COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON OF NEW JERSEY FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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December 2, 2017

Commissioner
New Jersey Department of Education
100 Riverview Executive Plaza
CN 500
Trenton, NJ 08625

Dear Commissioner:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2017, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the school. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the school. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the school's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter and list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report. The statistical section includes audited data from the school's first six fiscal years. The school is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the requirements of 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (U.S. Uniform Guidance), "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments." Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations is included in the single audit section of this report.

1) <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u> The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson constitutes an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All funds and account groups of the entity are included in this report.

Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson commenced the 2016/2017 school year with 60 Kindergarten students.

- 2) <u>ENROLLMENT OUTLOOK:</u> Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson constitutes an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All funds and account groups of the entity are included in this report.
- 3) MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS We successfully launched our school with 60 kindergarten students. In addition, the state approved the expansion of our class size to 75 starting in 2017/2018. We held monthly parent organization meetings and quarterly family events that were highly attended. We retained 100% of our teachers from year 1 to year 2. Our students performed at our ribbon cutting in September, our Winter Concert in December and at graduation in June. In addition, we successful implemented EcoSpaces Education with indoor grow boxes and the Charlie Cart which is a mobile teaching kitchen
- 4) <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS:</u> Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived: and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the school also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the school management.

As part of the school's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the school has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) **BUDGETARY CONTROLS:** In addition to internal accounting controls, the school maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the school and the State of New Jersey. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal period is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balances at June 30, 2017.

- 6) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS: The Charter Schools' accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the school is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 1.
- 7) FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL PERIOD—END: As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of report, the school has met its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2017.

Revenue	Amount	Percent of Total
Local and State Aid	\$634,622	40%
Special Revenue	276,821	17%
State Sources	71,798	6%
Misc.	599,053	37%
Total	\$1,582,294	100%

The following schedule presents a summary of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund expenditures for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2017.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total
Current - General Fund	\$1,066,939	69%
Special Revenue	458,899	31%
Total	\$1,525,838	100%

- 8) CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the school is guided in large part by the state Statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 2. The school had adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with failed banking institutions in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- 9) **RISK MANAGEMENT:** The school carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, and hazard and theft insurance on property and contents.

10) OTHER INFORMATION:

<u>Independent Audit</u> – State statutes require an annual audit by an Independent Certified Public Accountant or Registered Municipal Accountant. The Accounting firm of Gerald D. Longo, CPA was selected by the Charter School.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the state statutes, the Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Regina Lauricella

Principal

ROSTER OF TRUSTEES JUNE 30, 2017

BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM EXPIRES
Gigo H. Lee - Taylor, President, Voting	6/2017
Debra Anderson, Vice President, Voting	6/2017
Monique Baptiste, Voting	6/2017
Madelka Osiecki, Voting	6/2017
Barry Poskanzer, Voting	6/2018
Nelson Rodriguez, Voting	6/2018
Tammie A. Reid, Voting	6/2017
Regina Lauricella, Principal, Non-voting	
Migdalia Dale, School Business Administrator, Non-voting	

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS June 30, 2017

AUDIT FIRM

Gerald D. Longo, CPA 62 Old Queens Blvd. Manalapan, NJ 07726-3648

ATTORNEYS

Isabel Machado Machado Law Group, LLC 136 Central Avenue, 2nd Fl Clark, NJ 07066

OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY

Santander Bank 4261 Route 9 North Howell, NJ 07731



GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 62 OLD QUEENS BLVD. MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768

FAX 732 792-0868

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Chairman and
Members of the Board of Trustees
Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson
County of Passaic
Paterson, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Trustees of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson, County of Passaic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management,

as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information* as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information which consists of the introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, respectively, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statement information, and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, are the responsibility of management and such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used

to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other information such as the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 2, 2017 on my consideration of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

herall longo

December 2, 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

This section of Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal period that ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Board's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2016-17 fiscal period include the following:

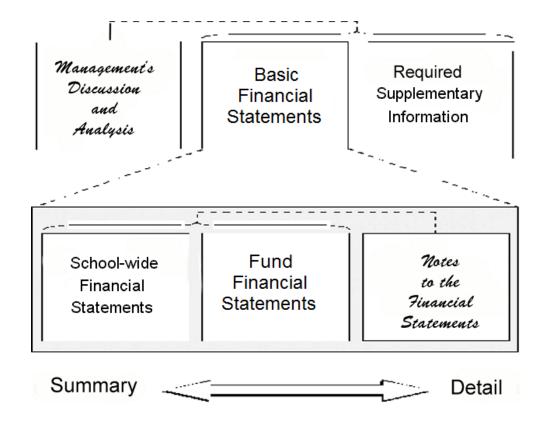
- Total Net Position was \$56,456.
- The unrestricted General Fund balance at June 30, 2017 is \$56,456.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information that includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Figure A-1. Required Components of the Board's Annual Financial Report



- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both shortterm and long-term information about the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts
 of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson, reporting the Philip's Academy
 Charter School of Paterson's operation in more detail than the school-wide
 statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the Food Service activities. Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson does not operate a food service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide data that are more detailed. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's financial statements, including the portion of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 - Major Features of the School-wide and Financial Statements

	School-wide Statements	<u>Fund Financial St</u> Governmental Funds	atements Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson that are for the school operations and not proprietary or fiduciary, such as teachers' salaries, special education and building maintenance, food service, and community education	Activities the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson operates similar to private businesses: Internal service fund
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet	Statement of net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenue expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon there after; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

School-wide Statements

The school-wide statements report information about the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's financial health or position.

In the school-wide financial statements, the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities- Most of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, and community education. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities- This is not applicable to Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

• Some funds are required by State law.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson uses other funds, established in accordance with the State of New Jersey Uniform Chart, to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (e.g., federal funds).

The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds- Most of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Proprietary funds** Services for which the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the school-wide statements.
- **Fiduciary funds** The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others such as scholarship fund, payroll and payroll agency funds, and student activity funds. The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. I exclude these activities from the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's government-wide financial statements because the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net position. The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's net position is \$56,456 as of June 30, 2017. (See Table A-1).

Governmental

\$56,456

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's financial position is the product of these factors:

- Special Revenue Fund Federal Aid Revenues were \$276,821
- Special Revenue Fund Federal Aid Expenditures were \$276,821
- General Fund Revenues were \$1,123,395.
- General Fund Expenditures were \$1,066,939.

Table A-1 PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Net Position (Deficit) As of June 30, 2017

	<u>Total</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$372,185
Capital Assets (Including Business Activities)	0
Total Assets	\$372,185
•	
Current Liabilities	315,729
Other Liabilities	0
Total Liabilities	315,729
Net Assets:	_
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	0
Restricted	0
Unrestricted	56,456
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$56,456

Total Governmental and Business Activities revenues & beginning assets are adjusted by net adjusted expenditures resulting in a calculation of net position of \$56,456 as of June 30, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Table A-2 PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues		Total	Percent
Program revenues	'		
Charges for services			
Operating grants and contributions			
General revenues			
Local Share	\$	634,622	40%
State Aid-Unrestricted		0	
Federal Aid		276,821	17%
Federal and State Aid-Restricted		71,798	5%
Other		599,053	38%
Total revenues	\$	1,582,294	100%
Expenses			
Regular Instruction		794,750	55%
General Administrative		438,215	25%
School Administrative		258,851	19%
On-behalf TPAF Social Security		34,022	1%
Capital Outlay			
	\$	1,525,838	100%
(Increase) in net position		56,456	
Initial Year			
FundBalance 06/30/2017	\$	56,456	
Net Pension Adjustment -Exhibit B-1		0	
Net Position 06/30/2017		56,456	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Table A-3 (See Exhibit A-2) PPHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Functions/Programs	Source	_	otal Cost of Services]	Net Cost of Services
Governmental Activities					
Instruction					
Regular	B-2	\$	794,750	\$	843,438
Support Services					
General Administrative Services	B-2		438,215		389,438
School Administrative Services	B-2		258,851		258,851
On-behalf TPAF Social Security	B-2		34,022		34,022
Capital Outlay	B-2		-		-
Enterprise Fund	B-2		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		\$	1,525,838	\$	1,525,749

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDS

The financial performance of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson as a whole is reflected in its governmental activities Exhibit A-2. As the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson completed the year, its general funds reported a combined fund balance of \$56,456.

Revenues for the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's governmental funds were \$1,582,294 while total expenses were \$1,525,838. (Table A-4) (Exhibit B-2)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson in providing educational services to students for Kindergarten only.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

The following schedule presents a summary of Government Revenues.

Table A-4 (See Exhibit B-2) PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Changes in Governmental Revenues - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

General Fund Revenues	Year Ended 06/30/2017		
Local Sources:			
Local Share	\$	634,622	
State Share		-	
Misc Revenue		599,053	
Total Local Revenue	\$	1,233,675	
Intergovernmental			
State Sources		71,798	
Federal Sources		276,821	
Total Intergovernmental Sources	\$	348,619	
Total Revenue	\$	1,582,294	

The following schedule presents a summary of Governmental expenditures.

Table A-5 (See Exhibit B-2) PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATE Changes in Governmental Expenditures - School Wi For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

Year Ended 06/30/2017		
\$	794,750	
	438,215	
	258,851	
	34,022	
\$	1,525,838	
	0	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

UNRESERVED-UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF EXPENDITURES

The following table shows the General Fund unreserved-undesignated fund balance.

Table A-6 PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

General Fund	<u>2017</u>
Unreserved-Undesignated	
Fund Balance	56,456
Expenditures	1,525,838
Percentage	3.0%

The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson values its fund balances as a vehicle for addressing unbudgeted and emergent needs that occur during the school year. The fund balance designated to support the subsequent years budget is \$56,456 for the 2017-18 school year.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson was aware of these existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The State of New Jersey passed legislation which imposes a 2% cap on the underlying school District's tax levy.
- Future State Aid may be reduced due to the State's criteria utilized in calculating allocations of State Aid.

CONTACTING THE PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's finances and to demonstrate the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson, 342 Central Avenue, Newark, NJ 07103

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS The basic financial statements provide a financial overview of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and operating results of all funds as of June 30, 2017.



PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ			Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,519		-	\$	72,519
Receivables, net		299,666		-		299,666
Capital assets, net						
Total Assets		372,185			-	372,185
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension deferred outflows						_
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	372,185	\$	-	\$	372,185
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		224,353		-		224,353
Payable to school districts		-		-		-
Payable to federal government				-		-
Payable to state government		-		-		04.0=4
Deferred revenue		91,376		-		91,376
Net pension liability Total liabilities		215 720				215 720
Total Habilities		315,729	•		•	315,729
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension deferred inflows						
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		-		-		-
Restricted for:				-		
Debt service				-		
Capital reserve				-		-
Unrestricted	•	56,456	Ф.		•	56,456
Total net position	\$	56,456	\$		\$	56,456
Fund Balance June 30, 2017 - B-1	\$	56,456				
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation		0				
Net position before pension adjustments		56,456				
Less pension adjustments net		0				
Total net position - June 30, 2017		\$56,456				

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit A-2

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Program Revenues					S	Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		G	perating ants and atributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
Governmental activities:													
Instruction:													
Regular	\$	(794,750)			\$	(400,628)		\$	(394,122)		\$	(394,122)	
Support services:													
General administatrion		(438,215)				(58,271)			(379,944)			(379,944)	
School administrative services/ operations plant serv.		(258,851)							(258,851)			(258,851)	
On - behalf TPAF Social Security		(362,956)							(34,022)			(34,022)	
Capital Outlay		-							-				
Total governmental activities		(1,854,772)				(458,899)			(1,066,939)			(1,066,939)	
Business-type activities:													
Food Service				_									
Total business-type activities													
Total primary government	\$	(1,854,772)	\$ ()	\$	(458,899)		\$	(1,066,939)	\$ -	\$	(1,066,939)	
	Ge	neral revenues:											
			Local Share						634,622			634,622	
			State Share						0	-		0	
			State and Fed	lera	al Aid				71,798	-		71,798	
			Miscellaneou	s I	ncome				416,975	-		416,975	
			Board Subsid	y						-			
			Increase in ne	t C	apital	Outlay						0	
	Tot	al general rever	nues, special ite	ems	s, extra	ordinary			1,123,395	-		1,123,395	
		Change in No	et Position						56,456	0		56,456	
	Ne	t Pension Adjus	tment Exhibit	B-1					0			0	
	Ne	t Position - Initi	al Year						0	0		0	
	Ne	t Position - June	e 30, 2017					\$	56,456	\$ -	\$	56,456	

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.





Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2017

	General Fund	R	pecial evenue Fund	(Total Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 118,851	\$	(46,332)		72,519
Receivables, net	81,655		218,011		299,666
Total assets	\$ 200,506	\$	171,679	\$	372,185
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	144,050		80,303		224,353
Payable to federal government			-		0
Payable to School Districts Payable to state government	-				$0 \\ 0$
Deferred revenue	_		91,376		91,376
Total liabilities	144,050	-	171,679		315,729
Fund Balances:	111,050		171,075	-	313,727
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances					
Legally restricted unexpended					
additional spending proposal					
Legally restricted designated for					
subsequent year's expenditures					
Capital reserve	-				
Excess surplus	=				
Excess surplus designated for Subsequent year's expenditures					
Unreserved, reported in:					
General fund	56,456				56,456
Total Fund balances	56,456	-	_		56,456
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 200,506	\$	171,679		,
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> (A-1) are different because:	in the statement o	of net po	osition		
Capital assets used in governmental activities			es and		
therefore are not reported in the funds. The co	st of the assets is a	ınd the		-	
accumulated depreciation					
Net position of governmental activities					\$56,456
Deferred Outflows related to pension contribution Liability measurement date and other deferred resources and therefore, are not reported in the	l items are not curr	ent fina	ncial		
Deferred Inflows related to pension actuarial	rains from avnario	nce and	differences		
in actual returns and assumed returns and othe liabilities in the fund statements. (See Note 5)	er deferred items a				
Long-term liabilities, including net pension licurrent period and therefore are not reported a (See Note 5)			yable in the	_	
Net position of governmental activities - June	30, 2017			\$	56,456
The source of Bo termination delivines during	,			<u> </u>	20,120

 $\label{thm:companying} \textbf{ Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.}$

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Name		General Fund			Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds			
Local Share \$ 634,622 \$ 634,622 State Share	REVENUES								
State Share - - - Other Restricted Miscellaneous Revenues 416,975 182,078 599,053 Total - Local Sources 1,051,597 1,051,597 State Sources 71,798 - 71,798 Federal Sources 276,821 276,821 276,821 Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - - Transfers out - -	Local sources:								
Other Restricted Miscellaneous 416,975 182,078 599,053 Total - Local Sources 1,051,597 1,051,597 State Sources 71,798 - 71,798 Federal Sources 276,821 276,821 276,821 Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current: 894,122 400,628 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017	Local Share	\$	634,622			\$	634,622		
Miscellaneous 416,975 182,078 599,053 Total - Local Sources 1,051,597 1,051,597 State Sources 71,798 - 71,798 Federal Sources 276,821 276,821 276,821 Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers out - - - Total other financing sources and uses - - - Net change in fund balances 56,456<	State Share		-				-		
Total - Local Sources 1,051,597 1,051,597 State Sources 71,798 - 71,798 Federal Sources 276,821 276,821 276,821 Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in - - - Total other financing sources and uses - - - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -<	Other Restricted Miscellaneous Revenues								
State Sources 71,798 - 71,798 Federal Sources 276,821 276,821 Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -	Miscellaneous		416,975		182,078		599,053		
State Sources 71,798 - 71,798 Federal Sources 276,821 276,821 Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -	Total - Local Sources		1,051,597				1,051,597		
Total Revenues 1,123,395 458,899 1,582,294 EXPENDITURES Current:	State Sources		71,798		-				
EXPENDITURES Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay	Federal Sources				276,821		276,821		
Current: Regular instruction \$ 394,122 \$ 400,628 \$ 794,750 Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in Transfers out T	Total Revenues		1,123,395		458,899				
Support services- General Administrative 379,944 58,271 438,215 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances Fund balances - July 1, 2017 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -	Current:	Φ.	204.122	ф	400,620	Φ	704.750		
Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant se 258,851 258,851 On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances Fund balances - July 1, 2017 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -	E .	\$,	\$,	\$,		
On-behalf TPAF Social Security 34,022 34,022 Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances Fund balances - July 1, 2017 56,456 56,456					58,271		,		
Capital outlay - - Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses - - Net change in fund balances Fund balances - July 1, 2017 56,456 56,456							,		
Total Expenditures 1,066,939 458,899 1,525,838 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in - - Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses * - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -	<u> </u>		34,022				34,022		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses * - Net change in fund balances Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - 56,456 56,456 56,456 56,456	Capital outlay						-		
over expenditures 56,456 56,456 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - - Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses * - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -	Total Expenditures		1,066,939		458,899		1,525,838		
Transfers in - - Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses * - Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 - -			56,456				56,456		
Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses * Net change in fund balances Fund balance - July 1, 2017 Sequence -									
Total other financing sources and uses * Net change in fund balances Fund balance - July 1, 2017 56,456			-				-		
Net change in fund balances 56,456 56,456 Fund balance - July 1, 2017 -									
Fund balance - July 1, 2017	Total other financing sources and uses				*				
	C		56,456				56,456		
		\$	56,456			\$	56,456		

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)		\$	56,456
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period. (Note 2) Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$	- - \$	
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, including service and interest costs, administrative costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is the amount by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed during the period.		·	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	56,456

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

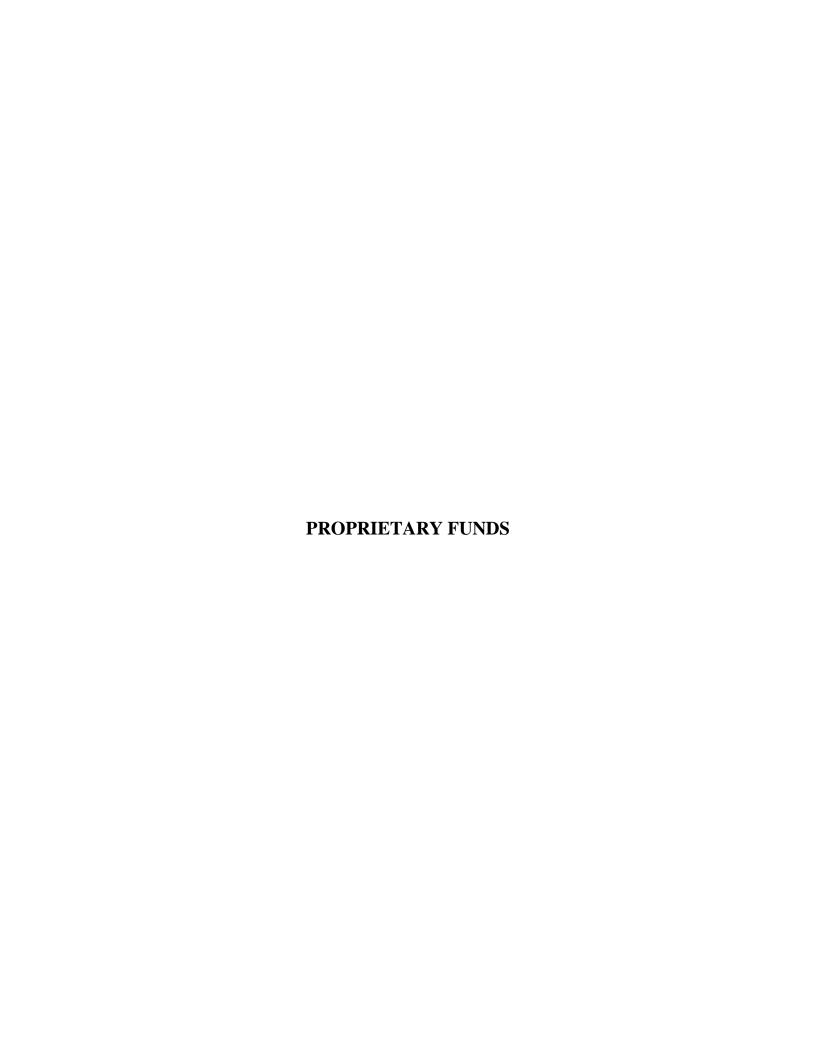


EXHIBIT B-4

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

Exhibit B-5

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT B-6

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

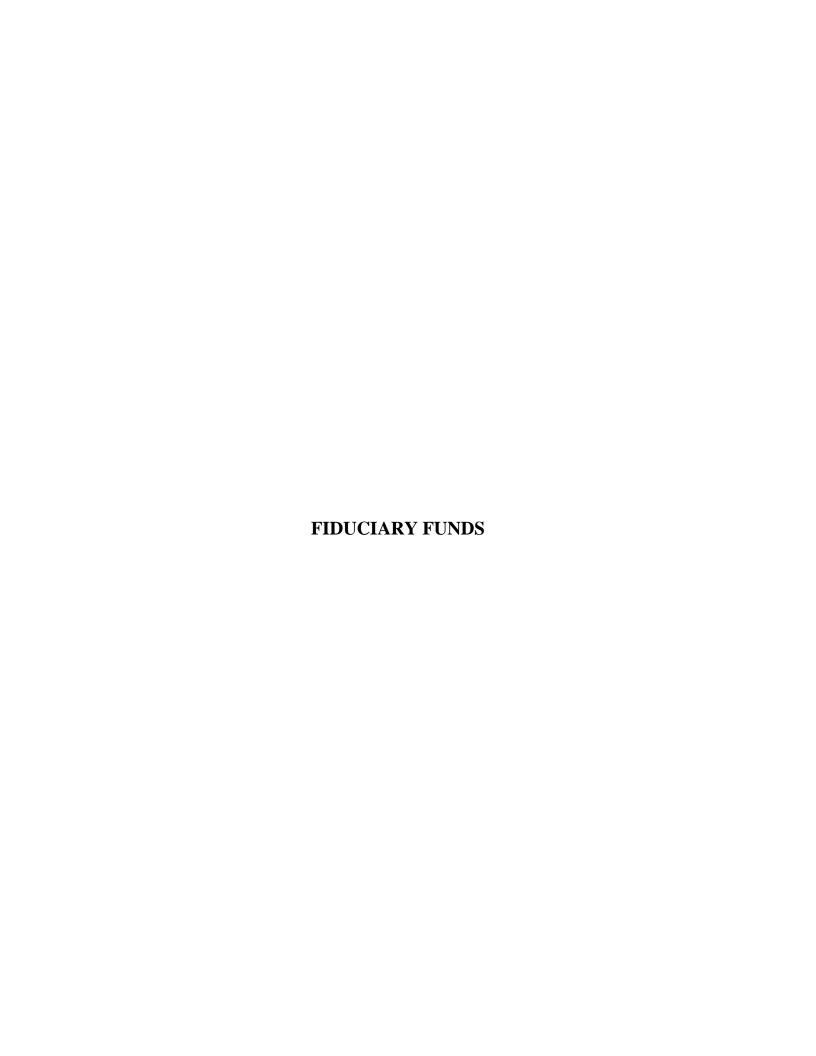


Exhibit B-7

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2017

Exhibit B-8

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

1. <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY</u>

Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson (the "Charter School") was incorporated in the State of New Jersey as a non-for-profit corporation for the purpose of operating and maintaining a public school under a charter granted by the State of New Jersey, which promotes comprehensive educational reform by infusing innovation into the public education system. It is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Charter School's Board of Trustees (the Board) is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is appointed by Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School. Under the existing statutes, the Charter School's duties and powers include, but not limited to the development and adoption of a school program; the establishment, organization and operation of schools; and the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units to be included in the reporting entity. Further, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson Board of Trustees also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

Its mission is to establish a Charter School to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and footnotes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson (the "Charter School") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board publication, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, Section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity.

The basic criterion for inclusion or exclusion from the financial reporting entity is the exercise of oversight which to responsibility includes financial interdependency and a resulting financial benefit or burden relationship, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, certain legally separate, tax-exempt entities that meet specific criteria (i.e. benefit of economic resources, access/entitlement to economic resources and significances) should be included in the financial reporting entity. The combined financial statements include all funds of the school over which the Board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

A Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Charter School Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) requires that all funds be reported as major, as it is considered important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter Schools financial reporting in the State of New Jersey.

B Fund Accounting

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Charter Schools' major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2017 there was no Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are similar to business principles in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

Enterprise Funds - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary or trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. This fund category includes:

Trust Funds - Expendable Trust Funds (unemployment compensation) are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental funds. The unemployment compensation trust fund is used to account for contributions from employees and the employer (the Charter School) and interest earned on the balance as well as payments to the State for reimbursements of unemployment claims.

Agency Funds – Agency funds (Payroll, Health Benefits and Student Activity Fund) are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involved measurement of results of operations.

C Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. **Basis of accounting** refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing use) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total position) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i. e the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determine and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental funds revenues.

D Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue fund. The budgets are submitted to the County Office and the Education Commissioner for approval. Budgets except for the special revenue fund which is prepared using a non-GAAP budgetary basis, are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by Charter School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L. 2004 c73 (S1701). The Board of Trustees did not make any material supplemental budgetary appropriations during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

E Cash, Cash Equivalent and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investment with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchases and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. US Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchases are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of the investments and types of financial institution they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. established the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan Institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and saving banks the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposit of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

F Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The School has two items which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. One item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one type which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The item that qualifies for reporting in this category are the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; and (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

G Net Position/Fund Balance

School-Wide Statements

In the school-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets- consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.
- Restricted Net Position- reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount
 of noncapital assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt
 covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed
 by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position- restricted is classified as net position unrestricted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term (due within one year) Interfund loans are classified as Interfund receivables/payables. Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the Government Wide Statements of Net Position.

I Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase. Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

J Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, equipment, furniture & fixtures and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the Government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Charter School as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or through estimation procedures performed by an independent appraisal company.

The cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method.

The furniture and fixtures that the school utilizes presently is now part of the building lease. Philip's Academy does not have ownership of the furniture and fixtures; therefore, there presently are no capitalized assets to depreciate.

K Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is in the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources.

These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The entire sick leave and vacation leave liabilities are reported on the school-wide financial statements.

The Charter School had no compensated absences as of June 30, 2017.

L Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, the non-current portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable (if any) that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

M Deferred Revenue

Deferred Revenue represents funds which have been received but not yet earned.

There is no deferred revenue in the General Fund and \$91,376 of Deferred Revenue in the Special Revenue Fund as follows:

PEP Grant	\$519
Title IA	6,720
IDEA	6,771
Implementation Grant	77,366
	\$91,376

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

N Fund Balance and Equity

In February 2009, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"). GASB 54 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010 and establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- 1. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

O Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payments made by the State of New Jersey for Pension and Social Security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Q Net Position

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson did not have any deferred inflows or outflows of resources at June 30, 2017.

Net position is displayed in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also would be included in this component of net position.

The restricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

R New Accounting Standards

Prior to fiscal year 2017, the Charter School adopted the following GASB statements:

GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions: the objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria.

GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund (NJCMF), the New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund (NJARM) and the M.B.I.A Class.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Total
Operating A/C	\$118,851	(\$46,332)	\$72,319

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by one banking institution. At June 30, 2017, the Charter School's bank balance was \$91,196.

Of the bank balance, \$91,196 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2017 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$0 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit protection Act ("GUDPA").

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the Charter School disclose whether its deposits are exposed to custodial risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Charter School would not be able to recover the value of its deposit or investment). In general, deposits are considered to be exposed to custodial risk by three categories described below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3 <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)</u>

Category 1

Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Charter School or by its agent in the Charter School's name.

Category 2

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository's trust department or agent in the Charter School's name.

Category 3

Uncollateralized, including any deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Charter School's name.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- 1. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- 2. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- 3. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- 4. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2017, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

4. <u>LEASE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

The school leases its premises under the terms of the renewable annual lease from Philip's Education Partners, Inc. a not for profit organization formed to support Philip's Academy Charter School. The rent expense for the current year was \$120,000. The rent covered the school premises. In the opinion of school management, this amount approximates fair market value for the rent charged.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

5 PENISON PLANS

<u>Description of Plans</u> - Substantially all of the employees of the School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

<u>Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u> - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State.

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the School and the systems other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

<u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> - The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u> - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established under the provision of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 to provide coverage to elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one year of membership.

<u>Vesting and Benefit Provisions</u> - The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 43:03B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

5 PENISON PLANS (continued)

Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

<u>Significant Legislation</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

Pension Plan Design Changes - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

<u>Funding Changes</u> - Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an open-ended 30 year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2018 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30 year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20 year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

5 PENISON PLANS (continued)

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the School is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and Schools).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2011 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the School.

PERS employer contributions are made annually by the School to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the School recorded as revenue \$34,022 for the year ended June 30, 2017 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. Also the State paid \$0 into the TPAF pension representing on-behalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions for the School. These amounts have been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$0 as measured on June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$0 and revenue of \$0 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2017 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School. The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

6/30/2016

Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$17,414,701,002
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$134,532,594
Collective net pension liability (Nonemployer-	\$79 666 267 052
State of New Jersey)	\$78,666,367,052
State's portion of the net pension liability that was	0.0/
associated with the Charter School	-0-%
State's portion of the net pension liability that was	
associated with the Charter School as a percentage	-0-%
of the collective net pension liability	0 70

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies based on experience

Salary Increases: Thereafter Varies based on experience

Investment Rate of Return: 7.65%

Pre-retirement, post retirement and disabled mortality rates were based on the experience of TPAF members reflecting mortality improvement on a generational basis based on a 60-year average of Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.65% at June 30, 2016) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	Target	Long Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Cash	5.00%	0.39%
US Government Bonds	1.50%	1.28%
US Credit Bonds	13.00%	2.76%
US Mortgages	2.00%	2.38%
US Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	1.41%
US High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.70%
US Equity Market	26.00%	5.14%
Foreign-Developed Equity	13.25%	5.91%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	8.16%
Private Real Estate Property	5.25%	3.64%
Timber	1.00%	3.86%
Farmland	1.00%	4.39%
Private Equity	9.00%	8.97%
Commodities	0.50%	2.87%
Hedge Funds - MultiStrategy	5.00%	3.70%
Heage Funds - Equity Hedge	3.75%	4.72%
Hedge Funds - Distressed	3.75%	3.49%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the State's total pension liability was 3.22% and 4.13% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.65%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% and 3.80% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers (State of New Jersey) will be made based on the average of the last five years. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2029.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2029, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Since the Charter School's has no proportionate share of the net pension liability because of the special funding situation, the Charter School would not be sensitive to any changes in the discount rate. Detailed information about the pension plan's sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/pdf/financial/gasb68-tpaf16.pdf

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2017, the Charter School reported a liability of \$0 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, the Charter School's proportion was 0%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$0. At June 30, 2017, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience		
Changes of assumptions	\$-0-	\$-0-
Net difference between projected and actual	-0-	-0-
earnings on pension plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between	-0-	-0-
Charter School contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions		
Charter School contributions subsequent to the	-0-	-0-
measurement date.	•	•
Total	\$-0-	\$-0-
Total	φ-0-	φ-0-

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ended June 30, 2017, the plan measurement date was June 30, 2016) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30:
2016	\$0
2017	\$0
2018	\$0
2019	\$0
2020	\$0
Thereafter	\$0
Total:	\$0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	6/30/16
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$8,685,338,380
Collective deferred inflows of resources Collective net pension liability (Non State- Local	\$870,133,595 \$0
Group)	ΨΟ
Charter schools proportion of net pension liability Charter School proportion percentage	0 0%

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.08%

Salary Increases:

2012-2026 1.65%-4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65%-5.15% based on age

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale.

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and a one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.65% at June 30, 2016) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	5.00%	0.87%
U.S. Treasuries	1.50%	1.74%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.79%
Mortgages	2.00%	1.67%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.56%
Inflation Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.44%
Broad U.S. Equities	26.00%	8.53%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.25%	6.83%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.95%
Private Equity	9.00%	12.40%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.50%	4.68%
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.91%
Commodities	50.00%	5.45%
Global Debt ex US	5.00%	-0.25%
REIT	5.25%	5.63%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.98% as of June 30, 2016. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.65% and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% as of June 30, 2016 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 30% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2034.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2016 calculated using the discount rate of 3.98%, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	2016		
	Current		
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease (3.9%)	Rate (4.9%)	Increase (5.9%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$-0-	\$-0-	\$-0-

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml

7. POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

P.L. 1987, c. 384 and P.L. 1990, c.6 required Teachers' Pensions and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), respectively, to fund post-retirement medical benefits for those state employees who retire after accumulating 25 years of credited service or on a disability retirement. P.L. 2007, c 103 amended the law to eliminate the funding of post-retirement medical benefits through the TPAF and PERS. It created separate funds outside of the pension plans for the funding and payment of post-retirement medical benefits for retired state employees and retired educational employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

7. **POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

As of June 30, 2016, there were 110,512 retirees receiving post-retirement medical benefits and the State contributed \$1.37 billion on their behalf. The cost of these benefits is funded through contributions by the State in accordance with P.L. 1994, c.62. Funding of post-retirement medical benefits changed from a prefunding basis to a pay-as-you-go basis beginning in fiscal year 1994.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable to P.L. 1992, c.126 which provides employer paid health benefits to members of PERS, and the Alternate Benefit Program who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service. The state paid \$231.2 million toward Chapter 126 benefits for 20,045 eligible retired members in fiscal year 2016.

8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy.

Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days. The Board of the Charter School is currently reviewing the exiting compensated absences policies with the intent of addressing the issues of accumulation and payments upon termination.

As of June 30, 2017, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

9. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2017, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

The Charter School's attorney's letter advises that there is no litigation, pending litigation claims, contingent liabilities, unasserted claims for assessments or statutory violations which involved the Charter School and which might materially affect the Charter School's financial position.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation - The Charter School has not elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School would be required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. Under that method, the Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

12. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2017 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:			
Accounts	<u>\$81,655</u>	<u>\$218,011</u>	<u>\$299,666</u>
Gross Receivables	<u>\$81,655</u>	\$218,011	\$299,666

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

13 CAPITAL ASSETS

The school has no Capital Assets recorded; such as furniture, fixtures and equipment.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The school has evaluated subsequent events occurring in the Independent Auditors Report of December 2, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the school has determined no subsequent events require disclosure in the financial statements.

15. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

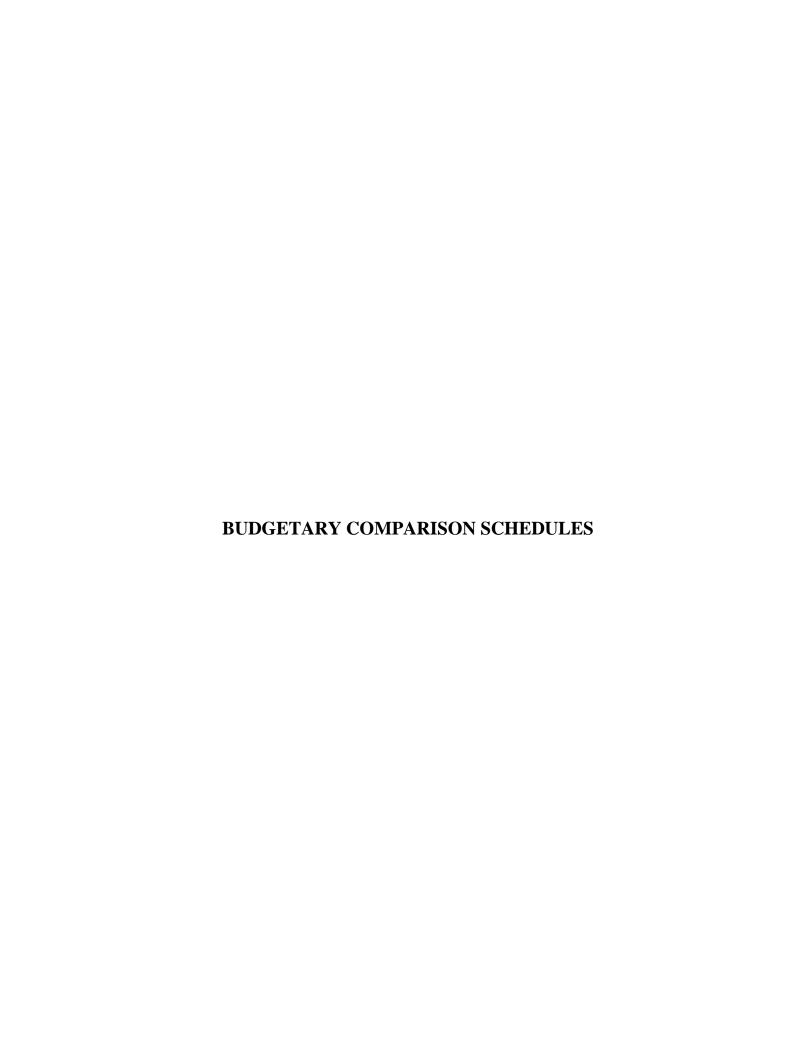
Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1	\$56,456
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation	-0-
Pension deferred outflows	-0-
Pension deferred inflows	-0-
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2017	-0-
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2017	\$56,456

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget		Budget Transfers		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual		
REVENUES:									
Local Sources:									
Local Share	\$ 632,190	\$	2,432	\$	634,622	\$ 634,622	\$	-	
State Share	413,269		11,612		424,881	-		424,881	
Other Miscellaneous Revenues						415,050		(415,050)	
Miscellaneous	-		-		0	1,925		(1,925)	
Total - Local Sources	1,045,459		14,044		1,059,503	1,051,597		7,906	
Nonpublic Aid	-		-		-	-		-	
Special Education	32,056		(20,095)		11,961	11,961		-	
Security Aid	19,764		6,051		25,815	25,815		-	
Categorical Aid	-		_		-	-		-	
Targeted At- Risk Aid			_		_	-		-	
Bilingual Education	-		_		_	-		-	
Demonstrably Effective	-		_		_	-		-	
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)	-				-				
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)						34,022		(34,022)	
Total State Sources	51,820		(14,044)		37,776	71,798		(34,022)	
Federal Sources:	•		,					,	
Impact Aid									
Medical Assistance Program									
Total - Federal Sources									
Total Revenues	1,097,279		-		1,097,279	1,123,395		(26,116)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current Expense:									
Regular Programs - Instruction									
Teachers Salary	443,500)	(59,100)		384,400	380,516	\$	3,884	
Other Salaries	25,000)	(13,467)		11,533	11,533		-	
Prof/Tech Services	-		-		-	-		-	
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	-		-		-	-		-	
General Supplies	15,360)	(14,738)		622	615		7	
Textbooks	4,050)	(4,050)		-	-		-	
Other Objects	500		958		1,458	1,458		<u> </u>	
TOTAL REGULAR PROGRAMS - INSTRUCTION	488,410		(90,397)		398,013	394,122		3,891	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Support Services - General Administrative					
Salaries of Administative Salaries	138,500	23,115	161,615	158,377	3,238
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	-	11,406	11,406	11,406	-
Cost of Benefits	88,289	(4,850)	83,439	52,738	30,701
Consultants	21,445	65,559	87,004	84,997	2,007
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	62,805	2,017	64,822	64,321	501
Communications/Telephone	9,000	(3,045)	5,955	5,398	557
Supplies and Materials	3,000	(1,099)	1,901	1,291	610
Other Objects	5,540	5,432	10,972	1,416	9,556
-	328,579	98,535	427,114	379,944	47,170
Support Services - School Admin/Operation Plant Services			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Salaries	62,500	(10,833)	51,667	50,600	1,067
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	38,600	34,079	72,679	69,255	3,424
Other Purchased Services	-	-	-	-	-
Rental of Land and Building- other than Lease Purchase Agreements	120,000	_	120,000	120,000	-
Insurance	37,740	(13,322)	24,418	15,794	8,624
General Supplies	1,000	-	1,000	814	186
Transportation- Trips	1,200	1,188	2,388	2,388	-
Energy (Energy and Electricity)	19,250	(19,250)	, -	_	_
Other Objects	-	-	_	_	_
Total Undist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	280,290	(8,138)	272,152	258,851	13,301
Food Service and After Care Program		(0,000)			
Other Purchased Services		-	_	_	
Total Food Services			- '	_	_
On-behalf TPAF pension and medical contributions (non-budgeted)				_	
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (non-budgeted)				34,022	(34,022)
TOTAL ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS				34,022	(34,022)
			-	31,022	(31,022)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES					
TO THE CLUE THE DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	608,869	90,397	699,266	672,817	26,449
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	1,097,279	-	1,097,279	1,066,939	30,340

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
Equipment					
Regular Programs - Instruction:					
Instructional Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Expense- Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
Building Improvements		-	-	-	-
Lease paymernts			. 		
Total Equipment					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES- GENERAL FUND	1,097,279	-	1,097,279	1,066,939	30,340
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures			-	56,456	(56,456)
Other Financing Sources:					
Operating Transfer In:	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources:	-		-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	56,456	(56,456)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016		-	-	-	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2017		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,456	\$ (56,456)

Exhibit C-2 Page 1

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Dudast	Transfers		Dudget		Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:		Budget	1 ransiers		Budget		Actual	Final to Actual
Local Sources	\$	182,078		\$	182,078	\$	182,078	
State Sources	Ψ	102,070		Ψ	102,070	Ψ	102,070	
Federal Sources		276,821			276,821		276,821	
Total Revenues		458,899			458,899		458,899	
EXPENDITURES:		430,077			430,077		430,077	
Instruction								
Salaries of Teachers		62,375			62,375		62,375	
Other Salaries for Instruction		,			,		0=,0.0	
Purchased Professional -Educational Services		146,765			146,765		146,765	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		-			-		-	
Food Service Subsidy		_			_		_	
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)		3,225			3,225		3,225	
Textbooks		-			_		-	
General Supplies		172,893			172,893		172,893	
Personal Services- Employee Benefits		9,583			9,583		9,583	
Instructional services		· -			-		· -	
Equipment- Non instructional		-			-		-	
Miscellaneous Expenditures		5,787			5,787		5,787	
Total Instruction		400,628	-		400,628		400,628	
Support Services								
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction		-			-		-	
Salaries of Program Directors								
Salaries of Other Professional Staff		-			-		-	
Salaries of Secretaries & Clerical Assistants								
Other Salaries								
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		-			-		-	
Purchased Professional - Educational Services		-			-		-	
Other Purchased Professional Services								
Supplies		5,421			5,421		5,421	
Rent		52,850			52,850		52,850	
Scholarships								
Tuition								
Travel								
Other purchased Services (400-500 series)		-			-		-	
Building Improvements								
Total Support Services		58,271	,		58,271		58,271	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Buildings Improvements Instructional Equipment Noninstructional Equipment Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					
Transfer to Charter School					
Total Expenditures	458,899		458,899	458,899	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in from General Fund Transfer Out to Whole School Reform (General Fund)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Total Outflows					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	\$	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Note to RSI
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

The general fund budget and the special revenue budget basis are GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30*

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2017</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	N/A
Charter School Covered employee payroll	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	N/A

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30*

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2017</u>
Contractually required contribution	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	N/A
Charter School Covered employee payroll	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

	<u>2017</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)**	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)**	N/A
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(asset) associated with the Charter School	N/A
Total	N/A
Charter School Covered employee payroll	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	N/A

^{**}NOTE: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in 100% which the State of New Jersey is responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the charter school (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the charter school.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PENSION SCHEDULES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 Based on Projection Scale AA.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

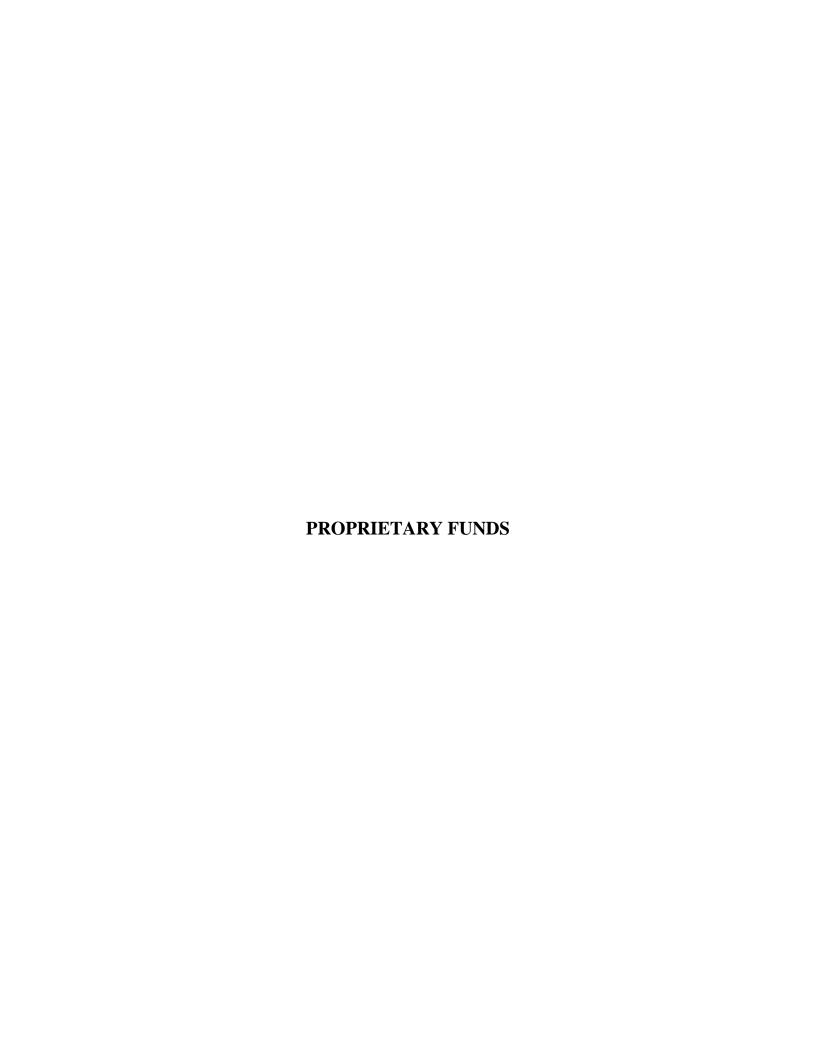
Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Pre-retirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvement. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvement.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue resources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Т	OTAL	,	Title IA	DEA RT B	IMP	LEMENTATION GRANT	ART- UP GRANT	P EDU	ART- UP HILIPS JCATION RTNERS
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental										
State				0						
Federal	\$	276,821	\$	26,460	\$ 3,225	\$	97,469	\$ 149,667	\$	-
Other Sources										
Miscellaneous		182,078								182,078
Total Revenues		458,899		26,460	3,225		97,469	149,667		182,078
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction										
Salaries		62,375		21,000	-		_	39,375		2,000
Other Purchased Services		3,225		_	3,225					
Purchased Prof. and Tech.and Edu Services		146,765		-	_		9,390	43,065		94,310
General Supplies		172,893		-	_		82,658	9,470		80,765
Recruitment		-								
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		9,583		5,460	_		-	4,123		_
Food Service Subsidy		_								
Textbooks		_								
Instructional Equipment		_					-			
Equipment Non- Instructional		_					_			
Misccellaneous Expenditures		5,787						784		5,003
Total Instruction		400,628		26,460	3,225	-	92,048	 96,817		182,078
Support Services										
Salaries of Supervisors of Instruction		_								
Salaries of Program Directors		_								
Salaries of Other Prof. Staff		_						_		
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Ass't		_								
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		_								
Supplies and Materials		5,421					5,421			
Rent		52,850						52,850		
Purchased Professional/Educational Services		-						,		
Class- room Improvements		_								
Building Improvements		_								
Non instructional Equipment		_								
Total Support Services		58,271					5,421	 52,850		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	458,899	\$	26,460	\$ 3,225	\$	97,469	\$ 149,667	\$	182,078



ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed through user charges or where the board has decided that periodical determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Food Service Fund - The fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools.

Exhibit G-1

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2017

Exhibit G-2

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2017

Exhibit G-3

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2017

	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Agency Fund <u>Payroll</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities		0	0
Payroll deductions and withholdings		0	0
Interfund payables Account payable - due to students group			0
Total Liabilities			
Total Batomacs			
Net Position			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$0	\$0	\$0

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Nonexpendable Trust Fund
Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
As of June 30, 2017

NOT APPLICABLE

73

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Student Activity Agency Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Initial Year)

	Balance <u>July 1, 2016</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2017
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$907,333	\$907,333	
Total Liabilities		907,333	907,333	
LIABILITIES				
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		403,222	403,222	
Accrued Salaries and Wages		504,111	504,111	
Total Liabilities		\$907,333	\$907,333	

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund
Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Fiduciary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

STATISTICAL SECTION

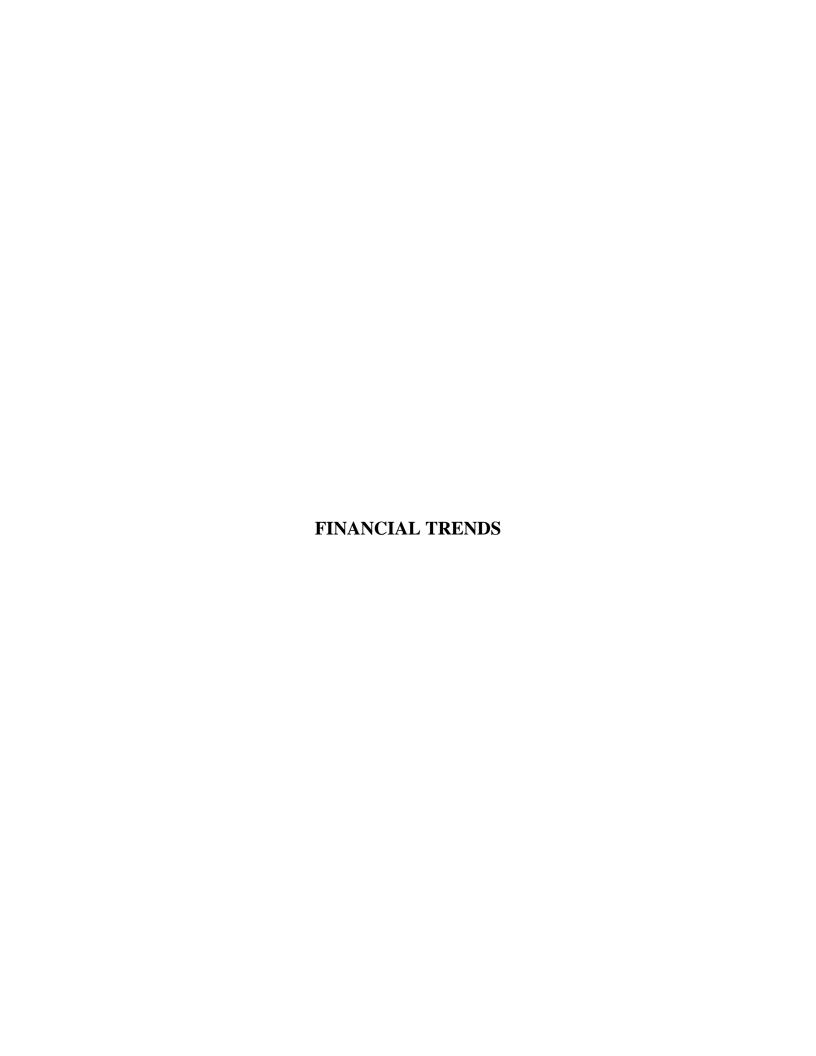
This part of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the school's overall financial health.

Contents	Exhibits
Financial Trends	J-1 to J-5
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	J-6 to J-9
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	J-10 to J-13
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	J-14 and J-15
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	J-16 to J-20
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to

the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	2017
Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Solve 56,45 Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Solve 56,45	
Unrestricted 56,45 Total governmental activities net position \$ 56,45 Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	net of related debt \$
Total governmental activities net position \$ 56,45 Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted - Unrestricted \$ -	56,456
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted - Unrestricted \$ -	s net position \$ 56,456
Restricted - Unrestricted \$ -	
Unrestricted \$ -	net of related debt
Total business-type activities net position	\$ -
	s net position
School-wide	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt -	net of related debt -
Restricted -	-
Unrestricted 56,45	56,456_
Total school net position \$ 56,45	\$ 56,456

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

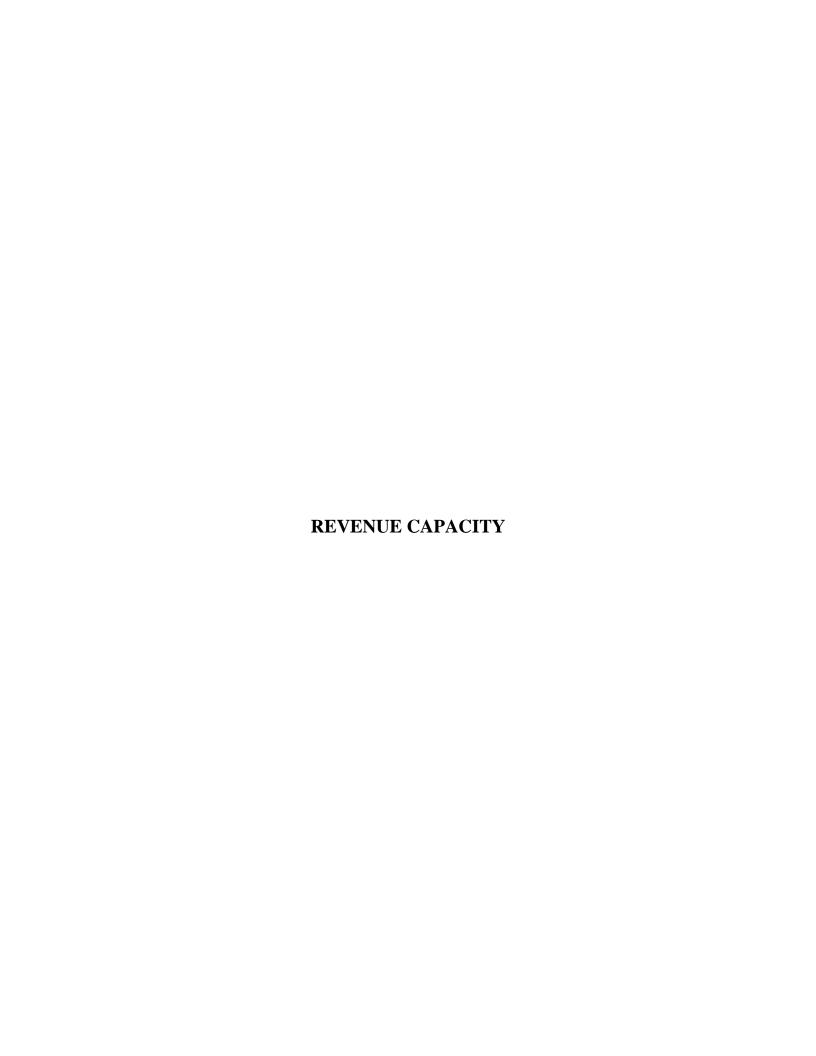
(CIVACDITED)	2017
Expenses	<u> 2017</u>
Governmental activities	
Instruction	
Regular	704.750
	794,750
Support Services:	420.215
General administration	438,215
School Administrative Services	258,851
On-behalf TPAF Social Securituy	34,022
Capital outlay	
Unallocated depreciation	
Total governmental activities expenses	1,525,838
and the second second	
Business-type activities:	
Food service	
Total business-type activities expense	<u> </u>
Total school expenses	\$1,525,838
D	
Program Revenues	
Governmental activities:	4.50.000
Operating grants and contributions	\$458,899
Capital grants and contributions	450,000
Total governmental activities program revenues	458,899
Business-type activities:	
Charges for services	
Food service	
Operating grants and contributions	0
Capital grants and contributions	U
Total business type activities program revenues Total school program revenues	\$458,899
Total school program revenues	\$430,099
Net (Expense)/Revenue	
Governmental activities	(\$1,066,939)
Business-type activities	(\$1,000,939)
Total school-wide net expense	(\$1,066,939)
Total school-wide het expense	(\$1,000,939)
Governmental activities:	
Local share	\$634,622
State Share	0
State and Federal Aid aid	71,798
Miscellaneous income	416,975
Decrease in Net Capital Outlay	410,773
Transfers	
Total governmental activities	\$1,123,395
Total governmental activities	ψ1,123,373
Business-type activities:	
Investment earnings	
Transfers	0
Total business-type activities	0
Total school-wide	\$1,123,395
Change in Net Position	
Governmental activities	\$56,456
Business-type activities	0
Total school	\$56,456

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2017</u>
General Fund	
Reserved	\$ 56,456
Unreserved	
Total General Fund	\$ 56,456
All Other Governmental Funds	
Reserved	
Unreserved, reported in:	
Special revenue fund	
Capital projects fund	
Debt service fund	
Permanent fund	
Total all other governmental funds	

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2017</u>
Revenues	
Local tax Levy	\$634,622
Other local revenue	599,053
State sources	71,798
Federal sources	276,821
Enterprise Fund	0
Total revenue	1,582,294
Expenditures	
Instruction	
Regular Instruction	794,750
Support Services:	
General administration	438,215
School administrative services/Plant	258,851
TPAF Social Security	34,022
Food Service	
Capital outlay	0
Debt service:	
Principal	
Interest and other charges	
Special Revenue	
Total expenditures	1,525,838
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures	
Other Financing sources (uses)	
Proceeds from borrowing	
Capital leases (non-budgeted)	
Proceeds from refunding	
Payments to escrow agent	
Transfers in	
Transfers out	
Total other financing sources (uses)	0
Net change in fund balance	\$56,456



General Fund - Other Local Revenue By Source For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

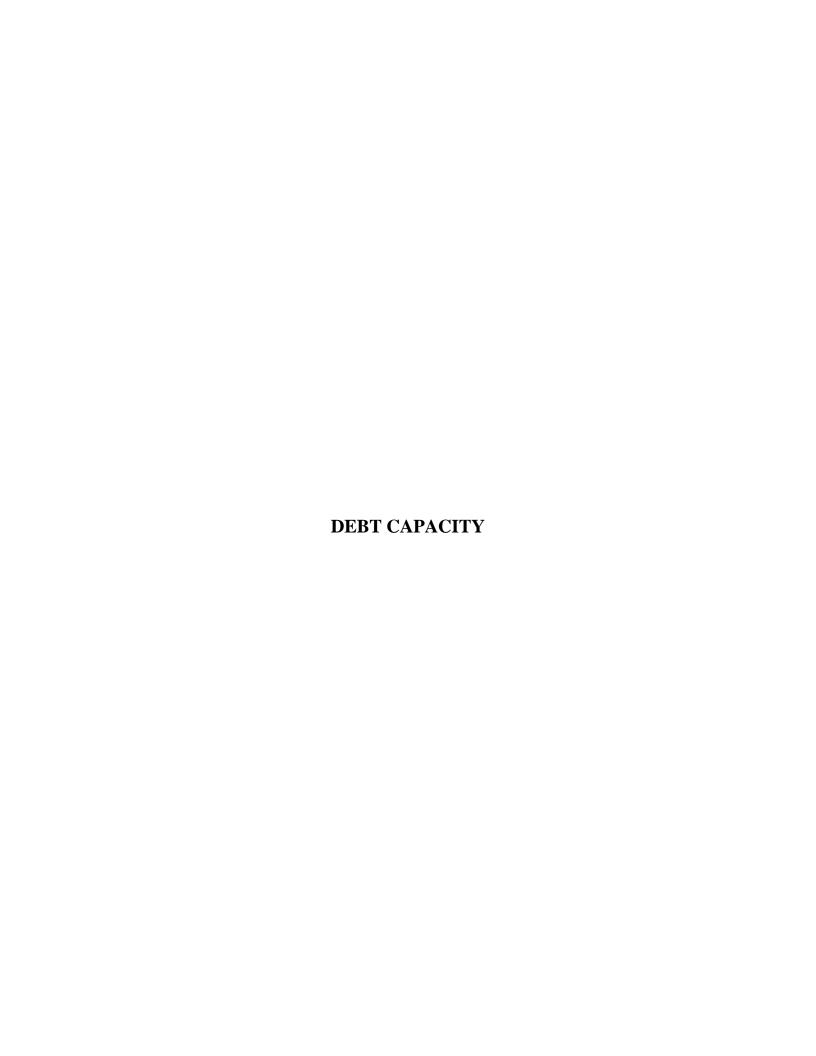
	Sale of Capital Assets	Donations	Rentals	Prior Year Refunds	Sale and Leaseback of Textbooks	Other Local	Annual Totals
2017		415,050				1,925	416,975

Source: School records

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



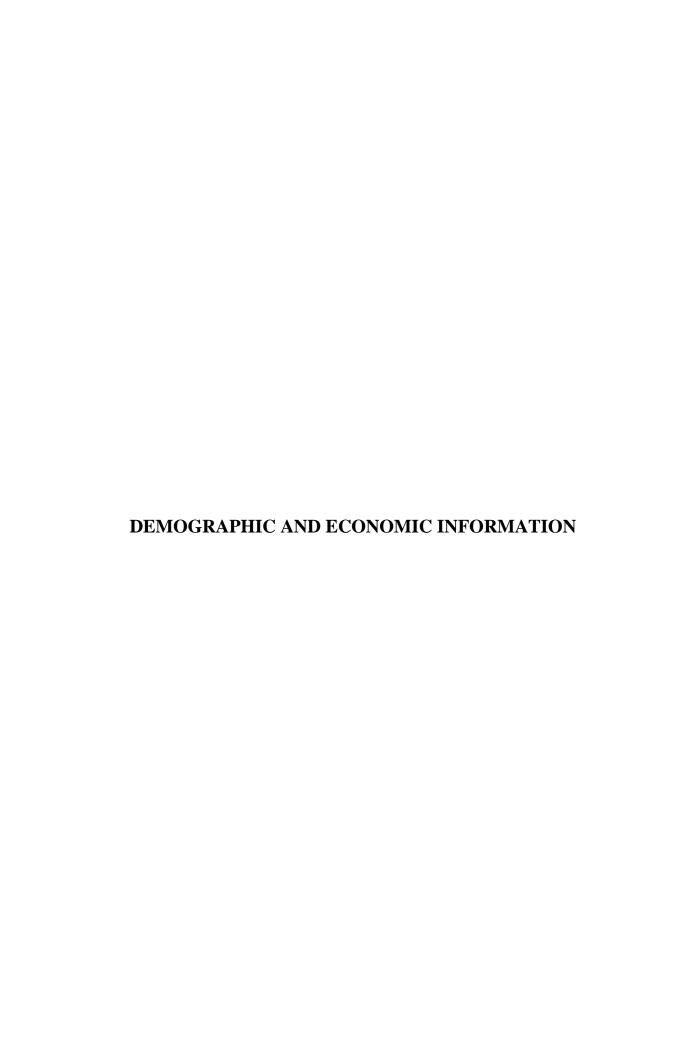
PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Property Tax Levies and Collections For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Legal Debt Margin Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Demographic and Economic Statistics For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

OPERATING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Full-time Equivalent School Employees by Function/Program For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2017
Instruction	
Regular	10
Special education	
Other special education	
Vocational	
Other instruction	
Nonpublic school programs	
Adult/continuing education programs	
Support Services:	
Student & instruction related services	3
General administration	1
School administrative services	1
Other administrative services	
Central services	
Administrative Information Technology	
Plant operations and maintenance	2
Pupil transportation	
Other support services	
Special Schools	
Food Service	
Child Care	
Total	17

Source: School Personnel Records

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Operating Statistics For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Elementary and Middle School	Senior High School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2017	54	1,525,838	28,256	N/A	10	10	N/A	53.6	49.7	N/A	93.79%

Sources: School records

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

School Building Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2017
School Building	
Main Campus	
Square Feet	12,500
Capacity (students)	
Enrollment	54
Second Campus	
Square Feet	
Capacity (students)	
Enrollment	
Number of Cohools at June 20	
Number of Schools at June 30 Elementary	1

Source: School Office

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON General Fund - Schedule of Required Maintenance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON Insurance Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

	Coverage	Deductible
School Package Policy		
Commercial Property	\$250,000	\$1,000
Extra Expense	50,000,000	1,000
Valuable Papers	10,000,000	1,000
EDP	40,000	1,000
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	11,000,000	-
Automobile	11,000,000	-
Crime Coverage		
Faithful Performance	50,000	500
Forgery & Alteration	50,000	1,000
Money & Securities	50,000	500
Money Orders & Counterfeit	50,000	500
Computer Fraud	50,000	1,000
Boiler & Machinery	100,000,000	
Environmental	1,000,000	25,000
School Leaders Errors & Omission		
Limit of Liability	1,000,000	5,000
Workers' Compensation		
Each Accident	2,000,000	-
Disease - Each Employee	2,000,000	
Disease - Policy Limit	2,000,000	
Bond		
Board Secretary	150,000	
Student Accident and Medical	150,000	1,000
Crisis Management		
Expenses	1,000,000	
Judgements, Settlements, Defense	1,000,000	
Death or Dismemberment	250,000	

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL INDICATORS

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

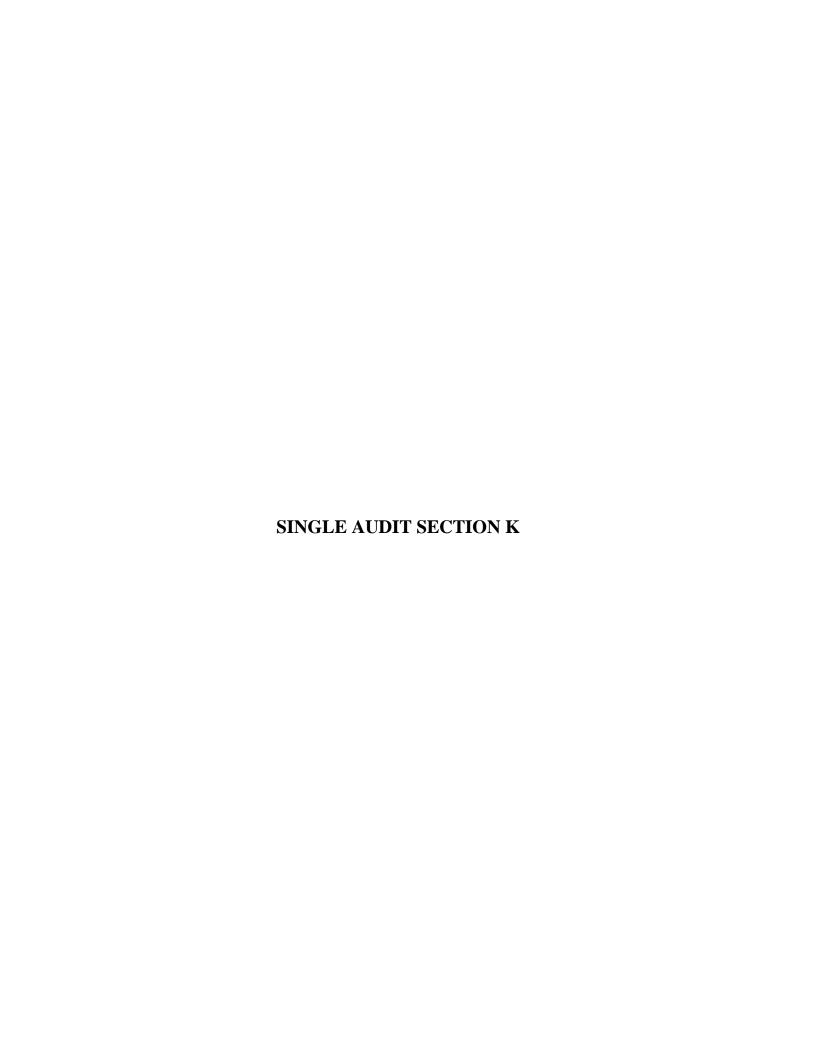
Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

	2017
Cash	72,519
Current Assets	372,185
Capital Assets-Net	0
Total Assets	372,185
Current Liabilities	215 720
Long Term Liabilities	315,729
Total Liabilities	315,729
Total Elabilities	313,727
Net Position	56,456
Total Revenue	1,582,294
Total Expenses	(1,525,838)
Change in Net Position	56,456
Depreciation	0
Principal Payments	0
Interest payments	0
Final average daily enrollment March 30th budgeted Enrollment	
Near term indicators	2017
CURRENT RATIO	1.17
Unrestricted days cash	17.3
Enrollment variance	100%
Default	N/A

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

	2017
Cash	
Current Assets	72,519
Capital Assets-Net	372,185
Total Assets	0
•	372,185
Current Liabilities	
Long Term Liabilities	315,729
Total Liabilities	0
	315,729
Net Position	
	56,456
Total Revenue	
Total Expenses	1,582,294
	(1,525,838)
Change in Net Position	56.456
	56,456
Depreciation	0
Principal Payments	0
Interest payments	0
Final average daily enrollment	0
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	
March 30th budgeted Emonment	
Sustainability Indicators	2017
Total margin	3.0%
Debt to Asset	0.00%
Cash Flow	72,519
Debt Service Coverage ratio	N/A



GERALD D. LONGO

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EXHIBIT K-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson County of Passaic Paterson, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson ("the Charter School"), in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon, dated December 2, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any

deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

horal Olargo

December 2, 2017

GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 62 OLD QUEENS BLVD. MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768

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EXHIBIT K-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR EDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY OMG'S CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson County of Passaic Paterson, New Jersey

Compliance

I have audited the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson, in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey's ("the Charter School") with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Charter School's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.*

Those standards, The Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In my opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with The Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of The Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

Serall Cong

December 2, 2017

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal/Grantor Program Title ENTERPRISE FUND	FEDERAL CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal Award Identification <u>Number</u>	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Balance July 1, <u>2016</u>	Prior Carry <u>over</u>	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary <u>Expenditures</u>	Refund of Prior Years' <u>Balances</u>	<u>Adjustment</u>	Deferred Revenue/ (Accounts Receivable) June 30, 2017	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2017
NOT APPLICABLE Special Revenue U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-Through Programs: Passed-Through New Jersey State Department of Education												
Title I PART A	84.010 A	SOIOA160030	07/01/16-06/30/17	156,315	0		69,133	26,460			42,673	
IDEA PART B	84.027	H027A160100	07/01/16-06/30/17	64,871	0		44,050	3,225			40,825	
IMPLEMNTATION GRANT	11.5490	S549A1600100	07/01/16-06/30/17	174,835	0		0	97,469			(97,469)	
START UP GRANT	84.282B	S282A160100	07/01/16-06/30/17	150,000	0		149,667	149,667			0	
Total Special Revenue				• •	\$0		\$113,183	\$276,821	•	-	\$83,498	
Total US Dept. of Education, Pas	ss Through Prog	rams		<u>.</u>	\$0		\$113,183	\$276,821		_	\$83,498	

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State awards.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	Balance July 1,	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Prior Years' Balances	Adjust.	Receivable at June 30,
NJ STATE DEPT. OF EDUCAT		renou	Amount	<u>2016</u>	Received	Expenditures	Datances	Aujust.	<u>2017</u>
GENERAL FUND	ION								
TPAF Social Security	17-495-034-5095-003	7/1/16-06/30/17	\$34,022		\$34,022	\$34,022			
Equalization Aid - Local	17-495-034-5120-078	7/1/16-06/30/17	634,622		634,622	634,622			
Special Education Aid	17-495-034-5120-089	7/1/16-06/30/17	11,961		11,961	11,961			
Security Aid	17-495-034-5120-084	7/1/16-06/30/17	25,815		25,815	25,815			
Total General Fund/Total Sta NJ STATE DEPT. OF AGRICULE ENTERPRISE FUND:	-	18			706,420	706,420			
NOT APPLICABLE									
Total State Financial Assistan	nce subject to Single Audit			0	706,420	706,420			0
On Behalf Medical and Pension Total State Financial Assistance	17-495-034-5095-001/002	7/1/16-06/30/17			\$706,420	- \$706,420			

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules present the activity of all federal and state assistance programs of the Philip's Academy Charter School of Paterson. The Board of Trustees is defined in the Notes to the school's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal assistance and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant account budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -0-	\$706,420	\$706,420
Special Revenue Fund	276,821	-0-	276,821
Total Awards and Financial Assistance	\$276,821	\$706,420	\$983,241

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2017. TPAF Social Security Contributions of \$34,022 represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 6. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the schools basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7. <u>DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE</u>

The School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
	YES	<u>NO</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		X	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over compliance:			

Material weakness(es) identified? X
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be X None

material weakness(es)? Reported

Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: N/A

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.156(A)?

Identification of major programs:

CDFA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
None	None	
Dollar threshold used to de B programs (.520)	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low risk au	ditee:	\mathbf{X}

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (continued)

State Awards	YES	<u>NO</u>	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs (.520)	\$750,	000	
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:	X		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmod	lified	
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmod	lified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08?		X	
Identification of major programs:			

None None

PART II – SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PART III – SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by The Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

No federal and state award findings and questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance of The Uniform Guidance or with NJOMB Circular 15-08.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF PATERSON SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Status of Prior Year Findings

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, U.S. Uniform Guidance (section .315(a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

In accordance with government auditing standards, my procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations. There were no prior year findings as this was the initial year.