SCHOOL DISTRICT

OF

WHITE TOWNSHIP

White Township School District Board of Education Belvidere, Warren County New Jersey

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Comprehensive Annual

Financial Report

of the

White Township School District Board of Education Bevidere, New Jersey For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Prepared by White Township School District Board of Education Finance Department

OUTLINE OF CAFR

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

			Page
	Letter o	f Transmittal	1
	Organiz	ational Chart	2
	Roster of	of Officials	3
	Consult	ants and Advisors	4
		FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Indepe	ndent Auditor's Report	8-10
	-	ed Supplementary Information – Part I ement's Discussion and Analysis	13-20
	Basic F	inancial Statements	
A.	District-	Wide Financial Statements:	
	A-1	Statement of Net Position	23
	A-2	Statement of Activities	24
B.	Fund Fi	nancial Statements:	
	Govern	mental Funds:	
	B-1	Balance Sheet	26
	B-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	27
	B-3	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	• •
	D	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	28
	-	ary Funds:	20
	B-4	Statement of Net Position	29 20
	B-5	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	30
	B-6	Statement of Cash Flows	31
	B-7	ry Funds: Statement of Fiduciery Nat Position	32
	Б-7 В-8	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	N/A
	-		
	Notes to	o the Financial Statements	34-62
	Require	ed Supplementary Information – Part II	
C.	Budgeta	ary Comparison Schedules:	
	C-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	65-72
	C1a	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
		in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	N/A
	C-1b	Community Block Development Grant (CDBG) – Budget and Actual	N/A
	C-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund	73
		o Required Supplementary Information - Part II	
	C-3	Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation	74

OUTLINE OF CAFR

	Require	d Supplementary Information – Part III	Page
L.	Schedule L-1/L-3 L-2	es Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68) Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of District Contributions	75 76
M.	Schedule	es Related to Accounting and Reporting for OPEB (GASB 75)	
	M-1	Schedule of the Schedule of Changes in the State's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (TPAF and PERS)	77
	Notes to	Required Supplementary Information - Part III	78
	Other S	upplementary Information	
D.	School I	Level Schedules:	
	D-1	Combining Balance Sheet	N/A
	D-2	Blended Resource Fund - Schedule of Expenditures Allocated by	
		Resource Type – Actual	N/A
	D-3	Blended Resource Fund – Schedule of Blended Expenditures – Budget and Actual	N/A
E.	Special I	Revenue Fund:	
	E-1	Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures,	
		Special Revenue Fund – Budgetary Basis	81
	E-2	Schedule(s) of Preschool Education Aid Expenditures – Preschool-All Programs- Budgetary Basis	N/A
F.	Capital I	Projects Fund:	
	F-1	Summary Schedule of Project Expenditures	N/A
	F-2	Summary Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures	N/A
	F-2a	Detail Schedule of Revenues and Expend.	N/A
G.	Proprieta	ary Funds	
	Enterpris	se Fund:	
	G-1	Combining Statement of Net Position	See B-4
	G-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
		Fund Net Position	See B-5
	G-3	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	See B-6
	Internal	Service Fund:	
	G-4	Combining Statement of Net Position	N/A
	G-5	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	27/1
	C 6	Fund Net Position	N/A
	G-6	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	N/A
H.	Fiduciar	-	
	H-1	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	85
	H-2	Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements	86
	H-3	Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements	87

OUTLINE OF CAFR

Other Supplementary Information-(Continued)

I.	Long-Term Debt:	
	I-1 Schedule of Serial Bonds	N/A
	I-2 Schedule of Obligation Early Retirement Incentive Plan	89
	I-3 Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund	N/A
	STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Intro	oduction to the Statistical Section	90
Finar	ncial Trends	
J-1	Net Position by Component	91
J-2	Changes in Net Position	92-93
J-3	Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	94
J-4	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	95
J-5	General Fund Other Local Revenue by Source	96
Reve	nue Capacity	
J-6	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	97
J-7	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	98
J-8	Principal Property Taxpayers	99
J-9	Property Tax Levies and Collections	100
	Capacity	
J-10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	101
J-11	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	102
J-12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	103
J-13	Legal Debt Margin Information	104
Demo	ographic and Economic Information	
J-14	Demographic and Economic Statistics	105
J-15	Principal Employers	106
-	ating Information	
J-16	Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program	107
J-17	Operating Statistics	108
J-18	School Building Information	109
J-19	Schedule of Required Maintenance Expenditures by School Facility	110
J-20	Insurance Schedule	111

OUTLINE OF CAFR

	SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	Page
K-1	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	113-114
K-2	Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08	115-116
K-3	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule A	N/A
K-4	Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Schedule B	117
K-5	Notes to the Schedules of Awards and Financial Assistance	118-119
K-6	Summary of Auditor's Results	120-121
K-7	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	122
K-8	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	123

Introductory Section



White Township Consolidated School 565 County Route 519 Belvidere, NJ 07823 Phone: 908-475-4773 FAX: 908-475-3627 http://www.whitetwpsd.org

William Thompson Chief School Administrator Dawn Huff Business Administrator

November 8, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education White Township School District County of Warren, New Jersey

Dear Board Members and Constituents of White Township:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the White Township School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Education (Board). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart and a Roster of Officials. The financial section includes the general purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report thereon. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The District is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and NJ OMB's Circular 04-04 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

1) **REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES:** White Township School District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as established by Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the District are included in this report. The White Township Board of Education and its school constitute the District's reporting entity.

The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels Pre-K through 8, and has a sending/receiving relationship with the Belvidere School District and Warren County Technical School for its 9th through 12th grade students. These include regular as well as special education for special needs students. The district completed the 2018-19 fiscal year with an average enrollment of 276 students in our Pre-Kindergarten through 8th Grade program.

2) <u>ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK:</u> The White Township area has experienced a decrease in development over the past several years. There has not been any subdivision development. In housing, growth is relatively flat, consisting of one-family residences. Since there is no substantive expansion of business in White Township, there is no material increase in the employment level or tax base (either residential or industrial). This condition is expected to continue which suggests that White Township enrollment may continue to decrease as it has over the past five years.

MAJOR INITIATIVES: White Township School continues its focus on the school level objectives. Our administration and teachers continue revisions to the curricula to assure that they are aligned with the New Jersey Student Learning Standards. The district also continued its attention on the NJSLS in all other subject areas. Student needs were serviced in the areas of Special Education and speech. Our Preschool program continues to serve PSD students and tuition paying general education students. Students continued to be grouped with teachers in clusters. World Language instruction continued weekly for grades K-5 and twice a week for grades 6 and 8.

The district continued the identification and service of exceptional students. At risk students were identified by classroom teachers and service plans are developed through our Intervention and Referral Services Team. Students eligible for Response to Intervention (RTI) were served in reading, writing, and mathematics. Gifted students are identified through a comprehensive formal process and served in the area of mathematics and language arts. Our technology plans have been modified to ensure that all resources were in place to properly administer the PARCC assessments.

4) **INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS:** Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management; but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the District management.

As part of the District's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, the special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. Project-length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the capital projects fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as a reservation of fund balance at June 30, 2018.

6) <u>ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS</u>: The District's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and in 2017-2018 were inclusive of the new GASB requirements. The accounting system of the District is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements".

7) **<u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>**: A summary of financial information is presented in the section Management's Disclosure and Analysis for The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

8) **DEBT ADMINISTRATION:** At June 30, 2019, the District had no outstanding debt issues.

9) <u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements". The district has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

10) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>: The Board carried various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, environmental impairment coverage, worker's compensation and fidelity bonds.</u>

11) OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit – State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The Board selected the accounting firm of Ardito & Company, LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the related OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB's Circular 04-04. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules, are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

12) <u>ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:</u> We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the White Township Board of Education for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the school district and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial and support staff.

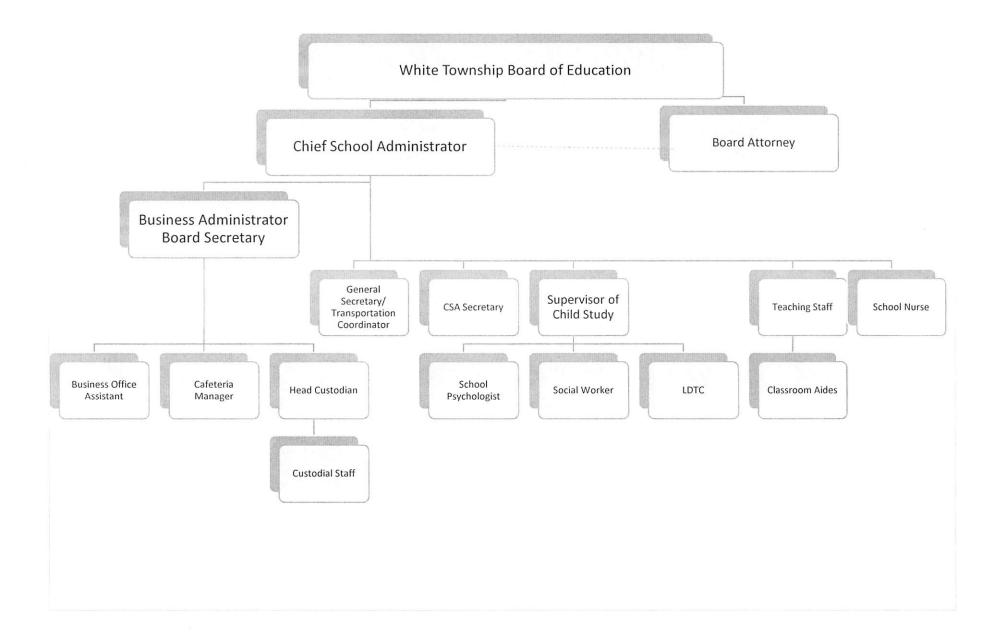
13) <u>SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS</u>: This year the district completed several maintenance projects including the installation of a new flooring in seven classrooms and painting in several interior and exterior areas of the facility. The District continues to provide the appropriate replacement and updating of its facility to provide for a safe, secure and efficient building.

Respectfully submitted,

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William Thompson, Chief School Administrator

Dawn Huff, Business Administrator



BOARD OF EDUCATION

ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

June 30, 2019

Members of the Board of Education	<u>Term Expires</u>
Frank Panetta, President	2021
Michelle Lee, Vice-President	2020
Rachel Burris-Nikolopoulos	2019
Dorissalba Sroka	2019
Colleen Williams	2020
Colleen Howell	2021
Catherine Lensi	2020
Renee Smith	2021
Michelle Nusser-Meany	2021

Other Officials

William Thompson, Chief School Administrator

Dawn Huff, Board Secretary/Business Administrator

John Comegno, Esquire, Solicitor

BOARD OF EDUCATION

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

AUDIT FIRM

Ardito & Co., LLP 1110 Harrison Street, Suite C Frenchtown, New Jersey 08825-1192

ATTORNEY

John Comegno, Esquire Comegno Law Group, P.C. 521 Pleasant Valley Ave. Moorestown, NJ 08057

OFFICIAL DEPOSITORIES

First Hope Bank P.O.Box 296 Hope, NJ 07844

Financial Section

Independent Auditor's Report



ARDITO & CO., LLP

1110 Harrison Street, Suite C Frenchtown, New Jersey 08825-1192 908-996-4711 Fax: 908-996-4688 e-mail: anthony@arditoandcompany.com Anthony Ardito, CPA, RMA, CMFO, PSA Douglas R. Williams, CPA, RMA, PSA

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education White Township School District 565 CR 519 County of Warren Belvidere, New Jersey 07823

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the government activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the White Township School District Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

-Continued-

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the White Township School District Board of Education, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension trend information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the White Township School District Board of Education's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, long-term debt schedules, statistical section, and schedule of state financial assistance, as required by New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statement information, long-term debt schedules, and the schedule of state financial assistance, as required by New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statement information, long-term debt schedules, and schedule of state financial assistance, as required by New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2019, on our consideration of the White Township School District Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cindito & Co., LLP

ARDITO & CO., LLP November 8, 2019

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Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2369

Required Supplementary Information - Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of White Township School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- In total, Net Position decreased \$219,833 which represents a 5.1% decrease from 2018.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,055,002 in revenue or 65.5% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$3,709,564 or 34.5% of total revenues of \$10,764,566.
- Total assets of governmental activities decreased by \$251,582, as cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$52,973, receivables increased by \$21,608, and capital assets decreased by \$219,549.
- The School District had \$10,984,399 in expenses; only \$3,709,564 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily property taxes) of \$7,055,002 were available to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9,811,468 in revenues and \$9,825,364 in expenditures. The General Fund's surplus balance decreased \$18,896 over 2018, which compares favorably to the budgeted decrease of \$464,235.

Using this Generally Accepted Accounting Principals Report (GAAP)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand White Township School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail.

For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of White Township School District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's Net Position and changes in those assets. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial positions of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Nonfinancial factors include the School District's property tax base, current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities--All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant facilities, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.
- Business-type Activity--This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on Exhibit B-1. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's Net Position for 2019 compared to 2018.

	Table 1 Net Position	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,906,343	\$ 1,938,376
Capital Assets	3,312,944	3,532,493
Total Assets	5,219,287	5,470,869
Deferred Outflows of Resources	225,589	330,589
Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities	953,089	1,164,401
Other Liabilities	6,107	18,129
Total Liabilities	959,196	1,182,530
Deferred Inflows of Resources	353,362	266,777
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	3,312,944	3,532,493
Restricted	942,961	1,057,559
Unrestricted	(123,587)	(237,901)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 4,132,318</u>	\$ 4,352,151

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Total assets of governmental activities decreased by \$251,582, as cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$52,973, receivables increased by \$21,608, and capital assets decreased by \$219,549.

The cash decrease was mainly due to the decrease in long term debt and capital asset spending. The capital assets decrease was entirely due to depreciation expense, net of capital spending for the year.

Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position from fiscal year 2018.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 71,599	\$ 49,058
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,637,965	4,451,359
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	7,013,654	7,343,122
Federal & State Aid on Capital Asset Projects		
Investment Earnings	40,936	27,659
Other	412	2,328
Total Revenues	10,764,566	11,873,526
Program Expenses		
Instruction	4,474,411	5,012,335
Support Services:		
Tuition	2,891,893	3,003,481
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,379,111	1,420,712
General Administration, School Administration, Business	729,255	859,223
Operations and Maintenance of Facilities	749,317	846,356
Pupil Transportation	605,003	588,391
Business-Type Activities	67,592	55,672
Interest and Fiscal Charges	87,817	91,290
Total Expenses	10,984,399	11,877,460
Increase in Net Position	<u>\$ (219,833)</u>	\$ (3,934)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in New Jersey creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for the School District operations. Property taxes made up 65.2% percent of revenues for governmental activities for the White Township School District for the fiscal year 2019.

Instruction comprises 40.7% of district expenses. Support services expenses make up 57.9% of the expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services compared to 2018. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services 2019	Net Cost of Services 2019	Total Cost of Services 2018	Net Cost of Services 2018
Instruction	\$ 4,474,411	\$ 2,868,308	5,012,335	\$3,035,588
Support Services:				
Tuition	2,891,893	1,971,587	3,003,481	1,930,089
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,379,111	913,572	1,420,712	886,958
General Admin., School Admin., Business	729,255	497,179	859,223	552,152
Operation and Maintenance of Facilities	749,317	510,857	846,356	543,883
Pupil Transportation	605,003	412,469	588,391	378,110
Business-Type Activities	67,592	13,046	55,672	6,905
Interest and Fiscal Charges	87,817	87,817	91,290	43,358
Total Expenses	\$ 10,984,399	\$ 7,274,835	\$ 11,877,460	\$ 7,377,043

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and student.

Pupils and instructional staff include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students.

General administration, school administration and business include expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the District.

Operation and maintenance of facilities activities involve keeping the school grounds, buildings and equipment in an effective working condition.

Pupil transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Business-type activities includes expenses related to activities provided by the School District which are designed to provide for students to participate in food service.

Interest and fiscal charges involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the School District and unallocated depreciation.

The dependence upon tax revenues is apparent. Over 64.1% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; for all activities general revenue support is 67.8%. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the White Township School District.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on exhibit B-1. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other scources of \$9,980,505 and expenditures of \$9,994,401. The General Fund's surplus balance decreased \$18,896 over 2018, which compares favorably to the budgeted decrease of \$464,235.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of the fiscal 2019 year, the School District amended its General Fund budget as needed. The School District uses program based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total program budgets but provide flexibility for program management.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue and other financing sources, excluding on-behalf payments, was \$8,839,027, \$53,989 under original budgeted estimates of \$8,893,016. This difference was due primarily the significant loss of state aid subsequent to the adoption of the district's operating budget.

General fund revenues fell short of expenditures by \$24,715. This deficit compares to a budgeted deficit of \$464,235, which was due to the budgeted use of surplus, maintenance reserves and tuition reserves needed to balance the 2019 budget.

The budgeted deficit was reduced due to cost savings in the areas of instruction, administration and support costs, maintenance, and benefits in the amount of \$467,922.

Overall general fund balance (budget basis) was \$2,048,285, and amounts ear-marked and reserved for future purposes were \$1,708,852, creating a surplus in unreserved fund balance of \$339,433. Management believes unreserved fund balance at statutory levels will provide adequate working capital for the district.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2019, the School District had \$3,305,428 invested in land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal 2019 balances compared to 2018.

Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at June 30,

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Land	\$ 49,010	\$ 49,010
Land Improvements	-	1,629
Buildings and Improvements	2,996,269	3,194,488
Machinery and Equipment	 260,149	 273,321
Totals	\$ 3,305,428	\$ 3,518,448

Overall capital assets decreased \$213,020 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019. The decrease in capital assets was due to depreciation expense for the year.

Capital improvements of \$0 were purchased during fiscal year 2019.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$229,982 as outstanding long term debt. Of this amount, \$177,338 is for compensated absences, and \$52,644 is for the Early Retirement Incentive Plan.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$16,649,743 and the unvoted debt margin was the same.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

For the Future

The White Township School District is in very good financial condition presently. A major concern is the continued reliance on local property taxes. The White Township School District is primarily a residential community, with very few ratables, thus the burden is focused on homeowners to bear the tax burden. However, future finances are not without challenges as the community continues to grow and state funding is decreased.

In conclusion, the White Township School District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. In addition, the School District's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The School District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact Dawn Huff, School Business Administrator/Board Secretary at White Township School District, 565 CR 519, Belvidere, NJ 07823.

Basic Financial Statements

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of Net Position and the statement of activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District.

Exhibit A-1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

	CRNMENTAL CTIVITIES	BUSINESS <u>ACTIVI</u>		TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,800,996	\$	11,902	\$ 1,812,898
Receivables from Other Governments	89,433		841	90,274
Interfund Receivables			2,229	2,229
Inventory			942	942
Capital Assets, Net (Note 6):	 3,305,428		7,516	3,312,944
Total Assets	 5,195,857		23,430	5,219,287
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Deferred Outflows	 225,589			225,589
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	1,700		1,732	3,432
Interfund Payables	2,229			2,229
Unearned Revenue			446	446
Net Pension Liability (Note 8)	723,107			723,107
Noncurrent Liabilities (Note 7):				
Due Within One Year	26,322			26,322
Due Beyond One Year	 203,660			203,660
Total Liabilities	 957,018		2,178	959,196
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Deferred Inflows	 353,362			353,362
Net Position				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,305,428		7,516	3,312,944
Restricted for:				
Other Purposes	942,961			942,961
Unrestricted	 (137,323)		13,736	 (123,587)
Total Net Position	\$ 4,111,066	\$	21,252	\$ 4,132,318

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		1 OK 111		IL 50, 2017			
						PENSE) REVENUE A	
			PROGRAM REVEN		CHANG	ES IN NET POSITIO	DN
			OPERATING	CAPITAL			
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Functions/Programs	EATENGES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITES	IUIAL
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 3,346,706	\$ 39,800	\$ 1,207,426		\$ (2,099,480)		\$ (2,099,480)
Special Education	953,306		303,377		(649,929)		(649,929)
Other Special Instruction	174,399		55,500		(118,899)		(118,899)
Support Services:	,		,		())		())
Tuition	2,891,893		920,306		(1,971,587)		(1,971,587)
Student & Instruction Related Services	1,379,111		465,539		(913,572)		(913,572)
School Administrative Services	67,129		21,363		(45,766)		(45,766)
General and Business Admin. Services	662,126		210,713		(451,413)		(451,413)
Plant Operations and Maintenance	749,317		238,460		(510,857)		(510,857)
Pupil Transportation	605,003		192,534		(412,469)		(412,469)
Interest and Depreciation Charges	87,817		-		(87,817)		(87,817)
Total Governmental Activities	10,916,807	39,800	3,615,218		(7,261,789)		(7,261,789)
Business-Type Activities:							
Food Service	67,592	31,799	22,747			\$ (13,046)	(13,046)
Total Business-Type Activities	67,592	31,799	22,747			(13,046)	(13,046)
Total Primary Government	\$ 10,984,399	\$ 71,599	\$ 3,637,965		\$ (7,261,789)	\$ (13,046)	\$ (7,274,835)
	General Revent Taxes:	ues:					
	· ·		eneral Purposes,Net		\$ 7,013,654		\$ 7,013,654
	Investment E	U			40,936		40,936
	Miscellaneou	s Income			10		412
	Transfers				(5,000)	5,000	
			al Items, Extraordinai	y Items and Transfers		5,402	7,055,002
	U U	Net Position			(212,189)	(7,644)	· · · /
		Beginning (As Res	tated)		4,323,255	28,896	4,352,151
	Net Position—	Ending			\$ 4,111,066	<u>\$</u> 21,252	\$ 4,132,318

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Individual Fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.

Exhibit B-1

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	(GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	GOV	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,800,996	\$	1,800,996
Receivables from Other Governments		89,433		89,433
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,890,429	\$	1,890,429
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	1,700	\$	1,700
Interfund Payables		2,229		2,229
Total Liabilities		3,929		3,929
Fund Balances: Restricted for:				
Excess Surplus		377,045		377,045
Excess Surplus-Designated For Subsequent Years		368,461		368,461
Capital Reserve		541,110		541,110
Maintenance Reserve		126,851		126,851
Tuition Reserve		275,000		275,000
Assigned to:				
Year-End Encumbrances Unassigned:		20,385		20,385
General Fund		177,648		177,648
Total Fund Balances		1,886,500		1,886,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES		i		<u> </u>
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,890,429	\$	1,890,429
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of Net Position (A-1) are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$7,444,326 and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,138,898.			\$	3,305,428
Deferred Outflows related to pension contributions subsequent to the Net Pension Liablity measurement date and other deferred it financial resources and therefore are not report in the fund stateme				225,589
Deferred Inflows related to pension actuarial gains from experience differences in actual return and assumed returns and other deferred reported as liabilities in the fund statements. (See Note 8)		re not		(353,362)
Long-term liabilities, including Net Pension Liability, are not due ar payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 8)	nd			(723,107)
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 8)	nd			(723,107)
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 8)Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and	nd			(723,107)
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 8)	nd			(723,107)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>			
REVENUES								
Local sources:	¢	7.012.654			¢	7.012.654		
Local Tax Levy	\$	7,013,654			\$	7,013,654		
Tuition		39,800				39,800		
Miscellaneous		40,946				40,946		
Total - Local Sources		7,094,400		-		7,094,400		
State Sources		2,717,068				2,717,068		
Federal Sources			\$	169,037		169,037		
Total Revenues		9,811,468		169,037		9,980,505		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Regular Instruction		1,736,686		142,382		1,879,068		
Special Education Instruction		566,237				566,237		
Other Special Instruction		103,588				103,588		
Support services and undistributed costs:								
Tuition		2,891,893				2,891,893		
Student and Instruction Related Services		792,498		26,655		819,153		
School Administrative Services		39,873				39,873		
Other Administrative Services		374,270				374,270		
Plant Operations and Maintenance		442,560				442,560		
Pupil Transportation		605,003				605,003		
Unallocated Benefits		2,158,184				2,158,184		
Transfer to Charter School		109,467				109,467		
Capital Outlay		5,105				5,105		
Total Expenditures		9,825,364		169,037		9,994,401		
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over Expenditures		(13,896)		-		(13,896)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - Enterprise Fund		(5,000)				(5,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(5,000)		-		(5,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(18,896)		-		(18,896)		
Fund Balance—July 1		1,905,396				1,905,396		
Fund Balance—June 30	\$	1,886,500		-	\$	1,886,500		

Exhibit B-3

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (from B-2)				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:				
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period. Depreciation Expense \$ (213,020) Net Book Value of Disposals - Capital Outlays		(213,020)		
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, includin service and interest costs, administravtive costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is the amount by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed during the period.	ng	15,999		
Repayment of early retirement incentive plan is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and is not reported in the statement of activities.		26,322		
In the statement of activities, compensated absences is accrued regardless of when paid. In the governmental funds, compensated absences are reported when paid. This is the amount by which the curren year's compensated absence payments exceed the current year's amount earned.		(22,594)		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(212,189)		

Exhibit B-4

STATEMENT OF PROPRIETARY NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2	2019
------------	------

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds Food			
		<u>Service</u>		<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS Current assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,902	\$	11,902
Federal and State Accounts Receivable	ψ	841	φ	841
Interfund Receivables		2,229		2,229
Inventories		942		942
Total Current Assets		15,914		15,914
		10,911		15,911
Noncurrent Assets:				
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment		50,113		50,113
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(42,597)		(42,597)
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,516		7,516
Total Assets		23,430		23,430
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		1,732		1,732
Deferred Revenue		446		446
Total Current Liabilities		2,178		2,178
Total Liabilities		2,178		2,178
Net Position				
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt		7,516		7,516
Unrestricted		13,736		13,736
Total Net Position	\$	21,252	\$	21,252

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund			
		Food		Total
		Service	En	terprise
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services:				
Daily Sales - Reimbursable Programs	\$	27,385	\$	27,385
Daily Sales - Non-Reimb.Programs		4,414		4,414
Miscellaneous		402		402
Total Operating Revenues		32,201		32,201
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of Sales - Reimbursable Programs		16,437		16,437
Cost of Sales - Non-reimbursable Programs		4,490		4,490
Salaries		24,459		24,459
Employee Benefits		4,012		4,012
Other Purchased Professional Services		7,788		7,788
Miscellaneous		3,877		3,877
Depreciation		6,529		6,529
Total Operating Expenses		67,592		67,592
Operating Income (Loss)		(35,391)		(35,391)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
State Sources:				
State School Lunch Program		576		576
Federal Sources:				
National School Lunch Program		18,090		18,090
Food Distribution Program		4,081		4,081
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		22,747		22,747
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(12,644)		(12,644)
Transfers In (Out)		5,000		5,000
Change in Net Position		(7,644)		(7,644)
Total Net Position—Beginning		28,896		28,896
Total Net Position—Ending	\$	21,252	\$	21,252

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds			
		Food	Total	
	-	<u>Service</u>	En	<u>terprise</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers	\$,	\$	32,201
Payments to Employees and Benefits		(28,470)		(28,470)
Payments to Suppliers		(27,025)		(27,025)
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities		(23,294)		(23,294)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
State Sources		578		578
Federal Sources		18,081		18,081
Operating Subsidy Transfers from Other Funds		5,000		5,000
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities		23,659		23,659
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		365		365
Balances—Beginning of Year		11,537		11,537
Balances—End of Year	\$	11,902	\$	11,902
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(35,391)	\$	(35,391)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		6,529		6,529
Federal Commodities		4,081		4,081
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		(171)		(171)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		839		839
Increase (Decrease) in Payables		819		819
Total Adjustments		12,097		12,097
Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities	\$	(23,294)	\$	(23,294)

Exhibit B-7

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

	Agency <u>Fund</u>		
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,375	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	17,375	
LIABILITIES Payroll Deductions Payable Payable to Student Groups	\$	1 17,374	
Total Liabilities	\$	17,375	
Net Position			
Held in Trust for Other Purposes			

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Board of Education (Board) of the White Township School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments (Statement No.34). This Statement provides for the most significant change in financial reporting in over twenty years with a phased-in implementation period (based on amount of revenues) starting with fiscal years ending 2002 (for larger governments). The District was not required to implement the new model until the 2003-2004 school year.

In addition, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No.37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, Statement No.38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, Statement No.40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, an amendment of GASB Statement No.3, and Statement 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section (GASB 44), an amendment of NCGA Statement 1, Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles is found in the Introduction, a revised statistical section in the Outline of the CAFR, GASB Statement No. 45, Other Post-retirement Employee Benefits, GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and GASB No. 63 and 65, Deferred Outflows and Inflows and Net Position, and Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liablities, and GAASB No. 68, Accounting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB No. 27. The implementation of these statements did not effect net position balances as previously reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>:

The White Township School District is a Type II district located in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey. As a Type II district, the School District functions independently through a Board of Education. The board is comprised of five members elected to three-year terms. The purpose of the district is to educate students in grades K-8. The White Township School District had an approximate enrollment at June 30, 2019, of 276 students.

The primary criterion for including activities within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, is whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue or be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the District has no component units.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting:

The School District's basic financial statements consist of District-wide statements, including a statement of Net Position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Basis of Presentation

District-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activity of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees and charged to external parties. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activity of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activity of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements: During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary —are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey districts to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No.34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among district financial reporting models.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all expendable financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued):

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the District includes budgeted Capital Outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, debt service or the enterprise funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued to finance major property acquisition, construction and improvement programs.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The District reports the following proprietary fund:

Enterprise (Food Service) Fund - The Enterprise Fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the Board's cafeteria operations. The food service fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued):

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of others and include the Student Activities Fund, Payroll Agency Fund and Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

District-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; the enterprise fund and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures. Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes are susceptible to accrual as under New Jersey Statute as the municipality is required to remit to its school district the entire balance of taxes in the amount voted upon or certified prior to the end of the school year. The District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the fiscal year, since the revenue is both measurable and available. The District is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable". Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the District follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control:</u>

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval and are voted upon at the annual school election on the third Tuesday in April. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue funds. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. All budget amendments/transfers must be approved by School Board resolution. In addition, transfers are also covered by changes in N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-2.3 that can require approval through the state department. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Appropriations, except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The capital projects fund presents the remaining project appropriations compared to current year expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

D. <u>Encumbrance Accounting</u>:

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, for which the District has received advances, are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Equity:

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents includes petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the District-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Inventories:

Inventory purchases, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

Capital Assets:

The District has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. The capitalization threshold used by school districts in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
School Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Electrical/Plumbing	30
Vehicles	8
Office and Computer Equipment	5-10
Instructional Equipment	10
Grounds Equipment	15

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u> (Continued):

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences:

The District accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

District instructional employees are granted sick leave in amounts under the District's contractual policies. Sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and begin vesting with the employee after initial service and become eligible after fifteen years of service and payment is based upon retirement in the state pension system.

The liability for compensated absences was accrued using the termination payment method, whereby the liability is calculated based on the amount of sick leave that is expected to become eligible for payment upon termination. The District estimates its accrued compensated absences liability based on the accumulated sick and vacation days at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments. Salary related payments for the employer's share of social security and medicare taxes, as well as pension contributions, are included.

For the District-wide Statements, the current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. In accordance with GAAP, for the governmental funds, in the Fund Financial Statements, all of the compensated absences are considered long-term and therefore, are not a fund liability and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and District-wide presentations.

Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2019, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2020 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlement received before the eligible requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported on the District-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued):

Net Position:

Net Position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net Position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance Reserves:

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion which is available for appropriation in future periods. A fund balance reserve has been established for encumbrances.

Revenues—Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest and tuition.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued):

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the School District, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, that could not be attributed to a specific function, is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Deposits:

New Jersey statutes require that school districts deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. School districts are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" ("GASB 40"), the district's accounts are profiled in order to determine exposure, if any, to Custodial Credit Risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty the district would not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investment). Deposits are considered to be exposed to Custodial Credit Risk if they are: uncollarteralized or collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. At June 30, 2019, all of the district's deposits were collateralized by securities held in its name and, accordingly, not exposed to custodial credit risk. The district does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2019, cash and cash equivalents of the District consisted of the following:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents (A-1)	Cash and Cash Equivalents (B-7)	Total
Checking	\$1,812,898	\$17,375	\$1,830,273
	\$1,812,898	\$17,375	\$1,830,273

The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019, was \$1,830,273 and the bank balance was \$2,584,838. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey statutes. Of these bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurances and \$2,334,838 was covered by collateral pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019, consisted of intergovernmental receivables for grants and lunch reimbursements. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Governmental Fund Financial <u>Statements</u>	Government-Wide Financial <u>Statements</u>
State Aid Federal Aid	\$89,433	\$89,459 815
Gross Receivable-Governm. Other Receivables	89,433	90,274
Less: Allow. for Uncollectibles Total Receivables, Net	\$89,433	\$90,274

NOTE 4: INVENTORY

Inventory in the Food Service Fund at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Food	\$ 576
Supplies	 366
Total	\$ 942

The value of Federal donated commodities as reflected on Schedule A (required by the Single Audit Law of 1996, as revised) is the difference between market value and cost of the commodities at the date of purchase and has been included as an item of nonoperating revenue in the financial statements.

NOTE 5: DEFERRED BOND ISSUANCE COSTS

In governmental funds, debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. For the District-wide financial statements, governmental activity debt issuance costs are amortized straight-line over the life of the specific bonds (18 to 20 years). The costs associated with the issued of the various bonds are immaterial and are not amortized on the District-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

]	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Retirements	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$	49,010			\$ 49,010
Construction in Progress					
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		49,010			49,010
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Land Improvements		83,550			83,550
Buildings and Building Improvements		6,759,810			6,759,810
Machinery and Equipment		551,956			551,956
Total at Historical Cost		7,395,316	-	-	7,395,316
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Land Improvements		(81,921) \$	(1,629)		(83,550)
Building and Improvements		(3,565,322)	(198,219)		(3,763,541)
Equipment		(278,635)	(13,172)		(291,807)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,925,878)	(213,020)	-	(4,138,898)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,					
net of Accumulated Depreciation		3,469,438	(213,020)	-	3,256,418
Government Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,518,448	(\$213,020)		\$ 3,305,428

On January 11, 2001, the NJ State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by school districts in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500. Applying the higher capitalization threshold retroactively (removal of old assets from the General Fixed Assets Account Group) will be permitted by the State regulations in situations where (1) the assets have been fully depreciated, or (2) the assets have exceeded their useful lives. The retirement of machinery and equipment is due to the retroactive application of the higher threshold of equipment capitalization. That is, the District has removed from their records assets with a historical cost greater than \$500 but not greater than \$2,000 that were fully depreciated or had exceeded their useful lives.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Regular Instruction	\$ 108,781
Support/Administration	19,014
Maintenance	2,513
Unallocated	84,335
Total	\$ 214,643

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Bonds are authorized in accordance with State law by the voters of the district through referendums. All bonds are retired in serial installments within the statutory period of usefulness. Bonds issued by the Board are general obligation bonds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

A. Long-Term Obligation Activity:

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	7/1/18	Increases	Decreases	6/30/19	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
Early Retirement Incentive Program	\$78,966		(\$26,322)	\$52,644	\$26,322
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences Payable	154,744	\$22,594		177,338	
Total	\$233,710	\$22,594	(\$26,322)	\$229,982	\$26,322

Compensated absences and Early Retirement Incentive Plan payments have ben liquidated in the General Fund.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS

<u>Description of Plans</u> - All required employees of the District are covered by either the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement System and the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pension and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625 or on the internet at http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

<u>Teachers'</u> <u>Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u> - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide retirement benefits, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, 100% of employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the District and the system's other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The employer contributions for the district are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the district (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the district (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the district. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the district was \$16,455,276 as measured on June 30, 2018 and \$17,566,040 measured on June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$959,285 and revenue of \$959,285 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the district's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2019 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State is based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018.

Although the district does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the district. The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

6/30/2017	6/30/2018
\$14,251,854,934	\$12,599,296,329
\$11,807,233,433	\$16,171,861,734
\$67,423,605,859	\$63,617,852,031
\$17,566,040	\$16,455,276
0.026053%	0.025866%
	\$14,251,854,934 \$11,807,233,433 \$67,423,605,859 \$17,566,040

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation:	2.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2021	1.55-4.55%
Therafter	2.00-5.45%
Investment Rate of Return:	7.00%

Pre-retirement, post-retirement and disabled mortality rates were based on the experience of TPAF members reflecting mortality improvement on a generational basis based on a 60-year average of Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return- In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.0% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate
<u>Asset Class</u>	Target Allocation	<u>of Return</u>
Risk mitigation	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
US Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yeild	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
US Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-US developed markets E	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the State's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - Since the District has no proportionate share of the net pension liability because of the special funding situation, the district would not be sensitive to any changes in the discount rate. The following presents the State's net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate shown above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current						
	1	<u>1% Decrease Discount Rate 1</u>			1%	1% Increase		
		<u>(3.86%)</u>		<u>(4.86%)</u>		<u>(5.86%)</u>		
State's Collective Net Pension Liability	\$	75,417,894,537	\$	63,806,350,446	\$	54,180,663,328		

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml. The plan fudiciary net position as of June 30, 2018 was \$22,991,116,840.

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - Amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amoounts) related to pensions will be recognized in the state's pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30:
2019	\$401,574,312
2020	208,932,249
2021	(222,922,941)
2022	(149,225,008)
2023	(735,040,983)
Thereafter	(3,210,092,402)
Total	(\$3,706,774,773)

Pension Expense - The components of allocable pension expense and pension expense related to specific liabilities of individual employers, for state and local employers for the year ending June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Service cost	\$2,229,422,113
Interest on total ension liability	3,858,188,355
Member contributions	(810,899,751)
Administrative expens	13,222,178
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(1,536,165,072)
Pension expense related to specific liabilities of individual	
employers	(345,897)
Recognition (amortization) of deferred inflows/outflows:	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains/losses	197,584,362
Recogntion of assumption changes or inputs	(98,468,671)
Recognition of investment gains/losses	(132,850,523)
Total pension expense	\$3,719,687,094

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, school district, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$723,107 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2017 valuation was determined by an experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .000367% which was a decrease of 0.00033% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$20,505. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Ī	Deferred	Deferred
	<u>O</u> t	<u>itflows of</u>	Inflows of
	<u>R</u>	esources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	13,790	\$ 3,729
Changes of assumptions		119,156	231,211
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	6,783
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		38,124	111,639
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		54,519	
Total	\$	225,589	\$ 353,362

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

\$54,519 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ending June 30, 2019, the plan measurement date is June 30, 2018) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		<u>Year Ende</u>	ed June 30:
	2019	\$8,	411
	2020	(11,	645)
	2021	(83,501)	
	2022	(72,	380)
	2023	(23,	177)
	Total	(\$182	2,292)
		6/30/2017	6/30/2018
Collective deferred outflows of resources		\$6,424,455,842	\$4,684,852,302
Collective deferred inflows of resources		5,700,625,981	7,646,736,226
Collective net pension liability (Non State - Local Group)		\$23,278,401,588	\$19,689,501,539
District's portion of net pension liability		\$930,691	\$723,107
District's proportion %		0.00399809%	0.00367255%
~ ~			

Actuarial assumptions - The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

2.25%
1.65%-4.15% based on age
2.65%-5.15% based on age
7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2013 Based on Projection Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

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		<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate</u>
<u>Asset Class</u>	Target Allocation	<u>of Return</u>
Risk mitigation	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
US Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yeild	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
US Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-US developed markets E	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year.

The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2046, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	<u>1% Decrease Discount Rate 19</u>			1%	Increase
	(<u>(4.66%)</u>	<u>(5.66%)</u>		<u>(6.66%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	909,224	\$723,107	\$	566,967

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense - The components of allocable pension expense and pension expense related to specific liabilities of individual employers, for state and local employers for the year ending June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Service cost	\$17,460
Interest on total ension liability	41,974
Member contributions	(10,026)
Administrative expens	278
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(26,353)
Pension expense related to specific liabilities of individual	
employers	(154)
Recognition (amortization) of deferred inflows/outflows:	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains/losses	2,831
Recogntion of assumption changes or inputs	(3,260)
Recognition of investment gains/losses	(2,245)
Total pension expense	\$20,505

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml.

Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCRP) - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established as of July 1, 2007 under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et seq.). The DCRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund. The DCRP provides eligible members, and their beneficiaries with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting and benefit provisions are established by N. J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. The State Treasurer has the right under current law to make temporary reductions in member rates based on the existence of surplus plan assets in the retirement system; however statute also requires the return to the normal rate when such surplus pension assets no longer exist.

PERS and **TPAF** Vesting and Benefit Provisions - The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43.3B, and N.J.S.A. 18A:6C for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits for age and service are available at age 60 and are generally determined to be 1/60 of the final average salary for each year of service credit, as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for members who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

<u>Significant Legislation</u> - Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, effective June 28, 2011 made various changes to the manner in which the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) operate and to the benefit provisions of those systems.

Chapter 78's provisions impacting employee pension and health benefits include:

□ New members of the PERS hired on or after June 28, 2011 (Tier 5 members) will need 30 years of creditable service and age 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. □ The eligibility age to qualify for a service retirement in the PERS is increased from age 63 to 65 for Tier 5 members. □ The annual benefit under special retirement for new PFRS members enrolled after June 28, 2011 (Tier 3 members), will be 60% instead of 65% of the member's final compensation plus 1% for each year of creditable service over 25 years but not to exceed 30 years. □ Increases in active member contribution rates. PERS active member rates increase from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years; PFRS active member rate increase from 8.5% to 10%. For fiscal year 2012, the member contribution rates increased in October 2011. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution rates for PES members will take place in July of each subsequent fiscal year.

 \Box The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) additional increases to current and future retirees and beneficiaries is suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law. \Box New employee contribution requirements towards the cost of employer-provided health benefit coverage. Employees are required to contribute a certain percentage of the cost of coverage. The rate of contribution is determined based on the employee's annual salary and the selected level of coverage. The increased employee contributions will be phased in over a 4-year period for those employed prior to Chapter 78'sceffective date with a minimum contribution required to becat least 1.5% of salary. \Box In addition, this new legislation changes the method for amortizing the pension systems' unfunded accrued liability (from a level percent of pay method to a level dollar of pay).

<u>Contribution Requirements</u> - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A, Chapter 62, P.L. of 1994, Chapter 115, P.L. of 1997 (PERS) and N.J.S.A. 18:66 (TPAF) requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. TPAF and PERS provide for employee contributions of 6.5% of employees' annual compensation, as defined. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The current TPAF rate is 6.5% and the PERS rate is 6.5% of covered payroll.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS			
	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
<u>Funding</u>	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2019	¢54,510	100 %	-0-
	\$54,519		•
6/30/2018	\$54,545	100	-0-
6/30/2017	\$52,841	100	-0-

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Three-Year Trend Information for TPAF (Paid on-behalf of the District)				
	Annual	Percentage	Net	
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension	
<u>Funding</u>	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
6/30/2019	\$525,863	100 %	-0-	
6/30/2018	\$390,654	100	-0-	
6/30/2017	\$293,680	100	-0-	

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the State of New Jersey did contribute \$764,214 to the TPAF for postretirement benefits on behalf of the District. Also, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the District \$202,408 during the year ended June 30, 2019, for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. The PERS amounts have been included in the fund-based statements as pension expense and the TPAF on-behalf amounts have been included in fund-based statements as revenues and expenditures. The PERS and TPAF amounts have been modified and included in the District-wide financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Plan description and benefits provided

The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148,401 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not prefund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, an increase in the number of participants qualifying for Statepaid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been re-measured to \$97.1 billion, an increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the re-measured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017.

The State is also responsible for the cost attributable to P.L. 1992, c.126, which provides employer paid health benefits to members of PERS and the Alternate Benefit Program (APB) who retired from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service (GASB Cod. Sec. 2300.106(g).

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS-(Continued)

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

The State of New Jersey (a nonemployer contributing entity) is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make benefit payments as other postemployment benefits (OPEB) comes due for benefits provided to employees of a local school district, charter school, and renaissance school project through an OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75. The department has obtained an opinion from GASB that, for purposes of meeting the required note disclosures and required supplementary information RSI) of this statement, New Jersey schools are to treat OPEB as "a defined benefit single employer OPEB Plan That is Not Administered through a Trust That Meets the Criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASBS. No. 75."

Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The LEA's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the LEA did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education.

Actuarial assumptions and other imputes The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary Increases Through 2026:	1.55-4.55% TPAF 2.15-4.15% PERS Based on age
Salary Increases Thereafter:	2.00-5.45% TPAF 3.15-5.15% PERS Based on age
Discount rate (2018)	3.87%
Discount rate (2017)	3.58%
Healthcare cost trend rates (PPO Plans)	5.8% decreasing to 5.0% after eight years
Healthcare cost trend rates (Self-insured post 65 PPO Plans) Healthcare cost trend rates (HMO Plans)	4.50% 5.8% decreasing to 5.0% after eight years
Healthcare cost trend rates (Prescription Drug Benefits)	8.0% decreasing to 5.0% after seven years
Healthcare cost trend rates (Medicare Part B reimbursement)	5.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates (Medicare Advantage)	4.50%
Retirees' share of benefit related Costs	Projected health insurance premiums for retirees based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS-(Continued)

The discount rate for June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 3.87% and 3.58%, respectively. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2015, July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2014, and July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013 for TPAF, PFRS and PERS, respectively.

Total OPEB

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability reported by the State of New Jersey

	<u>Liability</u>
The State's Total OPEB Liability Balance at 6/30/2017	\$53,639,841,858
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	1,984,642,729
Interest	1,970,236,232
Change in Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(5,002,065,740)
Changes of Assumptions	(5,291,448,855)
Benefit Payments	(1,232,987,247)
Contributions from Members	42,614,005
Net changes	(7,529,008,876)
The State's Total OPEB Liability Balance at 6/30/2018	<u>\$46,110,832,982</u>
The State's total OPEB liability attributable to the District:	\$14,513,821

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.58 percent in 2017 to 3.87 percent in 2018 and other changes.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for school board retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for school board would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1- percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		June 30, 2018	
	At 1% Decrease	At Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
	<u>2.87%</u>	<u>3.87%</u>	<u>4.87%</u>
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$54,512,391,175	\$46,110,832,982	\$39,432,461,816

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS-(Continued)

		June 30, 2017	
	At 1% Decrease	At Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
	2.58%	<u>3.58%</u>	<u>4.58%</u>
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$63,674,362,200	\$53,639,841,858	\$45,680,364,953

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage- point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

_		June 30, 2018	
		Health Care Cost	
	At 1% Decrease	Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB			
Liability (School	\$38,113,289,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$56,687,891,003
Retirees)			
-		June 30, 2017	
		Health Care Cost	
	At 1% Decrease	Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability			
(School Retirees)	\$44,113,584,560	\$53,639,841,858	\$66,290,599,457

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the board of education recognized OPEB expense of \$533,647 determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the District's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, and there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. At June 30, 2018, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employee's OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences Between Expected and Actual		(\$4,476,086,167)
Experience		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(\$10,335,978,867)
Total		(\$14,812,065,034)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS-(Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employee's OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	(\$1,825,218,593)
2020	(\$1,825,218,593)
2021	(\$1,825,218,593)
2022	(\$1,825,218,593)
2023	(\$1,825,218,593)
Thereafter	<u>(\$5,685,972,069)</u>
	(\$14,812,065,034)

NOTE 10: DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Board offers its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plans, which are administered by the entities listed below, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plans are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan administrators are as follows:

Equitable Oppenheimer T Rowe Price Franklin Trust

NOTE 11: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

District instructional employees are granted sick leave in amounts under the District's contractual policies. Sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and begin vesting with the employee after initial service and become eligible after fifteen years of service and payment is based upon retirement in the state pension system.

In the district-wide *Statement of Assets*, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components--the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the proprietary fund types is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of June 30, 2019, no liability existed for compensated absences in the proprietary fund types.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

<u>Property</u> and <u>Liability</u> <u>Insurance</u> - The District maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, student accident and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

GRANT PROGRAMS

The Board participates in state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The Board is potentially liable for any expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

LITIGATION

There are no material threatened litigations, claims or assessments, including unasserted claims and assessments known to the Board.

NOTE 14: FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

General Fund (Exhibit B-1)- Of the \$1,886,500 General Fund fund balance at June 30, 2019, \$20,385 is reserved for encumbrances; \$126,851 is reserved as maintenance reserve in accordance with P.L. 2007 c.62; \$275,000 is reserved for tuition adjustment in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:23-3.1(f)(8); \$541,110 is reserved for Capital Reserve; \$745,506 is reserved as excess surplus in accordance with N.J.S.A.18A:7F-7 (\$368,461 of the total reserve for excess surplus has been appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the year ending June 30, 2020); and \$177,648 is unreserved and undesignated.

NOTE 15: CALCULATION OF EXCESS SURPLUS

The designation for Reserved Fund Balance – Excess Surplus is a required calculation pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7, as amended. New Jersey school districts are required to reserve General Fund fund balance at the fiscal year end of June 30 if they did not appropriate a required minimum amount as budgeted fund balance in their subsequent years' budget. The excess fund balance at June 30, 2019 is \$377,045.

NOTE 16: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The General fund owes the enterprise fund \$2,059 for Federal and State lunch subsidies not yet paid over at June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 17: CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNT

A capital reserve account was established by the White Township School District Board of Education by inclusion of \$1. on October 10, 2000, for the accumulation of funds for use as capital outlay expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. The capital reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

Funds placed in the capital reserve account are restricted to capital projects in the district's approved Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP). Upon submission of the LRFP to the department, a district may increase the balance in the capital reserve by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes or by transfer by board resolution at year end of any unanticipated revenue or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts, or both. A district may also appropriate additional amounts when the express approval of the voters has been obtained either by a separate proposal at budget time or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23-2.13(g), the balance in the account cannot at any time exceed the local support costs of uncompleted capital projects in its approved LRFP.

The activity of the capital reserve for the July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 fiscal year is as follows:

Beginning Balance, July 1, 2018	\$ 463,270
Interest Earned	2,840
Deposits: Board Resolution June 24, 2019	 75,000
Ending Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 541,110

NOTE 18: MAINTENANCE RESERVE ACCOUNT

A maintenance reserve account was established by the School District Board of Education for the accumulation of funds for use in accordance with PL 2007 c.62 (A1). The maintenance reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

The activity of the maintenance reserve for the July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 fiscal year is as follows:

Beginning balance July 1, 2018	\$ 201,081
Interest Earned	770
Budgeted Withdrawal	 (75,000)
Ending balance June 30, 2019	\$ 126,851

NOTE 19: TUITION RESERVE ACCOUNT

A tuition reserve account was established by the School District Board of Education in fiscal year 2018 and 2019, for the accumulation of funds for use in fiscal year 2020 and 2021, respectively, in accordance with NJAC 6A:23A17.1(f). The tuition reserve account is maintained in the general fund and enables the district to reserve fund balance for an anticipated large tuition adjustment for the current contract year. A maximum reserve for the current year is restricted to ten percent of the formal sending/receiving contract amount. Upon certification of rates in the second year following the contract year, full appropriation of the applicable year's reserve must be liquidated and any remaining balance related to that year must be reserved and budgeted for tax relief.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19: TUITION RESERVE ACCOUNT-(Continued)

The district has established a tuition reserve for future tuition adjustments, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23-3.1(f), in an amount not exceeding 10% of the formal receiving/sending contract. \$150,000 has been reserved for the 2017-2018 tuition adjustment due in fiscal year 2019-2020, and \$125,000 has been reserved for the 2018-2019 tuition adjustment due in fiscal year 2020-2021. The tuition reserve due for fiscal year 2017-2018 in the amount of \$150,000 has been anticipated as budgeted revenue for the year ending June 30, 2020.

The activity of the tuition reserve for the July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 fiscal year is as follows:

Beginning balance July 1, 2018	\$ 350,000
Anticipated as Budgeted Revenue in fiscal year 2019	(200,000)
Deposits: Board Resolution June 24, 2019	125,000
Ending balance June 30, 2019	\$ 275,000

NOTE 20: TUITION ADJUSTMENTS

A comparison of tenative tuition charges and actual certified tuition charges was made by the receiving district (Belvidere High School) for fiscal year 2016-2017 and certified by the state department. The resulting 2016-2017 tuition adjustment of \$143,181 in accordance with N.J.A.C 6a:23-3.1(f)3, was due to Belvidere High School in fiscal year 2018-2019. White Township School District paid the adjustment on July 18, 2018.

NOTE 21: TAX ABATEMENTS

As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), a tax abatement is an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens. School districts are not authorized by New Jersey statute to enter into tax abatement agreements. However, the county or municipality in which the school district is situated may have entered into tax abatement agreements, and that potential must be disclosed in these financial statements. If the county or municipality entered into tax abatement agreements, those agreements will not directly affect the school district's local tax revenue because N.J.S.A. 54:4-75 and N.J.S.A. 54:4-76 require that amounts so forgiven must effectively be recouped from other taxpayers and remitted to the school district.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F Fa	ariance Final to Actual worable/ favorable)
\$	7.013.654		\$	7.013.654	\$	7.013.654		
*			*		*		\$	21,600
	/			,			+	35,946
	7,036,854			7,036,854		7,094,400		57,546
	581,054			581,054		581,054		
	249,609							
	335,067			335,067		335,067		
	49,562			49,562		49,562		
	640,870	(201,208)		439,662		439,662		
				-		5,466		5,466
				-		84,207		84,207
						525,468		525,468
						238,351		238,351
						395		395
						202,408		202,408
	1,856,162	(201,208)		1,654,954		2,711,249	1	,056,295
	8,893,016	(201,208)		8,691,808		9,805,649	1	,113,841
	60,210	34,400		94,610		94,592		18
	894,578	(400)		894,178		891,378		2,800
	755,494	(70,000)		685,494		681,526		3,968
	\$	Budget \$ 7,013,654 18,200 5,000 7,036,854 581,054 249,609 335,067 49,562 640,870 1,856,162 8,893,016 60,210 894,578	Budget Transfers \$ 7,013,654 18,200 $5,000$ 5,000 7,036,854 581,054 249,609 335,067 49,562 640,870 (201,208) 1,856,162 (201,208) 8,893,016 (201,208) 60,210 34,400 894,578 (400)	Budget Transfers \$ 7,013,654 \$ 18,200 \$ 5,000 $7,036,854$ 581,054 \$ 249,609 \$ 335,067 49,562 640,870 (201,208) 1,856,162 (201,208) 8,893,016 (201,208) 60,210 34,400 894,578 (400)	BudgetTransfersBudget\$ 7,013,654\$ 7,013,65418,20018,2005,0005,0007,036,8547,036,854 $581,054$ 581,054249,609249,609335,067335,06749,56249,562640,870(201,208)49,5621,856,162(201,208)1,856,162(201,208)8,893,016(201,208)8,893,016(201,208)8,894,578(400)894,178	BudgetTransfersBudget\$ 7,013,654\$ 7,013,654\$ 18,200 $18,200$ $18,200$ $18,200$ $5,000$ $5,000$ $5,000$ $7,036,854$ $7,036,854$ $581,054$ $581,054$ $249,609$ $249,609$ $335,067$ $335,067$ $49,562$ $49,562$ $640,870$ $(201,208)$ $439,662$ $ 8,893,016$ $(201,208)$ $8,691,808$ $60,210$ $34,400$ $894,578$ (400) $894,178$	BudgetTransfersBudgetActual\$ 7,013,654\$ 7,013,654\$ 7,013,654\$ 7,013,65418,20018,20039,8005,0005,00040,9467,036,8547,036,8547,094,400581,054581,054581,054249,609249,609249,609335,067335,067335,06749,56249,56249,562640,870(201,208)439,662439,662-5,466525,468238,351395202,4081,856,162(201,208)1,654,9542,711,24934,40094,61060,21034,40094,61094,578(400)894,178891,378	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

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See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deciden Ducquerre Henry Instancetions	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Regular Programs - Home Instruction: Salaries of Teachers	1 100		1 100	267	722
	1,100	12 492	1,100	367	733
Purchased Professional-Educational Services	1,500	12,483	13,983	11,463	2,520
Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction	22 200	(2,000)	20.200	17.500	2 (01
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	23,200	(3,000)	20,200	17,599	2,601
General Supplies	51,609	(12,334)	39,275	29,137	10,138
Textbooks	31,000	(5,480)	25,520	10,624	14,896
TOTAL REGULAR PROGRAMS - INSTRUCTION	1,818,691	(44,331)	1,774,360	1,736,686	37,674
SPECIAL EDUCATION - INSTRUCTION					
Multiple Disabilities:					
Salaries of Teachers	62,627		62,627	62,534	93
General Supplies	750		750		750
Total Multiple Disabilities	63,377		63,377	62,534	843
Resource Room/Resource Center:					
Salaries of Teachers	440,328	24,400	464,728	464,675	53
General Supplies	4,000		4,000	2,989	1,011
Total Resource Room/Resource Center	444,328	24,400	468,728	467,664	1,064
Preschool Disabilities - Part Time:					
Salaries of Teachers	36,328		36,328	36,039	289
Other Salaries for Instruction	10,545		10,545	-	10,545
Total Preschool Disabilities - Part Time	46,873		46,873	36,039	10,834
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION - INSTRUCTION	554,578	24,400	578,978	566,237	12,741

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Basic Skills/Remedial - Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers	88,539	(29,820)	58,719	58,719	
Other Salaries for Instruction	29,144	(15,267)	13,877	13,877	
General Supplies	7,500	(2,917)	4,583	4,583	
Total Basic Skills/Remedial - Instruction	125,183	(48,004)	77,179	77,179	
School Sponsored Co/Extra Curricular Activities-Instruction:					
Salaries	22,271	1,517	23,788	23,788	
General Supplies	1,000	1,622	2,622	2,621	1
Total School Sponsored Co/Extra Curricular Activities-Instruc.	23,271	3,139	26,410	26,409	1
TOTAL INSTRUCTION	2,521,723	(64,796)	2,456,927	2,406,511	50,416
UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Tuition to Other LEAs Within the State-Regular	1,971,200	220,280	2,191,480	2,191,480	
Tuition to Other LEAs Within the State-Special	247,500	(47,511)	199,989	199,989	
Tuition to County Voc. School DistRegular	72,025		72,025	72,025	
Tuition to County Voc. School DistSpecial	36,000		36,000	36,000	
Tuition to Priv. Sch. For Disabled within State	358,662	33,737	392,399	392,399	
Total Instruction	2,685,387	206,506	2,891,893	2,891,893	
Attendance and Social Work Services:					
Salaries	82,910		82,910	82,675	235
Supplies and Materials	9,500	(335)	9,165	6,476	2,689
Total Attendance and Social Work Services	92,410	(335)	92,075	89,151	2,924
Health Services:					
Salaries	59,537	(2,847)	56,690	56,305	385
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	1,000	426	1,426	1,147	279
Supplies and Materials	1,500	2,496	3,996	3,996	
Total Health Services	62,037	75	62,112	61,448	664
Other Supp. Services Students-Related Services:					
Salaries	114,618	(16,565)	98,053	98,053	
Total Other Supp. Services Students-Related Services	114,618	(16,565)	98,053	98,053	

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Other Supp. Services Students-Extra. Services:					
Salaries	36,450	14,189	50,639	50,639	
Purchased Professional-Educational Services	205,900	894	206,794	206,794	
Total Other Supp. Services Students-Extra. Services	242,350	15,083	257,433	257,433	
Other Supp. Services Students-Special:					
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	191,811	18,285	210,096	210,075	21
Supplies and Materials	4,500	6,024	10,524	10,524	
Total Other Supp. ServicesStudents-Special	196,311	24,309	220,620	220,599	21
Improvement of Instr Svcs:					
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	4,700	(1,770)	2,930	2,385	545
Total Improvement of Instr Svcs	4,700	(1,770)	2,930	2,385	545
Educational Media Services/School Library:		· · · · ·			
Salaries	53,447	2,200	55,647	55,622	25
Supplies and Materials	8,100	(4,000)	4,100	3,708	392
Total Educational Media Services/School Library	61,547	(1,800)	59,747	59,330	417
Instructional Staff Training Services:		· · · · ·			
Other Objects	13,000		13,000	4,099	8,901
Total Instructional Staff Training Services	13,000		13,000	4,099	8,901
Supp. Services - General Administration:	i			-	· · · ·
Salaries	233,708	(33,198)	200,510	163,218	37,292
Legal Services	22,000	7,428	29,428	19,012	10,416
Audit Fees	13,300		13,300	12,996	304
Architectual/Engineering Services	1,000	(437)	563	82	481
Other Purchased Professional Services	9,000	(1,376)	7,624	6,607	1,017
Communications/Telephone	12,500	2,058	14,558	13,667	891
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	26,000	1,063	27,063	25,645	1,418
General Supplies	500	, -	500	472	28
Miscellaneous Expenditures	2,200	13,895	16,095	16,095	
BOE Membership Dues & Fees	6,200	1,551	7,751	7,577	174
Total Supp. Services - General Administration	326,408	(9,016)	317,392	265,371	52,021

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		-			
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Support Services - School Administration:					
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	36,289	3,679	39,968	39,873	95
General Supplies	500		500		500
Total Support Services - School Administration	36,789	3,679	40,468	39,873	595
Central Services:					
Salaries	15,399	6,849	22,248	15,249	6,999
Purchased Professional Services	91,100	2,550	93,650	93,650	
Total Central Services	106,499	9,399	115,898	108,899	6,999
Required Maintenance for School Facilities:					
Salaries	47,923	(2,000)	45,923	35,393	10,530
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	78,000	87,895	165,895	132,974	32,921
General Supplies	19,000	(3,721)	15,279	15,038	241
Total Required Maintenance for School Facilities	144,923	82,174	227,097	183,405	43,692
Other Operations and Maintenance of Plant:					
Salaries	150,794	(11,000)	139,794	131,640	8,154
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Services	32,000	(22,000)	10,000	9,518	482
Insurance	37,100	(6,318)	30,782	30,208	574
General Supplies	15,000	(9,968)	5,032	4,996	36
Energy (Natural Gas)	38,000	(11,097)	26,903	25,631	1,272
Energy (Electricity)	69,000	(11,838)	57,162	57,162	
Total Other Operations and Maintenance of Plant	341,894	(72,221)	269,673	259,155	10,518

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Student Transportation Services	22 000	2 000	24.000	24.000	
Contracted Services - Aid in Lieu of Payments-Nonpublic Sch.	22,000	2,000	24,000	24,000	
Contracted Services - Aid in Lieu of Payments-Charter Sch.	7,000	(7,000)	101		101
Contracted Services - Aid in Lieu of Payments-Choice Sch.	3,000	(2,899)	101		101
Contracted Services (Between Home and School)-Vendors	267,734	308	268,042	267,666	376
Contracted Services (Other Than Bet.Home and School)-Vendors	23,000	464	23,464	22,768	696
Contracted Services (Special Education Students)-Vendors	322,100	(5,500)	316,600	285,069	31,531
Misc. Purchased Services - Transportation	(11.02.1	5,500	5,500	5,500	22.704
Total Student Transportation Services	644,834	(7,127)	637,707	605,003	32,704
UNALLOCATED BENEFITS					
Regular Programs-Instruction:					
Social Security Contributions	45,000	(2,457)	42,543	35,179	7,364
TPAF Contributions - ERIP	28,000		28,000	26,116	1,884
Other Retirement Contributions - PERS	56,000	(1,000)	55,000	54,519	481
Other Retirement Contributions - ERIP		2,299	2,299	2,228	71
Unemployment Compensation	7,000	7,158	14,158	12,366	1,792
Workman's Compensation	38,000	(4,286)	33,714	31,047	2,667
Health Benefits	1,394,127	(165,274)	1,228,853	982,748	246,105
Tuition Reimbursement	30,000	(996)	29,004	26,863	2,141
Other Employee Benefits	17,500	2,996	20,496	20,496	
Total Regular Programs-Instruction	1,615,627	(161,560)	1,454,067	1,191,562	262,505
TOTAL UNALLOCATED BENEFITS	1,615,627	(161,560)	1,454,067	1,191,562	262,505
ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS					
On-behalf TPAF pension Contrib. (non-budgeted)				525,468	(525,468)
On-behalf TPAF PRM Contrib. (non-budgeted)				238,351	(238,351)
TPAF LTDI (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)				395	(395)
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contrib. (non-budgeted)				202,408	(202,408)
TOTAL ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS				966,622	(966,622)
TOTAL PERSONAL SERVICES-EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	1,615,627	(161,560)	1,454,067	2,158,184	(704,117)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES	6,689,33 4	70,831	6,760,165	7,304,281	(544,116)

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	9,211,057	6,035	9,217,092	9,710,792	(493,700)
Transfer of Funds to Charter Schools	136,089	(26,622)	109,467	109,467	
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
FACILITIES ACQUISITIONS AND CONSTRUCT. SVCS: Assessment for Debt Service on SDA Funding	5,105		5,105	5,105	
TOTAL FACILITIES ACQUISITIONS AND CONST. SVCS	5,105		5,105	5,105	
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	5,105		5,105	5,105	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,352,251	(20,587)	9,331,664	9,825,364	(493,700)
Excess (Deficiency of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	(459,235)	(180,621)	(639,856)	(19,715)	620,141
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In/(Out)					
Transfer to Food Service Fund	(5,000)		(5,000)	(5,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources:	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	(5,000)	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(464,235)	(180,621)	(644,856)	(24,715)	620,141
Fund Balance, July 1	2,073,000		2,073,000	2,073,000	/ -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,608,765	(180,621) \$		\$ 2,048,285	\$ 620,141

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

Exhibit C-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Recapitulation:					
Restricted for:					
Excess Surplus				\$ 377,045	
Excess Surplus - Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures				368,461	
Tuition Reserve - FY17-18 Due FY 19-20				150,000	
Tuition Reserve - FY18-19 Due FY 20-21				125,000	
Capital Reserve				541,110	
Maintenance Reserve				126,851	
Assigned to:					
Reserve for Encumbrances				20,385	
Unassigned:					
Unrestricted Fund Balance				339,433	
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds(Budgetary Basis)				2,048,285	
Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statement(GAAP Basis):					
Last State Aid Payment not recognized on GAAP basis				(161,785	<u>)</u>
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds(GAAP Basis B-2)				\$ 1,886,500	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Final to Actual Favorable/ <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES: Federal Sources	\$ 100.000	¢	60.027	¢	160.027	¢	160.027	
Total Revenues	\$ 100,000 100,000	\$	69,037 69,037	¢	169,037 169,037	Ф	169,037 169,037	-
EXPENDITURES: Instruction								
Salaries for Instruction	40,000		6,453		46,453		46,453	
Other Salaries for Instruction	,		4,798		4,798		4,798	
Tuition	60,000		31,131		91,131		91,131	
Total Instruction	100,000		42,382		142,382		142,382	
Support Services								
Employee Benefits			14,768		14,768		14,768	
Other Purchased Services	_		11,887		11,887		11,887	
Total Support Services			26,655		26,655		26,655	
Total Expenditures	100,000		69,037		169,037		169,037	
Total Outflows	\$ 100,000	\$	69,037	\$	169,037	\$	169,037	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds(Budgetary Basis) Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statement(GAAP Basis):							None	
Last State Aid Payment not recognized on GAAP basis							<u>None</u>	

Fund Balance per Governmental Funds(GAAP Basis)

Exhibit C-2

None

Exhibit C-3

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

GAAP Revenues and Expenditures				
		C		Special
		General Fund	ľ	Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources		runa		runa
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue"				
from the budgetary comparison schedule (Exhibits C-1 and C-2, respectively)	\$	9,805,649	\$	169,037
Difference - budget to GAAP:	φ	9,005,049	Φ	109,037
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that				
encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related				
revenue is recognized.				
Prior Year Encumbrances		N/A		N/A
Current Year Encumbrances		N/A		N/A
Adjustment for: Prior year Final State Aid Payment excluded in				
State Source Revenues that is considered a revenue				
for GAAP reporting purposes		167,604		
Adjustment for: Current Year Final State Aid Payment included in				
State Source Revenues that is not considered a revenue				
for GAAP reporting purposes		(161,785)		_
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures				
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds. (Exhibit B-2)	\$	9,811,468	\$	169,037
Uses/outflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the	\$	9,825,364	\$	169,037
budgetary comparison schedules (Exhibits C-1 and C-2, respectively)				
Differences - budget to GAAP				
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but				
not received are reported in the year the order is placed for				
budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received				
for <i>financial reporting</i> purposes.				
Prior Year Encumbrances		N/A		N/A
Current Year Encumbrances		N/A		N/A
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of				
budgetary resources but are not expenditures				
for financial reporting purposes.		N/A		N/A
Net transfers (outflows) to general fund				
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,				
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit B-2)	\$	9,825,364	\$	169,037

White Township School District Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) **	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) **	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	<u>\$ 16,455,276</u>	<u>\$ 17,568,040</u>	<u>\$ 20,779,883</u>	<u>\$ 15,532,865</u>	<u>\$ 12,905,821</u>	<u>\$ 11,341,395</u>				
Total	\$ 16,455,276	\$ 17,568,040	\$ 20,779,883	\$ 15,532,865	\$ 12,905,821	\$ 11,341,395				
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 2,859,527	\$ 2,793,832	\$ 2,837,767	\$ 2,771,359	\$ 2,576,714	\$ 2,369,791				
District's proportionate share of the of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	26.49%	25.41%	22.33%	28.71%	33.64%	33.76%				

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

** Note: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the district (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the district.

Exhibit L-1

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	. <u> </u>	2019	_	2018	 2017	. <u> </u>	2016		2015	2014		2013	2012	2011	2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	00367255%	0.0	00399809%	0.00402494%	0.	00387097%	0.0	046922218%	0.00	41303044%				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	723,107	\$	930,691	\$ 1,192,072	\$	868,956	\$	878,512	\$	789,383				
District's covered employee payroll	\$	224,319	\$	252,675	\$ 268,419	\$	448,152	\$	269,443	\$	319,743	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		322.36%		368.34%	444.11%		193.90%		326.05%		246.88%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (Local)		53.60%		58.18%	40.14%		47.92%		52.08%		48.72%				

* - Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

White Township School District Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of District Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

					· ·	,				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution **	\$ 525,468	\$ 390,654	\$ 293,680	\$ 211,490	\$ 132,865	\$ 102,153	\$ 145,003	\$ 77,778	\$ 8,291	\$ 8,947
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution **	(525,468)	(390,654)	(293,680)	(211,490)	(132,865)	(102,153)	(145,003)	(77,778)	(8,291)	(8,947)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 2,859,527	\$ 2,793,832	\$2,837,767	\$2,771,359	\$2,644,094	\$2,576,714	\$ 2,369,791	\$ 2,174,649	\$ 2,010,537	\$ 2,460,727
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	18.38%	13.98%	10.35%	7.63%	5.02%	3.96%	6.12%	3.58%	0.41%	0.36%

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

** Note: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. The district (employer) does not contribute to the plan.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	 2019		2018	20	17	2	016	2	014	20)13	2012		2011		2010		 2009
Contractually required contribution	\$ 54,519	\$	54,545	\$ 4	9,866	\$	38,682	\$	31,121	\$ 4	19,984	\$	58,996	\$	65,882	\$	58,214	\$ 41,039
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (54,519)		(54,545)	(4	9,866)	(38,682)	(31,121)	(4	19,984 <u>)</u>		(58,996)		(65,882)		(58,214)	 (41,039)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 	_													_	_		
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 224,319	\$	252,675	\$ 44	8,152	\$ 2	52,544	\$ 2	69,443	\$ 31	9,743	\$	255,868	\$	298,345	\$	385,378	\$ 436,501
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	24.30%		21.59%	1	1.13%		15.32%		11.55%	1	5.63%		23.06%		22.08%		15.11%	9.40%

White Township School District Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of Changes in the State's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years *

State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan (TPAF and PERS)

The State of New Jesrsey's Total OPEB Liability	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Service Cost Interest Change in Benefit Terms	\$ 1,984,642,729 1,970,236,232	\$ 2,391,878,884 1,699,441,736	\$ 1,723,999,319 1,823,643,792							
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Benefit Payments Contributions from Members	(5,002,065,740) (1,232,987,247) 42,614,005	(1,242,412,566) 45,748,749	(1,223,298,019) 46,273,747							
Changes of Assumptions or other inputs Net change in total OPEB liability	<u>\$ (5,291,448,855)</u> (7,529,008,876)	<u>\$(7,086,599,129)</u> (4,191,942,326)	8,611,513,521 10,982,132,360							
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 53,639,841,858	\$57,831,784,184	\$46,849,651,824							
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858	\$57,831,784,184							
The State of New Jersey's total OPEB liability **	\$46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858	\$57,831,784,184							
The State of New Jersey's OPEB liability attributable to the District **	\$ 14,513,821	\$ 17,343,129	\$ 18,808,671							
The District's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	Zero	Zero	Zero							
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,083,846	\$ 3,046,507	\$ 3,285,919							
Total District's OPEB liability as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	s 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
District's contribution	None	None	None							
State's covered employee payroll ***	\$ 13,640,275,833	\$13,493,400,208	\$13,493,400,208							
Total State's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	338.05%	397.53%	428.59%							

** Note: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) for employees of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is considered a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the health insurance plan. The district (employer) does not contribute to the plan and the district's OPEB liability is zero.

*** Based on payroll on the June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 census data

* - Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

WHITE SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III Pension and OPEB Schedules

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Pension Schedules

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Preretirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvement. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvement.

OPEB Schedules

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.58 percent in 2017 to 3.87 percent in 2018.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Pension Schedules

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 Based on Projection Scale AA.

OPEB Schedules

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.58 percent in 2017 to 3.87 percent in 2018.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Exhibit E-1

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	,	Title I]	Title I I	IDEA]	IDEA	
		Part A		Part A	Basic	P	re-Sch.	Totals
REVENUES								
Federal Sources	\$	60,854	\$	11,887	\$ 91,131	\$	5,165	\$ 169,037
TOTAL REVENUES		60,854		11,887	91,131		5,165	169,037
EXPENDITURES:								
Instruction:								
Salaries for Instruction		46,453						46,453
Other Salaries for Instruction							4,798	4,798
Tuition					91,131			91,131
Total Instruction		46,453			91,131		4,798	142,382
Support Services:								
Employee Benefits		14,401					367	14,768
Other Purchased Services				11,887				11,887
Total Support Services		14,401		11,887			367	26,655
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		60,854		11,887	91,131		5,165	169,037
Total Outflows		60,854		11,887	91,131		5,165	169,037
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)								

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases other than those financed by proprietary funds.

N/A

PROPRIETARY FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the district's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund - This fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools within the school district.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5 AND B-6.

FIDUCIARY FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for funds received by the school district for a specific purpose.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the school district as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Student Activity Fund - This agency fund is used to account for student funds held at the schools.

Payroll Fund - This agency fund is used to account for the payroll transactions of the school

Exhibit H-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		AGENCY	FUNDS			
	ST	UDENT	PAY	ROLL		
	<u>A(</u>	<u>CTIVITY</u>	AGE	<u>ENCY</u>	T	OTALS
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,374	\$	1	\$	17,375
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,374	\$	1	\$	17,375
LIABILITIES:						
Liabilities:						
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings			\$	1	\$	1
Payable to Student Groups	\$	17,374				17,374
Total Liabilities	\$	17,374	\$	1	\$	17,375
Net Position						
Held in Trust for Unemployment						
Claims and Other Purposes						-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	17,374	\$	1	\$	17,375

Exhibit H-2

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS STUDENT ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ACTIVITY		LANCE Y 1, 2018	TRANSFERS	CASH CEIPTS	DISB	CASH URSEMENTS	ALANCE NE 30, 2019
		,		 			
Library	\$	42			\$	42	-
Music		668		\$ 405		75	\$ 998
Year Book		1,391		23			1,414
Project Earth		405		7			412
Class of 2019		5,546		24,653		23,967	6,232
Class Trips		3,065		4,886		3,958	3,993
Dr. Seuss		186		3			189
Student Government		111		2			113
Special Activities	. <u> </u>	119		 7,664		3,760	 4,023
Totals	\$	11,533		\$ 37,643	\$	31,802	\$ 17,374

Exhibit H-3

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS PAYROLL AGENCY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2018	:	ADDITIONS	D	ELETIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5 5	3,596,682	<u>\$</u>	3,596,686	<u>\$ 1</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	5 5	\$ 3,596,682	\$	3,596,686	<u>\$ 1</u>
LIABILITIES: Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Accrued Salaries and Wages	\$	5 5	\$ 1,550,608 2,046,074	\$	1,550,612 2,046,074	\$ <u>1</u>
Total Liabilities	\$	5 5	\$ 3,596,682	\$	3,596,686	<u>\$ 1</u>

LONG-TERM DEBT SCHEDULES

The Long-Term Schedules are used to reflect the outstanding principal balances of the general longterm liabilities of the school district. This includes serial bonds outstanding and obligations under capital leases.

STATEMENT OF EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAMS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit I-2

		AMOUNT					
	DATE OF	OF	ANNUAL N	MATURITIES	BALANCE		BALANCE
ISSUE	<u>ISSUE</u>	ISSUE	DATE	<u>AMOUNT</u>	JULY 1, 2018	<u>RETIRED</u>	JUNE 30, 2019
Early Retirement Incentive Programs - TPAF	4/1/95	\$746,064	4/1/18-21	\$ 26,322	\$ 78,966	\$ 26,322	\$ 52,644
Total					\$ 78,966	26,322	\$ 52,644

White Township School District Statistical Section

<u>Contents</u>		Page
Financial '	Trends (J-1 thru J-5) These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	91-96
Revenue (Capacity (J-6 thru J-9) These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	97-100
Debt Capa	acity (J-10 thru J-13) These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	101-104
Demograp	hic and Economic Information (J-14 and J-15) These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.	105-106
Operating	Information (J-16 thru J-20) These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	107-111

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year.

White Township School District Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2010		2011	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016					2017 2018					2019					
		2010		2011		2012		2015		2014		2015	-	2010		2017		2010	-	2017
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	1,602,141 195,758 (448,937)	\$	1,725,506 526,109 (188,379)	\$	1,926,306 851,367 71,150	\$	2,082,641 1,267,640 478,722	\$	2,692,112 1,715,854 (214,653)	\$	3,042,681 1,523,234 (168,509)	\$	2,845,574 1,447,407 (96,527)	\$	3,188,639 1,357,862 (225,783)	\$	3,518,448 1,057,559 (252,752)	\$	3,305,428 942,961 (137,323)
Total governmental activities Net Position	\$	1,348,962	\$	2,063,236	\$	2,848,823	\$	3,829,003	\$	4,193,313	\$	4,397,406	\$	4,196,454	\$	4,320,718	\$	4,323,255	\$	4,111,066
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities Net Position	\$ \$	15,841 15,353 31,194	\$ \$	14,123 11,252 25,375	\$	29,905 17,027 46,932	\$	26,729 25,879 52,608	\$ \$	23,586 33,593 57,179	\$ \$	20,661 33,566 54,227	\$	22,178 	\$	20,574 	\$ \$	14,045 	\$ \$	7,516 13,736 21,252
District-wide Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total district Net Position	\$ \$	1,617,982 195,758 (433,584) 1,380,156	\$ \$	1,739,629 526,109 (177,127) 2,088,611	\$ \$	1,956,211 851,367 88,177 2,895,755	\$ \$	2,109,370 1,267,640 504,601 3,881,611	\$ \$	2,715,698 1,715,854 (181,060) 4,250,492	\$ \$	3,063,342 1,523,234 (134,943) 4,451,633	\$	2,867,752 1,447,407 (77,661) 4,237,498	\$ \$	3,209,213 1,357,862 (210,990) 4,356,085	\$ \$	3,532,493 1,057,559 (237,901) 4,352,151	\$ \$	3,312,944 942,961 (123,587) 4,132,318

Source: CAFR Scendule A-1

White Township School District

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

					F	iscal Year Ending Ju	ine 30,			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
Instruction										
Regular	\$ 2,556,623	\$ 2,177,363	\$ 2,427,233	\$ 2,449,338	\$ 2,360,716	\$ 2,985,252	\$ 2,985,890	\$ 3,991,851	\$ 3,868,217	\$ 3,346,706
Special education	717,918	818,748	667,961	701,014	798,493	919,796	1,038,636	1,114,365	952,047	953,306
Other special instruction	141,709	159,065	147,795	199,593	207,134	222,649	167,205	191,897	192,071	174,399
Support Services:										
Tuition	3,249,258	3,045,211	2,949,820	2,515,720	2,548,138	3,108,677	2,984,365	3,029,157	3,003,481	2,891,893
Student & instruction related services	914,596	885,676	970,743	987,926	1,127,889	1,234,975	1,322,186	1,430,576	1,420,712	1,379,111
School administrative service	105,794	193,206	191,741	198,605	200,577	233,628	248,689	307,597	243,980	67,129
General and business admin.services	452,409	346,582	385,190	345,141	365,629	354,491	481,066	536,554	615,243	662,126
Plant operations and maintenance	482,056	451,178	461,876	537,378	498,616	464,085	591,630	741,748	846,356	749,317
Pupil transportation	517,216	464,662	494,354	477,124	512,010	547,657	545,391	565,651	588,391	605,003
Special schools		8,775	9,895	766	11,187	11,094				
Interest on long-term debt	110,724	103,797	91,189	73,012	62,280	49,330	119,231	101,134	91,290	87,817
Total governmental activities expenses	9,248,303	8,654,263	8,797,797	8,485,617	8,692,669	10,131,634	10,484,289	12,010,530	11,821,788	10,916,807
.										
Business-type activities:	105.040	101.544	101.650	00.220	02 504	05.071	07.006	51.005	55 (52)	(7.50)
Food service	125,262	121,564	101,659	80,338	82,584	85,271	87,826	71,807	55,672	67,592
T-4-1 huninger time antipities and and	125,262	121,564	101,659	80,338	82,584	85,271	87,826	71,807	55,672	67,592
Total business-type activities expense Total district expenses	\$ 9,373,565	\$ 8,775,827	\$ 8,899,456	\$ 8,565,955	\$ 8,775,253	\$ 10,216,905	\$ 10,572,115	\$ 12,082,337	\$ 11,877,460	\$ 10,984,399
Total district expenses	\$ 9,575,505	\$ 0,775,827	\$ 8,899,450	\$ 8,505,955	\$ 0,775,255	\$ 10,210,905	\$ 10,372,113	\$ 12,082,557	\$ 11,877,400	\$ 10,984,599
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Business and other support services					23,737	11,250	26,300	15,897	21,840	\$ 39,800
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 304,443	\$ 284,652	\$ 228,288	\$ 204,465	\$ 185,742	\$ 151,704	\$ 3,484,612	\$ 4,750,905	\$ 4,429,810	3,615,218
Capital grants and contributions	¢ 501,115	÷ 201,052	÷ 220,200	÷ 201,105	155,400	φ 151,701 -	÷ 5,101,012	÷ 1,750,905	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	304,443	284,652	228,288	204,465	364,879	162,954	3,510,912	4,766,802	4,451,650	3,655,018
Four governmental activities program revenues	501,115	201,002	220,200	201,105	501,077	102,751	5,510,712	1,700,002	1,151,050	5,055,010
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Business and other support services	88,310	83,684	73,060	56,243	52,855	49,227	39,137	32,073	27,218	31,799
11		,			- ,			- ,	., .	- ,
Operating grants and contributions	35,901	32,028	32,635	31,873	34,256	33,040	35,068	33,950	21,549	22,747
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Total business type activities program revenues	124,211	115,712	105,695	88,116	87,111	82,267	74,205	66,023	48,767	54,546
Total district program revenues	\$ 428,654	\$ 400,364	\$ 333,983	\$ 292,581	\$ 451,990	\$ 245,221	\$ 3,585,117	\$ 4,832,825	\$ 4,500,417	\$ 3,709,564
	<u>·</u>	<u>·</u>			<u>·</u>			<u> </u>		
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (8,943,860)	\$ (8,369,611)	\$ (8,569,509)	\$ (8,281,152)	\$ (8,327,790)	\$ (9,968,680)	\$ (6,973,377)	\$ (7,243,728)	\$ (7,370,138)	\$ (7,261,789)
Business-type activities	(1,051)	(5,852)	4,036	7,778	4,527	(3,004)	(13,621)	(5,784)	(6,905)	(13,046)
Total district-wide net expense	\$ (8,944,911)	\$ (8,375,463)	\$ (8,565,473)	\$ (8,273,374)	\$ (8,323,263)	\$ (9,971,684)	\$ (6,986,998)	\$ (7,249,512)	\$ (7,377,043)	\$ (7,274,835)
-										

White Township School District

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,													
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:														
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	\$ 6,383,940	\$ 6,581,939	\$ 6,581,939	\$ 6,609,124	\$ 6,609,124	\$ 6,741,306	\$ 6,876,132	\$ 7,013,654	\$ 7,013,654	\$ 7,013,654				
Taxes levied for debt service	295,673	324,840	323,412	326,674	329,031	326,587	328,071	329,031	329,468	-				
Investment earnings	5,515	3,059	2,568	4,725	4,216	3,639	7,608	16,346	27,659	40,936				
Miscellaneous income	15,279	21,563	13,653	2,865	10,344	17,762	8,743	4,802	1,894	10				
Federal and State Aid for Capital Assets Projects	2,638,618	2,152,484	2,414,151	2,346,118	2,326,046	3,102,630								
Transfers	-	-	(17,500)	14,699		(19,151)				(5,000)				
Total governmental activities	9,339,025	9,083,885	9,318,223	9,304,205	9,278,761	10,172,773	7,220,554	7,363,833	7,372,675	7,049,600				
Business-type activities:														
Investment earnings	64	33	21	33	44	52	438	107	434	402				
Transfers			17,500	(2,135)						5,000				
Total business-type activities	64	33	17,521	(2,102)	44	52	438	107	434	5,402				
Total district-wide	\$ 9,339,089	\$ 9,083,918	\$ 9,335,744	\$ 9,302,103	\$ 9,278,805	\$ 10,172,825	\$ 7,220,992	\$ 7,363,940	\$ 7,373,109	\$ 7,055,002				
Change in Net Position														
Governmental activities	\$ 395,165	\$ 714,274	\$ 748,714	\$ 1,023,053	\$ 950,971	\$ 204,093	\$ 247,177	\$ 120,105	\$ 2,537	\$ (212,189)				
Business-type activities	(987)	(5,819)	21,557	5,676	4,571	(2,952)	(13,183)	(5,677)	(6,471)	(7,644)				
Total district	\$ 394,178	\$ 708,455	\$ 770,271	\$ 1,028,729	\$ 955,542	\$ 201,141	\$ 233,994	\$ 114,428	\$ (3,934)	\$ (219,833)				

Source: CAFR Schedule A-2

White Township School District Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	Fiscal Year E 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund Reserved Unreserved Total general fund	\$ 246,302 134,164 \$ 380,466	\$ 787,768 136,900 \$ 924,668	\$ 1,339,457 133,663 \$ 1,473,120	\$ 2,135,329 150,952 \$ 2,286,281	\$ 2,196,908 166,159 \$ 2,363,067	\$ 2,233,369 166,620 \$ 2,399,989	\$ 2,219,849 198,734 \$ 2,418,583	\$ 2,081,097 166,857 \$ 2,247,954	\$ 1,755,168 150,228 \$ 1,905,396	\$ 1,708,852 177,648 \$ 1,886,500
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund Capital projects fund Debt service fund Total all other governmental funds	<u>381</u> \$ <u>381</u>	\$ <u>381</u> \$ <u>381</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	246,950 <u>\$ 246,950</u>	\$ 53,249 <u>\$ 53,249</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		

Source: CAFR Schedule B-1

WhiteTownship School District

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Tax levy	\$ 6,679,613	\$ 6,906,779	\$ 6,905,351	\$ 6,935,798	\$ 6,947,086	\$ 7,079,143	\$ 7,204,203	\$ 7,342,685	5 7,343,122	\$ 7,013,654
Interest on Investments	5,515	3,059	2,568	4,725	4,216	3,639	7,608	16,346	27,659	40,936
Miscellaneous	15,279	21,563	13,653	2,865	10,361	17,762	35,043	20,699	23,734	39,810
State sources	2,566,779	2,152,484	2,342,310	2,346,118	2,481,446	2,408,176	2,564,165	2,615,483	2,701,004	2,717,068
Federal sources	376,282	284,652	294,129	204,465	185,742	151,704	183,516	178,517	189,601	169,037
Total revenue	9,643,468	9,368,537	9,558,011	9,493,971	9,628,851	9,660,424	9,994,535	10,173,730	10,285,120	9,980,505
Expenditures										
Instruction										
Regular Instruction	1,609,654	1,368,102	1,482,738	1,599,137	1,609,987	1,706,640	2,165,784	2,441,110	1,967,097	1,879,068
Special education instruction	367,622	517,487	502,051	472,467	497,309	527,713	791,203	707,843	510,916	566,237
Other special instruction	83,868	69,586	66,578	98,113	132,593	123,259	127,372	121,893	103,075	103,588
Support Services:										
Tuition	3,121,258	2,868,854	2,820,751	2,390,976	2,431,662	3,008,260	2,984,365	3,029,157	3,003,481	2,891,893
Student & instruction related services	667,840	623,591	624,523	648,311	795,184	776,791	1,007,203	908,700	762,425	819,153
School administrative services	72,494	110,468	109,089	115,924	118,911	123,020	189,444	195,385	130,932	39,873
Other administrative services	315,802	285,782	290,343	297,435	318,827	316,050	347,448	321,804	311,156	374,270
Plant operations and maintenance	382,190	383,923	377,404	473,143	412,165	382,450	448,174	468,644	451,684	442,560
Pupil transportation	517,516	464,662	494,354	477,124	512,010	547,657	545,391	565,651	588,391	605,003
Unallocated employee benefits	1,610,061	1,462,683	1,550,379	1,540,137	1,420,533	1,556,675	875,049	949,820	2,130,078	2,158,184
Summer School							-	-	-	-
Charter School		8,775	9,895	766	11,187	11,094	42,096	72,952	111,486	109,467
Capital Outlay	453,823	284,652	291,023	204,465	641,525	344,343	129,861	184,500	179,557	5,105
Debt service:										
Principal	265,000	275,000	285,000	300,000	341,322	325,000	340,000	355,000	370,000	-
Interest and other charges	107,547	110,770	88,312	77,511	61,900	49,100	35,800	21,900	7,400	-
Total expenditures	9,574,675	8,834,335	8,992,440	8,695,509	9,305,115	9,798,052	10,029,190	10,344,359	10,627,678	9,994,401
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	68,793	534,202	565,571	798,462	323,736	(137,628)	(34,655)	(170,629)	(342,558)	(13,896)
Other Financing Sources (uses)										
Bond Proceeds										
Transfers in				14,699			53,249	-	-	-
Transfers out			(17,500)			(19,151)	(53,249)	-	-	(5,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(17,500)	14,699	-	(19,151)	-	-	-	(5,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 68,793	\$ 534,202	\$ 548,071	\$ 813,161	\$ 323,736	\$ (156,779)	\$ (34,655)	\$ (170,629) \$	6 (342,558)	\$ (18,896)
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	4.1%	4.5%	4.3%	4.4%	4.7%	4.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.6%	0.0%
				0.5						

Source: CAFR Schedule B-2

GENERAL FUND OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Exhibit J-5

Fiscal Year	Inte	erest on		Refund ior Year		A/P				
Ended June 30,	Inve	estments	<u>Exp</u>	<u>enditures</u>	<u>Ca</u>	anceled	<u>Tuition</u>	Miscel	laneous	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$	5,515	\$	11,696				\$	3,583	\$ 20,794
2011		3,059		17,604					3,959	24,622
2012		2,568		9,207					4,446	16,221
2013		4,725		93					2,772	7,590
2014		4,216		1,501	\$	6,938	\$ 8,931		1,922	23,508
2015		3,639		16,757			11,250		1,005	32,651
2016		7,608		8,709			26,300		34	42,651
2017		16,346		4,471			15,897		331	37,045
2018		27,659					21,840		1,894	51,393
2019		40,936					39,800		10	80,746

SOURCE: District Records

96

White Township School District Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Vacant <u>Land</u>	<u>Residential</u>	Farm Reg.	<u>Qfarm</u>	<u>Commercial</u>	<u>Industrial</u>	Apartment	Total Assessed <u>Value</u>	Less: Tax- Exempt <u>Property</u>	Public <u>Utilities a</u>	Net Valuation <u>Taxable</u>	Total Direct School Tax <u>Rate b</u>	Estimated Actual (County Equalized <u>Value)</u>
2010	\$15,238,327	\$414,181,200	\$41,180,500	\$3,442,571	\$41,499,400	\$49,320,900	\$4,874,500	\$626,400,501	\$55,654,593	\$1,008,510	\$570,745,908	\$1.199	\$712,274,938
2011	14,146,827	415,704,700	41,369,300	3,432,571	45,884,300	49,320,900	4,927,600	632,154,811	55,963,293	1,405,320	576,191,518	1.193	733,628,111
2012	13,958,727	415,774,300	41,478,100	3,427,971	48,096,300	49,570,900	4,927,600	635,330,296	56,377,293	1,719,105	578,953,003	1.201	659,324,681
2013	13,669,927	415,654,500	41,596,000	3,394,871	46,704,400	49,826,300	4,927,600	634,123,961	56,457,693	1,892,670	577,666,268	1.199	629,746,285
2014	14,998,027	414,805,300	41,490,600	3,370,971	46,955,300	49,826,300	4,927,600	635,526,157	57,167,793	1,984,266	578,358,364	1.237	564,465,088
2015	13,266,027	407,779,900	41,591,600	3,385,471	48,384,700	49,826,300	4,927,600	628,175,638	57,064,693	1,949,347	571,110,945	1.276	533,677,297
2016	13,341,627	402,774,500	42,083,900	3,295,981	48,136,000	49,826,300	4,927,600	621,707,801	57,321,893	0	564,385,908	1.308	516,692,444
2017	12,739,027	400,945,200	41,943,200	3,310,071	47,555,000	49,826,300	4,927,600	619,363,191	58,116,793	-	561,246,398	1.309	569,662,143
2018	12,429,127	401,101,900	40,939,600	3,289,171	48,455,200	49,826,300	4,927,600	619,720,591	58,751,693	-	560,968,898	1.256	560,061,782
2019	11,829,827	399,049,000	41,009,200	3,181,671	48,091,900	50,220,500	4,927,600	617,823,491	59,513,793	-	560,968,898	1.256	546,528,267

Source: District records Tax list summary & Municipal Tax Assessor

Note: Real property is required to be assessed at some percentage of true value (fair or market value) established by each county board of taxation.

Reassessment occurs when ordered by the County Board of Taxation

a Taxable Value of Machinery, Implements and Equipment of Telephone, Telegraph and Messenger System Companies

b Tax rates are per \$100

White Township School District Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

White Tow	nship Board of Ed	ucation				
Basic Rate ^a	General Obligation Debt Service b	Total Direct	White Township	Library	Warren County	Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate
\$1.118	\$0.052	\$1.170	\$0.103	\$0.066	\$0.699	\$2.038
\$1.139	\$0.060	\$1.199	\$0.110	\$0.062	\$0.641	\$2.012
\$1.137	\$0.056	\$1.193	\$0.110	\$0.056	\$0.590	\$1.949
\$1.145	\$0.056	\$1.201	\$0.117	\$0.053	\$0.627	\$1.998
\$1.142	\$0.057	\$1.199	\$0.117	\$0.050	\$0.568	\$1.934
\$1.180	\$0.057	\$1.237	\$0.118	\$0.051	\$0.671	\$2.077
\$1.218	\$0.058	\$1.276	\$0.118	\$0.049	\$0.650	\$2.093
\$1.249	\$0.059	\$1.308	\$0.093	\$0.049	\$0.730	\$2.180
\$1.250	\$0.059	\$1.309	\$0.020	\$0.049	\$0.761	\$2.139
\$1.256	\$0.000	\$1.256	\$0.041	\$0.049	\$0.715	\$2.061
	Basic Rate ^a \$1.118 \$1.139 \$1.137 \$1.145 \$1.142 \$1.142 \$1.180 \$1.218 \$1.249 \$1.250	General Obligation Basic Rate a b \$1.118 \$0.052 \$1.139 \$0.060 \$1.137 \$0.056 \$1.145 \$0.056 \$1.145 \$0.057 \$1.180 \$0.057 \$1.218 \$0.058 \$1.249 \$0.059	Obligation Debt Service Total Basic Rate a b Direct \$1.118 \$0.052 \$1.170 \$1.139 \$0.060 \$1.199 \$1.137 \$0.056 \$1.193 \$1.145 \$0.056 \$1.201 \$1.145 \$0.057 \$1.199 \$1.142 \$0.057 \$1.237 \$1.180 \$0.058 \$1.276 \$1.218 \$0.059 \$1.308 \$1.249 \$0.059 \$1.309	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

Source: District Records and Municipal Tax Collector

Note:

NJSA 18A:7F-5d limits the amount that the district can submit for a general fund tax levy. The levy when added to other components of the district's net budget may not exceed the prebudget year net budget by more than the spending growth limitation calculated as follows: the prebudget year net budget increased by the cost of living or 2.5 percent, whichever is greater, plus any spending growth adjustments.

a The district's basic tax rate is calculated from the A4F form which is submitted with the budget and the Net valuation taxable.

b Rates for debt service are based on each year's requirements.

White Township School District Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019		2007				
	Taxable		% of Total	Taxable		% of Total		
	Assessed	Rank	District Net	Assessed	Rank	District Net		
Taxpayer	Value	[Optional]	Assessed Value	Value	[Optional]	Assessed Value		
DSM, Inc	\$ 45,158,200	1	8.05%	\$ 113,730,700	1	19.93%		
HCRI NY-NJ Properties LLC	7,984,500	2	1.42%					
Country View Village	5,206,500	3	0.93%	5,206,500	3	0.91%		
Windtryst Limited	4,598,600	4	0.82%	4,598,600	4	0.81%		
Individual Taxpayer #1	4,129,300	9	0.74%	1,200,000	10	0.21%		
Tilcon	3,587,800	6	0.64%					
Hike Enterprises, LLC	3,350,000	5	0.60%	6,994,800	2	1.23%		
BASF Corp	2,861,800	8	0.51%	2,836,600	6	0.50%		
Apple Mountain Recreation	2,755,100	7	0.49%	3,339,100	5	0.59%		
Individual Taxpayer #2	2,254,000	10	0.40%					
United Telephone				1,564,824	7	0.27%		
Desapio Properties				1,158,900	8	0.20%		
White 46 Associates, LLC				1,316,900	9	0.23%		
Total	\$ 81,885,800	=	14.60%	\$ 141,946,924		24.87%		

Source: District CAFR & Municipal Tax Assessor

99

White Township School District Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected within the	Fiscal Year of the	
Fiscal Year		Lev	Collections in	
Ended June	Taxes Levied for		Percentage of	Subsequent
30,	the Fiscal Year	Amount	Levy	Years
2010	\$6,679,613	\$6,679,613	100.00%	-
2011	\$6,906,779	\$6,906,779	100.00%	-
2012	\$6,905,351	\$6,905,351	100.00%	-
2013	\$6,935,798	\$6,935,798	100.00%	-
2014	\$6,938,155	\$6,938,155	100.00%	-
2015	\$7,067,893	\$7,067,893	100.00%	-
2016	\$7,204,203	\$7,204,203	100.00%	-
2017	\$7,342,685	\$7,342,685	100.00%	-
2018	\$7,343,122	\$7,343,122	100.00%	-
2019	\$7,013,654	\$7,013,654	100.00%	-

Source: District records including the Certificate and Report of School Taxes (A4F form)

Note: School taxes are collected by the Municipal Tax Collector. Under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to the school district the entire property tax balance, in is the amount voted upon or certified prior to the end of the school year.

White Township School District Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental	Activities		Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds ^b	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs)	Capital Leases	Total District	Percentage of Personal Income a	Per Capita ^a
2010	\$3,073,837	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$3,073,837	1.40%	\$631
2011	\$2,757,458	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$2,757,458	1.23%	\$569
2012	\$2,430,255	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$2,430,255	1.09%	\$507
2013	\$2,087,177	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$2,087,177	0.90%	\$439
2014	\$1,574,254	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$1,574,254	0.68%	\$331
2015	\$1,222,932	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$1,222,932	0.53%	\$258
2016	\$856,610	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$856,610	0.37%	\$181
2017	\$475,288	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$475,288	0.20%	\$100
2018	\$78,966	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$78,966	0.03%	\$17
2019	\$0	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$0	0.00%	\$0

Source: District CAFR Schedules I-1, I-2

Note: Details regarding the district's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- **a** See Exhibit NJ J-14 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.
- **b** Includes Early Retirement Incentive Plan (ERIP) refunding
- * Current data unavailable

White Township School District Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Genera	al Bonded Debt Outsta			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Deductions	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value ^a of Property	Per Capita ^b
2010	\$3,073,837	-0-	\$3,073,837	0.45%	\$631
2011	\$2,757,458	-0-	\$2,757,458	0.40%	\$569
2012	\$2,430,255	-0-	\$2,430,255	0.35%	\$507
2013	\$2,087,177	-0-	\$2,087,177	0.29%	\$439
2014	\$1,574,254	-0-	\$1,574,254	0.24%	\$331
2015	\$1,222,932	-0-	\$1,222,932	0.19%	\$258
2016	\$856,610	-0-	\$856,610	0.15%	\$181
2017	\$475,288	-0-	\$475,288	0.08%	\$100
2018	\$78,966	-0-	\$78,966	0.01%	\$17
2019	\$0	-0-	\$0	0.00%	\$0

Note: Details regarding the district's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- **a** See Exhibit NJ J-6 for property tax data.
- **b** Population data can be found in Exhibit NJ J-14.

White Township School District Ratios of Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^a	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes Township of White	-	100.000%	-
Other debt Warren County	\$ 2,630,000	5.138%	\$ 135,125
Subtotal, overlapping debt			135,125
White Township School District Direct Debt			None
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 135,125

Exhibit J-12

Sources: Township Finance Officer, Warren County Finance Office and Utility Authorities

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the district. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping payment.

a For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

103

White Township School District Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019

							:	Equalized valuation 2016 \$ 2017 2018 [A] \$	basis 557,289,642 546,061,421 561,623,275 1,664,974,338			
			1	Average equalized	[A/3] \$	554,991,446						
		Debt limit (3 % of average equalization value)[B]16,649,743Net school debt[C]NoneLegal debt margin[B-C]\$16,649,743										
					Fisca	al Year						
	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		
Debt limit	\$30,482,414	\$28,880,750	\$26,790,198	\$24,609,989	\$23,061,811	\$21,579,199	\$16,265,167	\$16,453,403	\$16,733,227	6 16,649,743		
Total net debt applicable to limit	2,565,000	2,290,000	2,005,000	1,705,000	1,390,000	1,065,000	725,000	475,288	78,966			
Legal debt margin	\$27,917,414	\$26,590,750	\$24,785,198	\$22,904,989	\$21,671,811	\$20,514,199	\$15,540,167	\$15,978,115	\$16,654,261	\$16,649,743		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	8.41%	7.93%	7.48%	6.93%	6.03%	4.94%	4.46%	2.89%	2.89%	0.00%		

Source: Abstract of Ratables and District Records CAFR Schedule J-7

a Limit set by NJSA 18A:24-19 for a K through 8 district; other % limits would be applicable for other districts

Exhibit J-14

White Township School District Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Year Population ^a		rsonal Income Isands of dollars) b	Per Capita Personal Income °	Unemployment Rate ^d
2010	5,915	\$	255,451,105	\$44,251 R	6.6%
2011	4,880	\$	218,835,624	\$45,767 R	6.1%
2012	4,855	\$	223,610,996	\$47,024 R	5.9%
2013	4,811	\$	223,036,515	\$47,488 R	6.7%
2014	4,773	\$	231,161,040	\$49,052 R	6.1%
2015	4,769	\$	231,063,750	\$50,848 R	5.5%
2016	4,751	\$	230,723,235	\$51,446 R	5.1%
2017	4,715	\$	241,275,480	\$53,531 R	4.8%
2018	4,699	\$	244,252,138	\$53,531 *	4.1%
2019	4,687	\$	250,899,797	\$53,531 *	*

Source:

^a Combined Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

^b Personal Income provided by US Dept of Commerce

^c Per Capita provided by US Dept of Commerce

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

- R =Revised
- P =Projected
- * Current data unavailable

White Township School District
Principal Employers,

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019				
Employer	Employees	Rank (Optional)	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank (Optional)	Percentage of Total Employment
		1	0.00%			0.00%
		2	0.00%			0.00%
		3	0.00%			0.00%
		4	0.00%			0.00%
		5	0.00%			0.00%
		6	0.00%			0.00%
		7	0.00%			0.00%
		8	0.00%			0.00%
		9	0.00%			0.00%
		10	0.00%			0.00%
			0.00%			0.00%

Source:

No reliable information is available at the local or county level.

Exhibit J-15

N/A

White Township School District
Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Function/Program										
Instruction										
Regular	26	24	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26
Special education	6	9	9	10	10	10	10	9	9	8
Other special education	3									
Other Instruction	9	8	7	6	5	4	4	5	2	2
Support Services:										
Student & instruction related services	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
General Administration	2									1
School administrative services	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Central Services	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Plant operations and maintenance	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Food Service	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Total	60	56	56	56	55	54	53	53	49	49

Exhibit J-16

Source: District Personnel Records

White Township School District Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit J-17

Pupil/Teacher Ratio 1:

Fiscal Year	Enrollment ^d		Operating Expenditures ^a		1 0		1 0		ost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff ^b	Elementary	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) ^c	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) ^c	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2010	407	\$	9,052,448	\$	22,242	-0.59%	44	9.3	406.7	389.3	2.34%	95.7%				
2011	381		8,448,565		22,175	-0.30%	41	9.3	381.4	365.3	-6.22%	95.8%				
2012	345		8,550,393		24,784	11.77%	40	8.6	344.9	332.1	-9.57%	96.3%				
2013	335		8,317,998		24,830	0.19%	40	8.4	335.3	323.7	-2.78%	96.5%				
2014	319		8,587,660		26,921	8.42%	40	8.0	343.3	333.1	2.39%	97.0%				
2015	286		9,231,313		32,277	19.90%	40	7.2	319.6	307.5	-6.90%	96.2%				
2016	286		9,653,390		33,753	4.57%	39	7.3	286.3	274.3	-10.42%	95.8%				
2017	270		9,967,459		36,917	9.37%	39	6.9	270.0	257.8	-5.69%	95.5%				
2018	262		10,250,278		39,123	5.98%	36	7.3	262.0	252.8	-2.96%	96.5%				
2019	276		9,994,401		36,212	-7.44%	36	7.7	276.0	266.6	5.34%	96.6%				

Sources: District records, ASSA and Schedule J-4

Note: Enrollment based on annual October district count.

- a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay; Schedule J-2
- b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.
- c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).
- d Enrollment for FY2009 forward includes student counts for tuition students.

White Township School District School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years										
District Building	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
<u>Elementary</u> White (1931) Square Feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	59,341 620 407	59,341 620 381	59,341 620 345	59,341 620 335	59,341 620 349	59,341 620 319	59,341 620 286	59,341 620 270	59,341 620 262	59,341 620 276

Number of Schools at June 30, 2019

Source: District records, ASSA

Elementary = 1

Note: Year of original construction is shown in parentheses. Increases in square footage and capacity are the result of renovations and/or additions. Enrollment is based on the annual October district count.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2019

Exhibit J-19

UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES 11-000-261-xxx

School Facilities	Project #	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Total</u>
White Township Consolidated School	N/A	<u>\$180,311</u>	<u>\$174,642</u>	<u>\$157,094</u>	<u>\$211,088</u>	<u>\$133,946</u>	<u>\$118,368</u>	<u>\$159,060</u>	<u>\$156,654</u>	<u>\$168,178</u>	<u>\$183,405</u>	<u>\$1,642,746</u>
Total School Facilities		180,311	174,642	157,094	211,088	133,946	118,368	159,060	156,654	168,178	183,405	1,642,746
Other Facilities		NONE	NONE	<u>NONE</u>	<u>NONE</u>	<u>NONE</u>	<u>NONE</u>	<u>NONE</u>	NONE	NONE	<u>NONE</u>	NONE
Grand Total		<u>\$180,311</u>	<u>\$174,642</u>	<u>\$157,094</u>	<u>\$211,088</u>	<u>\$133,946</u>	<u>\$118,368</u>	<u>\$159,060</u>	<u>\$156,654</u>	<u>\$168,178</u>	<u>\$183,405</u>	\$1,642,746

INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

Exhibit J-20

POLICY TYPE		<u>COVERAGE</u>	<u>DEDUCTIBLE</u>
COMMERCIAL PACKAGE POLICY - NJ Schools Insurance Group (NJSIG)			
Property-Blanket Building and Contents	\$	400,000,000	\$ 1.000
	φ	, , ,	
Accounts Receivable		250,000	1,000
Automobile Physical Damage		In Blanket Limit	1,000
Employee Dishonesty (Per Loss)		50,000	500
Forgery		50,000	500
Comprehensive General Liability:		11,000,000	
Occurrence Limit			
Comprehensive Automobile Liability		11,000,000	
Workers' Compensation		5,000,000	
School Board Liability		11,000,000	5,000
Environmental Impairment Liability			
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' FAITHFUL PERFORMANCE			
BLANKET POSITION BOND - RLI Company		• • • • • • •	
School Board Secretary/School Business Administrator		200,000	

SOURCE: District Records

Single Audit Section

ARDITO & CO., LLP

A&C A&C

1110 Harrison Street, Suite C Frenchtown, New Jersey 08825-1192 908-996-4711 Fax: 908-996-4688 e-mail: anthony@arditoandcompany.com Anthony Ardito, CPA, RMA, CMFO, PSA Douglas R. Williams, CPA, RMA, PSA

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education White Township School District 565 CR 519 County of Warren Belvidere, New Jersey 07823

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the White Township School District Board of Education in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the White Township School District Board of Education's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

K-1

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

K-1

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and for New Jersey Department of Education use, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cindito & Co., LLP

ARDITO & CO., LLP November 8, 2019

anny Cude

Licensed Public School Accountant No.2369

ARDITO & CO., LLP

1110 Harrison Street, Suite C Frenchtown, New Jersey 08825-1192 908-996-4711 Fax: 908-996-4688 e-mail: anthony@arditoandcompany.com



Anthony Ardito, CPA, RMA, CMFO, PSA Douglas R. Williams, CPA, RMA, PSA

Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education White Township School District 565 CR 519 County of Warren Belvidere, New Jersey 07823

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the White Township School District Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The White Township School District Board of Education's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*. Those standards and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred.

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

K-2

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the White Township School District Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

<u>Report on Internal Control Over Compliance</u>

Management of the White Township School District Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the White Township School District Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, and for New Jersey Department of Education use. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cirdito & Co., LLP

ARDITO & CO., LLP November 8, 2019

Curry Curles

Licensed Public School Accountant No.2369

Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

Schedule B

									_	BALAN	CE AT JUNE	30, 2019		N	1EMO	
									REPAYMENT		INTERFUNE)				
					CARRY-				OF PRIOR		PAYABLE/				CUMUI	LATIVE
STATE GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH	GRANT OR STATE		AWARD	BALANCE	OVER	CASH	BUDGET.		YEARS'	(ACCTS.	DEFER.	DUE TO	BUI	OGETARY	TOT	ΓAL
GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	PROJECT NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD	AMOUNT	6/30/2018	AMOUNT	RECEIVED	EXPEND.	ADJUST.	BALANCES	RECEIV.)	<u>REVENUE</u>	GRANTOR	* <u>REC</u>	EIVABLE	EXPEND	DITURES
State Department of Education													*			
General Fund:													*			
Equalization Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-6/30/19	\$ 581,054			\$ 581,054	\$ (581,054)						* \$	56,803	\$	581,054
Transportation Aid	19-495-034-5120-014	7/1/18-6/30/19	249,609			249,609	(249,609)						*	24,401		249,609
Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	7/1/18-6/30/19	335,067			335,067	(335,067)						*	32,755		335,067
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	7/1/18-6/30/19	49,562			49,562	(49,562)						*	4,845		49,562
Adjustment Aid	19-495-034-5120-085	7/1/18-6/30/19	439,662			439,662	(439,662)						*	42,981		439,662
Extraordinary Aid	18-495-034-5120-044	7/1/17-6/30/18	61,982	\$ (61,742)		61,982	(240)						*			61,982
Extraordinary Aid	19-495-034-5120-044	7/1/18-6/30/19	83,967				(83,967)			\$ (83,967)		*			83,967
Non-Public Transportation Aid	18-495-034-5120-044	7/1/17-6/30/18	6,090	(6,090)		6,090	-						*			6,090
Non-Public Transportation Aid	19-495-034-5120-044	7/1/18-6/30/19	5,466				(5,466)			(5,466)		*			5,466
On Behalf TPAF Pension	19-495-034-5094-002	7/1/18-6/30/19	525,468			525,468	(525,468)						*			525,468
On Behalf TPAF Pension PRM	19-495-034-5094-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	238,351			238,351	(238,351)						*			238,351
On Behalf TPAF Pension LTDI	19-495-034-5094-004	7/1/18-6/30/19	395			395	(395)						*			395
Reimbursed TPAF Soc.Secur.Contrib.	19-495-034-5094-003	7/1/18-6/30/19	202,408			202,408	(202,408)			-			*			202,408
Total General Fund				(67,832)		2,689,648	(2,711,249)	-		(89,433)		*	161,785	2,	2,779,081
State Department of Agriculture:													*			
Enterprise Fund:													*			
Nat.School Lunch Prog.(State Share)	18-100-010-3350-023	7/1/17-6/30/18		(28)		28							*			
Nat.School Lunch Prog.(State Share)	19-100-010-3350-023	7/1/18-6/30/19	576			550	(576)			(26)		*			576
Total Enterprise Fund				(28)		578	(576)			(26			*			576
Total State Financial Assistance				\$ (67,860)	-	\$ 2,690,226	\$ (2,711,825)	_	_	\$ (89,459		_	* \$	161,785	\$ 2	.779,657

Total State Expenditures Subject to Major Program Determination <u>\$</u> (1,947,611)

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF AWARDS AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes state award activity of the Board of Education, White Township School District. The Board of Education is defined in Note 1 to the Board's basic financial statements. All state awards received directly from state agencies, as well as state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditure of state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes state award activity of the Board of Education, White Township School District. The Board of Education is defined in Note 1 to the Board's basic financial statements. All state awards received directly from state agencies, as well as state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditure of state financial assistance.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the last state aid payment in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes, that payment is not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the last state aid payment in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the last state aid payment in the current budget year, consistent with *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-4.2.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is \$5,819 for the general fund and -0for the special revenue fund. See Exhibit C-3 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented on the following page:

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF AWARDS AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3. (Continued)

]	Federal	State	<u>Total</u>
General Fund			\$ 2,717,068	\$ 2,717,068
Special Revenue Fund	\$	169,037	-	169,037
Food Service Fund		22,171	 576	 22,747
Total Financial Assistance	\$	191,208	\$ 2,717,644	\$ 2,908,852

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related state financial reports.

NOTE 5. OTHER

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the district for the year ended June 30, 2019. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statement Sect Type of auditor's repo			<u>Unmodified</u>
, e	s(es) identified? leficiencies identified		Yes <u>x</u> No
that were not consider weaknesses?	ed to be material		Yes _ <u>x</u> None Reported
Noncompliance mater statements noted?	ial to financial		Yes <u>x</u> No
Federal Awards		N/A	
 Internal control over r Material weaknes Were significant of that were not consider 	s(es) identified? leficiencies identified		YesNo
weaknesses?			Yes None
Type of auditor's repo	rt issued on compliance	for major programs:	<u>N/A</u>
• •	closed that are required R 200 section .516(a) of ?	-	YesNo
Identification of major	r programs:		
CFDA Number(s)	FEIN Number(s)	Name of Federal Program	or Cluster
N/A			

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and	
Type B programs:	<u>N/A</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yesno

K-6

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results - (Continued)

State Financial Assistance Section

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between T Type B programs:	Sype A and <u>\$750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>x</u> yes_no
 Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Were significant deficiencies identified that were not considered to be material 	yes <u>x</u> no
weaknesses?	yes_x_none
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ OMB Circular letter 15-08 as applicable?	yes <u>x</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
State Grant/Project Number(s)	Name of State Program
19-495-034-5120-085	State Aid Cluster
<u>19-495-034-5094-003</u>	Reimbursed TPAF Social Security

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

N/A

There were no matters of noncompliance or reportable conditions noted, that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III - State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

N/A

This section identifies audit findings required to be reported by NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08, as applicable. There were no state financial assistance findings or questioned costs that are required to be reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular 15-08.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

N/A

In accordance with *government auditing standards*, our procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations. There were no prior year findings.