RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE	
Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Board of Trustees Roebling, New Jersey	
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE
ROEBLING, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared By

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Finance Department

And

Barre & Company, LLC CPA's

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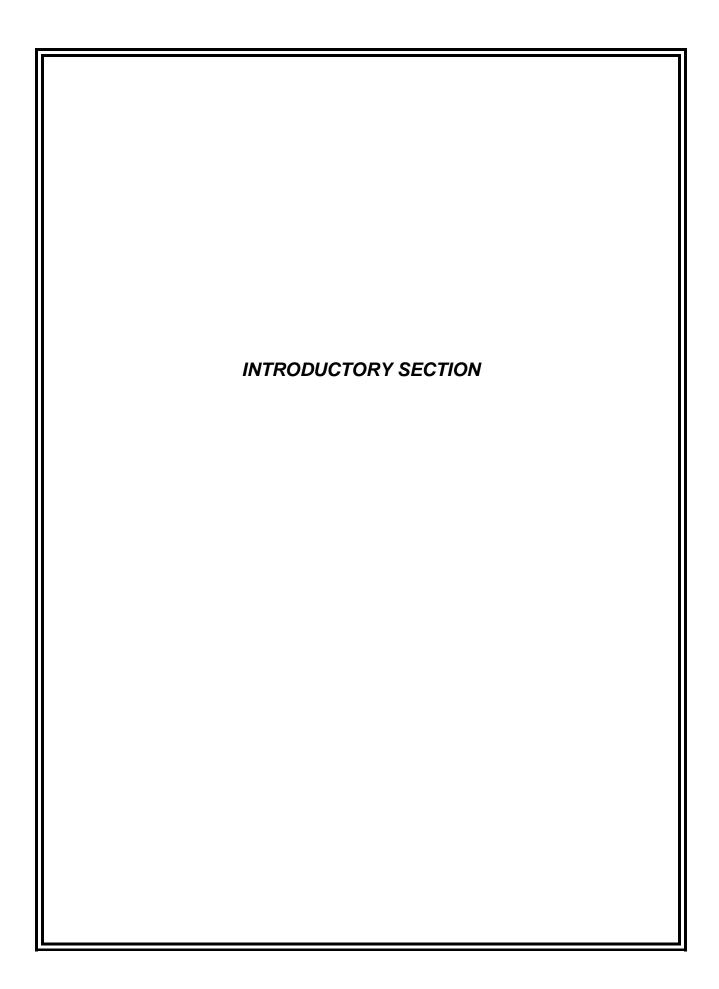
Dr. Lamont Repollet, Commissioner of Education Secretary, State Board of Education

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Riverbank Charter School of Excellence 1300 Hornberger Avenue Roebling, New Jersey 08554

December 10, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Roebling, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

We are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This CAFR includes the Charter School's Basic Financial Statement prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

The Charter School has elected to adopt this new financial reporting model which we believe will provide all users of this document with much more useful financial and statistical information than ever before. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board).

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Charter School. This report will provide the taxpayers of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence with comprehensive financial data in a format enabling them to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial affairs.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- ➤ The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- ➤ The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;

➤ The Single Audit Section — The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations", and the New Jersey State Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular 04-04, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid". Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Charter School Organization

An elected seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of the Charter School funds.

The Lead Person is the chief executive officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for total educational and support operations. The Business Administrator is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: Riverbank Charter School of Excellence is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the school are included in this report. Riverbank Charter School of Excellence and Board of Trustees, constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The focus of education at Riverbank Charter School of Excellence has always been what is best for the success of the children. With this in mind, the school provides a full range of educational services appropriate to meeting the needs of all students in grades Kindergarten through Grade 3 during the 2018-2019 school year. Such instructional services include regular education, special education and basic skills program.

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence ended the 2018-2019 school year with an enrollment of 144 students. The following details the student enrollment of the Charter School over the last year:

REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (CONTINUED):

Average Daily Enrollment

Fiscal Year	Student Enrollment	Average Daily Enrollment
2018-2019	155	155.00
2017-2018	142	142.00
2016-2017	142	142.00
2015-2016	142	142.00
2014-2015	142	142.00

2. <u>ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK</u>: In September of 2008, *Riverbank Charter School of Excellence* was "chartered" by the Commissioner of Education for the State of New Jersey to operate an independent public school. *Riverbank Charter School of Excellence* is accountable to its students, parents, community, and the New Jersey Department of Education to fulfill its mission and deliver an exceptional academic program that leads to achievement for all of our students.

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence serves as a positive school culture functioning to sharpen the focus of staff and students, building commitment and sense of community, fostering motivation to achieve valued ends, and encouraging productivity and learning. Our school's mission is to provide students with opportunities to develop their intellectual, emotional and social potential through the implementation of a dynamic curriculum that fosters learning through a cooperative effort involving home, school, and community. By all three working together, students can attain their maximum potential critical thinkers, lifelong learners, and responsible, contributing citizens in a rapidly changing pluralistic society. With this is the belief that children learn best when the significant adults in their lives – parents, teachers and community members – work together to encourage and support their development. As such, we believe that parental involvement in a child's education is paramount.

Since the school's inception, students have continually demonstrated their knowledge by scoring proficient or advanced proficient on all standardized tests.

We are privileged that our parents send their children to *Riverbank Charter School of Excellence*. More than 98% of our parents are pleased with the progress their children are making. Our school families appreciate the effort, time, improvements, and consistency each year. We are highly recommended through word of mouth, and our presence in the township has grown more favorable each year.

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence is fiscally solvent and continues to maintain a surplus while expanding educational programs, extra-curricular activities, providing various professional development training for staff, as well as improvements to the school building. It is our goal to be continuously growing, improving, and achieving higher goals each year. We are confident that *Riverbank Charter School of Excellence* will soon be recognized as a Blue Ribbon School in the State of New Jersey.

- 3. MAJOR INITIATIVES: The Charter School has developed a comprehensive strategic plan to support its mission and vision and serves as a blueprint for the achievement of its goals. The plan includes objectives, such as pupil achievement as measured by standardized tests and teacher assessment instruments; formal professional development for the certified and non-certified staff; and the implementation of a technology plan in all classrooms.
- 4. <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:
 - a) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and
 - b) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5. <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statement" Note 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the

CASH MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED):

Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors and officers insurance and workmen's compensation.

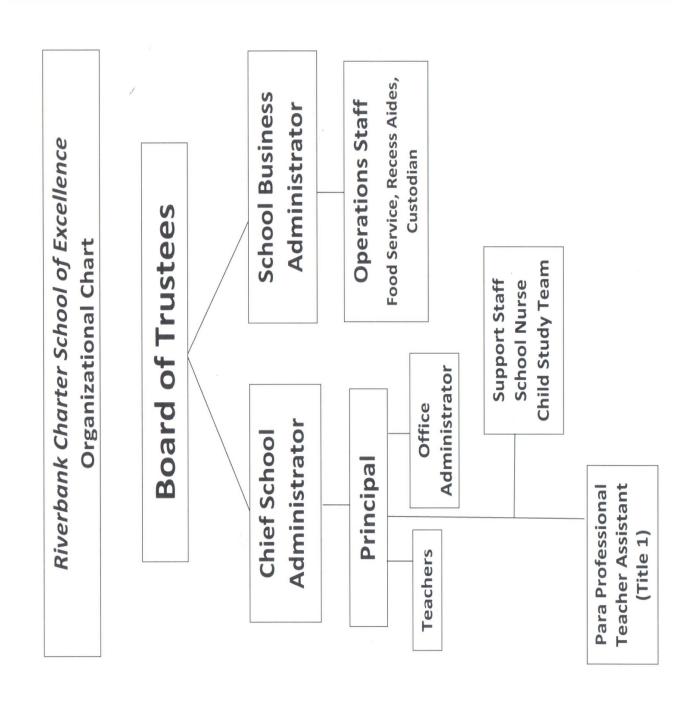
8. OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Barre & Company, Certified Public Accountants, was selected by the Board of Trustees. In addition to meeting the requirement set forth in State statures, the annual audit was designed to meet the requirement of the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey Circular Letter of 15-08 OMB, Single Audit for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid". The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specified required supplemental information is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditor's report related specifically to the single audit is included in the Single Audit Section of this report.

9. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Deborah Pontoriero
Business Administrator



ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Jenean Swain Board President

Michael Sullivan Trustee

Scott McKelvey Trustee

Kathleen Magoon Trustee

Susan McCool Trustee

Jon Marbach Trustee

Michele Rosenblum Trustee

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Beth Kelley School Leader

Deborah Pontoriero SBA

Charles Murray (Ex-Officio) Teacher Representative

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Audit Firm

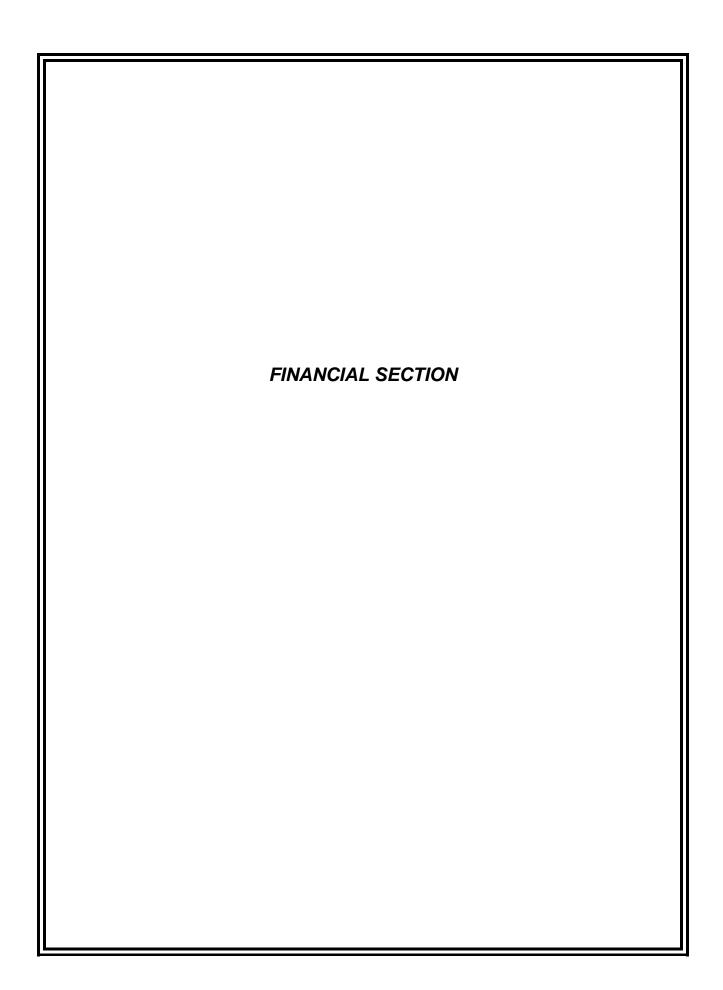
Barre & Company LLC Certified Public Accountants 2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083

Attorney

Johnston Law Firm 77 Midland Ave. Suite 1 Montclair, New Jersey 07042

Official Depository

Ocean First Bank 411 Route 33 Hamilton New Jersey 08619



BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable President Members of the Board of Trustees Riverbank Charter School of Excellence County of Burlington Roebling, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence (Charter School), in the County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Charter School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audit contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence, in the County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, following this report, and pension and postemployment benefit schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-4, and M-1, and the related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 though C-3. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement and the New Jersey Circular OMB 15-08 State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement respectively; and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records use to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards and the Division of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Division of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2019 on our consideration of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards and the Division of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Barre & Company LLC Union, New Jersey

Richard M. Barre

Licensed Public School Accountant

No. CS-01181

Barre & Company LLC, CPA's

Union, New Jersey December 10, 2019 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Riverbank Charter School of Excellence's financial performance provides an overall review of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Charter School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Charter School's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 — Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments issued in June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year (2018-2019) and the prior year (2017-2018) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$2,095,040 or 98% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$42,282 or 2% of total revenues of \$2,137,322.
- ❖ The Charter School had \$2,088,708 in expenses; only \$42,282 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$2,095,040 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$1,905,830 in revenues and \$1,840,651 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$65,179. This increase was anticipated by the Board of Trustees.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Riverbank Charter School of Excellence as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Riverbank Charter School of Excellence, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities — All of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instruction, administration, support services, and capital outlay.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Business-Type Activity — This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's funds. The Charter School uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's governmental funds are the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds

The Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 38 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The Charter School as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The Charter School's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities.

The Charter School's combined Net Position (Deficit) were \$193,398 on June 30, 2019 and \$144,784 on June 30, 2018.

Governmental Activities

The Charter School's total revenues were \$2,107,748 for the year ended June 30, 2019, this includes \$62,590 of state reimbursed TPAF social security contributions.

The total cost of all program and services were \$2,057,823 for 2019. Instruction comprises 47% of Charter School expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and student, including extracurricular activities.

Administration includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the Charter School.

Support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students, including curriculum and staff development and the costs associated with operating the facility.

Capital Outlay represents instructional and/or non-instructional equipment purchased and is capitalized when such equipment is over the \$2,000 threshold.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues for the Charter School's business-type activities (Food service program) were comprised of charges for services and federal and state reimbursements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

- ❖ Food service expenses exceeded revenues by \$1,311 and expenses exceeded revenues -\$3,304 for 2019 and 2018 respectively.
- Charges for services represent \$18,258 and \$10,565 of revenue for 2019 and 2018 respectively. This represents amounts paid by patrons for daily food.
- Federal and state reimbursements for meals, including payments for free and reduced lunches and breakfast were \$11,316 and \$10,478 for 2019 and 2018 respectively.

The Charter School's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund and special revenue fund, presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues amounted to \$2,107,748 and expenditures were \$1,890,983 for 2019. The net change in fund balance was most significant in the general fund with an increase of \$65,179 in 2019.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedules present a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Revenues	Amount	Percent of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) From 2018	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$ 984,958 920,872 50,332	50.35% 47.08% 2.57%	\$ 171,767 (31,798) 1,652	21.12% -3.34% 3.39%
Total	\$ 1,956,162	100.00%	\$ 141,621	

The following schedule represents a summary of general fund and special revenue fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The Charter School's Funds (Continued)

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) From 2018	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Instruction Administration Support Services	\$ 739,009 946,073 205,901	39.08% 50.03% 10.89%	\$ 77,885 123,745 31,723	11.78% 15.05% 18.21%
Total	\$ 1,890,983	100.00%	\$ 233,353	

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget in accordance with state regulations. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

At the end of the fiscal year 2019, the Charter School had \$0 invested in machinery and equipment.

For the Future

The Riverbank Charter School of Excellence is in stable financial condition presently. The Charter School is proud of its community support. A major concern is the continued enrollment growth of the Charter School with the increased reliance on federal and state funding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

For the Future (Continued)

In conclusion, Riverbank Charter School of Excellence has committed itself to financial stability for many years. In addition, the Charter School's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The Charter School plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to show the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Deborah Pontoriero, Business Administrator, at Riverbank Charter School of Excellence, 1300 Hornberger Avenue, Roebling, New Jersey 08554.



SECTION A - CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School.

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

ASSETS:	vernmental Activities	ess-Type ctivities	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents Interfund Receivables Receivables Security Deposit	\$ 266,907 110,473 25,800 25,580	\$ 701 8,344 321	\$ 267,608 118,817 26,121 25,580
Total Assets	 428,760	 9,366	438,126
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	234,437		 234,437
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 234,437	 -	 234,437
LIABILITIES: Interfund Payable Accounts Payable Other Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability	684 6,164 4,178 252,959	 - 1,030 -	684 7,194 4,178 252,959
Total Liabilities	 263,985	 1,030	265,015
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	214,150		214,150
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 214,150	 	 214,150
NET POSITION: Unassigned	185,062	 8,336	193,398
Total Net Position	\$ 185,062	\$ 8,336	\$ 193,398

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE
Statement of Activities
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program Revenues			Rever In	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Expenses Allocation	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	 	Business-Type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	\$ 739,009	\$ 218,701	€	\$ 12,708	•	\$ (945	(945,002) \$	↔	(945,002)
Administration	771,143	124,413	•	1		(895,556)	556)		(895,556)
Support Services	204,557					(204,557)	557)		(204,557)
Total Governmental Activities	1,714,709	\$ 343,114		12,708		(2,045,115)	115)		(2,045,115)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food Service	30,885		18,258	11,316				(1,311)	(1,311)
Total Business-Type Activities	30,885		18,258	11,316	-		-	(1,311)	(1,311)
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,745,594		\$ 18,258	3 \$ 24,024	- \$	\$ (2,045,115)	115) \$	(1,311)	(2,046,426)
			GENERAL REVENUES	NUES					
			General Purposes	Se		\$ 984	984,958 \$	·	984,958
			Federal and Stat	Federal and State Aid Not Restricted		1,110,082	082	-	1,110,082
			Total General Revenues	Revenues		2,095,040	040		2,095,040
			Change in Net Position	osition		49	49,925	(1,311)	48,614
			Net Position - Beginning of Year	ginning of Year		135	135,137	9,647	144,784
			Net Position - Ending	ding		\$ 185	185,062 \$	8,336	193,398

SECTION B – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Individual Fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.



(232,672)

185,062

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Total
ASSETS:		- una			 10101
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	266,223	\$	684	\$ 266,907
Interfund Receivables		110,473			110,473
Receivables From Other Governments		25,800			25,800
Prepaid Expenses		3,470			3,470
Other Assets		22,110			 22,110
Total Current Assets		428,076		684	 428,760
Total Assets	\$	428,076	\$	684	\$ 428,760
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities:					
Interfund Payables	\$	-	\$	684	\$ 684
Payable to District		4,178			 4,178
Total Current Liabilities		10,342		684	 11,026
Total Liabilities		10,342		684	 11,026
Fund Balances:					
Unassigned:					
General Fund		417,734			 417,734
Total Fund Balances		417,734			417,734
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	428,076	\$	684	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta	itement of	net assets (A-1)			
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the star of net position (A-1) are different because:	atement				
Net pension liability of \$252,959 ,plus deferred inferesources of \$214,150 less deferred outlows of r					

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

of \$234,437 related to pensions are not reported

Net Position of Governmental Activities

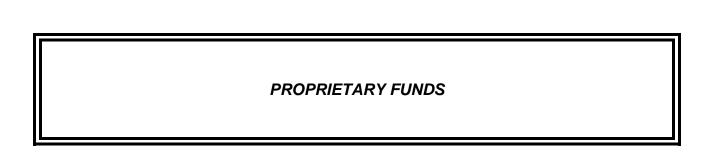
in the governmental funds

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special evenue Fund	Total	
REVENUES:	 _	 		
Local Sources:				
Local Tax Levy	\$ 984,958	\$ -	\$	984,958
Total Local Sources	984,958	-		984,958
State Sources	920,872			920,872
Federal Sources	 -	 50,332		50,332
Total Revenues	 1,905,830	 50,332		1,956,162
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction	716,699	22,310		739,009
Administration	946,073	-		946,073
Support Services	 177,879	 28,022		205,901
Total Expenditures	 1,840,651	 50,332		1,890,983
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	65,179	-		65,179
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	 352,555	 		352,555
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 417,734	\$ -	\$	417,734

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental fund (from B-2)	\$ 65,179
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2)	-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:	
Pension costs associated with the PERS pension plan are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures in the year the school pension contribution is paid. However, on the statement of activities, the net difference between the current and prior year net pension liability is recognized	(15.254)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 49,925



Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	A	ness-Type ctivities d Service
ASSETS:	•	704
Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Accounts Receivables:	\$	701
Due From Other Funds		8,344
Receivables From Other Government-Federal		307
Receivables From Other Government-State		14
Receivables, Net		
Inventories Prepaid Expenses		
Topala Exponess		
Total Current Assets		9,366
Total Assets	\$	9,366
Total Assets	Ψ	3,300
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,030
Total Current Liabilities		1,030
		,,,,,,
Total Liabilities		1,030
NET POSITION:		
Unassigned		8,336
Total Net Position		8,336
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	9,366

Proprietary Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Business-Type Activities
Enterprise Fund

	Enterprise Fund					
	Food Service Program					
	School	Fixed	-	Γotal		
	Nutrition	Contract	Ent	erprise		
OPERATING REVENUES:			-	•		
Charges for Services:						
Daily Sales Reimbursable Program	\$ 18,258		\$	18,258		
Daily Sales- Non- Reimbursable Program	Ψ 10,200		\$	-		
Daily Gales- Non- Reimbursable i Togram						
Total Operating Revenues	18,258			18,258		
Total Operating Revenues	10,236			10,230		
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
	20.055			20.055		
Cost of Sales- Reimbursable Programs	30,855			30,855		
Cost of Sales- Non-Reimbursable Programs	-			-		
Miscellaneous Expenses	30		-	30		
Total Operating Expenses	30,885			30,885		
Total Operating Expenses	30,863		-	30,665		
OPERATING LOSS	(12,627)			(12,627)		
S			-	(:=,==:)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES:						
State Lunch Program	469			469		
Federal Source:	.00			.00		
Federal Lunch Program	10,847			10,847		
i edelai Edilori i rogiam	10,047			10,047		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	11,316			11,316		
Total Nonopolating November				11,010		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(1,311)			(1,311)		
				(1,011)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,311)			(1,311)		
	(1,511)			(1,011)		
TOTAL NET POSITION, JULY 1	9,647			9,647		
				·		
TOTAL NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 8,336		\$	8,336		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		iness-Type Activities
	Foo	od Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Received from Customers		18,258
Cash Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(29,612)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(11,354)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Received from Federal and State Reimbursements		11,316
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		11,316
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(38)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		739
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	701
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities:		
Operating Loss	\$	(12,627)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease in Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable		243
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(11,354)

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



Fiduciary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund	
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	118,133
Total Assets	\$	118,133
LIABILITIES: Liabilites: Interfund Payable	\$	118,133
Total Liabilities	\$	118,133

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accounting standard-setting body responsible for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Charter School are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The school is governed by an independent Board of Trustees, which consists of parents, founders and other community representatives in accordance with its charter, which was appointed by the State Department of Education. An administrator is appointed by the board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups for the Charter School over which the Board of Trustees exercises operating control.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Charter School-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

These statements distinguish between the governmental and businesstype activity of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Charter School and for each function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements: During the fiscal year, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the Charter School's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey Charter Schools to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No. 34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter School financial reporting models.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Charter School reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund: The general fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School and is used to account for all expendable financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay subfund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, Charter School taxes, and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by Board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>: The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects or the enterprise funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The capital projects fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: Not Applicable.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Charter School reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise (Food Service) Fund: This enterprise fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the cafeteria operations. The food service fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the Charter School reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School on behalf of others and include the Payroll Agency Fund, Net Payroll Account and Student Activities.

C. <u>Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus</u>

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Charter School-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The Charter School-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; the enterprise fund and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures. The Charter School is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable". Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus (Continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the Charter School follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

D. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting except for special revenue funds as described later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2 (m) 1. All budget amendments/transfers must be approved by School Board resolution. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Appropriations, except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances, and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The capital projects fund presents the remaining project appropriations compared to current year expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The following presents a reconciliation of the special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting:

	2019		2018	
Total Revenues & Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	\$	50,332	\$	48,680
Adjustments: Less Encumbrances at June 30, 2019 Plus Encumbrances at June 30, 2018		-		-
Total Revenues and Expenditures (GAAP Basis)	\$	50,332	\$	48,680

E. Encumbrances Accounting

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenues fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund for which the Charter School has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year-end. The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the Charter School-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Inventories:

Inventory purchases, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

Capital Assets:

The Charter School has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The Charter School does not possess any infrastructure. The capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
School Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Electrical/Plumbing	30
Office & Computer Equipment	5-10

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences:

The Charter School employees do not accumulate sick leave, therefore, no liability is reflected in the basic financial statements.

Unearned Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the Charter School-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Charter School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Charter School's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance Reserves:

The Charter School reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion which is available for appropriation in future periods. A fund balance reserve has been established for encumbrances in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:7.

Revenues — Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

*Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal yearend: property taxes available as an advance, interest, and tuition.

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the Charter School, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The Charter School reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation, and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense that could not be attributed to a specific function is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accrued Salaries and Wages

Certain Charter School employees who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year have the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. New Jersey statutes require that these earned but undisbursed amounts be retained in a separate bank account.

G. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Impact of Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Principles

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2019, the District adopted no GASB statements.

The GASB has issued the following Statements that will become effective for the Charter School for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2019

GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.

GASB No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 3 requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Category 1 includes deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits/investments held by a broker or dealer, or held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent but not in the Board's name. These categories are not broad representations that deposits or investments are "safe" or "unsafe".

Deposits

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories.

Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments</u>

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.

As of June 30, 2019, cash and cash equivalents and investments of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	General	Sp	ecial	Prop	rietary	Fiduciary	
	Fund	Re	venue	F	und	Funds	Total
Operating							
Account	\$ 266,223	\$	684	\$	701	\$118,133	\$ 385,741

The investments recorded in the Charter School-wide statements have been recorded at amortized cost. In accordance with GASB 31, participating interest earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less may be reported at amortized cost. For those securities purchased more than one year from the maturity date, the difference between the carrying amount and market value is not material to the Charter School-wide statements. The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 was \$385,741 and the bank balance was \$399,883. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey statutes.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. In general, bank deposits are classified as to credit risk by three categories described below:

<u>Category 1</u> — Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 2</u> — Collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository's trust department or agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 3</u> — Uncollateralized, including any deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Board's name.

As of June 30, 2019, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and are classified as Category 1, both at year-end and throughout the year.

New Jersey Cash Management Fund

All investments in the Fund are governed by the regulations of the Investment Council, which prescribe specific standards designed to insure the quality of investments and to minimize the risks related to investments. In all the years of the Division of Investment's existence, the Division has never suffered a default of principal or interest on any short-term security held by it due to the bankruptcy of a securities issuer; nevertheless, the possibility always exists, and for this reason a reserve is being accumulated as additional protection for the "Other-than-State" participants. In addition to the Council regulations, the Division sets further standards for specific investments and monitors the credit of all eligible securities issuers on a regular basis.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School had no funds on deposit with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019, consisted of accounts (tuition), intergovernmental, grants, and miscellaneous.

All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Statements		Sta	Statements	
State Aid	\$	-	\$	14	
Federal Aid		-		307	
Other		25,800		25,800	
Gross Receivables		25,800		26,121	
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-			
Total Receivables, Net	\$	25,800	\$	26,121	

NOTE 4: <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES</u>

Transfers between funds are used to repay expenses paid by another fund.

The following interfund balances remained on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2019:

	l:	Interfund		nterfund
Fund	Receivable		F	Payable
General Fund	\$	110,473	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund				684
Proprietary Fund		8,344		
Fiduciary Fund				118,133
Total	\$	118,817	\$	118,817

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

In January 11, 2001, the New Jersey State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, there were no assets that exceeded the threshold amounts.

NOTE 6: RENTAL LEASE

The school leased space at the premises located at 1238-1300 Hornberger Avenue, Roebling, NJ under a lease agreement for five years commencing July 1, 2009 and ending June 30, 2014. This lease was renewed on July 1, 2014 for another five (5) year term. The lease requires annual rental payments of \$132,660 for the five year term. In addition, the school is responsible for all utilities and certain building maintenance items as set forth in the lease. Rent Expense amounted to \$142,660 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS

Substantially all the Board's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey; or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP).

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees; Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 50 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer allocations and the schedule of pension amounts by employer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PERS or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PERS or the participating employers. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PERS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are based on the ration of the contributions of an individual employer to the total contributions to PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018.

Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer may result in immaterial differences. Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarially determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (continued)

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2018 are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The state's pension contributions is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2018, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009.

Such employers will be credited with the full payment amounts certified for payments due not be included in their unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$ 12,894 for fiscal year 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported a liability of \$ 252,959 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Charter School's proportion was , which was an increase of 0.00128474% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$ 6,292 . At June 30, 2018, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred related to pensions from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in Assumptions	\$	41,683	\$	80,883		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		4,824		1,304		
Changes in Proportion		189,234		130,894		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual						
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		0		2,373		
	\$	235,741	\$	215,454		

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.63, 5.48, 5.57, 5.72 and 6.44 years for the 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 amounts, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	Total
	<u>.</u>
2019	\$ 1,756
2020	(2,431)
2021	(17,430)
2022	(15,109)
2023	(4,838)
	\$ (38,052)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2017. This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Salary Increases:

2012-2021 1.65-4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65-5.15% based on age

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employees Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and females and addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combines Healthy male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and a one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for the future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rated used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is like that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long term expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term			
		Expected Real		
	Target	Rate of		
Asset Class	Allocation	Return		
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%		
Cash Equivalents	5.50%	1.00%		
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%		
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%		
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%		
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%		
Credit Oriented Hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%		
Debt Related Private Equity	2.00%	10.63%		
Debt Related Real Estate	1.00%	6.61%		
Private Real Asset	2.50%	11.83%		
Equity Related Real Estate	6.25%	9.23%		
U.S. Equity	30.00%	8.19%		
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	9.00%		
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.64%		
Buyouts/Venture Capital	8.25%	13.08%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (Continued)

assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 40% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan investments was applied to projected benefit payment through June 30, 2046. Therefore the long—term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Fiscal	Year End	ed June 30, 201	8			
	1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase	
	(4.66%)		(5.66%)		(6.66%)	
Charter School's proportionate share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$	318,066	\$	252,959	\$	198,337
Fiscal	Year End	ed June 30, 201	.7			
	1% Current 1		1%			
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase	
	(4.00%)		(5.00%)		(6.00%)	
Charter School's proportionate share of the Net			•		-	
Pension Liability	\$	196,140	\$	158,105	\$	126,417

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

B. Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Pension Description

The State of New Jersey, Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.ni.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Benefit Provided

The vesting and benefit provision are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested of 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, member's beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Descriptions
1	M Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefit Provided (Continued)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reach age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows in resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The employer and nonemployer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer are based on the ratio of the State's actual contributions made as an employer and nonemployer adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2018. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

The contributions policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2018, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Special Funding Situation (Continued)

The Employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

This note discloses the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal years ended 2019, the State of New Jersey contributed to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is less than the contractually required contribution of \$ 124,346 .

The employee contribution rate was 6.92% effective July 1, 2018. Subsequent increases after October 1, 2011 are being phased in over 7 years effective on each July 1st to bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of base salary as of July 1, 2018.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of</u> Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As June 30, 2018, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School was \$ 5,233,080 . The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, Charter School's proportion was , which was an decrease of -0.0004605% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated	
with the Charter School	5,233,080
Total	\$ 5,233,080

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School in the amount of \$ 124,346 and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 financial statements.

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 11,053,759,853	\$ 16,078,750,001
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,420,239,017	96,229,812
Changes in Proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		5,793,830
	\$ 12,473,998,870	\$ 16,180,773,643

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$ 12,473,998,870 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions will be amortized over a period of 8.5 years. The \$ 16,180,773,643 reported as a deferred inflow of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual.

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Thereafter	\$ 401,574,312 208,932,249 (222,922,941) (149,225,008) (735,040,983) (3,210,092,402)
	(3,706,774,773)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Salary Increases:

2012-2021 varies based on experience Thereafter varies based on experience

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 is summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%

Discount Rate – TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% as of June 30, 2018. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate – TPAF (continued)

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the State as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

For the F	iscal Ye	ar Ended June 30), 2018			
		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		Increase
		(3.86%)		(4.86%)		(5.86%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the Net					<u> </u>	
Pension Liability	\$	6,203,729	\$	5,248,586	\$	4,456,796
For the F	iscal Ye	ar Ended June 30), 2017			
		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		Increase
		(3.25%)		(4.25%)		(5.25%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$	6,983,312	\$	5,878,054	\$	4,967,537

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

C. <u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u>

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) (Continued)</u>

The contribution policy is set by the New Jersey Statutes and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by the State of New Jersey regulation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

For DCRP, the Charter School recognized no pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. There were no employee contributions to DCRP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The school is in a "special funding situation, as described in GASB Statement No. 75 in that OPEB contributions and expense are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other postemployment (health) benefits for State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided (continued)

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan member	217,131
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	145,050
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	
Total	262.494
Total	362,181

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

Inflation Rate	2.50%			
		TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases				
Through 2026		1.55% to 4.55% based on years of service	2.15% to 4.15% based on age	2.10% to 8.98% based on age
Rate thereafter		2.00% to 5.45% based on years of service	3.15% to 5.15% based on age	3.15% to 9.98% based on age

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 201 2 - June 30, 2015, July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013, and July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014 for TPAF, PFRS and PERS, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) medical benefits, this amount initially is 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after nine years. For self-insured post-65 PPO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is in initially 5.9% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after nine years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

Discount rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

T	otal OPEB
	Liability
\$	1,438,826
	162,888
	56,846
	(425,902)
	(124,020)
	999
	(28,899)
<u></u>	_
	(358,088)
	1,080,738

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the</u> Discount Rate:

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018				
		At 1%		At current		At 1%
	Decr	Decrease (2.87%)		discount rate (3.87%)		ease (4.87%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,277,652	\$	1,080,738	\$	924,211

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the</u> Healthcare Trend Rate:

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Fisca	l Year	Ended June 30,	2018	
		At 1%				At 1%
	decrease		Trend Rate			Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	893,293	\$	1,080,738	\$	1,328,641

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the Charter School recognized OPEB expense of \$ 151,586 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Statement 75, in which there is a special funding situation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At June 30, 2018 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources		 rred Inflows Resources
Difference between Actual and Expected Experience	\$	-	\$ 104,910
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		_	-
Assumption Changes			(242,253)
Sub Total		-	(137,343)
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year 2019 after			
June 30, 2018 Measurement Date		N/A	 N/A
Total		-	(137,343)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ (42,779)
2020	\$ (42,779)
2021	\$ (42,779)
2022	\$ (42,779)
2023	\$ (42,779)
Total Thereafter	\$ (133,267)
	\$ (347,163)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, student accident, and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE

General Fund

The General Fund surplus in the financial statements at June 30, 2019, was \$417,734, and is unreserved and undesignated.

NOTE 11: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 10, 2019 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II

SECTION C – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

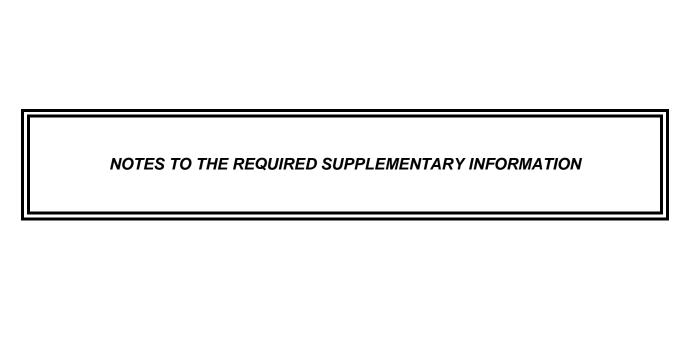
	Original Budget	Budget ansfers	Final Budget	Actual	Fin F	Variance al to Actual Favorable nfavorable)
REVENUES:	 Daagot	 u	 Daagot	 7 totaai		maverable)
Local Sources:						
"Local Levy" Local Share - Charter School Aid	\$ 984,958	\$ 	\$ 984,958	\$ 984,958	\$	-
Total Local Sources	 984,958	 	 984,958	 984,958		
Categorical Aid:						
"Local Levy" State Share - Charter School Aid	626,491	-	626,491	626,491		-
Special Education	12,708	-	12,708	12,708		-
Security Aid	8,500	-	8,500	8,500		-
Non-Public Student Aid	 	 		 		
Total Categorical Aid	 647,699	 	 647,699	 647,699		
Revenues From Other Sources: Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On Behalf Pension Aid (Non-Budgeted) On Behalf Post Retirement Medical Aid (Non-Budgeted)	-	-	-	62,590 144,664 65,620		62,590 144,664
On Behalf Long-Term Disability Insurance Aid (Non-Budgeted)	 	 		 299		
Total Revenues From Other Sources	 	 <u>-</u>	 -	 273,173		207,254
Total Revenues	 1,632,657	 	 1,632,657	 1,905,830		207,254
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction:						
Kindergarten - Salaries of teachers	140,500	-	140,500	140,500		-
Grades 1-5 - Salaries of teachers	573,191	0	573,191	562,838		10,353
Other Salaries for Instruction	14,000		14,000	-		14,000
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	3,500		3,500	2,004		1,496
Other Purchased Services	25,000	-	25,000	297		24,703
General Supplies	30,000	-	30,000	11,060		18,940
Textbooks	18,000		18,000	-		18,000
Miscellaneous	 12,000	 	 12,000	 		12,000
Total Instruction	 816,191	 	 816,191	 716,699		99,492
Administration:						
Salaries - General Administration	274,650	33,359	308,009	303,286		4,723
Salaries of Secretarial/Clerical Assistants	55,000	53,311	108,311	108,311		-
Total Benefits Cost	285,482	(77,170)	208,312	208,312		-
Purchases Prof/Tech Services	53,000	(14,672)	38,328	17,709		20,619
Other Purchased Services	21,000	8,172	29,172	27,297		1,875
Communications/Telephone	6,510		6,510	6,159		351
Supplies and Materials	6,000		6,000	1,826		4,174
Miscellaneous Expenses	 6,000	 (4,500)	 1,500	 		1,500
Total Administration	 707,642	 (1,500)	 706,142	 672,900		33,242

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Original Budget	Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	Variance nal to Actual avorable nfavorable)
(Continued from Prior Page) Support Services: Rental of Land and Buildings Insurance for Property, Liability and Fidelity Supplies and Materials Energy Costs (Heat and Electricity) Miscellaneous Expenses	\$ 156,660 11,250 6,000 17,000 6,000	\$	(4,000) 6,000 (500)	\$	152,660 11,250 6,000 23,000 5,500	\$ 142,660 10,933 22,942 1,344	\$	10,000 317 6,000 58 4,156
Total Support Services	 196,910		1,500		198,410	177,879		20,531
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On Behalf Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On Behalf Post-Retirement Medical Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On Behalf Long-Term Disability Insurance Contributions (Non-Budgeted)	 -		-		-	62,590 144,664 65,620 299		(62,590) (144,664)
Total Expenditures	 1,720,743		-		1,720,743	1,840,651		(53,989)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(88,086)		-		(88,086)	65,179		153,265
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	 352,555				352,555	 352,555		-
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 264,469	\$		\$	264,469	\$ 417,734	\$	153,265
Recapitulation of Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Budgeted Fund Balance	\$ 264,469	\$	-		264,469	\$ 417,734	\$	153,265
Total	\$ 264,469	\$		\$	264,469	\$ 417,734	\$	153,265

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		0			Final Budget	Actual		Favo	iance orable vorable)
REVENUES: Federal Sources	\$	50,332	\$		\$	50,332	\$	50,332	\$	
Total Revenues		50,332				50,332		50,332		
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:										
Salaries of Teachers		20,300		-		20,300		20,300		-
General Supplies		2,010		-		2,010		2,010		-
Total Instruction		22,310				22,310		22,310		
Support Services:										
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		6,293		-		6,293		6,293		-
Purchased Prof/Ed Services		21,729		-		21,729		21,729		-
Total Support Services		28,022		<u>-</u>	·	28,022		28,022		
Total Expenditures		50,332				50,332		50,332		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

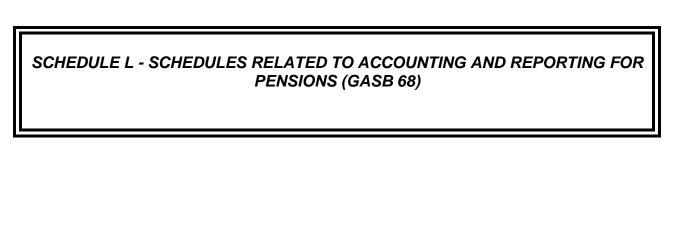


Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget-To-GAAP Reconciliation Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note A - Explanation of differences between Budgetary Inflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund	_	R	Special evenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules	[C-1]	\$ 1,905,830	[C-2]	\$	50,332
Difference - Budget to GAAP Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized			-		<u>-</u>
Total revenues as reports on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 1,905,830	[B-2]	\$	50,332
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	\$ 1,840,651	[C-2]	\$	50,332
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial accounting purposes.			-		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 1,840,651	[B-2]	\$	50,332

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III



RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00055808%	0.00186527%	0.21020510%	0.006738060%	0.006791930%	0.001284739%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 106,660	\$ 349,229	\$ 199,562	\$ 158,105	\$ 158,105	\$ 252,959
Charter School's covered employees payroll	\$ 333,924	\$ 304,858	\$ 47,050	\$ 90,221	\$ 421,140	\$ 100,661
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll	32%	115%	424%	175%	38%	251%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	48.72%	52.08%	47.93%	45.37%	51.55%	53.60%

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,205	\$ 15,377	\$18,072	\$ 5,986	\$ 6,292	\$ 12,894					
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(4,205)	(15,377)	(18,072)	(5,986)	(6,292)	(12,894)					
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$333,924	\$304,858	\$47,050	\$90,221	\$421,140	\$100,661					
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	1.26%	5.04%	38.41%	6.63%	1.49%	12.81%					

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable of the Charter School	0.0129349%	0.0059533%	0.66135000%	0.00731900%	0.00868632%	0.00822581%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	\$2,295,341	\$3,181,852	\$ 4,180,014	\$ 5,757,625	\$ 5,856,633	\$ 5,233,080
Charter School's covered employees payroll	\$ 496,674	\$ 672,394	\$ 796,246	\$ 806,243	\$ 832,557	\$ 666,931
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll	462.14%	473.21%	524.97%	714.13%	703.45%	784.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	33.76%	33.64%	28.71%	22.33%	22.33%	25.41%

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year Ending June 30,							
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	29,425	\$	25,289	\$	35,543	\$	58,289	\$	97,540	\$	124,346
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(19,279)		(20,418)		(6,599)		(9,823)		(11,792)		(13,535)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	10,146	\$	4,871	\$	28,944	\$	48,466	\$	85,748	\$	110,811
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	333,924	\$	304,858	\$	47,050	\$	90,221	\$	421,140	\$	100,661
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.81%		8.30%		75.54%		64.61%		23.16%		123.53%

SCHEDULE M - SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Required Supplementary Information Schedules Schedule of Changes in the Charter School's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Years Ending								
	June 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2018	June 30, 2019					
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period		\$	1,479,337	\$	1,438,826				
Service cost			198,247		162,888				
Interest on Total OPEB Liability			47,357		56,846				
Difference between expected and actual experience	NOT AVAILABLE				(425,902)				
Effect of Changes of Assumptions			(254,016)		(124,020)				
Contributions - Employee			1,227		999				
Gross Benefits Paid by the State			(33,326)		(28,899)				
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	NOT AVAILABLE		(40,511)		(358,088)				
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	NOT AVAILABLE		1,479,337		1,438,826				
Total OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period	1,438,826		1,438,826		1,080,738				

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms:

None

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences:

There is no change in the Total OPEB Liability from June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017 due to differences in expenses and actual experiences. The decrease in liability from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 is due to changes in census, claims and premiums experience

Changes in Assumptions:

The decrease in the liability from June 30,2016 to June 30, 2017 is due to the increase in the assumed discount rate from 2.85% to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 and as of June 30, 2018, respectively.

The decrease in the liability from June 30,2017 to June 30, 2018 is due to the increase in the assumed discount rate from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018; and a decrease in the assumed health care cost trend and excise tax assumptions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION III

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.00% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.66% as of June 30, 2018.

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.25% as of June 30, 2017 to 4.86% as of June 30, 2018.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SECTION E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expandable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Title I	IDEA Basic	Total		
Revenues: Federal Sources	\$ 28,603	\$ 21,729	\$	50,332	
Total Revenues	\$ 28,603	\$ 21,729	\$	50,332	
Expenditures: Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers General Supplies	\$ 20,300 2,010	\$ -	\$	20,300 2,010	
Total Instruction	 22,310	 		22,310	
Support Services: Personal Services/Employee Benefits Purchased Prof/Ed Services	 6,293 <u>-</u>	21,729		6,293 21,729	
Total Support Services	 6,293	 21,729		28,022	
Total Expenditures	 28,603	 21,729		50,332	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 	\$ 	\$		

SECTION G – PROPRIETARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Charter School's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund – This fund provides for the operation of food service in all Charter School.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5, AND B-6.

SECTION H – FIDUCIARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENT

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for funds received by the Charter School for a specific purpose.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

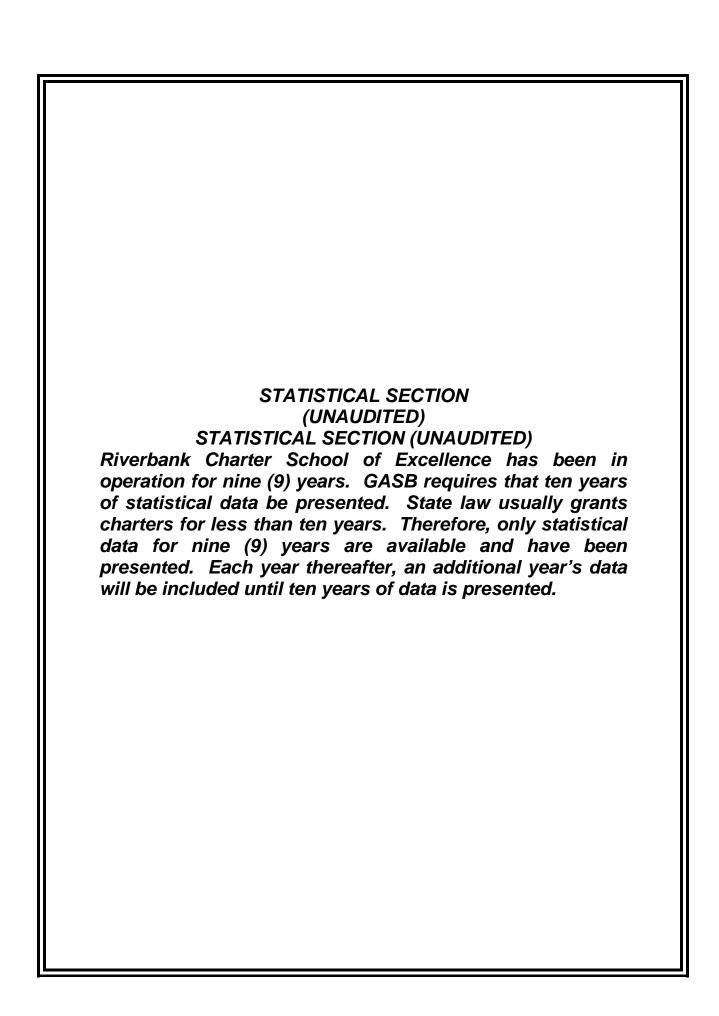
Payroll Fund – this agency fund is used to account for payroll transactions of the charter school.

Fiduciary Funds
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
June 30, 2019

		Age	ncy Fund	
	Payroll Agency		Payroll ccount	Total Agency Fund
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 110,086	\$	8,047	\$ 118,133
Total Assets	\$ 110,086	\$	8,047	\$ 118,133
LIABILITIES: Liabilities: Interfund Payable	\$ 110,086	\$	8,047	\$ 118,133
Total Liabilities	\$ 110,086	\$	8,047	\$ 118,133

Fiduciary Funds
Payroll Agency Funds
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
June 30, 2019

	_	Balance y 1, 2018	F	Cash Receipts	Dist	Cash oursements	Balance le 30, 2019
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	29,657	\$	418,766	\$	338,337	\$ 110,086
Total Assets	\$	29,657	\$	418,766	\$	338,337	\$ 110,086
LIABILITIES: Interfund Accounts Payable	\$	29,657	\$	418,766	\$	338,337	\$ 110,086
Totals	\$	29,657	\$	418,766	\$	338,337	\$ 110,086



Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Statistical Section

J series

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the charter school's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Not Applicable To Charter School)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Charter School's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the charter school's current levels of outstanding debt and the charter school's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the charter school's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the charter school's financial report relates to the services the Charter School provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year. The charter school implemented GASB Statement 34 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010; schedules presenting charter school-wide information include information beginning in that year.



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Net Assets/Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2	2014		2013	2012		2011	2010
Governmental Activities Unrestricted	↔	185,062	135,137		(33,011) \$	(102,725)	€	34,561 \$	289,501	€9	330,428 \$	245,713	↔	137,575	(5,826)
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets/Position	s	185,062 \$	135,137	↔	(33,011) \$	(102,725)	€	34,561	289,501	↔	330,428 \$	245,713	\$	137,575	(5,826)
Business-Type Activities Unrestricted	€	8,336	9,647	€	(1,057) \$	11,828	↔	11,022 \$	10,849	↔	12,528 \$	12,888	⇔	10,764	4,577
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets/Position	Ω	8,336 \$	9,647	s	(1,057) \$	11,828	s	11,022 \$	10,849	s	12,528 \$	12,888	\$	10,764	4,577
Charter School-wide Unrestricted	↔	193,398 \$	144,784	↔	(34,068) \$	(90,897)	€	45,583 \$	300,350	↔	342,956 \$	258,601	8	148,339	(1,249)
Total Charter School-wide Net Assets/Position	↔	193,398 \$ 144,784	144,784	\$	(34,068) \$	(90,897)	€	45,583 \$	300,350	\$	342,956 \$	258,60	\$	148,339	(1,249)

Source: Charter School's Records

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE Changes in Net Assets/Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Expenses Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$ 957,710	\$ 807,553	s	\$ 1,005,887	\$ 962,257 \$	771,055 \$	\$ 096,360	767,187 \$	534,634	441,435.00
Administration	895,556	895,225	836,932	722,448	588,719	762,587	441,606	448,514	335,023	360,701
Support Services	204,557	174,178	184,831	188,044	243,721	159,199	147,945	147,469	133,592	184,095
Capital Outlay	•	•			10,695				73,868	36,426
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	2,057,823	1,876,	1,921,372	1,916,379	1,805,392	1,692,841	1,485,911	1,363,170	1,077,117	1,022,657
Business-Type Activities: Food Service	30.885	24.347	25.223	25.282	23,560	23.245	24.821	22.707	16.409	10.017
Total Business-Type Activites Expenses	30,885				23,560	23,245	24,821	22,707	16,409	10,017
Total Charter School Expenses	\$ 2,088,708	\$ 1,901,303	\$ 1,946,595	\$ 1,941,661 \$	\$ 1,828,952 \$	1,716,086 \$	1,510,732 \$	1,385,877 \$	1,093,526 \$	1,032,674
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 12,708	\$ 30	↔	\$ 23,638	\$ 27,513 \$	24,417 \$	15,468 \$	7,160 \$	3,612 \$	2,165
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	12,708	30,639	21,428	23,638	27,513	24,417	15,468	7,160	3,612	2,165
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions	18,258 11,316	- 10,478	- 12,338	11,535	10,794 12,939	10,264	14,136 10,325	15,128 9,703	- 22,596	14,594
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	29,574	10,478	12,338	3 26,088	23,733	21,566	24,461	24,831	22,596	14,594
Total Charter School Program Revenue	\$ 42,282	\$ 41,117	\$ 33,766	\$ 49,726	\$ 51,246 \$	45,983 \$	39,929 \$	31,991 \$	26,208 \$	16,759
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Tvoe Activities	\$ (2,045,115) (1.311)	(1,846,317)	(1,899,944)	\$ (1,892,741)	\$ (1,777,879) \$ 173	(1,668,424) \$	(1,470,443) \$	(1,356,010) \$	(1,073,505) \$	(1,020,492)
Total Charter School Net Expense	\$ (2,046,426)	\$ (1,860	\$ (1,	\$ (1,891,935)	\$ (1,777,706) \$	(1,670,103) \$	(1,470,803) \$	(1,353,886) \$	(1,067,318)	(1,015,915)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets/Position	•	•							}	:

Governmental Activities:		
General Purposes	↔	984,958
Federal and State Aid Not Restricted		1,110,082
Miscellaneous Income		
Total Governmental Activities		2,095,040
Total Charter School Wide	↔	2,095,040
Change in Net Assets/Position		

ì		€9		s	
	Change in Net Assets/Position	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Charter School	
-	ਹ	_	_	۲	

⇔	€	A		s
1,216,906	0.7	143,401	6,187	149,588
છ	€	Ð		\$
1,464,148	007	108,138	2,124	110,262
s	€	Ð		\$
1,555,158	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	84,715	(360)	84,355
s	€	A		s
1,627,498	(40,000)	(40,826)	(1,679)	(42,605)
s	€	Ð		\$
1,770,970	000	(p, 909)	173	(6,736)
s	€	A		\$
1,655,455	(000 100)	(23/,286)	806	(236,480)
s	6	Ð		s
1,764,672	(0 FO TO 2)	(135,272)	(12,885)	(148,157)
s	•	A		s
2,014,465	000	168,148	(13,869)	154,279
8	•	A		s
2,095,040	0.00	49,925	(1,311)	48,614
↔	•	Ð		s

(5,826) 4,577 (1,249)

1,014,666 1,014,666

1,555,158

1,627,498

1,655,455

2,014,465

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

2011
2012
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019

102,261 282,592 289,501 330,428 245,713 137,575 (5,828	,261 \$ 282,592 \$ 289,501 \$ 330,428 \$ 245,713 \$ 137,575 \$
282,592 289,501 330,428 245,713	1 \$ 282,592 \$ 289,501 \$ 330,428 \$ 245,713 \$
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282,592 289,501	1 \$ 282,592 \$ 289,501 \$
282,592 289,501	1 \$ 282,592 \$
282,592	1 \$ 282,592 \$
	8
	8
	,261 \$
102,261	,261
- 1	102,26
	↔
195,644	195,644
	↔
352,555	352,555
	↔
417,734	417,734
₽	s
	\$ 417,734 352,555 195,6

Total General Fund

General Fund Unreserved

Source: Charter School's Records

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2019		2018	,	2017	- 1	2016	2015		2014	2013		2012		2011
Revenues:] 	
Local Sources:	↔	984,958	s	813,191	s	904,872	s	\$ 828,006	\$ 963,293	33	926,518	\$ 515	519,692 \$	863,078	3	713,437
Revenue from Community Services Activities									•					1,983	3	
State Sources		920,872		952,670		847,661		742,823	803,826	9:	694,526	1,037	,037,460	569,589	6	488,420
Federal Sources		50,332		48,680		33,567		35,432	31,364	4	30,871	13	13,474	36,648	3	18,661
Total Revenues		1,956,162		1,814,541		1,786,100		1,679,093	1,798,483	33	1,651,915	1,570	,570,626	1,471,298	 _{&}	1,220,518
Expenditures:																
Instruction		739,009		661,124		723,810		773,959	815,559	65	614,694	713	713,829	627,123	3	439,842
Administration		946,073		822,328		784,076		897,421	723,316	9.	909,256	615	615,427	578,159	6	421,785
Support Services		205,901		174,178		184,831		188,044	255,822	72	168,891	156	56,655	157,888	3	141,622
Capital Outlay									10,695	35				•		73,868
Total Expenditures		1,890,983		1,657,630		1,692,717	-	1,859,424	1,805,392	32	1,692,841	1,485,911	,911	1,363,170	 ₀	1,077,117
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		65,179		156,911		93,383		(180,331)	(6,909)	(6)	(40,926)	84	84,715	108,128	ا ام	143,401
Net Change in Fund Balance	↔	65,179	↔	156,911	↔	93,383	↔	(180,331) \$	(6)6)9)	\$ (60	(40,926)	\$	84,715 \$	108,128	↔	143,401

Net Change in Fund Balance

OPERATING INFORMATION

Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Instruction	14	14	14	15	13	12	11	12	9	
Administrative	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	
Support Services	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	
Food Service	4	4	4	4	1	1		0		
Total	22	22	22	23	20	19	15	16	13	-

Source: Charter School's Records

Source: Charter School's Records

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE Operating Statistics Last Nine Fiscal Years

		!]								
Student	Attendance	Percentage		89.30%	80.30%	95.77%	101.41%	%05'96	97.18%	97.48%	95.25%
Percent Change in	Average Daily	Enrollment		%00.0	0.00%	0.00%	-0.70%	0.70%	4.93%	0.00%	38.98%
Average Daily	Attendance	(ADA)		151	141	141	136	144	138	138	131.6
Average Daily	Enrollment	(ADE)	1	155	142	142	142	142	143	142	135
Pupil /	Teacher	Ratio	0	10.3:1	10.3:1	10.3:1	9.3:1	9.6:1	11:1	9:1	10:1
	Teaching	Staff	;	14	14	14	15	13	12	11	12
	Percentage	Change		6.28%	-3.03%	-9.04%	6.40%	1.71%	7.31%	-2.83%	17.59%
	Cost Per	Pupil		\$ 11,875	\$ 11,173	\$ 11,522	\$ 12,667	\$ 11,905	\$ 11,704	\$ 10,907	\$ 11,225
	Operating	Expenditures		1,840,651	1,608,950	1,659,150	1,823,992	1,702,369	1,661,970	1,472,437	1,324,529
		Enrollment		155	144	144	144	143	142	135	118
	Fiscal	Year	0	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

Policy Number: P975AK

Premium: \$6,237.18

Named Insured: Agent:

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Insurance Agency Management, Inc. dba T.C. Irons Agency

1300 Hornberger Avenue230 High StreetRoebling, NJ 08554Burlington, NJ 08016

Policy Term: 07/01/2019 to 07/01/2020 12:01 AM Eastern Standard Time

Article I - Property

Real and Personal Property \$500,000,000 per occurrence NJSIG Limit
Extra Expense \$50,000,000 per occurrence NJSIG Limit
Valuable Papers and Records \$10,000,000 per occurrence NJSIG Limit

Demolition and Increased Cost of Construction \$25,000,000 per occurrence NJSIG Limit

Loss of Rents \$120,000.00 per occurrence
Loss of Business Income/Tuition \$100,000.00 per occurrence

Limited Builders Risk \$10,000,000 per occurrence NJSIG Limit

Fire Department Service Charge \$10,000 per occurrence Arson Reward \$10,000 per occurrence

Pollutant Cleanup and Removal \$250,000 per occurrence/NJSIG annual

aggregate

Fine Arts Not Covered

Sublimits: Special Flood Hazard Area Flood Zones \$25,000,000 per occurrence/ NJSIG annual

aggregate

Accounts Receivable \$250,000 per occurrence/ annual aggregate

All Flood Zones \$75,000,000 per occurrence /NJSIG annual

aggregate

Earthquake \$50,000,000 per occurrence /NJSIG annual

aggregate

Terrorism \$1,000,000 per occurrence /NJSIG annual

aggregate

Deductibles: Real & Personal \$1,000 per occurrence

Extra Expense \$1,000 per occurrence
Valuable Papers \$1,000 per occurrence
stribles: \$500,000 per building

Special Flood Hazard Area Flood Deductibles: \$500,000 per building \$500,000 per building contents

All Other Flood Zones Flood Deductible: \$10,000 per member/per occurrence

all Other Flood Zones Flood Deddelible.

NJSIG-D-PKG (7/19) Page 1 of 5



Policy Number: P975AK

Article II - Electronic Data Processing

Data Processing Equipment Including Data and Media, Extra Expense, Business Income, Duplicates, Transit

\$25,000 per occurrence

and Debris Removal

Terrorism Included in Property

Computer Virus \$250,000 \$10,000,000 NJSIG Annual

Aggregate

Deductible: \$1,000 per occurrence

Special Flood Hazard Area Flood Deductible: \$500,000 per building contents

All Other Flood Zones Flood Deductible: \$10,000 per member/per occurence

Article III - Equipment Breakdown

Combined Single Limit per Accident for Property Damage and \$100,000,000 Business Income

SubLimits: Property Damage Included

Off Premises Property Damage \$1,000,000 **Business Income** Included Extra Expense \$10,000,000 Service Interruption \$10,000,000 Perishable Goods \$1,000,000 **Data Restoration** \$1,000,000 Contingent Business Income \$1,000,000 Demolition \$1,000,000 Ordinance or Law \$1,000,000 **Expediting Expenses** \$1,000,000 Hazardous Substances \$1,000,000 Newly Acquired Locations (120 days notice) \$1,000,000 **Terrorism** Included

Deductibles: \$1,000 per Accident for Property Damage

12 Hours for Indirect Coverages

Service Interruption Waiting Period 24 Hours

NJSIG-D-PKG (7/19) Page 2 of 5



Policy Number: P975AK

Article IV - C	rime	
Insuring Agreements	Limits	Deductibles
Insuring Agreement 1 - Public Employee Dishonesty with Faithful Performance	\$25,000	\$1,000
Insuring Agreement 2 - Theft, Disappearance and Destruction - Loss of Money & Securities On or Off Premises	\$5,000	\$500
Insuring Agreement 3 - Theft, Disappearance and Destruction - Money Orders & Counterfeit Paper Currency	\$5,000	\$500
Insuring Agreement 4 - Forgery or Alteration	Not Covered	Not Covered
Insuring Agreement 5 - Computer Fraud	\$25,000	\$1,000
Public Officials Bond:		
Board Secretary	\$100,000	\$500
Board President	\$100,000	\$500
Article V - Comprehensive	General Liability	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage	\$6,000,000 per occurrence	
Products and Completed Operations	\$6,000,000 annual aggregate	

Sexual Abuse \$6,000,000 per occurrence

\$17,000,000 annual NJSIG aggregate

Personal Injury and Advertising Injury \$6,000,000 per occurrence/annual aggregate

Employee Benefits Liability \$6,000,000 per occurrence/annual aggregate

Employee Benefits Liability Deductible \$1,000 each claim **Premises Medical Payments** \$10,000 per accident \$5,000 limit per person

Terrorism \$1,000,000 per occurrence/annual

NJSIG aggregate

NJSIG-D-PKG (7/19) Page 3 of 5



Policy Number: P975AK

Article VI - Automobile

Liability

Symbol 8&9 Hired / Non-owned

Bodily Injury and Property Damage \$6,000,000 per accident

Symbol 6 Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists - Private Passenger Autos Not Covered Per Accident

Symbol 6 Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists - All Other Vehicles Not Covered Bodily Injury Per Person

Not Covered Bodily Injury Per Accident

Not Covered Property Damage Per Accident

Symbol 5 Personal Injury Protection (including pedestrians)

Not Covered

Medical Payments Not Covered private passenger vehicles

Not Covered all other vehicles

Not Covered

Terrorism \$1,000,000 per occurrence/annual

NJSIG aggregate

Deductible N/A

Physical Damage (Scheduled vehicles only)

Replacement Cost

Symbol 7 Comprehensive Not Covered

Collision Not Covered
Hired Car Physical Damage \$110,000 Limit Not Covered

Garage Keepers Not Covered

NJSIG-D-PKG (7/19) Page 4 of 5



Policy Number: P975AK

Applicable Policy Forms

NJSIG-P1 (7/17); NJSIG-PJLA (7/017); NJSIG-PPCA (7/14); NJSIG-PLR (7/17); NJSIG-DICC (7/15); NJSIG-P2 (7/17); NJSIG-BI (7/15); NJSIG-PGYM (07/08); NJSIG EDE (7/14)

NJSIG CSE (7/17) NJSIG-EDP (7/18)

NJSIG-B1 (7/15); NJSIG-B2 (7/00)

NJSIG-CR1000 (7/15); NJSIG-CR-DP (7/15); NJSIG-CR-SS (7/15); NJSIG-CR-DBE (7/15); NJSIG-CR-NI (7/15); NJSIG-CR-AL (7/15); NJSIG-CR-FP (7/15); NJSIG-CR-BE (7/15); NJSIG-CR-VW (7/15); NJSIG-CR-SPE (7/15); NJSIG-CR-MOC (7/15); NJSIG-CR-LS (7/15); NJSIG-CR-MEE (7/15); NJSIG-CR-ES (7/15); NJSIG-CR-IWC (7/15); NJSIG-CBND1 (7/15)

NJSIG-G0 (7/17); NJSIG-G1 (7/17); NJSIG-G2 (7/17); NJSIG-G3 (7/17); NJSIG-G4 (7/09); NJSIG-GMP1 (7/17)

NJSIG-A1 (7/17); NJSIG-A2 (7/10); NJSIG-A3 (7/17); NJSIG-A4 (7/11); NJSIG-A5 (7/00); NJSIG-AGK1 (7/00); NJSIG-A6 (7/11); NJSIG-A7 (7/17); NJSIG-A8 (7/07)

NJSIG-D-PKG (7/19)

NJSIG-CPKG (7/15)

In witness whereof, the New Jersey Schools Insurance Group has caused this agreement to be signed by its Executive Director.

NJSIG Executive Director

Page 5 of 5

Kellow M Mayo

NJSIG-D-PKG (7/19)



New Jersey Schools Insurance Group New Jersey Schools Insurance Group School Leaders Errors & Omissions Liability Policy Declarations

Policy Number: E975AK Premium: \$5,908.01

Named Insured: Agent:

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Insurance Agency Management, Inc. dba T.C. Irons Agency

1300 Hornberger Avenue 230 High Street
Roebling, NJ 08554 Burlington, NJ 08016

Policy Term: July 1, 2019 to July 1, 2020 12:01 AM Eastern Standard Time

Coverage A

Limit of Liability

NJSIG \$5,000,000 each policy period Excess of:

QBE Specialty Ins. Co. \$1,000,000 each policy period/ \$3,000,000 annual aggregate

Deductible \$10,000 each claim

Coverage B

Limit of Liability \$100,000 each claim

\$300,000 each policy period

Deductible \$10,000 each claim

These are claims-made and reported policies. By acceptance of these policies, the Insured agrees that the statements in the Declarations and the application and any attachments hereto are the Insured's agreements and representations and that these policies embody all agreements existing between the Insured and the Companies or any of its agents relating to this insurance.

Retroactive Dates for Coverages A & B

It is agreed that notwithstanding any provision of these policies to the contrary, these policies do not apply, as respects Coverages A & B, to claims made against the Insured arising out of a single act, error, omission, misstatement or misleading statement which occurred prior to:

Retro Date for Coverage A July 1, 1986 Retro Date for Coverage B July 1, 1986

Policy Forms: NJSIG-E1 (7/15)

In witness whereof, the New Jersey Schools Insurance Group has caused this agreement to be signed by its Executive Director.

NJSIG Executive Director

Kellan M Mayo

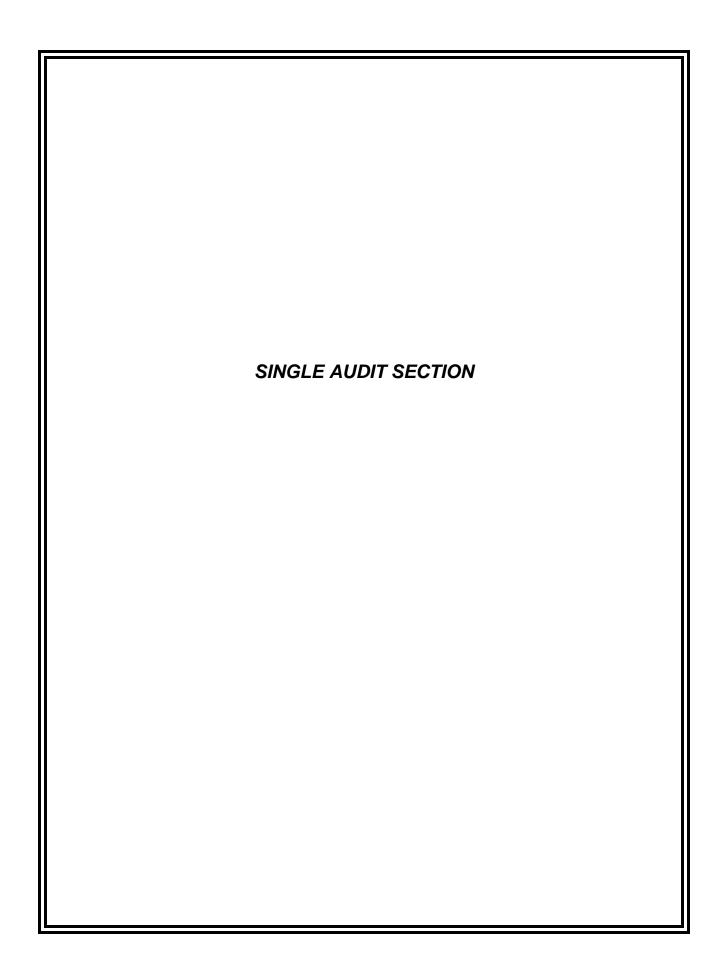
NJSIG-D-EO (7/17) Page 1

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE
Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators
Fiscal Ratios
Last Three Fiscal Years

	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	\$ 96,119	\$ 281,891	\$ 267,608	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets (includes CASH)	220,267	372,581	438,126	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Assets	423,930	526,829	672,563	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	11,672	10,379	12,056	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Liabilities	244,428	223,940	479,165	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Net Assets	(20,060)	144,784	193,398	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Revenue	1,812,446	2,066,147	2,137,322	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Total Expenses	1,741,609	1,901,303	2,088,708	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Assets	70,837	164,844	48,614	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Depreciation Expense			-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Expense	•	•	•	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Principal Payments	•	•	•	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Payments				Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Final Average Daily Enrollment	142	142	151	DOE Enrollment Reports
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment	144	144	155	Charter School Budget

2013 2014 2015 3 YR CUM 18.87 35.90 36.34 36.34 20.14 54.12 46.76 46.76 99% 97% Av N/A N/A N/A Av 4% 8% 2% 5% 0.58 0.43 0.71 5% 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593			RATI	OS ANALYSIS	S			
Current Ratio 18.87 35.90 36.34 Unrestricted Days Cash 20.14 54.12 46.76 Enrollment Variance 99% 99% 97% Default N/A N/A N/A Inability Indicators N/A N/A N/A Total Margin 4% 8% 2% 5% Debt to Asset 0.58 0.71 5% 5% Cash Flow 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593	Near Ter	m Indicators		2014		3 YR CUM	Source:	Target
Unrestricted Days Cash 20.14 54.12 46.76 Avg Enrollment Variance 99% 99% 97% Avg Default N/A N/A N/A S Inability Indicators N/A N/A S S Total Margin 4% 8% 2% 5% Debt to Asset 0.58 0.71 S 5% Cash Flow 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593	1a.	Current Ratio	18.87	35.90	36.34		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1
Enrollment Variance 99% 99% 97% Avv Default N/A N/A N/A N/A Inability Indicators N/A N/A N/A N/A Total Margin 4% 8% 2% 5% Debt to Asset 0.58 0.71 5% Cash Flow 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593	1b.	Unrestricted Days Cash	20.14	54.12	46.76		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	09-08
Default N/A N/A N/A N/A inability Indicators N/A N/A N/A PARTICIPATION PARTICIPATION	1c.	Enrollment Variance	%66	%66	%26		Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	×36×
Inability Indicators 4% 8% 2% 5% Total Margin 4% 8% 2% 5% Debt to Asset 0.58 0.43 0.71 5% Cash Flow 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593	14.*	Default	N/A	N/A	ΝA		Audit	not in default
Total Margin 4% 8% 2% 5% Debt to Asset 0.58 0.43 0.71 6.58 Cash Flow 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593	Sustaina	bility Indicators						
Debt to Asset 0.58 0.43 0.71 Cash Flow 0.17 Cash Flow 0.71	2a.	Total Margin	4%	%8	2%	2%	Change in Net Assets/Total Revenue	positive
Cash Flow 41,104 185,772 (14,283) 212,593	2b.	Debt to Asset	0.58	0.43	0.71		Total Liabilities/Total Assets	6:>
NIA NIA	2c. **	Cash Flow	41,104	185,772	(14,283)	212,593	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive
	2d.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	∀.	A/N	A/A		(Change in Net Assets+Depreciation+Interest Expense)/(Principal & Interest Payments)	>1.10

Is school in default of Ioan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? N/A 2019 = 2019 Cash - 2018 Cash - 2018 Cash - 2016 Cash * *



BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Riverbank Charter School of Excellence County of Burlington Roebling, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Riverbank Charter School of Excellence (Charter School), in the County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance.

Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey December 10, 2019

BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055

> K-2 Page 1

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR 15-08 OMB

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Riverbank Charter School of Excellence County of Burlington Roebling, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey Compliance Manual "State Grant Compliance Supplement" that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Riverbank Charter School of Excellence's major federal and state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

The Charter School's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the audit requirements as prescribed by the *Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*; New Jersey Circular OMB 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, Uniform Guidance and New Jersey Circular OMB 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether

noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence, in the County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Riverbank Charter School of Excellence is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance and New Jersey Circular 15-08 OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results that the testing based on the requirements of New Jersey Circular OMB 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barre & Company LLC. CPA's

Richard M. Barre

Licensed Public School Accountant

No. CS-01181

Barre & Company, CPA's

Union, New Jersey December 10, 2019 RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal		Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/				Repayment	Ba	Balance at June 30, 2019	19
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	FAIN	Project Number	Award Amount	Grant	Grant Period om To	Balance at June 30, 2018	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments	Of Prior Years' Balances	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through State Department of Education Special Revenue Fund: No Child Lett Behind: Title I Part A Title I Part A	84.010A 84.367A	S010A150030 S387A150029	NCLB - 6026 - 19 \$	28,820	7/1/18	6/30/19	· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28,603	\$ (28,603)	· •	· •	. ↔	, ⇔	. ↔
Specdal Education Cluster (IDEA): I. D.E.A. Part B Basic Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027	H027A150100	IDEA - 6026 - 19	21,729	7/1/18	6/30/19			21,729 21,729	(21,729) (21,729)					
Total Special Revenue Fund									50,332	(50,332)					
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund National School Lurch Program National School Lurch Program	10.555	16161NJ304N1099 16161NJ304N1099	¥ X Z	10,177	7/1/18	6/30/19			10,540 537	(10,847)			(307)		
Total Enterprise Fund									11,077	(10,847)			(307)		
Sub-Total Federal Financial Awards							· •		61,409	\$ (61,179)		, 8	\$ (307)	· &	· \$

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

RIVERBANK CHARTER SCHOOL OF EXCELLENCE Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Balance at June 30, 2018	30, 2018					Balar	Balance at June 30, 2019	19	MEMO	
	Grant or State Project	Program or Award	Grant Period	Period	Deferred Revenue (Accounts	Due to	Carryover/ (Walkover)	Cash	Budgetary	Adjustments/ Repayment of Prior Year's	(Accounts	Deferred Revenue/ Interfund	Due to	Budgetary	Cumulative Total
State Grantor/Program Title	Number	Amount	From	To	Receivable)	Grantor	Amount	Received	Expenditures	Balance	Receivable)	Payable	Grantor		Expenditures
State Department of Education General Fund: State Abs. Duble: Cheese															
State And Table Ground Aid Equalization Aid Equality Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	626,491	7/1/18	6/30/19	(12 076)			603,735	(626,491)		(22,756)			22,756	626,491
Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	12,708	7/1/18	6/30/19	(0.16,21)			12,708	(12,708)					* *	12,708
State Aid-Public Cluster Total	19-480-034-0 120-004	0,500 1,182,671	01/1/	81/06/9	(12,976)			637,919	(647,699)		(22,756)			22,756	0,300 647,699
On Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance Contributions	19-495-034-5094-004		7/1/18	6/30/19				299	(299)					(299)	299
On Behalf I PAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions	19-495-034-5095-001 19-495-034-5095-006		7/1/18	6/30/19				65,620 144,664	(65,620) (144,664)					* (65,620) * (144,664)	65,620 144,664
Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security	19-495-034-5095-002		7/1/18	6/30/19				62,590	(62,590)					(62,590)	62,590
Total General Fund				l	(12,976)			911,092	(920,872)		(22,756)			(250,417)	920,872
State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund:														* *	
National School Lunch Program (State Share) National School Lunch Program (State Share)	19-100-010-3350-023 18-100-010-3350-023	469	7/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/18	(27)			455 27	(469)		(14)			14	469
Total Enterprise Fund				l	(27)			482	(469)		(14)			14	469
Total State Financial Assistance				↔	(13,003) \$			\$ 911,574	\$ (921,341)	· •	\$ (22,770)			* \$ (250,403) \$	921,341
State Financial Assistance Not to Subject to Major Program Determination: General Fund:															
On Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance Contributions	19-495-034-5094-004		7/1/18	6/30/19				(299)	299					299	299
On Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions On-Rehalf TPAF Pension Contributions	19-495-034-5095-001		7/1/18	6/30/19				(65,620)	65,620					65,620	65,620
								(100)							
Total On-Behalf TPAF Payments								(210,583)	210,583					210,284	210,583

Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Major Program Determination

- \$ (40,119) \$ 1,131,924

- \$ (22,770) \$

- \$ 700,991 \$ (710,758) \$

\$ (13,003) \$

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state award activity of the Board of Trustees, Riverbank Charter School of Excellence. The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of awards and financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 CFR 200 – *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the one or more deferred June state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes payments are not recognized until the subsequent

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the one or more June state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the one or more June state aid payment in the current budget year, consistent with *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-44.2.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is none for the general fund and none for the special revenue fund. See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

	F	ederal	State	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 920,872	\$ 920,872
Special Revenue Fund		50,332	-	50,332
Food Service Fund		10,847	 469	 11,316
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$	61,179	\$ 921,341	\$ 982,520

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. FEDERAL AND STATE LOANS OUTSTANDING

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence has no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2019.

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

NOTE 6. OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the charter school for the year ended June 30, 2019. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions payments are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 8. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs as defined in *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards;* amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The Charter School does not have a schoolwide program.

NOTE 8. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Re	esults	
Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued on financial statements		<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting: 1) Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	None <u>X</u> Reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
Federal Awards		
N1/A		

N/A

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Awards			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betweer Type B programs:	n Type A and		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>X</u> Yes	No
Internal control over major programs:			
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified that a be material weaknesses?	re not considered to	Yes	None <u>X</u> Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	ce for major programs		<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are require accordance with NJ Circular Letter 15-08-	•	Yes	<u>X_</u> No
Identification of major state programs:			
GMIS Number(s)	Nam	e of State Progra	am
	STATE AID-PUBLIC	CLUSTER:	
19-495-034-5120-078	EQUALIZ	ATION AID	
19-495-034-5120-089	SPECIAL	EDUCATION CA	TEGORICAL AID_
19-495-034-5120-084	SECURIT	Y AID	

Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part II -Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

The section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements, and abuse related to the basic financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No Current Year Findings

Riverbank Charter School of Excellence Schedule of Findings And Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part III – Schedule of Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular Letter 15-08.

CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS

Not Applicable

CURRENT YEAR STATE AWARDS

No Current Year Findings

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, as amended.

Findings

There were no prior year findings reported