Hatikvah INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL בית הספר הצירטר הבינלאומי - התקוה Хатиква L'espoir Esperanza हतीक्वाह Аткβi 希望 Yakaar



HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

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7 Lexington Avenue, East Brunswick, New Jersey 08816, Tel: (732) 254 8300

December 20, 2019

The Commissioner New Jersey Department of Education Riverview Executive Plaza – Bldg. 100 P. O. Box 500 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500

Dear Commissioner:

We hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School (the "Charter School" or "HIACS") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Charter School. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and result of operations of the various funds of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Hatikvah International Academy Charter School's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Charter School's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (MD&S) and the basic financial statements including the Charter School-wide financial statements presented in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The basic financial statements also include individual fund financial statements and required supplemental information (RSI). The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for *Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable *laws and regulations* and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

1) <u>Reporting Entity and its Services</u>

The Hatikvah International Academy Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as established by National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 3. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report.

The Charter School is approved to provide a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels K to 8. These include regular education as well as special education for handicapped youngsters. During the 2018-2019 school year (ninth year in operation as a public charter school), Hatikvah International Academy Charter School enrolled Kindergarten through 8th grade students.

2) <u>Economic Condition and Outlook</u>

The Hatikvah International Academy Charter School is located in the Township of East Brunswick which is proudly hailed as one of New Jersey's 25 great towns (NJ Monthly Magazine, March 2009). Its 22.5 square miles is home to a diverse population of approximately 48,976. A strategic location and a progressive outlook have fostered a dynamic growth of attractive and desirable residential developments, an excellent school system, shopping centers, state-of-the-art office complexes, and medical services. Development in the center of the township, away from the heavily traveled and developed commercial area on Route 18, has seen an influx of doctors, dentists and other ancillary medical providers in the Cranbury Road section. Currently, there are 279 doctors, representing every specialty, with office space in the township. The University Radiology Group, P.C. Central Jersey's largest radiology group consisting of 51 radiologists and doctors, is headquartered in the Township and has expanded its facility to house a second MRI diagnostic machine. There are 127 dentists with offices in East Brunswick. Physical therapists, ambulance service companies and other medical service providers including 4 medical labs operate offices in the Township as well.

East Brunswick has a multitude of housing choices on the eastern side of town with single family homes, townhouses, condominiums and apartment complexes. The western side is the sparsely developed 6.7 square mile Rural Preservation Zone. Most homes in East Brunswick are single family residences. Current real estate values for single family homes range from \$150,000 to over \$1,000,000 for a custom home with tennis court and pool.

2) <u>Economic Condition and Outlook</u> - continued

Residential offerings are diverse and include one of the township's star attractions, Crystal Springs Aquatic Facility, a blue water swimming area with a lazy river, Olympic size lap pool, several wading pools, and a water slide.

In addition, the Township boasts two private swim clubs, many tennis courts, five private health clubs and fourteen public parks on 600 acres. Tamarak Golf Club, which includes two 18-hole courses and is owned by Middlesex County, is also located in the Township. A community theater group, Playhouse 22, performs major Broadway shows and children's shows.

The East Brunswick Public Library is the busiest single municipal building in the state of State New Jersey, open more hours each week than any other public library in the state. It has achieved national recognition for the quality of its collections, programs and services to all segments of the community. The Library operates its own municipal cable television station, EBTV, seen by more than 75 percent of East Brunswick homes on Comcast cable's Channel 3, EBTV produces 200 original programs each year as well as a Community Bulletin Board that updates subscribers on Township news and activities of community organizations. It is the only government-run station in the state to produce a weekly video news magazine. The Library has been voted the Best Public Library in Central New Jersey" by readers of the Home News Tribune every year since the inception of the newspaper's "Best of the Best" award.

The township experienced a 22% decrease in its labor force from 26,511 in 2008 to 26,452 in 2009 as reported by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics. The employment rate for 2009 was 92.4% as compared with 95.9% in 2008, and the unemployment rate for 2009 increase to 7.6% from 4.1% in 2008.

Economic data provided by the Township of East Brunswick indicates that the construction value of building permits issued for new units, additions and remodeling as of August 31, 2010 totaled approximately \$23 million and the total number of permits issued totaled 1,972 for the same period. The construction value and permits issued for the entire 2009 calendar year respectively totaled approximately \$30.2 million and 2,733 as compared to \$48.4 million and 2,773 for the 2008 calendar year. This represents a decrease of 40 permits and a decrease in construction value of \$18.2 million.

Growth

The Charter School has just completed its seventh year of operations. During the 2018-2019 school-year, the school served 75 kindergarten students, 75 first grade students, 50 second grade students, 50 third grade students, 50 fourth grade students and 50 fifth grade students and 50 sixth grade 50 seventh grade and 40 eighth grade students.

The Charter School's plan to expand to sixth, seventh and eighth grades was approved by the State starting from the 2015-2016 school year.

3) <u>Major Initiatives</u>

The Charter School has honored its commitment to serve all students' needs. In terms of Special Education, during the 2018-2019 school year, the Charter School had 8 inclusion classes in grades one through seventh. In addition to the academic programs provided, the Charter School offered students eligible for special education and related services with speech, occupational therapy, as well as counseling. The Charter School 's I & RS Committee meets as often as necessary to review and discuss students that may be at risk. The Committee offers parents strategies and creates action plans to help foster increased academic success. The Charter School offers ELL Services to students whose native language is not English. Academic support; resources, and strategies are provided to teachers and parents.

During the 2018-2019 school year, the Charter School enrolled Kindergarten through 8th grade students. In order to better meet the rigor of the New Jersey Learning Standards, the faculty also continued to have year-long professional development. One hundred percent of K-8 students participated in student designed service-learning projects. In 2018, the school received a five-year renewal from the Department of Education.

4) <u>Internal Accounting Controls</u>

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The system of internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal awards and state financial assistance, the Charter School also is responsible for ensuring that adequate system of internal controls is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This system of internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the system of internal controls, including that portion related to federal awards and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) <u>Budgetary Controls</u>

In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the statutory requirements of charter school budgets. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for general and special revenue funds. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. No reservation of fund balance was made at June 30, 2019.

During the 2018-2019 fiscal school, the Charter School continued its efforts to improve its audit status and operational processes and procedures, correcting deficiencies identified in previous audits and reviews and on maintaining general compliance with sound fiscal practices.

6) Accounting System and Report

The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting records also reflect New Jersey State Statute (N.J.S.A 18:4-14) that requires a uniform system of double-entry bookkeeping consistent with the GAAP established by GASB for us in all school districts and charter school.

The accounting system is organized on the basis of funds in accordance with the Uniform Charter of Accounts (Handbook 2R2) for New Jersey Public Schools. These funds are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 1.

7) <u>Financial Statement Information at Fiscal Year End</u>

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the General Fund, and Special revenue funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 fiscal year:

7) Financial Statement Information at Fiscal Year End - continued

Summary of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund Revenues						
Increase/Revenue20192018(decrease)					% Change	
Local sources	\$ 4,584,007	\$	4,159,980	\$	424,027	10.19%
State sources	2,174,327		1,960,801		213,526	10.89%
Federal sources	137,885		117,020		20,865	17.83%
	\$ 6,896,219	\$	6,237,801	\$	658,418	10.56%

The Charter School experienced a general increase in revenue of about 10.56% which is consistent with the general increase in its enrollment and in state funding during 2019.

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund and special revenue expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

and Special Revenue Fund Expenditures							
Expenditures	2019	*			Increase/ (decrease) % Chang		
Instruction	\$ 3,174,400	\$	3,172,612	\$	1,788	0.06%	
Administrative	2,324,754		2,038,459		286,295	14.04%	
Support	1,168,519		802,781		365,738	45.56%	
Capital outlay	31,899		-		31,899	100.00%	
	\$ 6,699,572	\$	6,013,852	\$	685,720	11.40%	

Summary of the General Fund

The 11.4% increase in expenditures is consistent with the general increase in the Charter School's enrollment.

8) Cash Management

The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements". The Charter School has adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

9) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, fidelity bonds and worker's compensation.

10) Other Information

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by independent Certified Public Accountants or registered Municipal Accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid".

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

11) <u>Acknowledgments</u>

A note of appreciation is extended to the Finance Committee of the Charter School for their ongoing support and commitment to fiscal integrity and to the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School Board of Trustees for their selfless dedication to improving student achievement.

A special note of appreciation is extended to the Business Office and to all of the business operations staff members for their untiring efforts to improve processes, procedures and audit outcomes. Their contributions in support of the students and staff of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School are truly noteworthy. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial, accounting and administrative staff.

Respectfully submitted,

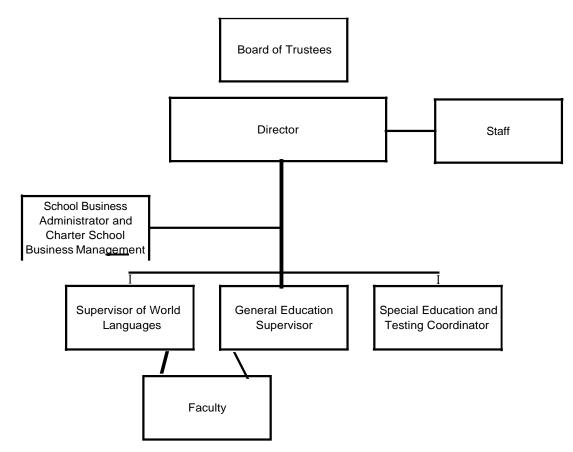
Marcia Gfrayson

Dr. Marcia Grayson Director

Daniel Gresack

Mr. Daniel Gresack Board President

Organizational Chart 2018-2019



ROSTER OF TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

JUNE 30, 2019

Members of Board of Trustees

Daniel Gresack	President
Pamela Mullin	Trustee; Chair of Education Committee
Eli Schaap	Trustee; Chair of Finance Committee; Nominating Committee
Harish Hathiramani	Trustee
Marc Herman	Trustee
Bolon Wong	Trustee

Administration

Dr. Marcia Grayson	Director; Ex Officio Non-voting
Kathleen Mone	School Business Administrator/ Board Secretary; Ex Officio Non-voting
Claudia Fiel	Teacher Representative; Non-voting
Nicole Disporto	Alternate Teacher Representative; Non-voting

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Independent Auditors

Olugbenga Olabintan Certified Public Accountants/Consultants 137 Camden Street Newark, NJ 07103

Attorney

Thomas O. Johnston, Esq 75 Midland Avenue, Suite 1 Montclair, NJ 07042

Official Depository

Sovereign Bank East Brunswick, New Jersey

FINANCIAL SECTION

Olugbenga Olabintan

Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

137 Camden Street, Suite #3 Newark, NJ 07103 Tel: (201) 230-7518 Fax: (973) 368-8268 E-mail: oolabintan@aol.com

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Hatikvah International Academy Charter School County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School, in the County of Middlesex, State of New Jersey (the "Charter School") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States *and audit requirements as prescribed by the*, *Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information* as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, which consists of the introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not are required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, respectively, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statement information, and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance required by the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, respectively, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the

audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

UlugbengaOlabintan, CPA

December 20, 2019 Newark, New Jersey

OLUGBENGA OLABINTAN Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00230200

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART I

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANLYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

Introduction

This section of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statement – and Management's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Governments*. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- The fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was the Charter School's 9th year of operations.
- Net position of governmental activities ended the fiscal year with \$(580,111). The Charter School did not have any business-type activities during the fiscal year.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,758,334 in revenue or 98 percent of total revenues of \$6,896,219. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services, grants, and contributions accounted for \$137,885 or 2 percent of total revenues.
- The Charter School had \$6,785,322 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$137,885 of these expenses is offset by operating grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily State and Local aid) of \$6,758,334 helped to provide for the balance of these programs.
- The General Fund reported fund surplus at June 30, 2019, of \$646,578. See B-2.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information and notes to those statements and information.

The report is organized so the reader can understand the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The first two basic financial Statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are governmentalwide financial statements and provide overall information about the activities of the entire Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longterm view of those finances. The remaining basic financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on the individual parts of the government, reporting the Charter School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like a business, such as food service.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationship in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefits of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities

While this report contains the fund used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "how did we do financially during fiscal year 2019?" The Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities-continued

These Statements include all the Charter School's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished for the Charter School as a whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the property tax base of the School District where the Charter School is located, current educational funding laws in New Jersey, facilities conditions, required educational programs, and other factors. In the Statements of Net position and the Statements of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructions, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

Business-Type Activity – Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The food service operations/after care and summer instructional programs enterprise fund is reported as a business activity. However, it should be noted that the Charter School did not have any business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds-not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. Which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental Funds- Continued

Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Charter School, liabilities exceeded assets by \$580,111 at the close of 2019. This was largely due to the implementation of GASB 68 during the year ended June 30, 2015 as mandated by the New Jersey Department of Education. This resulted in recognition of the Charter School's proportionate share of the New Jersey Public Employer's Retirement Systems.

					Bı	usiness	5					
	Gover	rnme	ental			Туре						
	Act	Activities			Acvtivities				Total			
	2019		2018	2	2019	2	018		2019		2018	
Assets												
Current assets	\$ 693,884	\$	543,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	693,884	\$	543,000	
Capital assets, net	25,519		-		-		-		25,519		-	
Deferred outflows of resources	 755,469		496,779		-		-		755,469		496,779	
Total assets	 1,474,872		1,039,779		-		-		1,474,872		1,039,779	
Liabilities												
Current liabilities	47,306		93,069		-		-		47,306		93,069	
Long term liabilites	1,349,555		1,142,017		-		-		1,349,555		1,142,017	
Deferred inflows of resources	658,122		495,701		-		-		658,122		495,701	
Total liabilities	 2,054,983		1,730,787		-		-		2,054,983		1,730,787	
Net position												
Invested in												
capital assets												
(net of related debt)	25,519		-		-		-		25,519		-	
Unrestricted	(605,630)		(691,008)		-		-		(605,630)		(691,008)	
Total net position	\$ (580,111)		(691,008)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	(691,008)	

The largest portion of the Charter School's net position is its current assets. The Charter School uses these current assets to provide services.

The total net position of the Charter School increased by \$110,897 during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The increase is attributable to the surplus of \$110,897 in the General Fund. It should be noted that the net effect of the implementation of GASB 68 (as illustrated in Note 7 to the financial statements) is reflected in the net position.

The table that follows reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2019.

		Governmental Activities			Business Type Activities				Total			
	2019	2018	20	2019 2018		2019		2018				
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charge for services												
Operating grants												
and contributions	\$137,885	\$172,940	\$	_	\$	_	\$	137,885	\$	172,940		
Total program revenues	137,885	172,940	\$	-	φ	-		137,885	ψ	172,940		
General revenues:												
Local aid	4,583,359	4,021,518		-		-		4,583,359		4,021,518		
Federal and state aid	2,174,327	1,960,801		-		-		2,174,327		1,960,801		
Miscellaneous	648	82,542		-		-		648		82,542		
Total general revenues	6,758,334	6,064,861		-		-		6,758,334		6,064,861		
Total revenues	6,896,219	6,237,801		-		-		6,896,219		6,237,801		
Expenses:												
Instructions	3,174,400	3,172,612		-		-		3,174,400		3,172,612		
Administrative &	-	-		-		-		-		-		
support services	3,604,542	2,904,748		-		-		3,604,542		2,904,748		
Unallocated depreciation	6,380	-		-		-		6,380		-		
Enterprise fund	-	-		-		-		-		-		
Total expenses	6,785,322	6,077,360		-		-		6,785,322		6,077,360		
Change in net position	\$ 110,897	\$ 160,441	\$	-	\$	-	\$	110,897	\$	160,441		

Operating grants and contributions decreased by 20 percent.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. The table below, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state entitlements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

	Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Services		
Instruction	\$	3,174,400	\$	3,054,032		
Administrative & Support Services		3,604,542		3,587,025		
Unallocated Depreciation		6,380		6,380		
Total Expenses	\$	6,785,322	\$	6,647,437		

Business-Type Activity

The Charter School did not have any business-type activity during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$6,896,219 and expenditures of \$6,699,572.

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2019, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget, but provide flexibility for Charter School's management teams.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues were \$6,045,114 which included a local tax levy of \$4,583,359. Expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$5.848,467. The Charter School anticipated budgeted fund balance of \$196,647 in its 2018-2019 budget year. General Fund actual revenues were higher than expenditures by \$196,647. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$6,758,334 and expenditures were \$6,561,687, respectively.

The State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$176,743 during the year ended June 30, 2019 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. Also, the State paid \$536,477 into the TPAF pension - representing onbehalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions for the Charter School. This unbudgeted amount was included in both revenues and expenditures.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Charter School had \$25,519 invested in capital assets in its governmental activities.

The Charter School's 2019-2020 budget projects spending approximately \$-0- for capital projects.

Long-term debt

The Charter School had \$1,349,555 and \$1,142,017 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, in net pension liability regarding the Public Employees Retirement System. More detailed information about the Charter School's long-term obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State of New Jersey and indeed the entire United States continue to face serious budgetary constraints and a result of the sharp downturn in the economy. These impact the amount of state and federal aids allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2019-2020. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials, supplies, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to:

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL 7 Lexington Avenue East Brunswick, New Jersey 08816 Tel: (732) 254 8300

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 263,249	\$ -	\$ 263,249
Accounts receivable	401,920	-	401,920
Prepaid expenses	1,142	-	1,142
Interfund receivables	27,573	-	27,573
Capital assets (net of accum deprec of \$6,380)	25,519		25,519
Total assets	719,403		719,403
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension deferred outflows	755,469		755,469
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,474,872	\$-	\$ 1,474,872
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 16,754	\$ -	\$ 16,754
Intergovermental payables - state	30,552	-	30,552
Deferred revenue	-	-	-
Net pension liability	1,349,555	-	1,349,555
Total liabilities	1,396,861		1,396,861
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension deferred inflows	658,122		658,122
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	2,054,983		2,054,983
Net position			
Invested in capital assets	25,519	-	25,519
Unrestricted, undesignated (see Note 20)	(605,630)	-	(605,630)
Total net position	(580,111)	-	(580,111)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources & net position	\$ 1,474,872	\$ -	\$ 1,474,872

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense Changes in			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 3,174,400	\$	-	\$	120,368	\$ (3,054,032)	\$ -	\$(3,054,032)
Administrative & Support services:	-	*	-	*		-	-	-
General administration	2,436,023		-		-	(2,436,023)	-	(2,436,023)
Support services	1,168,519		-		17,517	(1,151,002)	-	(1,151,002)
Capital outlay	-		-		-	-	-	-
Unallocated depreciation	6,380		-		-	(6,380)	-	(6,380)
Total governmental activities	6,785,322		-	137,885		(6,647,437)		(6,647,437)
Business-type activities:								-
None	-		-		-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	-		-		-	-	-	-
Total primary government	\$ 6,785,322	\$	-	\$	137,885	(6,647,437)	-	(6,647,437)
	General rever	iues, tra	nsfers	and spe	cial items:			
	Local source	s		-		4,583,359	-	4,583,359
	Federal and	state sou	rces			2,174,327	-	2,174,327
	Miscellaneo	us				648	-	648
	Total gene	ral reven	ues, tra	nsfers a	nd special items		-	6,758,334
	Change	in net po	sition			110,897	-	110,897
	Net position -	beginnin	ıg			(691,008)	-	(691,008)
	Net position -	ending				\$ (580,111)	\$ -	\$ (580,111)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditure /expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

		General Fund	Special Kevenue Fund	Gov	Totals vernmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	298,655	\$ (35,406)	\$	263,249
Accounts receivable:		-	-		-
Federal State		- 7.600	41,285		41,285
Local		7,699 352,936	-		7,699 352,936
Other		-	-		
Prepaid expenses		1,142	_		1,142
Interfund receivable		32,932	-		32,932
Total assets	\$	693,364	\$ 5,879	\$	699,243
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Interfund accounts payables	\$	-	\$ 5,359	\$	5,359
Accounts payable		16,234	520	•	16,754
Intergovernmental payables - Federal		-	-		-
Intergovernmental payables - State		30,552	-		30,552
Intergovernmental payables - Other		-	-		-
Deferred revenue		-	 -		
Total liabilities		46,786	 5,879		52,665
Fund balances:					
Unreserved:					
Undesignated		646,578	 -		646,578
Total fund balances		646,578	 -		646,578
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	693,364	\$ 5,879		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not					
financial resources and therefore are not reported in					
the funds.					
Cost of capital assets	\$	31,899			
Accumulated depreciation	•	(6,380)			25 510
	\$	25,519			25,519
Deferred Outflows related to pension contributions subsequent					
to the Net Pension Liablity measurement date and other deferred					
items are not current financial resources and therefore are not					
reported in the fund statements. (See Note 7)					755,469
Deferred Inflows related to pension actuarial gains from experien	ce				
and differences in actual return and assumed returns and other					
deferred items are not reported as liabilities in the fund statement	s.				
(See Note 7)					(658,122)
Long-term liabilities, including Net Pension Liability, are not due					
and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported a					
liabilities in the funds (see Note 7)					(1,349,555)
Net position of governmental activities - A-1				\$	(580,111)

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues:			
Local sources:			
Local tax levy	\$ 4,583,359	\$ -	\$ 4,583,359
Contributions	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	648		648
Total revenues - local sources	4,584,007	-	4,584,007
Federal sources	-	137,885	137,885
State sources	1,461,107	-	1,461,107
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)	176,743	-	176,743
TPAF pension and post retirement medical		-	-
benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)	536,477		536,477
Total revenues	6,758,334	137,885	6,896,219
Current expense:			
Instruction	3,054,032	120,368	3,174,400
Administrative	1,611,534		1,611,534
Support services	1,151,002	17,517	1,168,519
Capital outlay	31,899	-	31,899
Reimbursed and on-behalf payments:			-
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted) TPAF pension and post retirement medical	176,743	-	176,743
benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)	536,477		536,477
Total expenditures	6,561,687	137,885	6,699,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	196,647	-	196,647
Fund balances, beginning of year	449,931		449,931
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 646,578	\$ -	\$ 646,578

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHAR Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Ex And Changes in Fund Balances of Government to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2019	:	
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)		\$ 196,647
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		-
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expenses in the period. Additionally, in the Statement of Activities gains or (losses) are recognized upon disposition.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays	(6,380) 31,899	05 540
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, including service and interest costs, administravtive costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is the amount by which net pension liability and		25,519
deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed during the period		(111,269)
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)		\$ 110,897

B-3

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The Charter School's food service operations, After Care/Summer Instructional Programs are accounted for in the Enterprise Fund where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Proprietary Funds

B-4

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Proprietary Fund

B-6

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary funds statements provide information about financial relationships in which the Charter School acts solely as trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

B-7

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2019

	-	loyment nsation	А	tudent ctivity Fund		Agency Fund Payroll	Т	TOTAL
Assets	\$		\$		¢	76,080	\$	76,080
Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivable	Φ		Ф	7,208	\$		Ф	7,208
Total assets	\$	-	\$	7,208	\$	76,080	\$	83,288
Liabilities								
Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,299	\$	41,299
Interfund payables		-		-		34,781		34,781
Due to students group		-		7,208		-		7,208
Total liabilities		-	\$	7,208	\$	76,080	\$	83,288
Net position Total liabilities and net position	\$	-						

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

B-8

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Compensation		
Additions:			
Board contributions	\$	679	
Employee contributions		29,662	
Total additions		30,341	
Deductions: Unemployment payments Total deductions		30,341 30,341	
Change in net assets		-	
Net position, beginning		-	
Net position, ending	\$	-	

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Description of the Charter School and Reporting Entity

Hatikvah International Academy Charter School (the "Charter School") was incorporated in the State of New Jersey on October 6, 2009 as a non-for-profit corporation for the purpose of operating and maintaining a public school under a charter granted by the State of New Jersey, which promotes comprehensive educational reform by infusing innovation into the public education system. It is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Charter School's Board of Trustees (the Board) is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A School Director is appointed by Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School. Under the existing the statutes, the Charter School's duties and powers include, but not limited to the development and adoption of a school program; the establishment, organization and operation of schools; and the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units to be included in the reporting entity. Further, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

The Charter School's Board of Trustees also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

Its mission is to establish a character school to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. The Charter School is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students. The Charter School integrates a holistic curriculum, utilize learner center techniques, family and care giver centered approaches, comprehensive community involvement, and an intimate nurturing environment that will enhance positive self-images.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Charter School is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Charter School (the "Charter School") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below:

A Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Charter School Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) requires that all funds be reported as major, as it is considered important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter Schools financial reporting in the State of New Jersey.

B Fund Accounting

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Charter Schools' major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2019, there was no Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those to similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School. (*However, it should be noted that the Charter School did not have any Proprietary Funds activities during the year ended June 30, 2019*):

Enterprise Funds - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. *The Charter School did not have any Enterprise Funds activities during the year ended June 30, 2019.*

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary or trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. This fund category includes:

Trust Funds - Expendable Trust Funds (unemployment compensation) are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental funds. The unemployment compensation trust fund is used to account for contributions from employees and the employer (the Charter School) and interest earned on the balance as well as payments to the State for reimbursements of unemployment claims.

Agency Funds – Agency funds (P*ayroll, Health Benefits and Student Activity Fund*) are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involved measurement of results of operations.

C Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i.e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determine and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental funds revenues.

D Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue fund. The budgets are submitted to the County Office and the Education Commissioner for approval. Budgets except for the special revenue fund which is prepared using a non-GAAP budgetary basis, are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by Charter School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L. 2004 c73 (S1701). The Board of Trustees did not make any material supplemental budgetary appropriations during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

E Cash, Cash Equivalent and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investment with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchases and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. US Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchases are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of the investments and types of financial institution they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investment that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public fund in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. established the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan Institutions, bank (both state and national banks) and saving bank the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposit of Governmental Units. If a public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

F Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

On the fund financial statement, receivable and payables resulting from short-term (due within one year) interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the Government Wide Statements of Net Position.

G Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase. Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-infirst-out (FIFO) method.

H Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, equipment, furniture & fixtures and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the Government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Charter School as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or through estimation procedures performed by an independent appraisal company.

The cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method.

Description of Capital Asset	Estimated Lives (Years)
Leasehold improvements	15
Equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	5

I Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees that relate to future services, or that are contingent on specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, are accounted for in the period in winch such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is in the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The entire sick leave and vacation leave liabilities are reported on the charter school-wide financial statements.

The Charter School had no compensated absences as of June 30, 2019.

J Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, the non-current portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable (if any) that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

K Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represent cash that has been received but not yet earned.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - *continued*

L Fund Balance and Equity

In February 2009, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"). GASB 54 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010 and establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

M Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the Governmentwide financial statements. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position are reported as restricted in the Government-wide financial statements when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

N Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the state of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

P GASB Pronouncements

GASBS Implemented in the 2018 Prior Fiscal Year

The GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting/or Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement 45 and requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide. Statement No. 75 requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB liabilities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 75 during the prior year ended June 30, 2018, which resulted in the recording of full accrual revenues and expenses and additional financial statement disclosures.

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 85 during the prior year ended June 30, 2018 and it did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

P GASB Pronouncements - continued

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Principles

The GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* in January 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not yet determined the impact of this statement on the financial statements. The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* in June 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not yet determined the impact of this statement on the financial statements.

3 Deposits and Investments

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund (NJCMF), the New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund (NJARM) and the M.B.I.A Class.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

3 Deposits and Investments - *continued*

	General	Special	Enterprise	Agency	
	Fund	Revenue	Funds	Funds	Total
Operating A/C	\$ 298,655	\$ (35,406)	\$-	\$ 76,080	\$ 339,329

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by two banking institutions. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits was \$339,329 and the bank balance was \$381,152. Of the bank balance, \$305,288 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2019 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$75,864 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

Establishment of an Escrow Account

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School established an Escrow Account pursuant to an agreement signed with the New Jersey Department of Education with a required maximum of \$75,000. The account was funded through a bond agreement which provides the maximum \$75,000 coverage. The bond requires the annual payment of the premium to the bond holder thereby minimizing the cash flow restrictions that would have restricted the \$75,000. The agreement stipulates that the intended use of the escrow amount is "to pay for legal and audit expenses and any other outstanding pension benefits that would be associated with a dissolution should it occur."

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the Charter School disclose whether its deposits are exposed to custodial risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Charter School would not be able to recover the value of its deposit or investment). Deposits are considered to be exposed to custodial risk if they are: uncollateralized (securities are not pledged to the depositor), collateralized with the securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Charter School.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

3 Deposits and Investments - continued

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- 1. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- 2. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal national Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- 3. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- 4. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

4 Capital Assets

The following schedule is a summarization of the governmental activities changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Governmental activities	0	inning lance	Net Additions (Deletions)		Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment	\$	-	\$	31,899	\$ 31,899
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment		-		(6,380)	(6,380)
Total capital assets net	\$	-	\$	25,519	\$ 25,519

Depreciation expense of \$6,380 was charged to an unallocated function.

5 Leases

Facilities Leases Payable

The Charter School leases its facilities under an operating lease agreement:

7 Lexington Avenue, East Brunswick, New Jersey – A lease between the Charter School and a related party, Friends of Hatikvah International Academy Charter School (FOH). The FOH was a sub-landlord of the facilities until sometimes during the prior year ended June 30, 2018 when it purchased the facilities from the former landlord. Pursuant to the purchase, a new lease was executed with the Charter School effective September 1, 2017. The amount paid under the lease agreement during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$660,000.

The following is the minimum future payments due and payable under the terms of the draft lease:

Year Ending June 30:	Space Rent
2020	\$ 790,000
2021	955,000
2022	1,035,000
2023 to 2024	-
Thereafter	
	\$ 2,780,000

6 Pension Plans

Description of Plans

Substantially all of the employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625 or on the internet at http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide retirement benefits, death, disability and medical benefits including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school's systems in the State. The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the system's other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including postretirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

6 **Pension Plans** - *continued*

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established as of July 1, 2007 under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et seq.). The DCRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund. The DCRP provides eligible members, and their beneficiaries with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting and benefit provisions are established by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. The State Treasurer has the right under current law to make temporary reductions in member rates based on the existence of surplus plan assets in the retirement system; however, statute also requires the return to the normal rate when such surplus pension assets no longer exist.

Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age. The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of years of the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

6 **Pension Plans** - *continued*

Significant Legislation

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

Pension Plan Design Changes

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

Funding Changes

Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an open-ended 30-year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2019 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30-year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20-year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

6 **Pension Plans** – *continued*

Contribution Requirements - *continued*

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the charter school is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and charter school).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2019 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board.

PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The Charter School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$70,875.

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$176,743 during the year ended June 30, 2019 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. Also, the State paid \$536,477 into the TPAF pension representing on-behalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions for the Charter School. These amounts have been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$9,644,030 as measured on June 30, 2018 and \$8,494,969 as measured on June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$562,213 and revenue of \$562,213 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2019 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School. The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension – continued

	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$12	,473,998,870	\$14	,160,879,257
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$16	,180,773,643	\$11	,800,239,661
Collective net pension liability (non-employer				
State of New Jersey)	\$63	,617,852,031	\$67	,423,605,859
State's portion of the net pension liability that was				
associated with the Charter School	\$	9,644,030	\$	8,494,969
State's portion of the net pension liability that was				
associated with the Charter School as a				
percentage of the collective net pension liability		0.015159%		0.012599%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2017 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate	2.25%
Salary increases: 2011-2026	1.55 - 1.55%
Salary increases: thereafter	2.00 - 5.45%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set-back for 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013.

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash Equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
US Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge Funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Estate	2.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	6.25%	9.23%
US Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	8.25%	13.08%

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the State's total pension liability was 4.86% and 4.25% as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% and 3.58% as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Since the Charter School's has no proportionate share of the net pension liability because of the special funding situation, the Charter School would not be sensitive to any changes in the discount rate. Detailed information about the pension plan's sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/documents/financial/gasb/gasb68-tpaf19.pdf

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: <u>https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml</u>

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported a liability of \$1,349,555 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the Charter School's proportion was 0.0068541854% which was an increase of 0.0016482772% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 which was 0.0049059082%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$179,446. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension - continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,736	\$	6,959
Changes in assumptions		222,384		431,516
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		12,659
Changes in proportion and differences between Charter				
School's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		507,349		206,988
Subtotal		755,469		658,122
Charter School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		70,875		-
Total	\$	826,344	\$	658,122

\$70,875 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ending June 30, 2019, the plan measurement date is June 30, 2018) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Pension Expense			
2019	\$	(4,491)		
2020		6,218		
2021		44,591		
2022		38,652		
2023		12,377		
Thereafter		-		
	\$	97,347		

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension - continued

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,684,852,302	\$ 6,424,455,842
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$ 7,646,736,226	\$ 5,700,625,981
Collective net pension liability (Non-State		
Local Group)	\$19,689,501,539	\$23,278,401,588
Charter School's portion of the net pension liability	\$ 1,349,555	\$ 1,142,017
Charter School's proportion (percentage)	0.00685419%	0.00490591%

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate	2.25%	
Salary increases: through 2026	1.65-4.15% based on age	
Salary increases: thereafter	2.65-5.15% based on age	
Investment rate of return	7.00%	

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale.

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set-back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 to 2013 using Projection Scale AA and using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements. In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash Equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
US Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge Funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Estate	2.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	6.25%	9.23%
US Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	8.25%	13.08%

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2046.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2046 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, calculated using the discount rate of 5.66% and 5.00%, respectively, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

7 Pension Plans – GASB 68 Disclosures - continued

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - continued

		2018	
	1% Decrease (4.66%)	Current Discount Rate (5.66%)	1% Increase (6.66%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the pension liability	\$ 1,696,910	\$ 1,349,555	\$ 1,058,146
		2017	
	1% Decrease (4.00%)	Current Discount Rate (5.00%)	1% Increase (6.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the pension liability	\$ 1,416,750	\$ 1,142,017	\$ 913,131

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: <u>https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml</u>

8 **Post Retirement Benefits**

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Charter School is in a "special funding situation", as described in GASB Statement No. 75, in that OPEB contributions and expenses are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey, not the Charter School.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other post-employment (health) benefits for the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-asyou-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A. 52: 14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total non-employer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits, if any, is the responsibility of the individual education employers.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.

At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan member = 217,131Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits = 145,050Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits = -0-

8 **Post Retirement Benefits** – continued

Total Non-employer OPEB Liability

The State, a non-employer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the Charter School did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education/board of trustees. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State's CAFR (https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/publications/archives.shtml)

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement. 6

Inflation Rate	2.50%
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	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary inreases: through 2026	1.55% to 4.55% based on years of service	2.15% to 4.15% based on age	2.10% to 8.98% based on age
Salary inreases:			
thereafter	2.00% to 5.45% based on years of service	3.15% to 5.15% based on age	3.10% to 9.98% based on age

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female Mortality Table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Health Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

8 **Post Retirement Benefits** – *continued*

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2015, July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014, and July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013 for TPAF, PFRS and PERS, respectively.

100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage are assumed to continue with that coverage. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement, having a coverage blend of 85% and 15% in PPO and HMO, respectively.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.58%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/ Aa or higher.

8 **Post Retirement Benefits** – *continued*

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability Reported by the State of New Jersey

	Increase/(Decrease)		
	Total OPED Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2017 measurement date	\$	53,639,841,858	
Changes recognized for the fiscal year:			
Service Cost		1,984,642,729	
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,970,236,232	
Difference between expected and actual experiences	(5,002,065,740)		
Effect of changes of assumptions		(5,291,448,855)	
Gross benefits paid by the State		(1,232,987,247)	
Contributions from the member		42,614,005	
Net changes		(7,529,008,876)	
Balance at June 30, 2018 measurement date	\$	46,110,832,982	

Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I-percentage-point lower or I-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		June 30, 2018	
	At 1% Decrease (2.87%)	At 1% Discount Rate (3.87%)	At 1% Increase (4.87%)
Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 1,891,614	\$ 1,600,075	\$ 1,368,331
		June 30, 2017	
	At 1% Decrease (2.58%)	At 1% Discount Rate (3.58%)	At 1% Increase (4.58%)
Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 2,228,393	\$ 1,877,218	\$ 1,598,662

8 **Post Retirement Benefits** – *continued*

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare</u> <u>Trend Rate</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is I-percentage-point lower or I-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		June 30, 2018	
	At 1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 1,322,555	\$ 1,600,075	\$ 1,967,106
		June 30, 2017	
	At 1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 1,543,830	\$ 1,877,218	\$ 2,319,953
OPEB Expense and Deferred	Outflows of R	Resources and Defe	rred Inflows of

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the Charter School recognized OPEB expense of \$397,562 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Statement 75, in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At June 30, 2018 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

8 **Post Retirement Benefits** – *continued*

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to OPEB</u> - *continued*

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between actual and expected Experience	\$	-	\$ (4,476,086,167)
Net difference between expected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-
Assumption changes		-	(10,335,978,867)
Sub total		-	(14,812,065,034)
Contributions made in fiscal year 2018 after			
June 30, 2017 measurement date	TBD		N/A
Total	\$	-	\$ (14,812,065,034)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period - Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Total
2019	\$ (1,825,218,593)
2020	(1,825,218,593)
2021	(1,825,218,593)
2022	(1,825,218,593)
2023	(1,825,218,593)
Thereafter	(5,685,972,069)
	\$ (14,812,065,034)

9 Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

9 **Compensated Absences** - *continued*

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick and personal days and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days. The Board of the Charter School is currently reviewing the exiting compensated absences policies with the intent of addressing the issues of accumulation and payments upon termination.

As of June 30, 2019, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

10 Deferred Compensation

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the IRS code 403(b). The plan which is administered by AXA Equitable permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years.

11 Economic Dependency

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

12 Contingent Liabilities

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

The Charter School's attorney advises the following:

12 Contingent Liabilities – *continued*

East Brunswick Township Board of Education v. I.A. and I.A. and Hatikvah International Academy Charter School o/b/o B.A. --- OAL Docket No.: EDS---17692---2018

On December 6, 2018, the East Brunswick Board of Education (the "District") filed a petition of appeal with the Department of Education's Office of Special Education Policy and Dispute resolution (OSEP) disputing the proposed out---of---district placement of B.A. by Hatikvah. On August 12, 2019, parents confirmed in writing that B.A. was transferred to the District. Accordingly, the School subsequently filed a motion to dismiss on the grounds of mootness. On December 16, 2019, the Court issued a final decision granting the School's motion to dismiss. Per NJAC 6A:11---2.7(v), the District has 90 days to appeal, until March 15, 2020.

A.K. and R.K. o/b/o H.K. v. East Brunswick Township Board of Education and Hatikvah International Academy Charter School --- OAL Docket No.: EDS---16374---2018 S

On October 3, 2018, parents of H.K. filed a petition for due process with the Office of Special Education Programs, seeking an out---of---district placement at the Laurel School of New Jersey. During a hearing on October 28, 2019, the parties reached a settlement agreement. On December 13, 2019, the Court issued a final decision approving settlement and concluding the proceedings.

East Brunswick Township Board of Education v. A.K. and R.K. o/b/o H.K. and Hatikvah International Academy Charter School --- OAL Docket No.: EDS---16805---2019 S

On November 7, 2019, East Brunswick Township Board of Education (the "District") filed a petition for due process challenging the placement of H.K. at the Laurel School by Hatikvah. An initial hearing date of January 2, 2020 has been scheduled. As special education due process hearings are inherently uncertain, it is not feasible for us to assure the likelihood of success.

13 Risk Management

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation - The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method".

Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following table is a summary of Charter School contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and ending balance of the Charter School's expendable trust fund for the current and previous two years:

	Charte	r School	Er	nployee	A	mount	En	ding
Fiscal Year	Contri	butions	Con	tributions	Rei	mbursed	Ba	lance
2018-2019	\$	679	\$	29,662	\$	30,341	\$	-
2017-2018		-		27,670		27,670		-
2016-2017		-		18,476		18,476		-

14 Related Party

Friends of Hatikvah (FOH), is a non-profit organization which was founded to provide support to the Charter School. During the year ended June 30, 2019, FOH is the sublandlord on the lease for the current facilities occupied by the Charter School – the subtenant.

15 Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Fund	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$ 32,932	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund	-	5,359
Trust and Agency Fund	7,208	34,781
	\$ 40,140	\$ 40,140

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

The above balances are the results of revenues earned or other financing sources received in one fund which are due to another fund and/or expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of another fund and/or to cover cash balances which were in negative position. Liquidation of this inter-fund balances is expected within the next fiscal year.

16 Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2019 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

Federal and state aid	
TPAF/FICA reimbursements receivable	\$ 7,699
Federal grants receivable	41,285
Local	
Non-resident districts	339,684
Other receivables	 13,252
Grand total	\$ 401,920

17 Subsequent Events

The Charter School has evaluated all subsequent events occurring through the date of the independent auditor's report which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Charter School has determined that no subsequent event requires disclosure in the financial statements.

18 Fund Balance Appropriated – General Fund (Exhibit B- 1)

Of the \$646,578 General Fund balance at June 30, 2019, \$-0- is reserved for encumbrances; \$646,578 is unreserved and undesignated.

19 Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1	\$ 646,578
Capital assets	25,519
Pension deferred outflows	755,469
Pension deferred inflows	(658,122)
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2019	(1,349,555)
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2019	\$ (580,111)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual	Varian Final al <u>Actu</u> a	
Revenues									
Local Sources:									
Local tax levy	\$	4,583,359	\$	-	\$	4,583,359	\$ 4,583,359	\$	-
Contributions		-		-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous		-		648		648	 648		-
Total revenues -local sources		4,583,359		648		4,584,007	 4,584,007		-
State sources									
State aids		1,722,717		(261,610)		1,461,107	1,461,107		-
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)		-		-		-	176,743		176,743
TPAF pension, post retirement medical and long term disability		-		-		-	-		-
insurance premium benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)		-		-		-	536,477		536,477
		1,722,717		(261,610)		1,461,107	 2,174,327		713,220
Total revenues		6,306,076		(260,962)		6,045,114	 6,758,334		713,220
Expenditures									
Current expense:									
Instruction									
Salaries of teachers		2,955,693	\$	(289,282)		2,666,411	2,666,411		-
Other salaries for instruction		93,000		38,079		131,079	131,079		-
Purchased profesional technical services		195,850		(43,404)		152,446	152,446		-
Other purchased services		-		-		-	-		-
General educational supplies		50,000		12,837		62,837	62,837		-
Textbooks		20,000		(4,070)		15,930	15,930		-
Miscellaneous expenses		30,000		(4,671)		25,329	 25,329		
		3,344,543		(290,511)		3,054,032	 3,054,032		-

-81- 1 of 3

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Administrative cost:					
Salaries	573,147	(2,786)	570,361	570,361	-
Total benefit costs	763,042	80,629	843,671	843,671	-
Professional /Technical service	73,000	28,963	101,963	101,963	-
Other purchased services	63,384	(11,915)	51,469	51,469	-
Communications and Telephones	13,766	(1,683)	12,083	12,083	-
Supplies and materials	-	7,420	7,420	7,420	-
Miscellaneous expenses	23,432	1,135	24,567	24,567	-
	1,509,771	101,763	1,611,534	1,611,534	
Support services:					
Salaries	190,838	(1,566)	189,272	189,272	-
Purchased prof/tech service	40,000	11,469	51,469	51,469	-
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
Rent on land and buildings	610,000	50,000	660,000	660,000	-
Insurance-fidelity, liability property	41,677	2,497	44,174	44,174	-
Supplies and materials	90,000	21,143	111,143	111,143	-
Energy & utilities	84,372	10,572	94,944	94,944	-
Miscellaneous expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation other than to/from school				-	
Total support services	1,056,887	94,115	1,151,002	1,151,002	

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Capital outlay:					
Instructional equipment	12,000	19,899	31,899	31,899	-
Non-instructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase land/improvements				-	
Total capital outlay	12,000	19,899	31,899	31,899	-
Reimbursed TPAF-Social Security (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	176,743	(176,743)
TPAF pension, post retirement medical and long term disability	-	-	-	-	-
insurance premium benefits on-behalf payments (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	536,477	(536,477)
Total expenditures	5,923,201	(74,734)	5,848,467	6,561,687	(713,220)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	382,875	(186,228)	196,647	196,647	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	449,931		449,931	449,931	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 832,806	\$ (186,228)	\$ 646,578	\$ 646,578	\$ -

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund

Budget Comparison Schedule

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues Federal sources	\$ 137,885	\$-	\$ 137,885	\$ 137,885	\$-
Local sources	-	÷	-	-	÷ -
Total revenues -all sources	137,885	-	137,885	137,885	-
Expenditures Current Expenditures: Instruction:					
Salaries of teachers	115,993	-	115,993	116,303	(310)
Purchased Prof. and technical services	-	-	-	-	-
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
General supplies	4,065	-	4,065	4,065	-
Miscellaneous expenditures					
Total instruction	120,058	-		120,368	(310)
Support services					
Support services salaries Employee benefits	- 17,827	-	17,827	- 17,517	310
Purchased professional services		-	17,827	17,517	510
Other purchased services	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Total support services	17,827	-	17,827	17,517	310
Capital Outlay:					
Facilities acquisition and construction services			-		-
Instructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Noninstructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Construction services	-	-			-
Total facilities acquisition and construction services	-			-	
Total expenditures	\$ 137,885	\$ -	\$ 17,827	\$ 137,885	\$ -

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Note to Required Supplementary Information Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

C-3

Year ended June 30, 2019

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/inflows of resources			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue"			
from the budgetary comparison schedule:	[C-1] [C-2]	\$6,758,334	\$ 137,885
Difference - budget to GAAP:	[0 -]		÷,
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that			
encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related			
revenue is recognized.		-	-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures			
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$6,758,334	\$ 137,885
Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the			
budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	\$6,561,687	
	[C-2]		\$ 137,885
Differences - budget to GAAP			
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but			
not received are reported in the year the order is placed for			
budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received			
for financial reporting purposes.		-	-
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of			
budgetary resources but are not expenditures			
for financial reporting purposes.		-	-
Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		-	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,			
	[B-2]	\$6,561,687	\$ 137,885

Note 1) The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL County of Middlesex New Jersey

Schedule of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS

Last Six Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 3										
		2018		2017 2016		2016		2015	2014			2013
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0	068541854%	0	0049059082%	0.0	064009400%	0.0	063957155%	0.0	040784314%	0.0	038125785%
charter benoors proportion of the net pension natinity (assets)	0.0	000094109470	0.	004903900270	0.0	00400940070	0.0	500575715570	0.0	04070451470	0.0	55612576576
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	1,349,555	\$	1,142,017	\$	1,895,774	\$	1,435,710	\$	763,594	\$	728,660
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	393,637	\$	375,745	\$	357,852	\$	444,440	\$	392,932	\$	202,991
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		342.84%		303.93%		529.76%		323.04%		194.33%		358.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability - local		53.60%		48.10%		40.14%		47.93%		52.08%		48.72%

Note

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

L-1

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL County of Middlesex New Jersey

Schedule of the Charter School's Contributions - PERS Last Six Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014			2013
	¢	70.075	¢	10 564	¢	50.000	¢	54.000	¢	22 (22	¢	20 525
Contractually required contribution	\$	70,875	\$	48,564	\$	58,802	\$	54,986	\$	33,622	\$	28,727
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(70,875)		(48,564)		(58,802)		(54,986)		(33,622)		(28,727)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	393,637	\$	375,745	\$	357,852	\$	444,440	\$	392,932	\$	202,991
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		18.01%		12.92%		16.43%		12.37%		8.56%		14.15%

Note

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL County of Middlesex New Jersey

Schedule of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - TPAF

Last Six Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year End	led Jun	ie 30,		
	 2018	 2017	 2016		2015	 2014	 2013
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (assets)**	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)**	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) associated with the Charter School	\$ 9,644,030	\$ 8,494,969	\$ 8,871,986	\$	5,256,729	\$ 2,693,043	\$ 683,179
Total	\$ 9,644,030	\$ 8,494,969	\$ 8,871,986	\$	5,256,729	\$ 2,693,043	\$ 683,179
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$ 1,601,908	\$ 1,529,094	\$ 1,456,280	\$	1,212,892	\$ 951,070	\$ 628,174
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll**	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	26.49%	25.41%	22.33%		28.71%	33.64%	33.76%
**N1-+-							

**Note

TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the Charter School.

Note

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

M-1

Schedule of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Charter School and Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Public Employee's Retirement System and Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund

Last Three Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending					
		2018		2017	2016	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	288,979	\$	348,326	**	
Interest cost		76,817		62,163	**	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(418,016)		-	**	
Changes of assumptions		(183,617)		(345,014)	**	
Member contributions		1,479		1,601	**	
Gross benefit payments		(42,785)		(43,480)	**	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(277,143)		23,596	**	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,877,218		1,853,622	**	
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	1,600,075	\$	1,877,218	\$ 1,853,622	
Covered employee payroll - PERS and TPAF	\$	473,326	\$	472,225	**	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		338%		398%	0.00%	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the Charter School		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	
Charter School's contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	

** Information not available.

Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (County of Middlesex) Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. <u>Pension – Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u>

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.00% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.66% as of June 30, 2018.

2. <u>Pension – Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u>

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.25% as of June 30, 2017 to 4.86% as of June 30, 2018.

3. <u>Other Post-Retirement Benefit Plan – Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> and Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL LEVEL SCHEDULES NOT APPLICABLE

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund

Combining Schedule of Program, Revenue and Expenditures Budgetary Basis

	-	Fitle IA 018-2019	IDEA Part B)18-2019	Pr	IDEA •eschool 18-2019	Total
Revenues			 			
Federal sources	\$	59,795	\$ 75,983	\$	2,107	\$ 137,885
Local sources		-	 -			-
Total revenues -all sources	\$	59,795	\$ 75,983	\$	2,107	\$ 137,885
Expenditures						
Instruction						
Salaries of teachers	\$	59,795	\$ 56,508	\$	-	\$ 116,303
Purchased Prof. and technical services		-	-		-	-
Other purchased services		-	-		-	-
General supplies		-	1,958		2,107	4,065
Miscellaneous expenditures		-	 -		-	
Total instruction		59,795	 58,466		2,107	120,368
Support services						-
Support services salaries		-	-		-	-
Employee benefits		-	17,517		-	17,517
Purchased professional services		-	-		-	-
Other purchased services		-	-		-	-
Supplies		-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous expenditures		-	-		-	-
Total support services		-	 17,517		-	17,517
Facilities acquisition and construction services						-
Instructional equipment		-	-		-	-
Noninstructional equipment		-	-		-	-
Construction services		-	-		-	-
Total facilities acquisition and construction services		-	 -		-	
Total expenditures	\$	59,795	\$ 75,983	\$	2,107	\$ 137,885

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND At June 30, 2019, there was no capital project fund.

ENTERPRISE FUND

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL G-1 Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Enterprise Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Enterprise Fund

G-3

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

THE CHARTER SCHOOL DID NOT HAVE ANY ENTERPRISE PROGRAMS DURING THE YEAR.

FIDUCIARY FUND

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Insurance Fund			tudent ctivity Fund		Agency Fund Payroll	Total		
Assets	¢		¢		¢	76 090	¢	76 020	
Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivable	\$	-	\$	- 7,208	\$	76,080	\$	76,080 7,208	
Total assets	\$	-	\$	7,208	\$	76,080	\$	83,288	
Liabilities									
Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,299	\$	41,299	
Interfund payables		-		- 7,208		34,781		34,781 7,208	
Due to student groups Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	7,208	\$	76,080	\$	83,288	
Net position Total liabilities and net position	\$	-							

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds

H-2

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Compensation				
Additions:					
Board contributions	\$	679			
Employee contributions		29,662			
Total additions		30,341			
Deductions: Unemployment payments Total deductions		30,341 30,341			
Change in net position		-			
Net position, beginning		-			
Net position, ending	\$				

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018		Cash Receipts	Disb	Cash oursements	alance e 30, 2019
Laptop and other fund raisings	\$ -	\$	33,664	\$	32,664	\$ 1,000
Field Trips	-		18,113		15,076	3,037
Drama Club	-		6,000		5,825	175
Guitar Club	3,095		-		3,095	-
Robotics	296		3,300		3,596	-
Sports Club	11		2,245		2,256	-
Geography Bee Club	-		1,500		1,410	90
Music Club	-		6,618		3,712	2,906
	\$ 3,402	\$	71,440	\$	67,634	\$ 7,208

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements

H-4

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018		Cash Receipts	Dis	Cash sbursements	Balance e 30, 2019
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	77,380	\$ 3,822,481	\$	3,823,781	\$ 76,080
Total assets	\$	77,380	\$ 3,822,481	\$	3,823,781	\$ 76,080
Liabilities						
Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	36,155	\$ 3,822,481	\$	3,817,337	\$ 41,299
Interfund payable		41,225			6,444	34,781
Total liabilities	\$	77,380	\$ 3,822,481	\$	3,823,781	\$ 76,080

LONG-TERM DEBT

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Long-Term Debt Schedule of Obligations Under Renovation Loan

Year ended June 30, 2019

Interest Rate Payable	Amount of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2018	Acquired Current Year	Retired Current Year	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2019
		\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$

NONE

STATISTICAL SECTION

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,															
	_	2019		2018	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	 2012	_	2011
Governmental activities																
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	25,519	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unrestricted		(605,630)		(691,008)	(851,449)		(620,768)		(473,640)		180,962		173,824	45,138		115,562
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	(580,111)	\$	(691,008)	\$ (851,449)	\$	(620,768)	\$	(473,640)	\$	180,962	\$	173,824	\$ 45,138	\$	115,562
Business-type activities																
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unrestricted		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Total business-type activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
School-wide																
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	25,519	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unrestricted		(605,630)		(691,008)	(851,449)		(620,768)		(473,640)		180,962		173,824	 45,138		115,562
Total charter school net position	\$	(580,111)	\$	(691,008)	\$ (851,449)	\$	(620,768)	\$	(473,640)	\$	180,962	\$	173,824	\$ 45,138	\$	115,562

Notes

GASB requires that ten year of statistical data be presented. However, only nine years of data is available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is presented.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

Z019 Z018 Z017 Z016 Z018 Z014 Z013 Z012 Z011 Expresses Governmental activities Instruction Regular S 3,174,400 \$ 3,172,612 \$ 2,712,502 \$ 1,750,218 \$ 1,550,005 \$ 1,167,056 \$ 969,979 \$ 613,474 Support services: General administration On-behalf TPA/FICA reinbursments 2,436,023 2,101,967 1,855,100 1,666,525 1,032,648 955,385 622,256 463,926 (662,951) On-behalf TPA/FICA reinbursments 176,743 155,693 146,923 100,071 98,373 87,035 -				Fiscal Year Ended June 30,																	
Governmental activities: Instruction Regular \$ 3,174,400 \$ 3,172,612 \$ 2,712,502 \$ 2,172,064 \$ 1,750,218 \$ 1,550,005 \$ 1,167,056 \$ 969,979 \$ 6,13,474 Support services: General administration 2,436,023 2,101,967 1.855,100 1.666,525 1.032,648 955,385 622,256 463,926 (662,951) School administration services: On-behalf TPAF/FICA reinbursements 176,743 153,693 146,923 100,071 98,373 87,035 60,821 -		1	2019		2018		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
Governmental activities: Instruction Regular \$ 3,174,400 \$ 3,172,612 \$ 2,712,502 \$ 2,172,064 \$ 1,750,218 \$ 1,550,005 \$ 1,167,056 \$ 969,979 \$ 6,13,474 Support services: General administration 2,436,023 2,101,967 1.855,100 1.666,525 1.032,648 955,385 622,256 463,926 (662,951) School administration services: On-behalf TPAF/FICA reinbursements 176,743 153,693 146,923 100,071 98,373 87,035 60,821 -	Expenses																				
Regular \$ 3,174,400 \$ 3,172,612 \$ 2,712,502 \$ 2,172,064 \$ 1,750,218 \$ 1,550,005 \$ 1,167,056 \$ 969,979 \$ 613,474 Support services: General administration 2,436,023 2,101,967 1,855,100 1,666,525 1,032,648 955,385 622,256 463,926 (662,951) School administrative services: 91,776 649,088 811,915 897,458 788,509 716,682 407,494 60,821 - Capital outlay -	•																				
Support services: General administration 2.436.023 2.101.967 1.855.100 1.666.525 1.032.648 955.385 622.256 463.926 (662.951) School administrative services 991.776 649.088 811.915 897.458 788.509 716.682 407.494 376.788 1.380.294 On-behalf TPA/FICA reimbursements 176,743 133.693 146,923 102.071 98.373 87.035 60.821 -	Instruction																				
Ceneral administration 2,436,023 2,101,967 1,855,100 1,666,525 1,032,648 955,385 622,256 463,926 (662,951) School administrative services 991,776 649,088 811,915 897,458 788,509 716,682 407,494 376,788 1,380,294 On-behalf TPAF/FICA reimbursements 176,774 153,693 146,923 102,071 98,373 87,035 60,821 - Capital outlay -	Regular	\$ 3	3,174,400	\$	3,172,612	\$	2,712,502	\$	2,172,064	\$	1,750,218	\$	1,550,005	\$	1,167,056	\$	969,979	\$	613,474		
School administrative services 991,776 649,088 811,915 897,458 788,509 716,682 407,494 376,788 1,380,294 On-behalf TPAF/FICA reimbursements 176,743 153,693 146,923 102,071 98,373 87,035 60,821 - </td <td>Support services:</td> <td></td>	Support services:																				
On-behalf TPAF/FICA reimbursements 176,743 153,693 146,923 102,071 98,373 $87,035$ 60,821 - Capital outlay - <td>General administration</td> <td>2</td> <td>2,436,023</td> <td></td> <td>2,101,967</td> <td></td> <td>1,855,100</td> <td></td> <td>1,666,525</td> <td></td> <td>1,032,648</td> <td></td> <td>955,385</td> <td></td> <td>622,256</td> <td></td> <td>463,926</td> <td></td> <td>(662,951)</td>	General administration	2	2,436,023		2,101,967		1,855,100		1,666,525		1,032,648		955,385		622,256		463,926		(662,951)		
Capital outlay Unallocated depreciation 6,380 -	School administrative services		991,776		649,088		811,915		897,458		788,509		716,682		407,494		376,788		1,380,294		
Unallocated depreciation6,380<	On-behalf TPAF/FICA reimbursements		176,743		153,693		146,923		102,071		98,373		87,035				60,821		-		
Total governmental activities expenses $6,785,322$ $6,077,360$ $5,526,440$ $4,838,118$ $3,669,748$ $3,309,107$ $2,196,806$ $1,871,514$ $1,330,817$ Business-type activities: Total business-type activities expense $$	Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Business-type activities: Total business-type activities expense S 6,077,360 S 5,526,440 S 4,838,118 S 3,669,748 S 2,196,806 S 1,871,514 S 1,330,817 Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: 0 0 5 203,779 S 241,509 S 63,167 S 80,507 S 398,596 S 398,596 Captal grants and contributions 5 137,885 S 172,940 S 203,779 S 241,509 S 63,167 S 80,507 S 80,170 S 398,596 S 398,596 Charges for services: 0 -<	Unallocated depreciation		6,380		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Total business-type activities expense S 6,785,322 S 6,077,360 S 5,526,440 S 4,838,118 S 3,669,748 S 3,309,107 S 2,196,806 S 1,871,514 S 1,330,817 Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions 137,885 172,940 \$ 203,779 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596	Total governmental activities expenses	6	6,785,322		6,077,360		5,526,440		4,838,118		3,669,748		3,309,107		2,196,806		1,871,514		1,330,817		
Total business-type activities expense S 6,785,322 S 6,077,360 S 5,526,440 S 4,838,118 S 3,669,748 S 3,309,107 S 2,196,806 S 1,871,514 S 1,330,817 Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions 137,885 172,940 \$ 203,779 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596	Business-type activities:																				
Total charter school expenses \$ 6,785,322 \$ 6,077,360 \$ 5,526,440 \$ 4,838,118 \$ 3,669,748 \$ 3,309,107 \$ 2,196,806 \$ 1,871,514 \$ 1,330,817 Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions -<																					
Governmental activities: Charges for services: Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions -	Total charter school expenses	\$ 6	5,785,322	\$	6,077,360	\$	5,526,440	\$	4,838,118	\$	3,669,748	\$	3,309,107	\$	2,196,806	\$	1,871,514	\$	1,330,817		
Governmental activities: Charges for services: Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions -	Drogram revenues																				
Charges for services: Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions -	8																				
Operating grants and contributions \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Capital grants and contributions 137,885 172,940 203,779 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Total governmental activities program revenues 137,885 172,940 203,779 241,509 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596 Business-type activities:																					
Capital grants and contributionsTotal governmental activities program revenues137,885172,940203,779241,50963,16780,50780,170398,596398,596Business-type activities: Total business type activities program revenues		\$	137 885	\$	172 940	\$	203 779	\$	241 509	\$	63 167	\$	80 507	\$	80 170	\$	398 596	s	398 596		
Total governmental activities program revenues137,885172,940203,779241,50963,16780,50780,170398,596398,596Business-type activities: Total business type activities program revenues		φ	-	Φ		ψ	-	ψ	-	ψ		ψ	-	ψ	-	ψ		φ			
Business-type activities program revenues			137 885				203 779		241 509				80 507		80 170						
Total business type activities program revenues					1,2,,, 10		200,)		2.1,009		00,107		00,007		00,170		570,070		270,070		
Total charter school program revenues \$ 137,885 \$ 172,940 \$ 203,779 \$ 241,509 \$ 63,167 \$ 80,507 \$ 80,170 \$ 398,596 \$ 398,596	, i e																				
	Total charter school program revenues	\$	137,885	\$	172,940	\$	203,779	\$	241,509	\$	63,167	\$	80,507	\$	80,170	\$	398,596	\$	398,596		

J-2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,														
	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	2012		2011
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total charter school-wide net expense	\$ (6,647,437) \$ (6,647,437)	\$	(5,904,420) - (5,904,420)	\$ \$	(5,322,661)	\$ \$	(4,596,609) - (4,596,609)	\$ \$	(3,606,581)	\$ \$	(3,228,600) 		(2,116,636) - (2,116,636)	 (1,472,918)	\$ \$	(932,221)
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities:																
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net Grants and contributions Miscellaneous income	\$ 4,583,359 2,174,327 648	\$	4,021,518 1,960,801 82,542	\$	3,573,003 1,507,482 11,495	\$	3,280,792 1,162,347 6,342	\$	2,887,658 827,412 503	\$	2,370,871 858,721 3,025	\$	71 3,110,378 3,025	\$ 723,223 286,786 37,774	\$	723,223 286,786 37,774
Total governmental activities	6,758,334		6,064,861		5,091,980		4,449,481		3,715,573		3,232,617	_	3,113,474	 1,047,783		1,047,783
Business-type activities: Total business-type activities			<u> </u>				<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 		
Total charter school-wide	\$ 6,758,334	\$	6,064,861	\$	5,091,980	\$	4,449,481	\$	3,715,573	\$	3,232,617	\$	3,113,474	\$ 1,047,783	\$	1,047,783
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 110,897	\$	160,441	\$	(230,681)	\$	(147,128)	\$	108,992	\$	4,017	\$	996,838	\$ (425,135)	\$	115,562
Total charter school	\$ 110,897	\$	160,441	\$	(230,681)	\$	(147,128)	\$	108,992	\$	4,017	\$	996,838	\$ (425,135)	\$	115,562

Notes

GASB requires that ten year of statistical data be presented. However, only nine years of data is available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is presented.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,																	
	2	019		2018		2017	20	16		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
General Fund Unreserved Total general fund		46,578 46,578		449,931 449,931	\$ \$	225,982 225,982	\$ 24 \$ 24	6,471	\$ \$	234,907 234,907	\$ \$	180,962 180,962	\$ \$	173,824 173,824	\$ \$	45,138 45,138	\$ \$	115,562 115,562
All other governmental funds																		
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in:																		
Special revenue fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Permanent fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Notes

GASB requires that ten year of statistical data be presented. However, only nine years of data is available. Each year thereafter, an additional year's data will be included until ten years of data is presented.

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J-4

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,																
Function		2019		2018	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011
Revenues																	
Local tax levy	\$	4,583,359	\$	4,021,518	\$ 3,573,003	\$	3,280,792	\$	2,887,658	\$	2,370,800	\$	1,256,132	\$	1,256,132	\$	723,223
Contributions		-		55,920	10,000		10,000		17,594		27,953		77,979		-		-
Miscellaneous		648		82,542	11,495		6,342		503		3,025		39,935		1,075		361,370
State sources		2,174,327		1,960,801	1,507,482		1,162,347		827,412		858,721		996,621		373,033		286,786
Federal sources		137,885		117,020	193,779		231,509		45,573		52,625		24,314		36,917		75,000
Total revenue		6,896,219		6,237,801	5,295,759		4,690,990		3,778,740		3,313,124	_	2,394,981	_	1,667,157	_	1,446,379
Expenditures																	
Instruction		3,174,400		3,172,612	2,712,502		2,172,064		1,750,218		1,550,005		1,167,056		969,979		613,474
Administration		2,324,754		2,038,459	1,644,908		1,507,833		1,087,695		955,385		694,866		463,926		
Support services		1,168,519		802,781	958,838		999,529		886,882		800,596		404,373		434,488		717,343
Capital Outlay		31,899		-	-		-		-		-		-		3,121		
Total expenditures		6,699,572		6,013,852	5,316,248		4,679,426		3,724,795		3,305,986		2,266,295	_	1,871,514	_	1,330,817
Net change in fund balances	\$	196,647	\$	223,949	\$ (20,489)	\$	11,564	\$	53,945	\$	7,138	\$	128,686	\$	(204,357)	\$	115,562

Source: Charter School's Records

General Fund Other Local Revenue by Source Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,											
Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011				
Other local revenues Unrestricted donations Miscellaneous	\$ - 648	\$ - 82,542	\$ - 11,495	\$ - 6,342	\$ - 503	\$ 71 3,025	\$ 22,123 39,935	\$ 123,956 1,075	\$ 30,000 7,774				
Total other local revenue	\$ 648	\$ 82,542	\$ 11,495	\$ 6,342	\$ 503	\$ 3,096	\$ 62,058	\$ 125,031	\$ 37,774				

Source: Charter School's Records

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J-10

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Nine Fiscal Years

		Governmental Act	ivities		Type Activities			
				Bond Anticipation				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds ^b	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Notes (BANs)	Capital Leases	Total Charter School	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita

NONE

Note: The Charter School did not have any outstanding debt during the period.

J-14

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Year	Population ^a	Pe	ersonal Income ^b	Capi	ounty Per ta Personal ncome [°]	Unemployment Rate ^d
2011	47,815	\$	2,337,340,645	\$	48,883	7.10%
2012	48,202		2,422,680,722		50,261	7.10%
2013	48,459		2,435,888,553		50,267	7.10%
2014	48,749		2,558,640,014		52,486	7.10%
2015	48,976		2,618,599,792		53,467	7.10%
2016	48,630		2,600,100,210		53,467	3.70%
2017	48,630		2,600,100,210		53,467	3.70%
2018	48,630		2,600,100,210		53,467	3.70%
2019	48,630		2,600,100,210		53,467	3.70%

Source:

^a Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

c Personal capital income by municipality estimated based upon the 2010 Cesus published by the US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

Principal Employers Current Year (Unaudited)

2019

<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank [Optional]	Percentage of Total Municipal Employment
Robert Wood Johnson Hospital	5000-5249	1	0.00%
Novo Nordisk	4500-4749	2	0.00%
Wakefern Food Corporation	3500-3749	3	0.00%
Bristol-Myers Squibb	3000-3249	4	0.00%
St. Peter's Healthcare System	2750-2999	5	0.00%
J.F.K. Medical Center	2500-2749	6	0.00%
Silverline Building Products	2250-2299	7	0.00%
Ericsson	2000-2249	8	0.00%
Johnson & Johnson	2000-2249	9	0.00%
Raritan Bay Medical Center	2000-2249	10	0.00%

0.00%

Source: Middlesex County Department of Economic & Business Development, 2012.

Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function/Program Last Nine Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

		(Unaudited)						
				Fiscal	Year Ende	d June 30,			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program									
Instruction									
Regular	48	46	45	39	18	18	19	14	11
Special education	6	6	6	6	5	5	3	2	1
Vocational									
Other instruction	12	12	11	11	10	10	8	6	1
Support Services:									
Student & instruction related services	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
General administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
School administrative services	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
Other administrative services									
Central services									
Administrative Information Technology									
Plant operations and maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pupil transportation									
Other support services	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Total	76	74	72	66	43	43	35	26	17

Source: Charter School Personnel Records

Operating Statistics

Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures ^a	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff ^b	Kindergarten	Elementary	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) ^c	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) c	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2011	98	1,330,817	13,580	N/A	13	1:11	1:11	98	95	N/A	96.94%
2012	148	1,868,393	12,624	40.39%	22	1:11	1:11	148	145	51.02%	97.97%
2013	192	2,266,295	11,804	21.30%	30	1:11	1:11	192	181	29.73%	94.27%
2014	269	3,305,986	12,290	45.88%	33	1:11	1:11	269	252	40.10%	93.68%
2015	299	3,724,795	12,458	12.67%	33	1:11	1:11	299	282	11.15%	94.31%
2016	333	4,679,426	14,052	25.63%	56	1:11	1:11	333	311	11.37%	93.39%
2017	376	5,316,248	14,139	13.61%	62	1:11	1:11	376	368	12.91%	97.87%
2018	438	6,013,852	13,730	13.12%	64	1:11	1:11	438	429	16.49%	97.95%
2019	489	6,667,673	13,635	10.87%	66	1:11	1:11	489	479	11.64%	98.00%

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual June Charter School count.

- a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
- b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.
- c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

		Building Infor t Nine Fiscal Yo (Unaudited)									
				Fiscal	Year Ended Ju	ne 30,					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		
Square Feet	56,675	56,675	56,675	56,675	56,675	56,675	9,878	8,378	6,794		
Capacity (students) 450 450 400 400 400 200 150 100											
Enrollment	489	438	333	333	299	269	196	148	98		

Source: School Records

Schedule of Required Maintenance Expenditures

By School Facility Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

2011	85,517
2012	322,373
2013	252,806
2014	636,111
2015	729,508
2016	825,107
2017	775,626
2018	599,638
2019	961,730
Total	\$ 5,188,416

* School facilities as defined under EFCFA. (N.J.A.C. 6A:26-1.2 and N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-1.3)

Source: Charter School records

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Insurance Schedule

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	(Coverage
Commercial general liability:		
Property damage - aggregate limit	\$	2,000,000
Property damage - each occurrence		1,000,000
Personal injury and advertising injury		1,000,000
Medical Expense (any one person)		10,000
Fire damage limit, any one fire		100,000
Property:		
Equipment breakdown limit	\$	20,000
Perishable goods		100,000
Demolition		100,000
Expediting expenses		100,000
Hazardous subtances		100,000
Workers Compensation & Employer's Liability:		
Bodily injury by accident	\$	1,000,000
Bodily injury by disease - policy limit		1,000,000
Bodily injury by disease - each employee		1,000,000
Additional coverages:		
Identity theft	\$	25,000
Terrorism travel reimbursement		25,000
Temporary meeting space reimbursements		25,000
Workplace violence counseling		25,000
Key individual replacement expenses		50,000
Automobile:		
Autos - hired or borrowed	\$	1,000,000

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators New Term Indicators

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

		2019		2018		2017
Cash	\$	263,249	\$	210,135	\$	50,502
Current assets		430,635		332,865		224,963
Capital assets		25,519		-		-
Total assets		719,403		543,000		275,465
Current liabilities		47,306		79,867		49,483
Long term liabilities Total liabilities		47,306		79,867		49,483
Net position	\$	672,097	\$	463,133	\$	225,982
Total revenue Total expenses Change in net position	\$ \$	6,896,219 (6,699,572) 196,647	\$ \$	6,237,801 (6,013,852) 223,949	\$ \$	5,295,759 (5,316,248) (20,489)
Depreciation expense Interest expense Principal payments Interest payments	\$	6,380 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Final average daily enrollment March 30th budgeted enrollment		489 500		438 500		376 375

	2019	2018	2017	Three Year Cumulative
NEAR TERM INDICATORS:				
Current ratio	14.67	6.80	5.57	27.03
Unrestricted days cash	14.34	12.75	3.47	30.56
Enrollment variance	98%	88%	100%	95%
Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: Charter School Records

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

	2019	2018	 2017	
Cash	\$ 263,249	\$ 210,135	\$ 50,502	
Current assets	 430,635	 332,865	224,963	
Total assets	 693,884	 543,000	 275,465	
Current liabilities	47,306	79,867	49,483	
Long term liabilities	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	 47,306	 79,867	 49,483	
Net position	\$ 646,578	\$ 463,133	\$ 225,982	
Total revenue	\$ 6,896,219	\$ 6,237,801	\$ 5,295,759	
Total expenses	(6,699,572)	(6,013,852)	(5,316,248)	
Change in net position	\$ 196,647	\$ 223,949	\$ (20,489)	
Depreciation expense Interest expense Principal payments	\$ 6,380 -	\$ - -	\$ - -	
Interest payments	-	-	-	
increst payments	_	-	_	
Final average daily enrollment	489	438	376	
March 30th budgeted enrollment	500	500	375	
	 2019	2018	2017	Three Year Cumulative
SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS:				
Total margin	3%	4%	0%	2%
Debt to asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash flow	\$ 53,114	\$ 159,633	\$ 31,812	\$ 244,559
Debt service coverage ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Source: Charter School Records

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

Olugbenga Olabintan

Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

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K-1

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Chairperson and Members of the Board of Trustees Hatikvah International Academy Charter School County of Middlesex East Brunswick, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States *and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School, in the County of Middlesex, State of New Jersey ("the Charter School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated December 20, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

OlugbengaOlabintan, CPA

December 20, 2019 Newark, New Jersey

OLUGBENGA OLABINTAN Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00230200

Olugbenga Olabintan

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K-2

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the State of New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08

The Honorable Chairperson and Members of the Board of Trustees Hatikvah International Academy Charter School County of Middlesex, East Brunswick, New Jersey

Compliance

We have audited the Hatikvah International Academy Charter School in the County of Middlesex, State of New Jersey ("the Charter School") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Charter School's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*, and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards and State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with State of New Jersey Department of Treasury OMB's Circulars 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB and *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

OlugbengaOlabintan, CPA

December 20, 2019 Newark, New Jersey

OLUGBENGA OLABINTAN Certified Public Accountant/Consultant

Olugbenga Olabintan, CPA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00230200

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grant/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal C.F.D.A No.	Federal Award Identification Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	Recei at	counts ivable) June 2018	Reve	une	ntor une	Adjustr	ments	(Wal	yover kover) ount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2019	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2019	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2019
Special Revenue Fund: U.S. Department of Education, Pass-Th Passed-Through State of New Jersey D																			
Title IA - FY 2018-2019	84.010	S010A180030	7/1/18-6/30/19	\$ 59,795	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 59,795	\$ (59,795)	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
IDEA Part B - FY 2018-2019	84.027	H027A180100	7/1/18-6/30/19	75,983		-		-	-		-		-	34,698	(75,983)	-	(41,285)	-	-
IDEA Preschool - FY 2018-2019	84.173	H173A180114	7/1/18-6/30/19	2,107		-		-	-		-		-	2,107	(2,107)	-	-	-	-
Total Special Revenue/U.S. Departmen	t of Educatio	n, Pass-Through P	rograms			-		-	 -		-		-	96,600	(137,885)		(41,285)		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 96,600	\$ (137,885)	\$-	\$ (41,285)	s -	\$ -

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

Year ended June 30, 2019

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2018	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2018	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2018	Adjustments	Carryover (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable) at June 30, 2019	Deferred Revenue at June 30, 2019	Due to Grantor at June 30, 2019
State Department of Education														
General Fund:														
Equalization Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-6/30/19	\$ 5,591,206	\$ -	s -	s -	s -	s -	\$ 5,947,184	\$ (5,591,206)	\$ -	\$ (339,684)	s -	\$ 16,294
Equalization Aid	18-495-034-5120-078	7/1/17-6/30/18	4,852,010	(156,889)	-	13,692	-	-	156,889	-	(13,692)	-	-	-
Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	7/1/18-6/30/19	212,920	-	-	-	-	-	212,920	(212,920)	-	-	-	-
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	7/1/18-6/30/19	27,718	-	-	-	-	-	27,718	(27,718)	-	-	-	-
State Non-Public Aid	19-100-034-5120-060	7/1/18-6/30/19	212,621	-	-		-	-	226,879	(212,621)	-	-	-	14,258
State Non-Public Aid	18-100-034-5120-060	7/1/17-6/30/18	193,417	(8,721)	-	-	-	-	8,721	-	-	-	-	-
State Aid Adjustments	19-495-034-5120-085	7/1/18-6/30/19	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Aid Adjustments	18-495-034-5120-085	7/1/17-6/30/18	199,774	(11,168)	-		-	-	11,168	-	-	-	-	-
TPAF/FICA Reimbursements	19-495-034-5094-003	7/1/18-6/30/19	176,743	-	-	-	-	-	169,044	(176,743)	-	(7,699)	-	-
TPAF/FICA Reimbursements	18-495-034-5094-003	7/1/17-6/30/18	153,693	(8,168)	-	-	-	-	8,168	-	-	-	-	-
TPAF Post Retirement Medical Contribution	19-495-034-5094-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	166,907	-	-	-	-	-	166,907	(166,907)	-	-	-	-
TPAF Pension Contribution - Normal & NCGI	19-495-034-5094-002	7/1/18-6/30/19	367,961	-	-	-	-	-	367,961	(367,961)	-	-	-	-
TPAF Pension Contribution - Long-Term Disability Insurance	19-495-034-5094-004	7/1/18-6/30/19	1,609		-			-	1,609	(1,609)	-	-	-	
Total General Fund				(184,946)	-	13,692			7,305,168	(6,757,685)	(13,692)	(347,383)	-	30,552
Total State Financial Assistance				\$ (184,946)	s -	\$ 13,692	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	\$ 7,305,168	(6,757,685)	\$ (13,692)	\$ (347,383)	\$ -	\$ 30,552
Less Amounts Not Subject to Single Audit: TPAF Post Retirement Medical Contribution TPAF Pension Contribution - Normal & NCGI TPAF Pension Contribution - Long-Term Disability Insurance	2									166,907 367,961 1,609				
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Subject	to Single Audit									\$ (6,221,208)				

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

K-4 Schedule B

1. General

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance present the activity of all expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance of the Charter School. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the fiscal year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made. The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0- for the general fund and \$-0- for the special revenue fund. See Note 1 (the Notes to Required Supplementary Information) for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds (C-3).

3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements - continued

Federal awards and state financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 6,757,685	\$ 6,757,685
Special Revenue Fund	137,885	-	137,885
Enterprise Fund			
Total	\$ 137,885	\$ 6,757,685	\$ 6,895,570

4. Relationship to Federal and State Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

5. Other

TPAF Social Security contribution in the amount of \$176,743 represents the amount reimbursed by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The amount reported as TPAF pension representing on-behalf employer's portion of the Pension System Contributions, Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and Long-Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions in the amount of \$536,477 represents the amount paid by the State on behalf of the Charter School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

6. On Behalf Programs Not Subject to State Single Audit

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

7. De Minimis Indirect Cost

The Charter School has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Part I Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes _	~	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not Considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes _	~	None reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?		Yes _	~	No

Federal Awards:

In accordance with the new requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), the audit threshold was raised from \$500,000 to \$750,000. Thus, for fiscal years ending after December 26, 2015, organizations that expend less than \$750,000 in federal awards during a year are exempt from the single audit requirement for that year.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School was determined to expend less than \$750,000 in federal awards and was therefore exempt from the federal single audit requirements for 2019.

Part I Summary of Auditors' Results - continued

State Financial Assistance Section

Oollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs:			\$750,000			
Auditee qualifies as low-risk auditee?	<u> </u>	yes		_ No		
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified					
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	~	No		
Significant deficiencies identified?		Yes	~	None reported		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ OMB Circular 15-08?		Yes	~	No		
Identification of Major Programs:						
State Grant/Program Number(s)	Name of State Program or Cluster					
19-495-034-5120-078 19-495-034-5120-089 19-495-034-5120-084	Equalization Aid Special Education Aid Security Aid					
19-495-034-5120-085	State Adjustment Aid					

Part II – Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements, and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with the audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, New Jersey Department of Education.

NONE

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Part III – Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

This section identifies audit findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200 section .516of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08.

Schedule of Federal Awards

NOT APPLICABLE FOR 2019

The Charter School was determined to expend less than \$750,000 in federal awards and was therefore exempt from the federal single audit requirements for 2019.

Schedule of State Financial Assistance

NONE

No state financial assistance findings and questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ OMB Circular 15-08.

HATIKVAH INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (County of Middlesex) Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2019

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, USOMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. (¶.511 (a)(b)) and NJOMB's Circular 15-08.

There were no prior year's audit findings.