COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Morris-Union Jointure Commission Union County, New Jersey

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

Morris-Union Jointure Commission

Union County, New Jersey

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prepared by

Morris-Union Jointure Commission Business Department

		<u>Page</u>		
	INTRODUCTORY SECTION			
Organ Roste	er of Transmittal anizational Chart er of Officials sultants and Advisors	1-5 6 7 8		
	FINANCIAL SECTION			
Indep	pendent Auditors' Report	9-11		
REQ	QUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION- PART I			
M	Management's Discussion and Analysis	12-23		
Basic	c Financial Statements			
A.	. Commission-wide Financial Statements			
	A-1 Statement of Net Position A-2 Statement of Activities	24 25		
В.	Fund Financial Statements			
	Governmental Funds B-1 Balance Sheet B-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances B-3 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26-27 28 n		
	Proprietary Funds B-4 Statement of Net Position B-5 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position B-6 Statement of Cash Flows	30 31 32		
	Fiduciary Funds B-7 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position B-8 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	33 34 35-67		
	Notes to the Financial Statements	33-07		

REQ	UIRED	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II	Page
C.	Budg	etary Comparison Schedules	
	C-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule- Budget and Actual	68-70
	C-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual-Special Revenue Fund	71
NOT	ES TO	THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II	
	C-3	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	72
REQ	UIRED	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III	
	L-1	Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate	
	L-2	Share of the Net Pension Liability – Public Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Commission Contributions -	73
	L-3	Public Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate	74
	L-4	Share of the Net Pension Liability – Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Part III	75 76
OTH	ER SUP	PLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
D.	Schoo	l Level Schedules - Not Applicable	
E.	Specia	al Revenue Fund	•
	E-1	Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures	77
	E-2	Special Revenue Fund – Budgetary Basis Preschool Education Program Aid Schedule of Expenditures – Budgetary Basis – Not Applicable	77 78
F.	Canit	al Projects Fund	70
	-		70
	F-1 F-2	Summary Statement of Project Expenditures Summary Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	79
	F-2a	Budgetary Basis Schedule of Project Revenues, Expenditures, Project Balance and Project Status Budgetary Basis	80 81
G.	Entar	prise Funds	01
G.			
	G-1 G-2	Special Programs Enterprise Fund – Combining Schedule of Net Position Special Programs Enterprise Fund – Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Program Net Position	82
		Net Position –	83
	G-3	Special Programs Enterprise Fund – Combined Schedule of Program Cash Flows	84

			<u>Page</u>				
Н.	Fiduciary Funds						
	H-1	Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities	85				
	H-2	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Not Applicable	86				
	H-3	Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements	87				
	H-4	Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	88				
I.	Long	-Term Debt					
	I-1	Schedule of Obligations Under Lease Purchase Agreements – Certificates of Participation	89				
	I-2	Schedule of Obligations Under Capital Leases – Not Applicable	90				
	I-3	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual –					
		Debt Service Fund – Not Applicable	91				
J.		STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)					
	J-1	Net Position by Component	92				
	J-2	Changes in Net Position	93-94				
	J-3	Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	95				
	J-4	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	96-97				
	J-5	General Fund Other Local Revenue by Source	98				
	J-6	Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Not Applicable	99				
	J-7	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Not Applicable	100				
	J-8	Principal Property Taxpayers – Not Applicable	101				
	J-9	Property Tax Levies and Collections – Not Applicable	102				
	J-10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	103				
	J-11	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Not Applicable	104				
	J-12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	105				
	J-13	Legal Debt Margin Information – Not Applicable	106				
	J-14	Demographic and Economic Statistics – Not Applicable	107				
	J-15	Principal Employers – Not Applicable	108				
	J-16	Full-Time Equivalent Commission Employees by Function/Program	109				
	J-17	Operating Statistics	110				
	J-18	School Building Information	111				
	J-19	Schedule of Required Maintenance for School Facilities	112				
	1	Noneome or insurance	114				

Page

K.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

K-1	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	114-115
K-2	Report on Compliance for each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance as Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 —	
	Independent Auditor's Report	116-118
K-3	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	119
K-4	Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	120
K-5	Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards And State Financial Assistance	121-122
K-6	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Part 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results	123
K-7	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Part 2 – Financial Statement Findings	124
K-7	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Part 3 – Schedule of Federal and State Award Findings and Responses	125-126
K-8	Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Responses	127

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Q.



Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education

Janet L. Fike, Ed.D., J.D.
Superintendent

Denise A. Smallacomb
Assistant Superintendent

Michael Davison
School Business Administrator/Board Secretary

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October 18, 2017

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Morris-Union Jointure Commission County of Union, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education (the "Commission") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Education (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the Commission. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Commission's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Commission's organizational chart, a roster of officials and a list of consultants and advisors. The financial section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, the management's discussion and analysis, the financial statements and notes providing an overview of the Commission's financial position and operating results, and supplementary schedules providing detailed budgetary information. The statistical section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the Commission, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The Commission is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

1) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: The Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in

codification section 2100. All funds of the Commission are included in this report. The Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education and all its schools constitute the Commission's reporting entity.

The Commission is a cooperative public school agency created to provide services and programs to meet the needs of its 29 member districts and non-member school districts alike. Primary purposes include assisting its member school districts in meeting their mandates to provide free public education to students with disabilities, and to identify areas of common concern which are not already addressed by its members individually because of programmatic expense, limited facilities or resources, and then to provide creative programs or services to address these needs.

The Commission currently concentrates on seven major areas:

- · Special Education Programs
- Related Services
- · Instructional Services
- Professional Development
- Student Transportation
- · Alternate Route Provisional/Teacher Program
- Transition Services

The Commission completed the 2016-2017 fiscal year with an average daily enrollment of 261 students. The following details the changes in the student enrollment of the Commission over the past 10 years.

Average Daily Enrollment									
Fiscal Year	Student Enrollment	Percent Change							
2016-2017	261	-6.12%							
2015-2016	278	1.09%							
2014-2015	275	-2.48%							
2013-2014	282	-11.04%							
2012-2013	317	-6.21%							
2011-2012	338	-9.87%							
2010-2011	375	2.46%							
2009-2010	366	3.10%							
2008-2009	355	3.80%							
2007-2008	342	11.76%							

2) ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK: The Morris-Union Jointure Commission experienced an 6.12% decrease in enrollment, which is consistent with annual fluctuations in student population. The success of the Developmental Learning Center (DLC) — Warren is a major accomplishment of the MUJC. The services that the MUJC provides both member and non-member districts continue to grow. The recreation program provides additional experiences for MUJC students, a "home" pool for four of our member district swim teams, and revenue from the rental of the facilities. As the State of New Jersey continues to promote shared services, the prospects for continued growth by the Commission remains strong.

3) MAJOR INITIATIVES: The enrollment at the DLC – Warren was 213 and the DLC – New Providence was 48 as of the October 15, 2016 cutoff.

The stability of programs such as OT, PT, Speech/Language, ABA, and Aide services continues to be strong. The Commission continues to operate a vehicle maintenance/repair program which services eight member districts. The Commission rents the recreation facilities at DLC – Warren and DLC – New Providence to various groups during off-hours.

During the 2016-2017 school year, the Commission presented approximately 124 inservice workshops. Approximately 1,009 participants from approximately 129 school districts and private schools attended these workshops. The Commission commenced the Alternate Route Provisional Teacher Program (ARTP) in September 2003. The purpose is to enable individuals who have not completed a formal teacher education program to enter into the teaching profession. The ARTP program provides hands-on training for novice and entry level teachers who have certificates of eligibility (CE) and have passed the Praxis exam in the area in which certification is sought. During the 2016-2017 school year, approximately 197 participants were enrolled and graduated from the Commission's ARTP program. Also, the Commission continued to offer the "24 Hour Pre-service Program," a newer requirement for individuals to obtain their CE, the "45 Hour Program of Study in the Teaching of Elementary Language Arts/Literacy" and the "45 Hour Program of Study in the Teaching of Elementary Mathematics," which are for individuals who hold a CE in Elementary K-5 and were hired on or after October 31, 2009. The Commission has received many accolades for its creative and yet practical approach to solving everyday problems for novice teachers. The Commission has been approved to offer the new CE-Educator Preparation Program (CE-EPP) ARTP for the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 program year. The new ARTP program is 400 hours in total and is made up of a 50 hour pre-service and 350 hours of formal instruction which spans two school years. In addition, the Commission partners with Seton Hall University to offer interested students college credits for the first 3 phases of the ARTP 350 hour instructional program that is satisfactorily completed.

The MUJC continues to provide quality transportation services through its Transportation Department to 20 of 29 member districts. It has proved to be challenging to meet the needs of the districts while containing the rising costs associated with providing a quality transportation service, costs such as benefits and the required PERS employer contribution. Throughout the 2016-2017 school year, MUJC's 130 school buses transported approximately 800 general and special education students on 95 contracted routes. In addition, the Commission provided transportation for field, athletic and community trips for our own member districts' students.

During the 2016-2017 school year, approximately 38 related services therapists, adaptive physical education teachers, occupational therapists, physical therapists, speech/language specialists, and behavior specialists provided therapy and related services to more than 300 students. These students were from approximately 80 districts.

The transition services the MUJC provides are designed to assist the district in preparing students for home, work and community life after school. Services include transition assessments, assistance with establishing community based instruction opportunities and acquiring job sampling sites. During this school year, the MUJC is looking into ways to further expand transition services.

4) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the assets of the Commission are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not

exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal awards and state awards, the Commission also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control system is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Commission's management.

As part of the Commission's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control system, including that portion related to major federal and state award programs, as well as to determine that the Commission has complied with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

5) BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Commission maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Education. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. Project length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the capital projects fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as fund balance, commitments and assignments at June 30, 2017.

- 6) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS: The Commission's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the GASB. The accounting system of the Commission is organized on the basis of funds. These funds are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 1.
- 7) DEBT ADMINISTRATION: As of June 30, 2017, the Commission's outstanding debt included \$34,740,000 in Obligations under Lease Purchase Agreements Certificates of Participation. Additional information regarding the Commission's debt is explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 3.
- 8) CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the Commission is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 3. The Commission has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- 9) RISK MANAGEMENT: The Commission carries various forms of insurance, including, but not limited to, general liability, excess liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds. The Commission's insurance broker, Jay Lawton of Arthur J. Gallagher Risk Management Services, Inc. oversees risk management for the Commission. A schedule of insurance coverage is found on Exhibit J-20.

The Morris-Union Jointure Commission is a member of School Alliance Insurance Fund ("SAIF") and the New Jersey School Insurance Group ("NJSIG"). SAIF provides the Commission with comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, property, boiler and machinery and school board legal liability insurance. NJSIG provides the Commission with workers' compensation insurance coverage.

10) OTHER INFORMATION: Independent Audit- State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Lerch, Vinci & Higgins, LLP, was selected by the Board of Education at its May 4, 2017 Board of Education meeting. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance, and the New Jersey OMB Circular NJOMB 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

11) ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education for their concern in providing fiscal accountability and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our staff.

Respectfully submitted,

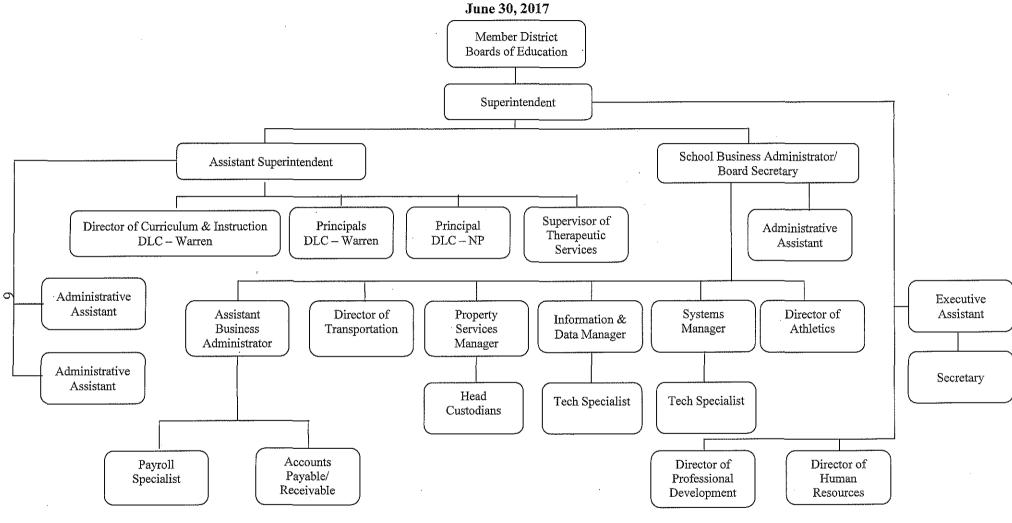
Dr. Janet L. Fike

Superintendent

Michael Davison

Business Administrator/Board Secretary

ORGANIZATION OF THE MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION



MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION BOARD OF EDUCATION ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

June 30, 2017

Members of the Board of Education

Superintendent/Board

Mrs. Judith Rat	ttner
-----------------	-------

Mr. Nick Markarian

Dr. Michael LaSusa

Mr. Edward Grande

Dr. Gina Villani

Dr. Marilyn Birnbaum

Dr. Melissa Varley

Mr. Matthew Spelker

Dr. Thomas W. Tramaglini

Ms. Christina Steffner

Mr. Edwin Acevedo

Dr. Tom Ficarra

Dr. Christine Burton

Dr. René Rovtar

Dr. Nancy Lubarsky

Dr. David Miceli

Ms. Jennifer Fano

Mr. Pedro Garrido

Dr. Margaret W. Hayes, President

Dr. Frances Wood

Dr. John Ramos

Mr. Michael A. Davino

Mr. June Chang

Mr. Gregory A. Tatum

Dr. Matthew Mingle

Dr. Barbara Resko

Ms. Elizabeth Jewett

Mr. Jeffrey Rutzky

Dr. Margaret Dolan

Other Officials

Dr. Janet Fike

Ms. Denise Smallacomb

Mr. Michael Davison

Ms. Kerry Keane

Berkeley Heights

Bernards Township

School District of the Chathams

Clinton Township

Cranford

Florham Park

Harding Township

Kenilworth

Livingston

Long Hill Township

Madison

Millburn

Montville Township

Mountainside

New Providence

Randolph Township

Roselle Park

Scotch Plains/Fanwood

Somerset Hills

South Orange-Maplewood

Springfield

Summit

Union Township

Warren Township

Watchung Borough

Watchung Hills Regional

West Orange

Westfield

Title

Superintendent

Assistant Superintendent

School Administrator/Board Secretary

Treasurer

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION BOARD OF EDUCATION Consultants and Advisors 2017

Architect

Mr. Gregory Somjen Mr. William Bannister Parette Somjen Architects 439 Route 46 East Rockaway, NJ 07866

General Counsel and Construction and Public Bidding Counsel

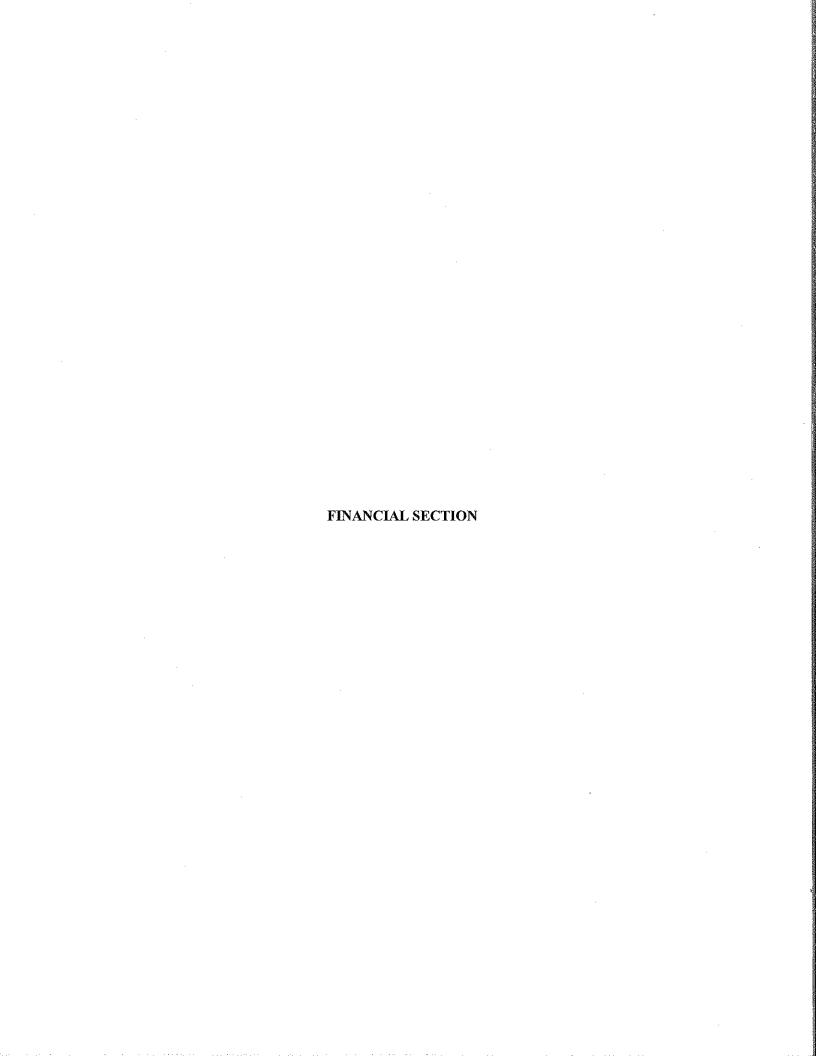
Matthew J. Giacobbe, Esq. Cleary Giacobbe Alfieri Jacobs, LLC 169 Ramapo Valley Rd., Upper Level 105 Oakland, NJ 07436

Audit Firm

Mr. Jeffrey Bliss Lerch Vinci & Higgins, LLP 17 – 17 Route 208 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Official Depository

Monica K. McCormack-Casey, Vice President | Government Banking
TD Bank
1000 MacArthur Boulevard
Mahwah, NJ 07430





LERCH, VINCI & HIGGINS, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REGISTERED MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTANTS

DIETER P. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY J. VINCI, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY W. HIGGINS, CPA, RMA, PSA JEFFREY C. BLISS, CPA, RMA, PSA PAUL J. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA DONNA L. JAPHET, CPA, PSA JULIUS B. CONSONI, CPA, PSA ANDREW D. PARENTE, CPA, RMA, PSA ELIZABETH A. SHICK, CPA, RMA, PSA ROBERT W. HAAG, CPA, PSA DEBORAH K. LERCH, CPA, PSA RALPH M. PICONE, CPA, RMA, PSA DEBRA GOLLE, CPA CINDY JANACEK, CPA, RMA MARK SACO, CPA SHERYL M. NICOLOSI, CPA, PSA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Morris-Union Jointure Commission New Providence, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, financial schedules, statistical section, schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance as required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, financial schedules and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2017 on our consideration of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

LERCH, Vinci & HICCIOS, GCP

LERCH, VINCI & HIGGINS, LLP Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Jeffrey C. Bliss

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS00932

Fair Lawn, New Jersey October 18, 2017 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

As management of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission, we offer readers of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Commission's financial statements and related notes to the financial statements which immediately follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2016-2017 fiscal year include the following:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$34,245,186 (net position). Of this amount \$5,102,497 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.
- The Commission's total net position decreased by \$437,043 or 1.2%. Net position from governmental activities decreased \$90,230 or less than 1% and net position from business-type activities decreased \$346,813 or 2.9%.
- Overall commission revenues were \$45,098,702 which were \$437,043 less than overall commission expenses of \$45,535,745. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants or contributions accounted for \$44,897,536 of total revenues. General revenues accounted for the remaining \$201,166 of total revenues.
- The Commission had \$36,769,633 in expenses for governmental activities; most of these expenses were offset with program specific revenues from charges for services, grants or contributions of \$36,553,341. General revenues with the amount of \$201,062 helped to offset the remaining expenses.
- The Commission had \$8,766,112 in expenses for business-type activities and \$8,344,195 of program specific revenues from charges for services, grants and contributions for business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Commission's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$20,597,920. Of this amount, \$14,554,712 (71%) is available for spending at the Commission's discretion (unassigned fund balance General Fund).
- The Commission's total outstanding long-term debt increased by \$6,078,264 during the current fiscal year.

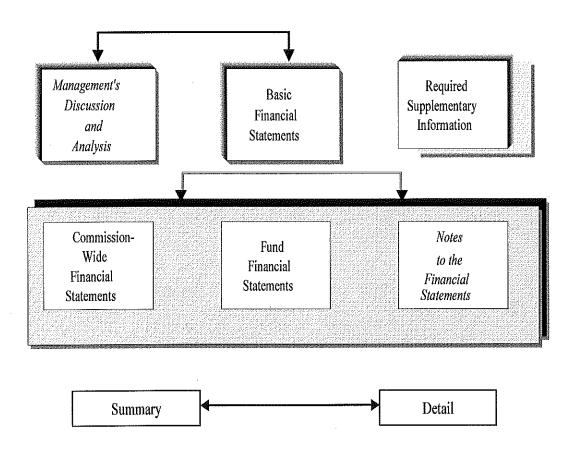
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts — Independent Auditors' Report, required supplementary information which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Commission:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

- The first two statements are commission wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Commission's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual* parts of the Commission, reporting the Commission's operations in *more detail* than the commission-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
 - *Proprietary funds* statements offer *short-term* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the commission operated like *businesses*.
 - Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the Commission acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The Figure below shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following table summarizes the major features of the Commission's financial statements, including the portion of the Commission's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2

		Figure A-2		
		sion-Wide and Fund Financial Statement Fund	s Financial	Statements
	Commission-Wide			T
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Commission (except	The activities of the Commission that	Activities the Commission	Instances in which the
	fiduciary funds)	are not proprietary or fiduciary,	operates similar to	Commission administers
		such as instruction, building	private businesses:	resources on behalf of
		Maintenance and administration.	Enterprise Funds	someone else, such as
				unemployment, student
		<u> </u>		activities, and Payroll
				deduction.
Required financial	Statements of net position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statements of
Statements	Statement of activities	Statement of Revenue,	Statement of Revenue,	Fiduciary Net Position,
		Expenditures and Changes in	Expenses, and Changes in	Statement of Changes
		Fund Balances	Fund Net Position,	in Fiduciary Net Position
			Statement of Cash Flows	
Accounting Basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting
Measurement focus	economic resources focus	and current financial focus	economic resources focus	and economic resources
				Focus
Type of asset, liability,	All assets, liabilities, and	Generally assets expected to be	All assets, liabilities, and	All assets and liabilities,
and deferred outflow/	deferred outflows/inflows of	used up and liabilities that come	deferred outflows/inflows	both short-term and long-
inflow information	resources both financial	due during the year or soon there	of resources both	term; funds do not currently
	and capital, short-term and	after; no capital assets or long-term	financial and capital,	contain capital assets,
	long-term	liabilities included	and short-term and long-	although they can
	·		term	
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash is received	All revenues and expenses	All additions and
Information	during the year, regardless of	during or soon after the end of the	during the year, regardless	dedications during the
	when cash is received or	year; expenditures when goods or	of when cash is received	year, regardless of when
	paid	Services have been received and the	or paid.	cash is received or paid.
		1		1

Commission-wide Statements

The Commission-wide statements report information about the Commission as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the Commission's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

related liability is due and payable.

The two Commission-wide statements report the Commission's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the Commission's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows – is one way to measure the Commission's financial health or *position*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net position are an indicator of whether its financial condition is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Commission you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Commission's membership base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the commission-wide financial statements the Commission's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the Commission's basic services are included here, such as special education, plant operation and maintenance, and administration. Tuition charged to other school districts finance all of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Commission charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Commission's special programs and food service operations are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Commission's *funds* – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Commission as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Commission uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law.
- The Commission establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The Commission has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the Commission's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Commission's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the commission-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the Commission charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the commission-wide statements.

The Commission uses enterprise funds to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that costs of providing goods or services to students or other entities on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Commission currently has two enterprise funds for its special programs and food service (cafeteria) programs.

• Fiduciary funds – The Commission is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The Commission is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the Commission's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the commission-wide financial statements because the Commission cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the commission-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Other Information. In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's budget process and pension plans. The Commission adopts an annual expenditure budget for the General and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these Funds as required supplementary information. Information regarding the Commission's employee retirement systems and pension plans has also been provided as required supplementary information. The required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

Combining statements and schedules are presented immediately following the major budgetary comparison, if required.

COMMISSION-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Commission's *combined* net position was \$34,245,186 on June 30, 2017 compared to \$34,682,229 on June 30, 2016.

Net Position As of June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			ss-Type <u>vities</u>	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Assets			•				
Current Assets	\$ 22,719,655	\$ 21,164,156	\$ 16,547,205	\$ 15,940,115	\$ 39,266,860	\$ 37,104,271	
Capital Assets	57,735,308	60,437,386	5,469,020	5,786,554	63,204,328	66,223,940	
Total Assets	80,454,963	81,601,542	_22,016,225	21,726,669	102,471,188	103,328,211	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,236,802	4,276,403	3,198,026	1,237,487	11,434,828	5,513,890	
Total Assets and Deferred							
Outflows of Resources	88,691,765	85,877,945	25,214,251	22,964,156	113,906,016	108,842,101	
Liabilities							
Long-Term Liabilities	62,584,909	59,197,559	12,171,054	9,480,140	74,755,963	68,677,699	
Other Liabilities	2,090,652	2,293,022	531,229	492,506	2,621,881	2,785,528	
Total Liabilities	64,675,561	61,490,581	12,702,283	9,972,646	77,377,844	71,463,227	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,552,209	1,833,139	730,777	863,506	2,282,986	2,696,645	
Total Liabilities and Deferred							
Inflows of Resources	66,227,770	63,323,720	13,433,060	10,836,152	79,660,830	74,159,872	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	21,798,302	23,741,214	5,469,020	5,786,554	27,267,322	29,527,768	
Restricted	1,875,367	1,888,989			1,875,367	1,888,989	
Unrestricted	(1,209,674)	(3,075,978)	6,312,171	6,341,450	5,102,497	3,265,472	
Total Net Position	\$ 22,463,995	\$ 22,554,225	\$ 11,781,191	\$ 12,128,004	\$.34,245,186	\$ 34,682,229	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

By far, the largest portion of the Commission's net position (79.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to its students and members; consequently, these assets are not available for future use. Resources needed to repay this debt (i.e., capital leases, COP's) must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of net position is restricted for the payment of obligation under lease purchase agreements (COP's) in the amount of \$1,875,367. The remaining balance of net position of \$5,102,497 (14.9%) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.

Change in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total			
Revenues	2017	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>		
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 30,564,822	\$ 31,727,543	\$ 8,263,377	\$ 7,634,937	\$ 38,828,199	\$ 39,362,480		
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,982,680	4,815,087	80,818	78,123	6,063,498	4,893,210		
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,839				5,839	•		
General Revenues								
Investment Earnings	151,691	104,796	104	34	151,795	104,830		
Miscellaneous	49,371	6,338	_		49,371	6,338		
Total Revenues	36,754,403	36,653,764	8,344,299	7,713,094	45,098,702	44,366,858		
Expenses								
Instruction								
Special Education	18,326,619	27,887,608			18,326,619	27,887,608		
Support Services								
Student and Instruction Related Services	9,468,040	300			9,468,040	300		
General Administrative Services	1,589,428	1,396,734			1,589,428	1,396,734		
School Administrative Services	1,738,351	1,592,455			1,738,351	1,592,455		
Central and Other Support Services	1,216,542	994,430			1,216,542	994,430		
Plant Operations and Maintenance	2,624,512	591,345			2,624,512	591,345		
Pupil Transportation	383,210				383,210	-		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,422,931	1,513,626			1,422,931	1,513,626		
Special Programs			8,489,614	8,931,528	8,489,614	8,931,528		
Food Services			276,498	271,608	276,498	271,608		
Total Expenses	36,769,633	33,976,498	8,766,112	9,203,136	45,535,745	43,179,634		
Increase in Net Position Before Transfers	(15,230)	2,677,266	(421,813)	(1,490,042)	(437,043)	1,187,224		
Transfers	(75,000)	(100,000)	75,000	100,000				
Increase in Net Position	(90,230)	2,577,266	(346,813)	(1,390,042)	(437,043)	1,187,224		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	22,554,225	19,976,959	12,128,004	13,518,046	34,682,229	33,495,005		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 22,463,995	\$ 22,554,225	\$ 11,781,191	\$ 12,128,004	\$ 34,245,186	<u>\$ 34,682,229</u>		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

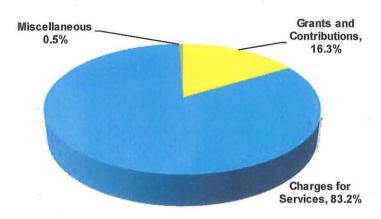
Governmental Activities. The Commission's total governmental activities revenues were \$36,754,403 for the year ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$100,639 or less than 1% from the previous year. Charges for services in the form of tuition and fees accounted for 83.2% of total revenues. Another 16.3% came from operating grants and contributions.

The total cost of all governmental activities programs and services was \$36,769,633 an increase of \$2,793,135 (8.2%) from the previous year. The Commission's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students with special needs.

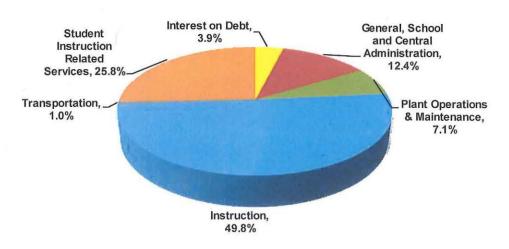
Total governmental activities revenues were less than expenses and transfers out, decreasing net position by \$90,230 from the previous year.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$36,769,633 compared to \$33,976,498 last year.
 - Some of the cost was paid by the users of the Commission's programs mainly through tuition charges and related service fees for a total of \$30,564,822 a decrease of \$1,162,721 (3.7%) from the previous year.
 - Some of the cost was paid by grants and contributions received through states aid and local grants for a total of \$5,988,519, an increase of \$1,173,432 (24.4%) over the previous year, largely due to the additional on-behalf TPAF pension contribution determined under GASB No. 68 pension reporting requirements.

Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities For Fiscal Year 2017



Expenditures by Type- Governmental Activities For Fiscal Year 2017



Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

For fiscal year 2017, the Commission's total cost of services was \$33,769,633. After applying program revenues derived from charges for services of \$30,564,822 operating and capital grants and contributions of \$5,988,519 the net expenses of services to the Commission was \$216,292 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Total Cost of Services			Net (Revenue) Cost of <u>Services</u>				
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Instruction								
Special Education	\$	18,326,619	\$	27,887,608	\$	(9,432,413)	\$	(7,697,401)
Support Services								
Student and Instruction Related Services		9,468,040		300		1,790,388		300
General Administrative Services		1,589,428		1,396,734		1,085,203		978,103
School Administrative Services		1,738,351		1,592,455		1,228,193		1,164,337
Central and Other Support Services		1,216,542		994,430		1,216,542		994,430
Plant Operations and Maintenance		2,624,512		591,345		2,522,238		480,473
Pupil Transportation		383,210				383,210		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,422,931		1,513,626		1,422,931		1,513,626
Total	\$	36,769,633	<u>\$</u>	33,976,498	\$	216,292	<u>\$ (</u>	(2,566,132)

Business-Type Activities —The Commission's total business-type activities revenues were \$8,344,299 for the year ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$631,205 (8.2%) from the previous year. Charges for services accounted for 99% of total revenues. Operating grants and contributions and miscellaneous revenue accounted for the remaining 1% of total revenue for the year.

The Commission's expenses are related to various transportation services and other programs offered to members, as well as, non-member school districts of the commission and food services provided to all students, teachers and administrators within the Commission.

Total business-type activities revenues and transfers in were less than expenses, decreasing net position by \$346,813 over the previous year.

The cost of all business-type activities this year was \$8,766,112. The cost of special program activities was \$8,489,614 (97%) and food services was \$276,498 (3%).

- Some of the cost was paid by the users of the programs for a total of \$8,263,377 an increase of \$628,400 (8.2%) from the previous year.
- The Federal and State governments subsidized the food service program with grants and contributions of \$80,818, an increase of \$2,695 (3.4%) from the previous year.
- The Commission transferred in \$75,000 from its governmental activities to subsidize the food service program during the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The financial performance of the Commission as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the Commission completed the year, its governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$20,597,920 an increase of \$1,208,325 from last year's fund balance of \$19,389,595. This increase is the results of revenues exceeding anticipated budgeted amounts and expenditures below budgeted amounts appropriated for the year. \$14,554,712 of fund balance at year-end is available as fund resources for future use. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has been dedicated to 1) the payment of obligations under lease purchase agreements (COP's) in the amount of \$1,875,367 2) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period \$1,235,791 or 3) assigned to finance subsequent year's budget expenditures of \$2,932,050.

Revenues for the Commission's governmental funds were \$32,553,330 while total expenditures were \$31,270,005. The net amount for other financing uses was \$75,000.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Commission and includes the primary operations of providing educational services to students with special needs.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Revenues.

						Amount of	
	Y	ear Ended	3	Year Ended		Increase	Percent
	Ju	ne 30, 2017	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2016	(Decrease)	Change
Local Sources:							
Tuition	\$	25,484,734	\$	27,004,552	\$	(1,519,818)	-6%
Related Services/Program Fees		4,465,520		4,577,759		(112,239)	-2%
Miscellaneous		302,427		221,848		80,579	36%
State Sources		2,071,524		1,918,683		152,841	8%
Total General Fund Revenues	\$	32,324,205	\$	33,722,842	\$	(1,398,637)	-4%

Total General Fund Revenues decreased by \$1,398,637 or 4% from the previous year. Tuition which represents 79% of total General Fund revenue for the year decreased 6% from the previous year due to a decrease in enrollment in the current year. Revenues from State sources increased by \$152,841 largely due to an increase in the on-behalf TPAF pension system contribution made by the State for the Commission's teaching professionals.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund expenditures.

	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent <u>Change</u>	
Instruction	\$ 13,038,806	\$ 22,310,506	\$ (9,271,700)	-42%	
Support Services	13,566,181	4,013,424	9,552,757	238%	
Debt Service	3,660,344	3,663,044	(2,700)	0%	
Capital Outlay	776,458	367,977	408,481	111%	
Total Expenditures	\$ 31,041,789	\$ 30,354,951	\$ 686,838	2%	

Total General Fund expenditures increased \$686,838 or 2% from the previous year. Notable increases included employee benefit costs and capital outlay construction services during the current year.

In Fiscal Year 2017 General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$1,221,947. After deducting assigned and committed fund balances the unassigned fund balance decreased from \$15,255,731 at June 30, 2016 to \$14,554,712 at June 30, 2017. In addition, the amount of fund balance assigned and designated to finance the subsequent year's budget expenditures increased from \$1,960,456 at June 30, 2016 to \$2,932,050 at June 30, 2017.

Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund includes all restricted sources utilized in the operations of the Commission in providing educational services to students with special needs.

Revenues of the Special Revenue Fund were \$228,216 for the year ended June 30, 2017. Federal sources accounted for \$214,950 (94%) and local sources accounted for \$13,266 (6%) of the Special Revenue Funds' revenues.

Total Special Revenue Fund revenues increased \$216,507 from the previous year. This increase was due to a federal grant awarded to the District under the IDEA grant program.

Expenditures of the Special Revenue Fund were also \$228,216 and also increased \$216,507 from the previous year. Special Education instructional expenditures were \$4,666 or (2%), support services were \$217,711 (95%) and capital outlay was \$5,839 (3%) of the total amount expended for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues resulting in a fund balance of \$1,875,367 at June 30, 2017. This amount is restricted for the payment of the refunding obligations under the lease purchase agreement certificates of participation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Proprietary Funds

The Commission maintains an Enterprise Fund to account for activities which are supported in part through user fees.

Enterprise Funds - The Commission uses Enterprise Funds to report activities related to the Commission's special programs and food service operations. The Commission's Enterprise Funds provide the same type of information found in the commission-wide financial statements, business-type activities, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances of these Funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Commission's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Commission revised the annual operating budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories:

- Reinstating prior year purchase orders being carries over. (Year End Encumbrances)
- Appropriation of additional unassigned fund balance to fund unbudgeted expenditures.

Revisions in the budget were also made through budget transfers. The Commission also made certain adjustments to increase the budget by \$1,801,894 during the school year through the use of additional unassigned fund balance. In addition the budget was increased by \$284,419 due to the reappropriation of prior year encumbrances.

CAPITAL ASSETS

By the end of June 30, 2017, the Commission had invested \$63,204,328 in a range of capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities. This includes improvements to buildings, computers, specialized machinery and various other types of equipment. Depreciation charges for the fiscal year 2016-2017 amounted to \$3,482,272 for governmental activities and \$521,959 for business-type activities. The following is a comparison of the June 30, 2017 and 2016 balances.

Capital Assets As of June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental			Business-Type					<u>Total</u>			
		Activities			<u>Activities</u>							
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Land and Land Improvements	\$	7,812,301	\$	7,375,384	\$	3,064,300	\$	3,064,300	\$	10,876,601	\$	10,439,684
Building and Building Improvements		49,306,718		52,559,416		1,215,469		1,377,478		50,522,187		53,936,894
Machinery and Equipment		268,265		292,892		1,189,251		1,344,776		1,457,516		1,637,668
Construction in Progress		348,024		209,694		-			_	348,024	_	209,694
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	57,735,308	\$	60,437,386	\$	5,469,020	\$	5,786,554	\$	63,204,328	<u>\$</u>	66,223,940

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets is presented in the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

LONG TERM LIABILITIES

At year-end, the Commission had \$74,755,963 of total outstanding long-term liabilities for its governmental activities and business type activities. For fiscal year 2016/17, total outstanding long-term liabilities increased by \$6,078,264. The following is a comparison of the June 30, 2017 and 2016 balances.

Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities At June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental Activities					Businse <u>Acti</u>		<u>Total</u>			
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	
Lease Purchase Obligation (COP's) Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$	35,937,006 893,969 25,753,934	\$	38,342,914 818,903 20,035,742	\$	51,555 12,119,499	\$ 51,555 9,428,585	\$ 35,937,006 945,524 37,873,433	\$	38,342,914 870,458 29,464,327	
	\$	62,584,909	\$	59,197,559	<u>\$</u>	12,171,054	\$ 9,480,140	\$ 74,755,963	\$	68,677,699	

Additional information on the Commission's long-term liabilities is presented in the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Many factors were considered by the Commission's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2016-2017 budget. The primary factors were the Commission's projected student population, as well as increasing salary and related benefit costs.

These indicators were considered when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2017-2018. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund decreased 2% from the 2016/2017 adopted budget to \$30,622,014 in fiscal year 2017-2018.

CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact the Business Office, 340 Central Avenue, New Providence, NJ 07974.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **AS OF JUNE 30, 2017**

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,917,776	\$ 15,452,299	\$ 32,370,075
Receivables Inventories Restricted Assets:	3,926,512	1,088,939 5,967	5,015,451 5,967
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,875,367 7,532,024	3,064,300	1,875,367 10,596,324
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	50,203,284	2,404,720	52,608,004
Total Assets	80,454,963	22,016,225	102,471,188
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts on Net Pension Liability	6,795,805	3,198,026	9,993,831
Deferred Charge on Refunding of Debt	1,440,997		1,440,997
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,236,802	3,198,026	11,434,828
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	88,691,765	25,214,251	113,906,016
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	1,496,023	527,872	2,023,895
Accrued Interest Payable Unearned Revenue	575,268 19,361	3,357	575,268 22,718
Noncurrent Liabilities	13,501	2,507	~~, , , ,
Due Within One Year	2,380,000	45.454.054	2,380,000
Due Beyond One Year	60,204,909	12,171,054	72,375,963
Total Liabilities	64,675,561	12,702,283	77,377,844
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts on Net Pension Liability	1,552,209	730,450	2,282,659
Deferred Commodities Revenue	**	327	327
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,552,209	730,777	2,282,986
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	66,227,770	13,433,060	79,660,830
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	21,798,302	5,469,020	27,267,322
Lease-Purchase Obligations Unrestricted	1,875,367 (1,209,674)	6,312,171	1,875,367 5,102,497
Total Net Position	\$ 22,463,995	\$ 11,781,191	\$ 34,245,186

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

]	Program Revenu		Net (<u>C</u> 1	e and <u>ets</u>		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capita Grants : Contribu	and	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities								
Instruction:								
Special Education	\$ 18,326,619	\$ 25,866,028	\$ 1,887,165	\$ 5,	,839	\$ 9,432,413		\$ 9,432,41
Support Services:								
Student & Instruction Related Services	9,468,040	4,596,520	3,081,132			(1,790,388)		(1,790,38
General Administration Services	1,589,428		504,225			(1,085,203)		(1,085,20
School Administration Services	1,738,351		510,158			(1,228,193)		(1,228,19
Central and Other Support Services	1,216,542					(1,216,542)		(1,216,54
Plant Operations and Maintenance	2,624,512	102,274				(2,522,238)		(2,522,23
Pupil Transportation	383,210					(383,210)		(383,21
Interest on Debt	1,422,931		<u>-</u>			(1,422,931)	***************************************	(1,422,93
Total Governmental Activities	36,769,633	30,564,822	5,982,680	5.	,839	(216,292)		(216,29
Business - Type Activities								
Special Programs	8,489,614	8,162,459				-	\$ (327,155)	(327,15
Food Service	276,498	100,918	80,818		-		(94,762)	(94,76
Total Business Type Activities	8,766,112	8,263,377	80,818		-		(421,917)	(421,91
Total Primary Government	\$ 45,535,745	\$38,828,199	\$ 6,063,498	<u>\$ 5.</u>	,839	(216,292)	(421,917)	(638,20
	General Revenu	es:						
	Investment Ear	mings				151,691	104	151,79
	Miscellaneous					49,371		49,37
	Transfers					(75,000)	75,000	
	Total General R	evenues and Tran	sfers			126,062	75,104	201,16
	Change in 1	Net Position				(90,230)	(346,813)	(437,04
	Net Position - B	eginning of Year				22,554,225	12,128,004	34,682,22
	Net Position - E	nd of Year				\$ 22,463,995	\$11,781,191	\$ 34,245,18

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivables Accrued Interest Receivable Due from Other Funds Restricted Assets:	\$ 16,917,776 3,829,084 219 42,606	\$ 97,209	A 1985.245	\$ 16,917,776 3,926,293 219 42,606
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent Total Assets	\$ 20,789,685	\$. 97,209	\$ 1,875,367 \$ 1,875,367	1,875,367 \$ 22,762,261
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Wages Compensated Absences Payable Accrued Liability for Insurance Claims Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue	\$ 141,309 3,485 39,286 1,276,701	\$ 35,242 42,606 19,361	· .	\$ 176,551 3,485 39,286 1,276,701 42,606 19,361
Total Liabilities	1,460,781	97,209		1,557,990
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Tuition and Fees	606,351	-		606,351
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	606,351		***************************************	606,351
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,067,132	97,209		2,164,341
FUND BALANCES Restricted Lease-Purchase Obligations (COP's)			\$ 1,875,367	1,875,367
Committed Year End Encumbrances Assigned	1,126,824			1,126,824
Year End Encumbrances Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned	108,967 2,932,050 14,554,712	_		108,967 2,932,050 14,554,712
Total Fund Balances	18,722,553	•	1,875,367	20,597,920
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 20,789,685	\$ 97,209	\$ 1,875,367	\$ 22,762,261

Continued

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit B-1)		\$ 20,597,920
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$79,706,241 and the accumulated depreciation		
is \$21,970,933.		57,735,308
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds		606,351
		,
Certain amounts resulting from the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as either deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position and deferred over future years.		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 6,795,805	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(1,552,209)	5,243,596
Amounts resulting from the refunding of debt are reported as deferred outflows		
of resources on the statement of net position and amortized over the life of the debt		1,440,997
The District has financed capital assets through the issuance		
of COP's. The interest accrual at year end is:		(575,268)
Long term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund		
Lease Purchase Obligations (COP's)	\$ (35,937,006)	
Compensated Absences	(893,969)	
Net Pension Liability	(25,753,934)	 (62,584,909)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (A-1)		\$ 22,463,995

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Tuition	\$ 25,484,734			\$ 25,484,734
Related Services and Program Fees	4,465,520			4,465,520
Rents	102,274			102,274
Interest	150,782		\$ 909	151,691
Miscellaneous	49,371	\$ 13,266		62,637
Total Local Sources	30,252,681	13,266	909	30,266,856
Federal Sources	0.051.504	214,950		214,950
State Sources	2,071,524		_	2,071,524
Total Revenues	32,324,205	228,216	909	32,553,330
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	44.040.004			
Special Education	13,038,806	4,666		13,043,472
Support Services	5 116 650			5 004064
Student and Instruction Related Services	7,116,653	217,711		7,334,364
General Administrative Services	1,266,533			1,266,533
School Administrative Services	1,311,656			1,311,656
Central and Other Support Services	1,081,667			1,081,667
Plant Operations and Maintenance	2,406,462			2,406,462
Pupil Transportation	383,210			383,210
Debt Service	2,235,000			2,235,000
Principal Interest	1,425,344			1,425,344
Capital Outlay	776,458	5,839	-	782,297
Total Expenditures	31,041,789	228,216		31,270,005
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,282,416		909	1,283,325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)				
Transfers In	14,531		(14,531)	14,531
Transfers Out	(75,000)		(14,331)	(89,531)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(60,469)		(14,531)	(75,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,221,947		(13,622)	1,208,325
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	17,500,606		1,888,989	19,389,595
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 18,722,553	\$ -	\$ 1,875,367	\$ 20,597,920

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (B-2)

\$ 1,208,325

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because;

Capital Outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the period

Capital Outlays
Depreciation Expense

782,297 (3,482,272)

(2,699,975)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, donations) is to decrease net position. These transactions are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets

(2,103)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue but are deferred in the funds

Increase in Unavailable Revenue

512,294

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for this item are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned or incurred amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is a reduction (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned or incurred amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+).

Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Pension Expense

(75,066) (1,271,118)

(1,346,184)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt uses those current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and other such items related to the refunding bonds when they are issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized over future periods in the statement of activities.

Amortization

Deferred Charges on Refunding of Debt Deferred Charges - Original Issue Premium (205,745) 170,908

(34,837)

Principal Repayments:

COP's

2,235,000

In the statement of activities, interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities is accrued, regardless of when due. In the governmental funds, interest is reported when due.

Decrease in Accrued Interest

37,250

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (90,230)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **AS OF JUNE 30, 2017**

	Business Type Activities-Enterprise Funds		
	Special Programs Fund	Non-Major Food Service Fund	Total
ASSETS			·
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable Inventories	\$ 15,369,705 1,084,310	\$ 82,594 4,629 5,967	\$ 15,452,299 1,088,939 5,967
Total Current Assets	16,454,015	93,190	16,547,205
Capital Assets Land Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Machinery & Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	3,064,300 3,240,183 6,034,834 (6,982,114)	223,700 (111,883)	3,064,300 3,240,183 6,258,534 (7,093,997)
Total Capital Assets, Net	5,357,203	111,817	5,469,020
Total Assets	21,811,218	205,007	22,016,225
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts on Net Pension Liability	3,198,026		3,198,026
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	25,009,244	205,007	25,214,251
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Wages Accrued Liabilities For Insurance Claims Unearned Revenue	58,223 122,370 302,012	45,267 - 3,357	103,490 122,370 302,012 3,357
Total Current Liabilities	482,605	48,624	531,229
Noncurrent Liabilities Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences	12,119,499 51,555		12,119,499 51,555
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	12,171,054	-	12,171,054
Total Liabilities	12,653,659	48,624	12,702,283
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts on Net Pension Liability Deferred Commodities Revenue	730,450	327	730,450 327
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	730,450	327	730,777
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,384,109	48,951	13,433,060
NET POSITION			
Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	5,357,203 6,267,932	111,817 44,239	5,469,020 6,312,171
Total Net Position	\$ 11,625,135	\$ 156,056	\$ 11,781,191

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Business T	ype Activities-Enterpri	ise Funds
	Special Programs Fund	Non-Major Food Service Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services			
Daily Sales - Reimbursable Programs		\$ 67,131	\$ 67,131
Daily Sales - Non-reimbursable Programs		33,787	33,787
Program Charges and Fees	\$ 8,160,013	-	8,160,013
Miscellaneous Fees	2,446		2,446
Total Operating Revenues	8,162,459	100,918	8,263,377
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Instruction			
Salaries	37,853		37,853
Support Services			
Cost of Food - Reimbursable Programs		76,860	76,860
Cost of Food - Non-reimbursable Programs		53,633	53,633
Salaries	4,527,812	87,260	4,615,072
Employee Benefits	2,415,737	20,240	2,435,977
Purchased Professional Education Services	54,169		54,169
Purchased Professional /Technical Services	76,782	17.515	76,782
Other Purchased Services	617,059	16,515	633,574
Supplies and Materials	215,476	3,265	218,741
Miscellaneous	37,680 507,046	3,812 14,913	41,492 521,959
Depreciation	307,040		
Total Operating Expenses	8,489,614	276,498	8,766,112
Operating Loss	(327,155)	(175,580)	(502,735)
Nonoperating Revenues			
State Sources			
State School Lunch Program		1,315	1,315
Federal Sources		20.201	00.001
National School Breakfast Program		22,331	22,331
National School Lunch Program		43,459	43,459
Food Distribution Program Interest on Investments	_	13,713 104	13,713 104
inerest on investments			
Total Non-Operating Revenues		80,922	80,922
Net Loss Before Transfers	(327,155)	(94,658)	(421,813)
Transfers In		75,000	75,000
Change in Net Position	(327,155)	(19,658)	(346,813)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	11,952,290	175,714	12,128,004
Total Net Position - Ending of Year	\$ 11,625,135	\$ 156,056	\$ 11,781,191

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Business T	Type Activities-Enterpri	ise Funds	
	Non-Major			
	Special Programs Fund	Food Service Fund	<u>Total</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			,	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 8,051,790	\$ 104,275	\$ 8,156,065	
Payments to Employees for Salaries & Benefits	(6,367,129)	(107,500)	(6,474,629)	
Payments to Suppliers For Goods and Services	(1,015,697)	(106,379)	(1,122,076)	
Net Cash Provided by(Used for) Operating Activities	668,964	(109,604)	559,360	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received From State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements		65,993	65,993	
Cash Received from Other Funds	<u> </u>	75,000	75,000	
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Noncapital Financing Activities	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	140,993	140,993	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES Purchases of Capital Assets	(204,425)	<u>-</u>	(204,425)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(204,425)		(204,425)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT AND RELATED FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments		104	104	
increst on investments		104	104	
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Investment and Related Financing Activities	-	104	104	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	464,539	31,493	496,032	
Cash and Cash Equivalents- Beginning of Year	14,905,166	51,101	14,956,267	
Cash and Cash Equivalents- End of Year	\$ 15,369,705	\$ 82,594	\$ 15,452,299	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income(Loss)	\$ (327,155)	\$ (175,580)	\$ (502,735)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income(loss) to Net Cash Provided				
by (Used For) Operating Activities				
Depreciation Expense	507,046	14,913	521,959	
Non-Cash Federal Assistance-Food Distribution Program		13,713	13,713	
Change is Assets, Liabilities and Deferred Outflows and Inflows:	(110.440)		(110.660)	
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(110,669)	723	(110,669)	
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Net Pension Liability	(1,960,539)	123	723 (1,960,539)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(14,531)	33,796	19,265	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Layable Increase (Decrease) in Account Salaries and Wages	3,591	33,770	3,591	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liability for Insurance Claims	12,510		12,510	
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	,	3,357	3,357	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	2,690,914		2,690,914	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Net Pension Liability	(132,203)		(132,203)	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Commodities Revenue		(526)	(526)	
Total Adjustments	996,119	65,976	1,062,095	
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ 668,964	\$ (109,604)	\$ 559,360	
Non-Cash Financing Activities Valued Received - Food Distribution Program		\$ 13,187		
		*		

EXHIBIT B-7

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Unemployment Compensation <u>Trust</u>	Agency <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 30,850	\$ 201,089
Total Assets	30,850	\$ 201,089
LIABILITIES		
Intergovernmental Payable - State Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Accrued Salaries and Wages Flexible Spending Deposits	9,755	\$ 196,095 (157) 5,151
Total Liabilities	9,755	\$ 201,089
NET POSITION		
Held in Trust for Unemployment Claims	\$ 21,095	

EXHIBIT B-8

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Unemployment Compensation <u>Trust</u>
ADDITIONS Contributions:	
Board Contribution	\$ -
Employee Contribution	42,264
Total Contributions	42,264
Investment Earnings: Interest Earnings	55
Net investment earnings	55
Total Additions	42,319
DEDUCTIONS	
Unemployment Claims	45,709
Total Deductions	45,709
Change in Net Position	(3,390)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	24,485
Net Position, End of the Year	\$ 21,095

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education (the "Board" or the "Commission") is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Commission is a regional collaborative public school district that provides services and programs to meet the needs of its 29 constituent school districts. The Board consists of appointed officials made up of a representative from each member school district and is responsible for the fiscal control of the Commission. A superintendent is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Commission. Under existing statutes, the Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the development and adoption of a school program; the establishment, organization and operation of schools; and the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Commission are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Commission. For the Morris-Union Jointure Commission this includes general operations, food service, before and special programs of the Commission.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Commission is financially accountable. The Commission is financially accountable for an organization if the Commission appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Commission is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Commission is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Commission is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Commission is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Commission in that the Commission approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based on the foregoing criteria, the Commission has no component units. Furthermore, the Commission is not includable in any other reporting entity as a component unit.

B. New Accounting Standards

During fiscal year 2017, the Commission adopted the following GASB statements:

- GASB No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability.
- GASB No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements that will make these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. As a result, users will be better equipped to understand (1) how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and (2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

- GASB No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14. *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.*
- GASB No. 82, Pension Issues An Amendment of GASB Statements No.67, No.68, and No.73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

Other accounting standards that the Commission is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

- GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.
- GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.
- GASB No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and post-employment benefits (pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB)).
- GASB No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for insubstance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.
- GASB No. 87, Leases, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements

The financial statements include both Commission-wide financial statements (based on the Commission as a whole) and fund financial statements (based on specific Commission activities or objectives). Both the Commission-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities. While separate Commission-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. In the Commission-wide financial statements, the governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Commission's enterprise funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the Commission-wide financial statements.

Commission-Wide Financial Statements

The Commission-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Commission. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reflect on a full accrual economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or other governmental entities, including other school districts, who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Commission-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Board's proprietary and fiduciary funds since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary activities, even though the latter are excluded from the Commission-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The Commission considers all of its governmental and the special programs enterprise funds to be major funds.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the School Commission's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Commission, except those to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund* accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This fund accounts for federal, state and local financial programs, with the exception of grants for major capital projects and the child nutrition programs.

The capital projects fund accounts for the proceeds from lease purchases and other revenues used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by the proprietary funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Commission reports the following major proprietary fund which is organized to be self-supporting through user charges:

The *special programs fund* accounts for the activities of the Commission's transportation services and other programs offered to member, as well as, non-member school districts.

The Commission reports the following non-major proprietary fund which is organized to be self-supporting through user charges:

The *food service fund* accounts for the activities of the school cafeteria, which provides food service to students as well as a la carte and catering services for teachers and special events.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *fiduciary trust fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust for state unemployment insurance claims and payroll related activities. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support the intended purpose. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Commission-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The Commission-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements with the exception of the agency fund which does not have a measurement focus. All assets, all liabilities and all deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with these operations (with the exception of the fiduciary funds) are included on the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they are both measurable and available). Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Tuition, rental fees, related service and program fees and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements (formula-type grants and aid) are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. Expenditure-driven grants and similar awards (reimbursement-type grants and awards) are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Commission.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value and are limited by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37.

2. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

3. Inventories

The cost of inventories of the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

Food Service Fund inventories, exclusive of the federal commodities, are valued at cost, using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method and consist of food and expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodity portion of the Food Service Fund inventory consists of food donated by the USDA. It is valued at estimated market prices by the USDA. The amount of unused commodities at year-end is reported as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

4. Restricted Assets

Certain assets are classified as restricted on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited under a Lease-Purchase Agreement for certificates of participation, principal and interest.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Commission-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The Commission was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these capital assets through back trending. As the Commission constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the Commission is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Land Improvements	20
Buildings	20-50
Building Improvements	15-25
Heavy Equipment	10-20
Office Equipment and Furniture	5-10
Computer Equipment	8

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Board has two items which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred amount on refunding of debt which results from the loss on a debt refunding reported in the Commission-wide statement of net position. Deferred amount on debt refunding result from the loss on the transaction when the debt's reacquisition price is greater than the carrying value of the refunded debt. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the Commission-wide statement of net position and result from: (1) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Board has three types of items, one type which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and two types which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, one item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet for tuition and related services and program fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred commodities revenue reported in both the Commission-wide and the proprietary funds statement of net position. The deferred commodities revenue represents the estimated market value of the donated and unused Federal commodities at year end. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the commodities are consumed.. The other item that qualifies for reporting in this category are the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the Commission-wide statement of net position and result from: (1) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; and (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

7. Compensated Absences

It is the Commission's policy to permit employees to accumulate (with certain restrictions) earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. A long-term liability of accumulated vacation and sick leave and salary related payments has been recorded in the governmental activities in the Commission-wide financial statements, representing the Board's commitment to fund such costs from future operations. Proprietary Funds accrue accumulated vacation and sick leave and salary related payments in the period that they are earned. A liability is reported in the governmental funds only to the amount actually due at year end as a result of employee resignations and retirements or by contractual agreement.

8. Pensions

In the Commission-wide financial statements, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems sponsored and administered by the State of New Jersey and additions to/deductions from these retirement systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In the governmental fund financial statements, net pension liabilities represent amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources for required pension contributions that are due and payable at year end. Pension expenditures are recognized based on contractual pension contributions that are required to be made to the pension plan during the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the Commission-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Losses resulting from debt refundings are reported as deferred outflows of resources. Debt premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Losses resulting from debt refundings are also deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded debt or new debt whichever is less using the effective interest method. Lease purchase obligations (COP's) payable are reported with the unamortized debt premium. Debt issuance costs (other than for prepaid insurance) are treated as an expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Net Position/Fund Balance

Commission-Wide Statements

In the Commission-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.
- Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount of noncapital assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position restricted is classified as net position unrestricted.

Governmental Fund Statements

Fund balance categories are designed to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the Commission's fund balance more transparent. These categories are comprised of a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Commission is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Lease Purchase Obligations</u> – This restriction was created from proceeds of the lease purchase agreement certificates of participation held by the Trustee to offset final principal payments due on the certificates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Governmental Fund Statements (Continued)

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u> — Represents outstanding purchase orders at year end for contracts awarded by formal action of the Board of Trustee's for specific purposes from available resources of the current year for which the goods and materials have not yet been received or the services have not yet been rendered at June 30.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u> – Represent outstanding purchase orders for goods or services approved by management for specific purposes from available resources of the current year for which the goods and materials have not yet been received or the services have not yet been rendered at June 30.

<u>Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> – This designation was created to dedicate the portion of fund balance appropriated in the adopted 2017/2018 Commission budget certified for taxes.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the governmental funds.

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues in the Commission-wide statement of activities include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods or services, provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all investment earnings and miscellaneous revenue items.

2. Proprietary Funds, Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the special programs enterprise fund and the food service enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Federal and State subsidies for the food service operation are considered nonoperating revenues.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the requirements of the New Jersey Department of Education ("the Department"), the Commission annually prepares its operating budget for the forthcoming year. The budget, except for the special revenue fund, which is more fully explained below and in the notes to the required supplementary information, is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and serves as a formal plan for expenditures and the proposed means for financing them. Capital lease transactions are accounted for on the GAAP basis.

The annual budget is adopted in the spring of the preceding year for the general and special revenue funds. The Commission is not required to adopt an annual budget for the capital projects fund. The budget is submitted to the county superintendent for review and approval prior to adoption.

Budget adoptions and amendments are recorded in the Commission's board minutes. The budget is amended by the Board of Trustees as needed throughout the year. The budget for revenues, other resources, other uses, and fund balances is prepared by fund source and amount. The budget for expenditures is prepared by fund, program, function, object and amount. The legal level of budgetary control is established at the line item account within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. The Board approved several budget transfers during 2016/2017. Also, during 2016/2017 the Board increased the original budget by \$2,418,795. The increase was funded by additional unassigned fund balance (surplus) appropriated, grant awards and the reappropriation of prior year general fund encumbrances.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of the treatment of encumbrances in the special revenue fund as described in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI). Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds other than the special revenue fund are reported as committed or assigned fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services which are reappropriated and honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits and Investments

Cash Deposits

The Board's deposits are insured through either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF), Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) or New Jersey's Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). The Board is required to deposit their funds in a depository which is protecting such funds pursuant to GUDPA. The New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act requires all banks doing business in the State of New Jersey to pledge collateral equal to at least 5% of the average amount of its public deposits and 100% of the average amount of its public funds in excess of the lesser of 75% of its capital funds or \$200 million for all deposits not covered by the FDIC.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Cash Deposits</u> (Continued)

Bank balances are insured up to \$250,000 in the aggregate by the FDIC for each bank. NCUSIF insures credit union accounts up to \$250,000 in the aggregate for each financial institution. SIPC replaces cash claims up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each failed brokerage firm. At June 30, 2017, the book value of the Board's deposits were \$32,602,014 and bank and brokerage firm balances of the Board's deposits amounted to \$33,206,544. The Board's deposits which are displayed on the various fund balance sheets as "cash and cash equivalents" are categorized as:

Depository Account

Insured	\$	33,205,534
Uninsured and Collateralized	<u> </u>	1,010
	<u>\$</u>	33,206,544

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017 the Board's bank balance of \$1,010 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Depository Account

Uninsured and Collateralized:

Collateral held by pledging financial institution's trust department but not in

\$ 1,010 \$ 1,010

Investments

The Board is permitted to invest public funds in accordance with the types of securities authorized by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37. Examples of the allowable investments are bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, Government Money Market Mutual Funds, bonds or other obligations of the school Commission or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the school Commission is located, Local Government investment pools, and agreements or the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if transacted in accordance with the above statute.

As of June 30, 2017, the Board had the following investments:

Investment Type:	Fair <u>Value</u>
U.S. Government Securities - Money Market Fund	\$ 1,875,367
	\$ 1,875,367

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u> – For an investment, this is the risk, that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are held by an outside party. The Board does not have a policy for custodial risk. As of June 30, 2017, \$1,875,367 of the Board's investments was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Collateralized:		Value
Collateral held by pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent	ď.	1.055.365
but not in the Board's name	<u>\$</u>	1,875,367
	<u>\$</u>	1,875,367

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – State law limits investments as noted above (N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37). The Commission does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Board places no limit in the amount the Commission may invest in any one issuer.

The fair value of the above-listed investment was based on quoted market prices provided by the Fiscal Agent.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2017 for the Commission's individual major funds and nonmajor in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Enterprise Funds					
	-	Special	Special	Food			
	<u>General</u>	Revenue	Programs	<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental							
Local	\$ 3,802,665		\$ 1,084,310		\$ 4,886,975		
State	26,419	•		\$ 92	26,511		
Federal		97,209		4,537	101,746		
Interest	219				219		
Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for	3,829,303	97,209	1,084,310	4,629	5,015,451		
Uncollectibles							
Net Total Receivables	\$ 3,829,303	\$ 97,209	\$ 1,084,310	\$ 4,629	\$ 5,015,451		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Special Revenue Fund		<u>Total</u>
Unencumbered Grant Drawdowns	\$	19,361
Total Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	19,361

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2016	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance, June 30, 2017	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 7,184,000			\$ 7,184,000	
Construction in Progress	209,694	\$ 348,024	\$ (209,694)	348,024	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	7,393,694	348,024	(209,694)	7,532,024	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Land Improvements	385,808	466,500		852,308	
Buildings	70,070,776	119,499		70,190,275	
Machinery and Equipment	1,084,179	57,968	(10,513)	1,131,634	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	71,540,763	643,967	(10,513)	72,174,217	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Land Improvements	(194,424)	(29,583)		(224,007)	
Buildings	(17,511,360)	(3,372,197)		(20,883,557)	
Machinery and Equipment	(791,287)	(80,492)	8,410	(863,369)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,497,071)	(3,482,272)	8,410	(21,970,933)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	53,043,692	(2,838,305)	(2,103)	50,203,284	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 60,437,386	\$ (2,490,281)	\$ (211,797)	\$ 57,735,308	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

		Balance,						Balance,	
	July 1, 2016			Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2017	
Business-Type Activities:									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	3,064,300		11		_	\$	3,064,300	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		3,064,300					_	3,064,300	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings		3,240,183						3,240,183	
Machinery and Equipment		6,260,586	\$	204,425	\$	(206,477)		6,258,534	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		9,500,769		204,425		(206,477)		9,498,717	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings		(1,862,705)		(162,009)		-		(2,024,714)	
Machinery and Equipment		(4,915,810)		(359,950)		206,477		(5,069,283)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(6,778,515)		(521,959)		206,477		(7,093,997)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		2,722,254		(317,534)		ш		2,404,720	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,786,554	\$	(317,534)	\$	N	\$	5,469,020	
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/pro	gran	ns of the Cor	nmi	ssion as follo	ws:				
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction									
Special						\$	3,	431,450	
Total Instruction			,				3,	431,450	
Support Services									
Central and Other Support Services								34,875	
Plant Operations and Maintenance								15,947	
Total Support Services								50,822	
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activ	rities					<u>\$</u>	3,	482,272	
Business-Type Activities:									
Special Programs Fund						\$		507,046	
Food Service Fund								14,913	
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activ	vities	.				\$		521,959	
ı yr									

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction and Other Significant Commitments

The Commission has the following active construction projects as of June 30, 2017:

<u>Project</u>	emaining mmitment
DLC-New Providence Building Upgrades DLC-New Providence HVAC Upgrades	\$ 69,162 30,697
DLC-New Providence Interior Building Improvements DLC-New Providence Fire Alarm Upgrades	621,341 243,000
DLC-New Providence Public Address System Upgrades	 84,230
	\$ 1,048,430

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$	42,606	

The above balance is to cover cash balances which were in an overdraft position.

The Commission expects all interfund balances to be liquidated within one year.

Interfund Transfers

		Transfer In:							
•		General Enterprise Funds							
		<u>Fund</u> <u>Food Service</u>				<u>Total</u>			
Transfer Out:									
General Fund			\$	75,000	\$	75,000			
Capital Projects Fund	\$	14,531		_		14,531			
Total Transfers Out	<u>\$</u>	14,531	\$	75,000	\$	89,531			

The above transfers are the result of revenues earned in one fund to finance expenditures in another fund.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Leases

Operating Leases

The Commission leases copies under noncancelable operating leases. Lease payments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were \$48,744. The future minimum lease payments for these operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	đ	Amount
2018	\$	45,296
2019		43,278
2020		43,278
2021		43,278
2022		43,278
	\$	218,408

Lease Purchase Agreements

The Commission has entered into a lease purchase agreement and issued refunding certificates of participation ("COPS") in the amount of \$43,830,000 which were issued to refund the series 2004 certificates of participation.

The proceeds from the sale of the refunding certificates including reoffering premiums were allocated as follows:

Net Cash Escrow Fund	\$44,769,203
Costs of Issuance (including insurance)	822,704
Underwriter's Discount	260,789
Debt Service Reserve Deposit	1,874,344

The unexpended proceeds from the sale of the original series 2004 and series 2013 refunding certificates, including interest earned on balances which remain on deposit are held with the respective fiscal agent. The following is a summary of balances by account type as of June 30, 2017:

Interest Account	\$200
Principal Account	12
Debt Service Reserve Account	1,875,155

The reserve requirement states that reserve deposits shall equal the lesser of (i) 10% of the certificates issued (ii) 100% of the maximum periodic debt service or (iii) 125% of the average periodic debt service and are to be applied against the final principal payment upon maturity of the obligations. The balance in the reserve account along with surety policy was sufficient to meet the reserve requirement at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 4 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Leases (Continued)

Lease Purchase Agreements (Continued)

The maturity schedule of the remaining lease payments for principal and interest is as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal					
Year Ending	Certificates of	f Part	ticipation		
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 2,340,000	\$	1,322,144	\$	3,662,144
2019	2,435,000		1,227,118		3,662,118
2020	2,525,000		1,140,094		3,665,094
2021	2,600,000		1,060,343		3,660,343
2022	2,665,000		997,781		3,662,781
2023-2027	15,170,000		3,135,890		18,305,890
2028-2029	 7,005,000		264,094	<u> </u>	7,269,094
	\$ 34,740,000	\$	9,147,464	<u>\$</u>	43,887,464

H. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,	Due
	July 1,			June 30,	Within
	<u>2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	<u>2017</u>	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Lease Purchase Agreements -					
Certificates of Participation	\$ 36,975,000		\$ 2,235,000	\$ 34,740,000	\$ 2,340,000
Original Issue Premium	1,367,914	**	170,908	1,197,006	-
	38,342,914		2,405,908	35,937,006	2,340,000
Compensated Absences	818,903	\$ 75,066	_	893,969	40,000
Net Pension Liability	20,035,742	6,546,216	828,024	25,753,934	¢h.
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 59,197,559	\$ 6,621,282	\$ 3,233,932	\$ 62,584,909	\$ 2,380,000
Business-Type Activities:					
Compensated Absences	\$ 51,555		-	\$ 51,555	-
Net Pension Liability	9,428,585	\$ 2,998,929	308,015	12,119,499	\$ -
Business-Type activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 9,480,140	\$ 2,998,929	\$ 308,015	\$ 12,171,054	<u> </u>

For the governmental activities, all long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to property, general liability, automobile coverage, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; student accident; termination of employees and natural disasters. The Board has obtained commercial insurance coverage to guard against these events to minimize the exposure to the Commission should they occur. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the statistical section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The Commission maintains medical and dental insurance with Horizon Blue Cross/Blue Shield ("Horizon"). The insurance plan is a traditionally funded, minimum premium, fully participating plan whereby the Commission participates in any margins or losses generated by claims experience and holds reserves for its estimated liability for incurred but not reported claims which are calculated by Horizon's actuary.

Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported (IBNR) at June 30, 2017, are reported as accrued liability for insurance claims, respectively. These estimates were determined based on claim information supplied by the claims administrator and actuary. The unpaid claims liability of \$1,578,713 reported at June 30, 2017 is based on the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for the medical and dental plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Governmental and Business TypeActivities:		Fiscal Year E 2017	nded Ju	ne 30, <u>2016</u>
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	\$	1,443,883 5,798,009	\$	1,313,779 5,264,493
Claim Payments	ф.	5,663,179	ф.	5,134,389
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	<u>\$</u>	1,578,713	\$	1,443,883
Governmental Activities: General Fund				
Accrued Liability for Insurance Claims	\$	1,276,701	\$	1,154,381
Business Type Activities: Special Programs Enterprise Fund				
Accrued Liability for Insurance Claims		302,012	***************************************	289,502
	\$	1,578,713	\$	1,443,883

The Commission is a member of the New Jersey School Boards Insurance Group (NJSBAIG) and the School Alliance Insurance Fund (SAIF). The Funds are a risk sharing public entity pool, established for the purpose of insuring against general liability, automobile liability, boiler and machinery and worker's compensation claims.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Risk Management (Continued)

The relationship between the Board and the insurance funds is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by resolution of each unit's governing body. The Board is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions to the funds, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with the management of the funds, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by the funds. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of the funds attributable to a membership year during which they were a member.

NJSBAIG and SAIF provide its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims and to establish reasonable and necessary loss reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members. Complete financial statements of the respective insurance funds are on file with the School's Business Administrator.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year nor have there been any settlements in excess of insurance coverage's in any of the prior three years.

The Commission has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan the Commission is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Commission is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following is a summary of Commission contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the Commission's fiduciary trust fund for the current and previous two years:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	mmission ntributions	mployee atributions	Amount imbursed	Ending Salance
2017	None	\$ 42,264	\$ 45,709	\$ 21,095
2016	\$ 19,074	32,467	27,168	24,485
2015	133,936	55,236	181,334	100

B. Contingent Liabilities

The Commission is a party defendant in some lawsuits, none of a kind unusual for a Commission of its size and scope of operation. In the opinion of the Board's Attorney the potential claims against the Commission not covered by insurance policies would not materially affect the financial condition of the Commission.

<u>Federal and State Awards</u> – The Board participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Board may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2017, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Board believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Commission.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

C. Federal Arbitrage Regulations

The Commission is subject to Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code as it pertains to the arbitrage rebate on all tax-exempt obligations, both long and short-term debt. Under the 1986 Tax Reform Act, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) required that all excess earnings from investment proceeds be rebated to the IRS. Arbitrage, for purposes of these regulations, is defined as the difference between the yield on the investment and the yield on the obligations issued. If there are excess earnings, this amount may be required to be rebated to the IRS. At June 30, 2017, the Commission had no estimated arbitrage earnings due to the IRS.

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following contributory defined benefit public employee retirement systems (retirement systems) covering substantially all eligible Board employees:

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) – Established in January 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage, including post-retirement health care, to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county, municipality, school districts, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another State-administered retirement system. Membership is mandatory for such employees and vesting occurs after 10 years of service for pension benefits and 25 years for post-retirement health care coverage. PERS is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) – Established in January 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. Membership is mandatory for such employees and vesting occurs after 10 years of service for pension benefits and 25 years for post-retirement health care coverage. TPAF is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations.

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following defined contribution public employee retirement program covering certain state and local government employees which include those Board employees who are eligible for pension coverage.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) – established under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2008 to provide coverage to elected, certain appointed officials, and certain Board employees not eligible for enrollment in PERS or TPAF. Effective July 1, 2007 membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one (1) year of membership. DCRP is a defined contribution pension plan.

Other Pension Funds

The State established and administers a Supplemental Annuity Collective Trust Fund (SACT) which is available to active members of the State-administered retirement systems to purchase annuities to supplement the guaranteed benefits provided by their retirement system. The state or local government employers do not appropriate funds to SACT.

The cost of living increase for PERS and TPAF, are funded directly by each of the respective systems but are currently suspended as a result of reform legislation.

According to state law, all obligations of each retirement system will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should any retirement system be terminated.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of each of the above systems. The financial reports may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the retirement systems are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when payable to the retirement systems. Benefits or refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the retirement systems.

Investment Valuation

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. The financial reports may be obtained in writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, P.O. Box 290, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0290 or at www.state.nj/treasury/doinvest.

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the aggregate funded ratio for the State administered TPAF and local PERS retirement systems, is 28 percent with an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$108.6 billion. The aggregate funded ratio and unfunded accrued liability for the State-funded TPAF system is 22.33 percent and \$79.0 billion, and the aggregate funded ratio and unfunded accrued liability for local PERS is 40.14 percent and \$29.6 billion, respectively.

The funded status and funding progress of the retirement systems is based on actuarial valuations which involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the probability of future events.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the retirement systems in effect at the time of each valuation and also consider the pattern of the sharing of costs between the employer and members at that point in time. The projection of benefits for financing reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and members in the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit was used as the actuarial cost method, and the five year average of market value was used as the asset valuation method for the retirement systems. The actuarial assumptions included (a) an investment rate of return for the retirement systems of 7.65 percent and (b) projected salary increases applied through the year 2026 of 1.65-5.15 percent based on age for the PERS and varying percentages based on experience for TPAF.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Employer and Employee Pension Contributions

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and contributions are required by active members and participating employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contributions by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act. As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on 7.06% for PERS, 7.06% for TPAF and 5.50% for DCRP of the employee's annual compensation.

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employees, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, the annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board. PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 the Board was required to contribute for PERS and DCRP and the State of New Jersey was required to contribute for TPAF, respectively for normal cost pension and accrued liability contributions (including non-contributory group life insurance (NCGI)) the following amounts:

Year Ended June 30.	PERS	C	On-behalf <u>TPAF</u>	-	<u>DCRP</u>
2017	\$ 1,136,039	\$	807,578	\$	34,710
2016	1,128,449		609,060		3,262
2015	1,122,344		489,451		25,563

In addition for fiscal year 2016/2017 the Commission contributed \$8,998 for PERS and the State contributed \$461 for TPAF for Long Term Disability Insurance Premiums (LTDI).

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The on-behalf TPAF contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24. The DCRP contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure, as well as, the Commission-wide financial statements (accrual basis) as an expense.

Also, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Board \$590,589 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members as calculated on their base salaries. This amount has been recognized in the Commission-wide financial statements (accrual basis) and the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as a revenue and expense/expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

At June 30, 2017, the Commission reported in the statement of net position (accrual basis) a liability of \$37,873,433 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. Of this amount, \$25,753,934 is reported as governmental activities and \$12,119,499 is reported as business-type activities in the statements of net position. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Commission's proportionate share was 0.12788 percent, which was decrease of 0.00338 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2015 of 0.13126 percent.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Commission recognized in the Commission-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) pension expense of \$3,005,329 for PERS. Of this amount, \$2,099,142 is reported as governmental activities in the statement of activities and \$906,187 is reported as business-type activities in both the statement of activities and statement of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net position. At June 30, 2017, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS pension from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows <u>of Resources</u>		Deferred Inflows <u>of Resources</u>	
Difference Between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	704,331			
Changes of Assumptions		7,845,352			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,444,148			
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between					
Borough Contributions and Proportionate Share					
of Contributions	***************************************	-	\$	2,282,659	
Total	\$	9,993,831	<u>\$</u>	2,282,659	
Governmental Activities	\$	6,795,805	\$	1,552,209	
Business Type Activities		3,198,026		730,450	
	\$	9,993,831	\$	2,282,659	

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

At June 30, 2017, the amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending	
June 30,	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 1,636,029
2019	1,636,029
2020	2,015,791
2021	1,804,693
2022	 618,630
	\$ 7,711,172

Actuarial Assumptions

The Commission's total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	3.08%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.65-4.15% Based on Age
Thereafter	2.65-5.15% Based on Age
Investment Rate of Return	7.65%
Mortality Rate Table	RP-2000

Assumptions for mortality improvements are based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plans investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	5.00%	0.87%
U.S. Treasuries	1.50%	1.74%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.79%
Mortgages	2.00%	1.67%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.56%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.44%
Broad US Equities	26.00%	8.53%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.25%	6.83%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.95%
Private Equity	9.00%	12.40%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.50%	4.68%
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.91%
Commodities	0.50%	5.45%
Global Debt ex US	5.00%	-0.25%
REIT	5.25%	5.63%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities of the PERS plan was as follows:

Year	Measurement Date	Discount Rate
2017	June 30, 2016	3.98%

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The following table represents the crossover period, if applicable, for the PERS defined benefit plan:

Period of Projected Benefit

Payments for which the Following

Rates were Applied:

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Through June 30, 2034

Municipal Bond Rate *

From July 1, 2034 and Thereafter

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.98%, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.98 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.98 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.98%)		Current scount Rate (3.98%)	1% Increase (4.98%)
District's Proportionate Share of the PERS Net Pension Liability:				
Governmental Activities Business Type Activities	\$ 31,558,440 14,851,031	\$	25,753,934 12,119,499	\$ 20,961,811 9,864,382
	\$ 46,409,472	\$	37,873,433	\$ 30,826,193

The sensitivity analysis was based on the proportionate share of the Commission's net pension liability at June 30, 2016. A sensitivity analysis specific to the Commission's net pension liability was not provided by the pension system.

^{*} The municipal bond return rate used is 2.85% as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PERS pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report from the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits. The financial report may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the Commission is not required to recognize a net pension liability for TPAF. The State of New Jersey is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to TPAF on behalf of the Commission. Accordingly, the Commission's proportionate share percentage determined under Statement No. 68 is zero percent and the State's proportionate share is 100% of the net pension liability attributable to the Commission for TPAF. Therefore, in addition, the Commission does not recognize any portion of the TPAF collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Commission recognized in the Commission-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) pension expense of \$4,496,357 for TPAF. This amount has been included in the Commission-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) as a governmental activities revenue and expense in accordance with GASB No. 24.

At June 30, 2017 the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Commission is \$59,842,837. The nonemployer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as an employer and nonemployer towards the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, the state's share of the net pension liability attributable to the Commission was 0.07607 percent, which was a decrease of 0.01446 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2015 of 0.09053 percent.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate

2.50%

Salary Increases:

2012-2021

Varies based

on experience

Thereafter

Varies based

on experience

Investment Rate of Return

7.65%

Assumptions for mortality rates were based on the experience of TPAF members reflecting mortality improvement on a generational bases based on a 60-year average of Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plans investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
113301 01435	ZARAO ORICZONI	Auto of Atomics
US Cash	5.00%	0.39%
US Government Bonds	1.50%	1.28%
US Credit Bonds	13.00%	2.76%
US Mortgages	2.00%	2.38%
US Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	1.41%
US High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.70%
US Equity Market	26.00%	5.14%
Foreign-Developed Equity	13.25%	5.91%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	8.16%
Private Real Estate Property	5.25%	3.64%
Timber	1.00%	3.86%
Farmland	1.00%	4.39%
Private Equity	9.00%	8.97%
Commodities	0.50%	2.87%
Hedge Funds - MultiStrategy	5.00%	3.70%
Hedge Funds - Equity Hedge	3.75%	4.72%
Hedge Funds - Distressed	3.75%	3.49%

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities of the TPAF plan was as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Measurement Date	Discount Rate
2017	June 30, 2016	3.22%

The following table represents the crossover period, if applicable, for the TPAF defined benefit plan:

Period of Projected Benefit

Payments for which the Following

Rates were Applied:

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Through June 30, 2029

Municipal Bond Rate *

From July 1, 2029 and Thereafter

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability attributable to the Commission calculated using the discount rate of 3.22% as well as what the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability attributable to the Commission that would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.22 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.22 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.22%)	<u>(3.22%)</u>	(4.22%)
State's Proportionate Share of			
the TPAF Net Pension Liability			
Attributable to the District	\$ 71,465,721	\$ 59,842,837	\$ 50,351,252

The sensitivity analysis was based on the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Commission at June 30, 2016. A sensitivity analysis specific to the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Commission at June 30, 2016 was not provided by the pension system.

^{*} The municipal bond return rate used is 2.85% as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TPAF pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report from the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits. The financial report may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

E. Post-Retirement Medical Benefits

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the post-retirement health benefit program plans for school districts including the Commission. The Plans are classified as either single employer plans or cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans depending on the plan the eligible employee is covered under.

As a result of implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans (OPEB), effective for Fiscal Year 2007, the State Health Benefits Program (SHBP), and the Prescription Drug Program (PDP), and Post-Retirement Medical (PRM) of the PERS and TPAF are combined and reported as Pension and Other employee Benefit Trust Funds in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Specifically, SHBP-State, and the PRM of the PERS are combined and reported as a Health Benefits Program Fund – State classified as a single employer plan. The SHBP-Local, PDP-Local, and the PRM of the TPAF-Local are combined and reported as Health Benefits Program Fund –Local Government classified as a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan in the State's CAFR. The post-retirement benefit programs had a total of 584 state and local participating employers and contributing entities for Fiscal Year 2016.

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following health benefit programs covering certain state and local government employees, including those Board employees and retirees eligible for coverage.

Health Benefits Program Fund (HBPF) – Local Education (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) – The State of New Jersey provides paid coverage to members of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund who retire from a Commission or county college with 25 years of service or on a disability retirement. Under the provisions of P.L. 1992, c.126, the State also provides paid coverage to members of the Public Employees' Retirement System and Alternate Benefits Program who retire from a Commission or county college with 25 years of service or on a disability retirement if the member's employer does not provide this coverage. Certain local participating employers also provide post-retirement medical coverage to their employees. Retirees who are not eligible for state paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program if their employer participates in this program or if they are participating in the health benefits plan of their former employer and are enrolled in Medicare parts A and B by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their covered dependents. Also, education employees are eligible for the PDP coverage after 60 days of employment.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the above Fund. The financial reports may be accessed via the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Medical Benefits (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the health benefit programs are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when payable to the health benefit programs. Benefits or refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the health benefit programs.

Significant Legislation

P.L. 2011, c.78, effective October 2011, sets new employee contribution requirements towards the cost of employer-provided health benefit coverage. Employees are required to contribute a certain percentage of the cost of coverage. The rate of contribution is determined based on the employee's annual salary and the selected level of coverage. The increased employee contributions will be phased in over a 4-year period for those employed prior to this new legislation's effective date with a minimum contribution required to be at least 1.5% of salary.

Investment Valuation

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the State had a \$84.3 billion unfunded actuarial accrued liability for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) which is made up to \$25.9 billion for state active and retired members and \$41.6 billion for education employees and retirees that become the obligation of the State of New Jersey upon retirement.

The funded status and funding progress of the OPEB includes actuarial valuations which involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the probability of future events.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the OPEB in effect at the time of each valuation and also consider the pattern of the sharing of costs between the employer and members at the point in time. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and members in the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In the July 1, 2015, OPEB actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit was used as the actuarial cost method, and the market value was used as asset valuation method for the OPEB. The actuarial assumptions included an assumed investment rate of return of 4.50 percent.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Medical Benefits (Continued

Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions

P.L. 1987, c. 384 and P.L. 1990, c.6 required the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), respectively to fund post-retirement medical benefits for those State employees and education employees who retire after accumulating 25 years of credited service or on a disability retirement. As of June 30, 2016, there were 110,512, retirees receiving post-retirement medical benefits and the State contributed \$1.37 billion on their behalf. The cost of these benefits is funded through contributions by the State and in accordance with P.L. 1994, c.62. Funding of post-retirement medical benefits changed from a pre-funding basis to a pay-as-you-go basis beginning in Fiscal Year 1994.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable to P.L. 1992, c.126, which provides employer paid health benefits to members of PERS and the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP) who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service. The State paid \$231.2 million toward Chapter 126 benefits for 20,045 eligible retired members in Fiscal Year 2016.

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et.seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code. The State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SEHBP. That report may be obtained from the Treasury website at:

http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/pdf/financial/2015divisioncombined.pdf.

The State sets the contribution rate based on a pay as you go basis and not on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The State's contributions to the State Health Benefits Program Fund for TPAF retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the Commission for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$672,896, \$725,222 and \$777,003 respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year. The State's contributions to the State Health Benefits Program Fund for PERS retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the School Commission was not determined or made available by the State of New Jersey.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FOR THE FISCAL	YEAR ENDED JUN	E 30, 2017			
REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Adjustments	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Local Sources					
Tuition	\$ 25,942,386	-	S 25,942,386		
Related Services and Program Fees	3,282,494		3,282,494	4,465,520	1,183,026
Rents Interest on Investments	73,896	•	73,896	102,274 150,782 49,371	28,378 150,782 49,371
Miscellaneous	20 200 274		20 200 774		
Total Local Sources	29,298,776		29,298,776	30,252,681	953,905
State Sources On-Behalf TPAF Contributions (Non-budgeted)					
Pension Benefit Contributions				779,341	779,341
Pension Non-Contributory Group Insurance				28,237	28,237
Long Term Disability Insurance				461	461 1
Post Retirement Medical Benefits				672,896	672,896
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions				590,589	590,589
Total State Sources		-	-	2,071,524	2,071,524
Total Revenues	29,298,776		29,298,776	32,324,205	3,025,429
EXPENDITURES					
Current Special Education					
Special Education Multiple Disabilities- Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	56,068	\$ -	56,068	56,068	-
Other Salaries for Instruction	28,504	(17,700)	10,804	•	10,804
Other Purchased Services General Supplies	258 3,175	(258)			= =
. Total Multiple Disabilities	88,005	(21,133)	66,872	56,068	10,804
Autism - Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	6.236,681	(3,903,906)	2,332,775	2,272,302	60,473
Other Salaries for Instruction	6,045,196	(2,320,931)	3,724,265	3,420,514	303,751
Purchased Prof Educ, Service	42,537	(40,269)	2,268	1,236	1,032
Purchased Technical Services	-				-
Other Purchased Services	1,122,141 912,063	(1,114,091) (812,525)	8,050 99,538	5,795 76,448	2,255 23,090
General Supplies Other Objects	1,250	(1,250)		70,440	
Total Autism	14,359,868	(8,192,972)	6,166,896	5,776,295	390,601
Preschool Disabilities - Full-time					
Salaries of Teachers	68,717	(8,250)	60,467	57,438	3,029
Other Salaries for Instruction	49,319	12,000	61,319	55,871	5,448
Total Preschool Disabilities - Full-Time	118,036	3,750	121,786	113,309	8,477
Total Special Education - Instruction	14,565,909	(8,210,355)	6,355,554	5,945,672	409,882
Summer School					
Salaries	720,104	(407,952)	312,152	311,030	1,122
Other Salaries for Instruction Other Purchased Services	606,009	(98,069)	507,940	507,817	123
General Supplies	70,595 14,912	(70,595) (13,212)	1,700	1,599	101
Total Summer School - Instruction	1,411,620	(589,828)	821,792		1,346
Total Instruction					
	15,977,529	(8,800,183)	7,177,346	6,766,118	411,228
Health Services Salaries		277,438	277,438	249,485	27,953
Other Salaries for Instruction		111,165	111,165	101,757	9,408
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	250	7,000	7,250	4,335	2,915
General Supplies	-	23,426	23,426	13,153	10,273
Total Health Services	250	419,029	419,279	368,730	50,549
Related Services					
Other Salaries for Instruction		4,295,123	4,295,123	4,016,812	278,311
Total Related Services		4,295,123	4,295,123	4,016,812	278,311
Extraordinary Services Other Salaries for Instruction		1,373,574	1,373,574	1,373,570	4
Total ExtraordinaryServices					
•		1,373,574		1,373,570	4
Improvement of Instructional Services Other Salaries for Instruction		42.015	42.010	40.700	*0 *
Purchased Prof Educ. Service	250	43,217 (250)	43,217	42,723	494
Total Improvement of Instructional Services	250	42,967	43,217	42,723	494

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Current (Continued)			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Instructional Staff Training Services					
Purchased Professional - Educational Services Other Purchased Services	\$ 200	<u>\$ 45,797</u>	\$ 200 45,797	\$ 19,175	<u>\$ 26,622</u>
Total Instructional Staff Training Services	200	45,797	45,997		26,622
Support Services General Administration Salaries	786,654	25,000	731,654	707,327	24,327
Legal Services	50,000	(2,250)	47,750	32,493	15,257
Audit Fees	36,000	1,325	37,325	37,291	34
Other Purchased Professional Services	84,527	4,975	89,502	73,572	15,930
Communications/Telephone	59,970	99,467	159,437	130,121	29,316
Miscellaneous Purchased Services	61,843	(5,300)	56,543	46,198	10,345
Supplies and Materials	28,000	(7,500)	20,500	17,062	3,438
Miscellaneous Expenditures	28,500	(10,000)	18,500	11,309	7,191
Other Employee Benefits	<u></u>	30,000	30,000		30,000
Total Support Services General Administration	1,055,494	135,717	1,191,211	1,055,373	135,838
Support Services School Administration					
Salaries of Principals	716,971	1	716,972	715,652	1,320
Secretarial/Clerical Salaries	339,276	•	339,276	339,276	=
Other Purchased Services	3,000	6,500	9,500	5,886	3,614
Supplies and Materials	1,000	20,167	21,167	16,960	4,207
Other Objects	2,000	1,250	3,250	1,286	1,964
Total Support Services School Administration	1,062,247	27,918	1,090,165	1,079,060	11,105
Central Services					
Salaries	585,217	•	585,217	583,482	1,735
Purchased Professional Services	53,810	1,720	55,530	41,079	14,451
Interest on Lease Purchases	1,425,344	(6,000)	1,419,344	1,425,344	(6,000)
Supplies and Materials	-	7,500	7,500	4,712	2,788
Miscellaneous Expenditures Travel	-	9,000 4,100	9,000 4,100	4,421 3,257	4,579 843
Total Central Services	2,064,371	16,320	2,080,691	2,062,295	18,396
Administration Information Technology					
Salaries	260,531	-	260,531	230,132	30,399
Purchased Technical Services	195,895	(26,901)	168,994	95,290	73,704
Travel General Supplies	38,725	700 48,880	700 87,605	73,834	685 13,771
Total Administration Information Technology	495,151	22,679	517,830	399,271	118,559
Required Maintenance for School Facilities				1	
Salaries	180,101	74,882	254,983	253,335	1,648
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	65,407	360,164	425,571	287,377	138,194
General Supplies	14,550	88,188	102,738	67,046	35,692
Required Maintenance	<u> </u>	19,488	19,488		19,488
Total Required Maintenance for School Facilities	260,058	542,722	802,780	607,758	195,022
Custodial Services					
Salaries	19,935	795,607	815,542	719,217	96,325
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	13,280	73,602	86,882	80,591	6,291
Rental of Land & Building Other than Lease Purchase	5,300	42,817	48,117	43,894	4,223
Other Purchased Property Services	10,885	50,650	61,535	46,640	14,895
Insurance	166,496	(800)	165,696	153,659	12,037
General Supplies	11,800	90,625	102,425	90,790	11,635
Energy (Natural Gas) Energy (Electricity)	17,002 90,016	80,667 460,199	97,669 550,215	61,258 439,731	36,411 110,484
Total Custodial Services	334,714	1,593,367	1,928,081	1,635,780	292,301
Upkeep of Grounds					
Salaries	41,306	2,250	43,556	42,549	1,007
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services General Supplies	30,800 32,400	5,038 (10,250)	35,838 22,150	27,007 10,118	8,831 12,032
Total Upkeep of Grounds	104,506	(2,962)	101,544	79,674	21,870
Student Transportation Services					
Travel Contracted Services		2,700	2,700	2,259	441
		446,148	446,148	380,951	65,197
Total Student Transportation Services	-	448,848	448,848	383,210	65,638

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
Current (Continued)					
Allocated Benefits - Special Programs	\$ 444,500	£ 30.047	C 474 E47	P 446 624	F 20.022
Social Security Contributions Other Retirement Contributions- PERS	\$ 444,500 838,577	\$ 30,047 (119,210)	\$ 474,547 719,367	\$ 446,524 718,616	\$ 28,023 751
Unemployment Compensation	120,000	(60,150)	59,850	7,10,010	59,850
Workmen's Compensation	350,279	24,800	375,079	374,984	95
Health Benefits	4,815,977	(66,374)	4,749,603	3,644,367	1,105,236
Tuition Reimbursement	21,000	(11,189)	9,811	-	9,811
Other Employee Benefits	32,000	6,969	38,969	32,967	6,002
Total Allocated Benefits - Special Programs - Instruction	6,622,333	(195,107)	6,427,226	5,217,458	1,209,768
Allocated Benefits - Other Instructional Programs					
Social Security Contributions	44,500	(2,917)	41,583	41,199	384
Tuition Reimbursement	<u> </u>	-			
Total Allocated Benefits - Other Instructional; Programs - Instruction	44,500	(2,917)	41,583	41,199	384
Unallocated Benefits					
Social Security Contributions	110,000	(250)	109,750	108,585	1,165
Other Retirement Contributions- PERS	143,037	(20,100)	122,937	122,720	217
Unemployment Compensation	17,000	(7,650)	9,350		9,350
Workmen's Compensation	23,352	2,500	25,852	24,999	853
Health Benefits	328,277	389,973	718,250	526,347	191,903
Tuition Reimbursement Other Employee Benefits	5,000 58,000	(2,566) (55,000)	2,434 3,000	1,400	2,434 1,600
One Employee Bereins	20,000	(55,500)	3,000	1,100	1,000
Total Unallocated Benefits On Behalf TRAE Contributions (Non Budgeted):	684,666	306,907	991,573	784,051	207,522
On-Behalf TPAF Centributions (Non-Budgeted): Pension Benefit Contributions				779,341	(779,341)
Pension Non-Contributory Group Insurance				28,237	(28,237)
Long Term Disability Insurance				461	(461)
Post Retirement Medical Benefits				672,896	• •
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions	_	<u></u>		590,589	(672,896) (590,589)
Total TPAF Contributions		_		2,071,524	(2,071,524)
Total Undistributed Expenditures	12,728,740	9,069,982	21,798,722	21,237,663	560,859
Total Expenditures - Current	28,706,269	269,799	28,976,068	28,003,781	
·	28,700,209	209,799	28,970,008	28,003,781	972,087
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
Equipment					
Undistributed Antique	9,463		0.471		0.463
Autism Instruction	9,403	3,780	9,463	7 700	9,463
	64,000		3,780	3,780	42.051
Administration Information Technology Operations and Maintenance	64,000 139,500	27,400 20,320	91,400 159,820	48,349 119,539	43,051 40,281
Total Equipment	212.963	51.500	264.463	171.668	92.795
Total Equipment	212,963	51,500	264,463	171,668	92,795
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	212,963		***************************************		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services		468,331	468,331	355,524	112,807
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services	10,000		468,331 1,306,683	355,524 275,816	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services		468,331	468,331	355,524	112,807
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services	10,000	468,331	468,331 1,306,683	355,524 275,816	112,807
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal	10,000 2,235,000	468,331 1,296,683	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000	355,524 275,816 2,235,000	112,807 1,030,867
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000	468,331 1,296,683 	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340	112,807
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963	468,331 1,296,683 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under)	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963	468,331 1,296,683 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses):	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund	2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund	2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Cupital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Over(Under) Expenditures and Other	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456) (95,000)	468,331 1,296,683 	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469)	1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	10,000 2,235,000 2,245,000 2,457,963 31,164,232 (1,865,456) (95,000)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000)	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation:	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947 17,500,606 \$ 18,722,553	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance Year End Encourbrance Assigned Fund Balance	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,009) (60,469) 1,221,947 17,500,606 \$ 18,722,553	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947 17,500,606 \$ 18,722,553 \$ 1,126,824 108,967	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance Assigned Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned Fund Balance	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,009) (60,469) 1,221,947 17,500,606 \$ 18,722,553	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance Assigned Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947 17,500,606 \$ 18,722,553 \$ 1,126,824 108,967	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services Lease Purchase Agreements - Principal Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfer In - Capital Project Fund Transfer Out - Food Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30 Recapitulation: Committed Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance Assigned Fund Balance Year End Encumbrance Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned Fund Balance	(1,865,456) (95,000) (1,960,456) (17,500,606)	468,331 1,296,683 1,765,014 1,816,514 2,086,313 (2,086,313)	468,331 1,306,683 2,235,000 4,010,014 4,274,477 33,250,545 (3,951,769) (95,000) (95,000) (4,046,769) 17,500,606	355,524 275,816 2,235,000 2,866,340 3,038,008 31,041,789 1,282,416 14,531 (75,000) (60,469) 1,221,947 17,500,606 \$ 18,722,553 \$ 1,126,824 108,967 2,932,050	112,807 1,030,867 1,143,674 1,236,469 2,208,556 5,233,985 14,531 20,000 34,531

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		iginal udget	Adjustments		Final Budget				Actual	Variance Final to Actua	
REVENUES											
Federal Sources	\$	-	\$	299,855	\$	299,855	\$	214,950	\$	(84,905)	
Local Sources				32,627		32,627		13,266		(19,361)	
Total Revenues				332,482		332,482		228,216		(104,266)	
EXPENDITURES											
Instruction											
Other Purchased Services				8,550		8,550		3,259		5,291	
General Supplies	***************************************	-		8,990		8,990		1,407		7,583	
Total Instruction				17,540		17,540		4,666		12,874	
Support Services											
Salaries				164,000		164,000		126,662		37,338	
Personnel Services Employee Benefits				86,436		86,436		55,736		30,700	
Purchased Professional Education Services				8,950		8,950		6,372		2,578	
Travel				2,303		2,303		1,180		1,123	
Other Purchased Services				2,751		2,751		1,468		1,283	
Supplies and Materials		-		26,942		26,942		15,302		11,640	
Miscellaneous Expenditures		-		15,560		15,560		10,991		4,569	
Total Support Services	**********	**		306,942		306,942		217,711		89,231	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction											
Non-Instructional Equipment			_	8,000		8,000	*********	5,839		2,161	
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction				8,000		8,000		5,839		2,161	
Total Expenditures				332,482		332,482		228,216		104,266	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures		-		-		~		-			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				-		*		-		*	
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$</u>		\$	THE STATE OF THE S	\$	•	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	

NOTE	S TO THE REQUIRE	D SUPPLEMENTAR	Y INFORMATION	- PART II

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of and the treatment of encumbrances in the special revenue fund as described below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration of the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriation lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The following presents a reconciliation of the Special Revenue Fund from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds.

	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>
Source/Inflows of Resources Actual Amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" From the budgetary comparison schedule Difference - budget to GAAP Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.	\$ 228,216
Encumbrances, June 30, 2016 Encumbrances, June 30, 2017	-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ 228,216
Uses/Outflows of Resources Actual amounts(budgetary basis) "total expenditure" from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received is reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary	\$ 228,216
purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes Encumbrances, June 30, 2016 Encumbrances, June 30, 2017	-
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds.	\$ 228,216

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III PENSION INFORMATION

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Public Employees Retirement System

Last Four Fiscal Years*

	2017		2016		2015	-	2014	'
District's Proportion of the Net Position Liability (Asset)	0.12788	%	0.13126	%	0.13614	%	0.14711	%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 37,873,433		\$29,464,327		\$25,489,710		\$ 28,116,664	
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 9,136,655		\$ 8,510,397		\$ 8,704,549		\$ 9,159,422	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	414.52	%	346.22	%	292.83	%	306.97	%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	40.14	%	47.93	%	52.08	%	48.72	%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year-end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement System

Last Four Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,136,039	\$1,128,449	\$1,122,344	\$ 1,108,484
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	1,136,039	1,128,449	1,122,344	1,108,484
Contribution Deficiently (Excess)	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 9,136,655	\$8,510,397	\$8,704,549	\$ 9,159,422
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	12.43%	13.26%	12.89%	12.10%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund

Last Four Fiscal Years*

	2017		2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Position Liability (Asset)	0%		0%	0%	0%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	59,842,837		57,220,309	52,867,012	51,446,147
Total	\$59,842,837	\$	57,220,309	\$ 52,867,012	\$ 51,446,147
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 7,285,847	\$	7,165,815	\$ 7,773,906	\$ 9,080,271
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	0%		0%	0%	0%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	22.33%		28.71%	33.64%	33.76%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year-end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Changes of Benefit Terms:

None.

Changes of Assumptions:

Assumptions used in calculating the net pension liability and statutorily

required employer contribution are presented in Note 4D.

SCHOOL LEVEL FUNDS

NOT APPLICABLE



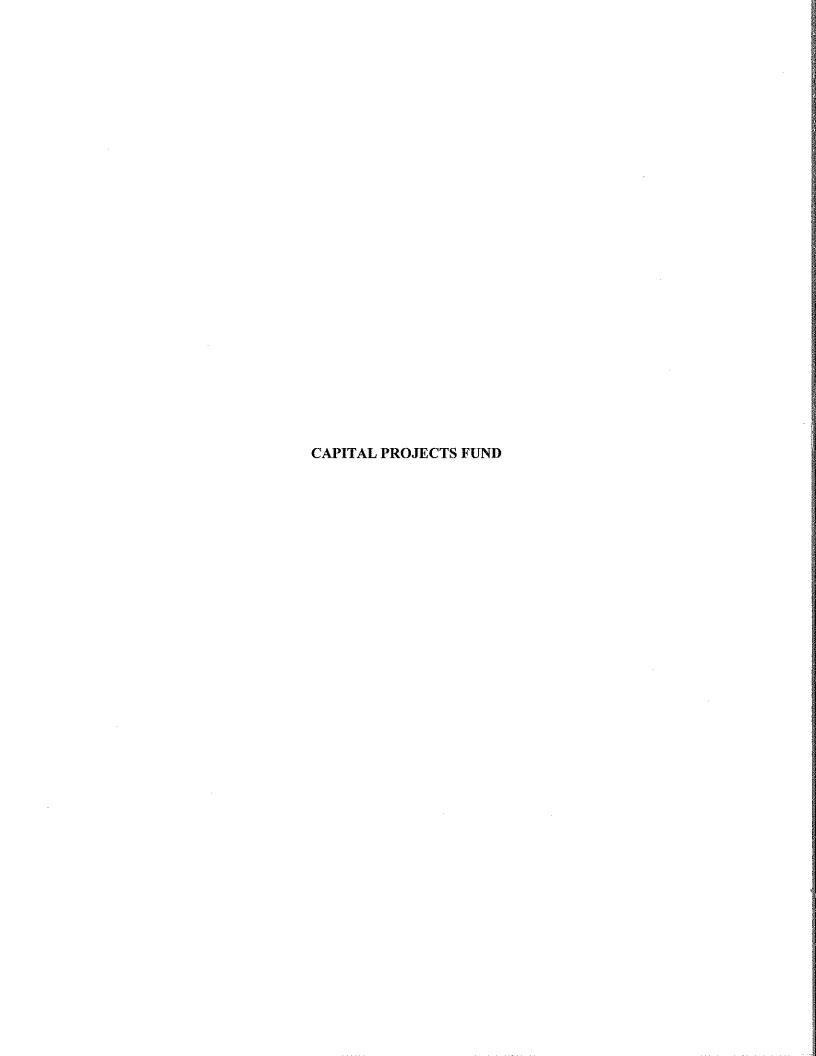
MORRIS-UNION JOINTRE COMMISSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	IDEA IEP <u>Grant</u>	Junio League <u>Sumn</u>	e of	Envi Ec	SE&G ronmental lucation <u>Grant</u>	7	rl Scout Froop <u>795</u>	Pacfic Health boratories	Safety <u>Grant</u>	Havi <u>Gr</u>	urah ant	Bene	<u>evity</u>	Dri	ocal ve for itism		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES																	
Intergovernmental																	
Federal	\$ 214,950															\$	214,950
Local		\$	31	\$	9	\$	2	\$ 188	\$12,264	<u>\$</u>	7	<u>\$</u>	8	\$	757		13,266
Total Revenues	\$ 214,950	\$	31	\$	9	\$	2	\$ 188	\$12,264	\$	7	\$	8	<u>\$</u>	757	\$	228,216
EXPENDITURES																	
Instruction																	
Other Purchased Services	\$ 3,259																3,259
General Supplies	405	\$	31	<u>\$</u>	9	\$	2	\$ 188	<u>\$ -</u>	\$		\$	8	\$	757	<u>\$</u>	1,407
Total Instruction	3,664	***************************************	31		9	_	2	 188					8		757		4,666
Support Services																	
Salaries	126,662																126,662
Personnel Services Employee Benefits	55,736																55,736
Purchased Professional Technical Services	-				-		-	-	6,372								6,372
Other Purchased Professional Services	1,468																1,468
Travel	1,180																1,180
Supplies and Materials	9,410		-		-		-	•	5,892		-		-		-		15,302
Miscellaneous Expenditures	10,991				-		-	 -			-		-				10,991
Total Support Services	205,447						-	 ***************************************	12,264				-				217,711
Facilities Acquisition and Construction																	
Non-Instructional Equipment	5,839		-					 							-		5,839
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction	5,839		-		-			 -		***************************************	-		-		-		5,839
Total Expenditures	\$ 214,950	\$	31	\$	9	\$. 2	\$ 188	\$ 12,264	\$	7	\$	8	\$	757	\$	228,216

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND PRESCHOOL EDUCATION PROGRAM AID SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE



MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY STATEMENT OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Prior Years				Years	
Issue/Project Title	Adjusted <u>Appropriation</u>	Expenditu <u>Prior Years</u>	res to Date <u>Current Year</u>	Transferred General <u>Fund</u>	Reserve Fund Utilized in <u>Refunding</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2017</u>
Construction of a New School - Warren DLC	\$ 60,262,159	\$ 58,199,469		\$ 129,451	\$ 1,933,239	
	\$ 60,262,159	\$ 58,199,469	<u>\$</u>	\$ 129,451	\$ 1,933,239	<u>\$ -</u>
			, June 30, 2017 g Proceeds Reserve		of	\$ -
	·	of Lease-P	urchase Obligation Tune 30, 2017	n.		1,875,367 \$ 1,875,367
		Restricted for L				
		Obligation (C	ŕ			\$ 1,875,367 \$ 1,875,367

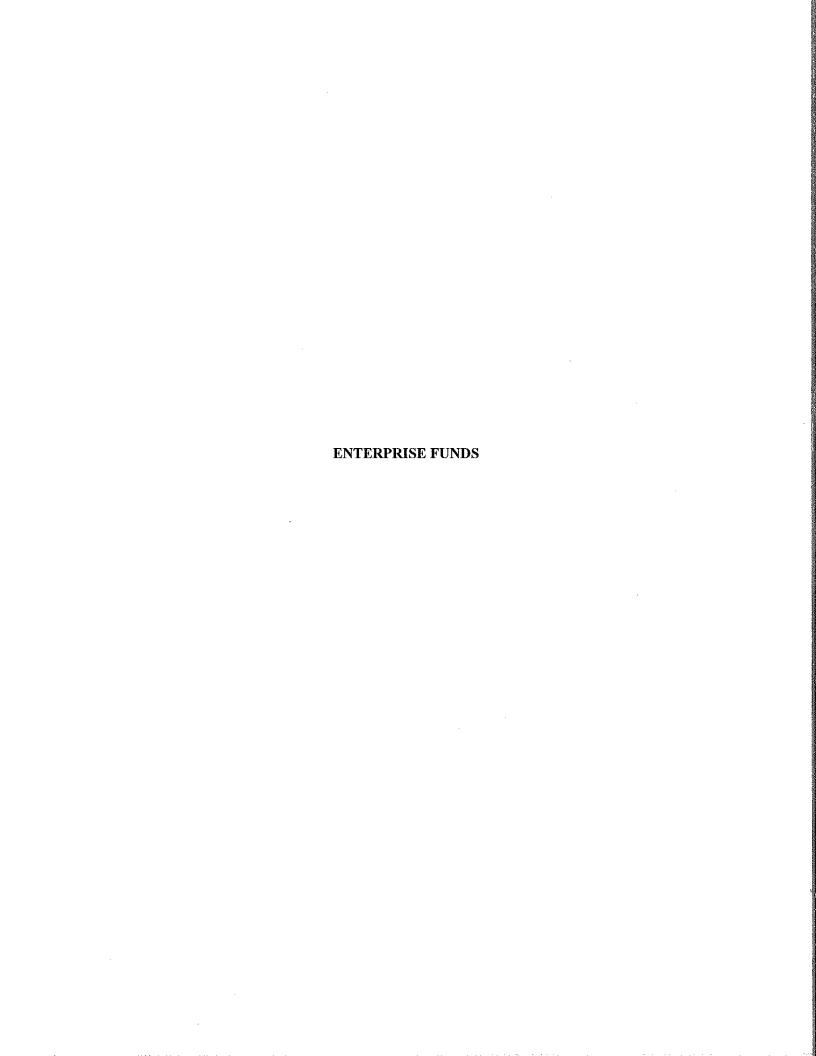
MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues and Other Financing Sources

Interest Income		\$	909
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources			909
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Operating Transfer Out - General Fund			14,531
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses			14,531
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			(13,622)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			1,888,989
Fund Balance - End of Year		<u>\$</u>	1,875,367
	Reconciliation to GAAP Basis		
	Fund Balance, June 30, 2017-Budgetary Basis	\$	1,875,367
	Fund Balance, June 30, 2017-GAAP Basis	\$	1,875,367

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF PROJECT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, PROJECT BALANCE AND PROJECT STATUS - BUDGETARY BASIS FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE



MORRIS UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SPECIAL PROGRAMS ENTERPRISE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Professional Development	Transportation Program	Provisional Teaching Program	Recreational Programs	Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 521,715	\$ 13,791,718	\$ 491,881	564,391	\$ 15,369,705
Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable	6,595	1,060,035	•	17,680	1,084,310
Other Accounts Receivable					
Total Current Assets	528,310	14,851,753	491,881	582,071	16,454,015
Total Current Associa				J522071	
Capital Assets					
Land		3,064,300	•		3,064,300
Buildings and Improvements		3,240,183	-		3,240,183
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment		6,034,834	-		6,034,834
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(6,982,114)	. -	=	(6,982,114)
Total Capital Assets, Net	-	5,357,203			5,357,203
Total Capital Assets, IVCI					3,357,203
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Amounts on Net Pension Liability		3,198,026			3,198,026
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow					
of Resources	528,310	23,406,982	491,881	582,071	25,009,244
of Resources	320,310	23,400,702	471,001	362,071	23,007,244
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	_	56,149	-	2,074	58,223
Accrued Salaries and Wages		122,370	<u>.</u>		122,370
Accrued Liability for Insurance Claims		299,567	569	1,876	302,012
Total Current Liabilities	<u>-</u>	478,086	569	3,950	482,605
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Net Pension Liability		12,119,499	-		12,119,499
Compensated Absences	-	48,298	195	3,062	51,555
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	12,167,797	195	3,062	12,171,054
Total Montality Electrical					
Total Liabilities		12,645,883	764	7,012	12,653,659
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Amounts on Net Pension Liability		730,450			730,450
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflow					
of Resources	•	13,376,333	764	7,012	13,384,109
NET POSITION					
Not Investment in Conital Assets		5,357,203			5,357,203
Net Investment in Capital Assets	E00 210		401 117	ene nen	
Unrestricted	528,310	4,673,446	491,117	575,059	6,267,932
Total Net Position	528,310	10,030,649	491,117	575,059	11,625,135

MORRIS UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SPECIAL PROGRAMS ENTERPRISE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Professional Development	Transportation Program	Provisional Teaching Program	Recreational Programs	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES OPERATING REVENUES Program Fees Miscellaneous Fees	\$ 81,218	\$ 7,789,107 2,446	\$ 82,200	\$ 207,488	\$ 8,160,013 2,446
Total Operating Revenues	81,218	7,791,553	82,200	207,488	8,162,459
OPERATING EXPENSES Instruction Salaries Support Services Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Professional Education Services Purchased Professional /Technical Services Other Purchased Services Supplies and Materials Miscellaneous Depreciation	46,951 9,463 6,511	4,420,445 2,384,966 76,782 590,040 203,699 31,540 507,046	37,853 1,152 2,849 7,218	106,215 27,922 17,556 5,232 6,140	37,853 4,527,812 2,415,737 54,169 76,782 617,059 215,476 37,680 507,046
Total Operating Expenses	62,925	8,214,518	49,106	163,065	8,489,614
Operating Income (Loss)	18,293	(422,965)	33,094	44,423	(327,155)
Change in Net Position	18,293	(422,965)	33,094	44,423	(327,155)
Total Net Position- Beginning of Year	510,017	10,453,614	458,023	530,636	11,952,290
Total Net Position - Ending of Year	\$ 528,310	\$ 10,030,649	\$ 491,117	\$ 575,059	\$ 11,625,135

MORRIS UNION JOINTURE COMMSSION SPECIAL PROGRAMS ENTERPRISE FUND COMBINED SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Professional Development	Transportation Program	Provisional Teaching Program	Recreational Programs	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Employees and Benefits Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Net Cash Provided by (Used for) operating activities	\$ 77,173 (62,925) 14,248	\$ 7,684,738 (6,191,837) (915,939) 576,962	\$ 82,200 (41,854) (7,252) 33,094	\$ 207,679 (133,438) (29,581) 44,660	\$ 8,051,790 (6,367,129) (1,015,697) 668,964
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets		(204,425)			(204,425)
Net cash provided by(used for) capital and related financing activities		(204,425)			(204,425)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Balances - Beginning of Year	507,467	372,537 13,419,181	33,094 458,787	44,660 519,731	464,539 14,905,166
Balances - End of Year	\$ 521,715	\$ 13,791,718	\$ 491,881	\$ 564,391	\$ 15,369,705
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income(Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income(loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$ 18,293</u>	\$ (422,965)	<u>\$ 33,094</u>	\$ 44,423	<u>\$ (327,155)</u>
Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) Decrease in deferred outflows of resources on Net pension Increase (Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources on Net pension Increase(decrease) in accounts payable	(4,045)	507,046 (106,815) (1,960,539) (132,203) (13,878)		191 (653)	507,046 (110,669) (1,960,539) (132,203) (14,531)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Wages Increase(Decrease) Accrued Liabilities for Insurance Claims Increase(Decrease) in net pension liability		3,591 11,811 2,690,914	.	699	3,591 12,510 2,690,914
Total Adjustments	(4,045)	999,927		237	996,119
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 14,248	\$ 576,962	\$ 33,094	\$ 44,660	\$ 668,964

FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUNDS

EXHIBIT H-1

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	Payroll			Total gency Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	201,089	\$	201,089		
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	201,089	<u>\$</u>	201,089		
LIABILITIES						
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Accrued Salaries and Wages Flexible Spending Deposits	\$	196,095 (157) 5,151	\$	196,095 (157) 5,151		
Total Liabilities	\$	201,089	<u>\$</u>	201,089		

MORRIS UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

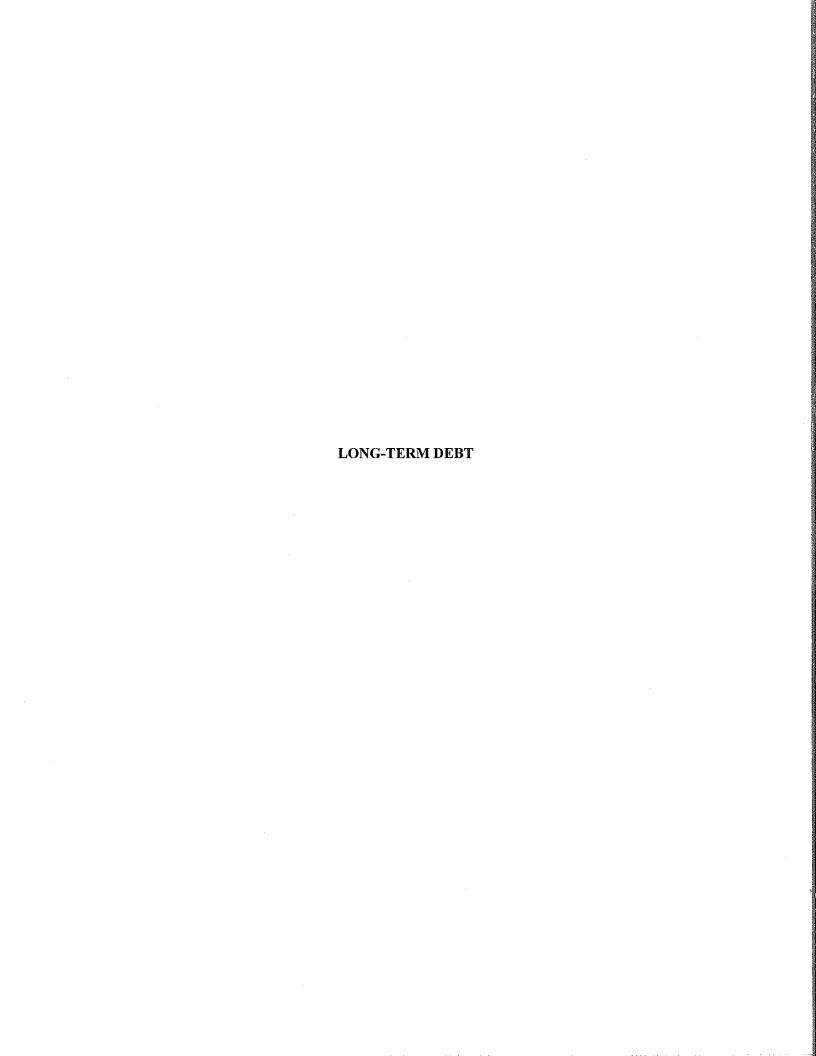
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE PRESENTED ON EXHIBIT B-7

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION AGENCY FUNDS STUDENT ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION AGENCY FUNDS PAYROLL AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Assets	Balance July 1, <u>2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2017</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 188,037	\$ 24,258,118	\$ 24,245,066	\$ 201,089
	\$ 188,037	\$ 24,258,118	\$ 24,245,066	<u>\$ 201,089</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Accrued Salaries and Wages Flexible, Spending Deposits	\$ 181,900 2,730 3,407	\$ 10,579,041 13,660,434 18,643	\$ 10,564,846 13,663,321 16,899	\$ 196,095 (157) 5,151
	\$ 188,037	\$ 24,258,118	\$ 24,245,066	\$ 201,089



MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Date of	of Amount of Annual Maturities				turities	Interest	Balance,		Balance,
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Issue</u>		<u>Issue</u>	<u>Date</u>		Amount	Rate	<u>July 1, 2016</u>	<u>Decreased</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Refunding Series 2013-Certificates of	6/12/2013	\$	43,830,000	8/1/2017	\$	2,340,000	5.000%			
,				8/1/2018		2,435,000	3.000%			
				8/1/2019		2,525,000	4.000%			
				8/1/2020		2,600,000	2.250%			
				8/1/2021		2,665,000	2.500%			
				8/1/2022		2,765,000	5.000%			
				8/1/2023		2,905,000	5.000%			
				8/1/2024		3,025,000	3.125%			
				8/1/2025		3,155,000	5.000%			
				8/1/2026		3,320,000	5.000%			
				8/1/2027		3,465,000	3.750%			
				8/1/2028		3,540,000	3.750%			
								\$ 36,975,000	\$ 2,235,00	90 \$ 34,740,000
								\$ 36,975,000	\$ 2,235,00	90 \$ 34,740,000
							Paid by Budget	Appropriation	\$ 2,235,00	<u>00</u>

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amount of

Description

Interest Original Balance, Balance, Balance, Rate Issue July 1, 2016 Additions Retirements June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT I-3

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Exhibits
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	J-1 to J-5
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	J-6 to J-9
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	J-10 to J-13
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	J-14 and J-15
Operating Information	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. J-16 to J-20

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities Net Investment In Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 21,945,912 3,777,336 15,995,387 \$ 41,718,635	\$ 24,210,221 3,763,927 17,378,667 \$ 45,352,815	\$ 27,810,651 4,340,110 16,266,661 \$ 48,417,422	\$ 30,453,317 3,522,061 17,562,553 \$ 51,537,931	\$ 38,665,012 2,062,690 12,913,746 \$ 53,641,448	\$ 29,593,768 1,896,541 13,171,716 \$ 44,662,025	\$ 25,908,789 1,888,931 (7,086,016) \$ 20,711,704	\$ 24,780,794 1,888,994 (6,692,829) \$ 19,976,959	\$ 23,741,214 1,888,989 (3,075,978) \$ 22,554,225	\$ 21,798,302 1,875,367 (1,209,674) \$ 22,463,995
Business-Type Activities Net Investment In Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 4,900 8,542,284 \$ 8,547,184	\$ 13,190 8,387,254 \$ 8,400,444	\$ 16,182 8,331,625 \$ 8,347,807	\$ 18,449 10,005,592 \$ 10,024,041	\$ 15,372 11,537,650 \$ 11,553,022	\$ 8,422,498 12,960,789 \$ 21,383,287	\$ 6,638,951 5,250,605 \$ 11,889,556	\$ 6,179,769 7,338,277 \$ 13,518,046	\$ 5,786,554 6,341,450 \$ 12,128,004	\$ 5,469,020 6,312,171 \$ 11,781,191
District-Wide Net Investment In Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 21,950,812 3,777,336 24,537,671	\$ 24,223,411 3,763,927 25,765,921	\$ 27,826,833 4,340,110 24,598,286	\$ 30,471,766 3,522,061 27,568,145	\$ 38,680,384 2,062,690 24,451,396	\$ 38,016,266 1,896,541 26,132,505	\$ 32,547,240 1,888,931 (1,835,411)	\$ 30,960,563 1,888,994 645,448	\$ 29,527,768 1,888,989 3,265,472	\$ 27,267,322 1,875,367 5,102,497
Total District Net Position	\$ 50,265,819	\$ 53,753,259	\$ 56,765,229	\$ 61,561,972	\$ 65,194,470	\$ 66,045,312	\$ 32,600,760	\$ 33,495,005	\$ 34,682,229	\$ 34,245,186

Note 1: Net Pension at June 30, 2014 is restated to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
Instruction	\$22,897,992	\$ 24,532,101	6 2 6 0 7 4 2 O 7	\$27,423,707	\$ 26,162,286	£ 24 202 074	£ 23 160 023	e oc 170 can	\$27,887,608	£ 19.226.610
Special Education	\$22,097,992	\$ 24,532,101	\$25,974,397	327,423,707	\$ 20,102,280	\$ 26,393,876	\$ 22,168,032	\$ 25,172,540	\$27,887,008	\$ 18,326,619
Support Services:										
Student & Instruction Related Services	1,138	369,640	409,080	308,185	232,295	175,898	180,260	689	300	9,468,040
General Administration	1,083,049	986,660	1,263,699	1,126,766	1,282,757	2,042,873	1,300,550	1,419,353	1,396,734	1,589,428
School Administration Services							1,004,827	1,592,740	1,592,455	1,738,351
Central Services and Other Support Services	1,656,119	3,061,093	3,136,273	3,205,627	3,122,308	873,385	1,072,551	1,098,215	994,430	1,216,542
Plant Operations And Maintenance	203,783	275,322	238,333	407,101	399,001	552,674	755,905	677,935	591,345	2,624,512
Pupil Transportation	397,576	447,864	420,502	427,891	100,165		-			383,210
Capital Outlay	58,571	331,380	117,633							
Unallocated Depreciation	185,492	213,454	229,365	366,202						
Debt Service						1,743,493	1,683,822	1,606,399	1,513,626	1,422,931
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	26,483,720	30,217,514	31,789,282	33,265,479	31,298,812	31,782,199	28,165,947	31,567,871	33,976,498	36,769,633
Business-Type Activities:							•			
Special Programs	7,985,677	8,964,670	8,267,321	8,204,936	8,891,061	10,107,860	10,138,059	9,928,918	8,931,528	8,489,614
Food Service	308,240	321,382	303,125	314,824	297,956	303,881	297,315	291,364	271,608	276,498
Total Business-Type Activities Expense	8,293,917	9,286,052	8,570,446	8,519,760	9,189,017	10,411,741	10,435,374	10,220,282	9,203,136	8,766,112
Total District Expenses	\$34,777,637	\$ 39,503,566	\$40,359,728	\$41,785,239	\$ 40,487,829	\$ 42,193,940	\$ 38,601,321	\$ 41,788,153	\$43,179,634	\$ 45,535,745

Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges For Services:	26,920,545	30,051,230	32,472,659	33,332,156	30,965,158	29,444,082	26,591,725	26,406,491	31,727,543	30,564,822
Operating Grants And Contributions	1,513,694	1,654,030	1,497,000	1,560,604	1,704,065	2,157,832	1,751,938	4,242,432	4,815,087	5,982,680
Capital Grants And Contributions Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	28,434,239	31,705,260	33,969,659	34,892,760	32,669,223	20,031 31,621,945	28,343,663	30,648,923	36,542,630	5,839 36,553,341
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	28,434,239	31,703,260	33,969,639	34,892,700	32,009,223	51,021,945	28,343,003	30,048,923	36,342,630	30,333,341
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges For Services										
Special Programs	9,403,211	10,540,020	9,295,555	10,549,254	11,052,644	11,723,995	11,114,386	11,550,535	7,522,380	8,162,459
Food Service	144,644	184,840	149,682	167,235	148,830	134,445	123,399	112,590	112,557	100,918
Operating Grants And Contributions	61,949	65,788	74,391	69,707	81,399	77,717	76,353	79,031	78,123	80,818
Capital Grants And Contributions										
Total Business Type Activities Program Revenues	9,609,804	10,790,648	9,519,628	10,786,196	11,282,873	11,936,157	11,314,138	11,742,156	7,713,060	8,344,195
Total District Program Revenues	\$38,044,043	\$ 42,495,908	\$43,489,287	\$45,678,956	\$ 43,952,096	\$ 43,558,102	\$39,657,801	\$ 42,391,079	\$44,255,690	\$ 44,897,536
No.4 (Formany)										
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	\$ 1,950,519	\$ 1,487,746	\$ 2,180,377	\$ 1,627,281	\$ 1,370,411	e (160.254)	\$ 177,716	\$ (918,948)	¢ 2 666 122	¢ (314.303)
Business-Type Activities	1,315,887	1,504,596	\$ 2,180,377 949,182	2,266,436	2,093,856	\$ (160,254) 1,524,416	\$ 177,716 878,764	1.521.874	\$ 2,566,132 (1,490,076)	\$ (216,292) (421,917)
Total District-Wide Net Expense	\$ 3,266,406	\$ 2,992,342	\$ 3,129,559	\$ 3,893,717	\$ 3,464,267	\$ 1,364,162	\$ 1,056,480	\$ 602,926	\$ 1,076,056	\$ (638,209)
- O- Diparer- Wide Not Expense	,200,100	w 2,772,742	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	,101,201	V 1,50'T,10Z	3 1,030,100	002,720	4 1,070,030	<u> </u>

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	nded June 30,				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Revenues And Other Changes In Net Per Governmental Activities: Unrestricted Federal And State Aid Extraordinary Item Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income Transfers	\$ 1,192,361 951,487 (100,000)	\$ 2,262,166 729,434 1,693,655	\$ (475,000) 41,606 315,705 1,001,919	\$ 6,201 896,771 590,256	\$ 4,500 2,019 161,687 564,900	\$ 91,256 86,281 584,000	\$ 83,803 88,512 510,621	\$ 93,801 197,502 (106,600)	\$ 104,796 6,338 (100,000)	\$ 151,691 49,371 (75,000)
Total Governmental Activities	2,043,848	4,685,255	884,230	1,493,228	733,106	761,537	682,936	184,703	11,134	126,062
Business-Type Activities: Investment Earnings Cancellation of Prior Year Payables Miscellaneous		165 42,154	100	54	25	20	18	16	34	104
Transfers Total Business-Type Activities Total District-Wide	100,000 100,000 \$ 2,143,848	(1,693,655) (1,651,336) \$ 3,033,919	(1,001,919) (1,001,819) \$ (117,589)	(590,256) (590,202) \$ 903,026	(564,900) (564,875) \$ 168,231	(584,000) (583,980) \$ 177,557	(510,621) (510,603) \$ 172,333	106,600 106,616 \$ 291,319	100,000 100,034 \$ 111,168	75,000 75,104 \$ 201,166
Change In Net Position Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total District	\$ 3,994,367 1,415,887 \$ 5,410,254	\$ 6,173,001 (146,740) \$ 6,026,261	\$ 3,064,607 (52,637) \$ 3,011,970	\$ 3,120,509 1,676,234 \$ 4,796,743	\$ 2,103,517 1,528,981 \$ 3,632,498	\$ 601,283 940,436 \$ 1,541,719	\$ 860,652 368,161 \$ 1,228,813	\$ (734,245) 1,628,490 \$ 894,245	\$ 2,577,266 (1,390,042) \$ 1,187,224	\$ (90,230) (346,813) \$ (437,043)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year End	led June 30,				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund Reserved Unreserved Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 59,364 15,995,387	\$ 83,813 18,118,795	\$ 824,250 17,131,336	\$ 4,033,817 14,425,950	\$ 818,247 12,822,468	\$ 658,290 731,509 12,057,192	\$ 2,856,491 \$ 10,371,719	1,556,439 12,676,1 <u>13</u>	\$ 260,307 1,984,568 15,255,731	\$ 1,126,824 3,041,017 14,554,712
Total General Fund	\$ 16,054,751	\$ 18,202,608	\$ 17,955,586	\$ 18,459,767	\$ 13,640,715	\$ 13,446,991 \$	\$ 13,228,210 \$	14,232,552	\$ 17,500,606	\$ 18,722,553
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved Restricted	\$ 2,232,504 1,485,468	\$ 2,232,504 1,447,610	\$ 2,053,216 1,462,644	\$ 3,522,061	\$ 2,062,690	\$ 1,896,541 \$	\$ 1,888,931 \$	1,888,994	\$ 1,888,989	\$ 1,875,367
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,717,972	\$ 3,680,114	\$ 3,515,860	\$ 3,522,061	\$ 2,062,690	\$ 1,896,541 \$	1,888,931 \$	1,888,994	\$ 1,888,989	\$ 1,875,367

Beginning with Fiscal Year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions." The Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. This Statement established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Reclassification of prior year fund balance amounts to comply with Statement No. 54 is not required

95

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Revenues	* ***				0.00.005.150		006011010	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	00m 004 500	0.05.404.504	
Tuition Charges	\$ 26,920,546	\$ 30,051,230	\$ 32,472,659	\$ 33,332,156	\$ 30,965,158	\$ 29,304,323	\$ 26,311,313	\$ 26,758,360	\$27,004,552	\$ 25,484,734	
Miscellaneous	2,155,425	3,001,317	383,446	932,089	196,063	219,160	191,341	304,914	4,811,414	4,782,122	
State Sources	1,502,117	1,644,313	1,470,865	1,531,487	1,676,208	2,148,236	1,732,912	1,873,530	1,918,683	2,071,524	
Federal Sources										214,950	
Total Revenue	30,578,088	34,696,860	34,326,970	35,795,732	32,837,429	31,671,719	28,235,566	28,936,804	33,734,649	32,553,330	
T											
Expenditures Instruction											
Special Education	17,349,835	18,719,983	19,029,563	19,910,251	17,667,964	24,530,708	20,172,645	19,519,480	22,322,155	13,043,472	
Support Services:		7			, ,	, ,	• •		, ,	, ,	
Student & Inst. Related Services	1,005	246,009	304,978	225,548	188,463	175,898	180,260	641	300	7,334,364	
General Administration	965,256	939,628	944,201	944,664	1,226,615	976,796	1,300,550	1,190,728	1,145,321	1,266,533	
School Administration	,	,	,		-,,-	- · · · , · · ·	1,004,827	1,346,405	1,335,344	1,311,656	
Central Services and Other Support Service	1,569,701	2,924,605	2,969,090	3,002,519	2,971,490	815,979	1,072,551	1,056,985	955,334	1,081,667	
Plant Operations And Maintenance	199,422	240,128	220,849	359,587	370,877	552,674	755,905	666,743	577,125	2,406,462	
Pupil Transportation	4 1	,			,	,		,		383,210	
Unallocated Benefits - Special Educ.	4,068,230	4,607,847	5,513,431	5,986,360	6,089,719					,	
Unallocated Benefits	1,550,002	1,548,079	1,847,351	1,924,088	2,132,412						
Debt Service	,	-,,	, ,	, ,	, ,						
Principal						2,061,845	2,857,779	2,275,242	2,150,000	2,235,000	
Interest on Long Term Debt						2,093,203	1,045,206	1,593,422	1,513,044	1,425,344	
Cost of Issuance						1,066,077	· · ·	* *	-,		
Advance Refunding Escrow						1,933,239	•				
Capital Outlay	6,333,731	5,513,487	4,844,202	3,522,589	9,033,212	1,367,104	582,855	176,153	367,977	782,297	
Total Expenditures	32,037,182	34,739,766	35,673,665	35,875,606	39,680,752	35,573,523	28,972,578	27,825,799	30,366,600	31,270,005	
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,459,094)	(42,906)	(1,346,695)	(79,874)	(6,843,323)	(3,901,804)	(737,012)	1,111,005	3,368,049	1,283,325	
// T		(1=3-1-)									

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Capital Leases (Non-Budgeted)	646,082	459,250	408,500								
Proceeds of COP's						43,830,000	-				
Premium on COP's						1,963,895	-				
Payment to Escrow Agent		•				(42,835,964)	-				
Extraordinary Item			(475,000)								
Transfers In		3,544,655	1,308,669	664,100	1,668,610	798,451	709,773	102	163	14,531	
Transfers Out	(100,000)	(1,851,000)	(306,750)	(73,844)	(1,103,710)	(214,451)	(199,152)	(106,702)	(100,163)	(89,531)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	546,082	2,152,905	935,419	590,256	564,900	3,541,931	510,621	(106,600)	(100,000)	(75,000)	
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (913,012) \$	2,109,999	\$ (411,276)	\$ 510,382	\$ (6,278,423)	\$ (359,873)	\$ (226,391)	\$ 1,004,405	\$ 3,268,049	\$ 1,208,325	
Debt Service As A Percentage Of Noncapital Expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	12.15%	13.75%	13.99%	12.21%	12.01%	

^{*} Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GENERAL FUND OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30,</u>	Interest <u>Earned</u>	<u>Rentals</u>	Member <u>Fees</u>	<u>Tuition</u>	Related Services/Program <u>Fees</u>	Prior Year <u>Refunds</u>	<u>N</u>	<u> Aiscellaneous</u>	<u>Total</u>
•	2008	\$ 660,862	\$ 4,725	\$ 13,067	\$ 26,920,546		\$ 271,775	\$	1,058	\$ 27,872,033
	2009	378,637	13,580	30,696	30,051,230		103,529		202,992	30,780,664
	2010	268,484	3,475	18,716	32,472,659				25,030	32,788,364
	2011	119,876	32,151	13,258	33,332,156		700,233		31,254	34,228,928
	2012	109,627	9,710		30,965,158		550		41,800	31,126,845
	2013	86,569	8,605	25,650	29,304,323				64,022	29,489,169
	2014	83,640	2,111	25,077	26,311,313				61,324	26,483,465
	2015	93,636	54,688	24,692	26,758,360				118,122	27,049,498
	2016	104,638	110,872	-	27,004,552	4,577,759			6,338	31,804,159
	2017	150,782	102,274	-	25,484,734	4,465,520			49,371	30,252,681

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

MRRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS

(Unaudited)

(rate per \$100 of true value)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Certificates

Fiscal Year				of				
Ended June 30,	Ca	pital Leases	P	articipation	<u>T</u>	otal District	Population	Per Capita
2008	\$	931,915	\$	51,415,000	\$	52,346,915	N/A	N/A
2009		1,337,327		49,555,000		50,892,327	N/A	N/A
2010		1,364,467		47,610,000		48,974,467	N/A	N/A
2011		1,107,822		45,930,000		47,037,822	N/A	N/A
2012		699,866		44,195,000		44,894,866	N/A	N/A
2013		428,021		43,830,000		44,258,021	N/A	N/A
2014		200,242		41,200,000		41,400,242	N/A	N/A
2015				39,125,000		39,125,000	N/A	N/A
2016				36,975,000		36,975,000	N/A	N/A
2017				34,740,000		34,740,000	N/A	N/A

Source: District records

N/A-Not Applicable

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (Unaudited)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Net Direct Debt of School District as of June 30, 2017	\$ 34,740,000
Net Overlapping Debt of School District	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 34,740,000

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

C

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program				•			•			
Instruction								٠		
Special education	263.0	271.0	254.0	248.0	210.0	195.0	156.0	164.0	149.0	145.0
Support Services:										
Student & Instruction Related Services	70.0	71.0	94.0	96.0	98.0	97.0	73.0	77.0	95.0	98.0
General and Central Administration	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	14.0	- 17.0	13.0	13.0
School Administrative Services	18.0	19.0	18.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	12.0	16.0	16.0
Plant Operations and Maintenance	15.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	14.0	13.0	14.0	11.0	16.0	16,0
Pupil Transportation	127.0	136.0	130.0	113.0	120.0	117.0	124.0	130.0	130.0	132.0
Food Service	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total	508.0	527.0	527.0	504.0	473.0	451.0	395.0	412.0	420.0	421.0

Source: District Personnel Records

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Enrollment ^a	Operating penditures ^b	ost Per Pupil ^c	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2008	336	\$ 25,703,451	\$ 76,498	3.38%	152,00	2.53:1	342	323	2,68%	94.44%
2009	357	29,226,279	81,866	7.02%	153.00	2.33;1	355	335	3.80%	94.37%
2010	366	30,829,463	84,234	2.89%	156,42	2.34:1	366	344	3.10%	93.99%
2011	375	32,353,017	86,275	2.42%	151,00	2.48:1	375	349	2.46%	93.07%
2012	338	30,647,540	90,673	5.10%	140.00	2.43;1	338	321	-9.87%	94.97%
2013	317	27,052,055	85,338	-5,88%	130.91	2.42:1	317	298	-6.21%	94.01%
2014	287	24,486,738	85,320	-0.02%	107.05	2.68:1	282	266	-11.04%	94.33%
2015	269	23,780,982	88,405	3,62%	102.92	2.61:1	275	257	-2.48%	93.45%
2016	276	26,335,579	95,419	7.93%	84.68	2.60:1	279	260	1.45%	93,19%
2017	267	26,827,364	100,477	5.30%	77,72	2.60:1	261	244	-6.45%	93.49%

Sources: District records

Note:

110

a Enrollment based on annual October district count.
 b Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
 c Cost per pupil represents operating expenditures divided by enrollment.

N/A - Not Available

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
District Building										
Development Learning Center 1 (1953)										
Square Feet	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363	62,363
Capacity (students)	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183
Enrollment	112	107	99	99	99	80	66	55	66	47
Development Learning Center 2 (Leased)										
Capacity (students)	126	126	126	126						
Enrollment	91	79	75	63						
Development Learning Center 3 (Leased)										
(Closed June 30, 2007)						•			_	
Capacity (students)										
Enrollment										
Development Learning Center 3 (Lease-Purchase)										
(Opened During June 30, 2007 School Year)										
Square Feet	167,000	167,000	167,000	167,000	167,000	185,000	185,000	185,000	183,000	183,000
Capacity (students)	219	219	219	219	219	280	280	280	280	280
Enrollment	133	171	192	213	239	237	221	214	221	214

Number of Schools at June 30, 2017 = 2

Source: District Records

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES LAST FIVE YEARS (Unaudited)

School Facilities	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
DLC - Warren DLC - New Providence	113,351 37,784	115,679 38,560	179,503 59,835	174,119 58,040	284,603 323,155
	<u>\$ 151,135</u>	\$ 154,239	\$ 239,338	\$ 232,159	\$ 607,758

Note:

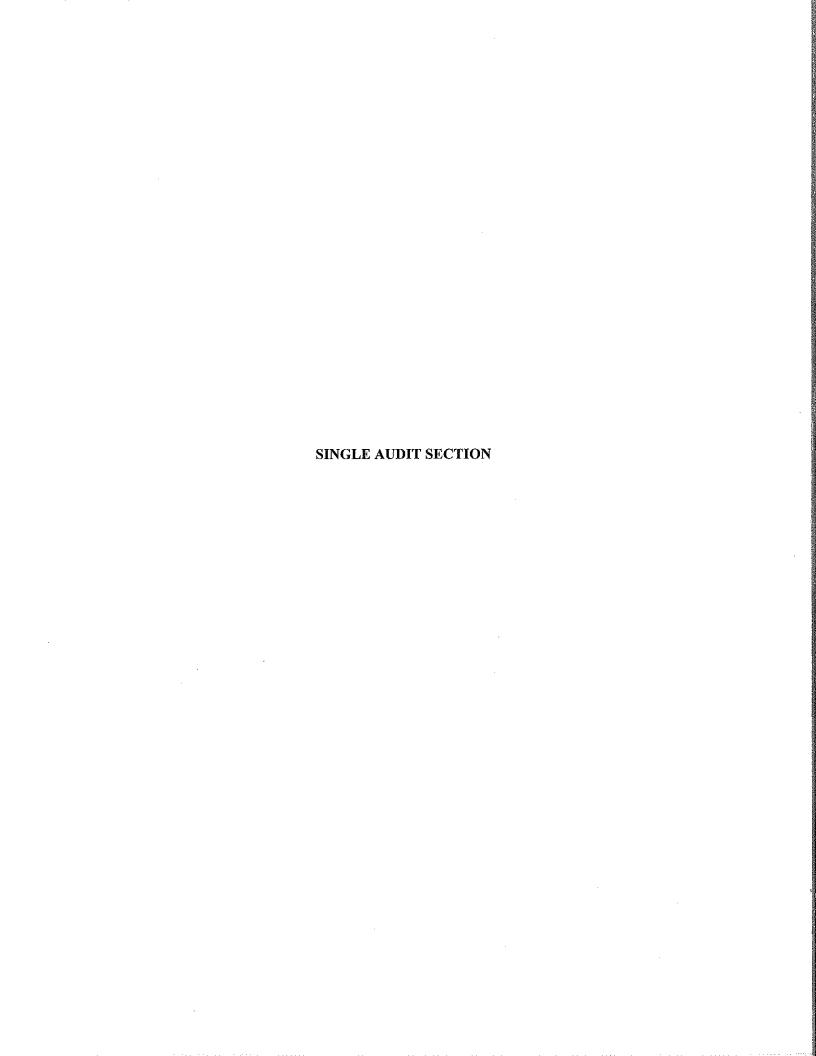
GASB required that ten years of statistical data be presented. The District only has five years of information available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is present.

Source: District records.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE JUNE 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

School Alliance Insurance Fund	Coverage	<u>Ded</u>	<u>uctible</u>
Conodi Amanoc insurance i unu			
Property & Damage (Buildings and Personal Property)	\$ 68,484,418	\$	5,000
EDP Hardware and Software	200,000		250
Business Income	26,125		
Extra Expense	1,000,000		
Commercial Auto Coverage	5,000,000		1,000
Comprehensive General Liability	5,000,000		
Excess Liability	5,000,000		
Pollution Liability	1,000,000		
School Board Legal Liability	10,000,000		10,000
			•
Selective Insurance Company			
Public Official Bonds			
Treasurer	275,000		
Business Administrator/Board Secretary	275,000		
Employee Dishonesty	400,000		
NICL ID A Lower Comm			
N.J. School Boards Insurance Group	2,000,000		
Workers' Compensation - Section "B" Employer's Liability	2,000,000		
Chubb Insurance Company			
Supplemental Workers' Compensation - Title 18A	Statutory		
Supplemental Workers Companions 1100 1011			
Fireman's Fund Insurance Company			
Catastrophic Excess - Aggregate	50,000,000		
Bollinger Insurance Company			
Student Accident	5,000,000		

Source: School District's records





LERCH, VINCI & HIGGINS, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS EXH

REGISTERED MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTANTS

EXHIBIT K-1

DIETER P. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY J. VINCI, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY W. HIGGINS, CPA, RMA, PSA JEFFREY C. BLISS, CPA, RMA, PSA PAUL J. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA DONNA L. JAPHET, CPA, PSA JULIUS B. CONSONI, CPA, PSA ANDREW D. PARENTE, CPA, RMA, PSA ELIZABETH A. SHICK, CPA, RMA, PSA ROBERT W. HAAG, CPA, PSA DEBORAH K. LERCH, CPA, PSA RALPH M. PICONE, CPA, RMA, PSA DEBRA GOLLE, CPA CINDY JANACEK, CPA, RMA MARK SACO, CPA SHERYL M. NICOLOSI, CPA, PSA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Morris-Union Jointure Commission New Providence, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LEACH, Vinci & HISSING, LGP

LERCH, VINCI & HIGGINS, LLP Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Jeffrey C. Bliss

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS00932

Fair Lawn, New Jersey October 18, 2017



LERCH, VINCI & HIGGINS, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REGISTERED MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTANTS

EXHIBIT K-2

DIETER P. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY J. VINCI, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY W. HIGGINS, CPA, RMA, PSA JEFFREY C. BLISS, CPA, RMA, PSA PAUL J. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA DONNA L. JAPHET, CPA, PSA JULIUS B. CONSONI, CPA, PSA ANDREW D. PARENTE, CPA, RMA, PSA ELIZABETH A. SHICK, CPA, RMA, PSA ROBERT W. HAAG, CPA, PSA DEBORAH K. LERCH, CPA, PSA RALPH M. PICONE, CPA, RMA, PSA DEBRA GOLLE, CPA CINDY JANACEK, CPA, RMA MARK SACO, CPA SHERYL M. NICOLOSI, CPA, PSA

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AS REQUIRED BY **NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 15-08**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Morris-Union Jointure Commission New Providence, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Morris-Union Jointure Commission's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state financial assistance applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Those standards, U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey Circular require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Morris-Union Jointure Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission's internal control over compliance.

A <u>deficiency</u> in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A <u>material weakness in internal control over compliance</u> is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A <u>significant deficiency in internal control over compliance</u> is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2017, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance as required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

LERCH. Viver & HISSINS, LLP

LERCH, VINCI & HIGGINS, LLP Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Jeffrey C. Bliss

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS00932

Fair Lawn, New Jersey October 18, 2017

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

											Bal	ance June 30, 20	117	ME	мо
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	FAIN <u>Number</u>	Grant <u>Number</u>	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award Amount	Balance July 1, 2016	Adjustment	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary Expenditures	Refund Prior Year's <u>Balances</u>	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenues	Due to Grantor	GAAP Receivable	Cumulative Total Expenditures
Enterprise Fund School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Cash Assistance Non-cash Assistance	10.553 10.553 10.555	171NJ304N1099 16161NJ304N1099 171NJ304N1099 16161NJ304N1099	N/A N/A N/A	7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/15-6/30/16 7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/15-6/30/16 7/1/16-6/30/17	\$ 22,331 21,451 43,459 41,820 13,187	\$ (1,172) (2,274)		\$ 20,793 1,172 40,460 2,274 13,187	\$ 22,331 43,459 12,860		\$ (1,538) (2,999)	\$ 327		\$ (1,538) \$ (2,999)	43,459 - 12,860
Non-cash Assistance Total Enterprise Fund				7/1/15-6/30/16	13,729	(2.593)		77,886	79,503		(4,537)	327		(4,537)	853 79,503
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through State Department of Education															
Special Revenue Fund:															
IDEA Part B- IEP's for Life Competitive Grant	84.127A	H127A1601XX	17E00117	9/1/16-8/31/17	299,855		•	117,741	214,950	-	(182,114)	84,905	-	(97,209)	214,950
Total Special Revenue Fund							*	117,741	214,950	-	(182,114)	84,905		 (97,209) 	214,950
Total Federal Financial Assistance						\$ (2,593)	<u>s -</u>	\$ 195,627	\$ 294,453	<u>s</u> -	\$ (186,651)	S 85,232	<u>s -</u>	 <u>\$ (101,746)</u> <u>\$</u>	294,453

FAIN numbers are only applicable for current year grant awards.

This schedule was not subject to Single Audit in accordance with U.S. Uniform Guidance.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

									Bal	ance June 30, 20	017	МЕМО
	Grant or State	Grant	Award	Balance	Carryover	Cash	Budgetary	Refund Prior Year's	(Accounts	Deferred	Due to	Cumulative GAAP Total
<u>Program Title</u>	Project Number	<u>Period</u>	<u>Amount</u>	July 1, 2016	Amount	Received	Expenditures	Balance	Receivable)	Revenues	Grantor	Receivable Expenditures
State Department of Education												
120												
General Fund Reimbursed Social Security Contributions Reimbursed Social Security Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Pension Benefit Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Pension System-NCGI Premium On-Behalf TPAF Long Term Disability Ins. Premium On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement-Medical Benefits Total General Fund	17-495-034-5094-003 16-495-034-5094-003 17-495-034-5094-002 17-495-034-5094-004 17-495-034-5094-004 17-495-034-5094-001	7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/15-6/30/16 7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/16-6/30/17	\$ 590,589 584,401 779,341 28,237 461 672,896	\$ (4,965) 		\$ 564,170 4,965 779,341 28,237 461 672,896	\$ 590,589 779,341 28,237 461 672,896 2,071,524		\$ (26,419) - - - - - - (26,419)			\$ (26,419) \$ 590,589
State Department of Agriculture												
Enterprise Fund National School Lunch Program State Share National School Lunch Program State Share	17-100-010-3350-023 16-100-010-3350-023	7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/15-6/30/16	1,315 1,370	(71)		1,223 71	1,315		(92)			(92) 1,315
Total Enterprise Fund				(71)		1,294	1,315		(92)			(92) 1,315
Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Single Audit Determ	nination			(5,036)		2,051,364	2,072,839		(26,511)			(26,511) 2,072,839
State Financial Assistance Not Subject to Major Program Dete	rmination											
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Benefit Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Pension System-NCGI Prem. On-Behalf TPAF Pension System-Long Term Disability On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement-Medical	17-495-034-5094-002 17-495-034-5094-004 17-495-034-5094-004 17-495-034-5094-001	7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/16-6/30/17 7/1/16-6/30/17	779,341 28,237 461 672,896			(779,341) (28,237) (461) (672,896)	(779,341) (28,237) (461) (672,896)			-		(779,341) (28,237) (461) - (672,896)
Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Major Program De	termination			\$ (5,036)	<u>s </u>	\$ 570,429	S 591,904	<u>s </u>	\$ (26,511)	<u>s - </u>	<u>s - </u>	\$ (26,511) \$ 591,904

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules present the activity of all federal and state financial assistance programs of the Morris-Union Jointure Commission Board of Education. The Commission is defined in Note 1(A) to the Board's financial statements. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are prepared and presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Notes 1(C) to the Board's financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (U.S. Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid". Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not.

There is no adjustment neccessary to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis for the special revenue fund. See the Notes to Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Board's financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented as follows:

	<u>Federal</u>		State	<u>Total</u>
General Fund		\$	2,071,524	\$ 2,071,524
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 214,950			214,950
Food Service Fund	 79,503	_	1,315	 80,818
Total Financial Assistance	\$ 294,453	\$	2,072,839	\$ 2,367,292

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules may not necessarily agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports due to timing differences between the Commission's fiscal year and grant program years.

NOTE 5 OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program as non-cash assistance represent current year value received and current year distributions, respectively. TPAF Social Security contributions in the amount of \$590,589 represents the amount reimbursed by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The amount reported as TPAF Pension System Contributions in the amount of \$807,758, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions in the amount of \$672,896 and TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance in the amount of \$461 represents the amount paid by the State on behalf of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 6 ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension, Post-Retirement Medical Benefits and Long-Term Disability Insurance Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Commission's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7 DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The Commission has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on financial statements	Unmodified						
Internal control over financial reporting:							
1) Were material weakness(es) identified?	yes X_no						
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yesX None Reported						
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	yesXno						
Federal Awards Section - NOT APPLICABLE							
State Awards Section							
Internal Control over major programs:							
(1) Were material weakness(es) identified?	yes Xno						
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes X None Reported						
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with N.J. Circular Letter 15-08	yesXno						
Identification of major state programs:							
GMIS Number	Name of State Program or Cluster						
17-495-034-5094-003	Reimbursed Social Security Contributions						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X ves no						

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Part 2 - Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the basic financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 5.18 of *Government Auditing Standards*.

THERE ARE NONE

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Part 3 - Schedule of Federal and State Award Findings and Responses

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by OMB U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Part 3 - Schedule of Federal and State Award Findings and Responses

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by OMB U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

CURRENT YEAR STATE AWARDS

THERE ARE NONE

MORRIS-UNION JOINTURE COMMISSION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There are none.