

# **Comprehensive Annual**

# **Financial Report**

of the

# **Cape May City Board of Education**

Cape May, New Jersey

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by Cape May City Board of Education Finance Department

## CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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Introductory Section

## CAPE MAY CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION



Victoria Zelenak Superintendent John Thomas Business Administrator / Board Secretary

Dawn M. Austin, President Sharon Lee Kustra, Vice President Edward B. Connolly Anita de Satnick Shaun Deignan Mark J. Le Munyon Joseph McKenna Larry Reed Thomas Rippman

November 8, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Cape May City School District County of Cape May, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Cape May City School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. This CAFR includes the District's Basic Financial Statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Education. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Single Audit. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The Financial Section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report thereon. The Statistical Section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The District is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal regulations, cost principles, and audit requirements for Federal awards (uniform guidance); and Sate of New Jersey Circular OMB15-08. Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations, are included in the single audit section of this report.



"To Achieve Excellence in Partnership with Family and Community."

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## **1. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES:**

Cape May City School District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the GASB as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the District are included in this report. The Cape May City Board of Education and its school constitute the District's reporting entity.

The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to Four Year Old Preschool through Grade 6. These include regular as well as special education for handicapped youngsters. The District completed the 2018-2019 school year with an enrollment of 151.2 students, which is 17 students less the previous year's enrollment. The following details the changes in the student enrollment of the District over the last ten years.

Average Daily Enrollment			
Fiscal	Fiscal Student Percent		
Year	Enrollment	Change	
2018-19	151.2	-10.06%	
2017-18	168.1	-14.58%	
2016-17	196.8	4.63%	
2015-16	188.1	7.36%	
2014-15	175.2	9.37%	
2013-14	160.2	19.91%	
2012-13	133.6	-7.16%	
2011-12	143.9	-6.07%	
2010-11	153.2	-12.91%	
2009-10	175.9	3.84%	
2008-09	169.4	11.96%	

### **2. ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK:**

One of the key objectives of the Cape May City's Municipal Government is to maintain the City's environmental and historic quality by control of commercial land use patterns and adoption of improved design and performance standards for land use in all of the areas regardless of whether they are in the historic district. Another objective-related strategy involves support for the continued existence of the Coast Guard, fishing, and tourism industries so as to enhance their important economic contributions. The City Council and Taxpayers Association continually meet to form a new vision for Cape May that would involve upgrading structures and services to attract new visitors to Cape May.

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Affordable housing for families has decreased dramatically, impacting on student enrollment. As in all South Jersey shore communities, school enrollment remains flat or reflects a decrease which will impact on budget concerns.

Approximately three fifths of the school's students come from Coast Guard families who are based in Cape May. The number of students fluctuates, dependent on family sizes of Coast Guard active duty members assigned to Cape May on-base housing. A strong educational partnership exists between the Coast Guard, the school and the Housing Authority.

## 3. MAJOR INITIATIVES:

- K-2 grades: Continue to implement the Go Math program focusing on the technology component Think Central. The STEMscopes program was introduced, which is a robust science, technology, and math system.
- 3-6 grades: Implement the Go Math program for another year to maximize the potential of the Go Math series, including participation in professional development opportunities. The STEMscopes program was introduced, which is a robust science, technology, and math system.
- Students will be responsible for maintaining records and explaining academic progress as referenced in Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Effective Teaching.
- Continue the implementation of New Jersey Student Learning Standards: Science/NGSS through the use of new curriculum materials and programs.
- School physical security was improved, with the addition of an armed security professional of staff daily when students are present. Security planning and drilling continued.
- The board's policy book was reviewed and a major overhaul and update undertaken by the board, with the assistance of Strauss Esmay.
- The district's Long Range Facility Plan (LRFP) was reviewed, and facility upgrades and maintenance mapped out for the next five years.

Our Mission Statement: "To teach and achieve excellence in partnership with family and community."

Our School Motto: "We are safe, respectful, engaged in learning, reflective, and joyful."

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## **4. INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS:**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimate and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the District management.

As part of the District's single audit described earlier tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

## **5. BUDGETARY CONTROLS:**

In addition to internal accounting controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. Project-length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the capital projects fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

### **6. ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS AND REPORTS:**

The District's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the District is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 1.

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#### 7. CASH MANAGEMENT:

The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 2. The District has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

#### **8. RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The Board carried various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, boiler insurance, parent volunteer insurance, student accident insurance and fidelity bonds. Staff training of safety procedures is on-going and the district was reviewed by the insurance company inspector for compliance.

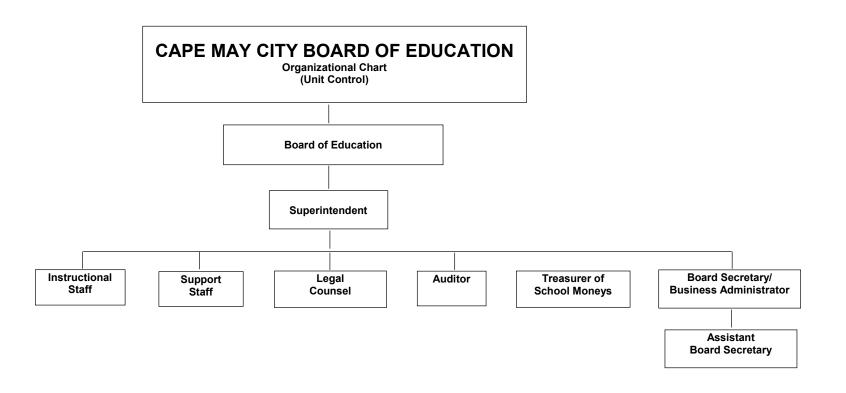
#### **<u>9. OTHER INFORMATION:</u>**

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Inverso & Stewart, LLC, was selected by the Board of Education. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the related OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB's Circular 04-04. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

John Thomas

Acting Superintendent Board Secretary/Business Administrator



## CAPE MAY CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION CAPE MAY, NEW JERSEY

## ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

Members of the Board of Education	Term <u>Expires</u>
Dawn Austin - President	2019
Sharon Lee Kustra - Vice-President	2020
Edward Connolly	2019
Shaun Deignan	2020
Anita de Satnick	2019
Mark J. Le Munyon	2021
Joseph McKenna	2021
Larry Reed	2020
Thomas Rippman	2021

## **Other Officials**

Victoria Zelenak, Chief School Administrator /Superintendent John Thomas, Business Administrator/Board Secretary Robert Fineberg, Esq., Board Solicitor

## CAPE MAY CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION Consultants and Advisors

## Architect

Garrison Architects 713 Creek Road Bellmawr, NJ 08031

## **Audit Firm**

Inverso & Stewart, LLC 651 Route 73 North Suite 402 Marlton, NJ 08053

## Attorney

Robert Fineberg 208 N. Main Street Cape May Court House, NJ 08210

## **Official Depository**

Sturdy Savings Bank 701 Washington Street Cape May, NJ 08204 **Financial Section** 

## INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Cape May City School District County of Cape May Cape May, New Jersey

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cape May City School District, in the County of Cape May, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cape May City School District, in the County of Cape May, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of the School District's contributions, schedule of the State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District and changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Cape May City School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 8, 2019 on my consideration of the Cape May City School District's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Cape May City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

### INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Robert P. Inverso Certified Public Accountant Public School Accountant No. CS001095

Marlton, New Jersey November 8, 2019

# **INVERSO & STEWART, LLC**

**Certified Public Accountants** 

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#### **REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING** AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Cape May City School District County of Cape May Cape May, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial statement audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cape May City School District, in the County of Cape May, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 8, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Cape May City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cape May City School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Cape May City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey which are described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings – Financial, Compliance and Performance* as finding no: 2019-001.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, and federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

## INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Robert P. Inverso Certified Public Accountant Public School Accountant No. CS001095

Marlton, New Jersey November 8, 2019 Required Supplementary Information - Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Cape May City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

As management of the Board of Education of Cape May City, New Jersey (School District), we offer readers of the School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the School District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,998,792 (*net position*).
- Governmental activities have a deficit unrestricted balance of \$203,616. The accounting treatments in
  the governmental funds for compensated absences payable, net pension liability, and the June state aid
  payments, and state statutes that prohibit school districts from maintaining more than 2% of its adopted
  budget as unrestricted fund balance are primarily responsible for this minimal amount.
- The total net position of the School District increased by \$318,163, or an 11.76% increase from the prior fiscal year-end balance. The majority of this increase is attributable to the results of operations in the general fund.
- Fund balance of the School District's governmental funds increased by \$365,306 resulting in an ending fund balance of \$2,546,399. This increase was largely due to the results of operations in the general fund.
- Business-type activities have an unrestricted balance of \$23,145, which may be used to meet the School District's ongoing obligations of the food service and child care operations.
- The School District's long-term obligations decreased by \$63,214, which is the result of an increase in compensated absences and a decrease in net pension liability.

#### **Overview of the Basic Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. Comparison to the prior year's activity is provided in this document. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) District-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **District-wide Financial Statements**

The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the financial activities in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The district-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The *statement of net position* presents information about all of the School District's assets and liabilities. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the net position of the School District changed during the current fiscal year. Changes in net position are recorded in the statement of activities when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement even though the resulting cash flows may be recorded in a future period.

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are supported from taxes and intergovernmental revenues *(governmental activities)* and other functions that are intended to recover all or most of their costs from user fees and charges *(business-type activities)*. Governmental activities consolidate governmental funds including the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund. Business-type activities reflect only the Food Service Fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

*Fund financial statements* are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific objectives. All of the funds of the School District are divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds* and *fiduciary funds*.

*Governmental funds* account for essentially the same information reported in the governmental activities of the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term financial resources and fund balances. Such information may be useful in evaluating the financing requirements in the near term.

Since the governmental funds and the governmental activities report information using the same functions, it is useful to compare the information presented. Because the focus of each report differs, a reconciliation is provided on the fund financial statements to assist the reader in comparing the near-term requirements with the long-term needs.

The School District maintains four individual governmental funds. The major funds are the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. They are presented separately in the fund financial statements.

The School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and the Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with budgetary requirements.

*Proprietary funds* are used to present the same functions as the business-type activities presented in the district-wide financial statements. The School District maintains one type of proprietary fund - the Enterprise Fund. The fund financial statements of the enterprise fund provides the same information as the district-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The School District's enterprise funds are considered to be a major fund.

*Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains other supplementary information and schedules required by the New Jersey Audit Program, issued by the New Jersey Department of Education.

#### **District-wide Financial Analysis**

The assets of the School District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Cash, investments, receivables, inventories and prepaid expenses are current assets. These assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the School District. The majority of the current assets are the results of the tax levy and state aid collection process.

Capital assets are used in the operations of the School District. These assets are land, buildings, improvements and equipment. Capital assets are discussed in greater detail in the section titled, Capital Assets and Debt Administration, elsewhere in this analysis.

Current and long-term liabilities are classified based on anticipated liquidation either in the near-term or in the future. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued salaries and benefits, unearned revenues, and current debt obligations. The liquidation of current liabilities is anticipated to be either from currently available resources, current assets or new resources that become available during fiscal year 2020. Long-term liabilities such as long-term debt obligations and compensated absences payable will be liquidated from resources that will become available after fiscal year 2020.

The assets of the primary government activities exceeded liabilities by \$2,998,792 with a deficit unrestricted balance of \$203,616. The net position of the primary government does not include internal balances.

A net investment of \$1,309,084 in land, improvements, buildings, equipment and vehicles provides the services to the School District's 151 public school students. A balance of \$1,893,324 has been restricted as follows:

Restricted for Future Capital Projects	\$ 963
Restricted for Future Maintenance Projects	200,151
Reserve for Impact Aid	1,100,364
Reserve for Special Revenue (Deficit)	(9,058)
Reserve for Encumbrances	-
Reserve for Future Budget Appropriation	 600,904
Total	\$ 1,893,324

<b>Comparative Summary of Net Position</b>
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Government	al Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	District-Wide			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
ASSETS								
Current assets	\$ 2,647,032	\$ 2,131,966	\$ 68,733	\$ 117,542	\$ 2,715,765	\$ 2,249,508		
Capital assets	1,309,084	1,350,142	1,055	1,572	1,310,139	1,351,714		
Total assets	3,956,116	3,482,108	69,788	119,114	4,025,904	3,601,222		
Deferred Outflows of								
Resouces	230,795	281,750			230,795	281,750		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	133,827	(19,437)	45,588	78,553	179,415	59,116		
Noncurrent liabilities	761,872	825,086			761,872	825,086		
Total liabilities	895,699	805,649	45,588	78,553	941,287	884,202		
Deferred Inflows of								
Resources	292,420	293,941			292,420	293,941		
Net Position	\$ 2,998,792	\$ 2,664,268	\$ 24,200	\$ 40,561	\$ 3,022,992	\$ 2,704,829		
Net Position Consists of:								
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 1,309,084	\$ 1,350,142	\$ 1,055	\$ 1,572	\$ 1,310,139	\$ 1,351,714		
Restricted Assets	1,893,324	1,839,952	• )	* )- ·	1,893,324	1,839,952		
Unrestricted Assets	(203,616)	(525,826)	23,145	38,989	(180,471)	(486,837)		
Net Position	\$ 2,998,792	\$ 2,664,268	\$ 24,200	\$ 40,561	\$ 3,022,992	\$ 2,704,829		

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the net position of the School District by \$334,524 during the current fiscal year, thereby accounting for almost all the total increase in the net position of the School District. Key elements of the increase in net position for governmental activities are as follows:

• Excess of current year revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$364,863.

#### **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities decreased the School District's net position by \$16,361. Operations of the food service fund produced a loss of \$9,511 and the Child Care Program produced a loss of \$6,850 for the current fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				District-Wide			
	2019	2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$	26,082	\$	40,460	\$	26,082	\$	40,460	
Operating grants and											
contributions	1,654,438	1,933,738		74,786		74,514		1,729,224		2,008,252	
Property taxes	1,849,389	1,849,389						1,849,389		1,849,389	
State aid	2,422,780	2,100,677						2,422,780		2,100,677	
Tuition	16,979	15,611						16,979		15,611	
Other revenues	2,727	28,755		49		45		2,776		28,800	
Total Revenues	5,946,313	5,928,170		100,917		115,019		6,047,230		6,043,189	
Expenses:											
Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	1,763,858	1,735,990						1,763,858		1,735,990	
Tuition	102,844	112,400						102,844		112,400	
Related services	543,508	462,510						543,508		462,510	
Administrative services	213,086	219,245						213,086		219,245	
Central Services	102,897	90,008						102,897		90,008	
Operations and											
Maintenance	606,522	396,402						606,522		396,402	
Transportation	76,766	52,533						76,766		52,533	
Employee benefits	2,199,234	2,383,378						2,199,234		2,383,378	
Other	3,074	3,039						3,074		3,039	
Business-Type Activities:	,							·		*	
Operations				117,278		135,495		117,278		135,495	
Total Expenses	5,611,789	5,455,505		117,278		135,495		5,729,067		5,591,000	
Increase (Decrease) in Net								, , ,		· · · · ·	
Position before transfers	334,524	472,665		(16,361)		(20, 476)		318.163		452,189	
Transfers		. )		( -) )		(-))		,		- ,	
Change in Net Position	334,524	472,665		(16,361)		(20,476)		318,163		452,189	
Net Position July 1	2,664,268	2,191,603		40,561		61,037		2,704,829		2,252,640	
Net Position June 30	\$ 2,998,792	\$ 2,664,268	\$	24,200	\$	40,561	\$	3,022,992	\$	2,704,829	

#### Comparative Schedule of Changes in Net Position As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

#### Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

*Governmental Funds* - The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,546,399, an increase of \$365,306 in comparison with the prior year.

The unreserved fund balance for the School District at the end of the fiscal year includes a combination of unreserved fund balance for the General Fund of \$653,075, and a deficit unreserved fund balance of (\$9,058) for the Special Revenue Fund. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed: 1) appropriated as a revenue source in the subsequent year's budget \$600,904; 2) reserved for maintenance \$200,151; 3) reserved for capital \$963; 4) reserved for impact aid \$1,100,364. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the School District.

The balance in the unreserved fund balance is limited primarily, due to the accounting treatment of the June state aid payments and state statutes that prohibit New Jersey school districts from maintaining more than 2% of its adopted budget as unreserved fund balance.

Revenue in the special revenue fund is generally recognized at the time that the outlays are identified; therefore, no fund balances are normally generated.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original budget and the final amended budget.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance (budgetary basis) of the general fund was \$690,841, while total fund balance (budgetary basis) was \$2,593,074. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance (budgetary basis) and total fund balance (budgetary basis) to total general fund expenditures. Actual (budgetary basis) expenditures of the General Fund including other financing uses amounted to \$4,482,242. Unassigned fund balance (budgetary basis) represents 15.41% of expenditures while total fund balance (budgetary basis) represents 57.85% of that same amount.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$1,309,084 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements, buildings and equipment. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$41,575 or a 3.08% decrease.

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$61,999.
- Fixed asset additions totaling \$20,424.

#### Capital Asset (net of accumulated depreciation) June 30, 2019 and 2018

	 Governmen 2019	amental ActivitiesBusiness-type Activities201820192018			District-Wide 2019 2018			e 2018		
Land Building and Building	\$ 540,600	\$	540,600	\$	-	\$ -	\$	540,600	\$	540,600
Building and Building Improvements Equipment	 677,965 90,519		728,408 81,134		1,055	 1,572		677,965 91,574		728,408 82,706
Total	\$ 1,309,084	\$	1,350,142	\$	1,055	\$ 1,572	\$	1,310,139	\$	1,351,714

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements (Note 5) of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

For the 2019-2020 school year, the School District was able to sustain its budget through the tax levy, federal aid, state aid, and miscellaneous revenue sources. One of the most important factors affecting the School District's budget is the amount of state aid it will receive in comparison to its enrollment. The 2019-2020 budget was adopted based on reduced aid from the State of New Jersey and a slight increase in school property taxes. The School District continues to examine its costs in an effort to prevent additional burden on the taxpayers.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the School District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Cape May City School District Business Administrator, 921 Lafayette Street, Cape May, New Jersey, 08204.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

District-Wide Financial Statements

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, net Inventory Restricted Assets:	\$ 1,224,386 121,317	\$	\$ 1,283,615 127,688 3,133
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Capital Assets, net (Note 5)	1,301,329 1,309,084	1,055	1,301,329 1,310,139
Total Assets	3,956,116	69,788	4,025,904
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred outflows of resources from pensions	230,795		230,795
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,186,911	69,788	4,256,699
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Related to Pensions Other Internal Balances Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	33,194 145,871 (45,238)	45,238 350	33,194 145,871 350
Due beyond one year	761,872		761,872
Total Liabilities	895,699	45,588	941,287
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Inflows of resources from pensions	292,420		292,420
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,188,119	45,588	1,233,707
<b>NET POSITION:</b> Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	1,309,084	1,055	1,310,139
Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Other Purposes Unrestricted	(9,058) 963 1,901,419 (203,616)	23,145	(9,058) 963 1,901,419 (180,471)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,998,792	\$ 24,200	\$ 3,022,992

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:	<b>•</b> • • • <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	<b>•</b> (== = • • •	• (1 00 1 1 - 0)	•	<b>•</b> (1 • • • 1 = •			
Regular	\$ 1,479,658	\$-	\$ 175,500	\$ (1,304,158)	\$-	\$ (1,304,158			
Special education	120,214		2,077	(118,137)		(118,137			
Other instruction	163,986			(163,986)		(163,986			
Support Services:									
Tuition	102,844		52,131	(50,713)		(50,713			
Student & instruction related services	543,508		8,789	(534,719)		(534,719			
General administrative services	137,774			(137,774)		(137,774			
School administrative services	75,312			(75,312)		(75,312			
Central services	102,897			(102,897)		(102,897			
Plant operations and maintenance	606,522			(606,522)		(606,522			
Pupil transportation	76,766			(76,766)		(76,766			
Employee benefits	2,199,234		1,415,941	(783,293)		(783,293			
Unallocated depreciation and amortization	3,074			(3,074)		(3,074			
Total governmental activities	5,611,789		1,654,438	(3,957,351)		(3,957,351			
Business-type activities:									
Child Care Program	13,420	6,565			(6,855)	(6,855			
Food Service	103,858	19,517	74,786		(9,555)	(9,555			
Total business-type activities	117,278	26,082	74,786		(16,410)	(16,410			
Total primary government	\$ 5,729,067	\$ 26,082	\$ 1,729,224	\$ (3,957,351)	\$ (16,410)	\$ (3,973,761			
	General revenue								
	Т	axes: Property taxes	for general purposes	1,849,389		1,849,389			
	F		Aid not restricted	2,422,780		2,422,780			
		uition Fees		16,979		16,979			
	-	liscellaneous Inc	ome	2,727	49	2,776			
		ransfer	ome	2,121	45	2,110			
	Total general re	venues and trans	fers	4,291,875	49	4,291,924			
	Change in Ne	et Position		334,524	(16,361)	318,163			
	Net PositionJu	ly 1		2,664,268	40,561	2,704,829			
	Net PositionJu	ne 30		\$ 2,998,792	\$ 24,200	\$ 3,022,992			

Fund Financial Statements

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, net Interfund Receivables, net Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,213,190 30,629 156,031 1,301,329	\$	- 90,674	\$ 11,196	\$ -	\$ 1,224,386 121,303 156,031 1,301,329	
Total Assets	\$ 2,701,179	\$	90,674	\$ 11,196	\$-	\$ 2,803,049	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Interfund Payables, net	\$ 134,861 11,010	\$	99,732	\$ - 11,047	\$-	\$ 134,861 121,789	
Total liabilities	145,871		99,732	 11,047		256,650	
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Capital Reserve Maintenance Reserve Impact Aid Reserve Assigned to: Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned	814 200,151 1,100,364 600,904 653,075		(9,058)	 149		814 200,151 1,100,364 600,904 644,166	
Total Fund Balances	2,555,308		(9,058)	 149		2,546,399	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,701,179	\$	90,674	\$ 11,196	<u>\$</u> -		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$3,835,822 and the accumulated depreciation is \$2,526,738.	1,309,084
Accounts payable related to the April 1, 2020 required PERS contribution that is not to be liquidated with current financial resources.	(33,194)
The District's proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities as well as pension-related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the government-wide statements and include: Deferred Outflows of resources from Pensions230,795 (583,216) (292,420)Deferred Inflows of resources from Pensions(292,420)	(644,841)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and pain in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	yable (178,656)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,998,792

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES:	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
Local sources:							
Local tax levy	\$ 1,849,389	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,849,389		
Tuition charges	16,979	Ŷ	Ψ	Ŷ	16,979		
Impact Aid reserve - interest	351				351		
Maintenance reserve - interest	53				53		
Maintenance reserve - interest	2,323				2,323		
Miscellaneous	2,323				2,323		
Total revenues-local sources	1,869,095				1,869,095		
State sources	1,147,242	91,025			1,238,267		
Federal sources	1,830,768	166,959			1,997,727		
<b>T</b> - 4 - 1	4 0 4 7 4 0 5	057.004			E 40E 000		
Total revenues	4,847,105	257,984			5,105,089		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current expense:							
Regular instruction	1,250,101	175,500			1,425,601		
Special education instruction	118,137	2,077			120,214		
Other instruction	163,986	2,011			163,986		
Support services and undistributed costs:	105,500				105,500		
Tuition	50,713	52,131			102.844		
Student & instruction related services	,	,			- ,-		
	535,162	8,346			543,508		
General administrative services	131,626				131,626		
School administrative services	75,312				75,312		
Central services	102,897				102,897		
Plant operations and maintenance	468,000				468,000		
Pupil transportation	76,766				76,766		
Unallocated employee benefits	1,359,818	19,487			1,379,305		
Capital outlay	149,724				149,724		
Total expenditures	4,482,242	257,541			4,739,783		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	364,863	443			365,306		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out							
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balance	364,863	443			365,306		
Fund balances, July 1	2,190,445	(9,501)	149		2,181,093		
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,555,308	\$ (9,058)	\$ 149	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,546,399		

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)		\$ 365,306
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (61,482) 20,424	(41,058)
Net differences between pension system contributions recognized in the fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the statement of activities.		21,295
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is a reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+).		 (11,019)
Change in position of governmental activities		\$ 334,524

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

Business-type Activitie					es	
	Ch	ild Care		d Service		
	Pr	ogram	P	rogram		Total
ASSETS:						
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Inventories	\$	101 2,641 -	\$	59,128 3,730 3,133	\$	59,229 6,371 3,133
Total Current Assets		2,742		65,991		68,733
Noncurrent Assets: Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation		-		9,964 (8,909)		9,964 (8,909)
Total Noncurrent Assets				1,055		1,055
Total Assets	\$	2,742	\$	67,046	\$	69,788
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities: Unearned Revenue Interfund Payable	\$	- 9,513	\$	350 35,725	\$	350 45,238
Total Liabilities		9,513		36,075		45,588
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		- (6,771)		1,055 29,916		1,055 23,145
Total Net Position	\$	(6,771)	\$	30,971	\$	24,200

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

## CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Position Proprietary Funds for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Child Care	Food Service				
	Program	Program	Total			
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Daily sales-reimbursable programs	\$ -	\$ 16,121	\$ 16,121			
Daily sales-non-reimbursable programs	-	3,379	3,379			
Special functions	-	17	17			
Program fees	6,565		6,565			
Total operating revenue	6,565	19,517	26,082			
Operating expenses:						
Salaries	12,467	60,182	72,649			
Employee benefits	953	4,604	5,557			
Supplies and materials	-	412	412			
Depreciation	-	517	517			
Repairs and maintenance	-	2,399	2,399			
Miscellaneous	-	956	956			
Cost of sales - reimbursable programs	-	33,427	33,427			
Cost of sales - nonreimbursable programs		1,361	1,361			
Total operating expenses	13,420	103,858	117,278			
Operating income (loss)	(6,855)	(84,341)	(91,196)			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
State sources:						
State school lunch program	-	901	901			
Federal sources:						
National school lunch program	-	39,906	39,906			
National school breakfast program	-	26,049	26,049			
U.S.D.A. commodities	-	7,930	7,930			
Local sources:						
Interest revenue	5_	44	49			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	5_	74,830	74,835			
Net income (loss) before transfers	(6,850)	(9,511)	(16,361)			
Operating transfers in						
Change in net position	(6,850)	(9,511)	(16,361)			
	. ,					
Total net position - July 1, 2018	79	40,482	40,561			
Total net position - June 30, 2019	\$ (6,771)	\$ 30,971	\$ 24,200			

# The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities				
	Child Care	Food Service			
	Program	Program	Total		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 3,924	\$ 19,788	\$ 23,712		
Payments to employees	(12,467)		(12,467)		
Payments to suppliers	(0.5.(0))	(129,243)	(129,243)		
Net cash used for operating activities	(8,543)	(109,455)	(117,998)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements		67,278	67,278		
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		67,278	67,278		
Cash flows from capital activities:					
Purchases of fixed assets					
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest and dividends	5	44	49		
Net cash provided by investing activities	5	44	49		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(8,538)	(42,133)	(50,671)		
Balances - July 1, 2018	8,639	101,261	109,900		
Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 101	\$ 59,128	\$ 59,229		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided					
(used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (6,855)	\$ (84,341)	\$ (91,196)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	( ( ) )	· (- )- )	+ (- , )		
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation		517	517		
Federal commodities		7,930	7,930		
(Increase) decrease in inventories		358	358		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2,641)		(2,641)		
Increase/(decrease) in interfund payable	953	(34,190)	(33,237)		
Increase/(decrease) in unearned revenue		271	271		
Total adjustments	(1,688)	(25,114)	(26,802)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (8,543)	\$ (109,455)	\$ (117,998)		

# The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust	Agency Fund		
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents interfund Receivable	\$	\$		
Total Assets	15,742	1,112		
LIABILITIES: Cash Deficit Payroll Deductions Payable Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Total Liabilities	- - 132 - 132	124 974 - 14 \$ 1,112		
NET POSITION: Held in Trust for Unemployment Claims and Other Purposes	<u>\$ 15,610</u>			

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The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust		
ADDITIONS: Contributions:			
Employee contributions	\$	4,170	
Total Contributions		4,170	
Investment earnings: Interest		2	
Total additions		4,172	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Unemployment claims		236	
Total deductions		236	
Change in net position		3,936	
Net Position - July 1, 2018		11,674	
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$	15,610	

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Reporting Entity** - The Cape May City School District (District) is a Type II school district located in Cape May County, New Jersey and covers an area of approximately one square mile. As a Type II school district, it functions independently through a Board of Education. The Board is comprised of nine members elected to three-year terms. These terms are staggered so that three member's terms expire each year. The purpose of the District is to provide educational services for all of Cape May City's students in grades K through 6. Students in grades 7 through 8 attend Richard Teitleman Middle School. Students in grades 9 through 12 attend Lower Cape May Regional High School. The Cape May City School District has an approximate enrollment at June 30, 2019 of 151 students.

The primary criteria for including activities within the School District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the School District. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the School district over which the Board exercises operating control.

**Component Units** – GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Unit*, provide guidance that all entities associated with a primary government are potential component units and should be evaluated for inclusion in the financial reporting entity. A primary government is financially accountable not only for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also for legally separate organizations that meet the criteria established by GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39. In addition, GASB Statement No. 61, provides additional guidance for organizations that do not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion as component units but that nevertheless should be included because the primary government's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them. GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criteria require blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above. Furthermore, the School District is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below

The School District's basic financial statements consists of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Government-wide Statements** - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the School District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the School District is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Government-wide Statements (Continued)** - Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

**Fund Financial Statements** - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column. The fiduciary fund is reported by type. The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment classified in the capital outlay sub-fund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the School District includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as they pertain to governmental entities state that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those which result in the acquisition of or additions to capital assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment.

**Special Revenue Fund** - The special revenue fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenues sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The capital projects fund is used to account and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The financial resources are derived from New Jersey Economic Development Authority grants, temporary notes or serial bonds which are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

**Debt Service Fund** - The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities, which are similar to those in the private sector.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Funds (Continued)**

**Enterprise Funds** – The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the School District is that all costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the School District has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The School District's enterprise funds are:

**Food Service Fund** - This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the School District.

Child Care Program - This fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the operations of the before and after school program sponsored by the District.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net position) is segregated into investment in capital assets, net of related debt, and unrestricted net position, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Depreciation of all exhaustive fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Equipment	12 Years
Light Trucks and Vehicles	4 Years
Heavy Trucks and Vehicles	6 Years

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds (i.e. payroll and student activities). They are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has two fiduciary funds; an unemployment compensation trust fund and a payroll fund.

#### **Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position.

**Fund Financial Statements** – All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Measurement Focus (Continued)**

**Fund Financial Statements (Continued)** - Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities. Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days after fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include Ad Valorem (property) taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes are susceptible to accrual, as under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to its school district the entire balance of taxes in the amount voted upon or certified, prior to the end of the school year. The School District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the fiscal year since the revenue is both measurable and available. The School District is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable". With the exception of restricted formula aids recorded in the special revenue fund, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end; tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

**Expenses/Expenditures** - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the operating statement as an expense. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Budgets/Budgetary Control** - Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each fiscal year for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for their approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:23A-16.2(f)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-13.3.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the one or more June state aid payments for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the budgetary basis. The budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The budget, as detailed on Exhibit C-1, Exhibit C-2 and Exhibit I-3, includes all amendments to the adopted budget, if any.

Exhibit C-3 presents a reconciliation of the general fund revenues and special revenue fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the general fund budgetary comparison schedule and the special revenue fund budgetary comparison schedule to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds. Note that the School District does not report encumbrances outstanding at year end as expenditures in the general fund since the general fund budget follows modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition policy for the one or more June state aid payments.

**Encumbrances** - Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are a component of fund balance at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, which have not been previously restricted, committed, or assigned, should be included within committed or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, however, for which the School District has received advances of grant awards, and all eligibility and time requirements satisfied are reflected on the balance sheet as unearned grant revenue at fiscal year end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

**Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments -** Cash and cash equivalents, for all funds, include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Such is the definition of cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey school districts are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey school districts.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)** - N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA), a multiple financial institution collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

**Tuition Receivable -** Tuition charges were established by the School District based on estimated costs. The charges are subject to adjustment when the final costs are determined.

**Tuition Payable -** Tuition charges for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were based on rates established by the receiving school district. These rates are subject to change when the actual costs have been determined.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The costs are determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

The cost of inventories in governmental fund types is recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed, and is not recorded since any amounts are considered immaterial to the basic financial statements.

Inventories recorded in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

**Prepaid Expenses -** Prepaid expenses recorded on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019.

In the governmental fund types, however, payments for prepaid items are fully recognized as an expenditure in the fiscal year of payment. No asset for the prepayment is created, and no expenditure allocation to future accounting periods is required *(non-allocation method)*. This is consistent with the basic governmental concept that only expendable financial resources are reported by a specific fund.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** – In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

**Short-Term Interfund Receivables / Payables -** Short-term interfund receivables / payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to / from a particular fund in the School District and that are due within one year. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

**Capital Assets** - General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Capital Assets (Continued)** - Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land and Improvements	10-20 years	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	10-50 years	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years	12 years
Vehicles	5-10 years	4-6 years

**Compensated Absences -** Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the School District and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the School District and its employees, in the period of the School District and its employees, are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is recorded as a fund liability.

**Unearned Revenue** - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied and are recorded as a liability until the revenue is both measurable and the School District is eligible to realize the revenue.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations - All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

**Net Position -** Net position represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified into the following three components:

**Net investment in capital assets** - This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Restricted** – Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or law or regulations of other governments.

**Unrestricted** – Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of net position.

It is the School District's policy to apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

**Fund Balance** – The School District reports fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The School District's classifications, and policies for determining such classifications, are as follows:

**Nonspendable** – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories and prepaid amounts. The School District had no nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2019.

**Restricted** – This fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources either by being (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – This fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision making authority, which for the School District is the Board of Education. Once committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes, or changes, the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned – This fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. *Intent* is expressed by either the Board of Education or by the Business Administrator, to which the Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** – This fund balance classification is the residual classification for the General Fund. It represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, it is the School District's policy to spend restricted fund balances first. Likewise, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, it is the policy of the School District to spend fund balances, if appropriate, in the following order: committed, assigned, then unassigned.

**Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses** - Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are sales for the food service program. Non-operating revenues principally consist of interest income earned on various interest-bearing accounts and federal and state subsidy reimbursements for the food service program.

Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. There are no non-operating expenses.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Interfunds** – Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed.

**Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements -** In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The adoption of this Statement will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The adoption of this Statement may have an effect on the District's financial reporting.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period.* This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The adoption of this Statement will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an Amendment of GASB Statements No.* 14 and No. 61 This Statement is designed to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The adoption of this Statement will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation: establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The adoption of this Statement will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

**Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits** – Custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits might not be recovered. Although the School District does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Unit (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the School district in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds such as salary withholdings of funds that pass to the School District relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the School District's amount on deposit of \$2,637,170 as of June 30, 2019, \$250,000 was insured under FDIC and the remaining balance of 2,387,170 was collateralized under GUDPA.

## 3. CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNT

A capital reserve account was established by the School District for the accumulation of funds for use as capital outlay expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. The capital reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

Funds placed in the capital reserve account are restricted to capital projects in the School District's approved Long-Range Facilities Plan (LRFP). Upon submission of the LRFP to the New Jersey Department of Education, a school district may increase the balance in the capital reserve by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes or by transfer by board resolution at fiscal year-end (June 1 to June 30) of any unanticipated revenue or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts, or both. A school district may also appropriate additional amounts when the express approval of the voters has been obtained either by a separate proposal at budget time or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6:23A-14.1(g), the balance in the account cannot at any time exceed the local support costs of uncompleted capital projects in its approved LRFP.

The activity of the capital reserve for the July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 fiscal year is as follows:

The June 30, 2019 capital reserve balance does not exceed the LRFP balance of local support costs of uncompleted projects.

#### 4. FEDERAL IMPACT AID RESERVE

As permitted by P.L. 2015, c.46 which amended N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-41 a federal impact reserve was established by the Board of Education of the Cape May City School District by transfer of \$400,000 on June 15, 2017. Additionally, by board resolution on June 14, 2018 and June 20, 2019, \$300,00 and \$400,000 were approved increases for the amount of federal impact aid funds – general fund – received during the current fiscal year for use as general fund expenditures in subsequent years.

The activity of the Impact Aid Reserve for the July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 fiscal year is as follows:

Balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 700,013
Increased by:	
Interest earned	351
Transfer by Resolution	 400,000
Balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 1,100,364

# 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of accounts (fees) and intergovernmental grants. All intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 for the School District's individual major and fiduciary funds, in the aggregate, are as follows:

	(	General Fund	Special Levenue Fund	Pro	pital jects 1nd	prietary Fund	Total
Intergovernmental State Federal Other	\$	30,629	\$ 90,674	\$	-	\$ 52 3,678 2,641	\$ 30,681 94,352 2,641
Total	\$	30,629	\$ 90,674	\$		\$ 6,371	\$ 127,674

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Land	\$ 540,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 540,600
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciation	542,700		-	540,600
Building and Improvements	3,037,924	793		3,038,717
Equipment	236,874	19,631		256,505
Total Historical Cost	3,817,498	20,424	-	3,835,822
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Building and Improvements	(2,309,516)	(51,236)		(2,360,752)
Equipment	(155,740)	(10,246)		(165,986)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,465,256)	(61,482)	-	(2,526,738)
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 1,352,242	\$ (41,058)	\$ -	\$ 1,309,084
Business-Type Activities:				
Equipment	\$ 9,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,964
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	(8,392)	(517)		(8,909)
Business-Type Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 1,572	\$ (517)	\$	\$ 1,055

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$61,482 was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Function	A	Amount		
Regular Instruction	\$	43,038		
General Administration		6,148		
Plant Operation and Maintenance		9,222		
Unallocated		3,074		
Total depreciation expense	\$	61,482		

# 7. INVENTORY

Inventory in the food service fund at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Food Supplies	\$ 2,708 425
	\$ 3,133

# 8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Ou	rincipal tstanding e 30, 2018	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Ou	rincipal tstanding e 30, 2019	Due V One '	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b> Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$	167,637 657,449	\$	11,019	\$	74,233	\$	178,656 583,216	\$	-
	\$	825,086	\$	11,019	\$	74,233	\$	761,872	\$	_

Compensated Absences - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

#### 9. OPERATING LEASES

At June 30, 2019, the District had operating lease agreements in effect for the following:

## Copiers

Total operating lease payments made during the year ended June 30, 2019, and 2018 were \$25,596 and \$17,579 respectively.

#### 9. OPERATING LEASES (Continued)

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2020	\$	27,132
2021		27,132
2022		27,132
2023		16,101
2024		318
	\$	97,815

## **10. PENSION PLANS**

**Description of Plans** – Substantially all of the School District's employees participate in one of the following pension plans which have been established by State statute, and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (Division): the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). In addition, several School District employees participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP), which is a defined contribution pension plan. This plan is administered by Prudential Financial for the Division. Each plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits. P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625-0295.

## Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

*Plan Description* - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a special funding situation, which was established on January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66. The State of New Jersey (the "State") is responsible to fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF's designated purpose is to provide retirement, death and disability, and medical benefits to qualified members. Membership in the TPAF is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified. The TPAF's Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the TPAF.

*Vesting and Benefit Provisions* – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 21, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 21, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

#### **10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

#### Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tier 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit, and tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for their respective tier.

*Contributions* - The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by N.J.S.A.18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the member contribution rate was 7.50% in State fiscal year 2019. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid.

Under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on-behalf of the School District and all other related non-contributing employers. No normal or accrued liability contribution by the School District has been required over the several preceding fiscal years. These on-behalf contributions by the State of New Jersey are considered a special funding situation, under the definition of GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

The School District was not required to make any contributions to the pension plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 because of the 100.00% special funding situation with the State of New Jersey.

Based on the most recent TPAF measurement date of June 30, 2018, the State's contractually required contribution, onbehalf of the School District, to the pension plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$158,991 and was paid by April 1, 2019. School District employee contributions to the pension plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$130,196.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2019, the School District was not required to report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a 100% special funding situation by the State of New Jersey.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of \$537,591 and revenue of \$537,591 for support provided by the State. Although the School District does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the School District.

#### **10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

#### Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

	06/30/18		06/30/17
	00/30/18		00/30/17
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12,473,998	3,870 \$	14,160,879,257
Collective deferred inflows of resources	16,180,773	3,643	11,800,239,661
Collective net pension liability (Non-Employer –			
State of New Jersey)	63,617,852	2,031	67,423,605,859
State's portion of the net pension liability that			
was associated with the School District	9,221	,675	9,546,370
State's portion of the net pension liability that			
was associated with the School District as a percentage			
of the collective net pension liability	.01449542	.02%	.0141587944%

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate:	2.25%
Salary Increases:	
2011-2026	1.55-4.55%
Thereafter	2.00 - 5.45%
Investment Rate of Return:	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

*Long-Term Expected Rate of Return* - In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2017) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>Real Rate of Return</b>
Risk Mitigation Strategies	05.00%	05.51%
Cash Equivalents	05.50%	01.00%
U.S. Treasuries	03.00%	01.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	03.78%
High Yield	02.50%	06.82%
Global Diversified Credit	05.00%	07.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge Funds	01.00%	06.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	02.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	01.00%	06.61%
Private Real Asset	02.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	06.25%	09.23%
U.S. Equity	30.00%	08.19%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	09.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	06.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	08.25%	13.08%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the State's total pension liability was 4.86% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers (State of New Jersey) will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The state contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. As previously mentioned, TPAF has a special funding situation where the State pays 100% of the School District's annual required contribution. As such, the proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, the pension plans measurement date, attributable to the School District is \$0.00, and the State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the net pension liability, attributable to the School District, using a discount rate of 4.86%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, the pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.25%) that the current rate:

#### 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

		ecrease 5%)	Disco	rrent unt Rate 25%)	1% Increase (5.25%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the						
School District	10,8	99,845	9,	221,675	7,8	30,513
	\$ 10,8	99,845	\$9,	221,675	\$ 7,8	30,513

Detailed information about the pension plan's sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits financial report.

#### Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

*Plan Description* - The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which was established on January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS designated purpose to is to provide retirement, death and disability, and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the School District, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state pension fund or local jurisdiction's pension fund. The PERS's Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PERS.

*Vesting and Benefit Provisions* – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43:3B. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 21, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 21, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tier 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit, and tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for their respective tier.

#### 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

*Contributions* - The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by N.J.S.A 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Members contribute at a uniform rate. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, effective October 1, 2011, the active member contribution rate was increased to 6.5%. An additional 1.0% increase is being phased-in over seven years beginning on July 1, 2012. The member contribution rate was 7.50% in State fiscal year 2019. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution rate takes place in July of each subsequent State fiscal year. The rate for members who are eligible for the Prosecutors Part of PERS (Chapter 336, P.L. 2001) increased from 8.5% of base salary to 10%. Employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which included the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was 13.13% of the School District's covered payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, including an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PERS measurement date of June 30, 2018, the School Districts contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$29,463 and was paid by April 1, 2019. School District employee contributions to the pension plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$15,807.

The School District is billed annually for its normal contribution plus any accrued liability. The School District's contributions, equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year, were as follows:

Total

 Fiscal Year	 ormal tributions	Accrued Liability		Non Contributory Life		Long Term Disability		Liability Paid by District	
2019	\$ 3,682	\$ 24,441	\$	1,340	\$	227	\$	29,690	
2018	3,444	21,445		1,275		718		26,882	
2017	4,003	20,371		1,216				25,590	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$583,216 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The School District's proportion of the of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

#### **10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

## Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$8,168. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$766,754 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	De	eferred	D	Deferred
	Out	flows of	Ir	nflows of
	Re	sources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	11,122	\$	3,007
Changes of assumptions		96,104		186,482
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments				5,471
Changes in proportion		90,375		97,460
District contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		33,194		
Total	\$	230,795	\$	292,420

\$33,194 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ending June 30, 2019, the plan measurement date is June 30, 2019) will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
For the year	Outlows (Inflows)
ended:	of Resources
2020	\$ 2,791
2021	(6,515)
2022	(44,868)
2023	(26,793)
2024	(19,434)
Total	\$ (94,819)

## **10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

## Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

The amortization of the above other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be over the following number of years:

8	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	-
June 30, 2015	5.72	-
June 30, 2016	5.57	-
June 30, 2017	5.48	-
June 30, 2018	-	5.63
Changes of assumptions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44	-
June 30, 2015	5.72	-
June 30, 2016	5.57	-
June 30, 2017	-	5.48
June 30, 2018	-	5.63
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	5.00
June 30, 2015	-	5.00
June 30, 2016	5.00	-
June 30, 2017	5.00	-
June 30, 2018	5.00	5.00
Changes in proportion		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44	6.44
June 30, 2015	5.72	5.72
June 30, 2016	5.57	5.57

## **Additional Information**

Collective balances at June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,684,852,302	\$ 6,424,455,842
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$ 7,646,736,226	\$ 5,700,625,981
Collective net pension liability	\$ 19,689,501,539	\$ 23,278,401,588
School District's Proportion	.0029620673%	.0028242867%

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

#### 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate: 2.25% Salary Increases: Through 2026: 1.65-4.15% based on age Thereafter: 2.65-5.15% based on age Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Pre-retirement Mortality Table for male and female active employees. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 to 2013 using Projection Scale AA and using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale therafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disables Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

*Long-Term Expected Rate of Return* - In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### **10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

#### Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Long Town Evnosted

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	Real Rate of Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	05.00%	05.51%
Cash Equivalents	05.50%	01.00%
U.S. Treasuries	03.00%	01.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	03.78%
High Yield	02.50%	06.82%
Global Diversified Credit	05.00%	07.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge Funds	01.00%	06.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	02.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	01.00%	06.61%
Private Real Asset	02.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	06.25%	09.23%
U.S. Equity	30.00%	08.19%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	09.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	06.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	08.25%	13.08%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the State's total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The state employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2046, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 5.66%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.66%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.66%) that the current rate:

		(	Current	
	Decrease (4.66%)		count Rate (5.66%)	6.66%)
School Distict's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability	\$ 733,327	\$	583,216	\$ 457,283

*Pension Plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits financial report.

#### 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### **Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)**

The Defined Contribution Retirement Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension plan which was established on July 1, 2007, under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A.43:15C-1 et. seq), and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008 and Chapter 1, P.L. 2010. The Defined Contribution Retirement Program Board oversees the DCRP, which is administered for the Divisions of Pensions and Benefits by Prudential Financial. The DCRP provides eligible members, and their beneficiaries, with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting and benefit provisions are established by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by State statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. In addition to the employee contributions, the School District's contribution amounts for each pay period are transmitted to Prudential Financial not later than the fifth business day after the date on which the employee is paid for that pay period.

The School District's contributions, equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Paid by School District					
2019	\$ 4,664					
2018	6,434					
2017	4,596					

## **11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

#### **Plan Description and Benefits Provided**

The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148,401 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, an increase in the number of participants qualifying for State-paid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been remeasured to \$97.1 billion, an increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the remeasured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017.

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The LEA's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the LEA did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the school district. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State's CAFR (https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/publications/archives.shtml)

Actuarial assumptions and other imputes - The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of the June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2016 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member enrolled in.

This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50	%	
	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases	1 55 4 550 (	0.15 4.150/	<b>0</b> 10 0 000/
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.55%	2.15 - 4.15%	2.10 - 8.98%
	based on years of service	based on age	based on age
Thereafter	2.00 - 5.45%	3.15 - 5.15%	3.10 - 9.98%
	based on years of service	based on age	based on age

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2015, July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2014 and July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2013 for TPAF, PFRS, and PERS, respectively.

100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage are assumed to continue with that coverage. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement, having a coverage blend of 85% and 15% in PPO and HMO, respectively.

Health Care Trend Assumptions - For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

## 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

*Discount Rate* - The discount rate for June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 3.87%. This represent the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

The percentage of the premium for which the retirees will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

#### **Changes in the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability**

The table below summarizes the State's proportionate share of the change in the total nonemployer OPEB liability associated with the School District:

	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$	9,646,738
Changes for the years'		
Service Cost		272,213
Interest		351,297
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(805,117)
Changes in assumptions		(952,305)
Gross Benefit Payments		(221,901)
Contributions from the Non-employer		N/A
Contributions from the Member		7,669
Net Investment Income		N/A
Adminsitrative Expense		N/A
Net Changes	\$	(1,348,144)
Balance at 06/30/2018	\$	8,298,594

**Sensitivity of the total nonemployer OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate** - The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, respectively, associated with the School District, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	% Decrease (2.87%)	Di	scount Rate (3.87%)	10	% Increase (4.87%)
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Associated with the School District	\$	9,810,627	\$	8,298,594	\$	7,096,684

## 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

**Sensitivity of the total nonemployer OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate** - The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, associated with the School District, respectively, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			H	Iealthcare		
			0	Cost Trend		
	1	% Decrease		Rates	19	% Increase
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share						
of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability						
Associated with the School District	\$	10,039,939	\$	8,298,594	\$	6,750,208

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized \$295,465 in OPEB expense and revenue, in the government-wide financial statements, for the State's proportionate share of the OPEB Plan's OPEB Expense, associated with the School District. This expense and revenue was based on the OPEB Plan's June 30, 2018 measurement date.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the School District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is zero. As such, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by the School District.

At June 30, 2019, the State's proportionate share of the total nonemployer OPEB liability's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, associated with the School District, from the following sources are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 805,564
Changes of assumptions	-	1,860,172
Total	\$ -	\$ 2,665,736

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to State's proportionate share of the total nonemployer OPEB Liability, associated with the School District, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the year	
ended:	
2019	\$ (328,486)
2020	(328,486)
2021	(328,486)
2022	(328,486)
2023	(328,486)
Therafter	(1,023,306)
Total	\$ (2,665,736)

Detailed information about the pension plan's sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits financial report.

#### **12. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the School District has recognized as revenues and expenditures on-behalf payments made by the state for normal retirement costs, post-retirement medical costs and long term disability insurance related to TPAF, in the fund statements. The amounts recognized as revenues and expenditures in the fund financial statements for normal costs, post-retirement medical costs and long term disability insurance were \$298,614, \$135,450, and \$336, respectively. In addition, \$120,830 on-behalf payments were made by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries.

#### **13. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health and accident claims; and natural disasters.

**Joint Insurance Pool** - The School District is a member of the New Jersey School Boards Association Insurance Group (NJSBAIG). Insurance coverage as provided by the Fund can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Annual contributions to the Fund are determined by the Fund's Board of Trustees. The School District is jointly and personally liable for claims insured by the Fund and its members during the period of its membership, including liability for supplemental assessments, if necessary. The Fund's Board of Trustees may authorize refunds to its members in any fund year for which contributions exceed the amount necessary to fund all obligations for that year.

The Fund publishes its own financial report which can be obtained at: www.njsbaig.com.

**New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance** - The School District has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the School District is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The School District is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

The following is a summary of School District contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the School District's expendable trust fund for the current and previous two fiscal vears:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Interest <u>Earnings</u>	Board Contributions	Employee <u>Contributions</u>	Amount <u>Reimbursed</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
2018-2019	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 4,170	\$ 236	\$ 15,610
2017-2018	-		14,914	10,970	11,674
2016-2017	1		9,726	8,821	7,730

## **14. DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

The School District offers its employees a choice of various deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plans, available to all permanent School District employees, permit participants to defer a portion of their current salary to future years. Participation in the plans is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to the participants until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency occurs. The plan assets are held in trust for the benefit of the employee and are administered by a third party therefore they are not reflected on the financial statements of the School District.

#### **15. COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The School District accounts for compensated absences (e.g. unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employee and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

School District employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the School District's personnel policy. Upon termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation. The School District's policy permits employees to accumulated unused sick leave and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon retirement employees shall be paid by the School District for the unused sick leave in accordance with the School District's agreements with the various employee unions.

The liability for vested compensated absences is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrued to the employees. As of June 30, 2019, the liability for compensated absences in the governmental activities fund type was \$178,656.

## 16. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables/payables are recorded to cover temporary cash shortages and/or timing differences in the respective funds. There are no interfund balances that are not expected to be repaid by June 30, 2020. The following interfund balances were recorded on the various balance sheets as of June 30, 2019:

Fund	 nterfunds eceivable	Interfunds Payable			
General	\$ 156,031	\$ 11,010			
Special Revenue	-	99,732			
Capital Projects	-	11,047			
Proprietary	-	45,238			
Fiduciary	 11,010	 14			
Total	\$ 167,041	\$ 167,041			

## **17. CONTINGENCIES**

The School District participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the School District may be required to reimburse the grantor government.

At June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the granting agency, but the School District believes that disallowed expenditures discovered in subsequent audits, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the School District.

#### **18. TAX ABATEMENTS**

As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), a tax abatement is an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens. School districts are not authorized by New Jersey statute to enter into tax abatement agreements. However, the county or municipality in which the school district is situated may have entered into tax abatement agreements, and that potential must be disclosed in these financial statements.

#### **18. TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)**

If the county or municipality entered into tax abatement agreements, those agreements will not directly affect the school district's local tax revenue because N.J.S.A. 54:4-75 and N.J.S.A. 54:4-76 require that amounts so forgiven must effectively be recouped from other taxpayers and remitted to the school district.

For a local school district board of education or board of school estimate that has elected to raise their minimum tax levy using the required local share provisions at N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-5(b), the loss of revenue resulting from the municipality or county having entered into a tax abatement agreement is indeterminate due to the complex nature of the calculation of required local share performed by the New Jersey Department of Education based upon district property value and wealth.

The City of Cape May had no tax abatements.

# **19. DEFICIT UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE**

The School District has a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$9,058 in the Special Revenue Fund as of June 30, 2019 as reported in the fund statements (modified accrual basis). N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2 provides that in the event a state school aid payment is not made until the following school budget year, school districts must record the delayed one or more June state aid payments as revenues, for budget purposes only, in the current school budget year. The statute provides legal authority for school districts to recognize this revenue in the current budget year. For intergovernmental transactions, GASB Statement No. 33 requires that recognition (revenue, expenditure, asset, liability) should be in symmetry, i.e., if one government recognizes an asset, the other government recognizes a liability. Since the State is recording the June state aid payments in the subsequent fiscal year, the School District cannot recognize the June state aid payments until the year the State records the payable. Due to the timing difference of recording the June state aid payments, the general and special revenue fund balance deficit does not alone indicate that the School District is facing financial difficulties.

Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2 any negative unassigned general fund balance that is reported as a direct result from a delay in the June payments of state aid until the following fiscal year, is not considered in violation of New Jersey statute and regulation nor in need of corrective action. The School District deficit in the GAAP funds statements of \$9,058 in the Special Revenue Fund is equal to or less than the June state aid payment.

# **20. DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITIONS**

As of June 30, 2019, a deficit of \$203,616 existed in the Unrestricted Net Position of the Governmental Activities. A reconciliation of Unreserved Fund Balance reported on Exhibit B-1 to Unrestricted Net Position reported on Exhibited A-1 is as follows:

Balances, June 30, 2019:	
Fund Balance - Unassigned	\$ 653,075
Liabilies:	
Net Pension Differences	(678,035)
Compensated Absences	 (178,656)
Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (203,616)

## 21. SHARED SERVICES AGREEMENT

On May 7, 2016, the District entered a shared services agreement with the City of Cape May (City) providing for the District's swimming pool reconstruction. Under the agreement, the cost of the reconstruction is estimated to be \$2,000,000 which will be funded by a City bond ordinance. The District will be responsible to pay to the City, in (10) ten equal annual instalments, one million (\$1,000,000) dollars to contribute to the final cost of the project, without interest, commencing one (1) year after the project receives a final certificate of occupancy.

## 21. SHARED SERVICES AGREEMENT (Continued)

In addition, the District and City shall equally share the maintenance expense of the pool, which is specifically the chemical and water costs, and mechanical repairs not covered by warranties.

#### **22. FUND BALANCES**

#### RESTRICTED

As stated in Note 1, the restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources by either of the following: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Specific restrictions of the School District's fund balance are summarized as follows:

#### **General Fund:**

**Capital Reserve** – As of June 30, 2019, the balance in the capital reserve account is \$814. Of this amount \$814 is restricted for future capital outlay expenditures for capital projects in the School District's approved Long-Range Facilities Plan.

**Maintenance Reserve Account** – As of June 30, 2019, the balance in the maintenance reserve account is \$200,151. These funds are restricted for the required maintenance of school facilities in accordance with the Educational Facilities Construction and Financing Act (EFCFA) (N.J.S.A. 18A:7G-9) as amended by P.L. 2004, c. 73 (S1701).

**Impact Aid Reserve** – As of June 30, 2019, the balance in the impact aid reserve is \$1,100,364. Of this amount \$600,000 has been appropriated and included as an anticipated revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020

#### ASSIGNED

As stated in Note 1, the assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Specific assignments of the School District's fund balance are summarized as follows:

#### General Fund:

**Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures** – The School District has appropriated \$600,904 as an anticipated revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

#### UNASSIGNED

As stated in Note 1, the unassigned fund balance classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The School District's unassigned fund balance is summarized as follows:

General Fund – As of June 30, 2019, the fund balance of the general fund was \$653,075.

**Special Revenue Fund** – As of June 30, 2019, the fund balance of the special revenue fund was a deficit of \$9,058. The deficit is a result of the delay in the recording of the payment of state aid until the following fiscal year (See Note 18).

Capital Projects Fund – As of June 30, 2019, the fund balance of the capital projects fund was \$149.

Required Supplementary Information - Part II

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

	Original Budget	Budget Final Transfers Budget		Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:					
Local sources:					
Local tax levy	\$ 1,849,389	\$ -	\$ 1,849,389	\$ 1,849,389	\$ -
Tuition - other LEA's within State	16,979		16,979	16,979	(10)
Capital reserve - interest	19		19	50	(19)
Maintenance reserve - interest	20		20	53 351	33 351
Impact aid reserve - interest Miscellaneous	1,000		1,000	2,323	1,323
Miscellalieous	1,000		1,000	2,525	1,525
Total local sources	1,867,407		1,867,407	1,869,095	1,688
State sources:					
Special education aid	78,905		78,905	78,905	
Security aid	40,306		40,306	40,306	
Adjustment aid	253,094	(9,444)	243,650	243,650	
Transportation aid	5,993		5,993	5,993	
School choice aid	179,532		179,532	179,532	
Extraordinary Aid				29,759	29,759
Nonpublic Transportation Aid				870 298.614	870 298.614
On-behalf TPAF pension contributions (non-budgeted) On-behalf TPAF post retirement medical (non-budgeted)				298,614 135,450	298,614 135,450
On-behalf TPAF - LTDI (non-budgeted)				336	336
Reimbursed TPAF social security contributions (non-budgete				120,830	120,830
Total state sources	557,830	(9,444)	548,386	1,134,245	585,859
Federal sources:					
P.L. 103-382 Impact Aid - General	650,000	154,000	804,000	1,799,918	995,918
P.L. 103-382 Impact Aid - Capital	10,000		10,000	30,850	20,850
Total federal sources	660,000	154,000	814,000	1,830,768	1,016,768
TOTAL REVENUES	3,085,237	144,556	3,229,793	4,834,108	1,604,315
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT EXPENSE: Regular Programs - Instruction: Salaries of teachers					
Pre-Kindergarten	53,426	(374)	53,052	51,557	1,495
Kindergarten Grades 1-5	184,835 626,018	(370)	184,465	184,465	E2 E70
Grades 6-8	94,554	57,856 1,389	683,874 95,943	630,296 95,943	53,578
Crades 0-0		1,000			
Total Instruction	958,833	58,501	1,017,334	962,261	55,073
Regular Programs - Home Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers	3,000	(180)	2,820	712	2,108
Supplies	_,			180	
Total Home Instruction	3,000		3,000	892	2,108
	· · · ·				

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

(Continued from prior page)	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction: Other salaries for instruction Purchased technical services	\$ 127,530 40,600	\$ (9,545) 1,164	\$ 117,985 41,764	\$ 117,985 41,764	\$ -
Other purchased services General supplies	5,549 130,482	(4,196) (7,220)	1,353 123,262	1,353 103,621	19,641
Textbooks Miscellaneous Expenditures	31,000	420 118	31,420 118	16,783	14,637 118
Other objects	5,118	1,269	6,387	5,442	945
Total Undistributed Instruction	340,279	(17,990)	322,289	286,948	35,341
Total - Regular Programs - Instruction Special Educ Instruction: Resource Room	1,302,112	40,511	1,342,623	1,250,101	92,522
Salaries of teachers General supplies	118,962 1,000		118,962 1,000	117,165 972_	1,797 28
Total Resource Room	119,962		119,962	118,137	1,825
Special Educ Instruction: Autism Other salaries for instruction	19,950	(4,658)	15,292		15,292
Total Autism	19,950	(4,658)	15,292		15,292
Total Special Education - Instruction	139,912	(4,658)	135,254	118,137	17,117
Basic Skills/Remedial - Instruction Salaries of teachers General supplies	89,384 1,000		89,384 1,000	82,129 930	7,255 70
Total Basic Skills/Remedial - Instruction	90,384		90,384	83,059	7,325
Bilingual Education - Instruction Salaries of teachers General supplies	29,361 500	4,658	34,019 500	34,019 262	238
Total Bilingual Education - Instruction	29,861	4,658	34,519	34,281	238
Summer School - Instruction Salaries of teachers	40.405	4 504	44.040	44.040	
Other salaries for instruction General supplies	10,425 2,500 250	1,524 (1,524)	11,949 976 250	11,949 750 197_	226 53
Total Summer School - Instruction	13,175		13,175	12,896	279
School-Sponsored Cocurricular Act - Inst. Salaries	29,500	4,250	33,750	33,750	
Total School-Sponsored Cocurr. Act Inst	29,500	4,250	33,750	33,750	
Undistributed Expenditures - Instruction Tuition to CSSD & Reg. Day Schools Tuition to Private School for the Disabled	87,165 30,709	(11,135) (30,709)	76,030	50,713	25,317
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Instruction	117,874	(41,844)	76,030	50,713	25,317

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

(CONTINUED TO NEXT PAGE)

(Continued from prior page)	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures - Attend. and Social Work Purchased professional and technical services	\$ 5,200	\$	\$ 5,200	\$ 5,200	\$ -
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Attendance	5,200		5,200	5,200	
Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services Salaries Purchased prof. and technical services Supplies and materials	58,991 1,800 1,500	375	58,991 1,800 1,875	58,720 1,600 1,765	271 200 110
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Health Svcs.	62,291	375	62,666	62,085	581
Undist. Expend Speech, OT, PT & Rel. Serv. Purchased prof. and educational services Supplies and materials	49,267 1,000	(375)	49,267 625	49,267 593	32
Total Undst. Expend Speech, OT, PT & Rel. Serv.	50,267	(375)	49,892	49,860	32
Undist. Expend Other Supp Serv STD - Extra Serv Salaries		66,100	66,100	54,526	11,574
Total Undist. Expend Other Supp Serv STD - Extra Serv	. <u> </u>	66,100	66,100	54,526	11,574
Undist. Expend Guidance Salaries of other professional staff Supplies and materials	62,366 		62,366 500_	55,800 	6,566 
Total Undst. Expend Guidance	62,866		62,866	56,088	6,778
Undist. Expend Child Study Teams Salaries of secretarial and clerical assistants Purchased professional/educational services Supplies and materials	24,000 117,065 1,500	(3,064)	24,000 114,001 1,500	23,465 114,001 1,076	535 424
Total Undst. Expend Child Study Teams	142,565	(3,064)	139,501	138,542	959
Undist. Expend Improvement of Inst. Services Salaries of other professional staff Salaries of secretarial and clerical assistants Supplies and Materials	97,537 8,000 6,000	1,412 3,064	97,537 9,412 9,064	91,273 9,412 9,064	6,264
Total Undst. Expend Improvement of Inst. Services	111,537	4,476	116,013	109,749	6,264
Undist. Expend Educ. Media Serv./Sch. Library Salaries Salaries of technology coordinators Purchased prof/technical services Supplies and materials	47,569 8,500 4,200 4,120	4,887 (4,887)	52,456 3,613 4,200 4,120	52,456 2,966 3,690_	1,234 430
Total Undst. Expend Educ. Media Serv./Sch. Library	64,389		64,389	59,112	1,664

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

(CONTINUED TO NEXT PAGE)

(Continued from prior page)	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual	
Undist. Expend Supp. Serv. General Admin.						
Salaries	\$ 77,612	\$ (1,959)	\$ 75,653	\$ 75,653	\$ -	
Legal services	5,000	3,153	8,153	8,153		
Audit Fees	12,200	100	12,300	12,300		
Expenditure & Internal Control Audit Fees	3,000	(750)	3,000	3,000	7 4 7	
Other Purchased Professional Services	5,500	(753)	4,747	4,000	747	
Communications / telephone	14,882	11,547	26,429	22,282	4,147	
BOE Other Purchased Services	500		500	183	317	
BOE In-House training/meeting supplies	500	600	500	92	408	
Miscellaneous expenditures	4,000	600	4,600	2,513	2,087	
BOE membership dues and fees	4,000		4,000	3,450	550	
Total Undst. Expend Supp. Serv. General Admin.	127,194	12,688	139,882	131,626	8,256	
Undist. Expend Supp. Serv. School Admin.						
Salaries of principals/assist. principals	68,355		68,355	68,355		
Other purchased services	800		800	150	650	
Supplies and materials	2,848	3,000	5,848	2,168	3,680	
Other objects	4,450	189	4,639	4,639		
Total Undst. Expend Supp. Serv. School Admin.	76,453	3,189	79,642	75,312	4,330	
Undist. Expend Central Services						
Salaries	88,821	4,000	92,821	92,321	500	
Supplies and materials	1,000		1,000	939	61	
Miscellaneous expenditures	1,349		1,349	1,347	2	
Total Undst. Expend Central Services	91,170	4,000	95,170	94,607	563	
Undist. Expend Admin. Info. Technology Salaries						
Purchased technical services	7,500	3,200	10,700	8,290	2,410	
Total Undst. Expend Admin. Info. Technology	7,500	3,200	10,700	8,290	2,410	
Undist. Expend Required Maint. Sch. Facilities						
Salaries	45,747		45,747	44,922	825	
Cleaning, repair, and maintenance services	119,906	33,056	152,962	91,117	61,845	
Supplies and materials	2,000		2,000	1,257	743	
Total Undst. Expend Required Maint. Sch. Facilities	167,653	33,056	200,709	137,296	63,413	
Undist. Expend Custodial Services						
Salaries	94,168	(439)	93,729	92,286	1,443	
Purchased professional & tech. services	550	439 <sup>´</sup>	989	989		
Insurance	36,889	(3,207)	33,682	29,996	3,686	
Misc. purchased services	500	. ,	500	466	34	
General supplies	20,207	12,669	32,876	32,047	829	
Energy (natural gas)	68,761	(24,579)	44,182	44,182		
Energy (electricity)	47,947	25,561	73,508	73,332	176	
Energy (gasoline)	685	(500)	185	130	55	
Other objects	20,334	(500)	19,834	16,319	3,515	
Total Undst. Expend Custodial Services	290,041	9,444	299,485	289,747	9,738	

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

(CONTINUED TO NEXT PAGE)

(Continued from prior page)		Original Budget		Budget ransfers	Final Budget			Actual	F	ariance Final to Actual
Undist. Expend Security										
Salaries	\$	45,000	\$	(318)	\$	44,682	\$	39,139	\$	5,543
Purchased professional & tech. services General Supplies		500 1,000	÷	350 (32)	÷	850 968	÷	850 968	÷	
Total Security		46,500				46,500		40,957		5,543
Total Undst. Expend Oper. & Maint. of Plant Services		504,194		42,500		546,694		468,000		78,694
Undist. Expend Student Trans. Services										
Sal. Of Non-Instructional Aides		6,000				6,000		6,000		
Contr. serv Aid in Lieu -nonpublic		12,000		7,550		19,550		5,034		14,516
		,		,						14,510
Contr. serv Aid in Lieu -choice		3,000		1,000		4,000		4,000		4 000
Contr. serv. (other than bet. home & sch.) - vendors		4,974				4,974		3,774		1,200
Contr. serv. (bet. home & sch.) - joint agreements		4,533				4,533		3,833		700
Contr. serv. (sp ed stds) - vendors		27,633				27,633		25,276		2,357
Contr. serv. (sp ed stds) - joint agreements		32,000				32,000		28,849		3,151
Total Undst. Expend Student Trans. Services		90,140		8,550		98,690		76,766		21,924
Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits										
Social security contributions		44,000		(449)		43,551		43,551		
Other retirement contributions - PERS		33,427		(2,723)		30,704		30,704		
Other retirement contributions - reg.		00,121		6,407		6,407		6,407		
Unemployment compensation		15,000		(9,194)		5,806		2,241		3,565
Workmen's compensation		36,000		1,326		37,326		37,326		5,505
		,		1,320						40.004
Health benefits		682,372		4 450		682,372		640,351		42,021
Tuition reimbursement Other employee beneftis		52,323		1,456		1,456 52,323		1,456 42,552		9,771
Total Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits		863,122		(3,177)		859,945	·	804,588		55,357
On-behalf TPAF pension contributions (non-budgeted)								298,614		(298,614)
On-behalf TPAF post retirement medical (non-budgeted)								135,450		(135,450)
On-behalf TPAF - LTDI (non-budgeted)								336		(336)
Reimbursed TPAF social security contributions (non-budgeted)								120,830		(120,830)
Total Undistributed Expenditures - TPAF								555,230		(555,230)
Total Undistributed Expenditures	:	2,376,762		96,618	2	2,473,380	:	2,800,294		(330,527)
Total General Current Expense	:	3,981,706		141,379	2	1,123,085		4,332,518		(213,046)
Total General Current Expense EXPENDITURES: CAPITAL OUTLAY:	;	3,981,706_		141,379	2	4,123,085		4,332,518		(213,046
Equipment:										
Undistributed Expenditures:										
Required Maintenance for School Facilities		22,336				22,336		22,011		325
Security		13,434				13,434		13,434		
Equipment		7,941		3,177		11,118		11,118		
Total Equipment		43,711		3,177		46,888		46,563		325

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

(Continued from prior page)	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Other Purchased Prof and Tech Services Assessment for Debt Service on SDA Funding	\$ 100,000 3,161	\$ - 	\$ 100,000 3,161	\$ 100,000 3,161	\$	
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	103,161		103,161	103,161		
Total Capital Outlay	146,872	3,177	150,049	149,724	325	
Total Expenditures	4,128,578	144,556	4,273,134	4,482,242	(209,108)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures:	(1,043,341)		(1,043,341)	351,866	1,395,207	
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer Out - Food Service Fund	(5,000)		(5,000)		(5,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources	(5,000)		(5,000)		(5,000)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(1,048,341)		(1,048,341)	351,866	1,400,207	
Fund Balance, July 1	2,241,208		2,241,208	2,241,208		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,192,867	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ 1,192,867	\$ 2,593,074	\$ 1,400,207	
Recapitulation of Fund Balance Restricted Fund Balance: Capital Reserve Maintenance Reserve Impact Aid Reserve Assigned Fund Balance Designated for Subsequent Years Expenditures Unassigned Fund Balance				\$ 814 200,151 1,100,364 600,904 690,841		
Reconciliation on Governmental Fund Statements (GAAP): Less: State Aid Payment not Recognized on GAAP Basis				2,593,074 (37,766)		
Fund Balance per Government Fund (GAAP)				\$ 2,555,308		

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget		
REVENUES: State sources	\$ 90,582	¢	\$ 90,582	\$ 90,582	\$ -
Federal sources	\$ 90,582 <u>136,829</u>	\$ - 30,130	\$	\$	ъ -
Total revenues	227,411	30,130	257,541	257,541	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction: Salaries of teachers	165,700		165,700	165,700	
Purchase Prof Tech	105,700	1.800	1,800	1,800	
Tuition	47,291	4,840	52,131	52,131	
General supplies	8,000	2,077	10,077	10,077	
Total instruction	220,991	8,717	229,708	229,708	
Support services:		10.107	40.407	10.107	
Personal services - employee benefits	6 400	19,487	19,487	19,487	
Other purchased services Supplies and Materials	6,420	1,726 200	8,146 200	8,146 200	
Total support services	6,420	21,413	27,833	27,833	
Facilities acquisition and const. serv.: Instructional equipment					
Total facilities acquisition and const. serv.:					
Total expenditures	227,411	30,130	257,541	257,541	
Total outflows	227,411	30,130	257,541	257,541	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison

# Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	 General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedules Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.	\$ 4,834,108	\$ 257,541
The last State aid payment for the prior year is recognized as revenue for GAAP purposes and differs from budgetary basis which recognized this revenue in the prior year.	50,763	9,501
The last State aid payment is recognized as revenue for budgetary purposes and differs from GAAP which does not recognizes this revenue until the subsequent year when the State recognizes the related expense (GASB 33)	 (37,766)	 (9,058)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ 4,847,105	\$ 257,984
Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received is reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.	\$ 4,482,242	\$ 257,541
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 4,482,242	\$ 257,541

Required Supplementary Information - Part III

Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting

For Pensions and

Other Post Employment Benefits

## CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Fiscal Years

		une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	JI	une 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	J	lune 30, 2015	J	une 30, 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.00	29620673%	0.0	028242867%	0.00	28805056%	0.00	)27185222%	0.00	018551999%	0.0	039536573%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	583,216	\$	657,449	\$	853,123	\$	610,254	\$	347,344	\$	755,622
District's covered-employee payroll		191,765		237,191		207,887		196,958		183,842		189,026
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		304.13%		277.18%		410.38%		309.84%		188.94%		399.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		40.45%		36.78%		31.20%		38.21%		42.74%		40.71%

This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

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## CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Contributions Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Fiscal Years

	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	J	lune 30, 2015	J	lune 30, 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 33,194	\$	29,463	\$	26,164	\$	25,590	\$	23,372	\$	15,294
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	 (33,194)		(29,463)		(26,164)		(25,590)		(23,372)		(15,294)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	237,191		237,191		207,887		196,958		183,842		189,026
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.99%		12.42%		12.59%		12.99%		12.71%		8.09%

This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

## CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund Last Six Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0144954202%	0.0141587944%	0.0144438971%	0.0152416614%	0.0152518196%	0.0154010277%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	\$ 9,221,675	\$ 9,546,370	\$ 11,362,489	\$ 9,633,381	\$ 8,151,601	\$ 7,783,558
Total	\$ 9,221,675	\$ 9,546,370	\$ 11,362,489	\$ 9,633,381	\$ 8,151,601	\$ 7,783,558
District's covered-employee payroll	1,715,479	1,600,701	1,511,342	1,409,569	1,458,772	1,499,909
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	26.49%	25.41%	22.33%	28.71%	33.64%	33.76%

This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

June 30,

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the District and Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Public Employee's Retirement System and Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund Last Two Fiscal Years

LASL I WU FISCAL TEATS

June 30,

		2018			
State's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		0.02%		0.02%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability					
associated with the District	\$	8,298,594	\$	9,646,738	
Total proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)					
associated with the District	\$	8,298,594	\$	9,646,738	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
OPEB Liability		0.00%		0.00%	
		June 30,		June 30,	
		2018		2018	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	272,213	\$	326,151	
Interest		351,297		303,793	
Difference between expected and actual experiences		(805,117)			
Changes of assumptions		(952,305)		(1,208,100)	
Member Contributions		7,669		8,228	
Benefit payments		(221,901)		(223,439)	
Net Change in total OPEB Liability	\$	(1,348,144)	\$	(793,367)	
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	\$	9,646,738	\$	10,440,105	
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	8,298,594	\$	9,646,738	
District's covered-employee payroll		1,907,244		1,837,892	
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of					
covered-employee payroll		435.11%		524.88%	

This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB 75 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

# Cape May City School District Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

# 1. Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

# Changes of benefit term: There were none.

*Changes of assumptions.* For 2018, the discount rate changed to 4.86% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. For 2017, the discount rate changed to 4.25% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.00%. For 2016, the discount rate changed to 3.22% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.65% from 7.90%. Also, for 2016, demographic assumptions were revised to reflect those recommended on the basis of the July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2015 experience study. For 2015, the discount rate changed to 4.13%. For 2013, the discount rate was 4.68%

# 2. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of benefit term: There were none.

*Changes of assumptions.* For 2018, the discount rate changed to 5.66% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. For 2017, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.00%. For 2016, the discount rate changed to 3.98% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.65% from 7.90%. Also, for 2016, demographic assumptions were revised in accordance with the results of the July 1, 2011 – June 30,2 014 experience study and the mortality improvement scale incorporated the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Further salary increases were assumed to increase between 1.65% and 4.15% (based on age) through year 2026 and 2.65% and 5.15% (based on age) for each fiscal year thereafter. For 2015, the discount rate changed to 4.90% and the social security wage base was set at \$118,500 for 2015, increasing 4.00% per annum, compounded annually and the 401(1)(17) pay limit was set at \$265,000 for 2015, increasing 3.00% per annum, compounded annually. For 2014, the discount rate was 5.39%

# 3. Other Post-Retirement Plan – Public Employees' Retirement System and Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund

## Changes of benefit term: There were none.

*Changes of assumptions:* In 2018 the discount rate changed to 3.87% from 3.85% as of June 30, 2017. In 2018, there were changes in the census, claims and premiums experience and a decrease in the assumed health care cost trend and excise tax assumptions. The discount rate was 2.85% as of June 30, 2016.

Other Supplementary Information

Special Revenue Fund Detail Statements

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Special Revenue Fund Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budgetary Basis for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	No Child Left Behind (N.C.L.B.)			ndividiuals With Dis	abilities Act (I.D.E.A.		
	Title I Current Year	Title II - Part A Current Year	Title IV - Part A Current Year	Part B - Basic Current Year	Part B - Preschool Current Year	Preschool Education Aid	Total
REVENUES:							
State sources	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 90,582	\$ 90,582
Federal sources	94,605	8,146	10,000	52,131	2,077	-	166,959
Total Revenues	94,605	8,146	10,000	52,131	2,077	90,582	257,541
EXPENDITURES:							
Instruction:							
Salaries of Teachers	75,118					90,582	165,700
Purchase Prof Tech			1,800				1,800
Tuition				52,131			52,131
Other Purchased Services							
General Supplies			8,000		2,077		10,077
Total instruction	75,118		9,800	52,131	2,077	90,582	229,708
Support services:							
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	19,487	0.440					19,487
Other Purchased Services		8,146	000				8,146
Supplies			200				200
Total support services	19,487	8,146	200				27,833
Facilities acquisition and const. serv.:							
Instructional equipment							
Total facilities acquisition and const. serv.:							. <u> </u>
Total Expenditures	94,605	8,146	10,000	52,131	2,077	90,582	257,541
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	\$-	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -
	Ψ	¥	¥	¥	<u> </u>	¥ -	<u> </u>

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Special Revenue Fund Statement of Preschool Education Aid Budgetary Basis for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

# District-Wide Total

	Budgeted	Actual	Variance	
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries of teachers Other salaries for instruction	\$ 90,582	\$ 90,582	\$-	
Total Instruction	90,582	90,582		
<b>Support Services:</b> Salaries of supervisor of instruction Personal Services - Employee Benefits				
Total support services				
Total expenditures	\$ 90,582	\$ 90,582	\$-	

# CALCULATION OF BUDGET AND CARRYOVER

Total Revised 2018-2019 Preschool Education Allocation Add: Actual Preschool Ed Aid Carryover (June 30, 2018)	\$ 90,582
Total Preschool Education Aid Funds Available for 2018-2019 Less: 2018-2019 Budgeted Preschool Education Aid	90,582
(Including prior year budgeted carryover)	 (90,582)
Available & Unbudgeted Preschool Education Funds as of June 30, 2019	
Add: June 30, 2019 Unexpended Preschool Education Aid	
2018-2019 Preschool Education Aid Carryover	\$ 
2018-2019 Preschool Education Aid Carryover Budgeted for Preschool Programs in 2019-20	\$ -

Capital Projects Fund Detail Statements

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Capital Projects Fund Summary Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

Revenues and Other Financing Sources:	
State Aid - SDA Grant	\$ -
Transfer from capital outlay	 
Total revenues and other financing sources	 -
Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses):	
Purchased professional services	
Construction services	
Total expenditures and other financing (uses)	 
Excess (deficiency) or revenues over (under) expenditures	-
Fund Balance - July 1, 2018	 149
Fund Balance - June 30, 2019	\$ 149

## CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Capital Projects Fund Statement of Project Revenues, Expenditures, Project Balance, and Project Status - Budgetary Basis Elementary School - Security Upgrade From Inception and for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

	Prior Periods	Current Year	Total	Revised Authorized Costs
Revenues and Other Financing Sources: State sources - SCC Grant Transfer from capital outlay	\$	\$-	\$  11,196 16,571	\$  11,196 16,571
Total revenues	27,767	-	27,767	27,767
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:			0.000	0.000
Purchased professional services Construction services	2,998 24,620		2,998 24,620	2,998 24,620
	27,618		27,618	27,618
Excess (deficiency) or revenues over				
(under) expenditures	\$-	\$-	<u>\$ 149</u>	<u>\$ 149</u>
Additional project information:				
Project Number	0710-050-09-2001			
Grant Date	06/09/10			
Bond Authorization Date	N/A			
Bonds Authorized	N/A			
Bonds Issued	N/A			
Original Authorized Cost	\$ 46,250			
Additional Authorized Cost	\$-			
Revised Authorized Cost	\$ 27,618			
Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost Percentage Completion Original target completion date Revised target completion date	0.00% 100.00% 12/31/09 12/31/09			

Proprietary Funds Detail Statements

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Enterprise Funds Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019

ASSETS:	-	ild Care ogram		Food Service	Total		
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	101	\$	59,128	\$	59,229	
Accounts Receivable:							
State		-		52		52	
Federal		-		3,678		3,678	
Other		2,641		-		2,641	
Inventories		-		3,133		3,133	
Total Current Assets		2,742		65,991		68,733	
Fixed Assets:							
Equipment				9,964		9,964	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		_		(8,909)		(8,909)	
				(0,000)		(0,000)	
Total Fixed Assets				1,055		1,055	
Total Assets	\$	2,742	\$	67,046	\$	69,788	
LIABILITIES:							
Current liabilities:							
Unearned Revenue	\$	_	\$	350	\$	350	
Interfund Payable	¥	9,513	Ŷ	35,725	Ŷ	45,238	
ý				, -		-,	
Total Current Liabilities		9,513		36,075		45,588	
NET POSITION:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		-		1,055		1,055	
Unreserved Retained Earnings		(6,771)		29,916		23,145	
	<b>*</b>	(0.77.1)	<b>^</b>	00.074	<b>^</b>	04.000	
Total Net Position	\$	(6,771)	\$	30,971	\$	24,200	

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Enterprise Funds

# Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

	Child Care Program	Food Service	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Local sources:				
Daily sales-reimbursable programs	\$ -	\$ 16,121	\$ 16,121	
Total-daily sales-reimbursable programs		16,121	16,121	
Daily sales non-reimbursable programs Special functions		3,379 17	3,379 17	
Program fees	6,565		6,565	
Total operating revenue	6,565	19,517	26,082	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries	12,467	60,182	72,649	
Employee benefits	953	4,604	5,557	
Supplies and materials		412	412	
Depreciation		517	517	
Repairs and Maintenance		2,399	2,399	
Miscellaneous		956	956	
Cost of Sales - reimbursable programs		33,427	33,427	
Cost of Sales - nonreimbursable programs		1,361	1,361	
Total operating expenses	13,420	103,858	117,278	
Operating income (loss)	(6,855)	(84,341)	(91,196)	
Non-operating revenues:				
State sources:				
State school lunch program		901	901	
Federal sources:				
National school lunch program		39,906	39,906	
National school breakfast program		26,049	26,049	
U.S.D.A. commodities		7,930	7,930	
Interest revenue	5	44	49	
Total non-operating revenues	5	74,830	74,835	
Net income (loss) before transfers Other Financing Sources and Uses: Operating transfers in	(6,850)	(9,511)	(16,361)	
Change in Net Desition		(0 544)	(40.004)	
Change in Net Position	(6,850)	(9,511)	(16,361)	
Net Position - July 1	79_	40,482	40,561	
Net Position - June 30	\$ (6,771)	\$ 30,971	\$ 24,200	

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Enterprise Funds Statement of Cash Flows for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

	Child Care Program	Food Service	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 3,924 (12,467)	\$ 19,788 (129,243)	\$23,712 (12,467) (129,243)
Net cash used by operating activities	(8,543)	(109,455)	(117,998)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers to other funds Cash received from state and federal reimbursements		- 67,278	- 67,278
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u> </u>	67,278	67,278
Cash flows from capital financing activities: Purchases of fixed assets	<u> </u>		
Net cash used by capital financing activities	<u> </u>		
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	5_	44	49
Net cash provided by investing activities	5_	44	49
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,538)	(42,133)	(50,671)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	8,639	101,261	109,900
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 101	\$ 59,128	\$ 59,229
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Federal commodities Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in inventory (Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable Increase/(decrease) in interfund payable Increase/(decrease) in unearned revenue	\$ (6,855) - - (2,641) 953	\$ (84,341) 517 7,930 358 - (34,190) 271	\$ (91,196) 517 7,930 358 (2,641) (33,237) 271
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (8,543)	\$ (109,455)	\$ (117,998)

Fiduciary Funds Detail Statements

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 y Funds	Tru: Unen Com	yee Benefit st Funds nployment pensation ance Fund	Total		
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Interfund Receivable	\$ 988 124	\$	4,856 10,886	\$	5,844 11,010	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,112	\$	15,742	\$	16,854	
LIABILITIES						
LIABILITIES: Cash Deficit Payroll Deductions Payable Accounts Payable Interfund Payable	\$ 124 974 14	\$	- 132	\$	124 974 132 14	
Total Liabilities	 1,112		132		1,244	
NET POSITION						
Reserved for Unemployment Claims	 		15,610		15,610	
Total Net Position	\$ 	\$	15,610	\$	15,610	

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Employee Benefit Trust Funds Unemployment Compensation Insurance Fund
REVENUES:	
Local sources: Employee contributions Interest on investments	\$        4,170 2
Total Revenues	4,172
EXPENDITURES: Current Expense: Undistributed Expenditures:	
Unemployment claims	236
Total Expenditures	236
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures)	3,936
Net Position July 1, 2018	11,674
Net Position June 30, 2019	\$ 15,610

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

**Payroll Agency Fund** Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018 Add		dditions Deletions			Balance June 30, 2019		
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,321	\$	2,447,490	\$	2,496,823	\$	988
Total assets	\$	50,321	\$	2,447,490	\$	2,496,823	\$	988
LIABILITIES:								
Payroll deductions and withholdings Net payroll Interfund payable	\$	- 25,420 24,901	\$	124 931,512 1,401,296 114,682	\$	- 955,958 1,401,296 139,569	\$	124 974 - 14
Total liabilities	\$	50,321	\$	2,447,490	\$	2,496,823	\$	988

**Statistical Section** 

#### Cape May City School District Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,877,400	\$ 1,806,878	\$ 1,713,775	\$ 1,663,528	\$ 1,572,948	\$ 1,494,960	\$ 1,433,367	\$ 1,381,120	\$ 1,350,142	\$ 1,309,084
Restricted for:										
Special Revenue	(3,197)	(3,028)	(2,478)	(3,366)	(4,319)	(6,622)	(10,077)	(6,622)	(9,501)	(9,058)
Capital Projects	75,590	75,662	75,688	75,723	75,753	75,784	814	814	963	963
Other Purposes	1,290,355	1,065,653	953,568	935,650	606,192	445,963	550,455	1,092,618	1,848,490	1,901,419
Unrestricted	101,144	222,232	360,364	139,660	(130,992)	(473,567)	(111,385)	(276,327)	(525,826)	(203,616)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 3,341,292	\$ 3,167,397	\$ 3,100,917	\$ 2,811,195	\$ 2,119,582	\$ 1,536,518	\$ 1,863,174	\$ 2,191,603	\$ 2,664,268	\$ 2,998,792
Business-Type Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,943	\$ 1,723	\$ 4,891	\$ 4,338	\$ 3,784	\$ 3,231	\$ 2,678	\$ 2,125	\$ 1,572	\$ 1,055
Unrestricted	4,128	2,655	10,084	10,887	3,252	9,772	29,331	58,912	38,989	23,145
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 6,071	\$ 4,378	\$ 14,975	\$ 15,225	\$ 7,036	\$ 13,003	\$ 32,009	\$ 61,037	\$ 40,561	\$ 24,200
District-Wide:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,879,343	\$ 1,808,601	\$ 1,718,666	\$ 1,667,866	\$ 1,576,732	\$ 1,498,191	\$ 1,436,045	\$ 1,383,245	\$ 1,351,714	\$ 1,310,139
Restricted:										
Special Revenue	(3,197)	(3,028)	(2,478)	(3,366)	(4,319)	(6,622)	(10,077)	(6,622)	(9,501)	(9,058)
Capital Projects		75,662	75,688	75,723	75,753	75,784	814	814	963	963
Other Purposes	1,290,355	1,065,653	953,568	935,650	606,192	445,963	550,455	1,092,618	1,848,490	1,901,419
Unrestricted	105,272	224,887	370,448	150,547	(127,740)	(463,795)	(82,054)	(217,415)	(486,837)	(180,471)
Total District Net Position	\$ 3,271,773	\$ 3,171,775	\$ 3,115,892	\$ 2,826,420	\$ 2,126,618	\$ 1,549,521	\$ 1,895,183	\$ 2,252,640	\$ 2,704,829	\$ 3,022,992

Exhibit J-1

# Cape May City School District Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
Instruction:												
Regular	\$ 1,408,535	\$ 1,454,252	\$ 1,320,931	\$ 1,405,163	\$ 1,253,104	\$ 1,312,897	\$ 1,270,164	\$ 1,438,810	\$ 1,462,681	\$ 1,479,658		
Special education	156,120	135,315	201,479	174,812	186,529	171,441	203,176	168,574	117,852	120,214		
Other instruction	82,984	75,584	161,915	135,795	187,810	157,194	197,190	78,871	155,457	163,986		
Support Services:												
Tuition	9,124	2,255		63,881	170,479	89,986	88,431	122,621	112,400	102,844		
Student & instruction related services	436,082	377,209	378,733	405,282	417,051	416,911	452,330	470,087	462,510	543,508		
School administrative services	52,740	58,973	54,907	54,581	61,758	60,446	61,667	58,878	77,198	75,312		
General and business administrative services	182,509	206,649	192,094	178,890	187,707	186,199	186,721	205,117	232,055	240,671		
Plant operations and maintenance	449,175	386,030	411,389	397,424	361,714	338,590	396,742	388,374	396,402	606,522		
Pupil transportation	60,076	77,806	16,392	63,840	71,543	55,063	53,207	70,351	52,533	76,766		
Unallocated employee benefits	634,642	710,531	805,634	914,357	883,052	866,717	908,577	1,123,291	2,383,378	2,199,234		
Interest on long-term debt												
Unallocated depreciation	5,861	4,502	4,322	4,512	7,690	3,899	3,080	2,910	3,039	3,074		
Total governmental activities expenses	3,477,848	3,489,106	3,547,796	3,798,537	3,788,437	3,659,343	3,821,285	4,127,884	5,455,505	5,611,789		
Business-type activities:												
Food service	97,465	84,647	84,851	81,148	98,066	112,031	105,936	110,228	120,167	103,858		
Child care program	18,159	12,692	13,638	18,627	20,806	14,504	18,852	14,831	15,328	13,420		
Total business-type activities expense	115,624	97,339	98,489	99,775	118,872	126,535	124,788	125,059	135,495	117,278		
Total district expenses	\$ 3,593,472	\$ 3,586,445	\$ 3,646,285	\$ 3,898,312	\$ 3,907,309	\$ 3,785,878	\$ 3,946,073	\$ 4,252,943	\$ 5,591,000	\$ 5,729,067		
Program Revenues:												
Governmental activities:												
Operating grants and contributions	475,426	359,720	267,301	457,559	137,419	470,970	563,360	660,564	1,933,738	1,654,438		
Total governmental activities program revenues	475,426	359,720	267,301	457,559	137,419	470,970	563,360	660,564	1,933,738	1,654,438		
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Food service	\$ 23,448	\$ 21,283	\$ 20,453	\$ 20,870	\$ 17,981	\$ 17,897	\$ 19,733	\$ 25,988	\$ 25,686	\$ 19,517		
Child care program	14,132	18,109	18,457	16,894	12,835	20,663	13,483	13,224	14,774	6,565		
Operating grants and contributions	71,033	47,893	57,209	52,652	63,850	73,932	93,046	96,329	74,514	74,786		
Capital grants and contributions												
Total business type activities program revenues	108,613	87,285	96,119	90,416	94,666	112,492	126,262	135,541	114,974	100,868		
Total district program revenues	\$ 584,039	\$ 447,005	\$ 363,420	\$ 547,975	\$ 232,085	\$ 583,462	\$ 689,622	\$ 796,105	\$ 2,048,712	\$ 1,755,306		
Net (Expense)/Revenue:												
Governmental activities	\$ (3,002,422)	\$ (3,129,386)	\$ (3,280,495)	\$ (3,340,978)	\$ (3,651,018)	\$ (3,188,373)	\$ (3,257,925)	\$ (3,467,320)	\$ (3,521,767)	\$ (3,957,351)		
Business-type activities	(7,011)	(10,054)	(2,370)	(9,359)	(24,206)	(14,043)	1,474	10,482	(20,521)	(16,410)		
Total district-wide net expense	\$ (3,009,433)	\$ (3,139,440)	\$ (3,282,865)	\$ (3,350,337)	\$ (3,675,224)	\$ (3,202,416)	\$ (3,256,451)	\$ (3,456,838)	\$ (3,542,288)	\$ (3,973,761)		

(Continued)

# Cape May City School District Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental activities:												
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net Unrestricted grants and contributions Investment earnings	\$ 1,483,921 1,374,538 30,016	\$ 1,483,921 1,390,853 23,488	\$ 1,483,921 1,655,773 26	\$ 1,483,921 1,532,289 35	\$ 1,513,599 1,418,777 1,767	\$ 1,574,143 1,708,647 63	\$ 1,731,557 1,822,464 30	\$ 1,804,282 1,987,533 23	\$ 1,849,389 2,100,528 21	\$ 1,849,389 2,422,780		
Miscellaneous income Transfers	26,866 (1,943)	65,572 (8,343)	87,240 (12,945)	1,867 (9,599)	41,262 (16,000)	68,288 (20,000)	48,030 (17,500)	22,411 (18,500)	44,494	19,706		
Total governmental activities	2,913,398	2,955,491	3,214,015	3,008,513	2,959,405	3,331,141	3,584,581	3,795,749	3,994,432	4,291,875		
Business-type activities:												
Investment earnings Transfers	21 1,943	18 8,343	22 12,945	10 9,599	17 16,000	10 20,000	32 17,500	46 18,500	45	49		
Total business-type activities	1,964	8,361	12,967	9,609	16,017	20,010	17,532	18,546	45	49		
Total district-wide	\$ 2,915,362	\$ 2,963,852	\$ 3,226,982	\$ 3,018,122	\$ 2,975,422	\$ 3,351,151	\$ 3,602,113	\$ 3,814,295	\$ 3,994,477	\$ 4,291,924		
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities	\$ (89,024)	\$ (173,895)	\$ (66,480)	\$ (332,465)	\$ (691,613)	\$ 142,768	\$ 326,656	\$ 328,429	\$ 472,665	\$ 334,524		
Business-type activities	\$ (89,024) (5,047)	\$ (173,895) (1,693)	\$ (00,480) 10,597	\$ (332,403) 250	(8,189)	5,967	\$ 320,000 19,006	\$ 328,429 29,028	(20,476)	\$ 334,324 (16,361)		
Total district-wide	\$ (94,071)	\$ (175,588)	\$ (55,883)	\$ (332,215)	\$ (699,802)	\$ 148,735	\$ 345,662	\$ 357,457	\$ 452,189	\$ 318,163		

Cape May City School District Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,															
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
General Fund: Reserved for:																
Encumbrances Capital reserve Maintenance reserve Emergency reserve Impact Aid reserve	\$	- 75,590	\$	9,042 75,662 200,000 50,000	\$	2,916 75,688 200,000 50,000	\$	650 75,723 150,000 50,000	\$	- 75,753 50,028 50,000	\$	- 75,784 48 50,000	\$ - 814 68 13,049	\$ - 814 88 13,931 400,003	\$ 814 100,098 - 700,013	\$ - 814 200,151 1,100,364
Unreserved - designated for subsequent year's expenditures Unreserved		1,290,355 252,935		806,611 419,830		700,652 534,895		735,000 283,809		506,164 (28,768)		395,915 346,922	 537,338 699,046	 678,596 585,976	 930,967 341,141	 600,904 653,075
Total general fund	\$	1,618,880	\$	1,561,145	\$	1,564,151	\$	1,295,182	\$	653,177	\$	868,669	\$ 1,250,315	\$ 1,679,408	\$ 2,073,033	\$ 2,555,308
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved: Encumbrances	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,412	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund Capital projects fund Debt service fund		(3,197)		(3,028)		(2,478)		(3,366)		(4,319)		(6,622)	 (10,077)	 (6,622)	 (9,501) 149	 (9,058) 149
Total all other governmental funds	\$	(3,197)	\$	(3,028)	\$	(2,478)	\$	(3,366)	\$	(4,319)	\$	(6,622)	\$ (10,077)	\$ (6,622)	\$ 108,060	\$ (8,909)

Exhibit J-3

#### Cape May City School District Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Revenues												
Tax levy	\$ 1,483,921	\$ 1,483,921	\$ 1,483,921	\$ 1,483,921	\$ 1,513,599	\$ 1,574,143	\$ 1,731,557	\$ 1,804,282	\$ 1,849,389	\$ 1,849,389		
Tuition charges	30,016	23,488	48,564	25,934	38,136	68,063	41,996	21,911	15,611	16,979		
Interest earnings	7,299	5,393	1,806	35	1,767	63	50	23	21	404		
Miscellaneous	19,567	60,179	36,896	18,676	3,126	225	6,014	500	28,734	2,323		
State sources	666,747	585,765	674,332	783,053	790,233	846,276	1,005,437	1,034,524	1,127,695	1,238,267		
Federal sources	1,194,264	1,164,808	1,248,742	1,206,795	765,963	1,333,341	1,380,387	1,613,573	1,732,683	1,997,727		
Total revenue	3,401,814	3,323,554	3,494,261	3,518,414	3,112,824	3,822,111	4,165,441	4,474,813	4,754,133	5,105,089		
Expenditures Instruction												
Regular Instruction	1,321,171	1,345,430	1,283,491	1,372,372	1,231,623	1,220,649	1,253,365	1,400,210	1,407,061	1,425,601		
Special education instruction	156,120	135,315	201,479	174,812	186,529	171,441	203,176	168,574	117,852	120,214		
Other instruction	82,984	75,584	161,915	135,795	187,810	157,194	154,075	78,871	155,457	163,986		
Support Services:	02,004	70,004	101,010	100,100	107,010	107,104	104,070	70,071	100,407	100,000		
Tuition	9,124	2,255	-	63,881	170,479	89,986	88,431	122,621	112,400	102,844		
Student & instruction related services	436,082	377,209	378,733	405,282	417,051	416,911	452,330	470,087	462,510	543,508		
General and business admin.services	86,664	103,682	84,269	87,922	103.930	100,239	100,218	111,109	135,972	131,626		
School administrative services	52,740	58,973	54,907	54,581	61,758	60,446	61,667	58,878	77,198	75,312		
Central Services	84,122	93,965	99,181	81,943	74,719	78,161	80,344	88,190	90,008	102,897		
Plant operations and maintenance	369,615	367,561	356,221	358,351	348,127	323,731	284,342	326,226	337,913	468,000		
Pupil transportation	60.076	77,806	16,392	63,840	71.543	55,063	53,207	70,351	52,533	76,766		
Unallocated employee benefits	634,642	710,531	805,634	914,357	883,052	911,940	935,434	1,069,288	1,217,766	1,379,305		
Capital outlay	77,165	24,466	35,538	65,536	3,161	3,161	103,161	59,360	79,156	149.724		
Debt service:	,	,	,	,	-,	-,	,	,	,			
Principal												
Interest and other charges												
Total expenditures	3,370,505	3,372,777	3,477,760	3,778,672	3,739,782	3,588,922	3,769,750	4,023,765	4,245,826	4,739,783		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues										,,		
over (under) expenditures	31,309	(49,223)	16,501	(260,258)	(626,958)	233,189	395,691	451,048	508,307	365,306		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		( -, -,	-,	(,,	(******)	,	,.	- ,	,.			
Transfers in	16,571											
Transfers out	(18,514)	(8,343)	(12,945)	(9,599)	(16,000)	(20,000)	(17,500)	(18,500)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,943)	(8,343)	(12,945)	(9,599)	(16,000)	(20,000)	(17,500)	(18,500)				
	<u>.</u>	<u>_</u>										
Net change in fund balances	\$ 29,366	\$ (57,566)	\$ 3,556	\$ (269,857)	\$ (642,958)	\$ 213,189	\$ 378,191	\$ 432,548	\$ 508,307	\$ 365,306		
Debt service as a percentage of												
noncapital expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

#### Source: District records

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

# Cape May City School District General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 erest on estments	Tuition	E	Building Use	Pr	efund of ior Year enditures	Mis	cellaneous	Total
		 			<b>!</b>				 
2010	\$ 7,023	\$ 30,016	\$	16,825	\$	2,742			\$ 56,606
2011	5,321	23,488		16,603		43,576			88,988
2012	1,780	48,564		17,135		18,393		1,368	87,240
2013	714	25,934		16,624		77		1,296	44,645
2014	1,767	38,136		225		2,901			43,029
2015	63	68,063		225					68,351
2016	411	41,996		3,725				1,928	48,060
2017	523	21,911							22,434
2018	773	15,611		225		19,000		8,757	44,366
2019	978	16,979		662		1,032		55	19,706
	\$ 19,353	\$ 330,698	\$	72,249	\$	87,721	\$	13,404	\$ 523,425

Source: District records

Exhibit J-5

#### Cape May City School District Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Vacant Land	Residential	Commercial	Apartment	Total Assessed Value	Public Utilities a	Net Valuation Taxable	Tax- Exempt Property	Sch	al Direct ool Tax Rate b	timated Actual unty Equalized) Value
2010	\$ 57,139,000	\$2,138,841,000	\$ 453,981,300	\$ 148,999,800	\$2,798,961,100	\$ 952,965	\$2,799,914,065	\$ 420,382,900	\$	0.053	\$ 2,793,454,421
2011	58,125,700	2,149,223,600	439,858,800	143,882,000	2,791,090,100	796,181	2,791,886,281	420,630,400		0.054	2,848,404,511
2012	57,451,900	2,160,163,500	435,731,100	143,061,100	2,796,407,600	750,281	2,797,157,881	419,138,600		0.054	2,904,884,781
2013	53,163,900	2,168,319,400	435,863,300	139,510,400	2,796,857,000	815,630	2,797,672,630	429,768,200		0.054	2,812,671,567
2014	53,288,200	2,173,873,900	431,761,000	135,723,600	2,794,646,700	589,060	2,795,235,760	431,981,900		0.057	2,738,737,239
2015	64,370,700	2,177,186,500	430,297,700	133,612,100	2,805,467,000	621,231	2,806,088,231	433,484,900		0.062	2,742,474,025
2016	62,194,300	2,187,231,000	429,579,600	133,420,700	2,812,425,600	625,355	2,813,050,955	433,758,300		0.065	2,711,154,162
2017	61,236,100	2,193,506,400	427,044,200	131,838,600	2,813,625,300	612,446	2,814,237,746	433,571,800		0.066	2,814,237,746
2018	66,574,600	2,214,046,300	431,678,400	130,479,000	2,842,778,300	628,331	2,843,406,631	432,997,700		0.066	2,871,036,576
2019	69,618,400	2,230,627,200	432,392,700	127,325,200	2,859,963,500		2,859,963,500	431,388,400		0.066	2,964,429,051

#### Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

#### Note:

Real property is required to be assessed at some percentage of true value (fair or market value) established by each county board of taxation.

Reassessment occurs when ordered by the County Board of Taxation

- a Taxable Value of Machinery, Improvements and Equipment of Telephone, Telegraph and Messenger System Companies
- **b** Tax rates are per \$100
- c Information not available.

Fiscal Cape May City School District Direct Ra					ct Rate		(	Overla	pping Rate	es		Total				
Year Ended June 30,	Bas	sic Rate	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct		Regional School District		City of Cape May		Cape May County		Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate				
2010	\$	0.053		\$	0.053	\$	0.196	\$	0.277	\$	0.214	\$	0.740			
2011		0.054			0.054		0.220		0.283		0.227		0.784			
2012		0.054			0.054		0.237		0.294		0.242		0.827			
2013		0.054			0.054		0.226		0.310		0.248		0.838			
2014		0.057			0.057		0.234		0.329		0.245		0.865			
2015		0.062			0.062		0.215		0.339		0.249		0.865			
2016		0.065			0.065		0.178		0.340		0.249		0.832			
2017		0.066			0.066		0.210		0.340		0.268		0.884			
2018		0.066			0.066		0.243		0.350		0.272		0.931			
2019		0.066			0.066		0.275		0.363		0.283		0.987			

#### Source: Municipal Tax Collector

- **Note:** NJSA 18A:7F-5d limits the amount that the district can submit for a general fund tax levy. The levy when added to other components of the district's net budget may not exceed the prebudget year net budget by more than the spending growth limitation calculated as follows: the prebudget year net budget increased by the cost of living or 2.5 percent, whichever is greater, plus any spending growth adjustments.
  - **a** The district's basic tax rate is calculated from the A4F form which is submitted with the budget and the Net Valuation Taxable.
  - **b** Rates for debt service are based on each year's requirements.

# Cape May City School District Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20	)19		20	)10
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	% of Total District Net Assessed Value	Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	% of Total District Net Assessed Value
Congress Hall, LLC	\$ 28,418,200	0.99%	Congress Hall LLC	\$ 28,412,795	1.01%
ADIS Inc.	25,967,400	0.91%	Oceanfront Properties LLC	25,304,795	0.90%
Oceanfront Properties, LLC	25,310,200	0.88%	ADIS Inc.	20,878,501	0.75%
Pella, LLC	13,256,800	0.46%	Ocean Club Hotel CM, LLC	12,500,000	0.45%
Ocean Club Hotel CM, LLC	13,000,000	0.45%	Cape Coachman Realty, LLC	11,989,500	0.43%
Cape Coachman Realty, LLC	11,989,500	0.42%	Osprey Landing Development Co. LLC	11,780,300	0.42%
Kejzman Hospitality, LLC	11,476,100	0.40%	Kejzman Enterprises, LLC	11,473,100	0.41%
Montreal Inn	10,089,700	0.35%	Montreal Inn	10,089,700	0.36%
Spicer Creek Homes, LLC	88,331,200	3.09%	Keystone Inc.	9,837,735	0.35%
Individual #1	8,812,600	0.31%	Individual #1	8,812,600	0.31%
Total	\$ 236,651,700	8.43%		\$ 151,079,026	5.40%

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

Exhibit J-8

			Сс	llected within t	he Fiso	cal Year							
	Tax	es Levied for		of the L	.evy <sup>a</sup>		Collections in						
Fiscal Year					Per	centage	Subsequent						
Ended June 30,		Year		Amount		f Levy	Years						
2010	\$	1,483,921	\$	1,483,921		100.00%	-						
2011		1,483,921		1,483,921		100.00%	-						
2012		1,483,921		1,483,921		100.00%	-						
2013		1,483,921		1,483,921		100.00%	-						
2014		1,513,599		1,513,599		100.00%	-						
2015		1,574,143		1,574,143		100.00%	-						
2016		1,731,557		1,731,557		100.00%	-						
2017		1,804,282		1,804,282		100.00%	-						
2018		1,849,389		1,849,389		100.00%	-						
2019		1,849,389		1,849,389		100.00%	-						

# Source: District records including the Certificate and Report of School Taxes (A4F form)

**a** School taxes are collected by the Municipal Tax Collector. Under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to the school district the entire property tax balance, in the amount voted upon or certified prior to the end of the school year.

			Gov	ernment	al Activ	/ities				ss-Type vities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		Obligation Pension			Bond Capital Anticipation Leases Notes (BANs)		Capital Leases		Total District		Percentage of Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	Per Capita <sup>b</sup>	
2010	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	-
2011		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2012		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2013		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2014		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2015		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2016		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2017		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2018		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2019		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	-

Note: Details regarding the district's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- a Based on Per Capita Income for Cape May County.
- b Based on School District Population as of July 1,

c Not available

	Gene	ral Bonded Debt Outs	standing		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Deductions	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value <sup>a</sup> of Property	Per Capita <sup>b</sup>
2010	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2011	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2012	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2013	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2014	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2015	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2016	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2017	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2018	None	None	None	0.00%	-
2019	None	None	None	0.00%	-

**Note:** Details regarding the district's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. **a** See Exhibit J-6 for property tax data.

**b** Population data can be found in Exhibit J-14.

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable <sup>a</sup>	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
City of Cape May Lower Cape May Regional School Debt County of Cape May - City's Share	\$ 45,341,221 9,017,000 336,536,298	100.000% 39.529% 5.685%	\$ 45,341,221 3,564,312 19,132,089
Subtotal, overlapping debt			68,037,622
Cape May City School District Direct Debt			
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 68,037,622

# Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Cape May County Board of Taxation. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

- **Note:** Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Cape May City. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping payment.
  - **a** For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

Cape May City School District Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019

	Equalized valuation basis						
	2016	\$	2,851,780,166				
	2017		2,828,616,970				
	2018		2,934,935,267				
	[A]	\$	8,615,332,403				
Average equalized valuation of taxable property	[A/3]	\$	2,871,777,468				
Debt limit (2.5% of average equalized valuation) Net bonded school debt	[B] [C]	¢	71,794,437				
Legal debt margin	[B-C]	\$	71,794,437				

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	 2019
Debt limit	\$ 68,008,390	\$ 69,524,581	\$ 70,762,990	\$ 71,028,034	\$ 70,080,555	\$ 68,701,450	\$ 67,816,494	\$ 68,853,741	\$ 69,766,741	\$ 71,794,437
Total net debt applicable to limit										 -
Legal debt margin	\$ 68,008,390	\$ 69,524,581	\$ 70,762,990	\$ 71,028,034	\$ 70,080,555	\$ 68,701,450	\$ 67,816,494	\$ 68,853,741	\$ 69,766,741	\$ 71,794,437
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Equalized valuation bases were obtained from the Annual Report of the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Taxation

a Limit set by NJSA 18A:24-19 for a K through 6 district; other % limits would be applicable for other districts

Exhibit J-13

Year Population <sup>a</sup>		Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>c</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>d</sup>
2010	3,613	\$ 161,392,710	\$ 44,670	12.8%
2011	3,587	168,198,017	46,891	13.4%
2012	3,573	173,972,943	48,691	14.4%
2013	3,547	175,374,321	49,443	14.6%
2014	3,528	181,064,016	51,322	12.9%
2015	3,506	189,257,386	53,981	12.5%
2016	3,490	195,003,750	55,875	11.2%
2017	3,477	202,792,548	58,324	10.3%
2018	3,448	е	е	9.6%

е

# Source:

2019

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<sup>a</sup> Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development.

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<sup>b</sup> Personal income for Cape May City.

<sup>c</sup> Per Capita for Cape May County.

<sup>d</sup> Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development.

<sup>e</sup> Not available.

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#### Cape May City School District Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Instruction										
Regular	17.2	13.9	14.6	14.6	15.6	15.6	16.6	17.6	18.2	18.2
Special education	0.8	0.7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Other special education	7.8	4.5	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Other instruction	1.7	4.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Support Services:										
Student & instruction related services	1.7	2.7	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5
School administrative services	1.0	1.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
General and business administrative services	1.3	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Plant operations and maintenance	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Pupil transportation	0.3									
Business and other support services	0.8									
Special Schools	0.0	0.3								
Food Service	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Total	36.6	35.1	32.4	32.6	33.6	33.6	34.6	35.6	36.7	36.7

Source: District Personnel Records

#### Cape May City School District Operating Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Average			
Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures <sup>a</sup>	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff <sup>b</sup>	Elementary	Daily Enrollment (ADE) <sup>c</sup>	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>c</sup>	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2010	176	3,293,340	18,712.16	8.50%	17.2	10.34	175.9	163.2	3.84%	92.78%
2011	153	3,348,311	21,884.39	16.95%	18.4	8.32	153.2	142.4	-12.91%	92.95%
2012	149	3,442,222	23,102.16	5.56%	21.7	6.63	143.9	134.3	-6.07%	93.33%
2013	142	3,713,136	26,148.85	13.19%	21.7	6.54	133.6	125.3	-7.15%	93.79%
2014	160	3,736,621	23,353.88	-10.69%	21.7	7.34	160.2	151.5	26.60%	94.57%
2015	175	3,585,761	20,490.06	-12.26%	21.7	8.06	175.2	165.2	9.36%	94.29%
2016	188	3,666,589	19,503.13	-4.82%	22.7	8.29	188.1	178.4	7.36%	94.82%
2017	197	3,964,405	20,123.88	3.18%	22.7	8.67	196.8	187.4	4.63%	95.22%
2018	176	4,166,670	23,674.26	17.64%	21.7	8.11	168.1	158.6	-14.57%	94.31%
2019	153	4,590,059	30,000.39	26.72%	21.7	7.05	151.2	142.1	-10.05%	93.94%

#### Sources: District records

Note: Enrollment based on average daily enrollment.

- a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
- b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.
- c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

Exhibit J-17

# Cape May City School District School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
District Building										
Elementary										
Cape May City Elementary (1967)										
Square Feet	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412	32,412
Capacity (students)	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275
Enrollment	176	153	144	134	160	175	188	197	168	151

Number of Schools at June 30, 2019 Elementary = 1

Source: District Facilities Office

Note: Year of original construction is shown in parentheses. Enrollment is based on average daily enrollment.

Exhibit J-18

#### Cape May City School District Schedule of Required Maintenance Last Ten Years

#### Exhibit J-19

#### UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES 11-000-261-xxx

* School Facilities	 2010	 2011	 2012	2013	 2014	2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 Total
Cape May City Elementary	\$ 131,943	\$ 105,404	\$ 122,351	\$ 123,542	\$ 135,364	\$ 132,526	\$ 104,586	\$ 127,018	\$ 115,883	\$ 137,296	\$ 1,235,913
Project # (s)	N/A										
Total School Facilities	\$ 131,943	\$ 105,404	\$ 122,351	\$ 123,542	\$ 135,364	\$ 132,526	\$ 104,586	\$ 127,018	\$ 115,883	\$ 137,296	\$ 1,235,913

\* School facilities as defined under EFCFA. (N.J.A.C. 6A:26-1.2 and N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-1.3)

Source: District records

# Cape May City School District Insurance Schedule June 30, 2019

		Coverage		Deductible
New Jersey School Board Association Insurance Group - School Package Policy -				
Blanket Real and Personal Property	\$	9,993,556	\$	1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	Ŧ	50,000,000	Ŧ	1,000
Blanket Valuable Papers & Records		10,000,000		1,000
Limited Builders Risk		10,000,000		1,000
Employee Dishonesty		25,000		500
Environmental		1,000,000		25,000
Electronic Data Processing		80,000		1,000
Equipment Breakdown		100,000,000		1,000
Errors & Ommissions		4,000,000		5,000
General Liability		5,000,000		-,
Business Auto		5,000,000		
Workers Compensation		2,000,000		
Faithful Performance		25,000		500
Forgery & Alteration		25,000		500
Money & Securities		25,000		500
National Union Insurance Company -				
Student Accident		1,000,000		
Group Accident		500,000		50
New Jersey School Board Association Insurance Group - Public Officials Bond:				
Business Administrator/Board Secretary		75,000		500

Source: District records

Single Audit Section

# INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

651 Route 73 North, Suite 402 Marlton, New Jersey 08053 (856) 983-2244 Fax (856) 983-6674 E-Mail: rinverso@iscpasnj.com -Member of-American Institute of CPAs New Jersey Society of CPAs

#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR 15-08-OMB

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Cape May City School District County of Cape May Cape May, New Jersey

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

I have audited Cape May City School District's (School District), in the County of Cape May, State of New Jersey compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement*, and the *New Jersey State Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The School District's major federal and state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal and state programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program**

In my opinion, the Cape May City School District, in the County of Cape May, State of New Jersey complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Cape May City School District, in the County of Cape May, State of New Jersey, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal or state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cape May City School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal or state program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*INVERSO & STEWART, LLC* Certified Public Accountants

Robert P. Inverso Certified Public Accountant Public School Accountant No. CS001095

Marlton, New Jersey November 8, 2019

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

	Federal	Federal		Program or			June 30, 2018		Carryover					June 30, 2019	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	FAIN Number	Grant or State Project Number	Award Amount	Grant Period	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor at	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustment	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor at
U.S. Department of Education															
General Fund:	84.041	S041B183047	40-NJ-2019-0208	\$ 1,335,867	07/01/18-06/30/19	s -	s -	s -	¢	\$ 1,335,867	\$(1,335,867)	¢	\$ -	¢	\$ -
Impact Aid Impact Aid	84.041	S041B173047	40-NJ-2019-0208 40-NJ-2018-0208	\$ 1,335,867 305,634	07/01/18-06/30/19	ъ -	ə -	ъ -	\$-	\$ 1,335,867 305,634	\$(1,335,867) (305,634)	\$-	ъ -	ъ -	ъ -
Impact Aid	84.041	S041B173047	40-NJ-2016-0208	158.417	07/01/15-06/30/16	-	-	-	-	158,417	(158,417)	-	-	-	-
Department of Defense	12.558	57NJ201610146	40-NJ-2017-0208	30,850	07/01/16-06/30/17		-				(30,850)			-	
Total General Fund										1,830,768	(1,830,768)				
U.S. Department of Education															
Special Revenue Fund:															
Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)															
Title I	84.010	S010A190030	ESSA-0710-19	94,605	07/01/18-06/30/19					46,803	(94,605)		(47,802)		
Title I	84.010	S010A180030	ESSA-0710-18	93,897	07/01/17-06/30/18	(24,165)				24,165			-		
Title IIA	84.367	S367A190029	ESSA-0710-19	8,146	07/01/18-06/30/19					1,746	(8,146)		(6,400)		
Title IIA	84.367	S367A180029	ESSA-0710-18	8,025	07/01/17-06/30/18	(398)				398			-		
Title IV	84.424	S424A190029	ESSA-0710-19	10,000	07/01/18-06/30/19					1,041	(10,000)		(8,959)		
Title IV	84.424	S424A180029	ESSA-0710-18	10,000	07/01/17-06/30/18	(7,507)				7,507			-		
Individuals With Disabilities Act (I.D.E.A.)															
Part B - Basic	84.027	H027A190100	IDEA-0710-19	52,131	07/01/18-06/30/19					25,425	(52,131)		(26,706)		
Part B - Basic	84.027	H027A180100	IDEA-0710-18	57,009	07/01/17-06/30/18	(14,971)				14,971			-		
Part B - Preschool	84.173	H173A170114	IDEA-0710-19	2,077	07/01/18-06/30/19					1,270	(2,077)		(807)		
Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358	S358A170232	REAP-0710-18	18,833	07/01/17-06/30/18	(18,833)				18,833					
Total Special Revenue Fund						(65,874)				142,159	(166,959)		(90,674)		
U.S. Department of Agriculture															
Enterprise Fund:															
Food Distribution Program	10.565	181NJ304N1099	N/A	7,930	07/01/18-06/30/19					7,930	(7,930)				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	181NJ304N1099	N/A	26,049	07/01/18-06/30/19					24,643	(26,049)		(1,406)		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	171NJ304N1099	N/A	25,408	07/01/17-06/30/18	(1,551)				1,551					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	181NJ304N1099	N/A	39,906	07/01/18-06/30/19					37,634	(39,906)		(2,272)		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	171NJ304N1099	N/A	39,805	07/01/17-06/30/18	(2,538)				2,538					
Total Enterprise Fund						(4,089)				74,296	(73,885)		(3,678)		
Total Federal Awards						\$ (69,963)	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 2,047,223	\$(2,071,612)	\$ -	\$ (94,352)	\$-	\$ -

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

Exhibit K-3 Schedule A

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

					June	30, 2018							J	une 30, 2019	
State Grantor / Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Program Award Amount	Grant Period	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor at	Due to Grantor at	Carryover (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Paid to Grantor	Adjustments	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor at
State Department of Education															
General Fund: Reimbursement of Nonpublic Transportation Aid	18-103190	\$ 870	07/1/18 - 06/30/19	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	\$ (870)	¢	¢	\$ (870)	s -	¢
Rembursement of Nonpublic Transportation Aid	10-103190	φ 670	07/1/18 - 00/30/19	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	\$ (870)	φ -	φ -	\$ (870)	φ -	φ -
Transportation Aid Transportation Aid	19-495-034-5120-014 18-495-034-5120-014	5,993 5,993	07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(545)					5,580 545	(5,993)			(413)		
Special Education Categorical Aid Special Education Categorical Aid	19-495-034-5120-089 18-495-034-5120-089	78,905 78,905	07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(7,180)					73,471 7,180	(78,905)			(5,434)		
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	40,306	07/1/18 - 06/30/19						37,530	(40,306)			(2,776)		
Security Aid	18-495-034-5120-084	40,306	07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(15,115)					15,115	(40,000)			(2,110)		
Adjustment Aid	19-495-034-5120-085	243,650	07/1/18 - 06/30/19						226,871	(243,650)			(16,779)		
Adjustment Aid	18-495-034-5120-085	262,174	07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(23,858)					23,858	(,)			(,)		
School Choice Aid	19-495-034-5120-068	179,532	07/1/18 - 06/30/19						167,168	(179,532)			(12,364)		
School Choice Aid	18-495-034-5120-068	166,092	07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(3,668)					3,668						
PARCC Readiness Aid	18-495-034-5120-098	1,330	07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(121)					121						
Per Pupil Growth Aid	17-495-034-5120-097	1,330	07/1/16 - 06/30/17	(121)					121						
Professional Learning Community Aid	17-495-034-5120-101	1,700	07/1/16 - 06/30/17	(155)					155						
Extraordinary Aid Extraordinary Aid	19-495-034-5120-044 18-495-034-5120-044	29,759 2,963	07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(2,963)					2,963	(29,759)			(29,759)		
On Behalf TPAF - Pension Contributions On Behalf TPAF Post Retirement On Behalf - LTDI Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions	19-495-034-5094-002 19-495-034-5094-001 19-495-034-5094-004 19-495-034-5094-003	298,614 135,450 336 120,830	07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/18 - 06/30/19						298,614 135,450 336 120,830	(298,614) (135,450) (336) (120,830)					
Total General Fund				(53,726)					1,119,576	(1,134,245)			(68,395)		
Special Revenue Fund Preschool Education Aid - Current Year Preschool Education Aid - Prior Year	19-495-034-5120-086 18-495-034-5120-086	90,582 95,007	07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(9,501)					81,524 9,501	(90,582)			(9,058)		
Total Special Revenue Fund				(9,501)		-	-		91,025	(90,582)	-		(9,058)		
State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund:				<u></u>								·			
State School Lunch Program State School Lunch Program	19-100-010-3350-023 18-100-010-3350-023	901 995	07/1/18 - 06/30/19 07/1/17 - 06/30/18	(62)					849 62	(901)			(52)		
Total Enterprise Fund				(62)					911	(901)			(52)		
Total State Financial Assistance				\$ (63,289)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$1,211,512	\$ (1,225,728)	\$-	\$ -	\$ (77,505)	\$ -	\$ -
			ess: State Financial As On-Behalf TPAF Cor On-Behalf TPAF Cor On-Behalf TPAF Cor Fotal State Financial As	ntribution - Pen ntribution - Posi ntribution - LTD	sion (Non-Buc -Retirement M I (Non-Budget	lgeted) /ledical (Non-Bu ted)	idgeted)			(298,614) (135,450) (336) \$ (791,328)					

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

Exhibit K-4 Schedule B

#### Cape May City School District Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### I. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state award activity of the Cape May City School District ("School District"). The School District is defined in Note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. The school district has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when the expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the one or more deferred June state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to *N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2*. For GAAP purposes, payments are not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the one or more of the June state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the one or more June state aid payments in the current budget year, consistent with *N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2*.

The net adjustment to reconcile expenditures from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is \$12,997 in the general fund and \$443 in the special revenue fund. See Exhibit C-3, Notes to Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds.

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ 1,830,768	\$ 1,147,242	\$ 2,978,010
Special Revenue Fund	166,959	91,025	257,984
Food Service Fund	73,885	901	74,786
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$ 2,071,612	\$ 1,239,168	\$ 3,310,780

#### Cape May City School District Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

# 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

# 5. OTHER

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the School District for the year ended June 30, 2019. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the State for the School District's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### 6. MAJOR PROGRAMS

Major programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I -- Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued:		l	Jnmodified	1	_
Internal control over financial reporting:					
1) Material weaknesses identified?			yes	Х	no
<ol> <li>Significant deficiencies identified than not considered to be a material wear</li> </ol>			yes _	х	none reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?		X	yes _		no
Federal Awards					
Internal Control over major programs:					
1) Material weakness(es) identified?			yes	Х	no
<ol> <li>Significant deficiencies identified than not considered to be a material wear</li> </ol>			yes _	Х	_ none reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for majo	programs:	l	Jnmodified	1	_
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to in accordance with 2 CFR 200 section .516 of Administrative Requirements, Cost Principle Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform 0	of the Uniform s, and Audit		yes	Х	no
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s)	FAIN Number(s)		Nai	me of Fed	eral Program or Cluster
84.041	S041B180347		Impact Ai	id	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwwen ty				\$750,	000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Servand type b programs.	X	yes	φ <i>ι</i> 30,	no

# CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Section 1 -- Summary of Auditor's Results (Cont'd)

State Awards Section

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			\$750,	000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	yes		no
Internal Control over major programs:				
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	no
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness?		yes	X	none reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	U	nmodifi	ied	_
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08 as applicable?		yes	X	no
Identification of major programs:				
State Grant/Project Number(s)	State Aid Put	olic Clu		tate Program
19-495-034-5120-068	School Cho			
19-495-034-5120-089	Special Edu	ucation	Categorical	Aid
19-495-034-5120-084	Security Aid	b		
19-495-034-5120-085	Adjustment	Aid		

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#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Section 2 -- Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

#### Finding No. 2019-001

#### Criteria or specific requirement:

New Jersey Department of Education regulations do not permit deficits in any fund.

#### **Condition:**

The child care program had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2019.

#### **Context:**

The deficit was \$6,771 as of June 30, 2019.

#### **Effect:**

Noncompliance with state regulations.

#### Cause:

Salaries and benefits exceeded program revenue.

#### **Recommendation:**

That the District establish a plan to eliminate the deficit fund balance.

#### View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The responsible officials agree with the finding and will address the matter as part of their corrective action plan.

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Section 3 -- Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB.

## FEDERAL AWARDS:

No findings and/or questioned costs identified.

# STATE AWARDS:

No findings and/or questioned costs identified.

#### CAPE MAY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT

This section identifies the status of prior year findings related to the financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no prior year audit findings

# FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no prior year audit findings

## STATE AWARDS

There were no prior year audit findings