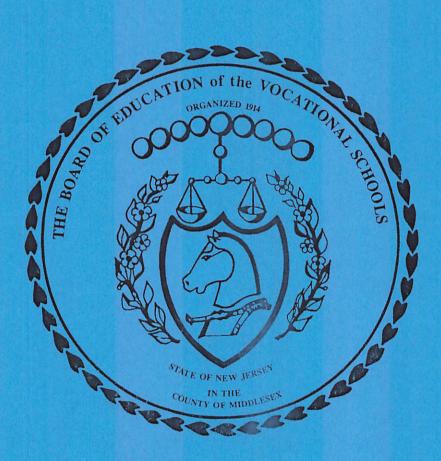
# MIDDLESEX COUNTY VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOLS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex, New Jersey

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools East Brunswick, New Jersey

Prepared by

**Business Office** 

### **Table of Contents**

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal Organizational Chart Roster of Officials Independent Auditors and Advisors	1 7 8 9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	10
Required Supplementary Information – Part I Management's Discussion and Analysis	14
Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements:	
<ul><li>A-1 Statement of Net Position</li><li>A-2 Statement of Activities</li></ul>	28 29
Fund Financial Statements:	
<ul> <li>Governmental Funds:</li> <li>B-1 Balance Sheet</li> <li>B-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</li> <li>B-3 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	30 31 32
Enterprise Fund: B-4 Statement of Net Position	33
<ul> <li>B-5 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position</li> <li>B-6 Statement of Cash Flows</li> </ul>	34 35
Fiduciary Funds: B-7 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position B-8 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	36 37
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	38

Table of Contents (continued)				
FINA	NCIAL SECTION (continued)			
S	ired Supplementary Information and Note to the RSI– Part II chedules and Note Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions GASB 68):			
(-	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) Schedule of District Contributions – Public Employee's Retirement	79		
	System (PERS) Schedule of State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District – Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund	80		
	(TPAF) Schedule of State's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability	81		
	Associated with the District – State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan Notes to Required Supplementary Information	82 83		
_		00		
-	ired Supplementary Information – Part III udgetary Comparison Schedules:			
C-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund (Budgetary - Basis)	84		
C-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund (Budgetary - Basis)	89		
C-3	Note to the Required Supplementary Information Budget to GAAP Reconciliation	90		
S	lementary Information becial Revenue Fund:			
E-1	Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures – Budgetary Basis	91		
F-1	apital Projects Fund: Summary Schedule of Project Expenditures – Budgetary Basis Summary Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	94		
	Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis	95		
F-2(	<ul> <li>x) Schedules of Project Revenues, Expenditures, Project Balance and Project Status – Budgetary Basis</li> </ul>	96		

#### onte (continued) hL 40 . .

Table of	of Contents (continued)	
		Page
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIO	N (continued)	
Fiduciary Funds:		
H-1 Combining Statement of Fidu	2	108
H-2 Statement of Changes in Fide	•	109
H-3 Schedule of Cash Receipts an	d Cash Disbursements –	
Student Activity Agency Fund		110
H-4 Schedule of Cash Receipts and	d Cash Disbursements –	
Payroll Agency Fund		111
H-5 Schedule of Amount Held On-E	3ehalf of Third Party –	
HOSA Agency Fund		112
Long Torm Dabt		
Long-Term Debt:	ar Capital Lagona	113
I-2 Schedule of Obligations Under	er Capital Leases	113
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudite	ed) – Other Information	
Financial Trends:	,	
J-1 Net Position by Component		114
J-2 Changes in Net Position		115
J-3 Fund Balances – Governmer	ital Funds	116
J-4 Changes in Fund Balances –	Governmental Funds	117
J-5 General Fund – Other Local	Revenue by Source	118
Demographic and Economic		
J-14 Demographic and Economic	Statistics	119
Operating Information:		
J-16 Full-Time Equivalent District	Employees by Eunction/Program	120
J-17 Operating Statistics		121
J-18 School Building Information		122
J-19 Schedule of Required Mainte	nance for School Facilities	123
J-20 Insurance Schedule		124

## Table of Contents (continued)

Page

#### SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

K-1	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
	Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the	
	Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	125
K-2	Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal and State	
	Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by	
	the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB 15-08	127
K-3	Schedule A – Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards-	
	Supplementary information	130
K-4	Schedule B – Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial	
	Assistance- Supplementary information	131
K-5	Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State	
	Financial Assistance	132
K-6	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Part I – Summary	
	of Auditors' Results	135
K-7	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Parts II and III –	
	Schedule of Financial Statement Findings and Schedule of	
	Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and	
	Questioned Costs	137
K-8	Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	139

**Introductory Section** 

Administrative Offices

### BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS IN THE COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX

112 Rues Lane P.O. Box 1070 East Brunswick, N.J. 08816-1070 Telephone (732) 257-3300 Fax:(732) 390-4252

Keith Jones II, President Dianne D. Veilleux, Superintendent

December 2, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools 112 Rues Lane East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Dear Board Members and Constituents:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools Board of Education. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter (designed to complement management's discussion and analysis and should be read in conjunction with it), the District's organizational chart, a list of principal officials, and independent auditors and advisors. The financial section includes management's discussion and analysis (immediately following the independent auditor's report), the Independent Auditors' report, basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis and is unaudited. The District is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and the Federal Uniform Guidance and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments." Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control over compliance and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations, are included in the single audit section of this report.

#### (1) Reporting Entity and Its Services.

Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools is an *independent reporting entity* within the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 14. The Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools Board of Education and all its schools constitute the District's reporting entity.

The District provides a *full range of educational services* appropriate to grade levels 9 through 12 and post secondary. These include regular, vocational, as well as special education for handicapped youngsters. The District completed the 2018-19 fiscal year with an enrollment of 2,539 students.



Campuses located at: Edison East Brunswick Perth Amboy Piscataway Woodbridge

#### (2) Economic Condition and Outlook.

Middlesex County, located in the heart of Central New Jersey, has always thrived by virtue of its prime location as a corridor county. Even in the current state economic condition, indicators suggest the situation is not bleak in the County of Middlesex.

From 2014 to 2024, Middlesex County is projected to have the largest net growth (+33,700) in jobs and the second most annual average job openings (+8,400) in New Jersey. Middlesex County is projected to experience a large total percentage growth in employment over the ten year period than the state (+8.0% vs. 6.5%, respectively).

In 2018, the Census Bureau estimated the county's population at 829,685, making it the state's second-most populous county an increase of 4.1% from 809,858 in the 2010 census.

#### (3) Major Initiatives.

The development of new and the upgrade of existing career and technical programs continue to be at the forefront of all the District's initiatives. The combination of research, curriculum development, and capital planning has become the foundation for the introduction of new programs throughout the district. Recent program additions including advanced manufacturing, global logistics, multi-media and arts technology continue to be a success with waiting lists for most programs. The district has added a new major in music performance and technology which is starting in the fall of 2019. The new music major in East Brunswick will be part of the School of the Arts, which also includes programs in theater, dance, arts technology, digital film, graphic design/commercial art and illustration, and multimedia art and design. The district began renovating space in East Brunswick during the summer of 2019 to create a music studio. Through capital funding and Carl Perkins grant funding we also continue to upgrade shop equipment. It is always our objective to train student on current technologies and state of the art equipment.

Our commitment to technology has remained steadfast as we make advances throughout the District. In addition to updating the District's website, we implemented Google classroom with all of the instructors throughout the District. Google classroom provides a management tool for instructors to access and work more collectively with the students in a digital format. The platform enables digital learning both inside and outside the classroom. Instructionally we continue to expand the integration of technology into our classrooms and shops. Adding computer based projection systems and large screen monitors supported with document cameras and tablets have significantly enhanced our instructional efforts in the classroom. We also continue to expand the chrome book inventory at all of our campuses. Because of their reasonable cost, the district can be more efficient with regard to getting technology into the hands of the students. The devices provide textbooks, instructional materials, and organizational software for help within the classroom as well as access to instructional programs and resources outside the classroom to aid with homework and test preparation. Updating desktops, laptops, and software continues to be a priority in the academic areas and throughout the career and technical programs.

As the science curriculum becomes more demanding, the district continues to prioritize the updating of all the science facilities throughout the District. The district renovated two more science labs during the summer of 2019 at the Piscataway Campus. With the infusion of technology these labs have promoted a real 21<sup>st</sup> century learning environment.

Our Academy model also continues to thrive within the district. Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools has been successfully maintaining two Academies over the past decade. Both the Academy for Science, Mathematics, and Engineering and the Academy for Allied Health and Biomedical Sciences have been recognized as National Blue Ribbon Schools and continue to be listed by the US News and World Reports among the best high schools in the Country. This recognition of the academic success of our students along with the hard work of our teachers is a testament to the positive occurrences happening at

the Academies on a daily basis. The Academies provide students with a small learning community that will focus on college preparation. Technology labs foster hands-on applied learning, while rigorous and relevant academy courses are integrated into the career majors. Some of the colleges the class of 2019 will be attending are as follows:

Brown University	Princeton University
Carnegie Mellon University	Perdue University
Columbia University	Rutgers University
Cornell University	Seton Hall University
Drexel University	Syracuse University
Duke University	Temple University
John Hopkins University	The College of New Jersey
NJIT	Vanderbilt University
NYU	Villanova University
Penn State University	Wake Forest University

The revitalization of our adult education programs continues to be emphasized. While the District has always provided apprentice, trade certificate programs, and community enrichment programs, the adult school continues to support post-secondary programs. The District offers certificated programs in the area of HVAC, Electrical Technology, Manicurist, Plumbing Technology, and Skin Care Specialist. In September of 2019 we started a new automotive apprenticeship program at our East Brunswick and Piscataway location for auto mechanics at new car dealers with the help of a grant from the Department of Labor given to New Jersey Coalition of Automotive Retailers (NJCAR). These programs offer an affordable educational alternative to adults that are looking for new career opportunities.

The practical measure of success for a career and technical school, however, is the appropriate placement of students in jobs. This is a fundamental element of success because it validates the vocational-technical experience. Fortunately, in this most important criterion, MCVTHS *excels*. This year's report included demographic data of 449 students who completed their education in 2018. Our overall percentage for job placement in 2018 was 95%. Job placement in all trades for which the students were trained was 70%. Also noteworthy is the fact that 86% of our regular education and 37% of our career development students extended their education upon graduation from our District by enrolling in colleges and nursing schools. Graduates of the high school and special programs were employed by a total of 74 firms with 97% of those firms located in Middlesex County. *Clearly, these statistics indicate success in both vocational and academic program – which when combined – culminate in the practical success of securing employment!* 

#### (4) Internal Accounting Controls.

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control environment designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control environment is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal awards and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control environment is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and

regulations related to those programs. This internal control environment is also subject to periodic evaluation by the District management.

As part of the District's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

#### (5) Budgetary Controls.

In addition to internal controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of School Estimates. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended, for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An *encumbrance accounting system* is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line-item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as a reserve of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

#### (6) Accounting System and Reports.

The District's accounting records reflect *generally accepted accounting principles*, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the District is organized on the basis of funds. As required by GASB 34, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report reflects activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 to include the Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis. The Basic Financial Statements present information on two separate sets of financial statements. The District-wide statements reflect the District's activities as a whole on the full accrual basis of accounting. The Fund financial statements present the District's activities on an individual fund basis.

#### (7) Cash Management.

The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by State Statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 3. The District has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

#### (8) Risk Management (Insurance).

The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automotive liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds.

#### Other Information.

.

#### (A) Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent, certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP, was selected by the Board finance committee. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed

to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as amended and the Federal Uniform Guidance and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

#### (B) Awards and Recognition

Certainly the most important focus of this District is its students. The students have received numerous awards and recognition through a variety of events and activities that are clearly characterized by their diversity and impact:

- Members of the Interact Club, at the Academy for Allied Health and Biomedical Sciences conducted and school wide food drive for Thanksgiving and collected over 836 items were collected. The food was donated to the St. James Food Pantry in Woodbridge.
- Thirty nine students from Middlesex County Vocational and Technical School District were selected as 2019 National Merit Scholarship Finalists, ten were semi-finalists, and twenty nine others were recognized and commended students.
- The Academy for Science, Mathematics, and Engineering Technologies and the East Brunswick campus received Bronze medal status for the 2018 Future Ready Schools of New Jersey.
- The Academy for Science, Mathematics and Engineering Technologies and the Academy for Allied Health and Biomedical Sciences were ranked in the Top 10 among New Jersey public High Schools and the Top 100 nationwide by the U.S. News and World Report's annual Best High School rankings.
- Culinary Arts students from Perth Amboy proudly participated in the City of Perth Amboy's annual Thanksgiving dinner by cooking turkeys for the festivities. This is the 12<sup>th</sup> year that culinary students have been participating in this event.
- The Perth Amboy campus collected 2,350 pounds of food for the Middlesex County Emergency Food Organization and Outreach Distribution Services' (M.C.F.O.O.D.S) 2018-2019 School Food Drive. They were recognized at the May Freeholder meeting as one of the top collecting schools in the county. The Academy for Science, Mathematics collected 650 pounds of food and the East Brunswick Campus collected 150 pounds. The district in total collected 3,150 pounds of food for the 2018-2019 food drive.
- Middlesex County Vocational and Technical School's Practical Nursing Program earned a 93% passing rate on the National Council Licensure Examination (NCLEX). This outstanding achievement supports the overall rigor of the practical nursing program and the dedication and commitment of an excellent faculty. The National Council of State Boards of Nursing disseminates National Council Licensure Examination results to schools of nursing on a semi-annual basis. The report ranks a nursing program based on their graduates' performance on the licensure exam.
- The East Brunswick FFA chapter had won twenty ribbons including six first place winners at the annual State FFA Horticulture Exposition and Floral Design Contest.
- Students from Academy for Allied Health and Biomedical Sciences participated in the 2019 New Jersey State HOSA Leadership conference and won a total of eight medals including four gold, one silver and three bronze medals. There were also two fourth place and six fifth place finishes. Twelve students were eligible to participate in the National HOSA competition.

- East Brunswick, East Brunswick School of Career of Development, Perth Amboy, and Piscataway, and all participated in the 2019 NJ Skills USA Competition. The East Brunswick Campus won fourteen medals, ten gold. Piscataway had one gold. Four students from the East Brunswick Campus and one from Piscataway were eligible to participate in the Nationals Skills USA competition. The East Brunswick Chapter was recognized as a Gold Chapter Distinction for the state of New Jersey.
- For the seventh year in a row East Brunswick's School of Career Development Dry Cleaning class
  participated in a coat drive. Unwanted coats were donated at different points in the Middlesex
  County area and brought to the school to be cleaned. Once cleaned they were picked up and
  distributed to many of those in need of warm coats for the winter. They collected over 200 coats and
  other garments.
- Various players for various sports were named as GMC Scholar Athletes and received Sportsmanship Awards. Seven players were named GMC All Silver Division for baseball. Nine players were named GMC All Gold Division for softball. The Piscataway Campus received the Silver Division Team Sportsmanship Award and Woodbridge won the Gold Division Team Sportsmanship Award .Five players received the prestigious N.J.S.I.A.A Scholar Athlete Award.
- Culinary students from the East Brunswick School of Career Development and Perth Amboy
  participated in the ACF Jersey Shore Chef's Association's Winterfest Competition to raise money for
  the Monmouth County Food Bank. Two students won gold, two won silver and two won bronze
  medals.
- Numerous special project grants, which total over \$2.8 million, comprise another dimension of the awards and recognition received by the District over the 2018-19 year. This represents a tribute to the administration and staff that work extremely hard to compete for and maintain this level of grant award, year after year.

#### (9) Acknowledgements.

We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical Schools Board of Education for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the County and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our administrative staff.

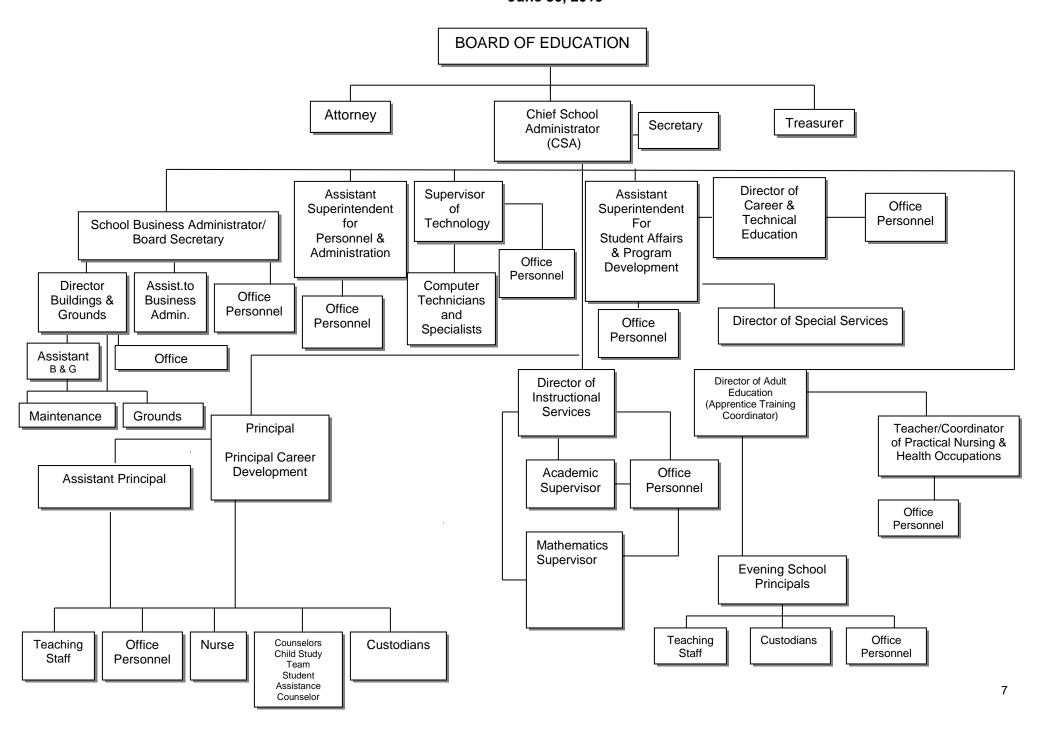
Respectfully submitted,

hanne O. Vellon

Dianne D. Veilleux Superintendent Administrator

Karl J. Knehr, CPA Board Secretary/Business Administrator

#### Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools ORGANIZATIONAL CHART June 30, 2019



# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey

# **Roster of Officials**

June 30, 2019

Members of the Board of Education	Term <u>Expires</u>
Mr. Eugene J. Mullen III, President	2021
Mrs. Gail E. Engel, Vice-President	2020
Ms. Laura Czarneski, Board Member	2019
Mr. Keith Jones II, Board Member	2022
Mr. Kyle Anderson, Acting County Superintendent of Schools	N/A

#### Other Officials

Ms. Dianne Veilleux, Superintendent Mr. Karl J. Knehr, CPA, Board Secretary/Business Administrator Ms. Francine Thompson, CPA, Assistant Board Secretary/Assistant Business Administrator Mr. Joseph F. Greco, CPA, Treasurer Anthony B. Vignuolo, Esq., Board Attorney The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey

Independent Auditors and Advisors

#### **Independent Auditors**

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP 20 Commerce Drive, Suite 301 Cranford, New Jersey 07016

#### Architects

SSP Architectural Group, Inc. 1011 Route 22, Suite 203 Bridgewater, NJ 08807

#### Attorney

Borrus, Goldin, Foley, Vignuolo, Hyman and Stahl 2875 U.S. Highway 1 North Brunswick, New Jersey 08902

### **Official Depositories**

Wells Fargo New Brunswick Office George and Church Streets New Brunswick, New Jersey 08901 **Financial Section** 



#### Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools, County of Middlesex, New Jersey (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to

PKF O'CONNOR DAVIES, LLP

20 Commerce Drive, Suite 301, Cranford, NJ 07016 | Tel: 908.272.6200 | Fax: 908.272.2416 | www.pkfod.com

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP is a member firm of the PKF International Limited network of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions on the part of any other individual member firm or firms.

#### The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools

#### Page 2

design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability-PERS, schedule of District contributions-PERS, schedule of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District-TPAF, schedule of State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability associated with the District and budgetary comparison information as presented in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools

Page 3

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, long-term debt schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid,* respectively, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and long-term debt schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and long-term debt schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools

Page 4

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies LLP

December 2, 2019 Cranford, New Jersey

David & Munn

David J. Gannon Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2305

# Required Supplementary Information – Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOLS COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The following represents the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools' (the "District") discussion and analysis for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This document is designed to assist the reader in understanding the presentation format of the basic financial statements and provide an overview of the District's financial activities. The analysis should aid the users in determining the impact of current year operations on the district's overall financial position. Please use this discussion in conjunction with the transmittal letter to develop a better understanding of how the District's operations relate to the financial information presented in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information and required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

#### ANNUAL REPORTING

The Financial section of the Annual Report for the District contains basic financial statements that capture the majority of the District's financial information for the period covered under this report. These statements along with this analysis, the letter of transmittal and other supplemental information convey a picture of the District's overall financial health. The basic financial statements consist of two separate and distinct sets of financial statements (Government-wide and fund financial statements) complemented by the notes to the basic financial statements. Both sets of statements provide their own unique perspective on presenting the District's finances.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The Government-wide statements (pgs. 28-29) represent a look at government financial reporting. The intention of these statements is to provide financial information on the District as a whole rather than on an individual fund basis. This is achieved by consolidating governmental and business type activities on the same statements using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting.

*Statement of Net Position*: This statement provides a different approach to the traditional balance sheet. The focus is on net position rather than fund balance. In simple terms, net position represent the resources available to the District after all the liabilities have been satisfied.



The statement is presented using the full accrual basis of accounting for both governmental funds and business type funds. It also provides a long-term view by including capital assets and longterm debt within the statements. In the past, these items were reported separately in their own account groups. This integrated concept provides a more complete view of the District's financial position. *Statement of Activities*: The statement of activities is also a departure from the operating statement approach. The emphasis of this statement is on net expenses.



The statement format presents expenses first, detailed by functional area, then offset by direct program revenue. The idea reinforces the concept that government exists to provide services rather than earn money. This statement also uses the full accrual basis of accounting, separates government and business type activities, and consolidates at the bottom to show the district as a whole. Government activities represent the basic services of education: instruction, guidance, administration, and plant services. Business-type activities reflect the activities of the District's food services which operates similar to a business. The very bottom of the statement includes general revenues and records the changes in net position from one period to another period. General revenues are funds collected that can't be identified with or allocated to specific program activities. This includes items such as property taxes, tuition, and investment earnings.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements (pgs. 30-37) continue where the government-wide financial statements stop. Unlike the government-wide statements, the focus is on the individual funds rather than the broad scope. These statements complement the government-wide statement by providing more detail on the District's operations. Although the majority of these statements reflect a short term view by removing capital assets and non-current liabilities, they provide a closer look at the District's finances by detailing information about the most significant funds. The district maintains three different types of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

*Governmental Funds*: These statements (pgs. 30-32) are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. They provide detailed activities for the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds.

In order to show relationships with other financial information presented in this report, the fund financial statements for governmental funds contain reconciliation with the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Balance Sheet (pg. 30)</u>: The total fund balances for all governmental funds are reconciled with the net position of governmental activities on the statement of net position (government-wide statement pg. 28) by adding in capital assets, net of depreciation and long-term liabilities.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund <u>Balance</u>: The net change in fund balance from this statement (pg. 31) is reconciled with change in net position of governmental activities from the statement of activities (government-wide statements pg. 29) on a separate schedule (pg. 32). To reconcile to full accrual depreciation expense and compensated absences earned are removed from fund balances. Outlays for capital assets and the repayment of long-term debt are added into the change in fund balance.

*Enterprise Fund*: The enterprise fund statements reflect the activities of the district's business type services. Currently, the District only operates a food service fund. These statements and the

government-wide statements are kept on the same basis of accounting (full accrual) and do not require a reconciliation. The difference between the statements again is the level of detail provided. This detail enables the reader a more in-depth analysis of enterprise fund activities. The fund financial statements for the enterprise fund includes a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and a statement of cash flows. The format and information presented in these statements (pgs. 33-35) is similar to pre-GASB 34 reports.

*Fiduciary Funds*: There are several funds in which the District acts as a fiduciary. These funds are held in trust and include student activities, payroll agency, and scholarship funds (pgs 36-37). Unlike the governmental and proprietary funds, the fund financial statements are the only place where the fiduciary funds are reported. The fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements because the District cannot utilize these funds for its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring these funds are restricted for their intended purpose. The fund statements include a statement of fiduciary net positions and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the scholarship trust fund.

*Notes to the basic financial statements:* The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 38-78 of this report.

*Other information:* The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 84-113 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCES**

Before an appropriate analysis of the financial information presented can be made, an explanation of the basics in vocational and technical school finances is required. Unlike a typical school district that maintains its status as an autonomous agency reporting only to its local school board and the Department of Education, the vocational and technical school is connected to its county government as well. We are considered a component unit of the County of Middlesex under the requirements of GASB 14 and GASB 39. Although the District reports to the State Department of Education, the County of Middlesex provides us with the majority of revenue, appoints our Board members, and approves our budget through the Board of School Estimates. Because of this relationship, the county has the ability to significantly influence the financial policies and philosophy of this District.

There are several differences between the finances of a regular school district and a vocational and technical school district. The most significant difference is the manner in which funds are raised.

*Tax Revenue*: A regular school district will determine the amount of tax revenue needed to support the budget, set a tax rate, and seek voter approval. Once the budget is approved, the taxes are collected using the local municipality as the collection agent. The vocational and technical school district has a more indirect relationship with regard to tax revenue. What the District refers to as tax revenue is really an appropriation from the county's budget. The county prepares a fiscal budget on a calendar year basis. After considering all their appropriations and revenue from other sources, the county sets a tax rate and collects tax revenue for the entire county budget. The vocational and technical school represents one line on the expenditure side of this budget. This amount will vary from year to year depending on the vocational and technical school district's budgetary needs. However, just because a determination of needs is made, there is no guarantee the vocational and technical school will receive the amount requested. If the county wishes to cut taxes, the vocational and technical school appropriation may be held flat or even reduced in a

particular year. To the extent that state aid and other revenue can not make up the difference, the vocational and technical school is forced to make its own budget reductions to conform to available revenues.

*Capital Outlay and Capital Projects*: A typical school district will raise taxes and issue long term debt (bond sale) to support its capital outlay and capital projects. The vocational and technical school supports all its capital expenditures by an appropriation from the county's capital budget. All the funds for this budget are raised through a combination of short term and long term financing that result in the sale of county bonds. The key element in this equation is that because the debt is retained by the county, they are solely responsible for the payment of these bonds. This characterizes a Type I district.

Now that we have looked at some of the mechanics in vocational and technical school funding, the results of operations for the current year will be discussed.

The following presents the net position of the governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Table 1 Net Position As of (In Millions)				
		June	e 30,	J	une 30,
		20	19		2018
		Dist	trict		District
		Tot	als		Totals
Current and other assets		\$	7.8	\$	7.7
Capital assets			81.8		81.1
Total assets			89.6		88.8
Pension Deferrals			3.4		4.9
Current and other liabilities			(2.1)		(1.9)
Long-term liabilities			(25.1)		(28.6)
Total liabilities			(27.2)		(30.5)
Pension Deferrals			(5.0)		(3.5)
Net position					
Invested in capital assets			72.2		71.0
Restricted			3.2		3.3
Unrestricted		· · ·	14.6)		(14.6)
		\$	60.8	\$	59.7

An examination of Table 1 indicates the results of operations for the 2018-2019 school year resulted in a \$1.1 million slight increase in total net position. Capital assets increased with the completion of several new projects. Current and other assets

increased as well as current and other liabilities. Any potential increase in net position was offset by the fluctuation in pension liability passed on by the state.

Table 2 offers a closer look at the \$(14.6) million in unrestricted net position:

### Table 2 Unrestricted Net Position As of (In Millions)

Unrestricted net position from:

Encumbrances Designated in subsequent year Unfunded compensated absences Pension liability Results from operations	\$ 0.8 1.2 (1.1) (16.4) 0.9
Total	\$ (14.6)

*Encumbrances*: Encumbrances are used to record outstanding purchase commitments for the District on a perpetual basis. As ordered items are received and services are rendered throughout the school year, encumbrances are invoiced and eventually paid. Open encumbrances at year end represent the value of outstanding purchase commitments as of June 30, 2019. These amounts are recorded in unrestricted net position and re-appropriated in next year's budget.

*Designated in subsequent year:* This value represents the estimated amount of fund balance that was allocated to support the 2019-2020 budget. The annual school budget is prepared and adopted prior to the start of the new fiscal year (July 1, 2019).

*Compensated Absences*: Compensated absences consist of unused sick and personal days, which accumulate for every employee on an annual basis. Although the cost of these days is recorded as an expense when earned, the actual payout is only made upon the employee's retirement. If an employee leaves the district before retirement, the days are forfeited. The rate for accumulated sick and personal days is determined by contract. The current portion of this liability is also funded through the annual school budget.

*Pension Liability*: This amount represents the District's proportionate share of its net pension liability in the State's Public Employer Retirement System, which is a multiple employer's cost sharing plan.

As demonstrated by Table 2, Pension liability and compensated absences are recorded as a reduction against unrestricted net position. This is significant when you consider that encumbrances and the amount designated in the subsequent year are expected to be expended,

leaving only the results from operations to be offset against these deficits. The long-term outlook of the full accrual basis requires that these items be recorded as long term liabilities. It is important to note that since these debts only encumber resources without an offsetting asset, they are netted against the District's unrestricted net position.

The question now becomes what impact does this have on the District's finances and its ability to operate? In two words or less: very little. In its simplest terms, the deficit represents the funds required to satisfy these long term liabilities should the District cease its operations tomorrow. Although a number of net position remain encumbered, the sale of any capital assets would more than satisfy these debts should the vocational and technical school close its doors. Since the District's operations will not be suspended (and its assets unavailable to satisfy this debt) - these debts are technically considered unfunded. Then how will they be paid? As discussed previously, the current portion of these debts are satisfied through the district's annual operating budget. Based upon this, you may consider these debts funded: funded on an annual basis by the budget rather than accumulated unrestricted net position.

Another question that can be raised in this: why not accumulate enough unrestricted net position through operations to offset these debts completely and have some left over for emergencies? The answer lies in fiscal philosophy and policies of Middlesex County and as previously indicated, its ability to exercise influence on the vocational and technical school with regard to these policies. The County of Middlesex remains conservative in its budget practices. Keeping the County tax rate affordable for its citizens while maintaining quality services is always the emphasis of the budget process. As a major component of the County's budget, this philosophy has a "spill down" affect. The vocational and technical school is encouraged to request only what it absolutely needs and is required to appropriate any accumulated unassigned surplus (net position) maintained at the fiscal year's end. In keeping with these demands, the vocational and technical school's annual operating budget must be, on the whole, more accurate than the average school district. The work does not stop at the end of the budget process. Expenditures and revenues must be closely monitored throughout the school year. Overruns and short falls need to be accounted for to ensure a positive outcome for operations at year end. Although the relationship may appear difficult, Middlesex County has always remained fiscally committed to the vocational and technical school programs. The District's management believes these practices promote a fiscally responsible attitude and are key to remaining operationally sound.

Table 3 (Change in Net Position) provides a comparison in the change in net position between the two fiscal years.

### Table 3 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities For the Year Ended (In Millions)

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Federal and state grants	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.0	
Capital grants General revenues	-	0.2	
Property taxes	26.8	26.0	
Federal and state aid, not restricted	24.0	32.4	
County capital contribution	3.1	3.0	
Other general revenues	1.3	1.7	
Total revenues	57.4	65.3	
Functions/Program Expenses: Instruction			
Regular	10.7	12.2	
Other special instruction	0.2	0.2	
Vocational Other instruction	13.3 1.0	15.7 1.2	
	1.0	1.2	
Support Services			
Student and instruction related services	7.1	8.2	
General administrative services	1.6	1.9	
School administrative services	4.9 9.1	5.9	
Plant operations and maintenance Pupil transportation	9.1 0.2	10.1 0.2	
Business and other support services	2.4	3.1	
Special Schools	2.2	2.6	
Interest Expense	0.3	0.3	
Unallocated depreciation	3.2	3.0	
Total expenses	56.2	64.6	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 1.2	\$ 0.7	

During the 2018-19 fiscal year net position increased \$1.2 million which was a \$0.5 million increase over the prior year's result. Table 3 illustrates significant overall decreases in both total revenue and total expenses in spite of increases in both tax revenue and actual unrestricted state aid provided for operations. The fluctuation can all be attributed to pension and postemployment medical benefit payments made by the state on our behalf for the Teachers' Pension and Annuity

Fund. The District records these payments as both revenue (state aid) and expense (benefits) in offsetting amounts. The allocation for post-employment medical benefit decreased dramatically between fiscal year 2018 and 2019 creating the disparity.

Business activities represent the results from the District's food service program. Table 4 reflects the change in net position for these activities.

### Table 4 Change in Net Position Business-Type Activities For the Year Ended (In Thousands)

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Program Revenues:	* 070 F			
Charges for services	\$ 272.5	\$ 248.1		
Federal and state reimbursement program	486.1	478.4		
Total revenue	758.6	726.5		
Functions/Programs: Food Services	704.7	636.0		
Total expenses	704.7	636.0		
Increase in net position	\$ 53.9	\$ 90.5		

The food service program is run by the Aramark Corporation. Aramark is a food service management company and its relationship with the District has existed for over 20 years. While the District's management works as an oversight and retains final responsibility, Aramark is responsible for the daily operations. Under their supervision, the cafeteria operations remain efficient and revenues continue to outpace expenditures. For the 2019 fiscal year, operating revenues increased with the number of reimbursable and non-reimbursable meals sold. Operational expenses including cost of sales, general supplies, salaries and benefits also increased with the additional sales volume. Depreciation expense increased with the replacement of old equipment. The district did not need to contribute to the food service. The district's contribution for food service operations was \$0 (Table 4) for the 2019 and 2018 fiscal years.

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCES

As noted earlier, the individual funds reflected in the fund financial statements provide more detail of activities for the fiscal year.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, *the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.* 

The general fund records the result of the District's primary operations. The vocational and technical schools primary focus is the business of educating and training the students of Middlesex County. All the related expenses including instruction, student services, administrative, and plant are recorded in this fund. County appropriations (tax revenue), state aid and tuition make up the majority of revenue received to support these expenses. As previously discussed, the District

continues to contend with increases in employee benefits even with statutory employee contributions. Other expenses continued to rise with the need for expanded instruction. An analysis of increases and decreases in expenses is presented in section (B) as part of a summary of general and special revenue fund expenditures.

The special revenue fund accounts for all the grants received from federal, state and local sources. The majority of these grants are federal entitlement programs. More significant programs include Title I, IDEA, and Carl Perkins funding. These programs provide funds designed to supplement the instructional process.

(A) The following schedule presents a summary of the general fund, special revenue fund and capital projects fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and increases and decreases as compared to the prior year

			Percent of	I	Increase	Percent of Increase
Revenue	Amount		Total	])	Decrease)	(Decrease)
Local Sources	\$	31,188,664	57.43%	\$	565,566	1.85%
State Sources		20,747,257	38.21%		956,091	4.83%
Federal Sources		2,369,658	4.36%		369,765	18.49%
Total:	\$	54,305,579	100.00%	\$	1,891,422	3.61%

The increase in Local Sources is reflective of an increased county tax contribution for the 2018-19 school year.

Increases in unrestricted State Aid and non-budgeted TPAF pension on behalf payments continue to boost revenues from state sources.

Federal aid increased with additional funds received from Perkins and Title I programs. The district also received new funds for a pre-employment transition federal funded grant program.

(B) The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue fund and capital projects fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the percentages of total increases and decreases as compared to the prior year.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total		ncrease )ecrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Current Expense:			•		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Instruction	\$ 15,592,232	28.71%	\$	617,236	4.12%
Undistributed Expenditures	32,734,656	60.27%		894,608	2.81%
Capital Outlay	4,683,289	8.62%		(730,338)	-13.49%
Special Schools	 1,298,753	2.40%		24,692	1.94%
Total:	\$ 54,308,930	100.00%	\$	806,198	1.51%

Instructional expenses continued to increase with a new teachers contract in place. Additional purchases of classroom technology and furniture were encumbered in the prior year but paid in the current year.

Support expenses increased over the prior year as TPAF social security, pension, and post-retirement medical on-behalf contributions continue to expand.

With a significant amount of projects completed in the prior year, capital outlay expense decreased during 2018-19.

Special Schools remained fairly consistent with the prior year.

#### **BUDGET ANALYSIS**

The State of New Jersey required that each District prepare, advertise, and submit an annual school budget prior to the start of the fiscal year. The time table for this process is provided by the State annually. As previously mentioned, the vocational and technical school prepares the budget with extreme care to ensure that revenue and expenditure predictions are as accurate as possible. Despite their level of documented support, they remain predictions, and as such, do not recognize unexpected change. In order to deal with unexpected change, the District revised its budget by line item transfers periodically throughout the year. While there are very few transfers made in the first nine months, there are a number of transfers made in the final three. These transfers are experience-driven and indicate the cumulative result of change and year-end close out. The following represents an analysis of current year budget highlights:

#### Revenue:

- 1. Taxes were collected and received in the amount budgeted.
- 2. Interest earned was received under budget as interest rates remain extremely low and the cost of bank services increase.

- 3. Tuition collections were received under budget. Actual revenue decreased over the prior year due to a drop in Licensed Practical Nursing and out of county special education enrollment.
- 4. Miscellaneous revenue collection exceeded predictions. Unbudgeted ESIP rebates were received. Adult education registration fees continue to grow with additional certificate program offerings and an increase in apprentice participation.

#### Expenditures:

#### Original Budget vs. Final Budget

- 1. The majority of variances between original and final budget can be explained by prior year encumbrances. Items that were ordered in the prior year and received in this fiscal year are rolled over into the current budget through the transfer line. These items increase the final appropriation and are spent through the current budget.
- 2. Over estimated cost in personnel under regular and special vocational instruction allowed transfers to other accounts covering unanticipated expenses.
- 3. Excess budgeted funds from the retirement and resignation in child study team members were transferred to accommodate a need for more guidance counselors.
- 4. Additional funds were needed to help with the increasing need for technology support throughout the school year.
- 5. Amounts budgeted for facility and maintenance staff were in excess of the resources needed. There were anticipated positions available that remain open.
- 6. Transfers were made in natural gas for an increase in demand.
- 7. Additional resources were needed for student transportation to offset cost and volume with regards to field trips.
- 8. Amounts budgeted for fringe benefits were less than anticipated for health benefits, workers compensation and unemployment compensation which allowed transfers to other accounts.

#### Final Budget vs. Actual

- 1. The majority of variances between final budget and actual can be explained by encumbrances. These reserves recognize goods and services ordered as of year end but not received. While this amount is shown as reserved on the balance sheet, the encumbrances are not reflected on schedule C-1 (pgs. 79-83), the budgetary comparison schedule.
- 2. Expenditures in various instructional and support salary accounts were lower than expected. A significant amount of retirements and staff changes after the budget was finalized accounted for the disparity between budget and actual.
- 3. General administrative cost were lower than expected. Some budgeted services were not needed. Cost associated with internet access, wide area networks, and other communication expenses continue to decrease.
- 4. There was a small surplus of funds in the electricity account due to the implantation of an energy saving improvement plan.
- 5. The amount of support for the upkeep of grounds including athletic fields throughout the District was overestimated leaving a small surplus.
- 6. Tuition reimbursement came in lower than anticipated due to a decrease in the number of classes taken by employees.
- 7. Health benefits came in lower than expected with a unanticipated smaller increase in state health benefit plan premium.
- 8. Instructor expense, supply cost, and other expense for evening school were over anticipated. Certain programs were not operated due to a lack of enrollment.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2019, capital assets for the district totaled \$81.8 million, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets include land, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress as detailed in Table 5.

Table 5 Capital Assets June 30, 2019 (In Millions)

	Governmental Activities	
Land and site improvements	\$	12.6
Building and building improvements		64.4
Furniture and equipment		3.4
Construction-in-progress		1.4
	\$	81.8

The net investment in capital assets increased 1.0% from the prior year. That increase included depreciation expense of \$3.93 million offset by additions recorded in the amount of \$4.58 million and net of related debt of \$9.9 million. The following is the detail of those additions:

	Additions (in millions)	
Piscataway Paving	\$ 0.29	-
East Brunswick ESIP Chiller	0.32	
East Brunswick HVAC Classrooms	0.70	
East Brunswick Auditorium Sound System	0.15	
Piscataway Science Lab Renovations	0.80	
Piscataway Roof/Masonry work	0.03	
Piscataway Roof	1.05	
Construction in Progress	0.59	
Equipment	0.65	
		-
	\$ 4.58	

Detail information on capital assets is presented in note 4 to the basic financial statements.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

As noted previously, the District is a Type I district and as such raises all it's funding for capital expenditures through Middlesex County. The debt on the District's books as of June 30, 2019 relates to the State of New Jersey's Public Employment Retirement System. The majority of the debt represents the District's share of its net pension liability. Payments are made annually to the State of New Jersey.

The District has a lease purchase payable for funds borrowed from TD Equipment Finance which commenced on April 23, 2015 to fund for the District's energy savings improvement plan. Payments for interest and principle will be made over 240 months that commenced July 15, 2015 and payable January and July 15<sup>th</sup> of each year.

Other district obligations include accrued sick and personal days. More detailed information is presented in note 5 of the basic financial statements.

#### **OTHER CONSIDERATIONS**

While the District's financial picture has improved over the past few years, some uncertainty still exists around our funding sources. In spite of the fiscal issues at the state level, our funding from unrestricted state aid increased for both the 2018-19 and 2019-20 school years. It appears that the state is focusing on providing aid based on the school funding formula that was made into law through the School Funding Reform Act of 2008. According to the current calculations from the 2019-20 budget we are \$4 million underfunded by the funding formula. The state has begun to address this issue with an aid increase that began in 2018-19. The increase came from a combination of reallocating funding from the districts that were over-funded according to the formula and an overall increase in new state funding for education. In the short term the state will continue with this method in an effort to close the gap for underfunded districts. The only question that remains is whether the state budget can support future increases as obligations to the state

pension systems and retirement health benefits continue to rise. On the local level the state has imposed a cap with regard to the amounts municipal and county governments can increase local tax levies. While the cap doesn't apply to vocational districts directly, it will indirectly continue to limit any additional funding from our county funding source. The revenue cap stands currently at two percent. As health benefits cost increase and as contractual salary rates settle above three percent, future revenues will not keep pace with expenditures. With that in mind, New Jersey School Districts may be challenged in the near future.

An area of concern that continues to be challenging is enrollment. As we have seen the fruits of our labor with continued interest in our academies, revitalization of existing programs as well as new offerings will be essential to the recruitment process at the larger campuses. The real challenge will be updating programs and introducing new areas in an environment of limited resources. Sustained growth and increased efficiency will be the key to the vocational school's financial viability and overall success.

On a positive note Career and Technical Education has been embraced on both the State and National platform as part of the solution in education as we move forward. Technical education will be the backbone in keeping up with employer demand for higher level entry positions as technology replaces low end opportunities. With that in mind the New Jersey State legislature has passed a bill that would provide additional resources for vocational and technical schools to expand our programs. We are currently waiting for guidelines from the state to understand the amount of funds allocated, who these funds will be made available to, and how these funds could be spent. While there are still quite a few unknowns, the concept supports the theory that career and technical education will have a bigger role in the near future.

#### FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CONTACT

The Middlesex County Vocational School's financial report intended to demonstrate the district's accountability and provide the users (citizens, taxpayers, parents, students and creditors) with a general overview of the district's finances. Questions or request for additional financial information should be directed to the School Business Administrator / Board Secretary at 112 Rues Lane in East Brunswick, New Jersey 08816.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a financial overview of the District's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and operating results of all governmental activities and business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		vernmental Activities		iness-type ctivities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,100,064	•		\$	5,100,064
Internal balances		(284,484)	\$	284,484		-
Accounts receivable		2,111,752		36,341		2,148,093
Other asset		1,393		0 7 4 5		1,393
Inventory				8,745		8,745
Restricted assets:		050 100				050 100
Capital reserve account - cash		950,100				950,100
Capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable, net		8,734,422 73,030,660		132,952		8,734,422 73,163,612
Total Assets		89,643,907		462,522		90,106,429
Total Assets		69,643,907		402,322		90,106,429
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		3,428,728				3,428,728
		0,120,120				0,120,120
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,794,549		78,913		1,873,462
Accrued Interest Payable		119,908				119,908
Payable to other governments		1,934				1,934
Insurance claims payable		47,219				47,219
Other payables		26,354		773		27,127
Unearned revenue		68,597		1,815		70,412
Net pension liability		14,153,115				14,153,115
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		449,802				449,802
Due beyond one year	_	10,545,733				10,545,733
Total liabilities		27,207,211		81,501		27,288,712
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		E 005 407				E 00E 407
Pension deferrals		5,025,137				5,025,137
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		72,180,605		132,952		72,313,557
Restricted for:		12,100,000		102,002		12,010,001
Capital projects		2,109,708				2,109,708
Other purposes		1,091,428				1,091,428
Unrestricted		(14,541,454)		248,069		(14,293,385)
Total net position	\$	60,840,287	\$	381,021	\$	61,221,308
·		, ., -	_	, -	- T	, ,

# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Progra	m Revenues					e) Revenue a n Net Positior	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities		ness-type ctivities	 Total
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$ 10,718,554		\$	586,393		\$	(10,132,161)			\$ (10,132,161)
Other special instruction	182,506						(182,506)			(182,506)
Vocational	13,348,904			796,065			(12,552,839)			(12,552,839)
Other instruction	1,060,995						(1,060,995)			(1,060,995)
Support services:										
Support services	7,063,782			842,888			(6,220,894)			(6,220,894)
General administrative services	1,577,011						(1,577,011)			(1,577,011)
School administrative services	4,953,371						(4,953,371)			(4,953,371)
Plant operations and maintenance	9.135.194						(9,135,194)			(9,135,194)
Pupil transportation	213,877						(213,877)			(213,877)
Business and other support services	2,366,024						(2,366,024)			(2,366,024)
Special schools	2,194,245						(2,194,245)			(2,194,245)
Interest expense	253,618						(253,618)			(253,618)
Unallocated depreciation	3,175,828						(3,175,828)			(3,175,828)
Total governmental activities	56,243,909			2,225,346		·	(54,018,563)			 (54,018,563)
Total governmental activities	50,243,909			2,223,340			(34,010,303)			 (34,010,303)
Business-type activities:										
Food Service	704,751	\$ 272,516		486,185				\$	53,950	53,950
Total business-type activities	704,751	272,516		486,185				Ψ	53,950	 53,950
rotar business-type activities	104,731	272,010		400,105					33,330	 33,330
Total primary government	\$ 56,948,660	\$ 272,516	\$	2,711,531	\$		(54,018,563)		53,950	(53,964,613)
	General revenues:									
	Property taxes lovier	d for general purposes					26,837,956			26,837,956
	Federal and State aid						23,991,400			23,991,400
	County capital contrib						3,100,000			3,100,000
	Tuition	JULION								
	Interest Earned						507,425			507,425
		_					16,271			16,271
	Miscellaneous incom	e					727,012			 727,012
	Total general reve	nues					55,180,064			55,180,064
	Change in net p	position					1,161,501		53,950	 1,215,451
	Net Position—beginning	g of year					59,678,786		327,071	60,005,857
	Net Position—end of ye	ar				\$	60,840,287	\$	381,021	\$ 61,221,308

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Fund Financial Statements** 

**Governmental Funds** 

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

			М	ajor Funds				
	General Fund		Revenue Pr		Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,132,553			\$	967,511	\$	5,100,064
Accounts receivable:								
Interfunds receivable		275,734				332,400		608,134
Federal			\$	616,290				616,290
State				47,907		1,266,457		1,314,364
Other governments		117,805		49,117				166,922
Other		14,176						14,176
Other asset						1,393		1,393
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		950,100						950,100
Total assets	\$	5,490,368	\$	713,314	\$	2,567,761	\$	8,771,443
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	652,091	\$	346,578	\$	112,273	\$	1,110,942
Intergovernmental payables:								
Other governments				1,934				1,934
Interfunds payable		584,486		308,105				892,591
Insurance claims payable		47,219						47,219
Other payables		26,381						26,381
Unearned revenue		11,900		56,697				68,597
Total liabilities		1,322,077		713,314		112,273		2,147,664
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Capital reserve account		950,100						950,100
Capital projects						2,455,488		2,455,488
Excess Surplus - current year		59,540						59,540
Excess Surplus - prior year		81,788						81,788
Assigned to:								
Designated for subsequent								
years expenditures		1,218,212						1,218,212
Other Purposes		774,837						774,837
Unassigned		1,083,814				0.455.465		1,083,814
Total fund balances	<u>_</u>	4,168,291	<b>^</b>	740.044	<b>•</b>	2,455,488		6,623,779
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,490,368	\$	713,314	\$	2,567,761		

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$ 146,860,560 and the accumulated depreciation is \$65,095,478 (see Note 4).	81,765,082
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds	(119,908)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 5).	(10,995,535)
Deferred pension costs in governmental activities are not resources and are therefore not reported in the funds.	(1,596,409)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(14,153,115)
Accrued pension contributions for the June 30, 2019 plan year end are paid with current economic resources and are therefore not reported as a liability in the funds, but are included in accounts payable in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.	(683,607)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 60,840,287

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Major Funds Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Local tax levy	\$ 26,837,956			\$ 26,837,956	
County capital contribution	507 405		\$ 3,100,000	3,100,000	
Tuition charges Interest earned	507,425		16,271	507,425 16,271	
Miscellaneous	557,440	\$ 169,572	10,271	727,012	
Total local sources	27,902,821	169,572	3,116,271	31,188,664	
State sources	20,499,001	248,256	0,110,211	20,747,257	
Federal sources	30,716	2,338,942		2,369,658	
		2,000,012		2,000,000	
Total revenues	48,432,538	2,756,770	3,116,271	54,305,579	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Regular instruction	6,064,914	466,960		6,531,874	
Other special instruction	105,477	·		105,477	
Vocational education	7,608,230	659,942		8,268,172	
Other instruction	686,709			686,709	
Support services and undistributed costs:					
Support Services	3,669,635	753,531		4,423,166	
General administrative services	1,214,671			1,214,671	
School administrative services Plant operations and maintenance	2,838,682 7,544,983			2,838,682 7,544,983	
Pupil transportation	213,877			213,877	
Business and other support services	1,441,040			1,441,040	
Unallocated benefits	14,713,324	344,913		15,058,237	
Capital outlay	498,382	531,424	3,653,483	4,683,289	
Special schools	1,298,753	·		1,298,753	
Total expenditures	47,898,677	2,756,770	3,653,483	54,308,930	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	533,861		(537,212)	(3,351)	
Fund balance, July 1	3,634,430		2,992,700	6,627,130	
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 4,168,291	\$-	\$ 2,455,488	\$ 6,623,779	

The reconciliation of the fund balances of governmental funds to the net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities is presented in an accompanying schedule (B-3).

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)	\$	(3,351)		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:				
Capital additions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital additions exceeded depreciation expense in the period. Capital additions \$ 4,584,908 Depreciation expense (3,926,650)	_	658,258		
In the statement of net position, interest on long-term debt is accrued, regardless of when due. In the governmental funds, interest is reported when due. This amount reflects the change from prior year.		7,340		
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.				
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+).		(31,004)		
Certain expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Pension expense		(77,615)		
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)	\$	1,161,501		

**Enterprise Fund** 

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Net Position Enterprise Fund June 30, 2019

	Major Fund		
	Food Service		
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Accounts receivable:			
State	\$	593	
Federal		35,748	
Interfund		284,484	
Inventory		8,745	
Total current assets		329,570	
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Furniture, machinery & equipment		189,551	
Less accumulated depreciation		(56,599)	
Total capital assets, net		132,952	
Total assets		462,522	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		78,913	
Unearned revenue		1,815	
Other payables		773	
Total current liabilities		81,501	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		132,952	
Unrestricted	<u>_</u>	248,069	
Total net position	\$	381,021	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenues:		ajor Fund Food Service
Charges for services:	\$	144,222
Daily sales - reimbursable programs Daily sales - non-reimbursable programs	φ	144,222
Special functions		27,676
Total operating revenues		272,516
Operating expenses:		
Salaries		376,277
Cost of sales - reimbursable programs		99,322
Cost of sales - non-reimbursable programs		21,718
Food donation program		49,456
Other purchased services		72,735
General supplies		69,618
Depreciation		15,402
Other expenses		223
Total operating expenses		704,751
Operating (loss)		(432,235)
Nonoperating revenues:		
State sources:		
State school lunch program Federal sources:		7,386
National school lunch program		313,159
PB lunch - HHFKA		8,318
School breakfast program		107,866
Food donation program		49,456
Total nonoperating revenues		486,185
Change in net position		53,950
Total net position—beginning of year		327,071
Total net position—end of year	\$	381,021

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	M	ajor Fund Food Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Net cash used in operating activities	\$	276,892 (376,277) (354,679) (454,064)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b> Cash received from state reimbursements Cash received from federal reimbursements Cash disbursed to other funds Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		7,442 481,000 53,491 541,933
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets Net cash used in capital and related financing activities Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(87,869) (87,869) -
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash (used in) operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(432,235)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash (used in) operating activities: Depreciation (Decrease) in other receivables Increase in inventories Increase in unearned revenue (Decrease) in other liabilities (Decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	15,402 4,290 (1,982) 86 (125) (39,500) (21,829) (454,064)

The District received \$49,456 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture for the year ended June 30, 2019.

**Fiduciary Funds** 

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Scholarship Fund		 Agency Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	6,028	\$ 855,029 13,283
Total assets		6,028	\$ 868,312
LIABILITIES			
Interfund payable Accounts Payable Other Liablities Due to student groups Held on behalf of a third party Payroll deductions and withholdings payable Total liabilities			\$ 27 32,619 823 138,371 86,724 609,748 868,312
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for scholarships		6,028	
Total net position	\$	6,028	

The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Scholarship Fund				
ADDITIONS					
Investment earnings: Interest Total additions	\$	12 12			
DEDUCTIONS					
Bank service charges Total deductions		210 210			
Change in net position		(198)			
Net position—beginning of the year		6,226			
Net position—end of the year	\$	6,028			

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Board of Education (the "Board") of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are disclosed below:

The District is organized under the Constitution of the State of New Jersey. The District operates under a Board form of government consisting of four members appointed to four-year terms, which are staggered. The District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

The District, as the primary government for financial reporting entity purposes, has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools in East Brunswick, New Jersey. The District receives funding from local, county, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### A. Reporting Entity (continued)

The District is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board consists of appointed officials and is responsible for the fiscal control of the District. A superintendent is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the District. The operations of the District include five vocational and technical schools located in Middlesex County, New Jersey.

The District has no component units that are required to be included within the reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of <u>Governmental Accounting and Financial</u> <u>Reporting:</u>

- the organization is legally separate (can sue or be sued in their own name);
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization;
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board;
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization;
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District; or
- there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The District is a component unit of Middlesex County, however, the County reports its financial statements on a regulatory basis of accounting which does not recognize or report component units.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The New Jersey Department of Education requires that all funds be reported as major to promote consistency among the school districts in the State of New Jersey.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A one-year availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to certain claims, compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The District has reported the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund*: The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment, which are classified in the capital outlay subfund.

*Special Revenue Fund*: The District maintains one special revenue fund, which includes the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes, other than debt service or capital projects.

*Capital Projects Fund*: The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to an expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

*Food Service Enterprise Fund:* The food service enterprise fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the cafeteria operations. This fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e., expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the students or other entities on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Fiduciary funds of the District include the Student Activities Agency Fund, Payroll Agency Fund and Private Purpose Scholarship Trust Fund. The trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurements of results of operations. The following is a description of the fiduciary funds of the District.

*Trust Fund:* The private purpose scholarship trust fund is utilized to provide scholarships to students and to account for the related transactions.

Agency Funds (Payroll and Student Activity Fund): Agency funds are used to account for the assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) fees charged to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and (2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The enterprise fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges for sales of food. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The District reports unearned revenue on its balance sheet and statements of net position. Unearned revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue also arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when federal assistance is received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and statements of net position and revenue is recognized.

Ad Valorem (Property) taxes are susceptible to accrual as, under New Jersey State Statute, a county is required to remit to the school district the entire balance of taxes in the amount certified prior to the end of the school year. The District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the fiscal year, since the revenue is both measurable and available. The District is entitled to receive moneys under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable."

## D. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the special revenue fund uses a non-GAAP budget (budgetary basis). The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referred in N.J.A.C. 6A:23. The over-expenditure in the general fund is due to the inclusion of the non-budgeted on-behalf payments made by the State of New Jersey as District expenditures. These amounts are offset by related revenues and as such do not represent budgetary over-expenditures. All budget amendments must be approved by School Board resolution.

Budget amendments during the year ended June 30, 2019 were not significant and approved by the Board and the New Jersey Department of Education where required.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Budgets/Budgetary Control (continued)

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last two state aid payments for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

#### E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, amounts on deposit, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### F. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the District and that are due within one year.

#### G. Inventories

Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost through estimation procedures performed by an independent appraisal company. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date of donation.

The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight line method. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation:

	Years
School Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Electrical/Plumbing	30
Vehicles	8
Office and Computer Equipment	5-10
Instructional Equipment	10
Grounds Equipment	15

#### I. Compensated Absences

A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

District employees are granted vacation, personal and sick leave in varying amounts under the District's personnel policies. Vacation days are not allowed to be accumulated beyond the fiscal year. Vacation days are prorated for termination within the fiscal year.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### I. Compensated Absences (continued)

Accumulated sick and personal leave benefits provide for ordinary sick and personal leave pay and are vested upon retirement from a state administered pension fund following services for the number of years required by such pension fund and upon fulfillment for employee's age requirement. Unused personal days convert to sick days, are carried over and are included in accumulated sick leave.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the governmental fund is recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and amounted to \$1,065,278 at June 30, 2019. Upon resignation or retirement, the liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds.

#### J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue in the Special Revenue Fund represents cash which has been received but not yet earned and outstanding encumbrances. Unearned revenue in the General Fund represents tuition for Fall 2019 programs received on or before June 30, 2019.

## K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise fund type statement of net position. Contractually required pension contributions, capital leases and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

## L. Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* ("GASB 54") established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### L. Fund Balances (continued)

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and the corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2) Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3) Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Education (the "Board") and formal action is taken by resolution of the Board at publicly held meetings. Once committed, amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the Board revises or changes the specified use by taking the same action (resolution) taken to originally commit these funds.
- 4) Assigned includes amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Interest is expressed by either the Board or Business Administrator, to whom the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes, including the encumbering of funds.
- 5) Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications in the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In the other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the District first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### L. Fund Balances (continued)

Of the \$4,168,291 of fund balances in the General Fund, \$774,837 of encumbrances is assigned to other purposes, \$950,100 has been restricted for the capital reserve, \$59,540 has been restricted for excess surplus – current year, \$81,788 has been restricted for prior year excess surplus that has been designated for subsequent year's expenditures, \$1,218,212 has been classified as assigned fund balance designated for subsequent years' expenditures and \$1,083,814 is classified as unassigned.

#### **M. Calculation of Excess Surplus**

The designation for restricted fund balance – excess surplus is a required calculation pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7, as amended. New Jersey school districts are required to reserve general fund balance at the fiscal year end of June 30 if they did not appropriate a required minimum amount as budgeted fund balance in their subsequent years' budget. The excess surplus for June 30, 2019 was \$141,328. Of this amount, \$81,788 has been appropriated in the 2019-2020 budget and the remaining \$59,540 will be required to be appropriated in the 2020-2021 budget.

#### N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net positions are reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statements when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **O. Management Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### P. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the general fund include payments made by the State of New Jersey for social security and post-retirement pension and medical contributions for certified teachers and other members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. Additionally, revenues and expenses related to on-behalf pension contributions in the government-wide financial statements have been increased by \$3,099,831 to adjust for the full accrual basis expense incurred by the State of New Jersey during the most recent measurement period for pension and medical contributions. The amounts are not required to be included in the District's annual budget.

#### **Q. Tax Abatements**

As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), a tax abatement is an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens. School districts are not authorized by New Jersey statute to enter into tax abatement agreements. However, the county or municipality in which the school district is situated may have entered into tax abatement agreements. Furthermore if the county entered into tax abatement agreements, those agreements will not directly affect the school district's local tax revenue because N.J.S.A. 54:4-75 and N.J.S.A. 54:4-76 require that amounts so forgiven must effectively be recouped from other taxpayers and remitted to the school district.

For a local school district board of education or board of school estimate that has elected to raise their minimum tax levy using the required local share provisions at N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-5(b), the loss of revenue resulting from the county having entered into a tax abatement agreement is indeterminate due to the complex nature of the calculation of required local share performed by the New Jersey Department of Education based upon district property value and wealth. Middlesex County has not entered into any tax abatement agreements, however, municipalities within the County have which has abated \$3,134,767 during calendar year 2018. Various municipalities were required to remit \$1,248,405 under statute to the County. None of those payments were due to the District.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **R. Subsequent Events**

Management has reviewed and evaluated all events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2019 and December 2, 2019, the date that the financial statements were available for issuance, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements, and no items have come to the attention of the District that would require disclosure.

#### 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

# Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including the lease purchase obligations and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 1,065,278
Lease purchase obligations	 9,930,257
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position – governmental activities	\$ 10,995,535

## 3. Deposits and Investments

New Jersey school districts are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey school districts. Additionally, the District has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at last equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

#### Deposits

New Jersey statutes require that school districts deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. School districts are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund and New Jersey Asset and Rebate Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Operating cash, in the form of Negotiable Order of Withdrawal ("NOW") accounts, is held in the District's name by commercial banking institutions. At June 30, 2019, the District's carrying amount of deposits was \$6,911,221 and the bank balance was \$7,528,537. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was secured by federal depository insurance. The New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA) covered the bank balance of \$6,343,911. \$684,626 held in the District agency accounts are not covered by GUDPA. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" ("GASB 40"), the District's operating cash accounts are profiled in order to determine exposure, if any, to Custodial Credit Risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty the District would not be able to recover the value of its deposits and investments). Deposits are considered to be exposed to Custodial Credit Risk if they are: uncollateralized (securities not pledged to the depositor), collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. The District does not have a policy for the management of custodial credit risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA. At least five percent of the District's deposits were fully collateralized by funds held by the financial institution, but not in the name of the District. Due to the nature of GUDPA, further information is not available regarding the full amount that is collateralized.

#### Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of investments; however, there are no investments held by the District at June 30, 2019:

- a. Bonds and other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank, which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund and New Jersey Asset and Rebate Management Fund.
- d. Bonds or other obligations of the School District.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

## 4. Capital Assets

The following schedule is a summarization of the governmental activities changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	D	ransfers/ visposals/ assifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 7,307,200				\$ 7,307,200
Construction in progress	832,363	\$1,372,102	\$	(777,243)	1,477,222
Total capital assets, not being	8,139,563	1,372,102		(777 242)	8,734,422
depreciated	0,139,505	1,372,102		(777,243)	0,734,422
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Site improvements	10,039,010	292,103			10,331,113
Buildings & building improvements	104,765,377	2,269,069		777,243	107,811,689
Machinery and equipment	19,426,574	651,634		(94,872)	19,983,336
Total capital assets being depreciated	134,230,961	3,212,806		682,371	138,126,138
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Site improvements	(4,598,306)	(439,467)			(5,037,773)
Buildings and building improvements	(40,707,229)	(2,736,361)			(43,443,590)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	(15,958,165)	(750,822)		94,872	(16,614,115)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,263,700)	(3,926,650)		94,872	(65,095,478)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	72,967,261	(713,844)		777,243	73,030,660
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$81,106,824	\$ 658,258	\$	-	\$81,765,082

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Regular instruction	\$	32,803
Vocational instruction		433,561
Support services		8,269
School administrative services		164,183
General administrative services		14,971
Plant operations and maintenance	е	97,035
Unallocated depreciation		3,175,828
	\$	3,926,650

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 4. Capital Assets (continued)

The following schedule is a summarization of business-type activities changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning			Ending		
	Balance		Increases		Balance	
Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Equipment	\$	101,682	\$	87,869	\$	189,551
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Equipment		(41,197)		(15,402)		(56,599)
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	60,485	\$	72,467	\$	132,952

## 5. Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences payable	\$1,034,274	\$ 230,684	\$ (199,680)	\$ 1,065,278	\$ 36,009
Lease purchase obligations	10,538,130		(607,873)	9,930,257	413,893
Subtotal	11,572,404	230,684	(807,553)	10,995,535	449,802
Net pension liability	17,011,424		(2,858,310)	14,153,115	
Governmental activity long-					
term liabilities	\$28,583,828	\$ 230,684	\$ (807,553)	\$ 25,148,650	\$ 449,802

The District expects to liquidate the compensated absences, lease purchase obligation and the net pension liability with payments made from the District's general fund.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

### 5. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

#### Bonds Payable and Bonds Authorized but Not Issued

As of June 30, 2019, the District had no bonds payable and no authorized but not issued bonds.

#### Debt issued by the County of Middlesex

Bonds for capital improvements are authorized in accordance with State law by the County of Middlesex Board of Chosen Freeholders by adopting a bond ordinance. All bonds are retired in serial installments within the statutory period of usefulness. Bonds issued by the County of Middlesex are general obligation bonds of the County of Middlesex and therefore are not recorded as debt of the District. As of June 30, 2019, debt outstanding and recorded in the financial statements of the County of Middlesex related to the District amounted to \$26,640,000.

#### Lease Purchase Obligations Payable

In April of 2015, the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical School District (the Lessee) entered into a lease purchase agreement with TD Equipment Finance, Inc. (the Lessor) to finance the undertaking of an Energy Savings Improvement Program (ESIP) in order to acquire and install certain energy conservation measures and equipment at its facilities located at the East Brunswick Campus and Piscataway Campus.

Under the lease, the District is required to pay basic rent due on each January 15 and July 15, which commenced on July 15, 2015 and will conclude on January 15, 2035. The lease carries an interest rate of 2.5185%. The total principal amount of the lease was \$11,300,000.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 5. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

<u>Future Minimum Lease Payments</u> - Future minimum lease payments under the lease purchase agreement along with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019 are:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Amount				
2020	\$	661,420			
2021		658,899			
2022		661,140			
2023		679,559			
2024		698,485			
2025 through 2029		3,729,379			
2030 through 2034	4	4,257,433			
2035		938,777			
Total Minimum Lease Payments	1	2,285,092			
Less: Amount representing interest	(2	2,354,835)			
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease					
Payments =	\$ 9	9,930,257			

All lease purchase obligations are presented on Schedule I-2 of this report.

#### 6. Pension Plans

#### **Description of Systems**

Substantially all of the District's employees participate in one of the following contributory defined benefit public employee retirement systems which have been established by State statute: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). These systems are sponsored and administered by the State of New Jersey. The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund Retirement System is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan, with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Board and the system's other related non-contributing employers. The Public Employees' Retirement System is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### **Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund**

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established in January 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time public school employees in the State. Membership is mandatory for such employees and vesting occurs after 10 years of service for pension benefits and 25 years for health care coverage. Age eligibility and benefit provisions were affected by Chapters 92 and 103, P.L. 2007, Chapter 89, P.L. 2008, Chapter 1, P.L. 2010, and Chapter 78, P.L. 2011. Members are classified into one of five tiers dependent upon the date of their enrollment. Tier 1, 2 and 3 members are eligible to retire at age 60, 60, and 62, respectively, with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/55<sup>th</sup> of the average annual compensation for the highest three fiscal years' compensation for each year of membership during years of credited service. Tier 4 and 5 members are eligible to retire at age 62 and 65, respectively, with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/60<sup>th</sup> of the average annual compensation for the highest five fiscal years' compensation for each year of membership during years of credited service. Anyone who retires early and is under their respective tier's retirement age receives retirement benefits as calculated in the above mentioned formulas but at a reduced rate in accordance with applicable New Jersey Statute based upon their tier.

#### Public Employee's Retirement System

The Public Employees' Retirement System was established in January 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county, municipality, school Board or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another State-administered retirement system. Age eligibility and benefit provisions were affected by Chapters 92 and 103, P.L. 2007, Chapter 89, P.L. 2008, Chapter 1, P.L. 2010, and Chapter 78, P.L. 2011. Members are classified into one of five tiers dependent upon the date of their enrollment. Tier 1, 2 and 3 members are eligible to retire at age 60, 60, and 62, respectively with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/55<sup>th</sup> of the average annual compensation for the highest three fiscal years' compensation for retire at age 62 and 65, respectively with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/60<sup>th</sup> of the average annual compensation for the highest five fiscal years' compensation for each year of membership during years of credited service. Tier 4 and 5 members are eligible to retire at age 62 and 65, respectively with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/60<sup>th</sup> of the average annual compensation for the highest five fiscal years' compensation for each year of membership during years of credited service.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

Anyone who retires early and is under their respective tier's retirement age receives retirement benefits as calculated in the above mentioned formulas but at a reduced rate in accordance with applicable New Jersey Statute based upon their tier.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issued publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information for TPAF and PERS. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution policy is set by New Jersey State Statutes and contributions are required by active members and contributing members. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. Under the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, employee contribution rates for TPAF and PERS increased from 5.5% to 6.5% of employees' annual compensation. An additional increase is to be phased in over the next six years that will bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of employees' annual compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both the TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the Board is a non-contributing employer of the TPAF.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the State of New Jersey contributed \$5,039,748 to the TPAF for normal costs of pension and post-retirement medical benefits on behalf of the District. Also, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the District \$1,297,613 during the year ended June 30, 2019 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members as calculated on their base salaries. These amounts have been included in the government-wide fund financial statements.

The District's actuarially determined contributions to PERS for each of the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$714,989, \$676,991, and \$653,838, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

#### Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$14,153,115 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.0718815312 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0011966174 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized full accrual pension expense of \$792,605 in the government-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions	\$	2,332,199	\$	4,525,414
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		269,902		72,978
Changes in proportion		143,020		293,988
Difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments				132,757
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		683,607		
	\$	3,428,728	\$	5,025,137

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$683,607 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	5,118
2021		(74,366)
2022	(1	,014,875)
2023		(894,270)
2024		(301,623)
	\$(2	2,280,016)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2018
Inflation rate	2.25%
Salary increases	
Through 2026	1.65 - 4.15%
	Based on age
Thereafter	2.65 - 5.15%
	Based on age
Investment rate of return	7.00%

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 to 2013 using Projection Scale AA and using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 to 2013 using Projection Scale AA and using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

#### Long-Term Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Absolute return/risk mitigation	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
Public high yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%
	100.00%	

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year.

The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability – the following presents the net pension liability of PERS calculated using the discount rates as disclosed above as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage rate higher than the current rate:

	At 1%	6 At Current		At 1%
	Decrease (4.66%)	Discount Rate (5.66%)		Increase (6.66%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 17,795,911	\$ 14,153,115	\$	11,097,042

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Additional Information

Collective balances of the Local Group at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,684,852,302
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 7,646,736,226
Net pension liability	\$ 19,689,501,539
District's proportion	0.0718815312%

Collective pension expense for the Local Group for the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is \$1,099,708,157.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pension through the pension plan (active and inactive employees) determined at June 30, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 is 5.63, 5.48, 5.57, 5.72 and 6.44 years, respectively.

#### Teachers Pensions and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers.

However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability associated with the District as of June 30, 2018 was \$107,449,950. The District's proportionate share was \$0. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District was based on a projection of the State's long-term contributions to the pension plan associated with the District relative to the projected contributions by the State associated with all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability associated with the District was a decrease of 0.0012231902 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized on-behalf pension expense and revenue in the government-wide financial statements of \$6,263,956 for contributions incurred by the State.

#### Actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2018
Inflation rate	2.25%
Salary increases	
2011-2026	1.55 – 4.55%
-	
Thereafter	2.00 – 5.45%
Investment rate of	
return	7.00%
letuin	1.00 /0

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

#### Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Absolute return/risk mitigation	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
Public high yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%
	100.00%	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.86 percent) than the current rate:

	At 1%	At Current	At 1%
	Decrease (3.86%)	Discount Rate (4.86%)	Increase (5.86%)
	(3.00 %)	(4.00 /0)	(5.00 %)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 127,003,800	\$ 107,449,950	\$ 91,240,284

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial report.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 6. Pension Plans (continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

#### **Additional Information**

Collective balances of the Local Group at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net pension liability	\$ 12,675,037,111 16,381,811,884 63,806,350,446
District's proportion	0.1688990540%

Collective pension expense for the plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is \$3,720,032,991.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pension through the pension plan (active and inactive employees) determined at June 30, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 is 8.3, 8.3, 8.3, 8.3 and 8.5 years, respectively.

#### 7. Post-Retirement Benefits

#### **Plan Description**

The District participates in the New Jersey State Health Benefits Program (the "SHBP"), a multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits. SHBP provide medical, prescription drug, mental health/substance abuse and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents. The State Health Benefits Program Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et.seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 7. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

The State of New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SHBP. That report may be obtained by writing to Division of Pension and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, NJ 08625-0295.

#### **Funding Policy**

P.L. 1987, c.384 and P.L. 1990, c.6 required Teachers' Pensions and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), respectively, to fund post-retirement medical benefits for those state employees who retire after accumulating 25 years of credited service or on a disability retirement. P.L. 2007, c.103 amended the law to eliminate the funding of post-retirement medical benefits through the TPAF and PERS. It created separate funds outside of the pension plans for the funding and payment of post-retirement medical benefits for retired state employees and retired educational employees. The cost of these benefits is funded through contributions by the State in accordance with P.L. 1994, c.62. Funding of post-retirement medical benefits changed from a pre-funding basis to a pay-as-you-go basis beginning in Fiscal Year 1994. The State's contributions to the SHBP for post-retirement benefits on behalf of the District for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,571,329, \$1,645,471, and \$1,594,415, respectively, which equaled the regional contributions for each year.

As the employer contributions for local government education employers are legally required to be funded by the State, this constitutes a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable P.L. 1992, c.126, which provides employer paid health benefits to members of PERS and the Alternate Benefit Program (APB) who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service.

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et.seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

The State provides OPEB benefits through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 7. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

#### Total OPEB Liability

The nonemployer OPEB liability from New Jersey's plan is \$46,110,832,982.

The following members were covered by the benefit terms:

Local Education	June 30, 2018
Active Plan Members	217,131
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	145,050
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	
Total Plan Members	362,181

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The District's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the District did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. The State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District as of June 30, 2018 was \$85,463,086 or 0.19%. Additional information can be obtained from the State of New Jersey's comprehensive annual financial report.

#### Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 7. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

Inflation rate	2.50%		
	TPAF/ABP	PERS	
Salary increases:			
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.55%	2.15 - 4.15%	
	based on years of service	based on age	
Thereafter	2.00 - 5.45% based on years of service	3.15 - 5.15% based on age	

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based in the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvements projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2015, and July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2014 for TPAF and PERS, respectively.

100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage are assumed to continue with that coverage. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement, having a coverage blend of 85% and 15% in PPO and HMO, respectively.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 7. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

#### Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after seven years. For Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

#### Changes in the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The following represents the change in the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability associated with the District:

Balance at June 30, 2018		\$133,724,194
Increased by:		
Service cost	\$5,468,581	
Interest cost	4,943,956	
Member contributions	78,982	
		10,491,519
		144,215,713
Decreased by:		
Changes of assumptions	9,807,317	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	46,660,058	
Gross benefit payments	2,285,252	
		58,752,627
Balance at June 30, 2019		\$ 85,463,086

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 7. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

The State's proportionate share of deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the District at June 30, 2018 is \$1,267,090 and \$61,782,969, respectively.

The following represents sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rate.

	1	% Decrease (2.87%)	At C	urrent Discount Rate (3.87%)	1% Increase (4.87%)		
Net OPEB Liability (Allocable to the District and the responsibility of the							
State)	\$	101,034,765	\$	85,463,086	\$	73,085,209	

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates			1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability								
(Allocable to the District								
and the responsibility of the								
State)	\$	70,640,218	\$	85,463,086	\$	105,066,896		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized on-behalf OPEB expense and revenue in the government-wide financial statements of \$1,871,346 for OPEB expenses incurred by the State.

Collective balances of the Education Group at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,377,313,892
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 16,189,378,926
Collective OPEB expense	\$ 2,129,660,368

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

#### New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The District has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method." Under this plan, the District is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The District is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

#### **Medical Benefits**

The District terminated its relationship during 2004 with the Middlesex County Joint Health Insurance Fund. Any resulting claims payable will be absorbed at the County level. The District is now using the State Employees' Health Benefits Program as their health insurance provider.

#### Worker's Compensation

The District was self-insured for its workers' compensation insurance through July 1, 2009. The claims administrator, Scibal Associates, established an annual rate based on expenses, projected claims and a margin for fluctuation, thereby providing a predictable monthly premium. Each month the District deposits this predetermined amount into an interest-bearing checking account. The claims are filed with Scibal and periodically the District pays those claims from this account. The District has acquired insurance which caps an individual claim at \$350,000, thus, limiting the District's exposure on a per claims basis. The incurred and unpaid claims are reflected on the statement of net position and general fund balance sheet as insurance claims payable. Changes in the District's insurance claims liability amount in fiscal years 2019, 2018, and 2017 were:

Year	Beginning of Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in <u>Estimates</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance at End <u>Of Year</u>
2018-2019	\$ 47,229		(10)	\$ 47,219
2017-2018	107,807	14,647	(75,225)	47,229
2016-2017	55,719	4,961	(52,873)	107,807

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### 9. Deferred Compensation

The Board offers its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plans, which are administered by the entities listed below, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plans are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account of each participant. The District has no liability for losses under the plan. Since the District does not hold the assets in a trustee capacity, the related assets are not included in the District's Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The administrators of the District's plans are Valic and Equitable.

#### 10. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The total interfund accounts receivables and payables for the District are as follows at June 30, 2019:

	Ir	nterfund	Ir	nterfund	
Fund	Re	eceivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	275,734	\$	584,486	
Special Revenue Fund				308,105	
Capital Projects Fund		332,400			
Enterprise Fund - Food Service		284,484			
Agency Fund				27	
	\$	892,618	\$	892,618	

The interfund payable in the special revenue fund represents an amount loaned from the general fund as a result of the reimbursement procedures under which the District must spend the funds before requesting reimbursement from the State of New Jersey. The interfunds between the general fund, capital projects fund, the enterprise fund – food service and the payroll agency fund represent short-term loans between the funds.

All interfunds are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### **11. Economic Dependency**

The District receives a substantial amount of its support from federal, state and county governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if this were to occur, could have an effect on the District's programs and activities.

#### 12. Contingent Liabilities

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2019 may be impaired. In addition, the District is receiving funding from the New Jersey Schools Development Authority (NJSDA), relating to its capital projects. The District is required to expend funds in accordance with its approved final eligible costs.

The costs associated with the funding received from the NJSDA are subject to a final review of eligible costs and compliance by the New Jersey Department of Education and the NJSDA. To the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the NJSDA funds or has not met the final eligible costs requirements, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2019 may be impaired.

In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations or final eligible cost requirements governing the respective grants or funding; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

The District is also involved in several claims and lawsuits incidental to its operations. In the opinion of the administration and legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### **13. Capital Reserve Account**

A capital reserve account was established by the District, in prior years, for the accumulation of funds for use as capital outlay expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. The capital reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget. Funds placed in the capital reserve account are restricted to capital projects in the District's approved Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP). Upon submission of the LRFP to the department, a district may increase the balance in the capital reserve by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes or by a Board approved transfer between June 1 and June 30 of each fiscal year. A district may also appropriate additional amounts when the express approval of the voters has been obtained either by a separate proposal at budget time or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-14.1(g), the balance in the account cannot at any time exceed the local support costs of uncompleted capital projects in its approved LRFP. The activity of the capital reserve for the July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 fiscal year is as follows:

Beginning Balance, June 30, 2018	\$ 475,100
June Deposit	475,000
Ending Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 950,100

At June 30, 2019, the amount deposited in the capital reserve account does not exceed the District's local share reported in its Long-Range Facility Plan.

#### 14. Restricted Assets

The amount classified as restricted assets (cash and cash equivalents) are funds set-aside in a capital reserve fund.

#### 15. Commitments

The District has contractual commitments at June 30, 2019 to various vendors, which are recorded in the general fund as fund balance assigned to other purposes in the amount of \$774,837.

In addition, the District has \$2,145,722 of contractual commitments at June 30, 2019 to vendors related to the ongoing construction projects, recorded as restricted for capital projects, in the capital projects fund.

## **Required Supplementary Information – Part II**

Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions and OPEBs (GASB 68 and 75)

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex Schedule of the Distric's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employee's Retirement System

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) - Local Group	0.0718815312%	0.0730781486%	0.0735984367%	0.0732122503%	0.0714014190%	0.0713357094%	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 14,153,115 \$	17,011,425 \$	21,797,746 \$	16,434,683 \$	13,368,298	\$ 13,633,671	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,081,261 \$	5,043,426 \$	5,139,312 \$	5,065,509 \$	4,991,828	\$ 4,921,659	\$ 4,893,029	\$ 4,948,467	\$ 5,275,784	\$ 5,191,673
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	278.54%	337.30%	424.14%	324.44%	267.80%	277.01%	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability - Local Group	53.60%	48.10%	40.14%	47.93%	52.08%	48.72%	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year-end.

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex Schedule of District Contributions Public Employee's Retirement System

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 714,9	89 \$	685,623 \$	676,991 \$	653,838 \$	629,429 \$	588,623 \$	537,500 \$	547,852 \$	586,443 \$	587,880
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(714,9	89)	(685,623)	(676,991)	(653,838)	(629,429)	(588,623)	(537,500)	(547,852)	(586,443)	(587,880)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,085,4	13 \$	5,081,261 \$	5,043,426 \$	5,139,312 \$	5,065,509 \$	4,991,828 \$	4,921,659 \$	4,893,029 \$	4,948,467 \$	5,275,784
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.0	6%	13.49%	13.42%	12.72%	12.43%	11.79%	10.92%	11.20%	11.85%	11.14%

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex Schedule of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated With the District Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
State's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District - Local Group	0.1688990540%	0.1701222442%	0.1720627833%	0.1733467542%	0.1725283819%	0.1830768662%	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	; -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	\$ 107,449,950 \$	114,702,551 \$	135,355,541 \$	109,562,551 \$	92,210,805	\$ 92,525,608	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	\$ 107,449,950 \$	114,702,551 \$	135,355,541 \$	109,562,551 \$	92,210,805	\$ 92,525,608	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	26.49%	25.41%	22.33%	28.71%	33.64%	33.76%	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year-end.

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Covered payroll information is not presented since the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is a special funding situation in which the District does not make contributions to this plan.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex Schedule of the State's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability Associated With the District State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	Year	Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018		
State's proportion of the OPEB Liability associated with the District		0.19%		0.25%	
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	
State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability associated with the District		85,463,086		133,724,194	
Total proportionate share of the OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	85,463,086	\$	133,724,194	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	133,724,194	\$	142,358,487	
Increased by: Service cost Interest cost Member contributions		5,468,581 4,943,956 78,982		6,534,945 4,201,250 114,052	
Decreased by: Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experiences Gross benefit payments		144,215,713 9,807,317 46,660,058 2,285,252		153,208,734 16,387,204 - 3,097,336	
Balance, end of year	\$	85,463,086	\$	133,724,194	
Covered by employee payroll	\$	22,954,009	\$	22,566,052	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll.		372.32%		592.59%	

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year-end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

See Note to Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

**Benefit Changes** 

There were none.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.00% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.66% as of June 30, 2018.

#### 2. TEACHERS PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND

**Benefit Changes** 

There were none.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.25% as of June 30, 2017 to 4.86% as of June 30, 2018.

#### 3. NONEMPLOYER OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE STATE HEALTH BENEFIT LOCAL EDUCATION RETIRED EMPLOYEES PLAN

**Benefit Changes** 

There were none.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

# **Required Supplementary Information – Part III**

**Budgetary Comparison Schedules** 

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES					
Local Sources:	¢ 00.007.050		¢ 00.007.050	¢ 00.007.050	
Local Tax Levy	\$ 26,837,956		\$ 26,837,956 712.600	\$ 26,837,956 507,425	\$ (205,175)
Tuition Charges Miscellaneous	712,600 461,030		461,030	557,440	\$ (205,175) 96,410
Total - Local Sources	28,011,586	<u> </u>	28,011,586	27,902,821	(108,765)
	20,011,000		20,011,000	21,302,021	(100,703)
State Sources:					
Equalization Aid	12,182,856		12,182,856	12,182,856	
Special Education Categorical Aid	1,421,678		1,421,678	1,421,678	
Security Aid	592,489		592,489	592,489	
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)				1,297,613	1,297,613
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)				3,464,142	3,464,142
TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contribution	44.407.000		44.407.000	1,575,606	1,575,606
Total State Sources	14,197,023	<u> </u>	14,197,023	20,534,384	6,337,361
Federal Sources:					
Medicaid Reimbursement	52,026		52.026	22.874	(29.152)
Medicaid Admin Clearing Reimbursement	,		,	7,842	7,842
Total Federal Sources	52,026	-	52,026	30,716	(21,310)
Total Revenues	42,260,635		42,260,635	48,467,921	6,207,286
EXPENDITURES: Current Expenditures: Regular Programs - Instruction					
Grades 9-12 - Salaries of Teachers	5,539,589	\$ (40,000)	5,499,589	5,454,740	44.849
Purchased Educational Services	25.000	(15,000)	10.000	-,,	10.000
Other Purchased Services	3,907	( - / /	3,907		3,907
General Supplies	262,500	318,737	581,237	479,473	101,764
Textbooks	126,250		126,250	95,864	30,386
Other Objects	4,000		4,000		4,000
Regular Programs - Home Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	35,000		35,000	20,447	14,553
Purchased Educational Services	20,000	263.737	20,000	<u>14,390</u> 6.064.914	5,610
Total Regular Programs	6,016,246	263,737	6,279,983	6,064,914	215,069
Bilingual Education - Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	138,540	(8,000)	130,540	105,020	25,520
General Supplies	3,820	(-//	3,820	457	3,363
Total Bilingual Education - Instruction	142,360	(8,000)	134,360	105,477	28,883
Regular Vocational Programs - Local - Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	2,881,487	20,000	2,901,487	2,889,984	11,503
Purchased Professional-Educational Services Other Purchased Services	25,000 367,350	(3,000) 15,000	22,000 382,350	3,850 363,377	18,150 18,973
General Supplies	527,600	111,918	639,518	541.419	98.099
Textbooks	32,450	5,000	37.450	35.415	2.035
Other Objects	4,000	3,750	7,750	6,731	1,019
Total Regular Vocational Programs - Local - Instruction	3,837,887	152,668	3,990,555	3,840,776	149,779
Special Vocational Programs - Local - Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	3,425,625	(75,000)	3,350,625	3,270,340	80,285
Purchased Professional-Educational Services	5,000		5,000		5,000
Other Purchased Services	207,785	15,000	222,785	212,970	9,815
General Supplies	309,537	9,713	319,250	261,382	57,868
Textbooks	30,000	(4,817)	25,183	22,362	2,821
Other Objects	4,000	(FE 404)	4,000	400	3,600
Total Special Vocational Programs - Local - Instruction	3,981,947	(55,104)	3,926,843	3,767,454	159,389

School-Spon. Co curricular Actvts Instruction Salaries General Supplies		Budget Transfers		Budget		Actual	Final to Actual
General Supplies	\$ 158,696	\$	15.000	\$ 173,6	96 \$	171,200	\$ 2,496
	7,500	φ	(1,000)	¢ 173,0 6,5		1,229	φ 2,490 5,271
Other Objects	19,000		9,000	28,0		27,576	424
Transfers to Cover Deficit (Agency Funds)	2,000			2,0			2,000
Total School-Spon. Co curricular Actvts Instruction	187,196		23,000	210,1	96	200,005	10,191
School-Spon. Athletics - Instruction							
Salaries	348,250			348,2		339,096	9,154
Purchased Services	46,540		E E04	46,5		43,445	3,095
Supplies and Materials Other Objects	92,020 25,600		5,501	97,5 25,6		81,815 22,348	15,706 3,252
Total School-Spon. Athletics - Instruction	512,410		5,501	517,9		486,704	31,207
Total Instruction	14,678,046	3	381,802	15,059,8	48	14,465,330	594,518
Undistributed Expenditures:							
Undist. Expend Health Services							
Salaries	396,185		15,000	411,1		410,524	661
Purchased Professional Services	45,000		15,000	60,0		56,387	3,613
Supplies and Materials	17,500			17,5		11,573	5,927
Other Objects Total Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services	1,000 459,685		30,000	<u> </u>		199 478,683	801
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services	459,085		30,000	489,6		478,083	11,002
Undist. Expend Other Supp. Serv. Students - Related Serv. Salaries of Other Professional Staff	74.438		6.000	80.4	28	74.837	5.601
Educational Services	1,000		0,000	1,0		74,037	1,000
Supplies and Materials	3.000		262	3.2		1.389	1,873
Total Undist. ExpendOther Supp. Serv. Students-Related Serv.	78,438		6,262	84,7		76,226	8,474
Undist. Expend Guidance							
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	959,744	1	105,000	1,064,7	44	1,060,954	3,790
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	218,940			218,9		218,364	576
Unused Vacation Payment	500				00		500
Other Purchased and Technical Services	2,000			2,0			2,000
Other Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	2,500			2,5		100	2,400
Other Objects	23,500 5,000			23,5 5,0		18,827 500	4,673 4,500
Total Undist. Expend Guidance	1,212,184	1	105,000	1,317,1		1,298,745	18,439
Undist. Expend Child Study Teams							
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	680,181	(1	105,000)	575,1	31	544,371	30,810
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	230,519		(2,000)	228,5	19	213,523	14,996
Unused Vacation Payment	500		2,000	2,5		1,802	698
Other Purchased and Technical Services	15,000		2,000	17,0		16,545	455
Other Purchased Services	6,400			6,4		0.074	6,400
Supplies and Materials Other Objects	7,700		2,000	9,7		6,371	3,329 2,750
Total Undist. Expend Child Study Teams	2,750 943,050	(1	101,000)	2,7		782,612	59,438
Undist. Expend Improvement of Inst. Serv.							
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	411,500			411,5	00	389,178	22,322
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	101,600		(2,000)	99,6		81,303	18,297
Unused Vacation Payment	500		2,000	2,5		1,347	1,153
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	8,875			8,8		1,306	7,569
Other Purchased Prof. and Tech. Services	10,650		(7,500)	3,1			3,150
Other Purchased Services	6,500			6,5		3,340	3,160
Supplies and Materials	19,000		491 750	19,4		4,810	14,681
Other Objects Total Undist. Expend Improvement of Inst. Serv.	1,900 560,525		(6,259)	<u>2,6</u> 554,2		400 481,684	2,250 72,582
Undist. Expend Edu. Media Serv./Sch. Library							
Salaries	366,115		5,000	371,1	15	370,160	955
Supplies and Materials	52,000		10,000	62,0		52,447	9,553
Total Undist. Expend Edu. Media Serv./Sch. Library	418,115		15,000	433,1		422,607	10,508

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual	
Undist. Expend Instructional Staff Training Serv.						
Salaries of Supervisors of Instruction	\$ 72,618	\$ 1,000	\$ 73,618	\$ 73,030	\$ 588	
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	17,929	(1,000)	16,929	14,348	2,581	
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	24,375	12,450	36,825	24,865	11,960	
Other Purchased Prof. and Tech. Services	650	4 000	650	40.005	650	
Other Purchased Services	17,500	1,000	18,500	16,835	1,665	
Supplies and Materials	3,000		3,000		3,000	
Other Objects	2,000	13,450	2,000	400.070	2,000	
Total Undist. Expend Instructional Staff Training Serv.	138,072	13,450	151,522	129,078	22,444	
Undist. Expend Supp. Serv General Admin.		(				
Salaries	569,841	(35,000)	534,841	505,887	28,954	
Other Purchased Professional Services	55,400	40,000	95,400	81,400	14,000	
Purchased Technical Services	159,000	119,350	278,350	185,770	92,580	
Communications/Telephone	267,400	(35,000)	232,400	205,889	26,511	
BOE Other Purchased Services	5,500	(4.000)	5,500	3,237	2,263	
Other Purchased Services	135,320	(1,000)	134,320	109,179	25,141	
Supplies and Materials	30,000	3,128	33,128	20,393	12,735	
BOE Meeting Supplies	3,000	04.000	3,000	00.000	3,000	
Miscellaneous Expenditures	50,775	24,000	74,775	66,202	8,573	
BOE Membership Dues and Fees	36,500	1,000	37,500	36,714	786	
Total Undist. Expend Supp. Serv General Admin.	1,312,736	116,478	1,429,214	1,214,671	214,543	
Undist. Expend Support Serv School Admin.						
Salaries of Principals/Assistant Principals	2,026,055	35,000	2,061,055	2,055,711	5,344	
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	646,331	(20,000)	626,331	612,791	13,540	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	500		500		500	
Other Purchased Services	20,500	30,000	50,500	47,630	2,870	
Supplies and Materials	132,363	57,989	190,352	98,188	92,164	
Other Objects	14,000	20,000	34,000	24,362	9,638	
Total Undist. Expend Support Serv School Admin.	2,839,749	122,989	2,962,738	2,838,682	124,056	
Undist. Expend Support ServCentral Services						
Salaries	788,852	(35,000)	753,852	707,341	46,511	
Purchased Professional Services	500		500		500	
Purchased Technical Services	500		500		500	
Other Purchased Services	32,400		32,400	28,712	3,688	
Supplies and Materials	28,100	1,075	29,175	23,410	5,765	
Other Objects	4,000	(******)	4,000	2,580	1,420	
Total Undist. Expend Support ServCentral Services	854,352	(33,925)	820,427	762,043	58,384	
Undist. Expend Support Serv Admin. Info. Technology						
Salaries	528,730	25,000	553,730	553,546	184	
Purchased Professional Services	1,000		1,000		1,000	
Purchased Technical Services	4,500		4,500	850	3,650	
Other Purchased Services	12,500	67	12,567	3,525	9,042	
Supplies and Materials	102,500	87,133	189,633	121,076	68,557	
Other Objects	1,000		1,000		1,000	
Total Undist. Expend Support Serv Admin. Info. Technology	650,230	112,200	762,430	678,997	83,433	
Undist. Expend Required Maint. For Sch. Facilities						
Salaries	507,080	(110,000)	397,080	379,769	17,311	
Unused Vacation Payment	500		500		500	
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	490,392	296,909	787,301	464,028	323,273	
General Supplies	149,500	55,360	204,860	162,230	42,630	
Total Undist. Expend Required Maint. For Sch. Facilities	1,147,472	242,269	1,389,741	1,006,027	383,714	

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers			Variance Final to Actual	
Undist. Expend Oth. Oper. & Maint. of Plant	¢ 4.040.040		¢ 1.010.040	¢ 4.005.044	\$ 46,498	
Salaries Unused Vacation Payment	\$ 1,912,342 500	\$ 5.000	\$ 1,912,342 5,500	\$ 1,865,844 4.383	\$ 46,498 1,117	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	400.000	\$ 5,000 65,587	465,587	390,430	75,157	
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	314,423	80,833	395,256	381,769	13,487	
Lease Purchase Payment - ESIP	870,000	,	870,000	868,831	1,169	
Other Purchased Property Services	130,900	70,000	200,900	168,383	32,517	
Insurance	267,500		267,500	235,727	31,773	
Miscellaneous Purchased Services	5,000		5,000	2,000	3,000	
General Supplies	162,500	(17,558)	144,942	129,056	15,886	
Energy (Natural Gas)	311,055	40,000	351,055	325,862	25,193	
Energy (Electricity) Other Objects	1,163,458	E 000	1,163,458	1,110,556	52,902	
Total Undist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	<u> </u>	<u>5,000</u> 248,862	<u>20,000</u> 5,801,540	<u>17,581</u> 5,500,422	2,419 301,118	
Total ondist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	5,552,076	240,002	5,601,540	5,500,422	301,110	
Care and Upkeep of Grounds						
Salaries	483,052		483,052	474,210	8,842	
Unused Vacation Payment	500 500		500 500		500 500	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	500 170,000	20 674	500 198,674	165 070		
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services General Supplies	70,000	28,674 715	70,715	165,872 52,617	32,802 18,098	
Other Objects	1,000	715	1,000	190	810	
Total Care and Upkeep of Grounds	725,052	29,389	754,441	692,889	61,552	
				· · · · · ·		
Security Purchased Professional and Technical Services	310.000	15.000	325,000	311,591	13.409	
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	27,500	10,000	37,500	21,505	15,995	
General Supplies	15,000	30,000	45,000	11,549	33,451	
Other Objects	1,000		1,000	1,000	-	
Total Security	353,500	55,000	408,500	345,645	62,855	
Undist. Expend Student Transportation Serv.						
Contract Services (Other than Between Home & Sch) - Vendors	186,165	46,000	232,165	213,877	18,288	
Total Undist. Expend Student Transportation Serv.	186,165	46,000	232,165	213,877	18,288	
Unallocated Benefits						
Social Security Contributions	505,000		505,000	493,773	11,227	
Other Retirement Contributions - Regular	710.000	10.000	720.000	718,799	1.201	
Unemployment Compensation	92,440	(25,000)	67,440	31,052	36,388	
Workmen's Compensation	354,500	(70,000)	284,500	254,575	29,925	
Health Benefits	7,577,189	(600,000)	6,977,189	6,722,218	254,971	
Tuition Reimbursement	100,000	5,000	105,000	93,596	11,404	
Unused Sick Payment	80,000		80,000	61,950	18,050	
Total Unallocated Benefits	9,419,129	(680,000)	8,739,129	8,375,963	363,166	
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)				1,297,613	(1,297,613)	
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)				3,464,142	(3,464,142)	
TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contribution				1,575,606	(1,575,606)	
Total On-behalf Contributions				6,337,361	(6,337,361)	
Total Personal Services-Employee Benefits	9,419,129	(680,000)	8,739,129	14,713,324	(5,974,195)	
Total Undistributed Expenditures	26,851,132	321,715	27,172,847	31,636,212	(4,463,365)	
Total General Current Expense	41,529,178	703,517	42,232,695	46,101,542	(3,868,847)	
CAPITAL OUTLAY:						
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services						
Archeticture/Engineering Services	35,000	(35,000)				
Construction Services	365,000	35,000	400,000	400,000		
Assessment for Debt Serv on SDA Funding	98,382		98,382	98,382		
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	498,382		498,382	498,382		
Total Capital Outlay	498,382		498,382	498,382	<u> </u>	

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Special Schools:					
Post - Secondary Programs - Instruction	¢ 000.005		\$ 683,605	¢ 070 500	¢ 1.000
Salaries of Teachers Purchased Prof. and Tech. Services	\$ 683,605 5,800		\$ 683,605 5,800	\$ 679,599	\$ 4,006 5.800
Other Purchased Services	5,200		5,200		5,200
General Supplies	65.500	\$ (27,000)	38,500	24,781	13,719
Textbooks	4,675	φ (21,000)	4,675	24,701	4,675
Other Objects	3,200		3,200		3,200
Total Post - Secondary Programs - Instruction	767,980	(27,000)	740,980	704,380	36,600
Post - Secondary Programs - Support Services Salaries	82,545		82.545	82,545	
Unused Vacation Payment	500		500	02,040	500
Other Purchased Services	2,000		2,000		2,000
Supplies and Materials	4,000		4,000		4,000
Other Objects	2,000		2,000	140	1,860
Total Post - Secondary Programs - Support Services	91,045		91,045	82,685	8,360
Total Post - Secondary Programs	859,025	(27,000)	832,025	787,065	44,960
Vocational Evening-Local-Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	219,213		219,213	180,180	39,033
Other Salaries for Instruction	1,000		1,000		1,000
General Supplies	84,900		84,900	13,978	70,922
Textbooks	16,300		16,300		16,300
Total Vocational Evening-Local-Instruction	321,413		321,413	194,158	127,255
Vocational Evening-Local-Support Serv.	000 407		000 407	004 500	40.554
Salaries Unused Vacation Payment	300,137 500		300,137 500	281,586	18,551 500
Supplies and Materials	23,750	1,407	25,157	6,706	18,451
Other Objects	28,250	2,500	30,750	29,238	1,512
Total Vocational Evening-Local-Support Serv.	352,637	3,907	356,544	317,530	39,014
Total Vocational Evening-Local	674,050	3,907	677,957	511,688	166,269
Total Special Schools	1,533,075	(23,093)	1,509,982	1,298,753	211,229
Total Expenditures	43,560,635	680,424	44,241,059	47,898,677	(3,657,618)
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	(1,300,000)	(680,424)	(1,980,424)	569,244	2,549,668
Fund Balance, July 1	5,008,912		5,008,912	5,008,912	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,708,912	\$ (680,424)	\$ 3,028,488	\$ 5,578,156	\$ 2,549,668
Recapitulation of (deficiency) excess of revenues					
(under) over expenditures					
Budgeted fund balance	\$ (1,300,000)		\$ (1,300,000)	\$ 1,249,668	\$ 2,549,668
Adjustment for prior year encumbrances		\$ (680,424)	(680,424)	(680,424)	
Total	\$ (1,300,000)	\$ (680,424)	\$ (1,980,424)	\$ 569,244	\$ 2,549,668
Recapitulation of fund balance:					
Restricted Fund Balance: Capital reserve account - restricted				\$ 950,100	
Excess Surplus - Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures				\$ 950,100 81,788	
Excess Surplus - Current Year				59,540	
Assigned Fund Balance:				,	
Year-end encumbrances - assigned				774,837	
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - assigned				1,218,212	
Unassigned Fund Balance				2,493,679	
				5,578,156	
Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statements (GAAP):				(4 400 005)	
Last State Aid Payments not recognized on GAAP basis Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)				(1,409,865) \$ 4,168,291	
r und balance per Governmentar r unus (GAAF)				<del>φ 4</del> ,100,291	

	Original Budget		Budget Fransfers	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Final to Actual	
REVENUES:									
Local Sources	\$ 392,532	\$	5,169	\$	397,701	\$	169,572	\$	(228,129)
State Sources	384,926				384,926		248,256		(136,670)
Federal Sources	 2,423,769		121,162		2,544,931		2,338,942		(205,989)
Total Revenues	 3,201,227		126,331		3,327,558		2,756,770		(570,788)
EXPENDITURES:									
Instruction									
Salaries of Teachers	870,374		(22,728)		847,646		739,301		108,345
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	103,700				103,700		43,076		60,624
Other Purchased Services	9,200				9,200		2.200		7,000
General Supplies	480,685		(2,730)		477,955		342,325		135,630
Total Instruction	 1,463,959		(25,458)		1,438,501		1,126,902		311,599
Support Services									
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	605,128		7,861		612,989		526,024		86,965
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	329,711		33,392		363,103		344,913		18,190
Other Purchased Professional Services	125,408		56,711		182,119		107,967		74,152
Travel	12,081		(590)		11,491		4,574		6,917
Other Purchased Services	138,117		21,683		159,800		104,942		54,858
Supplies & Materials	 29,100		(969)		28,131		10,024		18,107
Total Support Services	 1,239,545		118,088		1,357,633		1,098,444		259,189
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services									
Instructional Equipment	 497,723		33,701		531,424		531,424		-
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	 497,723		33,701		531,424		531,424		-
Total Expenditures	 3,201,227	·	126,331	·	3,327,558		2,756,770		570,788
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	General Fund				Special Revenue Fund
Sources/inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue"	10 41	¢	40,407,004	10.01	¢ 0.750.770
from the budgetary comparison schedule Difference - budgetary to GAAP:	[C-1]	\$	48,467,921	[C-2]	\$ 2,756,770
State aid payments recognized for budgetary purposes, not recognized for GAAP statements Prior year			1,374,482		
Current year			(1,409,865)		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$	48,432,538	[B-2]	\$ 2,756,770

Supplementary Information

Special Revenue Fund

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total Brought Forward (Ex. E-1a)	Title I Part A Regular Program	I R	Title II Part A egular rogram	R	itle IV egular rogram	I.D.E.A Part B Regular Program	Pa	County Voc artnership Grant Cohort 3	Scho	VSCC ool Health oject Pl	Scho	/SCC ol Health ect WB	En Se	rl Perkins titlement condary ram Federal	Ent	Perkins itlement condary im Reserve		Totals
REVENUES: Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources Total Revenues	\$ 169,572 147,110 <u>309,547</u> \$ 626,229	\$ 548,271 \$ 548,271	\$	75,237 75,237	\$	9,781 9,781	\$ 576,821 \$ 576,821	\$ \$	101,146	\$	1,720 1,720	\$	3,768 3,768	\$	739,386 739,386	\$	74,411 74,411	\$ \$	169,572 248,256 2,338,942 2,756,770
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Salaries of Teachers Purchased Professional and Technical Services Other Purchased Services General Supplies Total Instruction	\$ 122,869 - 2,200 74,510 199,579.00	\$ 326,201 78,314 404,515					\$ 149,826 <u>149,826</u>	\$	45,000 43,076 88,076			\$	198 198	\$	95,207 184,742 279,949	\$	4,759 4,759	\$	739,301 43,076 2,200 342,325 1,126,902
Support Services Salaries of Other Professional Staff Personal Services - Employee Benefits Other Purchased Professional & Technical Services Travel Other Purchased Services Supplies & Materials Total Support Services	233,650 56,013 16,795 4,574 53,728 8,432 373,192	6,720 100,643 35,111 <u>1,282</u> 143,756	\$	72,165 3,072 75,237	\$	9,781 9,781	276,974 150,021 426,995		4,657 8,413 13,070	\$	1,720		1,200 2,060 <u>310</u> 3,570		5,760 33,579 7,166 4,618 51,123				526,024 344,913 107,967 4,574 104,942 10,024 1,098,444
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Instructional Equipment Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Expenditures	53,458 53,458 \$ 626,229	\$ 548,271	\$	75,237	\$	9,781	\$ 576,821	\$	101,146	\$	1,720	\$	3,768	\$	408,314 408,314 739,386	\$	69,652 69,652 74,411	\$	531,424 531,424 2,756,770

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total Brought Forward (Ex. E-1b)	Carl Perkins Entitlement Postsecondary Program State	Apprentice Coordinator Program	Preapprentice Port Authority Grant	CTSO HOSA Grant	CTSO HOSA Grant Jul/Aug	Pre ETS Grant	Youth Transition to Work Grant	ACS HACH Professional Development Grant	Walmart Grant	Total Carried Forward
REVENUES: Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources Total Revenues	\$ 165,247 \$ 165,247	\$ 122,070 \$ 122,070	\$ 20,422 \$ 20,422	\$ 1,207 \$ 1,207	\$ 128,962 \$ 128,962	\$ 15,435 \$ 15,435	\$ 165,150 \$ 165,150	\$ 4,618 \$ 4,618	\$ 1,303 \$ 1,303	\$ 1,815 \$ 1,815	\$ 169,572 147,110 309,547 \$ 626,229
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Salaries of Teachers Purchased Professional and Technical Services Other Purchased Services General Supplies Total Instruction	\$ 58,481 2,200 3,911 64,592	\$ 68,612 68,612					\$ 64,388 				\$ 122,869 2,200 74,510 199,579
Support Services Salaries of Other Professional Staff Personal Services - Employee Benefits Other Purchased Professional & Technical Services Travel Other Purchased Services Supplies & Materials Total Support Services	53,000 18,790 4,775 - 23,890 200 100,655		\$ 14,800 95 3,645 1,882 20,422	\$ 1,207 	\$ 87,761 10,233 2,730 3,897 19,118 5,223 128,962	\$ 12,999 1,305 34 <u>1,097</u> 15,435	65,090 25,685 8,000 98,775	\$ 4,618 4,618	\$ 548 725 <u>30</u> 1,303	\$ 1,290 525 1,815	233,650 56,013 16,795 4,574 53,728 8,432 373,192
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Instructional Equipment Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Total Expenditures	\$ 165,247	53,458 53,458 \$ 122,070	\$ 20,422	\$ 1,207	\$ 128,962	\$ 15,435	<u>\$ 165,150</u>	\$ 4,618	\$ 1,303	\$ 1,815	53,458 53,458 \$ 626,229

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ade	Alcohol olescents Program		istainable y NJEA Grant		JSBAIG ety Grant		PSA Contest		ini Arts Grant		Inmate Ed legular rogram	ducation Carryover	Ado	Icohol lescents gram C/O		soll and and		Total Carried Forward
REVENUES: Local Sources Total Revenues	\$ \$	54,422 54,422	\$ \$	8,000 8,000	\$ \$	19,840 19,840	\$ \$	200 200	\$ \$	2,200 2,200	\$ \$	38,963 38,963	\$ 38,477 \$ 38,477	\$ \$	3,000 3,000	\$ \$	145 145	\$ \$	165,247 165,247
EXPENDITURES Instruction Salaries of Teachers Purchased Professional and Technical Services Other Purchased Services General Supplies Total Instruction	\$	3,597 3,597							\$	2,200	\$	29,530 53 29,583	\$ 28,951 <u>116</u> 			\$	<u>145</u> 145	\$	58,481 2,200 <u>3,911</u> 64,592
Support Services Salaries of Other Professional Staff Personal Services - Employee Benefits Other Purchased Professional & Technical Services Travel		45,000 4,775	\$	8,000								9,380	9,410						53,000 18,790 4,775
Other Purchased Services Supplies & Materials Total Support Services		1,050 50,825		8,000	\$	19,840 19,840	\$	200 200				9,380	9,410	\$	3,000 3,000				23,890 200 100,655
Total Expenditures	\$	54,422	\$	8,000	\$	19,840	\$	200	\$	2,200	\$	38,963	\$ 38,477	\$	3,000	\$	145	\$	165,247

**Capital Projects Fund** 

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Capital Projects Fund Summary Schedule of Project Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

Project Title/Issue	Original Date	Appropriations	Expend Prior Years	litures to Date Current Year	Unexpended Balance June 30, 2019
Insurance Reimbursements - Superstorm Sandy	7/1/2012	\$ 50,183			\$ 50,183
Capital Outlay - County	7/1/2012	3,100,000	\$ 3,047,	645 \$ 52,355	i
Capital Outlay - County	7/1/2013	3,100,000	3,044,	473 55,527	
Capital Outlay - County	7/1/2014	1,752,649	1,548,	996 156,169	47,484
ROD Grant East Brunswick Roof	7/1/2014	1,236,658	1,236,	658	
ROD East Brunswick Grant Science Lab	7/1/2014	423,140	423,	140	
ROD Grant East Brunswick Mechatronics	7/1/2014	503,461	503,	461	
Energy Savings Improvement Plan	7/1/2014	11,300,000	10,873,	103 81,117	345,780
Capital Outlay - County	7/1/2015	2,440,549	2,432,	533 8,016	i
ROD Grant Piscataway HVAC	7/1/2015	1,110,000	1,110,	000	
Capital Outlay - County	7/1/2016	3,000,000	3,000,	000	
E-Rate	7/1/2016	177,257	24,	605 81,363	71,289
Capital Outlay -County	7/1/2017	3,000,000	1,423,	143 1,576,857	
Capital Reserve Transfer	7/1/2017	450,000		155,386	294,614
Capital Outlay -County	7/1/2018	3,100,000		1,486,693	1,613,307
Interest and Miscellaneous Income	6/30/2019	32,831			32,831
		\$ 34,776,728	\$ 28,667,	757 \$ 3,653,483	\$ 2,455,488

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Capital Projects Fund Summary Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenue State Sources - SDA Grants County Capital Contribution Inerest Income Total Revenue	\$ (8,431) 3,100,000 <u>16,271</u> 3,107,840
Expenditures	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	313,381
Construction Services	3,208,849
Other Objects	11,043
Equipment Purchases	120,210
Total Expenditures	 3,653,483
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(545,643)
Fund Balance - Beginning - July 1	3,001,131
Fund Balance - Ending - June 30	\$ 2,455,488
-	

F-2

	P	rior Years	Cur	rent Year	Totals			
Revenue and Other Financing Sources County Capital Contribution - 2012/2013 Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	3,100,000 3,100,000			\$	3,100,000 3,100,000		
Expenditures Purchased Professional and Technical Services Construction Services		302,016 2,346,032	\$	52,355		302,016 2,398,387		
Other Objects Equipment Purchases Total Expenditures		8,640 <u>390,957</u> 3,047,645		52,355		8,640 <u>390,957</u> 3,100,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues Over (under) expenditures	\$	52,355	\$	(52,355)	\$	-		
Additional Project Information: Project Number Grant Date Bond Authorization Date Bonds Authorized Bonds Issued Original Eligible Cost Additional Eligible Cost Revised Eligible Cost	\$	N/A N/A N/A N/A 3,100,000 3,100,000						
Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost Percentage Completion Original Target Completion Date Revised Target Completion Date		0.00% 100% Jun-14 Complete						

	P	rior Years	Cur	rent Year	Totals			
Revenue and Other Financing Sources County Capital Contribution - 2013/2014 Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	3,100,000 3,100,000			\$	3,100,000 3,100,000		
Expenditures								
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		291,726				291,726		
Construction Services		2,347,664	\$	55,527		2,403,191		
Other Objects		10,341				10,341		
Equipment Purchases		394,742				394,742		
Total Expenditures		3,044,473		55,527		3,100,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Over (under) expenditures	\$	55,527	\$	(55,527)	\$	-		
Additional Project Information:								
Project Number		N/A						
Grant Date		N/A						
Bond Authorization Date		N/A						
Bonds Authorized		N/A						
Bonds Issued		N/A						
Original Eligible Cost	\$	3,100,000						
Additional Eligible Cost								
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	3,100,000						
Percentage Increase over Original								
Authorized Cost		0.00%						
Percentage Completion		100%						
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-15						
Revised Target Completion Date		Complete						

	P	rior Years	Cu	rrent Year	Totals		
Revenue and Other Financing Sources							
County Capital Contribution - 2014/2015	\$	1,726,107	\$	26,542	\$	1,752,649	
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		1,726,107		26,542		1,752,649	
Expenditures							
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		36,976				36,976	
Construction Services		1,203,873		156,169		1,360,042	
Other Objects		1,720				1,720	
Equipment Purchases		306,427				306,427	
Total Expenditures		1,548,996		156,169		1,705,165	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Over (under) expenditures	\$	177,111	\$	(129,627)	\$	47,484	
Additional Project Information:							
Project Number		N/A					
Grant Date		N/A					
Bond Authorization Date		N/A					
Bonds Authorized		N/A					
Bonds Issued		N/A					
Original Eligible Cost	\$	1,691,983					
Additional Eligible Cost		34,124					
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	1,726,107					
Percentage Increase over Original							
Authorized Cost		0.00%					
Percentage Completion		97%					
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-16					
Revised Target Completion Date		Jun-20					

	Prior Years		Current Year		Totals		
Revenue and Other Financing Sources State Sources - SDA Grants County Capital Contribution - 2014/2015	\$	505,956 740,547	\$	(3,996) (5,849)	\$	501,960 734,698	
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		1,246,503		(9,845)		1,236,658	
Expenditures							
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		108,138				108,138	
Construction Services		1,128,520				1,128,520	
Other Objects Equipment Purchases							
Total Expenditures		1,236,658		-		1,236,658	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Over (under) expenditures	\$	9,845	\$	(9,845)	\$	-	
Additional Project Information:							
Project Number	3150-0	040-14-1003-G04					
Grant Date		1/6/2014					
Bond Authorization Date		N/A					
Bonds Authorized		N/A					
Bonds Issued Original Eligible Cost	\$	N/A 1,470,000					
Additional Eligible Cost	φ	(233,342)					
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	1,236,658					
Percentage Increase over Original							
Authorized Cost		0.00%					
Percentage Completion		100%					
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-16					
Revised Target Completion Date		Complete					

	Prior Years		Cu	rrent Year	Totals		
Revenue and Other Financing Sources State Sources - SDA Grants County Capital Contribution - 2014/2015 Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	109,593 327,748 437,341	\$	(14,201) (14,201)	\$	109,593 313,547 423,140	
		107,071		(14,201)		420,140	
Expenditures							
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		38,212				38,212	
Construction Services		383,803				383,803	
Other Objects		1,125				1,125	
Equipment Purchases		423,140				423,140	
Total Expenditures		423,140		-		423,140	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Over (under) expenditures	\$	14,201	\$	(14,201)	\$	-	
Additional Project Information:	0450.0						
Project Number	3150-0	40-14-1002-G04					
Grant Date		1/6/2014					
Bond Authorization Date		N/A N/A					
Bonds Authorized Bonds Issued		N/A					
Original Eligible Cost	\$	270,000					
Additional Eligible Cost	Ψ	270,000					
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	270,000					
Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost		0.00%					
Percentage Completion		0.00%					
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-16					
Revised Target Completion Date		Complete					
Revised raiger completion date		Complete					

	Prior Years		Cur	rent Year	Totals		
Revenue and Other Financing Sources State Sources - SDA Grants County Capital Contribution - 2014/2015 Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	208,790 305,598 514,388	\$	(4,435) (6,492) (10,927)	\$	204,355 299,106 503,461	
Expenditures Purchased Professional and Technical Services Construction Services Other Objects Equipment Purchases Total Expenditures		47,956 452,880 2,625 503,461				47,956 452,880 2,625 503,461	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues Over (under) expenditures	\$	10,927	\$	(10,927)	\$	<u> </u>	
Additional Project Information: Project Number Grant Date Bond Authorization Date Bonds Authorized Bonds Issued Original Eligible Cost Additional Eligible Cost Revised Eligible Cost	3150-04 \$ \$	40-14-1001-G04 1/6/2014 N/A N/A 630,000 (126,539) 503,461					
Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost Percentage Completion Original Target Completion Date Revised Target Completion Date		0.00% 100% Jun-16 Complete					

	F	Prior Years		rent Year	Totals		
Revenue and Other Financing Sources Lease Purchases Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	<u>11,300,000</u> 11,300,000			\$	<u>11,300,000</u> 11,300,000	
Expenditures							
Purchased Professional and Technical Services Construction Services Other Objects Equipment Purchases		2,474,294 8,360,999 37,810	\$	26,967 54,150		2,501,261 8,415,149 37,810	
Total Expenditures		10,873,103		81,117		10,954,220	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues Over (under) expenditures	\$	426,897	\$	(81,117)	\$	345,780	
Additional Project Information:							
Project Number		N/A					
Grant Date Bond Authorization Date		N/A N/A					
Bonds Authorized		N/A N/A					
Bonds Issued		N/A					
Original Eligible Cost Additional Eligible Cost	\$	11,300,000					
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	11,300,000					
Percentage Increase over Original							
Authorized Cost		0.00%					
Percentage Completion		97%					
Original Target Completion Date Revised Target Completion Date		Jun-16 Jun-20					

	P	rior Years	Curr	ent Year	Totals		
Revenue and Other Financing Sources							
County Capital Contribution - 2015/2016	\$	2,440,549			\$	2,440,549	
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	<u> </u>	2,440,549			<u> </u>	2,440,549	
Expenditures							
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		167,860				167,860	
Construction Services		2,051,757				2,051,757	
Other Objects		9,923				9,923	
Equipment Purchases		202,993	\$	8,016		211,009	
Total Expenditures		2,432,533		8,016		2,440,549	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Over (under) expenditures	\$	8,016	\$	(8,016)	\$	-	
Additional Project Information:							
Project Number		N/A					
Grant Date		N/A					
Bond Authorization Date		N/A					
Bonds Authorized		N/A					
Bonds Issued		N/A					
Original Eligible Cost	\$	2,440,549					
Additional Eligible Cost							
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	2,440,549					
Percentage Increase over Original							
Authorized Cost		0.00%					
Percentage Completion		100%					
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-16					
Revised Target Completion Date		Complete					

	F	Prior Years	Current Year	Totals	
Revenue and Other Financing Sources State Sources - SDA Grants	\$	450,549		\$	450,549
County Capital Contribution - 2015/2016 Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		659,451 1,110,000	-		659,451 1,110,000
Expenditures					
Purchased Professional and Technical Services Construction Services Other Objects		154,604 955,396			154,604 955,396
Equipment Purchases Total Expenditures		1,110,000	-		1,110,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$-	\$	-
Additional Project Information:					
Project Number Grant Date Bond Authorization Date Bonds Authorized	3150-0	030-14-1004-G04 1/6/2014 N/A N/A			
Bonds Issued		N/A			
Original Eligible Cost Additional Eligible Cost	\$	1,110,000			
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	1,110,000			
Percentage Increase over Original					
Authorized Cost		0.00%			
Percentage Completion Original Target Completion Date		100% Jun-17			
Revised Target Completion Date		Complete			

	F	Prior Years	Current Year		Totals	
Revenue and Other Financing Sources County Capital Contribution - 2016/2017 E-Rate	\$	3,000,000 177,257		-	\$	3,000,000 177,257
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		3,177,257		-		3,177,257
Expenditures						
Purchased Professional and Technical Services Construction Services Other Objects Equipment Purchases Total Expenditures		165,272 2,443,194 6,737 409,402 3,024,605	\$	2,451 25,800 - 53,112 81,363		167,723 2,468,994 6,737 <u>462,514</u> 3,105,968
		-,- ,		- ,		-,,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues Over (under) expenditures	\$	152,652	\$	(81,363)	\$	71,289
Additional Project Information: Project Number Grant Date Bond Authorization Date Bonds Authorized Bonds Issued Original Eligible Cost Additional Eligible Cost Revised Eligible Cost	\$ \$	N/A N/A N/A N/A 3,000,000 177,257 3,177,257				
Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost Percentage Completion Original Target Completion Date Revised Target Completion Date		0.00% 98% Jun-17 Jun-20				

	F	Prior Years	С	urrent Year	Totals	
Revenue and Other Financing Sources County Capital Contribution - 2017/2018 Transfer from Capital Reserve	\$	3,000,000 450,000			\$	3,000,000 450,000
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		3,450,000	1	-		3,450,000
Expenditures						
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		260,118	\$	95,872		355,990
Construction Services		1,029,529		1,599,182		2,628,711
Other Objects		10,765		6,400		17,165
Equipment Purchases		122,731		30,789		153,520
Total Expenditures		1,423,143		1,732,243		3,155,386
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
Over (under) expenditures	\$	2,026,857	\$	(1,732,243)	\$	294,614
Additional Project Information:						
Project Number		N/A				
Grant Date		N/A				
Bond Authorization Date		N/A				
Bonds Authorized		N/A				
Bonds Issued		N/A				
Original Eligible Cost	\$	3,450,000				
Additional Eligible Cost						
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	3,450,000				
Percentage Increase over Original						
Authorized Cost		0.00%				
Percentage Completion		91%				
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-18				
Revised Target Completion Date		Jun-20				

	Prior Years			urrent Year	Totals	
Revenue and Other Financing Sources						
County Capital Contribution - 2018/2019 Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources			\$	<u>3,100,000</u> 3,100,000	\$	<u>3,100,000</u> 3,100,000
Expenditures						
Purchased Professional and Technical Services				188,091		188,091
Construction Services				1,265,666		1,265,666
Other Objects				4,643		4,643
Equipment Purchases				28,293		28,293
Total Expenditures		-		1,486,693		1,486,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
Over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,613,307	\$	1,613,307
Additional Project Information:						
Project Number		N/A				
Grant Date		N/A				
Bond Authorization Date		N/A				
Bonds Authorized		N/A				
Bonds Issued		N/A				
Original Eligible Cost	\$	3,100,000				
Additional Eligible Cost						
Revised Eligible Cost	\$	3,100,000				
Percentage Increase over Original						
Authorized Cost		0.00%				
Percentage Completion		48%				
Original Target Completion Date		Jun-19				
Revised Target Completion Date		Not determinable				

**Fiduciary Fund** 

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	-	Frust	Agency							
	Private-Purpose Scholarship Fund		Student Activity			Payroll		HOSA		Total Agency
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	6,028	\$	138,371	\$	609,775	\$	106,883 13,283	\$	855,029 13,283
Total assets		6,028	\$	138,371	\$	609,775	\$	120,166	\$	868,312
LIABILITIES Interfund payable Accounts Payable Other liabilities Payable to student groups Held on behalf of a third party Payroll deductions and withholdings payable			\$	138,371	\$	27 609,748	\$	32,619 823 86,724	\$	27 32,619 823 138,371 86,724 609,748
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	138,371	\$	609,775	\$	120,166	\$	868,312
<b>NET POSITION</b> Held in trust for scholarships Total net position	\$	6,028 6,028								

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Scholarship Fund			
ADDITIONS				
Investment earnings: Interest	\$	12		
Total additions		12		
DEDUCTIONS Bank service charges Total deductions		210 210		
Change in net position		(198)		
Net position—beginning of the year		6,226		
Net position—end of the year	\$	6,028		

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Schedule of Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements Student Activity Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schools	_	Balance ly 1, 2018	Cash Receipts		Disb	Cash oursements	Balance June 30, 201		
Perth Amboy East Brunswick Woodbridge Piscataway The Academy	\$	12,226 36,310 17,764 40,074 28,149	\$	35,706 90,222 104,911 66,261 82,816	\$	36,069 82,687 101,605 75,179 80,528	\$	11,863 43,845 21,070 31,156 30,437	
Total all schools	\$	134,523	\$	379,916	\$	376,068	\$	138,371	

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Schedule of Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements Payroll Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018		Cash Receipts		Cash Disbursements		Balance June 30, 2019	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	506,068	\$	13,358,925	\$	13,255,218	\$	609,775
Total assets	\$	506,085	\$	13,358,925	\$	13,255,218	\$	609,775
Liabilities: Payroll deductions and withholdings payable Interfund payable	\$	506,085 (17)	\$	11,745,735 1,613,190	\$	11,642,072 1,613,146	\$	609,748 27
Total liabilities	\$	506,068	\$	13,358,925	\$	13,255,218	\$	609,775

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Schedule of Amount Held On-Behalf of Third Party HOSA Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

ADDITIONS		OSA cy Fund
Contributions:		
Conference Fees	\$	93,467
Membership Fees	Ŧ	23,919
		117,386
		<u>,</u>
Miscellaneous income		4,995
Total additions		122,381
DEDUCTIONS		
Conference Registration fees		25,350
Supplies		15,504
Scholarships awarded		1,450
Purchased professional services		1,220
Rental		15,754
Other purchased services		44,008
Travel		11,134
Other expense		1,310
Total deductions		115,730
Change		6,651
		-,
Amount held on-behalf of third party — beginning of the year		80,073
Amount held on-behalf of third party — end of the year	\$	86,724

Long-Term Debt

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Schedule of Obligations Under Capital Leases Year Ended June 30, 2019

Purpose	Amount o Interest Original Rate Issue	Balance Balance July 1, 2018	Paid	Balance June 30, 2019
Energy Conservation	2.5185% \$ 11,300,00	00 \$ 10,538,130	\$ 607,873	\$ 9,930,257
		\$ 10,538,130	\$ 607,873	\$ 9,930,257

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

# Statistical Section Unaudited

## **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

## **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

## **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year.

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities net position	\$ 63,980,883 3,397,498 (274,861) \$ 67,103,520	\$ 64,241,294 3,428,961 <u>19,141</u> \$ 67,689,396	\$ 64,418,541 3,981,049 1,002,500 \$ 69,402,090	\$ 66,265,008 2,919,426 949,902 \$ 70,134,336	\$ 66,298,193 3,679,450 817,724 \$ 70,795,367	\$ 67,537,157 3,226,677 (13,068,657) \$ 57,695,177	\$ 68,853,997 3,961,033 (13,124,793) \$ 59,690,237	\$ 69,374,863 3,952,931 (14,307,778) \$ 59,020,016	\$ 70,995,591 3,260,916 (14,577,721) \$ 59,678,786	\$ 72,180,605 3,201,136 (14,541,454) \$ 60,840,287
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 15,104 <u>18,203</u> \$ 33,307	\$ 13,310 20,700 \$ 34,010	\$ 11,516 45,167 \$ 56,683	\$ 9,721 59,931 \$ 69,652	\$ 8,057 58,037 \$ 66,094	\$ 25,609 90,919 \$ 116,528	\$ 22,065 146,033 \$ 168,098	\$ 24,563 211,984 \$ 236,547	\$ 60,485 266,586 \$ 327,071	\$ 132,952 248,069 \$ 381,021
District-wide Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total district net position	\$ 63,995,987 3,397,498 (256,658) \$ 67,136,827	\$ 64,254,604 3,428,961 <u>39,841</u> \$ 67,723,406	\$ 64,430,057 3,981,049 1,047,667 \$ 69,458,773	\$ 66,274,729 2,919,426 1,009,833 \$ 70,203,988	\$ 66,306,250 3,679,450 875,761 \$ 70,861,461	\$ 67,562,766 3,226,677 (12,977,738) \$ 57,811,705	\$ 68,876,062 3,961,033 (12,978,760) \$ 59,858,335	\$ 69,399,426 3,952,931 (14,095,794) \$ 59,256,563	\$ 71,056,076 3,260,916 (14,311,135) \$ 60,005,857	\$ 72,313,557 3,201,136 (14,293,385) \$ 61,221,308

Source: CAFR Schedule A-1 and District records.

GASB 63 was implemented in the 2013 fiscal year, which required the reclassification of balances previously reported as net assets to net position. GASB 68 was implemented during the 2015 fiscal year, which required the restatement of beginning net position in the amount of \$13,633,671. This amount is not reflected in the June 30, 2014 Net Position above.

# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited (accural here of accounting) (accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year B	Inded June 30,			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Expenses Governmental activities										
Instruction Regular	\$ 10,718,554	\$ 12,222,730	\$ 11,635,410	\$ 10,307,538	\$ 9,948,028	\$ 8,270,558	\$ 8,456,946	\$ 7,922,226	\$ 7,776,472	\$ 7.801.676
Other special instruction	182,506	234,427	216,129	205,640	191,623	162,138	171,658	163,490	156,056	151,288
Vocational	13,348,904	15,690,140	14,404,618	13,082,690	12,585,189	11,254,516	10,983,617	10,566,743	11,029,468	11,573,325
Other instruction	1,060,995	1,174,394	1,042,272	974,667	868,378	764,677	730,939	628,912	570,248	540,165
Support Services:										
Support services - students & instruction	7,063,782	8,218,438	7,388,852	6,636,688	6,509,940	5,841,283	6,130,209	5,662,462	5,700,459	5,839,958
School administrative services	4,953,371	5,863,013	5,352,252	4,507,749	1,603,265	3,883,373	3,820,950	3,875,926	3,362,272	3,849,331
General administrative services Plant operations and maintenance	1,577,011 9,135,194	1,947,997 10,112,693	1,867,246 9,488,523	1,655,094 9,006,236	4,383,951 8,833,953	1,399,392 8,419,669	1,422,230 8,087,010	1,376,369 7,769,241	1,392,144 7,977,047	1,337,274 7,150,030
Pupil transportation	213,877	184,127	173,030	182,001	183,989	158,097	150,246	97,885	89,482	94,530
Other Support Services	2,366,024	3,087,012	2,713,222	2,486,937	2,099,542	1,913,408	1,885,153	1,795,036	1,782,884	1,805,929
Special Schools	2,194,245	2,633,621	2,423,852	2,254,297	2,210,559	1,898,010	2,070,029	2,168,539	2,224,705	2,981,975
Interest Expense Unallocated depreciation	253,618 3,175,828	277,874 2,949,643	287,798 2,557,841	286,471 2,215,122	53,756 2,135,750	2.135.093	2.002.468	1.883.850	1.843.699	1.784.089
Total governmental activities expenses	56,243,909	64,596,109	59,551,045	53,801,130	51,607,923	46,100,214	45,911,455	43,910,679	43,904,936	44,909,570
Business-type activities: Food service	704,751	635,954	679.432	651.573	642.294	682,670	682.939	606.486	604,450	622.131
Total business-type activities expense	704,751	635,954	679,432	651,573	642,294	682,670	682,939	606,486	604,450	622,131
Total district expenses	56,948,660	\$ 65,232,063	\$ 60,230,477	\$ 54,452,703	\$ 52,250,217	\$ 46,782,884	\$ 46,594,394	\$ 44,517,165	\$ 44,509,386	\$ 45,531,701
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 2,225,346	\$ 1.975.195	\$ 2,159,969	\$ 2.084.888	\$ 2.089.246	\$ 1,603,173	\$ 1.787.651	\$ 1.949.498	\$ 2,317,745	\$ 2.050.912
Capital grants and contributions	-	252,827	186,154	729,817	97,659			. ,,		
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,225,346	2,228,022	2,346,123	2,814,705	2,186,905	1,603,173	1,787,651	1,949,498	2,317,745	2,050,912
Business-type activities:										
Food service	272,516	248,098	260,886	251,358	239,175	230,385	252,010	257,829	249,210	279,717
Operating grants and contributions	486,185	478,380	486,995	451,785	453,553	448,727	422,879	371,330	349,404	373,048
Capital grants and contributions Total business type activities program revenues	758.701	726,478	747.881	703.143	692,728	679.112	674.889	629,159	598.614	652,765
Total district program revenues	\$ 2,984,047	\$ 2,954,500	\$ 3,094,004	\$ 3,517,848	\$ 2,879,633	\$ 2,282,285	\$ 2,462,540	\$ 2,578,657	\$ 2,916,359	\$ 2,703,677
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	\$ (54,018,563)	\$ (62,368,087)	\$ (57,204,922)	\$ (50,986,425)	\$ (49,421,018)	\$ (44,497,041)	\$ (44,123,804)	\$ (41,961,181)	\$ (41,587,191)	\$ (42,858,658)
Business-type activities	53,950	90,524.00	68,449	¢ (00,000,420) 51,570	50,434	(3,558)	(8,050)	22,673	(5,836)	30,634
Total district-wide net expense	\$ (53,964,613)	\$ (62,277,563)	\$ (57,136,473)	\$ (50,934,855)	\$ (49,370,584)	\$ (44,500,599)	\$ (44,131,854)	\$ (41,938,508)	\$ (41,593,027)	\$ (42,828,024)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes levied for general purposes	\$ 26,837,956	\$ 25,964,306	\$ 25,443,790	\$ 24,990,260	\$ 24,435,550	\$ 23,813,430	\$ 23,314,842	\$ 23,314,842	\$ 23,314,842	\$ 22,751,798
Unrestricted grants and contributions	23,991,400	32,403,759	26,510,054	23,466,398	21,160,476	16,832,840	17,132,804	15,990,034	14,655,266	15,569,023
County capital contribution E-Rate	3,100,000	3,000,000	3,000,000 177,257	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,000,000
Gain on refunding of bonds for ERIP			111,201							
Tuition received	507,425	681,891	689,538	714,812	624,349	707,455	695,788	697,332	667,574	609,807
Investment earnings	16,271	11,030	2,879	461	190	704.047	-	628	4,942	18,070
Miscellaneous income Disposition of capital assets	727,012	965,871	711,183	709,554	633,934	704,347	612,616	571,039	436,942	570,721
Other financing (uses)										(142,304)
Transfers									(6,500)	
Total governmental activities	55,180,064	63,026,857	56,534,701	52,981,485	49,954,499	45,158,072	44,856,050	43,673,875	42,173,066	42,377,115
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings									39	195
Miscellaneous income Transfers							21,019		6,500	
Total business-type activities		·					21,019		6,539	195
Total district-wide	55,180,064	\$ 63,026,857	\$ 56,534,701	\$ 52,981,485	\$ 49,954,499	\$ 45,158,072	\$ 44,877,069	\$ 43,673,875	\$ 42,179,605	\$ 42,377,310
Oliver and the Mark Development										
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ 1,161,501	\$ 658,770	\$ (670,221)	\$ 1,995,060	\$ 533,481	\$ 661,031	\$ 732,246	\$ 1,712,694	\$ 585,875	\$ (481,543)
Business-type activities	53,950	90,524	68,449	51,570	50,434	(3,558)	12,969	22,673	703	30,829
Total district	\$ 1,215,451	\$ 749,294	\$ (601,772)	\$ 2,046,630	\$ 583,915	\$ 657,473	\$ 745,215	\$ 1,735,367	\$ 586,578	\$ (450,714)

Source: CAFR Schedule A-2 and District records. GASB 63 was implemented in the 2013 fiscal year, which required the reclassification of balances previously reported as net assets to net position.

# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund Reserved Unreserved Restricted for Assigned to Unassigned Total general fund	\$ 1,218,201 1,577,795 \$ 2,795,996	\$ 100 1,590,769 590,989 \$ 2,181,858	\$ 100 2,006,688 858,781 \$ 2,865,569	\$ 100 1,947,838 757,059 \$ 2,704,997	\$ 69,078 1,427,509 1,010,338 \$ 2,506,925	\$ 158,427 1,323,177 1,018,391 \$ 2,499,995	\$ 781,719 1,773,950 982,681 \$ 3,538,350	\$ 830,595 1,639,387 1,080,858 \$ 3,550,840	\$ 695,113 1,842,199 1,097,118 \$ 3,634,430	\$ 1,091,428 1,993,049 1,083,814 \$ 4,168,291
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund Capital projects fund Restricted for:	\$ 2,139,326 523,517	\$ 3,428,861	\$ 3,980,949	\$ 2.919.326	\$ 3,610,372	\$ 11.861.372	\$ 5.748.796	\$ 4.164.865	\$ 2,992,700	¢ 7 455 400
Capital Projects Fund Assigned to: Capital Projects Fund		¢ 3,420,001	\$ 3,960,949	\$ 2,919,320	\$ 3,010,372	\$ 11,001,372	\$ 5,746,796	\$ 4,104,003	\$ 2,992,700	\$ 2,455,488
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,662,843	\$ 3,428,861	\$ 3,980,949	\$ 2,919,326	\$ 3,610,372	\$ 11,861,372	\$ 5,748,796	\$ 4,164,865	\$ 2,992,700	\$ 2,455,488
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,458,839	\$ 5,610,719	\$ 6,846,518	\$ 5,624,323	\$ 6,117,297	\$ 14,361,367	\$ 9,287,146	\$ 7,715,705	\$ 6,627,130	\$ 6,623,779

Source: CAFR Schedule B-1 and District records.

GASB # 54 was implemented in the 2011 fiscal year, which required the presentation of fund balances to be reported in different classifications from those presented in prior years

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal year ended June 30,										
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Revenues											
Tax levy and county capital contribution	\$	29,937,956		\$28,443,790	\$28,090,260	\$27,535,550	\$26,913,430			\$26,414,842	\$25,751,798
Tuition charges E-Rate		507,425	681,891	689,538 177,257	714,812	624,349	707,455	695,788	697,332	667,574	609,807
Interest earnings		16,271	11,030	2,879	461	190		-	628	4,942	18,070
Miscellaneous		727,012	965,871	711,183	709,554	633,933	737,638	695,899	855,068	714,085	833,290
State sources		20,747,257	19,791,166	18,493,680	18,653,456	17,179,597	16,524,779	17,035,451	15,386,571	14,474,782	13,220,937
Federal sources		2.369.658	1.999.893	2.105.953	2,315,468	2.143.154	1.741.201	1,618,021	2.268.932	2,221,086	4,136,429
Total revenue		54,305,579	52,414,157	50,624,280	50,484,011	48,116,773	46,624,503	46,460,001	45,623,373	44,497,311	44,570,331
Expenditures											
Instruction											
Regular instruction		6,531,874	6,067,582	6,364,179	6,140,186	6,178,520	5,809,370	5,896,677	5,681,845	5,776,683	5,727,954
Other special instruction		105,477	109,636	112,091	117,509	114,223	111,567	115,830	113,345	110,833	109,039
Vocational education instruction		8,268,172	8,159,022	8,222,784	8,084,533	8,213,995	8,072,835	7,788,033	7,631,425	8,005,312	8,520,272
Other instruction		686,709	638,756	611,480	623,385	581,921	576,153	541,036	466,510	436,270	410,384
Support Services:											
Student & instruction related services		4,423,166	4,202,134	4,146,857	4,064,384	4,076,121	4,167,061	4,327,023	4,148,636	4,266,863	4,445,912
General administration		1,214,671	1,264,393	1,292,629	1,205,343	1,180,438	1,134,988	1,151,125	1,143,568	1,176,211	1,149,300
School administrative services		2,838,682	2,720,021	2,739,109	2,594,880	2,618,894	2,621,641	2,561,962	2,663,714	2,308,088	2,748,779
Plant operations and maintenance		7,544,983	7,749,335	7,308,870	6,780,044	6,748,295	7,014,912	6,630,454	6,459,037	6,714,794	6,054,915
Pupil transportation		213,877	184,127	173,030	182,001	183,989	158,097	150,246	97,885	89,482	94,530
Other support services		1,441,040	1,547,631	1,483,951	1,528,945	1,409,313	1,346,551	1,328,131	1,308,929	1,339,052	1,376,465
Employee benefits		15,058,237	14,172,407	13,121,441	12,366,833	11,823,832	10,954,986	11,294,910	10,358,244	9,637,522	9,724,128
Capital outlay		4,683,289	5,413,627	5,309,940	10,562,048	6,678,510	2,954,528	4,618,288	2,761,179	2,850,713	2,660,332
Special schools		1,298,753	1,274,061	1,309,360	1,308,141	1,364,652	1,345,582	1,462,181	1,553,257	1,627,108	2,187,681
Total expenditures		54,308,930	53,502,732	52,195,721	55,558,232	51,172,703	46,268,271	47,865,896	44,387,574	44,338,931	45,209,691
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues		(0.054)	(4 000 575)	<i></i>	(= = = + = = + )	(0.055.000)		(4. 405.005)			(000.000
over (under) expenditures		(3,351)	(1,088,575)	(1,571,441)	(5,074,221)	(3,055,930)	356,232	(1,405,895)	1,235,799	158,380	(639,360
Other Financing sources (uses)											
Insurance recovery related to other							100 7 10				
costs of Super Storm Sandy						44 200 000	136,742	183,700			
Lease purchase proceeds Transfers in			450.000			11,300,000		-	-	-	-
Transfers out			(450,000)							(6,500)	(142,304
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		(430,000)	-	-	11,300,000	136,742	183.700		(6,500)	(142,304
Total other mancing sources (uses)		-		-	-	11,300,000	130,742	165,700		(0,500)	(142,304
Net change in fund balances	\$	(3,351)	\$ (1,088,575)	\$ (1,571,441)	\$ (5,074,221)	\$ 8,244,070	\$ 492,974	\$ (1,222,195)	\$ 1,235,799	\$ 151,880	\$ (781,664
Debt service as a percentage of											
noncapital expenditures		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

#### Source: District records; CAFR Schedule B-2

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

117

# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		0		Registration Fees Rentals			 ior Year efunds	Sale of Obsolete Equipment		Misc	cellaneous	Annual Totals		
				1000		toritalo		Equipment				/ mildar / otalo		
2010	\$	55,774	\$	430,908	\$	34,625	\$ 4,804			\$	44,610	\$	570,721	
2011		42,890		308,769		25,461	16,994				42,828		436,942	
2012		45,144		409,806		29,518	20,748				65,823		571,039	
2013		37,592		322,456		20,274	2,493	\$	46,101				428,916	
2014		29,328		375,634		16,988	4,491		13,070		128,094		567,605	
2015		30,433		362,138		18,820	2,944		27,610		32,151		474,096	
2016		45,328		393,943		14,213	17,626		35,528		21,813		528,451	
2017		32,969		380,972		18,723	27,892		9,074		56,171		525,801	
2018		27,471		381,303		30,154	2,660		6,094		372,775		820,457	
2019		35,061		411,529		33,050	4,834		4,940		68,026		557,440	

Source: District records

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Year	Population <sup>a</sup>	P	ersonal Income <sup>b</sup>	er Capita nal Income <sup>c</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>d</sup>	
2010	810,666	\$	38,349,365,796	\$ 47,306	8.7%	
2011	815,082		41,410,241,010	50,805	8.4%	
2012	819,347		43,494,216,148	53,084	8.5%	
2013	821,844		42,689,864,736	51,944	7.4%	
2014	824,349		43,864,434,639	53,211	6.0%	
2015	825,867		44,744,648,193	54,179	5.0%	
2016	825,907		45,870,874,780	55,540	4.4%	
2017	827,684		47,672,943,032	57,598	4.1%	
2018	829,685		N/A	N/A	3.6%	
2019	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	

#### Source:

a Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development.

b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented.

c Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2014 Census published by the US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

<sup>d</sup> Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development.

N/A - Information was not available.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Instruction										
Regular	77	77	77	79	82	86	81	85	80	79
Vocational	93	86	84	87	88	88	84	90	85	83
Support Services:										
Student & instruction related services	53	49	49	53	54	52	52	52	50	51
General administration	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	4
School administrative services	40	33	38	32	34	34	32	31	31	33
Central services	13	12	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
Administrative Information Technology	6	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Plant operations and maintenance	50	47	48	48	48	49	49	49	48	48
Special Schools	19	19	18	16	15	15	15	16	14	13
Total	355	334	337	338	344	347	336	345	328	327

Source: District Personnel Records

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey **Operating Statistics** Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

							Pup	oil/Teacher F	Ratio				
Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating openditures <sup>a</sup>	-	ost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff <sup>b</sup>	Elementary	Middle School	Senior High School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) <sup>c</sup>	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>c</sup>	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2010	2,448.5	\$ 42,549,359	\$	17,378	-4.85%	221	N/A	N/A	1:11.1	2,419.1	2,317.4	17.86%	95.80%
2011	2,293.5	41,488,218		18,089	4.10%	208	N/A	N/A	1:11	2,048.6	1,917.0	-17.28%	93.60%
2012	2,279.5	41,626,395		18,261	0.95%	204	N/A	N/A	1:11.2	2,001.7	1,875.9	-2.14%	93.70%
2013	2,321.0	43,247,608		18,633	2.04%	221	N/A	N/A	1:10.5	2,046.1	1,923.4	2.53%	94.00%
2014	2,436.0	43,313,743		17,781	-4.58%	222	N/A	N/A	1:11	1,983.3	1,856.1	-3.50%	93.59%
2015	2,441.5	44,494,193		18,224	2.49%	228	N/A	N/A	1:11	1,980.7	1,850.7	-0.29%	94.14%
2016	2,530.5	44,996,184		17,782	-2.43%	221	N/A	N/A	1:11	2,089.7	1,958.2	5.81%	93.71%
2017	2,534.0	46,885,781		18,503	4.06%	226	N/A	N/A	1:11	2,046.6	1,946.6	-0.59%	95.11%
2018	2,524.5	48,089,105		19,049	2.95%	215	N/A	N/A	1:12	2,047.6	1,946.7	0.00%	95.08%
2019	2,538.5	49,625,641		19,549	2.63%	218	N/A	N/A	1:10	2,077.0	1,979.4	1.68%	95.30%

Sources: District records

Note: Enrollment based on annual October 15 District count.

Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay. Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff. а

b

Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS). С

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
District Building										
High School										
Perth Amboy - New (2004)										
Square Feet	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000	126,000
Capacity (students)	442	442	442	442	442	442	442	442	442	442
Enrollment	361	300	295	299	298	294	295	292	285	289
Woodbridge (1938)										
Square Feet	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754	52,754
Capacity (students)	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221
Enrollment	204	224	182	252	272	292	315	317	312	311
East Brunswick (1970)										
Square Feet	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124	278,124
Capacity (students)	985	985	985	985	985	985	985	985	985	985
Enrollment	684	645	616	651	665	679	708	717	711	739
Piscataway (1950)										
Square Feet	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500	233,500
Capacity (students)	693	693	693	693	693	693	693	693	693	693
Enrollment	586	573	510	570	618	602	610	608	625	611
Academy (2000)										
Square Feet	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900	29,900
Capacity (students)	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119
Enrollment	150	154	156	161	167	167	166	160	159	159

Number of Schools at June 30, 2019 Senior High School = 5

#### Source: District Facilities Office

Note: Year of original construction is shown in parentheses. Increases in square footage and capacity are the result of additions. Enrollment is based on the annual October 15, District count.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Schedule of Required Maintenance Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

#### UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES 11-000-261-xxx

		Perth Amboy			_	East						
		New	Woodbridge		Brunswick		Piscataway		Academy			Total
2010	\$	170.141	\$	113,953	\$	256,268	\$	219,574	\$	42,328	\$	802,264
2010	Ψ	151,006	Ψ	113,836	Ψ	450,580	Ψ	246,747	Ψ	28,358	Ψ	990,527
2012		194,046		133,234		460,450		271,210		35,470		1,094,410
2013		215,613		121,421		565,391		317,535		42,536		1,262,496
2014		197,527		140,475		507,190		573,754		62,784		1,481,730
2015		202,987		125,611		343,924		334,754		55,076		1,062,352
2016		204,369		68,665		362,773		394,418		71,289		1,101,514
2017		212,725		96,241		385,806		440,345		41,094		1,176,211
2018		320,575		140,353		294,041		314,446		39,550		1,108,965
2019		115,444		138,704		428,930		283,289		39,660		1,006,027
Total School Facilities	\$	1,984,433	\$	1,192,493	\$	4,055,353	\$	3,396,072	\$	458,145	\$	11,086,496

Source: District records School facilities as defined under EFCFA.

#### The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex State of New Jersey Insurance Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2019 Unaudited

Type of Coverage	<u>Coverage</u>		<b>Deductible</b>
<ol> <li>School package - New Jersey School Boards Association Insurance Group</li> </ol>			
A) Property Blanket Bldg & Contents \$	500,000,000	A	\$ 5,000
B) Comprehensive General Liability	11,000,000		
	, ,	Per occurrence	
		Personal & adv. injury limit	
	1,000,000	Medical expense limit	
		Employee benefits liabilities	1,000
	11,000,000	Employee benefits liabilities	1,000
C) Crime Coverage	250,000	Public Employee Dishonesty	1,000
	25,000	Theft	500
	250,000	Forgery	1,000
2) Comprehensive Automobile Liability -	11,000,000	per accident	
NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group	1,000,000	Combined single limit - collision	1,000
(Garage keepers coverage included)		Per accident - other than collision	1,000
2) Deiler 9 Machiner			
<ol> <li>Boiler &amp; Machinery -</li> <li>NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group</li> </ol>	100,000,000		5,000
	,,		0,000
4) School Board Legal Liability -			
NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group	11,000,000	Coverage	15,000
5) Environmental Impairment -			
NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group	1,000,000	Coverage	100,000
6) Nurses Liability - Evanston Insurance	1,000,000	Per medical incident	1,000
, ,		Annual aggregate	1,000
7) Fidelity Bonds	285 000	Business Adm./Board Secretary	
7) Fidency Bonds		Treasurer	
8) Workers Compensation	200,000		
NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group	2.000.000	Each Accident	
		Aggregate Limit	
9) Excess workers comp -			
NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group	100,000	Aggregate Limit	
10) Excess weekly indemnity -	2,500	per week	
NJ School Boards Assoc. Ins. Group			
Source: District Records			

Single Audit Section



## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools, in the County of Middlesex, New Jersey (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2019.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

PKF O'CONNOR DAVIES, LLP 20 Commerce Drive, Suite 301, Cranford, NJ 07016 | Tel: 908.272.6200 | Fax: 908.272.2416 | www.pkfod.com

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP is a member firm of the PKF International Limited network of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions on the part of any other individual member firm or firms.

## Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools

Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies LLP

December 2, 2019 Cranford, New Jersey

David & Muna

David J. Gannon Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2305



## Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal and State Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB 15-08

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools', in the County of Middlesex, New Jersey (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* 

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP is a member firm of the PKF International Limited network of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions on the part of any other individual member firm or firms.

## Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools

### Page 2

(Uniform Guidance); and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal and state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing

## Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education of the Middlesex County Vocational and Technical High Schools

#### Page 3

their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies LLP

December 2, 2019 Cranford, New Jersey

David & Muna

David J. Gannon Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2305

#### THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE MIDDLESEX COUNTY VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOLS COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal FAIN Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	Balance at June 30, 2018	Carryover Amount	Adjustments	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Years Balances	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2019	Unearned Revenue at June 30, 2019	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2019
U.S. Department of Education													
Passed-Through State Department													
of Education:									• (** ***				
Medical Assistance Program Total General Fund	93.778	1905NJ5MAP	7/1/18-6/30/19	\$ 30,716				\$ 30,716 30,716	\$ (30,716) (30,716)				
U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through State Department of Education:													
Title I	84.010A	S010A190030	7/1/18-6/30/19	591,149				396,980	(548,271)		\$ (151,291)		
Title I	84.010A	S010A180030	7/1/17-6/30/18	558,477	\$ (158,383)			158,383					
Title II - A	84.367	S367A190029	7/1/18-6/30/19	121,255				67,957	(75,237)		(7,280)		
Title II - A	84.367	S367A180029	7/1/17-6/30/18	67,289	(2,200)			2,200					
Title IV	84.424	S424A190031	7/1/18-6/30/19	42,475				281	(9,781)		(9,500)		
I.D.E.A. Part B	84.027	S027A190100	7/1/18-6/30/19	576,821				404,274	(576,821)		(172,547)		
I.D.E.A. Part B	84.027	S027A180100	7/1/17-6/30/18	576,754	(166,983)			166,983					
Carl Perkins - Entitlement Federal	84.048	S048A190030	7/1/18-6/30/19	739,386				603,740	(739,386)		(135,646)		
Carl Perkins - Entitlement Reserve	84.048	S048A190030	7/1/18-6/30/19	75,117				20,498	(74,411)		(53,913)		
Carl Perkins - Entitlement Federal	84.048	S048A180030	7/1/17-6/30/18	666,649	(74,646)			74,646					
Carl Perkins - Entitlement Reserve	84.048	S048A180030	7/1/17-6/30/18	66,884	(10,414)			10,414					
CTSO-HOSA	84.000	18BE60G06	9/1/18-8/31/19	146,500				87,013	(128,962)		(41,949)		
CTSO-HOSA	84.000	18BE60G06	9/1/17-8/31/18	146,500	(32,220)			47,655	(15,435)		,		
WSCC School Health PI	84.000	not available	8/15/18-6/30/19	6,000	,			4,000	(1,720)			\$ 2,280	
WSCC School Health WB	84.000	not available	9/1/18-6/30/19	6,000				4,000	(3,768)			232	
Sustainable Jersey	84.000	not available	9/1/17-6/30/18	4,000	(1,500)			1,500					
Pre-Employment Transition Services	84.126A	not available	4/1/18-3/31/19	200,000	(14,387)			135,373	(165,150)		(44,164)		
Total Special Revenue					(460,733)			2,185,897	(2,338,942)		(616,290)	2,512	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed - Through State Department of Education:													
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10 555	1011100 011000	7440 00040	10.150				10, 150	(40,450)				
Food Donation Program (NC)	10.555	191NJ304N1099	7/1/18-6/30/19	49,456				49,456	(49,456)		(05.751)		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	191NJ304N1099	7/1/18-6/30/19	313,159	(07 500)			287,408	(313,159)		(25,751)		
National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.553	181NJ304N1099 191NJ304N1099	7/1/17-6/30/18 7/1/18-6/30/19	305,107 107.866	(27,502)			27,502 98,536	(107.900)		(0.220)		
School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program	10.553	191NJ304N1099 181NJ304N1099	7/1/18-6/30/19	107,866	(9.717)			98,536	(107,866)		(9,330)		
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	181103304101099	7/1/17-0/30/18	100,307	(37,219)			472,619	(470,481)		(35,081)		
Federal PB Lunch - Healthy Hunger - Free Kids Act of 2010	10.555	191NJ304N1099	7/1/18-6/30/19	8,318				7,651	(8,318)		(667)		
Federal PB Lunch - Healthy Hunger - Free Kids Act of 2010 Total Enterprise Fund	10.555	181NJ304N1099	7/1/17-6/30/18	8,170	(730)			730 481,000	(478,799)		(35,748)		
							·						
Total Federal Awards					\$ (498,682)	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,697,613	\$ (2,848,457)	\$ -	\$ (652,038)	\$ 2,512	\$ -

NC - represents noncash expenditures

See the accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

K-3 Schedule A

#### THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE MIDDLESEX COUNTY VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOLS COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Balance at Ju	ne 30. 2018											ME	мо	
												alance at June						nulative
Otate Occurre Decement Title	Grant or State	Owner Dawland	Award	Unearned Rev/	Due to	Carryover	Cash		getary	0	(Accounts	Unearneo				Budgetary		Total
State Grantor Program Title State Department of Education:	Project Number	Grant Period	Amount	(Accts. Rec)	Grantor	Amount	Received	Expen	nditures	Canceled	Receivable)	Revenue		Due to Grantor		Receivable	Expe	enditures
Equalization Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-6/30/19	\$ 12,182,856				\$ 10,973,012	\$ (12	2,182,856)						\$	(1,209,844)	\$ (	12,182,856)
Special Education Categorical Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	7/1/18-6/30/19	1,421,678				1,280,495		1,421,678)						Ŷ	(141,183)		(1,421,678)
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	7/1/18-6/30/19	592,489				533.651		(592,489)							(58,838)		(592,489)
Equalization Aid	18-495-034-5120-078	7/1/17-6/30/18	12,182,856	\$ (1,209,637)			1,209,637		(,							(,		(,
Special Education Categorical Aid	18-495-034-5120-089	7/1/17-6/30/18	1,159,017	(115,077)			115,077											
Security Aid	18-495-034-5120-084	7/1/17-6/30/18	117,501	(11,668)			11,668											
Adult Ed Aid	18-100-034-5120-510	7/1/17-6/30/18	322,318	(31,983)			31,983											
Per Pupil Growth Aid	18-495-034-5120-097	7/1/17-6/30/18	20,160	(2,002)			2,002											
PARCC Readiness	18-495-034-5120-098	7/1/17-6/30/18	20,160	(2,002)			2,002											
Professional Learning Community Aid	18-495-034-5120-101	7/1/17-6/30/18	21,280	(2,113)			2,113											
TPAF Social Security Aid	19-495-034-5095-002	7/1/18-6/30/19	1,297,613	( , . ,			1,297,613	(1	1,297,613)									(1.297.613)
On-Behalf TPAF Contributions:			.,,				.,,	(.	.,,,									(.,,,
Pension Benefit Contributions	19-495-034-5095-006	7/1/18-6/30/19	3.464.142				3.464.142	(3	3,464,142)									(3,464,142)
Long-Term Disability Insurance Contribution	19-495-034-5095-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	4,277				4,277	(-	(4,277)									(4,277)
Post Retirement Medical Contribution	19-495-034-5095-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	1.571.329				1,571,329	(1	1,571,329)									(1,571,329)
Total General Fund	13 433 034 3033 001	1/1/10-0/30/13	1,071,020	(1,374,482)			20,499,001		0,534,384)							(1,409,865)		20,534,384)
				(					<u></u>							(.)		
Vocational Education-Apprentice Coordinator	19-100-034-5062-032	7/1/18-6/30/19	21,222				14,360		(20,422)		\$ (6,062)							(20,422)
Vocational Education-Apprentice Coordinator	18-100-034-5062-032	7/1/17-6/30/18	20,000	(5,714)			5,714											
Vocational Education-Carl Perkins Post-Secondary	19-100-034-5062-032	7/1/18-6/30/19	122,070				122,070		(122,070)									(122,070)
County Vocational Partnership Grant, Cohort 3	Not available	5/1/17-6/30/20	329,784	(24,079)			87,998		(101,146)		(37,227)							(101,146)
DVRS Summer Paid Internship 2017	Not available	7/10/17-8/11/17	43,200	(1,428)			1,428											
DVRS Paid Internship 2018	Not available	1/1/18-6/30/18	34,560	(7,044)			7,044											
Youth Transition to Work Grant 2019	Not available	1/1/19-6/30/19	7,313						(4,618)		(4,618)							(4,618)
Total Special Revenue Fund				(38,265)			238,614		(248,256)		(47,907)							(248,256)
Addt. State School Bldg Aid-SDA Grant	03-495-034-5120-016	7/1/02-present	2,340,000															(2,213,801)
Addt. State School Bldg Aid-SDA Grant		7/1/15-present	1,412,532	(824,339)						\$ 8,431	(815,908)							(827,476)
Addt. State School Bldg Aid-SDA Grant		7/1/16 - present	450,549	(450,549)							(450,549)							(438,981)
Total Capital Projects Fund				(1,274,888)						8,431	(1,266,457)							(3,480,258)
National School Lunch Program																		
(State Share)	19-100-010-3350-023	7/1/18-6/30/19	7,386				6,793		(7,386)		(593)							(7,386)
National School Lunch Program			.,				-,		(.,)		()							(.,)
(State Share)	18-100-010-3350-023	7/1/17-6/30/18	7,263	(649)			649											
Total Enterprise Fund				(649)			7,442		(7,386)		(593)							(7,386)
Total State Financial Assistance				\$ (2,688,284)	s -	s -	\$ 20,745,057	\$ (20	0,790,026)	\$ 8,431	\$ (1,314,957)	\$	- \$	-	s	(1,409,865)	\$ (	24,270,284)
Total Otale I mandal Assistance				\$ (2,000,204)	ų –	ψ	φ 20,140,001	ψ (20	0,130,020)	φ 0,401	\$ (1,014,007)	Ψ		-	Ψ	(1,403,003)	ψ	24,210,204)
State Financial Assistance																		
Not Subject to Single Audit Determination																		
•																		
General Fund																		
On-Behalf TPAF Contributions:																		
Pension Benefit Contributions	19-495-034-5095-006	7/1/18-6/30/19	3,464,142				\$ 3,464,142	\$ (3	3,464,142)								\$	(3,464,142)
Long-Term Disability Insurance Contribution	19-495-034-5095-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	4,277				4,277		(4,277)									(4,277)
Post Retirement Medical Contribution	19-495-034-5095-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	1,571,329				1,571,329	(1	1,571,329)									(1,571,329)
Total State Financial Assistance													_		-			
Subject to Single Audit Determination				\$ (2,688,284)	\$-	\$ -	\$ 15,705,309	\$ (15	5,750,278)	\$ 8,431	\$ (1,314,957)	\$	\$	-	\$	(1,409,865)	\$ (	19,230,536)

See the accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

K-4 Schedule B

## p. 1 The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

## Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 2019

## 1. General

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance present the activity of all expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance programs of the District. All federal awards and state financial assistance received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

## 2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and those recorded in the special revenue fund, which are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules are presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## 3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with amounts reported in the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the fiscal year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the last state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A-22:44.2.

K-5

#### K-5 p. 2

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

## Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

## Year ended June 30, 2019

## 3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

For GAAP purposes, those payments are not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the last state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not.

The net adjustment is (\$35,383) to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund and no adjustment for the special revenue fund. See note to required supplementary information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds (C-3). Federal and State award revenues are reported in the District's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

## 4. Relationship to Federal and State Financial Reports

	Federal		State	Total
General Fund	\$	30,716	\$ 20,499,001	\$ 20,529,717
Special Revenue Fund		2,338,942	248,256	2,587,198
Food Service Enterprise Fund		478,799	7,386	486,185
Total financial awarded revenues	\$	2,848,457	\$ 20,754,643	\$ 23,603,100

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

## 5. Other

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Donation Program represent current year value of USDA commodities received and current year distributions, respectively. TPAF Social Security Contributions represent the amount reimbursed by the State for the employer's share of Social Security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## p. 3 The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

K-5

## Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 2019

## 5. Other (continued)

The post retirement pension and medical benefits received on-behalf of the District for the year ended June 30, 2018 amounted to \$5,039,748. Since on-behalf post retirement pension and medical benefits are paid by the State directly, these expenditures are not subject to a single audit in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, as directed by the funding agency.

## 6. Indirect Costs

The District did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

## Year ended June 30, 2019

## Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statement Section**

Type of auditor's rep	ort issued:		Unmodified						
Internal control over	financial reporting:								
Are any material w	eaknesses identified?		Yes		_No				
Are any significant	deficiencies identified?	Yes	$\checkmark$	None Reported					
Is any noncomplianc statements noted?	e material to financial ?	Yes	$\checkmark$	No					
Federal Awards S	Section								
Internal control over	major federal program	s:							
Are any material w	eaknesses identified?		Yes	$\checkmark$	No				
Are any significant	deficiencies identified?	Yes		None Reported					
Type of auditor's rep	ort on compliance for r	najor federal prograr		odified					
Any audit findings of accordance with 2 C	disclosed that are req FR 200.516(a)?	uired to be reported	d in Yes	√	No				
Identification of major fe	deral programs:								
CFDA Number(s)	FAIN Number	Name of	Federal Program o	r Cluste	r				
84.048	S048A180030	Career and Te	chnical Education –	Basic Gra	ants to States				
Dollar threshold used to programs:	distinguish between T	ype A and Type B 	\$7	50,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?YesNo									

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

# Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

## **State Awards Section**

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,0	000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	$\checkmark$	Yes		_No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:		Unmod	ified	
Internal control over major state programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	$\checkmark$	_No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	√	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08 as applicable		Yes		_No

Identification of major state programs:

GMIS/Program Number	Name of State Program or Cluster
	State Aid Cluster:
495-034-5120-078	Equalization Aid
495-034-5120-089	Special Education Categorical Aid
495-034-5120-084	Security Aid

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2019

## Part II – Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

## Year ended June 30, 2019

## Part III – Schedule of Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No federal award or state financial assistance program compliance findings or questioned costs were noted that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 section .516(a) of the Uniform Guidance or NJ OMB Circular Letter 15-08.

# The Board of Education of the Vocational and Technical High Schools County of Middlesex

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Year ended June 30, 2019

No prior year findings were noted.