SCHOOL DISTRICT
OF

# **BOROUGH OF LONGPORT**

Borough of Longport Board of Education Longport, New Jersey

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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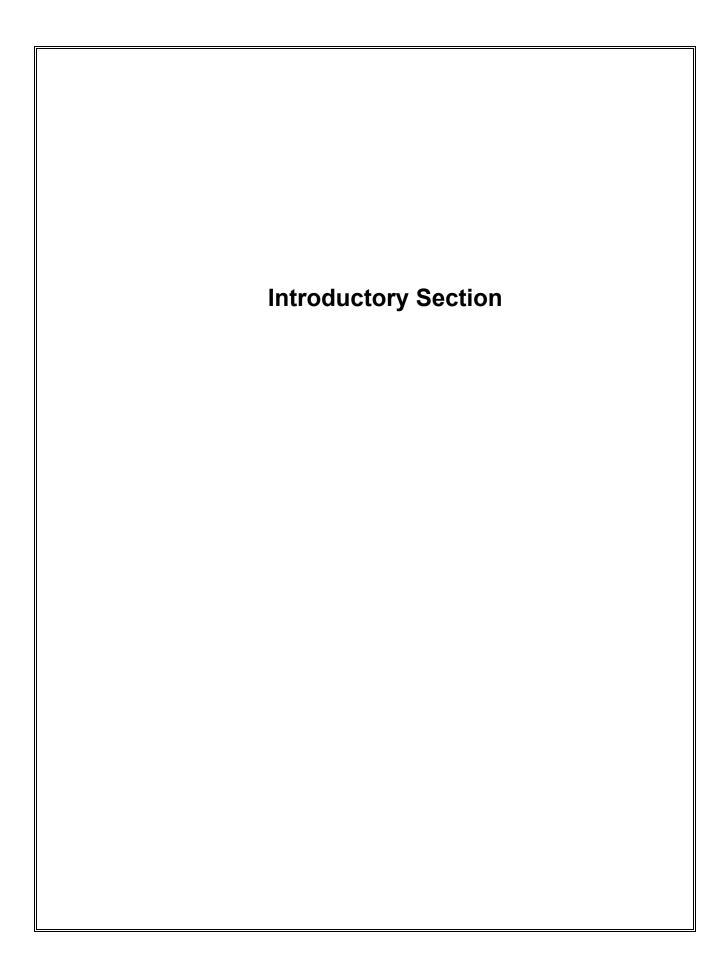
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## LONGPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION 2305 ATLANTIC AVENUE LONGPORT, NEW JERSEY 08403

December 6, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Borough of Longport School District Atlantic County, New Jersey

Dear Board Members and Constituents of Longport:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Borough of Longport School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Education. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the financial statements and schedules, the auditor's report thereon, and the Board's management discussion and analysis. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The District is not required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments. However, required information related to governmental auditing standards, including the auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in the single audit section of this report.

**REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES:** The Borough of Longport School District is an independent reporting entity as set forth in Section 2100 of the *GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. All funds and account groups of the District are included in this report. The Borough of Longport Board of Education constitutes the District's reporting entity.

Longport is a sending school district. Grades K-8 are sent to the Ross and Tighe Schools, in Margate, and grades 9-12 are sent to Atlantic City High School and Ocean City High School. The following details the changes in the student enrollment of the District over the last five years:

Fiscal	Student	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<b>Enrollment</b>	Change
2018-2019	56	12%
2017-2018	50	19%
2016-2017	42	-19%
2015-2016	52	27%
2014-2015	41	-18%

**ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK:** Property values have remained steady over the past year. Commercial properties have declined and are planned to be replaced with additional residential properties. Both the Longport Garden Club and the Longport Historical Society continue their volunteer work towards Longport's beautification and community spirit.

INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by the District management.

As part of the audit procedures under generally accepted governmental auditing standards, test are made to determine the adequacy of the internal controls, including that portion related to state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

**BUDGETARY CONTROLS:** In addition to internal accounting controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS: The District's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the District is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 1.

**<u>DEBT ADMINISTRATION:</u>** As of June 30, 2019, the District had no outstanding debt issues.

<u>CASH MANAGEMENT:</u> The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 1. The District has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act. In addition, the school district may also invest in obligations of the United States and in bonds of the school district.

**RISK MANAGEMENT:** The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION:**

**Independent Audit** – State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Ford, Scott & Associates, L.L.C., was selected by the Board. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statute, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of generally accepted governmental auditing standards. The auditor's report on the general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to governmental auditing standards are included in the governmental auditing section of this report.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Longport Borough Board of Education for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the school district and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial and accounting staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Teri Weeks

Teri Weeks, CPA, RSBO, SFO Board Secretary/ School Business Administrator

#### LONGPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION

## LONGPORT, NEW JERSEY

### ROSTER OF OFFICIALS June 30, 2019

Members of the Board of Education	
Carl Tripician, President	2021
Donna Affanato, Vice President	2019
Michael Schiavo	2020

## **Other Officials**

Teri Weeks CPA, Board Secretary/School Business Administrator

George K. Miller, Solicitor

# LONGPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION Consultants and Advisors

#### **Audit Firm**

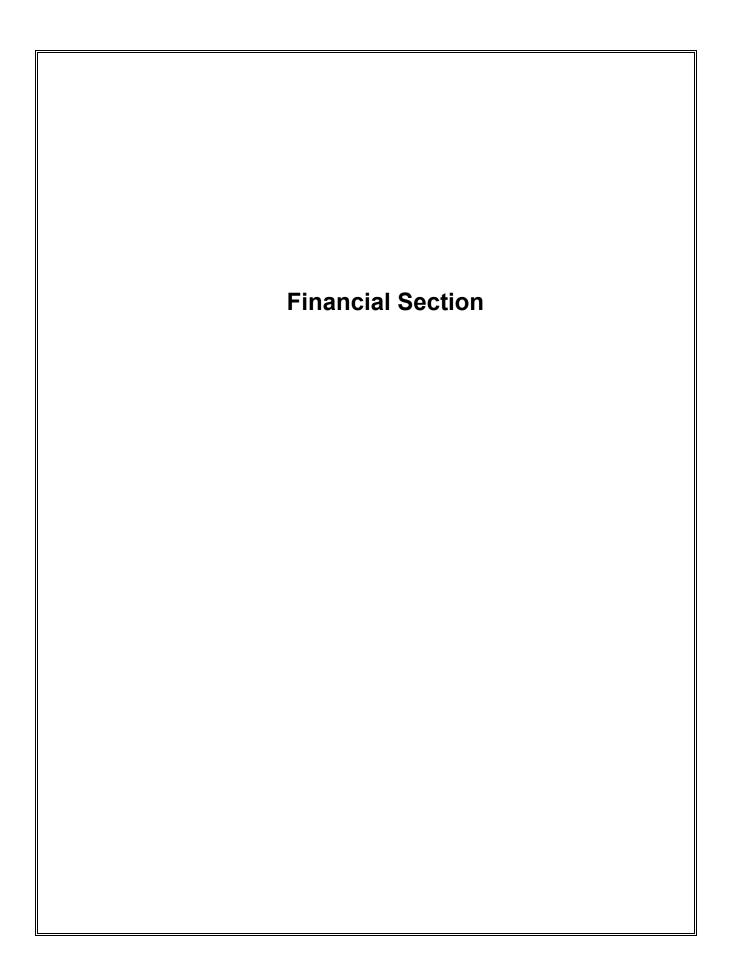
Ford, Scott & Associates, L.L.C. 1535 Haven Avenue Ocean City, NJ 08226

## Attorney

George K. Miller, Jr. 26 S. Pennsylvania Avenue, 2nd Floor Atlantic City, NJ 08401

#### **Official Depository**

OceanFirst Bank 225 N. Main Street Cape May Court House, NJ 08210







CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

I535 HAVEN AVENUE • OCEAN CITY, NJ • 08226 PHONE 609.399.6333 • FAX 609.399.3710 www.ford-scott.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Longport School District Longport, New Jersey

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Board of Education of the Longport School District, in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Longport Board of Education, in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Required Supplementary Information identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Longport Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of state financial assistance as required by NJ OMB 15-08 and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and fund financial statements and the schedule of state financial assistance as required by NJ OMB 15-08 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of state financial assistance as required by NJ OMB 15-08 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2019 on our consideration of the Longport Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Longport Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ford Scott & Associates, LLC Ford Scott & Associates, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Nancy Sbrolla

Nancy Sbrolla Certified Public Accountant Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2426

December 6, 2019

Required Supplemental Information Part I



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Longport Borough Sending School District ("Non-operating School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal years that ended on June 30, 2019 and 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the District's financial statement.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the District increased \$108,701 due to an increase in the tax levy.
- As indicated by New Jersey State Statutes, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund is limited to the greater of 2% of the total general fund expenditures or \$250,000. Any excess is required to be designated as Restricted Fund Balance Excess surplus and included in the next year's budget as budgeted fund balance. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District had \$0 and \$0 excess surplus respectively.
- During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District's expenses incurred were \$108,701 less than total revenues realized. During the prior fiscal year, the District's expenses were \$57,320 more than total revenues.
- This district has no business-type activities.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for special revenue, capital projects, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the district.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the district's government, reporting on the district's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements.
  - > The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services like instruction were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The following table shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

The table below summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this over view section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

# Major Features of Longport Borough Sending School District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements
	Government Wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District
Required	Statement of net	Balance sheet
Financial	position	
Statements		Statement of revenues, expenditures,
	Statement of changes in net position	and changes in fund balances
Accounting	Accrual accounting	Modified accrual accounting and
basis and	and economic	current financial resources focus
measurement	resources focus	
focus		
Type of	All assets and	Only assets expected to be used up and
asset/liability	liabilities, both	liabilities that come due during the year
information	financial and capital,	or soon thereafter; no capital assets
	and short-term and long-term.	included.
Type of	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is received
inflow/outflow	expenses during the	during or soon after the end of the year;
information	year, regardless of	expenditures when goods or services
	when cash is received	have been received and payment is due
	or paid.	during the year of soon thereafter.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position include *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of changes in net position regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *position*.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

• To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the district's facilities.

The government-wide financial statements of the District have one category:

 Governmental activities – most of the District's basic services are included here, such as administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds* – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The District has one kind of fund:

• Governmental funds — All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and our and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the district's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Net position.** The District's governmental activities net position increased between fiscal years 2019 and 2018 due to increases in tuition costs.

#### **Governmental Activities**

	2019	2018
Current Assets Total Assets	\$ 232,739 232,739	124,033 124,033
Liabilities  Total Liabilities	<u>52</u> <u>52</u>	47 47
Net Position: Restricted Unrestricted	232,687 \$ 232,687	12,145 111,841 123,986

As required by New Jersey Statutes, the unrestricted net position of the District are not permitted to exceed 2% of total general fund expenditures or \$250,000, whichever is greater. Any excess must be appropriated as budgeted fund balance in the subsequent years' budget. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District had \$0 and \$0 excess fund balance respectively.

**Changes in net position.** The total revenue of the District increased \$108,701 due to an increase in the District's local tax levy.

Approximately 8% of the District's revenue comes from the State of New Jersey in the form of nonrestricted state aid. This aid is based on the District's enrollment as well as other factors such as growth in the Borough. The Borough of Longport levies property taxes on properties located in the Borough. This tax is remitted to the District every other month. The District expenses are primarily related to tuition, transportation and insurance. The following table summarizes the district's revenues for 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018	Change	% Change
Property Taxes	\$ 1,196,879	1,055,765	141,114	13%
Unrestricted State Aid	101,445	91,870	9,575	10%
Operating Grants	11,702	22,057	(10,355)	100%
Other	735	671	64	10%
Total	\$ 1,310,761	1,170,363	140,398	12%

#### **Governmental Activities**

The following schedule summarizes the governmental activities of the District during the 2019 and 2018 fiscal year:

Revenues	2019	2018	Change	% Change
General Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,196,879	1,055,765	141,114	13%
State Aid	101,445	113,927	(12,482)	-11%
Other	 735	671	64	10%
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,299,059	1,170,363	128,696	11%
Expenses				
Tuition	1,082,264	1,104,721	(22,457)	-2%
Transportation	71,976	65,383	6,593	10%
General & Bsns. Admin	36,118	35,522	596	2%
Employee Benefits	 	22,057	(22,057)	100%
<b>Total Expenses</b>	1,190,358	1,227,683	(37,325)	-3%
Change in Net Position	\$ 108,701	(57,320)	166,021	-290%

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As of the year-end, the governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$232,687 which is \$108,701 higher than the beginning of the year. The budget increased by approximately \$73,928 compared to the prior year. The majority of the increase is the result of higher tuition and transportation costs.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

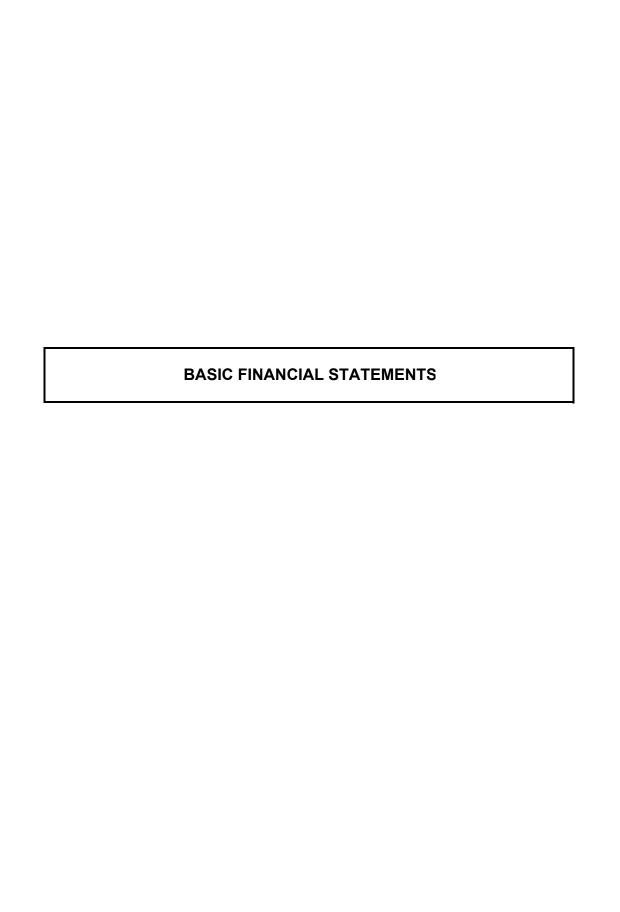
As further explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements, annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the County office and, as a Type II School District, are approved by the voters annually if the District exceeds the statutory CAP limitations. Effective with the 2013-2014 school year, if the District stays within the statutory limitations, there is no vote on the budget by the District voters and Board Members are elected at the time of the general election in November. Transfers of appropriations may be made by Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year. The District is permitted to encumber funds throughout the year for purchases ordered but not yet received. Any open encumbrances as of June 30<sup>th</sup> carry over to the next fiscal year and are added to the appropriation reflected in the certified budget.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District budget for the 2019 fiscal year includes an increase in tuition expenses. The budget also anticipates the use of \$0 in fund balance to balance the budget. In addition the Board approved the use of \$12,145 in unreserved fund balance in the 2019 fiscal year due to the reduction in state aid.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to present users (residents, receiving districts, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business administrator at 2305 Atlantic Avenue, Longport, NJ 08403.





DISTRICT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## Longport School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Total	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 232,739	232,739	
Due from other governments	<u> </u>		
Total Assets	232,739	232,739	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total liabilities	<u>52</u> <u>52</u>	52 52	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Other purposes	-	-	
Unrestricted	232,687	232,687	
Total net position	\$ 232,687	232,687	

Longport School District Statement of Change in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total	(1,082,264) (36,118) (71,976)	(1,190,358)	(1,190,358)		1,196,879 101,445 735	1,299,059	123,986 232,687
Governmental Activities	(1,082,264) (36,118) (71,976)	(1,190,358)	(1,190,358)		1,196,879 101,445 735	1,299,059	123,986 \$ 232,687
Capital Grants and Contributions			1				. "
Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	11,702	11,702	11,702		ses, net	ms and transfers	
Charges for Services		1	•		Property taxes, levied for general purposes, net Federal and State aid not restricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income	Total general revenues, special items, extraordinary items and transfers Change in Net Position	
Indirect Expenses Allocation			1		Property taxes, levied for general r Federal and State aid not restricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income	venues, special iter et Position	inning ing
Expenses	\$ 1,082,264 47,820 71,976	1,202,060	1,202,060	General revenues:	9 H 11 X	Total general revenues, sp Change in Net Position	Net Position—beginning Net Position—ending
Functions/Programs	Governmental activities: Support services: Tuition School administrative services Pupil transportation Transfer of funds to Charter School	Unallocated benefits Total governmental activities	Total primary government				

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



### Exhibit B-1

### Longport School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	 General Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Other state aid receivable	\$ 232,739	232,739
Total assets	232,739	232,739
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable  Total liabilities	 52	52
Fund Balances: Unassigned: General fund Total Fund balances	\$ 232,687 232,687	232,687 232,687

### Longport School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		
Local tax levy Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 1,196,879 735	1,196,879 735
State sources	101,445	101,445
Total revenues	1,299,059	1,299,059
EXPENDITURES Current: Support services and undistributed costs:		
Tuition School administrative services Pupil transportation Employee Benefits	1,082,264 36,118 71,976	1,082,264 36,118 71,976
Total expenditures	1,190,358	1,190,358
(Deficit) of revenues over expenditures	108,701	108,701
Net change in fund balances Fund balance—July 1 Fund balance—June 30	108,701 123,986 \$ 232,687	108,701 123,986 232,687

# Longport School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)	\$ 108,701
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:	
No adjustments necessary	
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 108,701

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Longport School District is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board consists of elected officials and is responsible for the fiscal control of the District. A business administrator is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the District.

The financial statements of the Board of Education (Board) of the Longport School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In its accounting and financial reporting, the District follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

### A. Reporting Entity:

The Longport School District is a Type II district located in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey. As a Type II district, the School District functions independently through a Board of Education. The purpose of the district is to educate students in grades K – 12.

The primary criterion for including activities within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> Standards, is whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue or be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the District has no component units.

### **B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:**

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's general activities are classified as governmental activities.

In the governmental-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position are reported in three parts-invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, tuition, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Changes in Net Position reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (regular instruction, vocational programs, student & instruction related services, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, interest income, etc.).

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

### C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The State of New Jersey Department of Education has mandated that all New Jersey School Districts must report all governmental funds as major, regardless of the fund meeting the GASB definition of a major fund.

The following fund types are used by the District:

### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District.

a. **General fund** is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### 1. Accrual:

Government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

### 2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

### E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey school districts are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey school districts.

Additionally, the District has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

NJSA 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks the

deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental units.

### 2. Investments:

Investments, including deferred compensation and pension funds, are stated at fair value, (quoted market price or the best available estimate). Interest earned on investments in the Capital Projects Fund is recognized as a reserve to pay future debt service or transferred to the general fund.

### 3. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Longport Board of Education elected to implement GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, ect.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of Education, the District's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Education.
- Assigned includes amounts that the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the District's policy, amounts may be assigned by the Business Administrator.
- Unassigned includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The District reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy described below as unassigned:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

### 4. Revenues:

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are susceptible to accrual and under New Jersey State Statutes a municipality is required to remit to its school district the entire balance of taxes in the amount voted upon or certified, prior to the end of the school year. The District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the fiscal year, since the revenue is both measurable and available. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as non operating revenue based on GASBS No. 33. In applying GASBS No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

### 5. Expenditures:

Expenses are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

### 6. Budgets/Budgetary Control:

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval and are voted upon at the annual school election on the third Tuesday in April. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue fund as described later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:23-2(g). Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year. No material transfers were made during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

### 7. Encumbrances:

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

### 8. Tuition Payable

Tuition charges for the fiscal year 2018-19 were based on rates established by the receiving district. These rates are subject to change when the actual costs have been determined.

### 9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those results.

### 10. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF, For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### F. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities." This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87 "Leases". This statement, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, may have an effect on the District's financial reporting.

In June 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2019, will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In August 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61". This statement, which is effective for fiscal period beginning after December 15, 2019, will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In May 2019, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations". This statement is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2020, will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

### **NOTE 2 - INVESTMENTS**

As of June 30, 2019, the district had no investments.

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, New Jersey Statutes 18A:20-37 limits the length of time for most investments to 397 days.

Credit Risk. New Jersey Statutes 18A:20-37 limits district investments to those specified in the Statutes. The type of allowable investments are Bonds of the United States of America or of the district or the local units in which the district is located; obligations of federal agencies not exceeding 397 days; government money market mutual funds; the State of New Jersey Cash Management Plan; local government investment pools; or repurchase of fully collateralized securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The district places no limit on the amount the district may invest in any one issuer.

### NOTE 3 – CASH

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The district's policy is based on New Jersey Statutes requiring cash be deposited only in New Jersey based banking institutions that participate in the New Jersey Governmental Depository Protection Act (GUDPA) or in qualified investments established in New Jersey Statutes 18A:20-37 that are treated as cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2019, \$0 of the government's bank balance of \$234,225 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

### **NOTE 4 - PENSION PLANS**

### Description of Plans

All required employees of the District are covered by either the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey

should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement System and the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625 or the reports can be accessed on the internet at <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts">http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts</a> archive.htm.

### Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established in January, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide retirement benefits, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the District and the system's other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

Public Employees' Retirement System

The Public Employees' Retirement System was established in January, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State or any county, municipality, school district or public agency provided the employee is not required to be a member of another State-administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

### Funding Policy

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A, Chapter 62, P.L. of 1994, Chapter 115, P.L. of 1997 and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. TPAF and PERS provide for employee contributions of 7.20% of employees' annual compensation, as defined. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the District is a non-contributing employer of the TPAF. The School District's contributions to TPAF for the years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$0, \$0 and \$0 respectively, and paid by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the board, equal to the required contributions for each year. The School District's contributions to PERS for the years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$0, \$0, and \$0 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, the State of New Jersey contributed \$0, \$0, and \$0, respectively, to the TPAF for post-retirement medical benefits on behalf of the Board. Also, in accordance with NJSA 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Board \$0, \$0, and \$0 during the same fiscal years for the employer's share of social security

contributions for TPAF members as calculated on their base salaries. These amounts, which are not required to be budgeted, have been included in the financial statements, and the combining and individual fund and account group statements and schedules as revenues and expenditures in accordance in GASB 27.

### NOTE 5 – OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirement. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148,401 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, and increase in the number of participants qualifying for State-paid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been re-measured to \$97.1 billion, an increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the re-measured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017.

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 53, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

### Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The District's proportional share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS no. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the District did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. Accordingly, the following

OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State CAFR at <a href="https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/cafr.shtml">https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/cafr.shtml</a>.

Actuarial assumptions and other imputes:

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation reported by the State in the State's most recently issued CAFR was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate: The discount rate basis under GASB 75 is required to be consistent with a 20-Year Municipal Bond Index. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index is used for the determination of the discount rate. The discount rate will be based on this index rate that is reported on the last Friday prior to the measurement date.

The discount rates as of June 30, 2016, 2017, and 2018 are 2.58%, 3.58%, and 3.87%, respectively.

Health Care Trend: For pre-Medicare PPO medical benefits, the initial amount is 5.8% and decreases to 5.0% long term trend rate after 8 years. For self-insured post-65 PPO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after 8 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after 7 years.

Salary Scale: The salary scale assumptions in the calculation of Entry Age Normal (Level Percent) liability and normal costs will be consistent with the salary scale assumptions used in the pension plans and the calculation of the retiree health contributions for current and future retirees who are subject to Chapter 78. The PERS and TPAF pension actuarial reports are used for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on RP-2006 headcount-weighted mortality table for healthy and disabled lives with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2017.

Pre-retirement Healthy Mortality: RP-2006 headcount-weighted healthy employee male/female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using scale MP-2017.

Post-retirement Healthy Mortality: RP-2006 headcount-weighted healthy annuitant male/female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using scale MP-2017.

Disabled Mortality: RP-2006 headcount-weighted disabled male/female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using scale MP-2017

Changes in the Total OPEB liability reported by the State of New Jersey:

Balance at 6/30/17	\$ 53,639,841,858.00
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	1,984,642,729.00
Interest	1,970,236,232.00
Differences between Expected & Actual Experiences	(5,002,065,740.00)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(5,291,448,855.00)
Contributions: Member	42,614,005.00
Benefit payments	(1,232,987,247.00)
Net changes	(7,529,008,876.00)
Balance at 6/30/18	\$ 46,110,832,982.00

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% in 2017 to 3.87% in 2018.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for school board retirees, as well as what the state's total OPEB liability for school boards would be it were calculated using a discount rate that 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)
Total OPEB Liability			
(School Retirees)	54,512,391,175.00	46,110,832,982.00	39,432,461,816.00

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State, as well as what the State's total OPB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability			
(School Retirees)	38,113,289,045.00	46,110,832,982.00	56,687,891,003.00

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the board of education recognized OPEB expense of \$11,702 determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB 75, the board of education's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. At June 30, 2018, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employees' OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	d Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Res	sources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ (4,476,086,167.00)
Changes of assumptions			(10,335,978,867.00)
Net difference betweenn projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments			
Changes in proportion and differences between District			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			
Total	\$	-	 (14,812,065,034.00)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employees' OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	
2019	\$ (1,825,218,593.00)
2020	(1,825,218,593.00)
2021	(1,825,218,593.00)
2022	(1,825,218,593.00)
2023	(1,825,218,593.00)
Thereafter	(5,685,972,069.00)
Total	\$ (14,812,065,034.00)

(Contributions made after June 30, 2018 are reported as deferred outflow of resources but are not amortized in the expense.)

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPEB financial report.

### NOTE 6 – FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

<u>General Fund</u> – Of the \$241,600 General Fund balance at June 30, 2019, \$0 is reserved for encumbrances; \$0 is restricted as excess surplus in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7); \$0 has been legally restricted and included as anticipated revenue for the year ended June 30, 2020; and \$241,600 is unassigned.

### NOTE 7 – CALCULATION OF EXCESS SURPLUS

The designation for Reserved Fund Balance – Excess Surplus is a required calculation pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7, as amended. New Jersey school districts are required to reserve General Fund fund balance at the fiscal year end of June 30 if they did not appropriate a required minimum amount as budgeted fund balance in their subsequent years' budget. The excess fund balance at June 30, 2019 is \$0 of which \$0 has been appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the year ending June 30, 2020.

### **NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not incur claims in excess of their coverage and the amount of coverage did not significantly decrease.

<u>Property and Liability Insurance</u> – The district maintains commercial insurance coverage for property and liability insurance. As a non-operating district, the only assets for coverage purposes are those in the office of the Board Secretary.

### **NOTE 9 – LITIGATION**

From time to time, the District is a defendant in legal proceedings relating to its operations as a school district. In the best judgment of the District's management, the outcome of any legal proceedings will not have any adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

### **NOTE 10 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District has evaluated events through December 6, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and no additional items were noted for disclosure.

Required Supplemental Information  Part II	



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES



Longport School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Under/(Over) Final to Actual
REVENUES: Local Sources: Local Tax Levy Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 1,196,879		1,196,879	1,196,879	235
Total - Local Sources	1,197,379	,	1,197,379	1,197,614	235
State Sources: Transportation Aid Special Education Aid Security Aid Adjustment Aid Other State Aid	20,694 44,828 4,178 31,575	(12,145)	20,694 44,828 4,178 19,430	20,694 44,828 4,178 19,430	12,145
Total - State Sources	101,275	(12,145)	89,130	101,275	12,145
Total Revenues	1,298,654	(12,145)	1,286,509	1,298,889	12,380
EXPENDITURES:  Current Expense: Undistributed Expenditures - Instruction: Tuition to Other LEAs Within the State - Regular Tuition to Private Schools for Disabled within the State	1,085,404		1,085,404	1,082,264	3,140 65,000
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Instruction	1,150,404	•	1,150,404	1,082,264	68,140
Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - Gen. Admin.: Salaries	11.200		11,200	11,200	,
Legal Services	10,000		10,000	3,900	6,100
Audit Fees Communications	6,000 500		6,000 500	6,000 20	- 480
BOE Other Purchased Services Board Workshops & Conferences Miscellaneous Purchased Services Board Dues	500 10,500 1,000		500 10,500 1,000	6,269	500 4,231 65
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - Gen. Admin.	39,700	,	39,700	28,324	11,376

Longport School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services: Salaries Supplies and Materials	2	5,000		5,000	5,000	068
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services	9	6,000	 	6,000	5,110	068
Undistributed Expenditures - Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services: Insurance	5	5,500		5,500	1,074	4,426
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	\$	5,500		5,500	1,074	4,426
Undistributed Expenditures - Student Transportation Services: Contracted Services - (Between Home and School) - Joint Agreements Contracted Services - Aid in Lieu of Payments	91	91,000		91,000	69,976	21,024 2,000
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Student Transportation Serv.	95	95,000		95,000	71,976	23,024
Unallocated Benefits: Unemployment Benefits Workers Compensation Insurances Social Security Contributions		300 500 1,250		300 500 1,250	113 266 1,231	187 234 19
Total Unallocated Benefits	2	2,050	-	2,050	1,610	440
Total Expenditures - Current Expense	1,298,654	,654	1	1,298,654	1,190,358	108,296
Transfer to Charter Schools					1	1
Total Expenditures	1,298,654	,654	•	1,298,654	1,190,358	108,296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1	(12,145)	(12,145)	108,531	120,676
Fund Balances, July 1	133	133,069	1	133,069	133,069	1
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 133	133,069	(12,145)	120,924	241,600	120,676

General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 Longport School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Restricted Fund Balance:
Restricted Fund Balance - Excess Surplus
Assigned Fund Balance:
Legally Assigned - Designated for subsequent year's expenditures
Legally Restricted - Excess Surplus - Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures
Unassigned Fund Balance

Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statements (GAAP)

Last State Aid payment not recognized on GAAP basis
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)

(8,913)

232,687

241,600

Longport School District
Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Note A - Explanation of Difference between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund
Sources/inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	1,298,889
Difference - budget to GAAP: Receipt of prior year final state aid payment Deferral of final state aid payment		9,083 (8,913)
Total revenues reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	_	1,299,059
Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule		1,190,358
No differences - budget to GAAP:		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	1,190,358

Required Supplemental Information Part III	



LONGPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund
Last Six Fiscal Years

Source: GASB 68 report on Public Employees' Retirement System; District records

Note: This schedule is required by GASB 68 to be show information for a 10 year period. However, information is only currently available for six years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

### Borough of Longport School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Public Employee Retirement System and Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund Last Three Fiscal Years

	 2018	 2017	2016
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ -	\$ -	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	 	 55,204.00	42,114.00
Total	\$ 	\$ 55,204.00	42,114.00
District's covered payroll	-	-	-
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB			
liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: GASB 75 report on State of New Jersey State Health Benefits Program; District records

Note: This schedule is required by GASB 75 to be show information for a 10 year period. However, information is only currently available for three years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Statistical Section



Longport School District Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years *Unaudited* 

2018 2019		123,986 232,687		111,841 232,687	
2017		181,306		104,957	1
2016	- (188 494)	(188,494)		(188,494)	(188 494)
2015	83,112	95,277	83,112	12,165	95 277
2014	229,588	253,631	229,588	24,043	253 631
2013	86,545	289,834	86,545	203,289	780 080
2012	65,844	315,395	65.844	249,551	215 205
2011	97,450	340,477	97,450	243,027	310 177
2010	\$ 91,770	339,814	91,770	248,044	\$ 330 814
	Governmental activities Restricted Unrestricted	Total governmental activities net position	District-wide Restricted	Unrestricted	Total dietrict not nocition

Source: CAFR Scehdule A-1

Longport School District Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years *Unaudited* 

Expenses	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities Support Services: Tuition Co. Late 10: preferance colored	\$ 954,024	876,927	837,658	855,853	926,557	1,084,675	1,252,042	647,077	1,104,721	1,082,264
Student & instruction fratted services General administrative services Pupil transportation Transfer to Charter Schools	- 40,119 69,849 -	38,792 68,911 22,727	52,124 87,169 41,642	- 64,149 94,604 40,330	62,338 75,388 44,340	76,371 80,063 24,051	60,156 84,826	36,926 77,151	35,522 65,383	47,820 71,976
Total governmental activities expenses	1,063,992	1,007,357	1,018,593	1,054,936	1,108,623	1,265,160	1,397,024	761,154	1,205,626	1,202,060
Total district expenses	1,063,992	1,007,357	1,018,593	1,054,936	1,108,623	1,265,160	1,397,024	761,154	1,205,626	1,202,060
Program Revenues Governmental activities Operating grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues						15,315 15,315				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for general purposes, nel	1,017,851	920,717	877,770	933,957	975,365	994,872	1,014,769	1,035,064	1,055,765	1,196,879
Unrestricted grants and contributions Investment earnings	116,938 3,739	83,236 3,914	114,315 1,426	94,640 576	96,360 695	96,023 594	94,703 474	93,277 584	91,870 671	101,445 735
Miscellaneous income Cancellation of Prior Year Receivable	1,965	153	2	202		2	3,307	2,029	•	•
Total governmental activities Total district-wide	1,140,493 1,140,493	1,008,020 1,008,020	993,513 993,513	1,029,375 1,029,375	1,072,420 1,072,420	1,091,491 1,091,491	1,113,253 1,113,253	1,130,954 1,130,954	1,148,306	1,299,059
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Total district	76,501 \$ 76,501	663 663	(25,080)	(25,561) (25,561)	(36,203) (36,203)	(158,354) (158,354)	(283,771)	369,800 369,800	(57,320) (57,320)	96,999 96,999

Source: CAFR Schedule A-2

Longport School District Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

2019		•	232,687			232,687
2018	,	12,145	111,841			123,986
2017	•	76,349	104,957			181,306
2016	,	•	24,161			24,161
2015	•	83,112	12,165			95,277
2014	•	229,588	24,043			253,631
2013	38,348	48,197	203,289			289,834
2012	40,694	25,150	249,551	•	•	315,395
2011	86.146	11,304	243,027			340,477
2010 2011	, 6			91,770	248,044	\$ 339,814
	General Fund Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Reserved	Unreserved	Total general fund

Source: CAFR Schedule B-1

Longport School District Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Unaudited						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	\$ 1.017.851	920.717	877.770	933.957	975.365	994.872	1.014.769	1.035.064	1.055.765	1.196.879
	3,739	3,914	1,426	576	695	594	474	584	671	735
	1,965 116,938	153 83,236	109,781	202 94,640	96,360	2 96,023	3,307 94,703	2,029 93,277	113,927	101,445
	1,140,493	1,008,020	4,534 993,513	1,029,375	1,072,420	1,091,491	1,113,253	1,130,954	1,170,363	1,299,059
	954,024	876,927	837,658	855,853	926,557	1,084,675	1,039,387	859,732	1,104,721	1,082,264
Student & Instruction related services General administrative services Pupil transportation	- 40,119 69,849	38,792 68,911	- 52,124 87,169	- 64,149 94,604	- 62,338 75,388	61,056 80,063	- 60,156 84,826	36,926 77,151	35,522 65,383	36,118 71,976
Employee Benefits ter Schools		22,727	41,642	40,330	44,340	24,051	1		- -	
	1,063,992	1,007,357	1,018,593	1,054,936	1,108,623	1,249,845	1,184,369	973,809	1,227,683	1,190,358
Excess (Deliciency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	76,501	993	(25,080)	(25,561)	(36,203)	(158,354)	(71,116)	157,145	(57,320)	108,701
Other Financing sources (uses) Cancellation of Prior Year Receivable	•	1	ı	ı	1	•	•	,	•	
Total other financing sources (uses)		•			  -   -	•				•
Net change in fund balances	\$ 76,501	693	(25,080)	(25,561)	(36,203)	(158,354)	(71,116)	157,145	(57,320)	108,701

Source: CAFR Schedule B-2

## Longport School District General Fund Other Local Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Interest on		
Ended June 30,	Investments	Misc.	Total
2010	3,739	1,965	5,704
2011	3,914	153	4,067
2012	1,426	202	1,628
2013	576	202	778
2014	695	-	695
2015	594	2	596
2016	474	3,307	3,781
2017	584	2,029	2,613
2018	671	-	671
2019	735	_	735

Source: District Records

Borough of Longport School Distric Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Estimated Actual (County Equalized Value)	2,275,936,872	2,165,910,934	1,925,632,148	1,946,976,408	1,937,637,196	1,890,862,662	1,898,216,555	1,888,252,697	1,941,828,373	1,999,289,572
Total Direct School Tax Rate b	0.058	0.056	0.051	0.055	0.056	0.057	0.058	0.058	0.066	0.079
Net Valuation Taxable Scho	1,586,135,419	1,522,923,491	1,744,647,784	1,719,330,221	1,732,975,301	1,747,422,546	1,768,178,246	1,762,837,800	1,828,756,800	1,855,505,800
Public Utilities a	181,719	126,191	173,384	150,421	100,901	101,746	101,746			
Less: Tax- Exempt Property	44,446,200	44,446,200	56,289,800	56,887,600	56,887,600	57,437,600	57,437,800	57,437,800		
Total Assessed Value	1,630,399,900	1,567,243,500	1,800,764,200	1,776,067,400	1,789,762,000	1,804,758,400	1,825,514,300	1,820,275,600	1,828,756,800	1,855,505,800
Apartment										
Industrial	٠									
Commercial	3,731,000	3,503,700	3,686,300	3,186,300	3,186,300	2,836,300	2,836,300	2,836,300	2,836,300	2,836,300
Qfarm	•									
Farm Reg.										
Residential	1,575,938,800	1,520,616,700	1,732,374,900	1,684,835,000	1,696,845,800	1,727,435,500	1,768,335,900	1,731,687,600	1,742,526,500	1,767,761,200
Vacant Land	50,730,100	43,123,100	64,703,000	88,046,100	89,729,900	74,486,600	54,342,100	85,751,700	83,394,000	84,908,300
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Source: District records Tax list summary & Municipal Tax Assesso

Note: Real property is required to be assessed at some percentage of true value (fair or market value) established by each county board of taxation.

Reassessment occurs when ordered by the County Board of Taxatio

a Taxable Value of Machinery, Implements and Equipment of Telephone, Telegraph and Messenger System Compani

**b** Tax rates are per \$100

## Borough of Longport School District Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value Last Ten Calendar Years Unaudited

	Borough o	of Longport School Dis	trict	Overlapping Rates		
Finant	Basic Rate a	General Obligation Debt Service b	Total Direct	Borough of Longport	Atlantic County	Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate
Fiscal Year						
Ended						
June 30,						
2010	0.058		0.058	0.349	0.460	0.867
2011	0.056		0.056	0.367	0.500	0.923
2012	0.051		0.051	0.319	0.402	0.772
2013	0.055		0.055	0.329	0.513	0.897
2014	0.056		0.056	0.332	0.510	0.898
2015	0.057		0.057	0.331	0.519	0.907
2016	0.058		0.058	0.331	0.518	0.907
2017	0.058		0.058	0.330	0.576	0.964
2018	0.066		0.066	0.330	0.588	0.984
2019	0.079		0.079	0.361	0.623	1.063

Source: District Records and Municipal Tax Collector

**Note:** NJSA 18A:7F-5d limits the amount that the district can submit for a general fund tax levy. The levy when added to other component of the district's net budget may not exceed the prebudget year net budget by more than the spending growth limitation calculation.

- a The district's basic tax rate is calculated from the A4F form which is submitted with the budget and the Net valuation taxable.
- **b** Rates for debt service are based on each year's requirements.

Borough of Longport School District Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago *Unaudited* 

	% of Total	District Net	Assessed Value	ilable										%000.0	
2010		Rank	[Optional]	Information not available											
	Taxable	Assessed	Value	Info											
	% of Total	District Net	Assessed Value	0.7482%	0.7213%	0.4829%	0.4178%	0.3768%	0.3746%	0.3661%	0.3582%	0.3571%	0.3555%	4.558%	
2019		Rank	[Optional]	_	2	က	4	2	9	7	∞	6	10		
	Taxable	Assessed	Value	13,882,500	13,383,400	8,960,000	7,751,900	6,991,900	6,950,000	6,793,400	6,646,300	6,626,800	6,597,000	84,583,200	
			Taxpayer	Taxpayer #1	Taxpayer #2	Taxpayer #3	SDR Realy LLC	Taxpayer #4	Taxpayer #5	Taxpayer #6	Taxpayer #7	Taxpayer #8	110 S 26th Ave LLC	Total	

Source: District CAFR & Municipal Tax Assessor

#### Borough of Longport School District Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal		Collected within t				
Year	Taxes Levied	the I	_evy	Collections in		
Ended	for the Fiscal		Percentage of	Subsequent		
June 30,	Year	Amount	Levy	Years		
2010	1,017,851	1,017,851	100%			
2011	920,717	920,717	100%			
2012	877,770	877,770	100%			
2013	933,957	911,482	98%	22,475		
2014	975,365	975,365	100%			
2015	994,872	994,875	100%			
2016	1,014,769	1,014,769	100%			
2017	1,035,064	1,035,064	100%			
2018	1,055,769	1,055,765	100%			
2019	1,196,879	1,196,879	100%			

Source: District records including the Certificate and Report of School Taxes (A4F form)

Note:

School taxes are collected by the Municipal Tax Collector. Under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to the school district the entire property tax balance, in is the amount voted upon or certified prior to the end of the school year.

Borough of Longport School District Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	Per Capita a	
	Percentage of Personal Income a	
	Total District	
Business-Type Activities	Capital Leases	
	Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs)	
Activities	Capital Leases	
Governmental ,	Certificates of Participation	
	General C Obligation Bonds b Pa	
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	

Not applicable - the district does not have any debt

#### Borough of Longport School District Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

#### General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Deductions	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value a of Property	Per Capita b
2010 2011					
2012					
2013					
2014					
2015					
2016					
2017					
2018					
2019					

#### Borough of Longport School District Ratios of Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019 Unaudited

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable a	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes  Borough of Longport	9,210,881	100.000%	9,210,881
Other debt County of Atlantic (as of December 31, 2018)	148,371,554	6.008%	8,913,986
Subtotal, overlapping debt			18,124,867
Borough of Longport School District Direct Debt			<u> </u>
Total direct and overlapping debt			18,124,867

Sources: Borough of Longport Finance Officer, Atlantic County Finance Office

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District.

This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Longport. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping payment.

a For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

Borough of Longport School District Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Equalized valuation base 2016 2017 2018 [B] [AJ] 2010 2011 2017 2018 [B] [AJ] 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 2010 2011 201	is 1,876,059,911 1,932,146,906 1,969,794,054 5,778,000,871	1,926,000,290	rs	2019				
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	ualized valuation basis 2016 1, 2017 1, 2018 <b>[A]</b>		[] [] []	2018				
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	Ш		verage equalization debt	2017			'	
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014			Debt limit (3 % of a Net bonded school Legal debt margin	2016			,	
2010 2011 2012 2013				2015			•	
2010 2011 2012				2014			•	
2010 2011				2013				
2010				2012				
				2011				
_				2010				
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit					lebt limit	otal net debt applicable to limit	egal debt margin	otal net debt applicable to the limi s a percentage of debt limit

Source: Abstract of Ratables and District Records CAFR Schedule J-7

Not applicable - the district does not have any deb

a The district is non-operating and does not have an applicable debt allowance

### Borough of Longport School District Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

		Personal Income	Per Capita	
		(thousands of	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population a	dollars) b	Income c	Rate d
2010	1,093	42,370,145	38,765	5.50%
2011	894	34,283,112	38,348	5.50%
2012	890	34,091,450	38,305	8.70%
2013	893	35,468,174	39,718	9.10%
2014	885	35,800,905	40,453	3.80%
2015	878	35,864,544	40,848	6.20%
2016	882	36,995,490	41,945	5.10%
2017	876	37,645,224	42,974	5.10%
2018	876	38,766,504	44,254	4.10%
2019	858	39,945,906	46,557	3.80%

#### Source:

a Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development - most recent information is as of 7/1/08

b Personal income provided by the US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

c Per Capita information provided by the US Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis - most recent information is as of 7/1/08

d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

#### Borough of Longport School District Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

		2019		2010				
Employer	Employees	Rank (Optional)	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank (Optional)	Percentage of Total Employment		
Borough of Longport		1						
		2						
		3						
		4						
		5						
		6						
		7						
		8						
		9						
		10						
	<u>-</u>		=	_		_		

Information is not available

2019

0.2

Borough of Longport School District Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited									
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Support Services: General adminsitrative services	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

Source: District Personnel Records

Borough of Longport School District Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years *Unaudited* 

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Student Attendance Percentage										
% Change in Average Daily Enrollment										
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) c										
Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) c										
Middle School										
Elementary										
Teaching Staff b										
Percentage Change	12.79%	-3.63%	2.95%	3.57%	15.60%	37.49%	-25.28%	1.80%	-0.10%	-8.23%
Cost Per Pupil	18,667	17,989	18,520	19,181	22,172	30,484	22,776	23,186	23,164	21,256
Operating Expenditures a	1,063,992	1,007,357	1,018,593	1,054,936	1,108,623	1,249,845	1,184,369	973,809	1,227,683	1,190,358
Enrollment	57	26	22	22	20	41	52	42	53	26
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Sources: District records, ASSA and Schedules J-12, J-14

Note: Enrollment based on annual October district count.

The district is non-operating, and does not have ADE or ADA

Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay, Schedule J-′ Not required Sending District Not required Sending District o D a

Borough of Longport School District School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

2019	
2018	
2017	
2016	
2015	
2014	
2013	
2012	
2011	
2010	

Not Applicable - non-operating district

Source: District records, ASSA Note: Enrollment is based on the annual October district count.

Borough of Longport School District General Fund Schedule of Required Maintenance for School Facilities Last Nine Years Unaudited

UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES 11-000-261-XXX

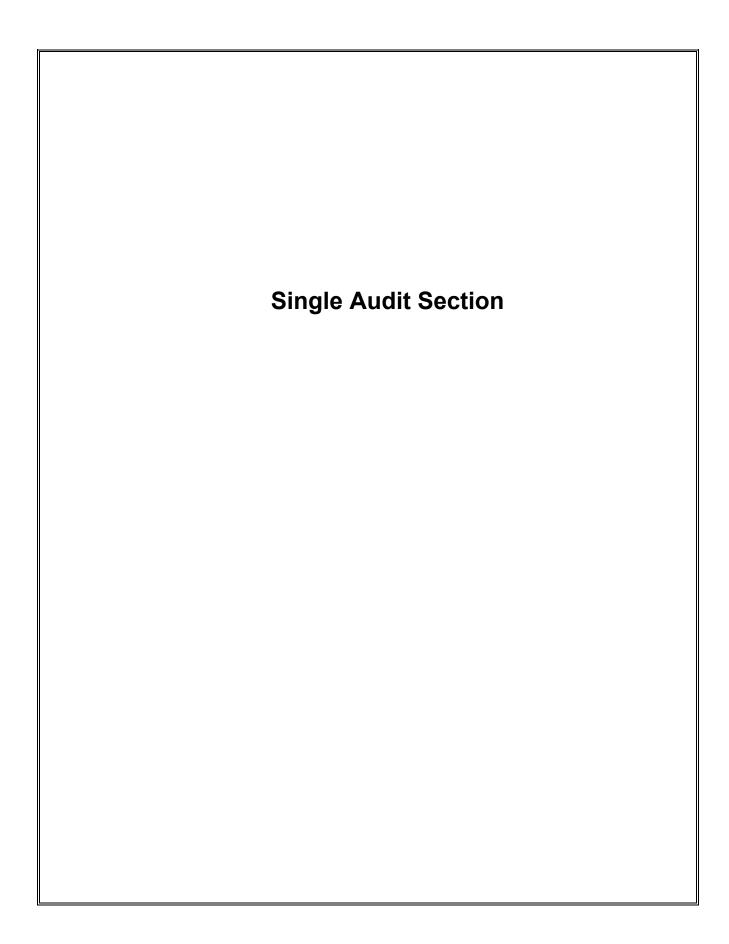
ſ		ı	ı	II
2011		'		•
2012				'
2013		'		•
2014		•		1
2015		'		•
2016				•
2017		'		•
2018				1
2019		1		1
Project # (s) 2019	N/A			
School Facilities		Total School Facilities	Other Facilities	Grand Total

Not Applicable - non-operating district

# Borough of Longport School District Insurance Schedule June 30, 2019 Unaudited

	Coverage	Deductible
Commercial Package Policy Contents General Liability Fire Damage Liability Medical Payments	\$21,000 1,000,000/2,000,000 100,000 5,000	
Automobile Liability Hired/Non-owned Vehicles	1,000,000	
Umbrella Liability	1,000,000	5,000
Worker's Compensation	Statutory	
Surety Bonds Board Administrator	140,000	

Source: District Records







CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Longport School District County of Atlantic Longport, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Longport School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2019.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board of Education of the Longport School District's control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of the Longport School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of the Longport School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Longport School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ford Scott & Associates, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Nancy Sbrolla

Nancy Sbrolla Certified Public Accountant Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2426

December 6, 2019

The accompanying Notes to the Schedules of State Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this statement

LONGPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

				•	Balance at June 30, 2018 Deferred	30, 2018				Adjustments / Repayment				MEMO	Q
		Program or			Revenue		Carryover			of Prior	Bala	Balance at June 30, 2019			ō
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Award	Grant Period From	Period To	(Accounts Receivable)	Due to Grantor	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenue/	Due to Grantor	Budgetary Receivable	Total Expenditures
State Department of Education General Fund:															
Categorical Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089 \$	44,828	7/1/2018	6/30/2019 \$				44,828	(44.828)		,	,	,	4,483	(44.828)
Categorical Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	4.178	7/1/2018	6/30/2019				4.178	(4.178)					418	(4,178)
Adjustment Aid	19-495-034-5120-085	19,430	7/1/2018	6/30/2019				19,430	(19,430)					1.943	(19,430)
Transportation Aid	19-495-034-5120-014	20,694	7/1/2018	6/30/2019				20,694	(20,694)					2,069	(20,694)
Non Public Transportation Aid	18-495-034-5120-014	870	7/1/2017	6/30/2018	(870)			870							870
Emergency Aid	19-495-034-5120-106	12,145	7/1/2018	6/30/2019				12,145	(12,145)						12,145
Total General Fund					(870)			102,145	(101,275)					8,913	(76,115)
Total State Financial Assistance				,	(870)		•	102,145	(101,275)	,				8,913	(76,115)
Less: On-Behalf Payments				•											
Total State Financial Assistance				€	(870)			102,145	(101,275)		,			8,913	(76,115)

#### NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of state financial assistance include state award activity of the Longport School District. The Board of Education is defined in Note 1 to the Board's general-purpose financial statements. All state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

#### NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of state financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Board's general-purpose financial statements. The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

#### NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The general-purpose financial statements present the general fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the last state aid payment in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to P.L. 2003, c.97 (A3521). For GAAP purposes that payment is not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the last state aid payment in the subsequent year.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is \$170 for the general fund. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Board's general-purpose financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

#### Longport School District Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

General State Assistance: Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the Schedule of Expenditures of State \$ Financial Assistance 101,275.00 Difference-budget to "GAAP" State aid payment recognized for GAAP statements in the current year, previously recognized for budgetary 9,083.00 purposes The last state aid payment is recognized as revenue for budgetary purposes, and differs from GAAP which does not recognize this revenue until the subsequent year when the State recognozes the related expense (GASB 33) (8,913.00)On-behalf payemnts recognized for GAAP purposes but not included in the Schedule of **Expenditures of State Financial** Assistance Total State revenue as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 101,445.00

#### NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amount reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related state financial reports.

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### LONGPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Section I -- Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Sta	atement	ĺ
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Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:  • Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li> </ul>	yes <u>X</u> no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards - N/A	
Internal Control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified?	yes no
<ul> <li>Significant deficieny(ies) identified?</li> </ul>	yes none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	yes no
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
<u></u>	
Dollar Threshold used to distinguisth between type B programs:	n type A and \$
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes no

#### State Awards - N/A

<ul><li>ternal Control over major programs:</li><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li></ul>	yes	no
Significant deficieny(ies) identified?	yes	none reported
ype of auditor's report issued on ompliance major programs	Unmodified	
ny audit findings disclosed that are required to e reported in accordance with OMB Circular 15-08	yes	no
dentification of major programs:		
GMIS Number(s)	Name of St	tate Program
Dollar Threshold used to distinguisth between t	wne A and	
type B programs:	spe A allu	\$
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	no

#### LONGPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

**NONE** 

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

**NONE**