 kindergarten students, 50 first grade students, 50 second grade students, 50 third grade students, 50 fourth grade students and 50 fifth grade students.

The Charter School's plan to expand to sixth, seventh and eighth grades has now been approved by the State starting from the 2015-2016 school year.

3) <u>Major Initiatives</u>

The Charter School has honored its commitment to serve all students' needs. In terms of Special Education, during the 2014-2015 school year, the Charter School had 6 inclusion classes in grades one through five. In addition to the academic programs provided, the Charter School offered students eligible for special education and related services with speech, occupational therapy, as well as counseling. The Charter School 's I & RS Committee meets as often as necessary to review and discuss students that may be at risk. The Committee offers parents strategies and creates action plans to help foster increased academic success. The Charter School offers ELL Services to students whose native language is not English. Academic support; resources, and strategies are provided to teachers and parents by our certified ELL teacher.

During the 2014-2015 school year, the Charter School enrolled Kindergarten through 5th grade students. In order to better meet the rigor of the Common Core Curriculum Standards, the faculty also continued to have year-long professional development in mathematics facilitated by Rutgers University and their math coaches and worked with Rutgers to continue developing science units of instruction aligned with Next Generation Science Standards. One hundred percent of K-5 students participated in student designed service-learning projects. In 2014, the school received a five-year renewal from the Department of Education.

4) Internal Accounting Controls

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The system of internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal awards and state financial assistance, the Charter School also is responsible for ensuring that adequate system of internal controls is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This system of internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the system of internal controls, including that portion related to federal awards and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) <u>Budgetary Controls</u>

In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the statutory requirements of charter school budgets. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for general and special revenue funds. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. No reservation of fund balance was made at June 30, 2015.

During the 2014-2015 fiscal school, the Charter School continued its efforts to improve its audit status and operational processes and procedures, correcting deficiencies identified in previous audits and reviews and on maintaining general compliance with sound fiscal practices.

6) Accounting System and Report

The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting records also reflect New Jersey State Statute (N.J.S.A 18:4-14) that requires a uniform system of double-entry bookkeeping consistent with the GAAP established by GASB for us in all school districts and charter school.

The accounting system is organized on the basis of funds in accordance with the Uniform Charter of Accounts (Handbook 2R2) for New Jersey Public Schools. These funds are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 1.

7) <u>Financial Statement Information at Fiscal Year End</u>

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the General Fund, and Special revenue funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 fiscal year:

7) Financial Statement Information at Fiscal Year End - continued

Summary of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund Revenues										
Revenue	Revenue20152014Increase/Change									
Local sources	\$ 2,905,755	\$	2,401,778	\$	503,977	20.98%				
State sources	827,412		858,721		(31,309)	-3.65%				
Federal sources	45,573		52,625		(7,052)	-13.40%				
	\$ 3,778,740	\$	3,313,124	\$	465,616	14.05%				

The Charter School experienced a general increase in revenue of about 14.05% which is consistent with the general increase in its enrollment and in state funding during 2015.

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund and special revenue expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

Summary of the General Fund											
and Special Revenue Fund Expenditures											
	Increase/										
Expenditures20152014(decrease)% Change											
Instruction	\$ 1,750,218	\$	1,550,005	\$	200,213	12.92%					
Administrative	1,087,695		955,385		132,310	13.85%					
Support	886,882		800,596		86,286	10.78%					
Capital outlay	-		-		-	0.00%					
	\$ 3,724,795	\$	3,305,986	\$	418,809	12.67%					

Summary of the General Fund

The 12.67% increase in expenditures is consistent with the general increase in the Charter School's enrollment.

8) **Cash Management**

The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements". The Charter School has adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

9) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, fidelity bonds and worker's compensation.

10) Other Information

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by independent Certified Public Accountants or registered Municipal Accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and the related OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 04-04 and 15-08 "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid".

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

11) Acknowledgments

A note of appreciation is extended to the Finance Committee of the Charter School for their ongoing support and commitment to fiscal integrity and to the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School Board of Trustees for their selfless dedication to improving student achievement.

A special note of appreciation is extended to the Business Office and to all of the business operations staff members for their untiring efforts to improve processes, procedures and audit outcomes. Their contributions in support of the students and staff of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School are truly noteworthy. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial, accounting and administrative staff.

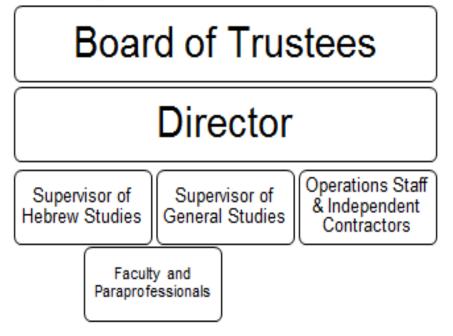
Respectfully submitted,

Marcia Gfrayson

Laurie Newell

Dr. Marcia Grayson Director Dr. Laurie Newell Board President

Hatikvah International Academy Charter School Organization Chart 2014-2015



ROSTER OF TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

JUNE 30, 2015

Members of Board of Trustees

Dr. Laurie Newell	President-Voting
Myra Rose	Vice President-Voting
Pamela Mullin	Trustee-Voting
Eli Schaap	Trustee-Voting
Danna Nezaria	Trustee-Voting
Daniel Gresack	Trustee-Voting
David Rosenthal	Trustee-Voting

Administration

Dr. Marcia Grayson	Director
Kathleen Mone	School Business Administrator/ Board Secretary
Stacy Delehanty	Teacher Representative
Claudia Fiel	Alternate Teacher Representative

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Independent Auditors

Olugbenga Olabintan Certified Public Accountants/Consultants 137 Camden Street Newark, NJ 07103

Attorney

Porzio, Bromberg and Newman, LLC Attorneys At Law 100 South Gate Parkway Morristown, NJ 07962

Official Depository

Sovereign Bank East Brunswick, New Jersey

FINANCIAL SECTION

Olugbenga Olabintan

Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

137 Camden Street, Suite #3 Newark, NJ 07103 Tel: (201) 230-7518 Fax: (973) 368-8268 E-mail: oolabintan@aol.com

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Hatikvah International Academy Charter School County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School, in the County of Middlesex, State of New Jersey (the "Charter School") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States *and audit requirements as prescribed by the*, *Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter School as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

We draw attention to Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements which disclose the effects of the Charter School's adoption of the provisions of GASB Statement Nos 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and 71, "Pensions Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date." Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information* as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, which consists of the introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not are required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and New Jersey OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* respectively, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statement information, and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and New Jersey OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants*

and State Aid respectively, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 14, 2015 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

OlugbengaOlabintan, CPA

August 14, 2015 Newark, New Jersey

OLUGBENGA OLABINTAN Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00230200

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART I

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANLYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

Introduction

This section of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statement – and Management's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Governments*. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- The fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was the Charter School's fifth year of operations.
- Net position of governmental activities ended the fiscal year with \$(473,640). The Charter School did not have any business-type activities during the fiscal year.
- General revenues accounted for \$3,715,573 in revenue or 98 percent of total revenues of \$3,778,740. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services, grants, and contributions accounted for \$63,167 or 2 percent of total revenues.
- The Charter School had \$3,669,748 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$63,167 of these expenses is offset by operating grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily State aid) of \$3,715,573 helped to provide for the balance of these programs.
- The General Fund reported fund surplus at June 30, 2015, of \$234,907. See B-2.
- On the Charter School-Wide financial statements, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Charter School at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$473,640. The Charter School's total net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 decreased by \$654,602, as a result of the Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principles that caused a restatement of the prior year Net Position (Beginning of the Fiscal Year). This is required by Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 68 ("GASB Statement No. 68") and GASB Statement No. 71 which is discussed in detail in the attached financial statements and more particularly in Note 2.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information and notes to those statements and information.

The report is organized so the reader can understand the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The first two basic financial Statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are governmentalwide financial statements and provide overall information about the activities of the entire Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longterm view of those finances. The remaining basic financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on the individual parts of the government, reporting the Charter School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like a business, such as food service.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationship in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefits of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities

While this report contains the fund used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "how did we do financially during fiscal year 2015?" The Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities-continued

These Statements include all the Charter School's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished for the Charter School as a whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors some financial, some not. Non financial factors include the property tax base of the School District where the Charter School is located, current educational funding laws in New Jersey, facilities conditions, required educational programs, and other factors. In the Statements of Net position and the Statements of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructions, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

Business-Type Activity – Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The food service operations/after care and summer instructional programs enterprise fund is reported as a business activity. However, it should be noted that the Charter School did not have any business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds-not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. Which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental Funds- Continued

Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Charter School, liabilities exceeded assets by \$473,640 at the close of 2015. This was largely due to the implementation of GASB 68 during the year ended June 30, 2015 as mandated by the New Jersey Department of Education. This resulted in recognition of the Charter School's proportionate share of the New Jersey Public Employer's Retirement Systems.

					В	usiness	;			
	Gover	rnmei	ntal			Туре				
	Activities				Ac	vtivitie	s	To	otal	
	2015		2014	2	015	2	014	 2015		2014
Assets										
Current assets	\$ 326,941	\$	241,074	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 326,941	\$	241,074
Capital assets, net	-		-		-		-	-		-
Deferred outflows of resources	100,553		-		-		-	100,553		-
Total assets	 427,494		241,074		-		-	 427,494		241,074
Liabilities										
Current liabilities	92,034		60,112		-		-	92,034		60,112
Long term liabilites	763,594		-		-		-	763,594		-
Deferred inflows of resources	45,506		-		-		-	45,506		-
Total liabilities	 901,134		60,112		-		-	 901,134		60,112
Net position										
Invested in										
capital assets										
(net of related debt)	-		-		-		-	-		-
Unrestricted	(473,640)		180,962		-		-	(473,640)		180,962
Total net position	\$ (473,640)	\$	180,962	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (473,640)	\$	180,962

The largest portion of the Charter School's net position is its current assets. The Charter School uses these current assets to provide services.

The total net position of the Charter School increased by \$108, 992 during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. All of the increase is attributable to the surplus of \$108,992 in the General Fund. It should be noted that the net effect of the implementation of GASB 68 (as illustrated in Note 7 to the financial statements) is reflected in the net position.

The table that follows reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2015.

	Gover		Ту	iness /pe vities	Total			
	2015	2014	201	5	2014	 2015		2014
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charge for services								
Operating grants								
and contributions	\$63,167	\$80,507	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 63,167	\$	80,507
Total program revenues	63,167	80,507		-	-	 63,167		80,507
General revenues:								
Local aid	2,887,658	2,370,871		-	-	2,887,658		2,370,871
Federal and state aid	827,412	858,721		-	-	827,412		858,721
Miscellaneous	503	3,025		-	-	503		3,025
Total general revenues	3,715,573	3,232,617		-	-	 3,715,573		3,232,617
Total revenues	3,778,740	3,313,124		-	-	 3,778,740		3,313,124
Expenses:								
Instructions	1,750,218	1,550,005		-	-	1,750,218		1,550,005
Administrative &	-	-		-	-	-		-
support services	1,919,530	1,755,981		-	-	1,919,530		1,755,981
Unallocated depreciation	-	-		-	-	-		-
Enterprise fund		-		-	-	 -		-
Total expenses	3,669,748	3,305,986		-	-	 3,669,748		3,305,986
Change in net position	\$ 108,992	\$ 7,138	\$	-	\$-	\$ 108,992	\$	7,138

Operating grants and contributions decreased by less than 22 percent.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. The table below, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state entitlements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
\$ 1,750,218	\$ 1,701,381
1,919,530	1,905,200
	-
\$ 3,669,748	\$ 3,606,581
	Services \$ 1,750,218 1,919,530

Business-Type Activity

The Charter School did not have any business-type activity during the year ended June 30, 2015.

The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$3,778,740 and expenditures of \$3,724,795.

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2015, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget, but provide flexibility for Charter School's management teams.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues were \$3,617,200, which included a local tax levy of \$2,887,658. Expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$3,563,255. The Charter School anticipated budgeted fund balance of \$198,406 in its 2014-2015 budget year. General Fund actual revenues were higher than expenditures by \$53,945. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$3,715,573 and expenditures were \$3,661,628.

The State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$98,373 during the year ended June 30, 2015 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members. This unbudgeted amount was included in both revenues and expenditures.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the Charter School did not have any funds invested in capital assets in its governmental activities.

The Charter School's 2015-2016 budget projects spending approximately \$-0- for capital projects.

Long-term debt

The Charter School had \$763,594 and \$728,660 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, in net pension liability regarding the Public Employees Retirement System. More detailed information about the Charter School's long term obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State of New Jersey and indeed the entire United States continue to face serious budgetary constraints and a result of the sharp downturn in the economy. These impact the amount of state and federal aids allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2015-2016. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials, supplies, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to:

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Business Office 7 Lexington Avenue East Brunswick, New Jersey 08816 Tel: (732) 254 8300

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 101,341	\$ -	\$ 101,341	
Accounts receivable	112,849	-	112,849	
Prepaid expenses	15,360	-	15,360	
Interfund receivables	97,391		97,391	
Total assets	326,941		326,941	
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension deferred outflows	100,553		100,553	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 427,494	\$-	\$ 427,494	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 48,106	\$ -	\$ 48,106	
Intergovermental payables - state	33,928	-	33,928	
Deferred revenue	10,000	-	10,000	
Net pension liability	763,594		763,594	
Total liabilities	855,628		855,628	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension deferred inflows	45,506		45,506	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	901,134	-	901,134	
Net position				
Invested in capital assets	-	-	-	
Unrestricted, undesignated (see Note 20)	(473,640)	-	(473,640)	
Total net position	(473,640)	-	(473,640)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources & net position	\$ 427,494	\$ -	\$ 427,494	

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2015

		Prog	ram Rev		Net (Expense Changes in	Totals	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities: Instruction:							
	\$ 1.750.218	\$ -	¢	40.027	¢ (1 701 201)	¢	¢ (1 701 201)
Regular	\$ 1,750,218	ф -	\$	48,837	\$ (1,701,381)	\$ -	\$(1,701,381)
Administrative & Support services: General administration	1,032,648	-		-	(1,032,648)	-	(1,032,648)
Support services	886,882	-		- 14,330	(1,032,048) (872,552)	-	(1,032,048) (872,552)
Capital outlay	000,002	-		14,550	(872,332)	_	(872,332)
Unallocated depreciation	_	-		_	_	_	_
Total governmental activities	3,669,748			63,167	(3,606,581)	-	(3,606,581)
Business-type activities:							_
None	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities							
Total primary government	\$ 3,669,748	\$ -	\$	63,167	(3,606,581)		(3,606,581)
	General rever	ues, transfers	and spec	ial items:			
	Local source	,	•		2,887,658	-	2,887,658
	Federal and	state sources			827,412	-	827,412
Miscellaneous		503	-	503			
	Total general revenues, transfers and special items		3,715,573	-	3,715,573		
	Change in net position			108,992	-	108,992	
	Net position -	beginning (as re	estated)		(582,632)	-	(582,632)
	Net position -	ending			\$ (473,640)	\$ -	\$ (473,640)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditure /expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2015

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Totals Governmental Funds	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	91,341	\$	10,000	\$	101,341
Accounts receivable:		-		-		-
Federal		-		-		-
State		5,090		-		5,090
Local		98,028		-		98,028
Other		9,731		-		9,731
Prepaid expenses		15,360		-		15,360
Interfund receivable	¢	97,391	¢	-	¢	97,391
Total assets	\$	316,941	\$	10,000	\$	326,941
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Interfund accounts payables	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable		48,106		-		48,106
Intergovernmental payables - Federal		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payables - State		33,928		-		33,928
Intergovernmental payables - Other		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		10,000		10,000
Total liabilities		82,034		10,000		92,034
Fund balances:						
Unreserved:						
Undesignated		234,907		-		234,907
Total fund balances		234,907	<u> </u>	-		234,907
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	316,941	\$	10,000		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:		-				
Deferred Outflows related to pension contributions subsequent to the Net Pension Liablity measurement date and other deferred						
items are not current financial resources and therefore are not						
reported in the fund statements. (See Note 7)						100,553
Deferred Inflows related to pension actuarial gains from experience and differences in actual return and assumed returns and other	e					
deferred items are not reported as liabilities in the fund statements. (See Note 7)						(45,506)
Long-term liabilities, including Net Pension Liability, are not due						
and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 7)						(763,594)
Actives in the funds (see from 7)						(100,004)
Net position of governmental activities - A-1					\$	(473,640)

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total	
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax levy	\$ 2,887,658	\$ -	\$ 2,887,658	
Contributions	-	17,594	17,594	
Miscellaneous	503	-	503	
Total revenues - local sources	2,888,161	17,594	2,905,755	
Federal sources	-	45,573	45,573	
State sources	729,039	-	729,039	
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)	98,373	-	98,373	
TPAF pension and post retirement medical		-	-	
benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)				
Total revenues	3,715,573	63,167	3,778,740	
Current expense:				
Instruction	1,701,381	48,837	1,750,218	
Administrative	989,322		989,322	
Support services	872,552	14,330	886,882	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	
Reimbursed and on-behalf payments:			-	
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)	98,373	-	98,373	
TPAF pension and post retirement medical			-	
benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)	-	-		
Total expenditures	3,661,628	63,167	3,724,795	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	53,945	-	53,945	
Fund balances, beginning of year	180,962		180,962	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 234,907	\$-	\$ 234,907	

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2015			B-3
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)	\$	53,945	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		-	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expenses in the period. Additionally, in the Statement of Activities gains or (losses) are recognized upon disposition.			
Capital outlays	_	-	
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, including service and interest costs, administravtive costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is the amount by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed during the period		55,047	
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)	\$	108,992	

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The Charter School's food service operations, After Care/Summer Instructional Programs are accounted for in the Enterprise Fund where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Proprietary Funds

B-4

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Proprietary Fund

B-6

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary funds statements provide information about financial relationships in which the Charter School acts solely as trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

B-7

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2015

	Unemployment Compensation	Student Activity Fund	Agency Fund Payroll	TOTAL
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	<u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 157,099 \$ 157,099	\$ 157,099 \$ 157,099
Liabilities Payroll deductions and withholdings Interfund payables Due to students group Total liabilities	\$ - -	\$ - <u>\$ -</u>	\$ 59,708 97,391 - \$ 157,099	\$ 59,708 97,391 - \$ 157,099
Net position Total liabilities and net position	<u>-</u>			

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

B-8

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2015

	Unemployment Compensation		
Additions:			
Board contributions	\$	-	
Employee contributions		18,494	
Total additions		18,494	
Deductions: Unemployment payments Total deductions		18,494 18,494	
Change in net assets		-	
Net position, beginning		-	
Net position, ending	\$	-	

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Description of the Charter School and Reporting Entity

Hatikvah International Academy Charter School (the "Charter School") was incorporated in the State of New Jersey on October 6, 2009 as a non-for-profit corporation for the purpose of operating and maintaining a public school under a charter granted by the State of New Jersey, which promotes comprehensive educational reform by infusing innovation into the public education system. It is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Charter School's Board of Trustees (the Board) is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A School Director is appointed by Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School. Under the existing the statutes, the Charter School's duties and powers include, but not limited to the development and adoption of a school program; the establishment, organization and operation of schools; and the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units to be included in the reporting entity. Further, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

The Hatikvah International Academy Charter School Board of Trustees also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

Its mission is to establish a character school to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. The Hatikvah International Academy Charter School is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students. The Charter School integrates a holistic curriculum, utilize learner center techniques, family and care giver centered approaches, comprehensive community involvement, and an intimate nurturing environment that will enhance positive self-images.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of Hatikvah International Academy Charter School is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School (the "Charter School") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below:

A Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Charter School Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) requires that all funds be reported as major, as it is considered important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter Schools financial reporting in the State of New Jersey.

B Fund Accounting

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Charter Schools' major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2015 there was no Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those to similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School. (*However, it should be noted that the Charter School did not have any Proprietary Funds activities during the year ended June 30, 2015*):

Enterprise Funds - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. *The Charter School did not have any Enterprise Funds activities during the year ended June 30, 2015.*

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary or trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. This fund category includes:

Trust Funds - Expendable Trust Funds (unemployment compensation) are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental funds. The unemployment compensation trust fund is used to account for contributions from employees and the employer (the Charter School) and interest earned on the balance as well as payments to the State for reimbursements of unemployment claims.

Agency Funds – Agency funds (Payroll, Health Benefits and Student Activity Fund) are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involved measurement of results of operations.

C Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i. e the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determine and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental funds revenues.

D Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue fund. The budgets are submitted to the County Office and the Education Commissioner for approval. Budgets except for the special revenue fund which is prepared using a non-GAAP budgetary basis, are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by Charter School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L. 2004 c73 (S1701). The Board of Trustees did not make any material supplemental budgetary appropriations during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

E Cash, Cash Equivalent and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investment with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchases and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. US Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchases are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of the investments and types of financial institution they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investment that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public fund in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. established the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan Institutions, bank (both state and national banks) and saving bank the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposit of Governmental Units. If a public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

F Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

On the fund financial statement, receivable and payables resulting from short-term (due within one year) interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the Government Wide Statements of Net Position.

G Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase. Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-infirst-out (FIFO) method.

H Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, equipment, furniture & fixtures and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the Government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Charter School as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or through estimation procedures performed by an independent appraisal company.

The cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. *The Charter School did not have any capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2015.*

I Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees that relate to future services, or that are contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, are accounted for in the period in winch such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is in the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The entire sick leave and vacation leave liabilities are reported on the charter school-wide financial statements.

The Charter School had no compensated absences as of June 30, 2015.

J Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, the non-current portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable (if any) that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

K Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represent cash that has been received but not yet earned.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - *continued*

L Fund Balance and Equity

In February 2009, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"). GASB 54 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010 and establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- 1. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

M Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the Governmentwide financial statements. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position are reported as restricted in the Government-wide financial statements when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

N Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the state of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

P New Accounting Standards

During fiscal year 2015, the Charter School adopted the following GASB statements:

GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria.

GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

3 Deposits and Investments

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund (NJCMF), the New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund (NJARM) and the M.B.I.A Class.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2015, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

	C	General Special		1	Enterprise		Agency		T - 4 - 1		
		Fund	K	levenue	Funds		Funds		Total		
Operating A/C	\$	91,341	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$ 165,81	5	\$	267,156	

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by one banking institution. At June 30, 2015, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits was \$267,156 and the bank balance was \$310,434. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2015 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$60,434 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit protection Act ("GUDPA").

3 Deposits and Investments - *continued*

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the Charter School disclose whether its deposits are exposed to custodial risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Charter School would not be able to recover the value of its deposit or investment). Deposits are considered to be exposed to custodial risk if they are: uncollateralized (securities are not pledged to the depositor), collateralized with the securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Charter School.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- 1. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- 2. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal national Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- 3. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- 4. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2015, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

4 Capital Assets

There were no capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2015.

5 Leases

Facilities Leases Payable

The Charter School leases its facilities under an operating lease agreement:

7 Lexington Avenue, East Brunswick, New Jersey – A lease between the Charter School and a related party, Friends of Hatikvah Charter (FOH). It was a one-year lease through June 30, 2015 but was renewed on June 30, 2015 for another one year through June 30, 2016 at an annual rent of \$520,000. The amount paid under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$400,000.

Pension Plans

Description of Plans

Substantially all of the employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625 or on the internet at http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide retirement benefits, death, disability and medical benefits including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. The Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the system's other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including postretirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

6 **Pension Plans** - *continued*

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established as of July 1, 2007 under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et seq.). The DCRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund. The DCRP provides eligible members, and their beneficiaries with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting and benefit provisions are established by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. The State Treasurer has the right under current law to make temporary reductions in member rates based on the existence of surplus plan assets in the retirement system; however statute also requires the return to the normal rate when such surplus pension assets no longer exist.

Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age. The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

6 **Pension Plans** - *continued*

Significant Legislation

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

Pension Plan Design Changes

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

Funding Changes

Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an open-ended 30 year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2018 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30 year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20 year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

6 **Pension Plans** – *continued*

Contribution Requirements - continued

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the charter school is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and charter school).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2015 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board.

PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The Charter School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$33,622.

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$98,373 during the year ended June 30, 2015 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. This amount has been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$2,693,043 as measured on June 30, 2014 and \$683,179 as measured on June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$144,911 and revenue of \$144,911 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2015 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School. The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension - continued

	June 30, 2014		Jur	ne 30, 2013
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2	,306,623,861	\$	-
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1	,763,205,593	\$	-
Collective net pension liability (non-employer				
State of New Jersey)	\$53	,446,745,367	\$50,	539,213,484
State's portion of the net pension liability that was				
associated with the Charter School	\$	2,693,043	\$	683,179
State's portion of the net pension liability that was				
associated with the Charter School as a				
percentage of the collective net pension liability		0.005039%		0.001352%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	Varies based on experience
Investment rate of returns	7.9%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Pre-retirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvement. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2012.

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	6.00%	0.50%
Core Fixed Income	0.00%	2.19%
Core Bonds	1.00%	1.38%
Short Term Bonds	0.00%	1.00%
Intermediate Term Bonds	11.20%	2.60%
Long Term Bonds	0.00%	3.23%
Mortgages	2.50%	2.84%
High Yield Bonds	5.50%	4.15%
Non-US Fixed Income	0.00%	1.41%
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2.50%	1.30%
Broad US Equities	25.90%	5.88%
Large Cap US equities	0.00%	5.62%
Mid Cap US Equities	0.00%	6.39%
Small Cap US Equities	0.00%	7.39%
Developed Foreign Equities	12.70%	6.05%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	8.90%
Private Equity	8.25%	9.15%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.25%	3.85%
Real Estate (Property)	3.20%	4.43%
Real Estate (REITS)	0.00%	5.58%
Commodities	2.50%	3.60%
Long Credit Bonds	0.00%	3.74%

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the State's total pension liability was 4.68% and 4.95% as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.9%, and a municipal bond rate of 4.29% and 4.63% as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers (State of New Jersey) will be made based on the average of the last five years. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2027. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2027, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Since the Charter School's has no proportionate share of the net pension liability because of the special funding situation, the Charter School would not be sensitive to any changes in the discount rate. Detailed information about the pension plan's sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: <u>http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/pdf/financial/gasb68-tpaf15.pdf</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: <u>http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml</u>.

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2015, the Charter School reported a liability of \$763,594 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. At June 30, 2014, the Charter School's proportion was 0.0040784314% which was an increase of .00027% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013 which was 0.0038125785%.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$47,148. At June 30, 2015, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension - continued

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows o Resource	
	Resources			ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		24,011		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-	4	5,506
Changes in proportion and differences between Charter				
School's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		42,920		-
Charter School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		33,622		-
Total	\$	100,553	\$ 4	5,506

\$33,622 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ending June 30, 2015, the plan measurement date is June 30, 2014) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2015. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending June 30:	Expense
2015	\$ 6,940
2016	6,940
2017	6,940
2018	6,940
2019	(4,400)
Thereafter	(1,936)
	\$ 21,425

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension - continued

	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$ 952,194,675	\$ -
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,479,224,662	\$ -
Collective net pension liability (Non-State		
Local Group)	\$18,722,735,003	\$19,111,986,911
Charter School's portion of the net pension liability	\$ 763,594	\$ 728,660
Charter School's proportion (percentage)	0.00407843%	0.00381258%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 Based on Projection Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2011.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - continued

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	6.00%	0.80%
Core Bonds	1.00%	2.49%
Intermediate Term Bonds	11.20%	2.26%
Mortgages	2.50%	2.17%
High Yield Bonds	5.50%	4.82%
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2.50%	3.51%
Broad US Equities	25.90%	8.22%
Developed Foreign Equities	12.70%	8.12%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.91%
Private Equity	8.25%	13.02%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.25%	4.92%
Real Estate (Property)	3.20%	5.80%
Commodities	2.50%	5.35%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.39% and 5.55% as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.9%, and a municipal bond rate of 4.29% and 4.63% as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the average of the last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of recommended contributions.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2033. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2033, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, calculated using the discount rate of 5.39% and 5.55%, respectively, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

				2014	
	1% Decrease (4.39%)				 o Increase (6.39%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the pension liability	\$	960,627	\$	763,594	\$ 598,136
				2013	
		Decrease 4.55%)	Disc	Current count Rate 5.55%)	o Increase 6.55%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the pension liability	\$	907,085	\$	728,660	\$ 579,162

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml

8 **Post Retirement Benefits**

P.L. 1987, c. 384 and P.L. 1990, c.6 required Teachers' Pensions and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), respectively, to fund post-retirement medical benefits for those State employees who retire after accumulating 25 years of credited service or on a disability retirement. P.L. 2007, c 103 amended the law to eliminate the funding of post-retirement medical benefits through the TPAF and PERS. It created separate funds outside of the pension plans for the funding and payment of post-retirement medical benefits for retired State employees and retired educational employees.

As of June 30, 2014, there were 103,432 retirees receiving post-retirement medical benefits, and the State contributed \$1.04 billion on their behalf. The cost of these benefits is funded through contributions by the State in accordance with P.L. 1994, c.62. Funding of post-retirement medical benefits changed from a pre-funding basis to a pay-as-you-go basis beginning in Fiscal Year 1994.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable to P.L. 1992, c.126, which provides employer paid health benefits to members of PERS and the Alternate Benefit Program who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service. The State paid \$165.8 million toward Chapter 126 benefits for 18,122 eligible retired members in Fiscal Year 2014.

9 Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick and personal days and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days. The Board of the Charter School is currently reviewing the exiting compensated absences policies with the intent of addressing the issues of accumulation and payments upon termination.

As of June 30, 2015, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

10 Deferred Compensation

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the IRS code 403(b). The plan which is administered by AXA Equitable permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years.

11 Economic Dependency

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

12 Contingent Liabilities

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2015, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

Management of the Charter School advises that there is a lawsuit filed by a sending District opposing the Charter School's expansion plans. The lawsuit also named the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) as a defendant alleging that the NJDOE was in error in approving the Charter School's expansion plans. In a separate lawsuit the same sending District is interpreting the New Jersey Charter laws to the effect that the sending District should not be responsible for paying the cost of educating the students from their District attending the Charter School. They are alleging that the laws put the responsibility for such costs on the District where the Charter School is physically located. In the opinion of counsel and the Board of the Charter School, both lawsuits lack merit and the Charter School is likely to prevail. A third lawsuit relating to the Open Records Act (OPRA) has being settled for about \$26,500, an amount that was adequately budgeted for and absorbed by the Charter School.

13 Risk Management

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

13 Risk Management - continued

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation - The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following table is a summary of Charter School contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and ending balance of the Charter School's expendable trust fund for the current and previous two years:

	Charte	r School	Employee		Amount		En	Ending	
Fiscal Year	Contri	Contributions		Contributions		mbursed	Ba	lance	
2014-2015	\$	-	\$	18,494	\$	18,494	\$	-	
2013-2014		11,117		9,805		20,922		-	
2012-2013		108,587		1,131		109,718		-	

14 Related Party

Friends of Hatikvah (FOH), is a non-profit organization which was founded to provide support to the Charter School. During the year ended June 30, 2015, FOH is the sub-landlord on the lease for the new facilities occupied by the Charter School – the sub-tenant.

15 Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Fund	Interfu Receiva		nterfund Payable
General Fund	\$ 97,	391 \$	-
Special Revenue Fund		-	-
Trust and Agency Fund		-	97,391
	\$ 97,2	391 \$	97,391

15 Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers - *continued*

The above balances are the results of revenues earned or other financing sources received in one fund which are due to another fund and/or expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of another fund and/or to cover cash balances which were in negative position. Liquidation of this interfund balances is expected within the next fiscal year.

16 Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2015 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

Federal and state aid	
TPAF/FICA reimbursements receivable	\$ 5,090
Local	
Non-resident districts	98,028
Other receivables	9,731
Grand total	\$ 112,849

17 Subsequent Events

The Charter School has evaluated all subsequent events occurring through the date of the independent auditor's report which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Charter School has determined that no subsequent event requires disclosure in the financial statements.

18 Fund Balance Appropriated – General Fund (Exhibit B- 1)

Of the \$234,907 General Fund balance at June 30, 2015, \$-0- is reserved for encumbrances; \$234,907 is unreserved and undesignated.

19 Retroactive Restatement of Net Position

Restatement of Prior Period:

The Charter School adopted GASB No. 68 -*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An amendment of GASB No.* 27during the 2015 fiscal year as required by the pronouncement. The pronouncement requires the Charter School to record its proportional share of the State of New Jersey's net pension liability on the face of its financial statements as of June 30, 2015 and to record related pension expense in accordance with the pronouncement.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (County of Middlesex) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2015

19 Retroactive Restatement of Net Position - *continued*

In order to correctly reflect pension expense in accordance with GASB No. 68, the beginning Net Position of the Charter School was adjusted to reflect the beginning balance of the net pension liability. Since the measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30, 2014 (as described in Note 8), the restatement adjustments to Net Position relate to the *beginning* net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2013. Also, in accordance with GASB No. 71 *-Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, The Charter School restated its Net Position for pension contributions made after the beginning net pension liability measurement date of June 30, 2013 (deferred outflows).

Government Activities Net Position:

Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2014	\$ 180,962
Restatement of net pension liability	\$ (728,660)
Restatement of deferred outflows	(34,934)
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2014, as restated	\$ (582,632)

20 Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1	\$ 234,907
Pension deferred outflows	100,553
Pension deferred inflows	(45,506)
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2015	(763,594)
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2015	\$ (473,640)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues					
Local Sources:					
Local tax levy	\$ 2,887,658	\$ -	\$ 2,887,658	\$ 2,887,658	\$ -
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-		503	503	
Total revenues -local sources	2,887,658		2,888,161	2,888,161	-
State sources					
State aids	730,491	(1,452)	729,039	729,039	-
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	98,373	98,373
TPAF pension and post retirement medical	-	-	-	-	_
benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)	_	_	_	_	_
cenerus on cenari payments (non caugeteu)	730,491	(1,452)	729,039	827,412	98,373
	/////	(1,432)	129,039	027,412	70,375
Total revenues	3,618,149	(1,452)	3,617,200	3,715,573	98,373
Expenditures					
Current expense:					
Instruction					
Salaries of teachers	1,084,694	\$ 7,935	1,092,629	1,092,629	-
Other salaries for instruction	496,833	17,746	514,579	514,579	-
Purchased profesional technical services	5,000	(5,000)	-	-	-
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
General educational supplies	28,297	32,816	61,113	61,113	-
Textbooks	30,000	(9,441)	20,559	20,559	-
Miscellaneous expenses	9,055	3,446	12,501	12,501	-
	1,653,879	47,502	1,701,381	1,701,381	
Administrative cost:					
Salaries	363,343	53,466	416,809	416,809	-
Total benefit costs	304,686	73,239	377,925	377,925	-
Professional /Technical service	135,000	(29,671)	105,329	105,329	-
Other purchased services	81,288	(3,901)	77,387	77,387	-
Communications and Telephones	12,014	(142)	11,872	11,872	-
Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	-	-	-	-	-
	896,331	92,991	989,322	989,322	
Support services:					
Salaries	140,712	2,332	143,044	143,044	-
Purchased prof/tech service	159,500	15,835	175,335	175,335	-
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
Rent on land and buildings	555,283	(155,283)	400,000	400,000	-
Insurance-fidelity, liability property	26,000	1,155	27,155	27,155	-
Supplies and materials	66,000	4,372	70,372	70,372	-
Energy & utilities	66,000	(9,354)	56,646	56,646	-
Miscellaneous expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation other than to/from school Total support services	1,013,495	(140,943)	872,552	872,552	
rour support services	1,015,495	(140,943)	012,332	012,352	

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Capital outlay:					
Instructional equipment	20,000	(20,000)	-	-	-
Non-instructional equipment	17,000	(17,000)	-	-	-
Purchase land/improvements			-		-
Total capital outlay	37,000	(37,000)	-		
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	98,373	(98,373)
TPAF pension and post retirement medical	-	-	-	-	-
benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	3,600,705	(37,450)	3,563,255	3,661,628	(98,373)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	17,444	35,998	53,945	53,945	196,746
Fund balances, beginning of year	180,962		180,962	180,962	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 198,406	\$ 35,998	\$ 234,907	\$ 234,907	\$ 196,746

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues	¢ 45.572	¢	¢ 45.572	¢ 45.572	¢
Federal sources Local sources	\$ 45,573 17,594	\$ -	\$ 45,573 17,594	\$ 45,573 17,594	\$ -
Total revenues -all sources	63,167		63,167	63,167	
Total revenues -all sources	05,107		05,107	05,107	
Expenditures					
Current Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Salaries of teachers	34,750	-	34,750	34,750	-
Purchased Prof. and technical services	-	-	-	-	-
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
General supplies	14,087	-	14,087	14,087	-
Miscellaneous expenditures	-			-	
Total instruction	48,837	-		48,837	
Support services					
Support services salaries	_	-	-	-	-
Employee benefits	9.035	-	9,035	9,035	-
Purchased professional services	-	-	-	-	-
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	5,295	-	5,295	5,295	-
Miscellaneous expenditures		-		-	-
Total support services	14,330		14,330	14,330	
11			,	,	
Capital Outlay:					
Facilities acquisition and construction services			-		-
Instructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Noninstructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Construction services	-			-	
Total facilities acquisition and construction services					
Total expenditures	\$ 63,167	\$ -	\$ 14,330	\$ 63,167	\$ -

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Note to Required Supplementary Information Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Year ended June 30, 2015

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	
Sources/inflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue"				
	C-1] C-2]	\$3,715,573	\$ 63,167	
Difference - budget to GAAP:				
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that				
encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related				
revenue is recognized.		-	-	
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures			 	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	B-2]	\$3,715,573	\$ 63,167	
Uses/outflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the				
	C-1]	\$3,661,628		
[0	C-2]		\$ 63,167	
Differences - budget to GAAP	-			
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but				
not received are reported in the year the order is placed for				
budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received				
for financial reporting purposes.		-	-	
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of				
budgetary resources but are not expenditures				
for financial reporting purposes.		-	-	
Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		-	 -	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,				
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	B-2]	\$3,661,628	\$ 63,167	

Note 1) The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

C-3

Schedule of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS

Last Two Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			June 30,
	2014		2013	
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.00	40784314%	0.00	38125785%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)		763,594		728,660
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	392,932	\$	202,991
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		194.33%		358.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability - local		52.08%		48.72%

Note

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

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Schedule of the Charter School's Contributions - PERS

Last Two Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2014			2013		
Contractually required contribution	\$	33,622	\$	28,727		
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(33,622)		(28,727)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-		
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	392,932	\$	202,991		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.56%		14.15%		

Note

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

L-3

Schedule of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - TPAF

Last Two Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 3		
	2014	2013	
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (assets)**	N/A	N/A	
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)**	N/A	N/A	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) associated with the Charter School	\$ 2,693,043	\$ 683,179	
Total	\$ 2,693,043	\$ 683,179	
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$ 951,070	\$ 628,174	
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll**	N/A	N/A	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	33.64%	33.76%	

**Note

TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the Charter School.

Note

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

Note to Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedules Year ended June 30, 2015

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 Based on Projection Scale AA.

Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Pre-retirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvement. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvement.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL LEVEL SCHEDULES NOT APPLICABLE

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund

Combining Schedule of Program, Revenue and Expenditures Budgetary Basis

		IDEA Part B <u>)14-2015</u>	Pr	IDEA eschool 14-2015	In	HCSC novation Grant Various)14-2015	Inr (V	HCSC novation Grant arious 13-2014	S	•. Mark pektor Grant		arbalat Grant		Total
Revenues Federal sources	¢	12 024	¢	1 620	¢		¢		¢		¢		\$	15 572
Local sources	\$	43,934	\$	1,639	\$	10,000	\$	2,299	\$	- 4,295	\$	1,000	Э	45,573 17,594
Total revenues -all sources	¢	43,934	\$	1,639	\$	10,000	\$	2,299	\$	4,295	\$	1,000	\$	63,167
Total levenues -all sources	\$	43,934	¢	1,039	¢	10,000	þ	2,299	¢	4,295	þ	1,000	¢	05,107
Expenditures														
Instruction														
Salaries of teachers	\$	34,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,750
Purchased Prof. and technical services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other purchased services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
General supplies		149		1,639		10,000		2,299		-		-		14,087
Miscellaneous expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total instruction		34,899		1,639		10,000		2,299		-		-		48,837
Support services														
Support services salaries		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Employee benefits		9,035		-		-		-		-		-		9,035
Purchased professional services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other purchased services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-		-		4,295		1,000		5,295
Miscellaneous expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total support services		9,035		-		-		-		4,295		1,000		14,330
Facilities acquisition and construction services														
Instructional equipment		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Noninstructional equipment		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Construction services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total facilities acquisition and construction services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	\$	43,934	\$	1,639	\$	10,000	\$	2,299	\$	4,295	\$	1,000	\$	63,167
-														

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND At June 30, 2015, there was no capital project fund.

ENTERPRISE FUND

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL G-1 Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Enterprise Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Enterprise Fund

G-3

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

FIDUCIARY FUND

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

H-1

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2015

	Student Activity Fund	Unemployment Insurance Fund	Agency Fund Payroll	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ -	<u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> -	\$ 157,099 \$ 157,099	\$ 157,099 \$ 157,099
Liabilities Payroll deductions and withholdings Interfund payables Total liabilities		\$ - \$ -	\$ 59,708 97,391 \$ 157,099	\$ 59,708 97,391 \$ 157,099
Net position Total liabilities and net position				

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

H-2

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund

	Unemployment Compensation		
Additions:			
Board contributions	\$	-	
Employee contributions		18,494	
Total additions		18,494	
Deductions: Unemployment payments Total deductions		18,494 18,494	
Change in net position		-	
Net position, beginning		-	
Net position, ending	\$	-	

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL H-3 Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements

Year ended June 30, 2015

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY STUDENT ACTIVITY DURING THE YEAR.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements

Year ended June 30, 2015

	Balance June 30, 2014		Cash Receipts		Cash Disbursements			Balance ne 30, 2015
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,188	\$	2,201,297	\$	2,142,386	\$	157,099
Total assets	\$	98,188	\$	2,201,297	\$	2,142,386	\$	157,099
Liabilities	¢	12.570	¢	0 1 50 505	¢	0.140.007	¢	50,500
Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	43,569	\$	2,158,525	\$	2,142,386	\$	59,708
Interfund payable		54,619		42,772				97,391
Total liabilities	\$	98,188	\$	2,201,297	\$	2,142,386	\$	157,099

H-4

LONG-TERM DEBT

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Long-Term Debt Schedule of Obligations Under Renovation Loan

	Interest Rate Payable	Amount of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2014	Acquired Current Year	Retired Current Year	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2015
NONE						
			\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-

STATISTICAL SECTION

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,								
		2015		2014	_	2013	_	2012	 2011
Governmental activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted		-		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted		(473,640)		180,962		173,824		45,138	115,562
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	(473,640)	\$	180,962	\$	173,824	\$	45,138	\$ 115,562
Business-type activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted		-		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted		-		-		-		-	-
Total business-type activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
School-wide									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted		-		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted		(473,640)		180,962		173,824		45,138	115,562
Total charter school net position	\$	(473,640)	\$	180,962	\$	173,824	\$	45,138	\$ 115,562

Notes

GASB requires that ten year of statistical data be presented. However, only five years of data is available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is presented.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Five Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

		Fisc			
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Expenses					
Governmental activities					
Instruction	¢ 1,750,010	1 550 005	A 1167.056	¢ 0.00 070	6 (10.474
Regular	\$ 1,750,218	\$ 1,550,005	\$ 1,167,056	\$ 969,979	\$ 613,474
Support services:					
General administration	1,032,648	955,385	622,256	463,926	(662,951)
School administrative services	788,509	716,682	407,494	376,788	1,380,294
On-behalf TPAF/FICA reimbursements	98,373	87,035		60,821	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Unallocated depreciation		-			
Total governmental activities expenses	3,669,748	3,309,107	2,196,806	1,871,514	1,330,817
Business-type activities:					
Total business-type activities expense					
Total charter school expenses	\$ 3,669,748	\$ 3,309,107	\$ 2,196,806	\$ 1,871,514	\$ 1,330,817
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 63,167	\$ 80,507	\$ 80,170	\$ 398,596	\$ 398,596
Capital grants and contributions	÷ • • • • • • • •	÷ 00,507	-	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	63,167	80,507	80,170	398,596	398,596
Business-type activities:					
Total business type activities program revenues					
Total charter school program revenues	\$ 63,167	\$ 80,507	\$ 80,170	\$ 398,596	\$ 398,596
Net (expense)/revenue					
Governmental activities	\$(3,606,581)	\$ (3,228,600)	\$ (2,116,636)	\$ (1,472,918)	\$ (932,221)
Business-type activities	-	-	-	-	
Total charter school-wide net expense	\$(3,606,581)	\$ (3,228,600)	\$ (2,116,636)	\$ (1,472,918)	\$ (932,221)
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities:					
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	\$ 2,887,658	\$ 2,370,871	\$ 71	\$ 723,223	\$ 723,223
Grants and contributions	\$ 2,007,030	858,721	3,110,378	286,786	286,786
Miscellaneous income	503	3,025	3,025	37,774	37,774
Total governmental activities	3,715,573	3,232,617	3,113,474	1,047,783	1,047,783
Business-type activities:					
Total business-type activities					
Total charter school-wide	\$ 3,715,573	\$ 3,232,617	\$ 3,113,474	\$ 1,047,783	\$ 1,047,783
Change in net position					
Governmental activities	\$ 108,992	\$ 4,017	\$ 996,838	\$ (425,135)	\$ 115,562
Business-type activities			-	-	-
Total charter school	\$ 108,992	\$ 4,017	\$ 996,838	\$ (425,135)	\$ 115,562
Notes					

GASB requires that ten year of statistical data be presented. However, only five years of data is available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is presented.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Five Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year Endin		
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Fund					
Unreserved	\$ 234,907	\$ 180,962	\$ 173,824	\$ 45,138	\$ 115,562
Total general fund	\$ 234,907	\$ 180,962	\$ 173,824	\$ 45,138	\$ 115,562
All other governmental funds					
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue fund	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects fund	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service fund	-	-	-	-	-
Permanent fund	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Notes

GASB requires that ten year of statistical data be presented. However, only five years of data is available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is presented.

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30,								
Function	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011					
Revenues										
Local tax levy	\$ 2,887,658	\$ 2,370,800	\$ 1,256,132	\$ 1,256,132	\$ 723,223					
Contributions	17,594	27,953	77,979	-	-					
Miscellaneous	503	3,025	39,935	1,075	361,370					
State sources	827,412	858,721	996,621	373,033	286,786					
Federal sources	45,573	52,625	24,314	36,917	75,000					
Total revenue	3,778,740	3,313,124	2,394,981	1,667,157	1,446,379					
Expenditures										
Instruction	1,750,218	1,550,005	1,167,056	969,979	613,474					
Administration	1,087,695	955,385	694,866	463,926						
Support services	886,882	800,596	404,373	434,488	717,343					
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	3,121						
Total expenditures	3,724,795	3,305,986	2,266,295	1,871,514	1,330,817					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 53,945	\$ 7,138	\$ 128,686	\$ (204,357)	\$ 115,562					

Source: Charter School's Records

General Fund Other Local Revenue by Source Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,										
Function	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011						
Other local revenues Unrestricted donations Miscellaneous	\$ - 503	\$ 71 3,025	\$ 22,123 39,935	\$ 123,956 1,075	\$ 30,000 7,774						
Total other local revenue	\$ 503	\$ 3,096	\$ 62,058	\$ 125,031	\$ 37,774						

Source: Charter School's Records

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Five Fiscal Years

					Type			
		Governmental A	ctivities		Activities			
		Certificates		Bond				
	General	of		Anticipatio				
Fiscal Year Ended	Obligation Bonds	Participatio	Capital	n Notes	Capital	Total Charter	Percentage of	Per Capita
June 30,	b	n	Leases	(BANs)	Leases	School	Personal Income ^a	a

NONE

Note: The Charter School did not have any outstanding debt during the period.

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J-14

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Year	Population ^a Personal Income ^b		Capi	ounty Per ta Personal ncome ^c	Unemployment Rate ^d	
2011 2012 2013 2014	47,280 47,280 47,280 47,280	\$	1,573,762,080 1,573,762,080 1,573,762,080 1,573,762,080	\$	33,286 33,286 33,286 33,286	7.10% 7.10% 7.10% 7.10%
2014	47,280		1,573,762,080		33,286	7.10%

Source:

^a Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

c Personal capital income by municipality estimated based upon the 2010 Cesus published by the US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

Principal Employers Current Year (Unaudited)

2015

<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank [Optional]	Percentage of Total Municipal Employment
Robert Wood Johnson Hospital	5000-5249	1	0.00%
Novo Nordisk	4500-4749	2	0.00%
Wakefern Food Corporation	3500-3749	3	0.00%
Bristol-Myers Squibb	3000-3249	4	0.00%
St. Peter's Healthcare System	2750-2999	5	0.00%
J.F.K. Medical Center	2500-2749	6	0.00%
Silverline Building Products	2250-2299	7	0.00%
Ericsson	2000-2249	8	0.00%
Johnson & Johnson	2000-2249	9	0.00%
Raritan Bay Medical Center	2000-2249	10	0.00%

0.00%

Source: Middlesex County Department of Economic & Business Development, 2012.

Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function/Program Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e muuaiteu)	ng June 30,	June 30		
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program					
Instruction					
Regular	18	18	19	14	11
Special education	5	5	3	2	1
Vocational					
Other instruction	10	10	8	6	1
Support Services:					
Student & instruction related services	3	3			
General administration	3	3	3	2	2
School administrative services	3	3			
Other administrative services					
Central services					
Administrative Information Technology					
Plant operations and maintenance	1	1	1	1	1
Pupil transportation					
Other support services			1	1	1
Total	43	43	35	26	17

Source: Charter School Personnel Records

J-16

Operating Statistics

Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures ^a	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff ^b	Kindergarten	Elementary	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) ^c	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) c	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2011	98	1,330,817	13,580	N/A	13	1:11	1:11	98.0	95	N/A	96.94%
2012	148	1,868,393	12,624	40.39%	22	1:11	1:11	148.0	145	51.02%	97.97%
2013	192	2,266,295	11,804	21.30%	30	1:11	1:11	192.0	181	29.73%	94.27%
2014	269	3,305,986	12,290	45.88%	33	1:11	1:11	269.0	252	40.10%	93.68%
2015	299	3,724,795	12,458	64.36%	33	1:11	1:11	299.0	282	55.73%	94.31%

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual June Charter School count.

a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.

c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

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School Building Information Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,								
	2015	2014	2014 2013		2011				
			0.070	0.250	6 70 4				
Square Feet	56,675*	56,675*	9,878	8,378	6,794				
Capacity (students)	400	400	200	150	100				
Enrollment	299	269	196	148	98				

* It should be noted that while the total capacity of the new school building at 7 Lexington Avenue in East Brunswick is 56,675 sq. ft. only 30,452 sq. ft. (about 53.73%) is currently being accupied.

Source: School Records

J-19

Schedule of Required Maintenance Expenditures By School Facility Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

2011	85,517
2012	322,373
2013	252,806
2014	636,111
2015	729,508
Total	\$2,026,315

* School facilities as defined under EFCFA. (N.J.A.C. 6A:26-1.2 and N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-1.3)

Source: Charter School records

J-20

Insurance Schedule

June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

	,	Coverage
Commercial general liability:		
Property damage - aggregate limit	\$	2,000,000
Property damage - each occurrence		1,000,000
Personal injury and advertising injury		1,000,000
Medical Expense (any one person)		10,000
Fire damage limit, any one fire		100,000
Property:		
Equipment breakdown limit	\$	20,000
Perishable goods		100,000
Demolition		100,000
Expediting expenses		100,000
Hazardous subtances		100,000
Workers Compensation & Employer's Liability:		
Bodily injury by accident	\$	1,000,000
Bodily injury by disease - policy limit		1,000,000
Bodily injury by disease - each employee		1,000,000
Additional coverages:		
Identity theft	\$	25,000
Terrorism travel reimbursement		25,000
Temporary meeting space reimbursements		25,000
Workplace violence counseling		25,000
Key individual replacement expenses		50,000
Automobile:		
Autos - hired or borrowed	\$	1,000,000

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators New Term Indicators

June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

	2015			2014	2013		
Cash	\$	101,341	\$	48,430	\$	76,740	
Current assets Total assets		225,600		192,644		184,278	
Total assets		326,941		241,074		261,018	
Current liabilities Long term liabilities		92,034		60,112		87,194	
Total liabilities		92,034		60,112		87,194	
Net position	\$	234,907	\$	180,962	\$	173,824	
Total revenue Total expenses	\$	3,778,740 (3,669,748)	\$	3,313,124 (3,305,986)	\$	2,394,981 (2,266,295)	
Change in net position	\$	108,992	\$	7,138	\$	128,686	
Depreciation expense	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest expense		-		-		-	
Principal payments		-		-		-	
Interest payments		-		-		-	
Final average daily enrollment		299		269		192	
March 30th budgeted enrollment		300		273		200	

	2015	2014	2013	Three Year Cumulative
NEAR TERM INDICATORS:				
Current ratio	3.55	4.01	2.99	10.56
Unrestricted days cash	10.08	5.35	12.36	27.79
Enrollment variance	100%	99%	96%	98%
Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: Charter School Records

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

	2015		 2014		2013
Cash	\$	101,341	\$ 48,430	\$	76,740
Current assets		225,600	 192,644		184,278
Total assets		326,941	 241,074		261,018
Current liabilities Long term liabilities		92,034	60,112		87,194
Total liabilities		92,034	 60,112		87,194
Net position	\$	234,907	\$ 180,962	\$	173,824
Total revenue Total expenses	\$	3,778,740 (3,669,748)	\$ 3,313,124 (3,305,986)	\$	2,394,981 (2,266,295)
Change in net position	\$	108,992	\$ 7,138	\$	128,686
Depreciation expense	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-
Interest expense		-	-		-
Principal payments		-	-		-
Interest payments		-	-		-
Final average daily enrollment		299	269		192
March 30th budgeted enrollment		300	273		200

	2015	2014	2013	Three Year Cumulative
SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS:				
Total margin	3%	0%	5%	3%
Debt to asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash flow	\$ 52,911	\$ (28,310)	\$ 164,547	\$ 189,148
Debt service coverage ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: Charter School Records

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SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

Olugbenga Olabintan

Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

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K-1

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Chairperson and Members of the Board of Trustees Hatikvah International Academy Charter School County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States *and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School, in the County of Middlesex, State of New Jersey ("the Charter School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated August 14, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

OlugbengaOlabintan, CPA

August 14, 2015 Newark, New Jersey

OLUGBENGA OLABINTAN Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00230200

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K-2

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the State of New Jersey OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08

The Honorable Chairperson and Members of the Board of Trustees Hatikvah International Academy Charter School County of Middlesex, East Brunswick, New Jersey

Compliance

We have audited the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School's, in the County of Middlesex, State of New Jersey ("the Charter School") compliance with the types of requirements described in the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Charter School's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*, and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major state Program

In our opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circulars 04-04 and 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

OlugbengaOlabintan, CPA

August 14, 2015 Newark, New Jersey

OLUGBENGA OLABINTAN Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00230200

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grant/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal C.F.D.A No.	Grant Period	Award Amount	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2014	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2014	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2014	Adjustments	Carryover (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2015	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2015	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2015
Special Revenue Fund: U.S. Department of Education, Pass-Th Passed-Through State of New Jersey D														
IDEA Part B - FY 2014-2015	84.027	7/1/14-6/30/15	\$ 43,934	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 43,934	\$ (43,934)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
IDEA Preschool - FY 2014-2015	84.173	7/1/14-6/30/15	1,639	-	-	-	-	-	1,639	(1,639)	-	-	-	-
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDEA Part B - FY 2013-2014	84.027	7/1/13-6/30/14	49,554	(16,785)	-	-	-	-	16,785	-	-	-	-	-
IDEA Preschool - FY 2013-2014	84.173	7/1/13-6/30/14	3,071	(3,071)	-	-	-	-	3,071	-	-	-	-	-
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Special Revenue/U.S. Departmen	t of Educatio	on, Pass-Through	Programs	(19,856)			-	-	65,429	(45,573)		-		-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ (19,856)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,429	\$ (45,573)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

K-3 Schedule A

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

Year ended June 30, 2015

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2014	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2014	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2014	Adjustments	Carryover (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2015	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2015	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2015
State Department of Education														
General Fund:														
Equalization Aid	15-495-034-5120-078	7/1/14-6/30/15	\$ 3,459,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,459,843	\$ (3,328,506)	\$-	\$ (98,028)	\$ -	\$ 33,309
Equalization Aid	14-495-034-5120-078	7/1/13-6/30/14	2,818,993	(84,452)	-	44,483	-	-	84,452	-	(44,483)	-	-	-
Special Education Aid	15-495-034-5120-089	7/1/14-6/30/15	111,926	-	-	-	-	-	111,926	(111,926)	-	-	-	-
Security Aid	15-495-034-5120-084	7/1/14-6/30/15	10,050	-	-	-	-	-	10,050	(10,050)	-	-	-	-
State Non-Public Aid	15-100-034-5120-060	7/1/14-6/30/15	40,248	-	-	-	-	-	40,867	(40,248)	-	-	-	619
TPAF/FICA Reimbursements	15-495-034-5095-002	7/1/14-6/30/15	98,373	-	-	-	-	-	93,283	(98,373)	-	(5,090)	-	-
TPAF/FICA Reimbursements	14-495-034-5095-002	7/1/13-6/30/14	87,035	(4,355)	-	-	-	-	4,355	-	-	-	-	-
Total General Fund				(88,807)	-	44,483	-	-	3,804,776	(3,589,103)	(44,483)	(103,118)	-	33,928
Total State Financial Assistance				\$ (88,807)	s -	\$ 44.483	\$	\$ _	-	\$ (3,589,103)	\$ (44,483)	\$(103,118)	\$ _	\$ 33.928
Total State Fillancial Assistance				\$ (00,007)	ۍ و.	\$ 44,465	ه -	ۍ د ۱	\$ 3,804,770	\$ (3,389,103)	\$ (44,463)	\$(105,116)	ۍ و. ا	\$ 33,928

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

K-4 Schedule B

1. General

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance present the activity of all expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance of the Charter School. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the fiscal year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0- for the general fund and \$-0- for the special revenue fund. See Note 1 (the Notes to Required Supplementary Information) for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds (C-3).

3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements - continued

Federal awards and state financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$3,589,103	\$3,589,103
Special Revenue Fund	45,573	-	45,573
Enterprise Fund			
Total	\$ 45,573	\$3,589,103	\$3,634,676

4. Relationship to Federal and State Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

5. Other

TPAF Social Security contribution in the amount of \$98,373 represents the amount reimbursed by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Part I Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Un	modified	<u>1</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weaknesses identified?	 Yes	~	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not Considered to be material weaknesses?	 Yes	~	None reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	 _Yes	✓	No

Federal Awards:

On June 27, 2003, US Office of Management & Budget (OMB) amended OMB Circular A-133 to raise the audit threshold from \$300,000 to \$500,000. Thus, for fiscal years ending after December 31, 2003, organizations that expend less than \$500,000 in federal awards during a year are exempt from the single audit requirement for that year.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, Hatikvah International Academy Charter School was determined to expend less than \$500,000 in federal awards and is therefore exempt from the federal single audit requirements for 2015.

Part I Summary of Auditors' Results - continued

State Financial Assistance Section

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B pre-	ograms:	<u>\$300,0</u>	<u>000</u>
Auditee qualifies as low-risk auditee?	✓ yes		No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmo</u>	dified	
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	~	No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	~	None reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ OMB Circulars 04-04 and 15-08?	Yes	~	No
Identification of Major Programs:			
State Grant/Program Number(s)	Name of Sta	te Progra	am or Cluster
15-495-034-5120-078 15-495-034-5120-089 15-495-034-5120-084	Equalization Special Edu Security Aic	cation A	id - Cluster

Part II – Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

NONE

Part III – Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

NONE

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (County of Middlesex) Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2015

There were no prior year's audit findings.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Schedule of Expenditures of Local Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 2015

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant Period	Award Amount	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2014	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2014	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2014		Carryover (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2015	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2015	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2015
Special Revenue Fund:													
HCSC - Innovation Grant	11/01/14-08/01/15	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ (10,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
HCSC - Innovation Grant - Cali, Cohen & Heckle	ei 11/15/13-08/31/14	4,946	-	2,299	-	-	-	-	(2,299)	-	-	-	-
Dr. Mark Spector Grant	N/A	4,295	-	-	-	-	-	4,295	(4,295)	-	-	-	-
Barbalat Grant	N/A	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	-
Judyth Grover Fiscal Year 2016 Literacy Grant	7/1/15-6/30/16	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	-	-	- 10,000	-
			-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Total Special Revenue Fund/Total Local Financia	l Assistance		\$ -	\$ 2,299	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,295	\$ (17,594)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ -