COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NEW JERSEY FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2017 TABLE OF CONTENTS

IN	ITR	OD	TIC	TOR	V	SE	CT	M	N	
11.		CL		$1\mathbf{V}\mathbf{N}$		יענ	LI.	IV)	T.	

	er of Transmittal	
	ter of Trustees and Officers	
Con	sultants and Advisors	7
FIN	NANCIAL SECTION	
Inde	ependent Auditor's Report on General Purpose Financial Statements	
	and Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
	and State Financial Assistance	7
Requ	uired Supplementary Information - Part I	
-	Management's Discussion and Analysis	. 10
Basi	ic Financial Statements:	
A. S	School-wide Financial Statements	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	. 21
	Statement of Activities	
В. І	Fund Financial Statements:	
	rernmental Funds:	
	Balance Sheet	
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	. 24
B-3	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	~ ~
	in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	. 25
Prop	prietary Funds:	
	Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	
B-6	Statement of Cash Flows	. 28
Fidu	iciary Funds:	
B-7	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	. 29
B-8	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	. 30
Note	es to Financial Statements	. 31
Req	uired Supplementary Information - Part II	
C. I	Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
C-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund	. 61
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund	

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2017 TABLE OF CONTENTS

Note	es to Required Supplementary Information:	
C-3	Budget to GAAP Reconciliation	66
Req	uired Supplementary Information - Part III	
L. S	Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68):	
L-2	Schedule of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-PERS Schedule of Charter School Contributions - PERS	68
	Schedule of the Charter School Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-TPAF Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedules	
Oth	er Supplementary Information	
E. S	Special Revenue Fund:	
E-1	Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures, Special Revenue Fund - Budgetary Basis	71
G. 1	Proprietary Funds:	
Ente	erprise Fund:	
	Combining Statement of Net Position	72
G- 2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	73
G-3	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Fidu	iciary Funds:	
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
H-2 H-3		
TT 4	and Disbursements	77
П-4	and Disbursements	78
H-5	Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund	
J. F	inancial Trends:	
J-1	Net Position by Component	
J-2	Changes in Net Position	
J-3 J-4	Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
J. R	Revenue Capacity:	
J-5	General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source	84
	Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2017 TABLE OF CONTENTS

J-7	Direct and Overlapping Properties	86
J-8	Principal Property Taxpayers	87
J. D	Debt Capacity:	
J-9	Property Tax Levies and Collections	88
J-10	ė į	
J-11	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	90
J-12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	91
J. D	Demographic and Economic Information:	
J-13	Legal Debt Margin Information	92
J-14	Demographic and Economic Statistics	93
J. O	Operating Information:	
J-15	Principal Employers	94
J-16	Full Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function/Program	95
J-17	Operating Statistics	96
J-18	$\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$	
J-19	<u>*</u>	
J-20	Insurance Schedule	99
J. C	Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators:	
J-21	Near Term Indicators	100
J-22		
SIN	IGLE AUDIT SECTION K.	
K-1	Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial	
	Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
	Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing	
	Standards	102
K-2	Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each	
	Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in	
	Accordance with The Uniform Guidance and New Jersey	101
	OMB Circular letter 15-08	
K-3	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Exhibit K-3	
K-4	Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Exhibit K-4	
K-5	Notes to the Schedule of Awards and Financial Assistance	
K-6 K-7	Schedule of Findings of Noncompliance	
V- /	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	113



Roseville Community Charter School

Marshaé Newkirk, School Director Karyn Wright-Moore, Board of Trustees President

Collaboration | Honesty | Excellence | Effort | Respect

Preparing every student for academic excellence in high school, college, and beyond.

December 2, 2017

Commissioner
New Jersey Department of Education
100 Riverview Executive Plaza
CN 500
Trenton, NJ 08625

Dear Commissioner:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Roseville Community Charter School for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2017, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the school. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the school. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the school's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter and list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report. The statistical section includes audited data from the school's first six fiscal years. The school is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the requirements of 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (U.S. Uniform Guidance), "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments." Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations is included in the single audit section of this report.

1) **REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES** The Roseville Community Charter School constitutes an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All funds and account groups of the entity are included in this report.

Roseville Community Charter School (RCCS) was chartered by The New Jersey Department of Education in July 2011. The school, currently in its 7th year of operation, serves 328 students in grades K-4. Roseville Community Charter School rents space at 540 Orange Street in Newark, formerly the St. Rose of Lima School.

- 2) **ENROLLMENT OUTLOOK:** Roseville Community Charter School is currently chartered as a K-4 elementary school with a maximum enrollment of 330 students. The school has plans for an eventual expansion, with the goal of serving students in grades preK-8.
- 3) MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS Roseville Community Charter School is a small, public elementary school located in Newark, New Jersey. The school was founded in collaboration with the Newark Charter School Fund and New Community Corporation in order to provide an option for an excellent education in the Roseville community of Newark. Roseville Community Charter School's mission is to prepare every student for academic excellence in high school, college, and beyond. The school's focus on college preparation is embodied in its intense focus on literacy in the primary grades. Further, the school has established high expectations within a nurturing and supportive environment. Through small group, one-on-one, and whole class instruction, the school provides increased support to all students.

Roseville Community Charter School reflects an environment that fosters high student achievement. The school was able to establish an environment that promotes learning through a variety of approaches including ongoing professional development, celebrating student progress, regular communications with families, and a focus on building a positive school culture. In addition, the school places great emphasis on reinforcing our core values on a daily basis.

In 2014-2015, Roseville Community Charter School's charter was renewed for five (5) years. Roseville Community Charter School is moving forward in its mission to prepare every student for academic excellence in high school, college, and beyond. In 2016, 3rd and 4th graders demonstrated significant growth on the PARCC, with ELA and Math gains ranging from 7-29% above 2015 scores.

Roseville Community Charter School has seen generally steady increases in ELA and Math performance on the PARCC exam. We continue to increase the number of students approaching, meeting, or exceeding proficiency while decreasing the percentage of students who are not meeting proficiency. This year, 76% of scholars approached, met, or exceeded proficiency in ELA while 71% did so in Mathematics. These rates are up 8% and 5% respectively. We attribute this growth to curriculum alignment and a greater focus on the school's instructional priorities: in math, focusing on the major content of the grade; in ELA, text dependent questions and text complexity. We invested heavily on instructional planning and data analysis.

4) <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS:</u> Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity

with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognized that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits like to be derived: and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the school also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the school management.

As part of the school's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the school has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) **BUDGETARY CONTROLS:** In addition to internal accounting controls, the school maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the school and the State of New Jersey. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal period is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balances at June 30, 2017.

- 6) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS: The Charter Schools' accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the school is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 1.
- 7) **FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL PERIOD–END:** As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of report, the school continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.
- **8**) The following schedule presents a summary of the general fund and special revenue fund for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2017.

Revenue	Amount	Percent of Total
Local	\$ 636,193	9%
State	5,435,065	80%
Special Revenue	408,990	7%
Misc.	53,145	1%
Enterprise Fund	220,096	3%
Total	\$6,753,489	<u>100%</u>

The following schedule presents a summary of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund and Enterprise Fund expenditures for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2017.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total
Current - General Fund	\$4,442,552	88%
Special Revenue	433,740	9%
Enterprise Fund	<u> 185,531</u>	<u>3%</u>
Total	\$5,061,823	100%

- 9) <u>CASH MANAGEMENT:</u> The investment policy of the school is guided in large by the state Statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 2. The school had adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with failed banking institutions in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **10**) **RISK MANAGEMENT:** The school carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, and hazard and theft insurance on property and Contents.

11) OTHER INFORMATION:

<u>Independent Audit</u> – State statutes require an annual audit by an independent Certified Public Accountant or Registered Municipal Accountant. The Accounting firm of Gerald D. Longo, CPA was selected by the Charter School.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the state statutes, the Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.

Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable *laws and regulations* and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Marshae Newkirk School Director

ROSTER OF TRUSTEES JUNE 30, 2017

BOARD OF TRUSTEES	<u>TERM EXPIRES</u>
Rashon Hasan, Trustee, Voting	7/2018
Sara Pena, Trustee, Voting	4/2018
Dana Murray, Trustee, Voting	7/2018
Shakerra Malachi-Chang, Trustee, Voting	2/2018

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS June 30, 2017

AUDIT FIRM

Gerald D. Longo, CPA 62 Old Queens Blvd. Manalapan, NJ 07726-3648

ATTORNEYS

Perry L. Lattiboudere, Esq.
Adams Stern Gutierrez & Lattiboudere, LLC
The Legal Center
1037 Raymond Blvd., Suite 900
Newark, New Jersey 07102
Phone (973) 735-2742
Fax (973) 735-2743

OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY

PNC Bank Newark, NJ



GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 62 OLD QUEENS BLVD. MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768

FAX 732 792-0868

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Trustees of the Roseville Community Charter School, County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Roseville Community Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management,

as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville Community Charter School as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information* as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the, purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information which consists of the introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not are required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, respectively, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statement information, and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, are the responsibility of management and such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used

to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other information such as the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 2, 2017 on my consideration of the Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

herall longo

December 2, 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

This section of Roseville Community Charter School annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal period that ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Board's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2016-17 fiscal period include the following:

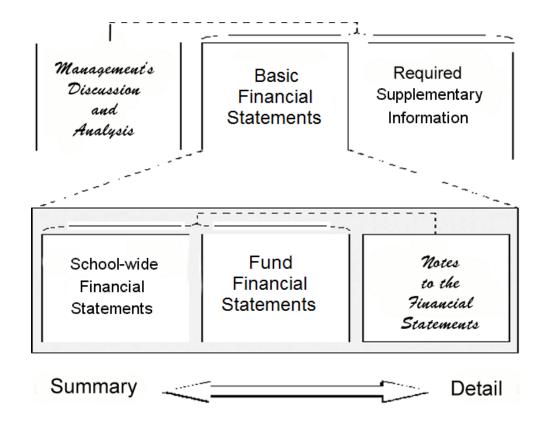
- Total Net Position was \$4,725,502, after pension adjustment of (\$835,357) (Note 16).
- The unrestricted General Fund and Enterprise Fund balance at June 30, 2017 is \$5,525,264.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information that includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Roseville Community Charter School.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Figure A-1. Required Components of the Board's Annual Financial Report



- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both shortterm and long-term information about the Roseville Community Charter School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Roseville Community Charter School, reporting the Roseville Community Charter School's operation in more detail than the school-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the Food Service activities the Roseville Community Charter School operates like businesses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide data that are more detailed. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Roseville Community Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Roseville Community Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 - Major Features of the School-wide and Financial Statements

	School-wide <u>Statement</u> s	<u>Fund Financial St</u> Governmental Funds	atements Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Roseville Community Charter School that are for the school operations and not proprietary or fiduciary, such as teachers' salaries, special education and building maintenance, food	Activities the Roseville Community Charter School operates similar to private businesses: Internal service fund
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	service, and community education Balance sheet	Statement of net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenue expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon there after; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

School-wide Statements

The school-wide statements report information about the Roseville Community Charter School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Roseville Community Charter School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the Roseville Community Charter School's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the Roseville Community Charter School's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the Roseville Community Charter School's financial health or position.

In the school-wide financial statements, the Roseville Community Charter School's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities- Most of the Roseville Community Charter School's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities* The Roseville Community Charter School's Food Service Fund and the after school program are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Roseville Community Charter School's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Roseville Community Charter School as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the Roseville Community Charter School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

• Some funds are required by State law.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The Roseville Community Charter School use other funds, established in accordance with the State of New Jersey Uniform Chart, to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is property using certain revenues (e.g., federal funds).

The Roseville Community Charter School has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds- Most of the Roseville Community Charter School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Roseville Community Charter School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Proprietary funds** Services for which the Roseville Community Charter School charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the school-wide statements.
- **Fiduciary funds** The Roseville Community Charter School is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others such as scholarship fund, payroll and payroll agency funds, and student activity funds. The Roseville Community Charter School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Roseville Community Charter School's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. I exclude these activities from the Roseville Community Charter School's government-wide financial statements because the Roseville Community Charter School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net position. The Roseville Community Charter School's net position is \$4,804,042 as of June 30, 2017. (See Table A-1).

Governmental

\$4,804,042

The Statement of Net Position of \$35,596 reflects total capital assets at June 30, 2017 net of assumed depreciation from inception.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The Roseville Community Charter School's financial position is the product of these factors:

- Special Revenue Fund Revenues were \$433,740
- Special Revenue Fund Expenditures were \$433,740
- General Fund Revenues were \$6,099,653.
- General Fund Expenditures were \$4,442,552.

Table A-1 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

	Total
Current and Other Assets	\$5,704,382
Deferred Pension Outflows	1,073,018
Capital Assets (Including Business Activities)	35,596
Total Assets	\$6,812,996
Other Liabilities	100,579
Net Pension Liability	1,908,375
Deferred Pension Inflows	0
Total Liabilities	2,008,954
Net Position:	
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	35,596
Restricted	0
Unrestricted	4,768,446
Total Net Position	\$4,804,042
F 15 1 04/00/17	Φ 5
Fund Balance - 06/30/17	\$5,603,803
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	35,596
Net Position before Pension Adjustment - 06/30/17	5,639,399
Less: Pension Adjustment (Note 16)	(835,357)
Net Position - 06/30/17	\$4,804,042

Total Governmental and Business Activities revenues & beginning assets are adjusted by net adjusted expenditures resulting in a calculation of net position of \$4,804,042 as of June 30, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Table A-2 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues	Total	%
Program revenues		
Charges for services		
Operating grants and contributions		
General revenues		
Local Share	636,193	9%
Federal and State Aid-Unrestricted	5,435,065	80%
Federal aid-Restricted	408,990	7%
Other	33,484	1%
Enterprise Fund	220,096	3%
Total revenues	\$ 6,733,828	100%
Expenses		
Regular Instruction	2,139,542	42%
General Administrative	1,352,283	26%
School Administrative	908,342	19%
On-behalf TPAF Social Security	476,125	9%
Enterprise Fund	185,531	4%
Total expenses	\$ 5,061,823	100%
Increase in net position	1,672,005	
Net Position - Beginning July 1, 2016	3,352,332	
Decrease in Capital Assets	(\$16,785)	
Net Position Before Pension Adjustments	\$5,007,552	
Pension Adjustments(Note 16)	(\$203,369)	
Net Position - End of Year June 30, 2017	\$ 4,804,183	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Table A-3 (See Exhibit A-2) ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Functions/Programs	Source	_	otal Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Governmental Activities				
Instruction				
Regular	B-2	\$	2,139,542	\$ 2,139,542
Support Services				
General Administrative Services	B-2		1,352,283	1,352,283
School Administrative Services	B-2		908,342	908,342
On-behalf TPAF Social Security	B-2		476,125	476,125
Capital Outlay	B-2		-	-
Enterprise Fund	G-2		185,531	185,531
Total Governmental Activities		\$	5,061,823	\$ 5,061,823

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDS

The financial performance of the Roseville Community Charter School as a whole is reflected in its governmental activities Exhibit A-2. As the Roseville Community Charter School completed the year, its general funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,525,263.

Revenues for the Roseville Community Charter School's governmental funds were \$6,753,489 while total expenses were \$5,061,823. (Table A-4) (Exhibit B-2)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the Roseville Community Charter School in providing educational services to students from grade K through grade 3.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The following schedule presents a summary of Government Revenues.

Table A-4 (See Exhibit B-2) ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Governmental Revenues - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

		Year Ended		Year Ended		Increase	
General Fund Revenues		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	(Decrease)		
Local Sources:							
Local Share	\$	636,193	\$	740,016	\$	(103,823)	
Other Local Revenue		53,145		75,058		(21,913)	
Total Local Sources	\$	689,338	\$	815,074	\$	(125,736)	
Intergovernmental							
State Sources		5,435,065		5,148,102		286,963	
Federal Sources		408,990		257,056		151,934	
Enterprise Fund		220,096		223,133			
Total Intergovernmental Sources	\$	6,064,151	\$	5,628,291	\$	435,860	
Total Revenue	\$	6,753,489	\$	6,443,365	\$	310,124	

The following schedule presents a summary of Governmental expenditures.

Table A-5 (See Exhibit B-2) ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Governmental Expenditures - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

General Fund Expenditures	_	Year Ended		Amount of Increase (Decrease)		
Current:						
Regular Instruction	\$	2,139,542	\$	2,472,370	\$	(332,828)
General Administrative Services		1,352,283		1,372,034		(19,751)
School Administration		908,342		949,683		(41,341)
On-behalf TPAF Social Security		476,125		394,713		81,412
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Food Service		185,531		197,117		(11,586)
Total Expenditures	\$	5,061,823	\$	5,385,917	\$	(324,094)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

UNRESERVED-UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF EXPENDITURES

The following table shows the General Fund unreserved-undesignated fund balance.

Table A-6 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Unreserved General Fund Balances - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

General Fund	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Unreserved-Undesignated						
Fund Balance	5,525,264	3,912,139	2,854,691	1,600,908	750,036	266,850
Expenditures	5,061,823	5,585,917	4,605,090	3,640,598	2,871,178	1,715,523
Percentages	109%	70%	61%	44%	26%	16%

The Roseville Community Charter School values its fund balances as a vehicle for addressing unbudgeted and emergent needs that occur during school year. The amount of General Fund balance designated to support the subsequent years budgets \$5,525,264 for the 2017-18 school year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, in the General Fund, the Roseville Community Charter School had invested \$117,504 in a broad range of computers, audio-visual equipment and equipment, etc. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements) and Total General Fund depreciation expense for the year was \$16,785.

Table A-7 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Capital Assets - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Equipment	\$117,504
Total - General Fund	\$117,504
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(81,908)
Total - Net Capital Assets General Fund	\$35,596

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Roseville Community Charter School was aware of these existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The State of New Jersey passed legislation which imposes a 2% cap on the underlying school District's tax levy.
- Future State Aid may be reduced due to the State's new criteria utilized in calculating allocations of State Aid.

CONTACTING THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Roseville Community Charter School's finances and to demonstrate the Roseville Community Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Roseville Community Charter School, 540 Orange Street, Newark, New Jersey 07107.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
The basic financial statements provide a financial overview of the Roseville Community Charter School's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and operating results of all funds as of June 30, 2017.
Charter School's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and
Charter School's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and
Charter School's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and
Charter School's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,990,927	\$	39,394	\$	5,030,321
Receivables, net		634,915		39,146		674,061
Capital assets, net		35,596				35,596
Total Assets		5,661,438		78,540		5,739,978
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension deferred outflows		1,073,018				1,073,018
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	6,734,456	\$	78,540	\$	6,812,996
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		65,376		-		65,376
Payable to school districts		8,500				8,500
Payable to federal government		-				-
Payable to state government		-				-
Deferred revenue		26,703				26,703
Net pension liability		1,908,375				1,908,375
Total liabilities		2,008,954				2,008,954
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension deferred inflows						
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		35,596		-		35,596
Restricted for:		-				
Debt service						
Capital reserve		-				-
Unrestricted (Note 16)		4,689,906		78,540		4,768,446
Total net position	\$	4,725,502	\$	78,540	\$	4,804,042
Fund Balance June 30, 2017 - B-1		\$5,525,263				
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation		35,596				
Net position before pension adjustments		5,560,859				
Less pension adjustments net (Note 16) (Deficit)		(835,357)				
Total net position - June 30, 2017		\$4,725,502				

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit A-2

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenue	es	Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Governmental activities:							-			
Instruction:										
Regular	\$ (2,154,742)		\$ (433,740)		\$ (1,721,002)		\$ (1,721,002)			
Support services:	0									
General administatrion	(1,337,083)		-		\$ (1,337,083)		\$ (1,337,083)			
School administrative services/ operations plant serv.	(908,342)				(908,342)		(908,342)			
On - behalf TPAF Social Security	(476,125)				(476,125)		(476,125)			
Capital Outlay	(4.976.202)		(422.740)		(4.442.552)		- (4.442.552)			
Total governmental activities	(4,876,292)		(433,740)		(4,442,552)		(4,442,552)			
Business-type activities: Food Service and After School Program		(185,531)				(185,531)	(185,531)			
Total business-type activities		(185,531)				(185,531)	(185,531)			
Total primary government	(\$4,876,292)	\$ (185,531)	\$ (433,740)	-	\$ (4,442,552)	\$ (185,531)	\$ (4,628,083)			
Total primary government	(ψ1,070,252)	ψ (103,331)	ψ (133,710)		ψ (1,112,332)	ψ (105,551)	ψ (1,020,003)			
	General revenues	:								
		Local Share			636,193		636,193			
		State Share			4,773,917	2,876	4,773,917			
		State and Feder	al Aid		661,148	217,220	878,368			
		Miscellaneous 1	Income		28,395		28,395			
		Increase in net C	Capital Outlay		(16,785)		(16,785)			
	Total general rev	enues, special ite	ms, extraordinary		6,082,868	220,096	6,300,088			
	•	Net Position			1,640,316	34,565	1,672,005			
	Increase (Decreas	se) in Pension De	eficit - Note 16		(223,170)		(223,170)			
	Net Position - Jul				3,308,356	43,976	3,352,332			
	Net Position - Jun	ne 30, 2017			\$ 4,725,502	\$ 78,541	\$ 4,804,043			

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.





Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,364,714	\$ (373,787)	\$ 4,990,927
Investments	-	, , , ,	. , ,
Receivables, net	225,925_	408,990	634,915
Total assets	\$ 5,590,639	\$ 35,203	\$ 5,625,842
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Cash Overdraft			
Accounts payable	65,376	-	65,376
Payable to federal government		-	
Payable to School Districts	-	8,500	8,500
Payable to state government	-	26.702	2 (702
Deferred revenue	<u> </u>	26,703	26,703
Total liabilities	65,376	35,203	100,579
Fund Balances: Reserved for:			
Encumbrances			
Legally restricted unexpended			
additional spending proposal			
Legally restricted designated for			
subsequent year's expenditures			
Capital reserve	_		
Excess surplus	-		
Excess surplus designated for			
Subsequent year's expenditures			
Unreserved, reported in:			
General fund	5,525,263		5,525,263
Capital projects fund			
Permanent fund			
Total Fund balances	5,525,263		5,525,263
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,590,639		
Amounts reported for governmental activities (A-1) are different because:	in the statement of net position		
Capital assets used in governmental activities	are not financial rescources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds. The		\$ 117,504	
and the accumulated depreciation		(81,908)	
•			35,596
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable current period and therefore are not reported (see Note 2)			
Deferred pension liability			(1,908,375)
Net position before pension adjustments - Jur	ne 30, 2017		\$ 3,652,484
Pension Deferred - Inflows (Note 16)	30, 2017		1,073,018
Pension Deferred - Outflows (Note 16)			1,075,010
Net Position of government activities - June 3	80 2017		\$ 4,725,502
1 osmon of government activities - June 3	50, 2017		φ 4,725,302

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Local Share	\$	636,193		\$	636,193	
State Share		4,773,917			4,773,917	
Miscellaneous		28,395	24,750		53,145	
Total - Local Sources		5,438,505	 		5,463,255	
State Sources		661,148	-		661,148	
Federal Sources			 408,990		408,990	
Total Revenues		6,099,653	433,740		6,533,393	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Regular instruction	\$	1,721,002	\$ 418,540	\$	2,139,542	
Support services- General Administrative		1,337,083	15,200		1,352,283	
Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se		908,342			908,342	
On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med		476,125			476,125	
Capital outlay		-			-	
Total expenditures		4,442,552	 433,740		4,876,292	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		1,657,101	 		1,657,101	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-			_	
Transfers out		-			-	
Total other financing sources and uses *		-			-	
Net change in fund balances		1,657,101			1,657,101	
Fund balance - July 1, 2016		3,868,163	 		3,868,163	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$	5,525,264		\$	5,525,264	

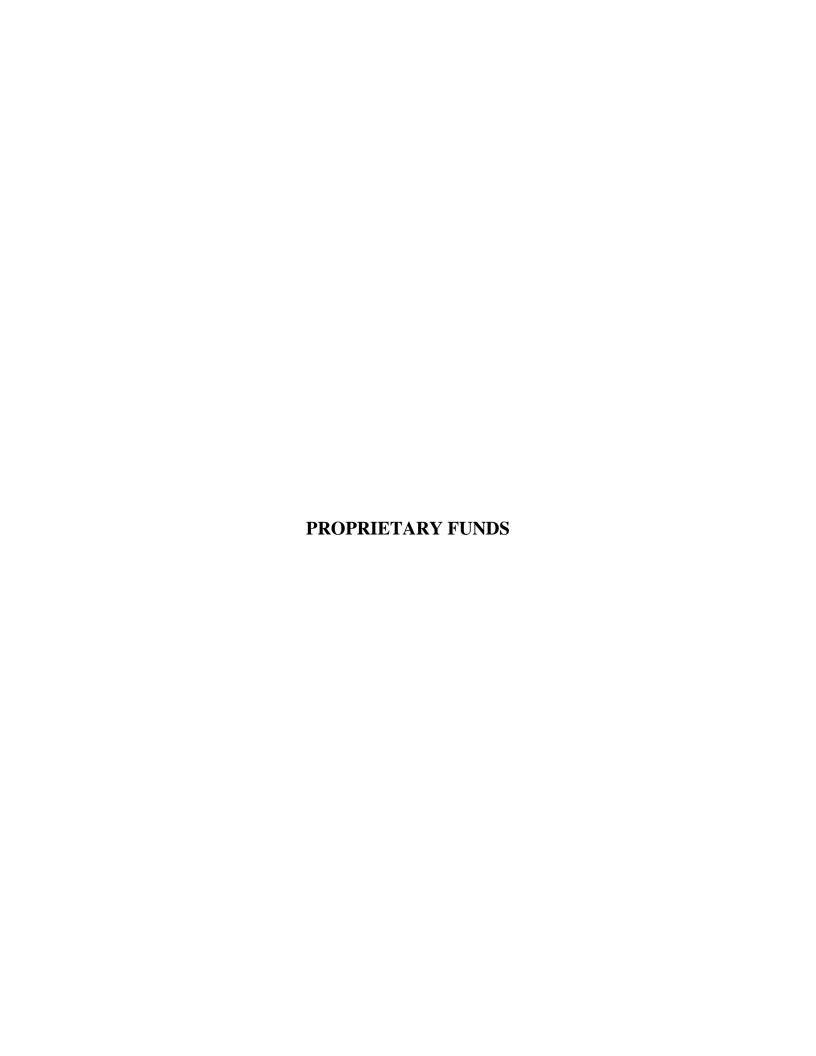
The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			 General Fund
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)			\$ 1,657,101
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.			
	Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$ (16,785)	
			\$ (16,785)
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments interest costs, administrative costs, investment returns, and experience/assu by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pen	s, including service and imption. This is the amount		
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)			\$ 1,640,316

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities Enterprise funds
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,394
Accounts receivable	38,636
Other receivables	511
Total current assets	78,541
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	
Furniture, machinery & equipment	
Less accumulated depreciation	
Total noncurrent assets	
Total assets	\$ 78,541
	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Cash overdraft	-
Accounts payable	-
77 - 1	
Total current liabilities	- _
Total liabilities	
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets net of	
related debt	
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	
Unrestricted	78,541
Total net position	\$ 78,541

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services:	
Daily sales - Reimbursable programs and Special Lunch Program Total operating revenues	\$ -
Total operating revenues	
Operating expenses:	
Cost of sales	
Salaries and Benefits	-
Supplies, Materials and Other Expenses	(185,531)
Total Operating Expenses	(185,531)
Operating income (loss)	(185,531)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
State sources:	
State school lunch program	2,876
Federal sources:	
National school breakfast program	242
National school lunch program	59,405
National School Snack Program	157,573
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	220,096
Income (loss) before contributions & transfers	34,565
Transfers in (out)	
Change in net assets	34,565
Total net position - July 1, 2016	43,976
Total net position - June 30, 2017	\$ 78,541

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B-6

Business-type

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Activities Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Participants Payments to employees and benefits Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ - (185,531) (185,531)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State and Federal Sources Operating subsidies and transfers to other funds Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities	193,548 193,548	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Increase In Fixed Assets Proceeds from sale/maturities of investments Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash Balances—beginning of year Cash Balances—end of year	8,017 31,377 \$ 39,394	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	34,565	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Depreciation and net amortization (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in USDA Commonities Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(26,548)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 8,017	

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



Exhibit B-7

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

Exhibit B-8

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE



Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

1. <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY</u>

Roseville Community Charter School (the "Charter School") was incorporated in the State of New Jersey in 2012 as a non-for-profit corporation for the purpose of operating and maintaining a public school under a charter granted by the State of New Jersey, which promotes comprehensive educational reform by infusing innovation into the public education system. It is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Charter School's Board of Trustees (the Board) is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is appointed by Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School. Under the existing the statutes, the Charter School's duties and powers include, but not limited to the development and adoption of a school program; the establishment, organization and operation of schools; and the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units to be included in the reporting entity. Further, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

The Roseville Community Charter School Board of Trustees also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

Its mission is to establish a charter school to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. The Roseville Community Charter School is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Roseville Community Charter School is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Roseville Community Charter School (the "Charter School") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board publication, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, Section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity.

The basic criterion for inclusion or exclusion from the financial reporting entity is the exercise of oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency and a resulting financial benefit or burden relationship, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, certain legally separate, tax-exempt entities that meet specific criteria (i.e. benefit of economic resources, access/entitlement to economic resources and significances) should be included in the financial reporting entity. The combined financial statements include all funds of the school over which the Board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Charter School Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) requires that all funds be reported as major, as it is considered important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter Schools financial reporting in the State of New Jersey.

B Fund Accounting

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Governmental Funds

The following are the Charter Schools' major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2017 there was no Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows.

The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those to similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Enterprise Funds - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary or trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. This fund category includes:

Trust Funds - Expendable Trust Funds (unemployment compensation) are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental funds. The unemployment compensation trust fund is used to account for contributions from employees and the employer (the Charter School) and interest earned on the balance as well as payments to the State for reimbursements of unemployment claims.

Agency Funds – Agency funds (Payroll, Health Benefits and Student Activity Fund) are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involved measurement of results of operations.

C Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. **Basis of accounting** refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total position) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i. e the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determine and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental funds revenues.

D Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue fund. The budgets are submitted to the County Office and the Education Commissioner for approval. Budgets except for the special revenue fund which is prepared using a non-GAAP budgetary basis, are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by Charter School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L. 2004 c73 (S1701). The Board of Trustees did not make any material supplemental budgetary appropriations during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

E Cash, Cash Equivalent and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investment with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchases and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. US Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchases are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of the investments and types of financial institution they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investment that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public fund in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. established the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

Public depositories include Savings and Loan Institutions, bank (both state and national banks) and saving bank the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposit of Governmental Units.

If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

F Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School has two items which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. One item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one type which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The item that qualifies for reporting in this category are the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; and (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

G Net Position/Fund Balance

School-Wide Statements

In the school-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

 Net Investment in Capital Assets- consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Restricted Net Position- reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount
 of noncapital assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt
 covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed
 by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position - restricted is classified as net position unrestricted.

H Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

On the fund financial statement, receivable and payables resulting from short-term (due within one year) interfund loans are classified as interfund Receivable/Payable. interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the Government Wide Statements of Net Position.

I Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase. Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

J Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, equipment, furniture & fixtures and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the Government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Charter School as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or through estimation procedures performed by an independent appraisal company.

The cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation:

Description of Capital Cost	Estimated Lives (Years)

Equipment

7

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

K Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, are accounted for in the period in winch such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is in the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The entire sick leave and vacation leave liabilities are reported on the school-wide financial statements.

The Charter School had no compensated absences as of June 30, 2017.

L Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, the non-current portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable (if any) that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

M Deferred Revenue

Deferred Revenue represents funds which have been received but not yet earned.

There is no deferred revenue in the general fund. Deferred Revenue in the Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

IDEA Basic Part A	\$11,184
Title I Part A	1,903
Title I Part A	13,616
Total	\$26,703

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

N Fund Balance and Equity

In February 2009, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"). GASB 54 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010 and establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- 1. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

O Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payments made by the State of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Q Net Position

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the Roseville Community Charter School that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the Roseville Community Charter School that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Roseville Community Charter School had deferred inflows and outflows of resources at June 30, 2017 related to pensions.

Net position is displayed in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also would be included in this component of net position.

The restricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

R New Accounting Standards

During the prior fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Charter School adopted the following GASB statements:

GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria.

GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3 <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund (NJCMF), the New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund (NJARM) and the M.B.I.A Class.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Enterprise Funds	Agency Funds	Total
Operating A/C	\$5,364,714	(\$373,787)	\$39,394	\$81,384	\$5,111,705

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by one banking institution. At June 30, 2017, the Charter School's bank balance was \$5,759,150.

Of the bank balance, \$250,000 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2017 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$5,509,150 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit protection Act ("GUDPA").

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3 <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)</u>

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the Charter School disclose whether its deposits are exposed to custodial risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Charter School would not be able to recover the value of its deposit or investment). In general deposits are considered to be exposed to custodial risk by three categories described below:

Category 1

Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Charter School or by its agent in the Charter School's name.

Category 2

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository's trust department or agent in the Charter School's name.

Category 3

Uncollateralized, including any deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Charter School's name.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- 1. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- 2. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal national Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- 3. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- 4. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2017, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

4 <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The following schedule is a summarization of the governmental activities changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Beginning		Ending
Balance	Net Additions	Balance
July 1, 2016	(Deletions)	June 30, 2017
\$117,504		\$117,504
\$117,504	\$0	\$117,504
65,123	16,785	81,908
\$65,123	\$16,785	\$81,908
\$52,381	(\$16,785)	\$35,596
	\$117,504 \$117,504 \$123 \$65,123	Balance July 1, 2016 Net Additions (Deletions) \$117,504 \$117,504 \$0 65,123 16,785 \$65,123 \$16,785

Depreciation expense of \$16,785 was charged to an unallocated function.

5. <u>LONG-TERM LEASES</u>

The school leases its premises under the terms of a non-cancelable lease which was renewed on October, 2017 for an additional three years ending on July 2020. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$398,712.

Future minimum rental payments due under the lease for the periods for the period ended are as follows:

	Year Ended June 30:
2018	\$404,693
2019	\$414,810
2020	\$429,328
Total:	\$1,248,831

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS

<u>Description of Plans</u> - Substantially all of the employees of the School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

<u>Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u> - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State.

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the School and the systems other related non-contributing employers.

Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

<u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> - The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established under the provision of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 to provide coverage to elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one year of membership.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS (continued)

<u>Vesting and Benefit Provisions</u> - The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 43:03B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined.

Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

<u>Significant Legislation</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

<u>Pension Plan Design Changes</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

<u>Funding Changes</u> - Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an open-ended 30 year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2018 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30 year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20 year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS (continued)

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the School is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and Schools).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2011 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board.

PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$58,824.

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the School accrued as a receivable for the year ended June 30, 2017 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. Also the State paid \$352,555 into the TPAF pension representing on-behalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions for the School. These amounts have been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$11,281,746 as measured on June 30, 2016 and \$8,770,256 as measured on June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$847,646 and revenue of \$847,646 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2017 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School. The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	<u>6/30/2016</u>	6/30/2015
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$17,414,701,002	\$7,521,378,257
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$134,532,594	\$554,399,005
Collective net pension liability (Nonemployer- State of New Jersey)	\$78,666,367,052	\$63,204,270,305
State's portion of the net pension liability associated with Charter School	\$11,281,476	\$8,770,256
State's portion of the net pension liability that was		
associated with the Charter School as a percentage of the collective net pension liability	.014341%	.013876%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies based on experience
Varies based on experience

Investment Rate of Return: 7.65%

Pre-retirement, post retirement and disabled mortality rates were based on the experience of TPAF members reflecting mortality improvement on a generational basis based on a 60-year average of Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.65% at June 30, 2016) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Cash	5.00%	0.39%
US Government Bonds	1.50%	1.28%
US Credit Bonds	13.00%	2.76%
US Mortgages	2.00%	2.38%
US Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	1.41%
US High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.70%
US Equity Market	26.00%	5.14%
Foreign-Developed Equity	13.25%	5.91%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	8.16%
Private Real Estate Property	5.25%	3.64%
Timber	1.00%	3.86%
Farmland	1.00%	4.39%
Private Equity	9.00%	8.97%
Commodities	0.50%	2.87%
Hedge Funds - MultiStrategy	5.00%	3.70%
Heage Funds - Equity Hedge	3.75%	4.72%
Hedge Funds - Distressed	3.75%	3.49%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the State's total pension liability was 3.22% and 4.13% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.65%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% and 3.80% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers (State of New Jersey) will be made based on the average of the last five years. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2029.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2029, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Since the Charter School's has no proportionate share of the net pension liability because of the special funding situation, the Charter School would not be sensitive to any changes in the discount rate. Detailed information about the pension plan's sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/pdf/financial/gasb68-tpaf16.pdf

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2017, the Charter School reported a liability of \$1,908,375 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the Charter School's proportion was .006444% which was a decrease of .001177% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015 which was .005267%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$310,246. At June 30, 2016, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$35,490	
Changes of assumptions	395,313	\$-0-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	72,768	-0-
Charges in proportion and differences between Charter School contributions and proportionate share of contributions	510,623	-0-
Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	58,824	-0-
Total	\$1,073,018	\$-0-

\$58,824 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ended June 30, 2017, the plan measurement date was June 30, 2016) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended
	June 30:
2017	\$113,383
2018	\$113,383
2019	\$131,358
2020	\$110,361
Thereafter	\$35,125
Total:	\$503,610

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	6/30/16	6/30/15	
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$8,685,338,380	\$3,578,755,666	
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$870,133,595	\$993,410,455	
Collective net pension liability (Non State- Local	\$29,617,131,759	\$22,447,996,119	
Group)			
Charter schools proportion of net pension liability	\$1,908,375	\$1,182,282	
Charter School proportion percentage	.006444%	.00526%	

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.08%

Salary Increases:

2012-2026 1.65%-4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65%-5.15% based on age

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and a one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA.

In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.65% at June 30, 2016) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	5.00%	0.87%
U.S. Treasuries	1.50%	1.74%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.79%
Mortgages	2.00%	1.67%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.56%
Inflation Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.44%
Broad U.S. Equities	26.00%	8.53%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.25%	6.83%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.95%
Private Equity	9.00%	12.40%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.50%	4.68%
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.91%
Commodities	50.00%	5.45%
Global Debt ex US	5.00%	-0.25%
REIT	5.25%	5.63%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.98% as of June 30, 2016. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.65% and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% as of June 30, 2016 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 30% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2034.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, calculated using the discount rate of 3.98% and 4.90%, respectively, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		2016	
	Current		
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.98%)	(3.98%)	(4.98%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,338,678	\$1,908,375 2015	\$1,553,401
		Current	
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease (3.9%)	Rate (4.9%)	Increase (5.9%)
Charter School's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$1,423,586	\$1,182,282	\$940,978

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml

8 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

P.L. 1987, c. 384 and P.L. 1990, c.6 required Teachers' Pensions and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), respectively, to fund post-retirement medical benefits for those state employees who retire after accumulating 25 years of credited service or on a disability retirement. P.L. 2007, c 103 amended the law to eliminate the funding of post-retirement medical benefits through the TPAF and PERS. It created separate funds outside of the pension plans for the funding and payment of post-retirement medical benefits for retired state employees and retired educational employees.

As of June 30, 2016, there were 110,512 retirees receiving post-retirement medical benefits and the State contributed \$1.37 billion on their behalf. The cost of these benefits is funded through contributions by the State in accordance with P.L. 1994, c.62. Funding of post-retirement medical benefits changed from a prefunding basis to a pay-as-you-go basis beginning in fiscal year 1994.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable to P.L. 1992, c.126 which provides employer paid health benefits to members of PERS, and the Alternate Benefit Program who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service. The state paid \$231.2 million toward Chapter 126 benefits for 20,045 eligible retired members in fiscal year 2016.

9 <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick and personal days and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years.

Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days. The Board of the Charter School is currently reviewing the exiting compensated absences policies with the intent of addressing the issues of accumulation and payments upon termination.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

9 COMPENSATED ABSENCES (continued)

As of June 30, 2017, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

10 <u>DEFERRED COMPENSATION</u>

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the IRS code 403(b). The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years.

11 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

12 <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government.

If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2017, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

The Charter School's attorney's letter advises that there is no litigation, pending litigation claims, contingent liabilities, unasserted claims for assessments or statutory violations which involved the Charter School and which might materially affect the Charter School's financial position.

13 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

13 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation - The Charter School has not elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under that plan, the Charter School would be required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State.

14 <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of June 30, 2017 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Food <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:				
Accounts	<u>\$225,925</u>	<u>\$408,990</u>	<u>\$39,146</u>	<u>\$674,061</u>
Gross Receivables	<u>\$225,925</u>	<u>\$408,990</u>	<u>\$39,146</u>	<u>\$674,061</u>

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The school has evaluated subsequent events occurring in the Independent Auditors Report of December 2, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the school has determined no subsequent events require disclosure in the financial statements.

16. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

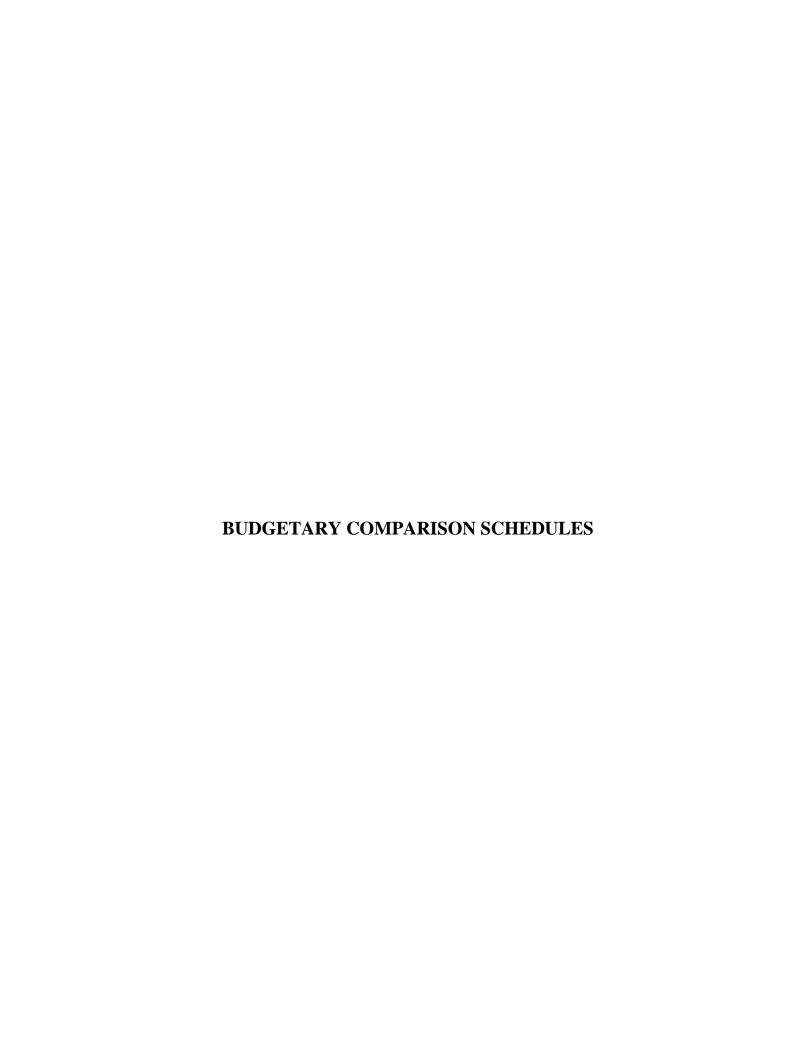
16. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1). (continued)

The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1	\$5,525,263
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation	35,596
Pension deferred outflows	1,073,018
Pension deferred inflows	
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2017	(1,908,375)
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2017	\$4,725,502

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget		ansfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance al to Actual
REVENUES:	 9	,		8	_	_
Local Sources:						
Local Share	\$ 636,193	\$	-	\$ 636,193	\$ 636,193	\$ -
State Share	4,773,917		0	4,773,917	4,773,917	-
Miscellaneous	 -		-	0	 28,395	 (28,395)
Total - Local Sources	5,410,110			5,410,110	5,438,505	(28,395)
Nonpublic Aid	-		-	-	 -	-
Special Education	42,494		31	42,525	42,693	(168)
Security Aid	142,330		-	142,330	142,330	-
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)					190,987	(190,987)
TPAF Medical (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)	-			-	161,568	(161,568)
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)					 123,570	 (123,570)
Total State Sources	184,824		31	184,855	661,148	(476,293)
Total - Federal Sources						
Total Revenues	5,594,934		31	5,594,965	 6,099,653	 (504,688)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current Expense:						
Regular Programs - Instruction						
Teachers Salary	1,639,541		(112,903)	1,526,638	1,208,418	\$ 318,220
Other Salaries	521,624		13,000	534,624	185,258	349,366
Prof/Tech Services	50,000		151,000	201,000	138,779	62,221
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	81,000		16,675	97,675	75,040	22,635
General Supplies	266,566		(77,632)	188,934	103,017	85,917
Textbooks	29,700		-	29,700	771	28,929
Other Objects	12,500		1,000	13,500	9,719	 3,781
TOTAL REGULAR PROGRAMS - INSTRUCTION	2,600,931		(8,860)	2,592,071	1,721,002	871,069

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Support Services - General Administrative					
Salaries of Administrative Salaries	681,293	(79,000)	602,293	425,334	176,959
Salaries of Normanistative Salaries Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	205.000	(90,000)	115.000	95.691	19.309
Cost of Benefits	631.840	47,793	679,633	534,842	144,791
Consultants	135,300	87,863	223,163	190,072	33,091
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	67,500	45,700	113,200	38,817	74,383
Communications/Telephone	46,500	(4,000)	42,500	7,485	35,015
Supplies and Materials	73,100	(27,000)	46,100	23,341	22,759
Other Objects	15,000	9.060	24,060	21,501	2,559
- Culti Objects	1,855,533	(9,584)	1,845,949	1,337,083	508,866
Support Services - School Admin/Operation Plant Services	1,033,333	(2,504)	1,043,747	1,337,003	300,000
Salaries	283,184	12.000	295,184	250.039	45,145
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	143,974	3,475	147,449	117,059	30,390
Other Purchased Services	85,600	-	85,600	53,114	32,486
Rental of Land and Building- other than Lease Purchase Agreements	398,712	_	398,712	398,712	52,100
Insurance	50,000	_	50,000	20,500	29,500
General Supplies	56,000	3,000	59,000	35,588	23,412
Transportation- Trips	21,000	-	21,000	4,392	16,608
Energy (Energy and Electricity)	95,000	_	95,000	25,302	69,698
Other Objects	5,000	_	5,000	3,636	1,364
Total Undist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	1,138,470	18,475	1,156,945	908,342	248,603
Food Service and After Care Program	1,130,170	10,173	1,130,313	700,512	210,003
Other Purchased Services	_	_	_	_	
Total Food Services	-			_	-
On-behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (non-budgeted)				190,987	(190,987)
On-behalf TPAF Medical Contributions (non-budgeted)				161,568	(161,568)
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (non-budgeted)				123,570	(123,570)
TOTAL ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS	<u> </u>		-	476,125	(476,125)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES					
	2,994,003	8,891	3,002,894	2,721,550	281,344
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	5,594,934	31	5,594,965	4,442,552	1,152,413

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
CAPITAL OUTLAY Equipment Regular Programs - Instruction: Instructional Equipment Non-Instructional Equipment Building Improvements Total Equipment	- - - -	<u>-</u>	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES- GENERAL FUND	5,594,934	31	5,594,965	4,442,552	1,152,413
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				1,657,101	(1,657,101)
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In: Total Other Financing Sources:		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	1,657,101	(1,657,101)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016 Fund Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	- \$ -	3,868,163 \$ 5,525,264	\$ (1,657,101)

Exhibit C-2 Page 1

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Transfers	Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:			 		
Local Sources	\$ 433,740		\$ 433,740	\$ 433,740	
State Sources	-		<u>-</u>	_	
Federal Sources	-		-	-	
Total Revenues	433,740		 433,740	 433,740	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	240,562		240,562	240,562	
Other Salaries for Instruction	-		<u>-</u>	_	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	60,000		60,000	60,000	
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	19,716		19,716	19,716	
Textbooks					
General Supplies	35,824		35,824	35,824	
Personal Services- Employee Benefits	62,438		62,438	62,438	
Instructional Equipment	,		ŕ	ŕ	
Equipment- Non instructional					
Miscellaneous Expense					
Total Instruction	 418,540		 418,540	418,540	
Support Services	 <u> </u>				
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	-		_	-	
Salaries of Program Directors					
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	-		_	_	
Salaries of Secretaries & Clerical Assistants					
Other Salaries					
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	-		_	_	
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	-		_	_	
Other Purchased Professional Services	15,200		15,200	15,200	
Supplies					
Communication					
Scholarships					
Tuition					
Travel					
Other purchased Services (400-500 series)	_		_	_	
Building Improvements					
Total Support Services	15,200		15,200	15,200	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Buildings Improvements Instructional Equipment Noninstructional Equipment Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					
Transfer to Charter School					
Total Expenditures	433,740		433,740	433,740	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in from General Fund Transfer Out to Whole School Reform (General Fund)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Total Outflows					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)					

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Note to RSI
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

The general fund budget and the special revenue budget basis are GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30*

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.006440%	0.005267%	0.002856%	0.002689%
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	1,908,375	1,182,282	534,711	513,920
Charter School Covered employee payroll	\$469,840	\$326,245	\$259,676	\$153,979
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a				
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	406.1%	362.3%	205.9%	333.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	24.6%	27.6%	48.6%	30.0%

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30*

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$57,243	\$45,280	\$23,544	\$20,261
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(57,243)	(45,280)	(23,544)	(20,261)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0
Charter School Covered employee payroll	469,840	326,245	259,676	153,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.18%	13.88%	9.07%	13.16%

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)**	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)**	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
(asset) associated with the Charter School	11,281,746	8,770,256	3,720,360	0
Total	11,281,746	8,770,256	3,720,360	0
Charter School Covered employee payroll				
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	1,375,141	1,731,235	1,405,512	N/A
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.19%	19.73%	37.8%	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	22.33%	28.71%	33.04%	N/A

^{**}NOTE: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the charter school (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the charter school.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PENSION SCHEDULES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 Based on Projection Scale AA.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

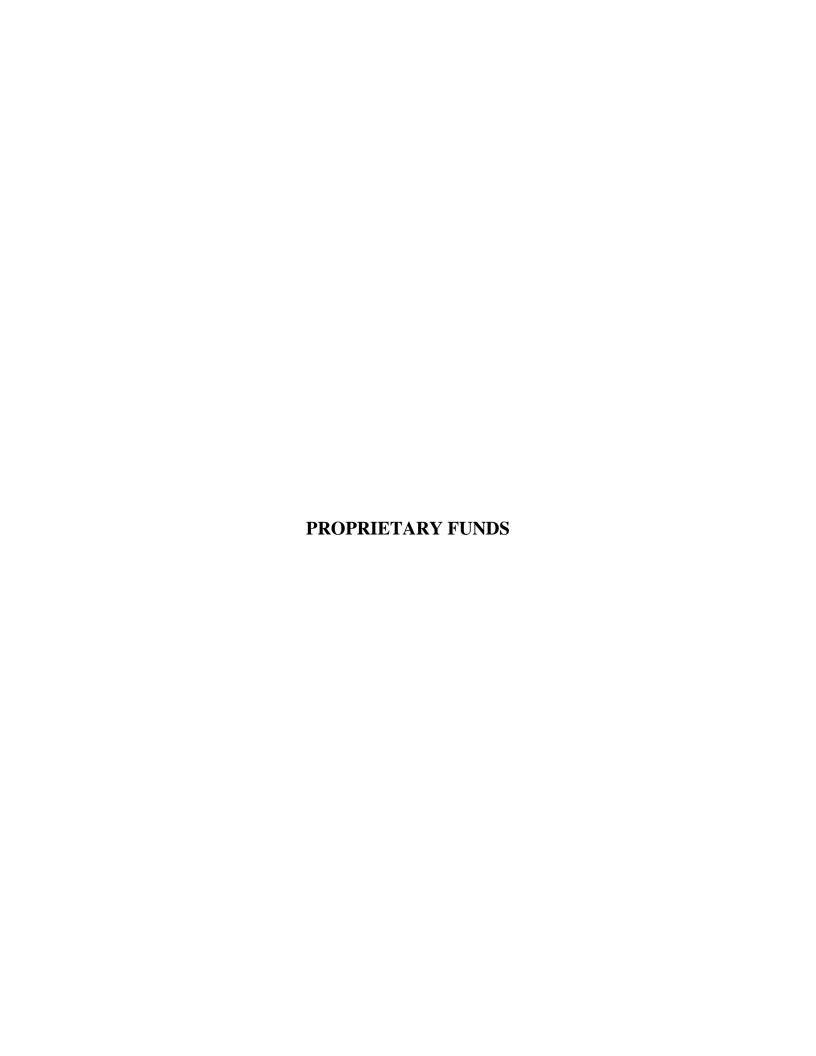
Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Pre-retirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvement. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvement.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue resources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Revenue Fund

Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	TOTAL	TITLE IA	TITLE IIA	IDEA	FOUNDATION FOR NEWARK
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
State					
Federal	\$408,990	\$339,510	\$1,181	\$68,299	\$0
Other Sources					
Miscellaneous	\$24,750				24,750
Total Revenues	433,740	339,510	1,181	68,299	24,750
EXPENDITURES					_
Instruction					
Salaries	240,562	186,357		54,205	
Other Purchased Services	19,716	18,535	1,181		
Purchased Prof. and Tech.and Edu Services	60,000	60,000			
General Supplies	35,824	11,074			24,750
Recruitment	0				
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	62,438	48,344		14,094	
Food Service Subsidy					
Textbooks					
Technology					
Instructional Equipment					
Equipment Non- Instructional					
Miscellaneous Expense					
Total Instruction	418,540	324,310	1,181	68,299	24,750
Support Services					
Salaries of Supervisors of Instruction					
Salaries of Program Directors					
Salaries of Other Prof. Staff	15,200	15,200			
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Ass't					
Personal Services - Employee Benefits					
Supplies and Materials					
Communication					
Purchased Professional/Educational Services					
Class- room Improvements					
Building Improvements					
Non instructional Equipment					
Total Support Services	15,200	15,200	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$433,740	\$339,510	\$1,181	\$68,299	\$24,750



ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed through user charges or where the board has decided that periodical determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Food Service Fund - The fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools.

Exhibit G-1

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$39,394
Intergovernmental Receivable	
Federal	38,636
State	511
Accounts Receivable	
Total Current Assets	78,541
Total Assets	78,541
LIABILITIES	
Cash Overdraft	
Accounts Payable	0
Total Current Liabilities	0
Net Position	
Unrestricted	78,541
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	
Total Net Position	\$78,541

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES	Enterprise Fund Food Services
Local Sources	
Daily Sales - Reimbursable Programs	
Private Grant	
Self Pay Revenue	
Total Operating Revenues	-
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	
Supplies, Materials & Other	(185,531)
Professional Services	
Total Operating Expenses	(185,531)
Income (Loss) From Operations	(185,531)
Nonoperating Revenues	
State Sources	
State Sources	2,876
Federal Sources	
National Snack	242
School Breakfast Program	59,405
National School Lunch Program	157,573
Total Nonoperating Revenues	220,096
Net Income (Loss)	34,565
Total Net Position - July 1, 2016	43,976
Total Net Position - June 30, 2017	\$78,541

Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash Received from Customers	\$0
Cash Payments to Employee's Salaries and Benefits	
Cash Payments supplies, material and other	(185,531)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(185,531)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Cash Received from Special Fund Transfer (Contribution)	
Cash Received from State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements	193,548
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	193,548
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,017
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	31,377
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$39,394
Reconcilliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash	
Used by Operating Activities	
Operating (Loss)	\$34,565
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	
Increase in Accounts Receivable	(26,548)
USDA Commodities	
Change in Assets and Liabilities	
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	0
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	
Increase/(Decrease) in Compensated Absences	
Increase/(Decrease) in Inventory	
Total Adjustment	(26,548)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$8,017



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2017

	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Agency Fund <u>Pavroll</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$3,609 \$3,609	\$77,774 \$77,774	\$81,383 \$81,383
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities Payroll deductions and withholdings Interfund payables		77,774	77,774
Account payable - due to students group	3,609		3,609
Total Liabilities	3,609	77,774	81,383
Net Position			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$3,609	\$77,774	\$81,383

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Nonexpendable Trust Fund
Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
As of June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

76

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance <u>July 1, 2016</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2017
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$3,236,007	\$3,256,007	
Total Liabilities		3,236,007	3,256,007	
LIABILITIES				
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		1,277,696 #	1,277,696	
Accrued Salaries and Wages		1,958,311	1,958,311	
Total Liabilities		\$3,236,007	\$3,236,007	

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund Statement of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

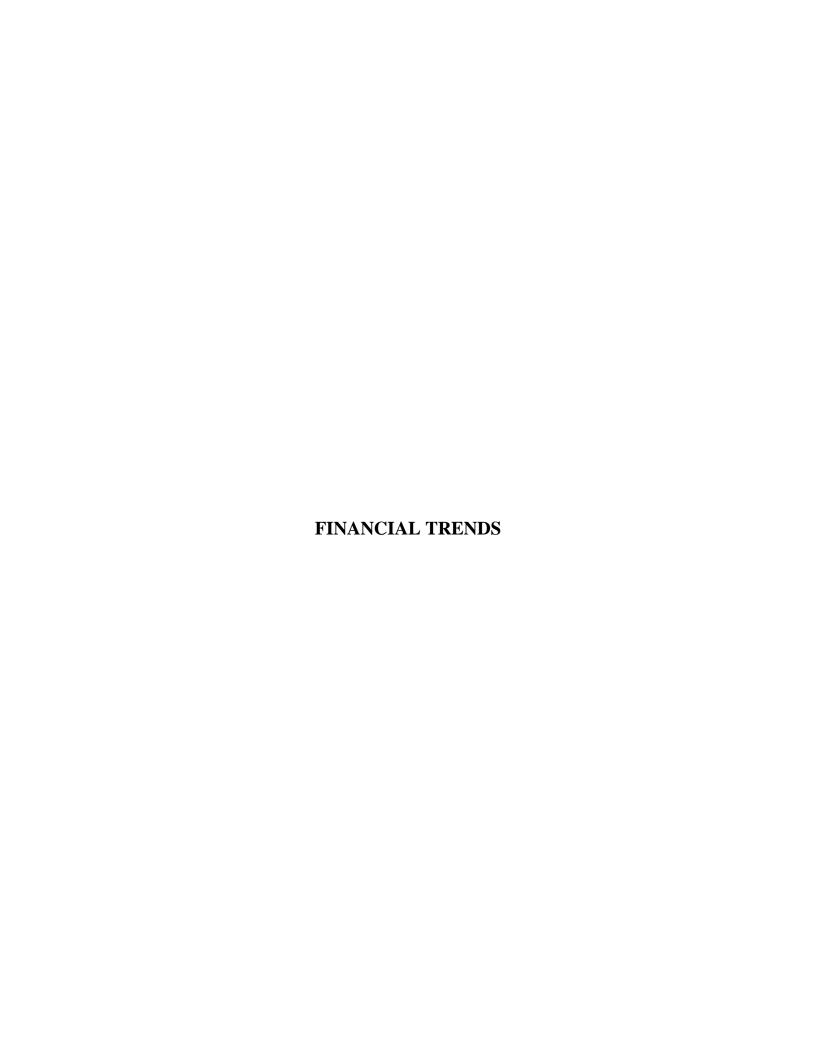
STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Roseville Community Charter School comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the school's overall financial health.

Contents	Exhibits
Financial Trends	J-1 to J-5
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	J-6 to J-9
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	J-10 to J-13
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	J-14 and J-15
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	J-16 to J-20

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	 2017		2016	 2015		2014	2013	2012
Governmental activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 35,596	\$	52,381	\$ 69,166	\$	85,951	\$ 102,736	\$ 49,879
Restricted								
Unrestricted	4,689,906	3	3,299,951	2,854,691	1	1,600,908	750,036	266,850
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 4,725,502	\$ 3	3,352,332	\$ 2,923,857	\$ 1	1,686,859	\$ 852,772	\$ 316,729
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt								
Restricted	78,541		43,976	-		-	-	-
Unrestricted	\$ 78,541	\$	43,976	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Total business-type activities net position								
School-wide								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	35,596		52,381	69,166		85,951	102,736	49,879
Restricted	-		-	-		-	-	-
Unrestricted	4,768,446	3	3,342,927	2,854,691	1	1,600,908	750,036	266,850
Total school net position	\$ 4,804,042	\$ 3	3,395,308	\$ 2,923,857	\$ 1	1,686,859	\$ 852,772	\$ 316,729

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

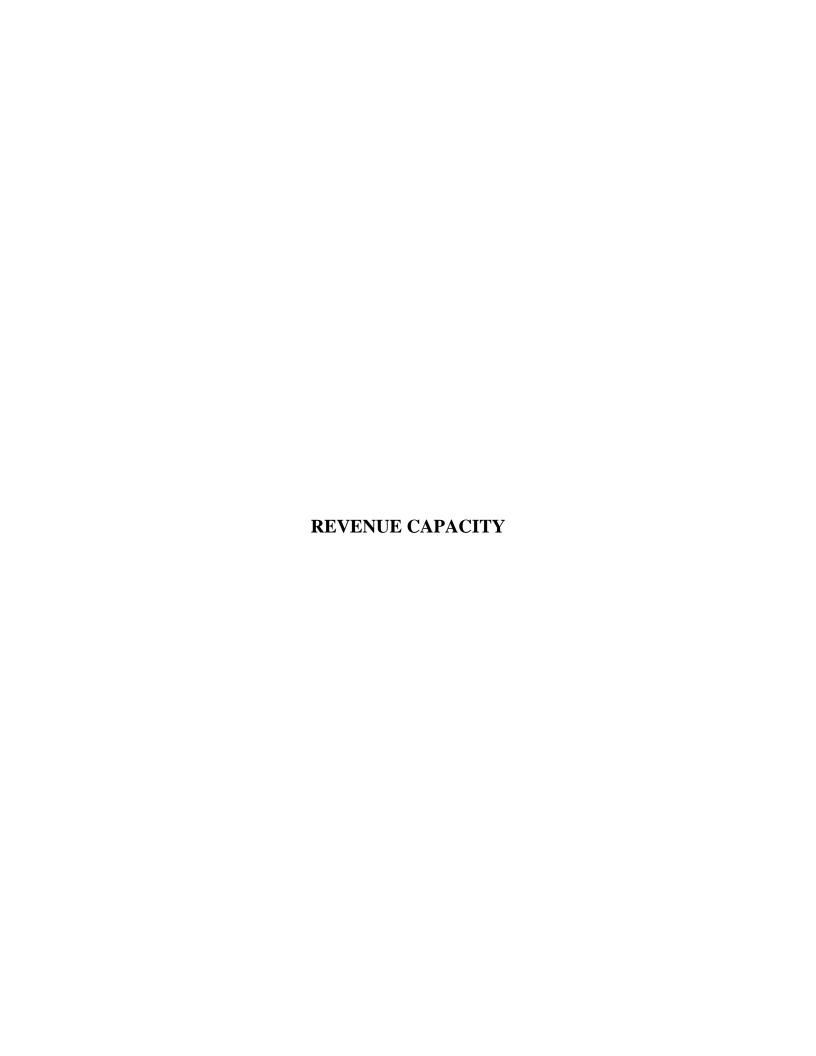
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Expenses						
Governmental activities						
Instruction	0.100.540	2 472 270	2 201 075	1 (71 41)	1 462 602	000 167
Regular	2,139,542	2,472,370	2,201,075	1,671,416	1,463,693	923,167
Support Services:						
General administration	1,352,283	1,372,034	983,392	825,277	649,146	413,991
School Administrative Services	908,342	949,683	895,469	793,175	536,010	251,576
On-behalf TPAF Social Securituy	476,125	394,713	325,954	188,084	97,072	47,319
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	0	5,168
Unallocated depreciation	16,785	16,785	16,785	16,785	12,143	2,625
Total governmental activities expenses	4,893,077	5,205,585	4,422,675	3,494,737	2,758,064	1,643,846
Business-type activities:						
Food service	220,096	197,117	199,200	162,646	125,257	74,302
Total business-type activities expense	220,096	197,117	199,200	162,646	125,257	74,302
Total school expenses	5,113,173	5,402,702	4,621,875	3,657,383	2,883,321	1,718,148
_						
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities: Operating grants and contributions	433,740	257,056	344,806	146,964	324,090	336,894
Capital grants and contributions	455,740	237,030	344,800	140,904	324,090	330,694
Total governmental activities program revenues	433,740	257,056	344,806	146,964	324,090	336,894
	133,710	237,030	311,000	110,501	321,000	330,071
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services	105 521	222 122	204.107	177. 600	2 (05	2.152
Food service	185,531	223,133	204,107	175,699	2,685	3,152
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions					122,572	71,150
Total business type activities program revenues	185,531	223,133	204,107	175,699	125,257	74,302
Total school program revenues	619,271	480,189	548,913	322,663	449,347	411,196
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	(\$4.450.227)	(\$4.049. 53 0)	¢4.077.960			
Business-type activities	(\$4,459,337) 34,565	(\$4,948,529) 26,016	\$4,077,869 4,907	- \$0	\$0	- \$0
Total school-wide net expense	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$2,433,974)	(\$1,306,952)
	(++,+++)	(++,+++,+++)	(++,+++,+++)	(++,+++,+++)	(+=, +==,> + +)	(+ -,0 0 0,0 0 =)
Governmental activities: Local Share	636,193	740,016	663,758	525,975	360,281	187,283
State Share	4,773,917	4,438,378	4,082,908	3,270,906	2,305,884	1,259,240
State and Federal Aid aid	661,148	709,724	549,125	378,636	238,255	124,410
Miscellaneous income	28,395	75,058	1,116	6,343	597	244
Increase in Net Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	65,000	52,504
Transfers						
Total governmental activities	6,099,653	5,963,176	5,296,907	4,181,860	2,970,017	1,623,681
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings						
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total business-type activities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total school-wide	6,099,653	5,963,176	5,296,907	4,181,860	2,970,017	1,623,681
Change in Net Assets						
Governmental activities	\$1,640,316	\$1,014,647	\$1,219,038	\$834,087	\$536,043	\$316,729
Business-type activities	\$34,565	\$26,016	\$4,907	\$13,053	\$0	\$0
Total school	\$1,674,881	\$1,040,663	\$1,223,945	\$847,140	\$536,043	\$316,729
Source: School Financial Statements						

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
General Fund						
Reserved						\$ -
Unreserved	\$5,525,263	\$3,868,163	\$2,854,691	\$1,600,908	\$750,036	\$266,850
Total General Fund	\$5,525,263	\$3,868,163	\$2,854,691	\$1,600,908	\$750,036	\$266,850
		1				
All Other Governmental Funds						
Reserved						
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special revenue fund						
Capital projects fund						
Debt service fund						
Permanent fund						
Total all other governmental funds						

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Revenues						
Local tax Levy	\$636,193	\$740,016	\$663,758	\$525,975	\$360,281	\$187,283
State Aid	4,773,917	4,438,378	4,082,908	3,270,906	2,305,884	336,894
State sources	661,148	712,652	551,573	380,976	238,255	1,383,894
Food Service	220,096	-	64,000	7,296	228,210	
Miscellaneous revenue	53,145	79,342	8,105	12,483	597	
Federal sources	408,990	472,977	475,476	306,887	95,880	
Total revenue	6,753,489	6,443,365	5,845,820	4,504,523	3,229,107	1,908,071
Expenditures	-					
Instruction						
Regular Instruction	1,721,002	2,215,314	1,920,269	1,529,196	1,176,950	586,273
Support Services:	0					
General administration	1,337,083	1,372,034	919,392	820,533	611,799	413,991
School administrative services/Plant	908,342	949,683	895,469	793,175	536,010	251,576
TPAF Social Security	476,125	394,713	325,954	188,084	97,072	47,319
Food Service	185,531	197,117	199,200	162,646		
Capital outlay						5,168
Debt service:						
Principal						
Interest and other charges						
Special Revenue	433,740	257,056	344,806	146,964	324,090	336,894
Total expenditures	5,061,823	5,385,917	4,605,090	3,640,598	2,745,921	1,641,221
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues		_				
over (under) expenditures						
Other Financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from borrowing						
Capital leases (non-budgeted)						
Proceeds from refunding						
Payments to escrow agent						
Transfers in						
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,691,666	\$ 1,057,448	\$ 1,240,730	\$ 863,925	\$ 483,186	\$ 266,850



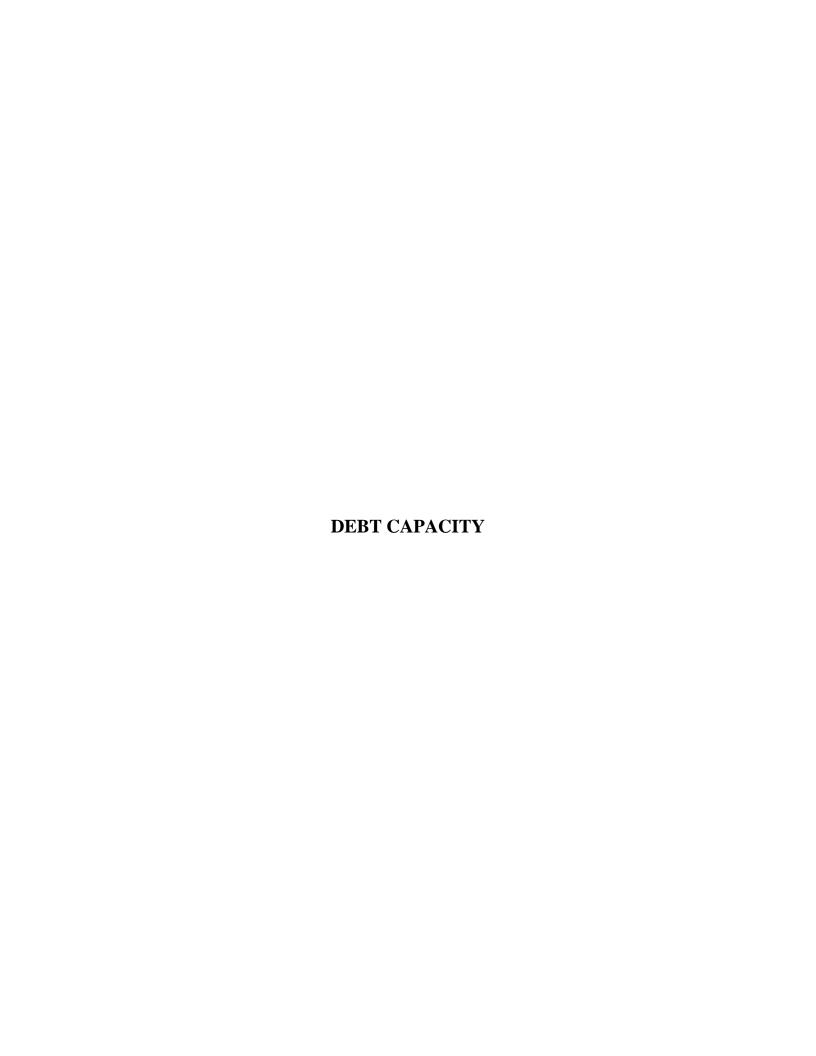
ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Other Local Revenue By Source For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	Sale of Capital Assets	Donations	Rentals	Prior Year Refunds	Sale and Leaseback of Textbooks	Other Local	Totals
	Assets	Donations	Rentals	Retuilus	Textbooks	Other Local	Totals
2012						244	244
2013						597	597
2014						6,343	6,343
2015						1,116	1,116
2016						75,058	6,369
2017						28,395	28,595

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

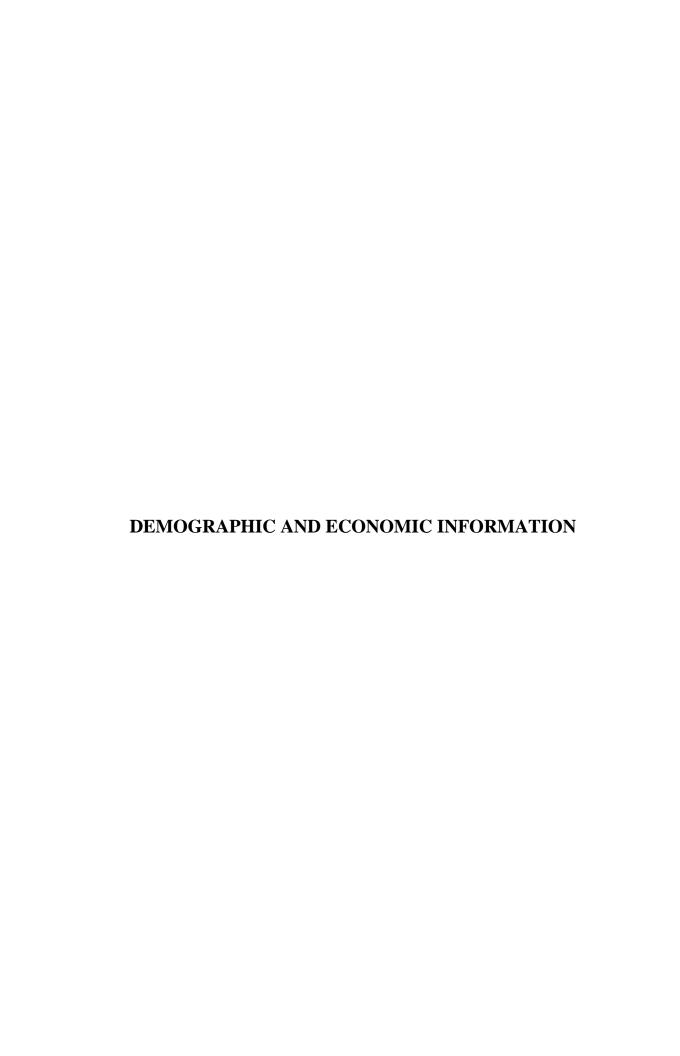


ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Property Tax Levies and Collections For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Legal Debt Margin Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Demographic and Economic Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017

OPERATING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Roseville Community Charter School Full-time Equivalent School Employees by Function/Program For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
<u>Function/Program</u>						
Instruction						
Regular	27	23	23.75	21.75	18	8
Special education	7	7	3	3	3	1
Other special education						
Vocational						
Other instruction	3	3	7	3	2	3
Nonpublic school programs						
Adult/continuing education programs						
Support Services:						
Student & instruction related services						
General administration	3	3	3.25	2.25	2.25	2
School administrative services						
Other administrative services	3	3	3	2.5	2.5	1.5
Central services						
Administrative Information Technology						
Plant operations and maintenance	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.5	1.5
Pupil transportation						
Other support services	4	4	1	2	2	
Special Schools						
Food Service	1	1	1	0.5	0.5	0.5
Child Care						
Total	51	47	45	38	32	18

Source: School Personnel Records

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Operating Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Elementary and Middle School	Senior High School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)
2012	107	1,715,523	16,033	N/A	17	11:1	N/A	106.7	97.7
2013	192	2,871,178	14,954	N/A	21	9:1	N/A	191.1	92.6
2014	257	3,987,433	15,557	N/A	27	9:1	N/A	257	93.1
2015	324	4,605,090	14,213	N/A	28	11:1	N/A	324.7	94.1
2016	348	5,381,633	15,464	N/A	33	10:1	N/A	348.3	94.2
2017	320	5,061,823	15,818	N/A	33	10:1	N/A	320	95.2

Sources: School records

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

School Building Information For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
School Building						
Main Campus						
*	26,700	26,700	26,700	26,700	26,700	26,700
Square Feet	· · ·		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	,
Capacity (students)	352	352	330	264	198	112
Enrollment	348	348	325	256	191	107
Second Campus						
Square Feet						
Capacity (students)						
Enrollment						
Number of Schools at June 30						
Elementary	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: School Office

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Schedule of Required Maintenance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Insurance Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

	<u>C(</u>	<u>OVERAGE</u>	<u>DE</u> l	<u>DUCTIBLE</u>
Commerical Package Policy - The Hanover (ZDY A092312)				
Property - Contents (Special)	\$	824,000	\$	1,000
Legal liability Personal Property	\$	100,000		
Comprehensive General Liability - The Hanover (ZDY A092312)				
Per Occurrence	\$	1,000,000		
Products and Completed Operations (inc. in Agg.)		,,		
Personal and Advertising Injury	\$	1,000,000		
Aggregate	\$	3,000,000		
Damage to Premises Rented to you	\$	100,000		
Medical Expense Limit, Any One Person	\$	15,000		
School and Educators Legal Liability Coverage - The Hanover (ZDY A092312)				
Each Claim	\$	1,000,000	\$	2,500
Aggregate	\$	1,000,000		2,500
Comprehensive Automobile Liability - The Hanover (ZDY A092312)				
Liability (CSL. Symbol 8&9)	\$	1,000,000		
Nonprofit Management Liability - The Hanover (LHY 9247929 05)				
Nonprofit Directors, Officers and Organization Liability	\$	1,000,000		
Retention	\$	5,000		
Employment Practices Liability	\$	1,000,000		
Retention	\$	10,000		
Commerical Umbrellla - The Hanover (UHY A092454 02)				
Each Occurrence	\$	2,000,000		
Products and Completed Operations	\$	2,000,000		
General Aggregate Limit	\$	2,000,000		
Student Accident - Through Bollinger (PB139)				
Student Coverage excluding Interscholastic Athletics	\$	1,000,000		
Worker's Compensation - The Hartford (13 WBC BV8240)				
Bodily injury by Accident (each accident)	\$	1,000,000		
Bodily injury by Disease (policy limit)	\$	1,000,000		
Bodily injury by Disease (each employee)	\$	1,000,000		
	T	-,,		
Worker's Compensation Supplemental - Chubb (9907-23-26)				
Business Administrator Bond - The Hanover (BOY9443683)	\$	50,000		
Source: School Risk Manager				

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL INDICATORS

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

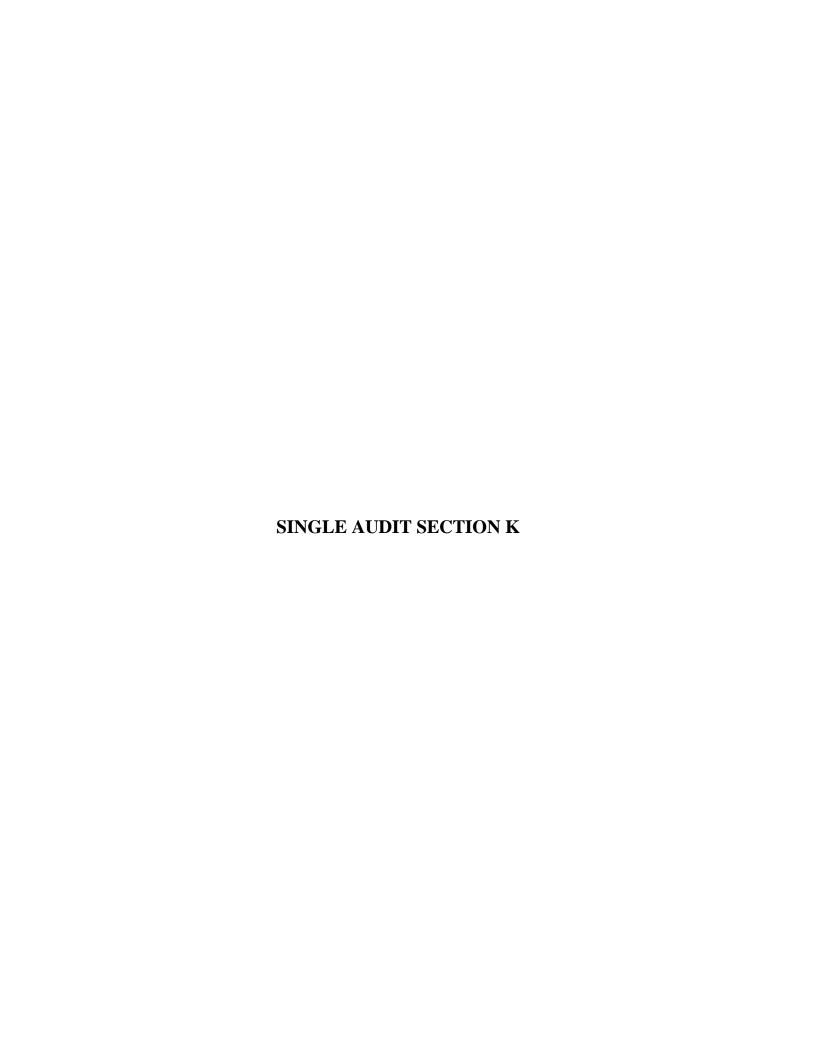
Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Cash	5,111,705	3,717,877	2,721,626	1,678,875	761,113	386,003
Current Assets	5,785,766	4,008,091	2,948,692	1,768,483	883,801	425,741
Capital Assets-Net	35,596	52,381	69,166	85,951	102,736	49,879
Total Assets	5,821,362	4,060,472	3,017,858	1,854,434	986,537	475,620
Current Liabilities	181,963	95,952	94,001	154,522	133,765	158,891
Long Term Liabilities					0	0
Total Liabilities	181,963	95,952	94,001	154,522	133,765	158,891
Net Position	5,639,399	3,964,520	2,923,857	1,699,912	852,772	316,729
Total Revenue	6,753,489	6,443,365	5,845,820	4,504,523	3,354,364	1,982,373
Total Expenses	(5,061,823)	(5,385,917)	(4,605,090)	(3,640,598)	(2,871,178)	(1,715,523)
Change in Net Position	1,691,666	1,057,448	1,240,730	863,925	483,186	266,850
Depreciation	16,785	16,785	16,785	16,785	12,143	2,625
Principal Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Final average daily enrollment	320	320	297	297	191	107
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	320	320	297	297	192	107
Near term indicators	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
CURRENT RATIO	31.8	41.77	31.36	11.44	6.6	2.8
Unrestricted days cash	368.6	251.95	215.71	168.3	96.75	82.41
Enrollment variance	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Cash	5,111,705	3,717,877	2,721,626	1,678,875	761,113	386,003
Current Assets	5,785,766	4,008,091	2,948,692	1,768,483	883,801	425,741
Capital Assets-Net	35,596	52,381	69,166	85,951	102,736	49,879
Total Assets	5,821,362	4,060,472	3,017,858	1,854,434	986,537	475,620
Current Liabilities	181,963	95,952	94,001	154,522	133,765	158,891
Long Term Liabilities	101.062	05.053	0.1.001	154.500	0	0
Total Liabilities	181,963	95,952	94,001	154,522	133,765	158,891
Net Position	5,639,399	3,964,520	2,923,857	1,699,912	852,772	316,729
Total Revenue	6,753,489	6,443,365	5,845,820	4,504,523	3,354,364	1,982,373
Total Expenses	(5,061,823)	(5,385,917)	(4,605,090)	(3,640,598)	(2,871,178)	(1,715,523)
Change in Net Position	1,691,666	1,057,448	1,240,730	863,925	483,186	266,850
Depreciation	16,785	16,785	16,785	16,785	12,143	2,625
Principal Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Final average daily enrollment	320	320	297	297	191	107
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	320	320	297	297	192	107
Sustainability Indicators	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total margin	25%	16%	21%	19%	15%	13%
Debt to Asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cash flow	1,393,828	996,251	1,042,751	1,303,765	375,110	386,003
Debt Service Coverage ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
62 OLD QUEENS BLVD.
MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768

FAX 732 792-0868

EXHIBIT K-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville Community Charter School ("the Charter School"), in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon, dated December 2, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any

deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*.

I also noted certain matters that I reported to management of the Roseville Community Charter School in a separate report entitled, "Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings - Financial, Compliance and Performance" dated December 2, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

herall long

December 2, 2017

GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
62 OLD QUEENS BLVD.
MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768

FAX 732 792-0868

EXHIBIT K-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR EDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY OMG'S CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Compliance

I have audited the Roseville Community Charter School, in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey's ("the Charter School") with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Charter School's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.*

Those standards, The Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In my opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with The Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of The Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

Seral Volones

December 2, 2017

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal/Grantor <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal Award Identification <u>Number</u>	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Balance July 1, <u>2016</u>	Prior <u>Carry-over</u>	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary <u>Expenditures</u>	Refund of Prior Years' <u>Balances</u>	<u>Adjust</u>	Deferred Revenue/ (Accounts Receivable) June 30, 2017	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2017
Enterprise Fund: U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-Through Programs: Passed-Through New Jersey State Department of Agriculture												
National School Breakfast	10.553	171NJ304N1099 07	7/01/16-06/30/17	59,111	(653)		\$ 49,453	\$ 59,405			(\$10,605)	
National Lunch	10.555	171NJ304N1099 07	//01/16-06/30/17	155,962	(8,097)		137,640	157,573			(\$28,030)	
National After School Snack	10.558	171NJ304N1099 07	//01/16-06/30/17	848	0	_	242	242		_	\$0	
Total Enterprise Fund/US Dept. of A	Agriculture, Pa	ass Through Programs			(8,750)	- -	\$ 187,335	\$ 217,220		-	(\$38,635)	
Special Revenue Fund: U.S. Department of Education Pass-Through Programs: Passed-Through New Jersey State Department of Education												
Title I PART A	84.010A	SOIOA160030 07	//01/16-06/30/17	339,510	(67,675)	0	67,675	339,510		\$0	(\$339,510)	
Title II PART A	84.010A		7/01/16-06/30/17	1,181	0	0	0	1,181		\$0	(\$1,181)	
Title I PART A	84.010A		7/01/15-06/30/16	202,902		8,500		, -		\$0	\$0	\$8,500
IDEA BASIC PART B	84.027	H027A160100 07	7/01/16-06/30/17	68,299	(64,000)	*	64,000	68,299			(\$68,299)	
Total Special Revenue				· -	(131,675)	400	131,675	408,990		0	(408,990)	8,500
•				-		0	·		•	Ů.		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awar	ds			_	(\$140,425)	\$400	\$319,010	\$626,210	•	\$0	(\$447,625)	8,500

See accompanying notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State award programs.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Balance			Refund of Prior		Deferred Revenue/ (Accounts	Due to Grantor at
State Grantor	Grant or State	Grant	Award	July 1,	Cash	Budgetary	Years'		Receivable)	June 30,
<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Project Number</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>2016</u>	Received	Expenditures	Balances	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2017</u>
STATE DEPT. OF EDUCATION										
GENERAL FUND:										
TPAF Social Security	17-495-034-5095-003	7/1/16-06/30/17	\$123,570		\$123,570	\$123,570				
	17, 405, 024, 5120, 070	711 11 6 0 6 10 0 11 7	626.102		626 102	626 102				
Equalization School Aid - Local	17-495-034-5120-078	7/1/16-06/30/17	636,193		636,193	636,193				
Equalization School Aid - State	17-495-034-5120-078	7/1/16-06/30/17	4,773,917		4,773,917	4,773,917				
Security Aid	17-495-034-5120-084	7/1/16-06/30/17	142,330		142,330	142,330				
Special Education Aid	17-495-034-5120-089	7/1/16-06/30/17	42,693	-	42,693	42,693				
Total General Fund/Total State I	Dept. of Education				5,718,703	5,718,703				
NJ STATE DEPT. OF AGRICULTU ENTERPRISE FUND:	URE - DIRECT PROGRAMS	S								
State School Lunch	17-100-010-3350-023	7/1/16-06/30/17	\$2,928	(174)	2,540	2,876			(\$510)	\$
Total State Financial Assistance	subject to Single Audit			(174)	\$5,721,243	\$5,721,579			(\$510)	\$ -
Total State Phanelal Assistance	subject to Single Audit		-	(174)	\$5,721,245	ψ3,721,379			(\$310)	φ -
On Behalf TPAF Pension/Medical	17-495-034-5095-001/002	7/1/16-06/30/17	352,555		352,555	352,555				
			ŕ	-	,					
Total State Financial Assistance				-	6,073,798	6,074,134				

See accompanying notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State award programs.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of present the activity of all federal and state assistance programs of the Roseville Community Charter School. The Board of Trustees is defined in the Notes to the school's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal assistance and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant account budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -0-	\$ 5,718,703	\$ 5,718,703
Special Revenue Fund	408,990	-0-	408,990
Enterprise Fund	217,219	2,876	220,095
-			
Total Awards and Financial Assistance	<u>\$ 626,209</u>	\$5,721,579	<u>\$ 6,347,788</u>

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2017. TPAF Social Security Contributions of \$123,570 represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 6. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the schools basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF ESSEX, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

CDFA Number(s)

None

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:

B programs (.520)

Financial Statement Section			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
	YES	<u>NO</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		X	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over compliance:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmo	dified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.156(A)?		X	
Identification of major programs:			

Name of Federal Program or

Cluster

None

\$750,000

 \mathbf{X}

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL **COUNTY OF ESSEX, NEW JERSEY** SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (continued)

State Awards	YES	<u>NO</u>	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs (.520)	\$750	,000	
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:	X		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmo	dified	
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmo	dified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08?		X	

Identification of major programs:

State/Grant Program	Name of State Program
$\underline{Number(s)}$	or Cluster
17-495-034-5120-078	Equalization Aid

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF ESSEX, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PART II – SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF ESSEX, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PART III – SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

No federal and state award findings and questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance of U.S. Uniform Guidance or with NJOMB Circular 15-08.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Status of Prior Year Findings

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, U.S. Uniform Guidance (section .315(a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

In accordance with government auditing standards, my procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations. There were no prior year findings.