COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL
Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School Board of Trustees Somerset, New Jersey
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by

Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School Finance Department

And

Barre & Company LLC, CPAs

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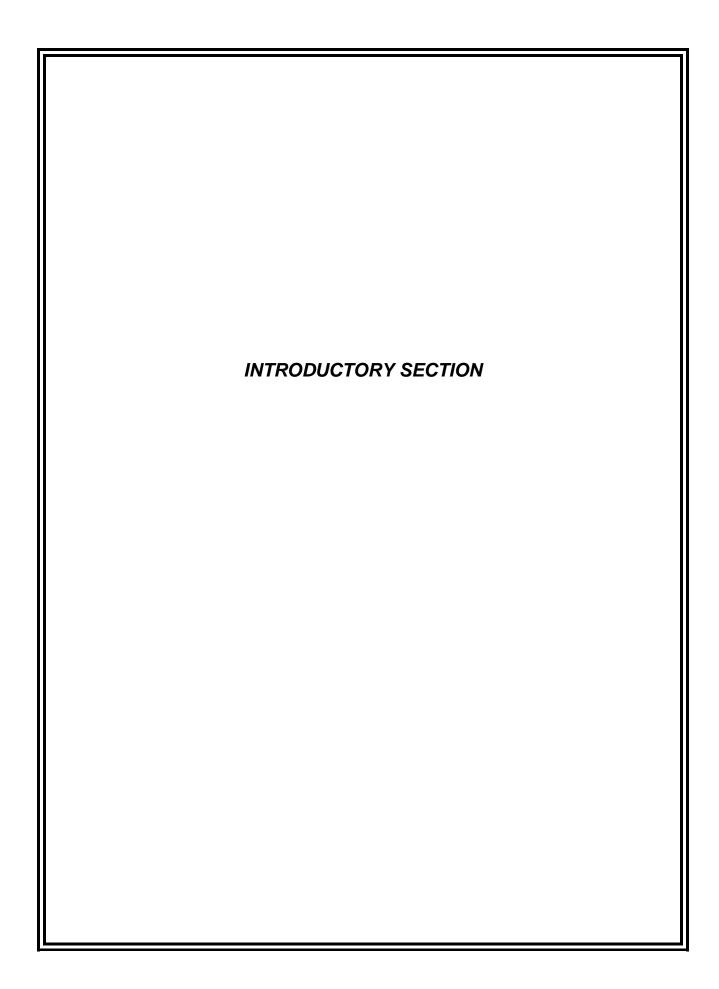
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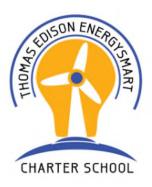
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November 27, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School County of Somerset Somerset, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the various funds of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- ➤ The Introductory Section contains a Table of Contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- ➤ The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*". Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Charter School Organization

An elected six-member Board of Education (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Chief Education Officer is the chief executive officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for total educational and support operations. The Financial Coordinator is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

1. <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report. Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School Board of Trustees constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School was granted its charter to operate their charter school during the 2010-2011 academic year, but could not open its doors until September, 2012, for their first school year, due to building issues. Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School began its school with grades Kindergarten through Grade 4 for its initial year, and it plans to add a new grade each year up to the 12th Grade.

For the 2018-2019 school year, Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School provided a full range of services appropriate to Grades Kindergarten thru 9. These services include regular, as well as special education and basic skills instruction. The Charter School completed the 2018-2019 school year with an enrollment of 509 students. The following details the student enrollment of the Charter School.

Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)

Fiscal Year	Actual Student _Enrollment_	Percent Change - ADE
	·	
2018-2019	509	8.18%
2017-2018	471	10.71%
2016-2017	425	26.45%
2015-2016	336	14.51%
2014-2015	294	16.28%

2. MISSION AND GOALS: The mission of the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School is to provide academic and social challenges and opportunities to students, instilling the skills and knowledge that they will need to succeed in their lives. The school aims to forge a powerful partnership out of the student-teacher-parent triad. This partnership will provide and empower our youth with the support necessary to reach their highest potential – intellectually, socially, emotionally and physically – building on their inherent promise to aid in their preparation for college and career. The school's specific goals are to make its students aware of the green renewable resources and the hazards of global warming

.

MISSION AND GOALS (CONTINUED)

Students are exposed to well-designed common core aligned curriculum. Teacher's 21st century skills and technology to make learning interactive, interesting and engaging for all students. Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School also offers after school activities like drama clubs, robotics, I-Pad classes, and similar opportunities to facilitate the well-rounded development of its students.

- 3. <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:
 - (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived;
 - (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Board of Trustees also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

4. BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

5. CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Basic Financial Statement" Note 2. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

CASH MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors and officers insurance and workmen's compensation.

7. OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Barre & Company, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, was selected by the Board of Trustees. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplemental information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports, related specifically to the single audit, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements

8. <u>ACKNOWLEDGMENTS</u>: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School Board of Trustees for their concerns in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the participating Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our business office staff.

Respectfully submitted,

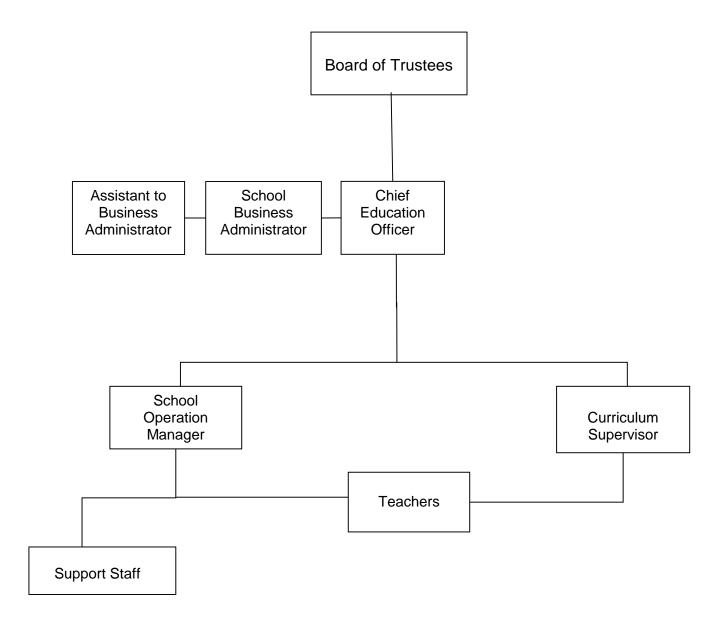
Oguz Yildiz

School Lead Person

Ilgar Sadigov

Business Administrator

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2019

MEMBERS OF	THE BOARD OF	TRUSTEES	<u>POSITION</u>

Raif Rustamov President

Keshaw Sahay Vice President

Stephen Alexis Trustee

Ashok Munisamy Trustee

Mehmet Eke Trustee

Raquel Neri Trustee

OTHER OFFICIALS

Oguz Yildiz Lead Person

Ilgar Sadigov Board Secretary/

Business Administrator

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Audit Firm

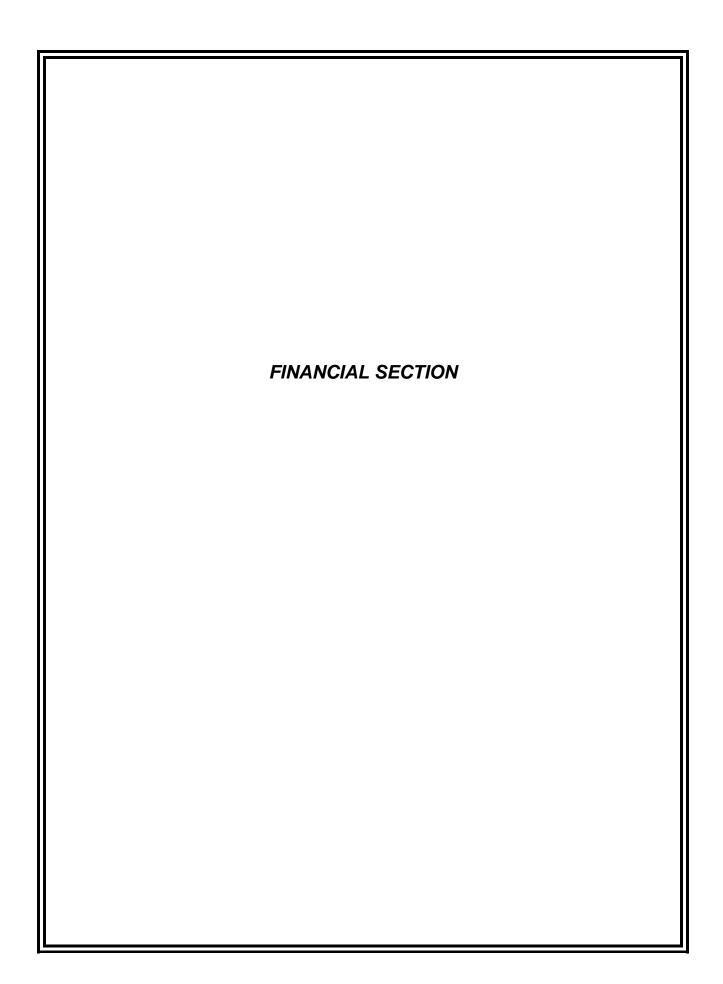
Barre & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants 2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, NJ 07083

Attorneys

Brenda Liss Riker Danzig Headquarters Plaza One Speedwell Avenue Morristown, NJ 07962-1981

Official Depository

Unity Bank 64 Old Highway 22 Clinton, NJ 08809



BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055 www.cpa-bc.com • info@cpa-bc.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable President
Members of the Board of Trustees
Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School
County of Somerset
Somerset. New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School (Charter School), in the County of Somerset, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Charter School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audit contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School, in the County of Somerset, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis following this report, and pension and post-employment benefit schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-4, and M-1, and the related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid,* and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records use to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards and the Division of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2019, on our consideration of the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the *Division of Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey,* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey November 27, 2019 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School's financial performance provides an overall review of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Charter School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Charter School's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year (2018-2019) and the prior year (2017-2018) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- ❖ General revenues accounted for \$7,280,285 in revenue or 95% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$364,287 or 5% of total revenues of \$7,644,572.
- ❖ The Charter School had \$7,312,351 in expenses; only \$364,287 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$7,280,285 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- ❖ Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$6,762,648 in revenues and \$5,989,053 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$773,595. This increase was anticipated by the Board of Trustees.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

(CONTINUED)

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Positions and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School have improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities All of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instruction, administration, support services, and capital outlay.
- Business-Type Activity These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service and School Store enterprise funds are reported as business activities.

Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's funds. The Charter School uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's governmental funds are the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds

The Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

(CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 36 of this report.

The Charter School as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Positions* provides the perspective of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The Charter School's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities.

The Charter School's combined Net Position were \$1,248,217 for 2019 and \$915,996 for 2018.

Governmental Activities

The Charter School's total revenues were \$7,280,285 for the year ended June 30, 2019 and \$6,315,970 for the year ended June 30, 2018. This includes \$563,542 for 2019 and \$313,946 for 2018 of state reimbursed TPAF social security and pension contributions.

The total cost of all program and services was \$6,951,575 for 2019 and \$6,501,965 for 2018. Instruction comprises \$2,737,551 for 2019 and \$2,311,840 for 2018 of Charter School expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

(CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and student, including extracurricular activities. Administration includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the Charter School.

Support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students, including curriculum and staff development and the costs associated with operating the facility.

Capital Outlay represents school instructional and/or non-instructional equipment purchased and is capitalized when such equipment is over the \$2,000 threshold.

Business-Type Activity

Revenues for the Charter School's business-type activity (food service program and after care) are comprised of charges for services and federal and state reimbursements.

FOOD SERVICE

- Revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,696 for 2019 while expenses exceeded revenues by \$6,815 for 2018.
- ❖ Charges for services represent \$71,868 for 2019 and \$83,731 for 2018. This represents amounts paid by patrons for daily food.
- ❖ Federal and state reimbursements for meals, including payments for free and reduced lunch, breakfast, and snack programs were \$40,821 for 2019 and \$38,903 for 2018.

AFTER CARE

- ❖ Revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,815 for 2019 while revenues exceeded expenses by \$10,689 for 2018.
- ❖ Charges for services represent \$251,598 for 2019 and \$233,872 for 2018 of revenue. This represents amounts paid by parents for after-care services.

The Charter School's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund and special revenue fund presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues amounted to \$6,905,465 for 2019 and \$6,315,970 for 2018; and expenditures were \$6,131,870 for 2019 and \$7,352,810 for 2018. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund, an increase of \$773,595 in 2019 after a decrease of \$186,688 in 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

(CONTINUED)

The Charter School's Funds (Continued)

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included on the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the amounts and percentages of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

Revenues	Amount	Percent of Total	`	Increase/ Decrease) From 2018	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$ 5,419,005 1,343,643 142,817	78.47% 19.46% 2.07%	\$	771,110 293,664 7,368	16.59% 27.97% 5.44%
Total	\$ 6,905,465	100.00%	\$	1,072,142	:

The following schedule represents a summary of the expenditures of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the amounts and percentages of increases in relation to prior year amounts.

Expenditures	 Amount	cent of	([Increase/ Decrease) rom 2018	Percen Increas (Decrea	se/
Instruction Administration Support Services	\$ 2,281,180 1,725,005 1,994,343	38.01% 28.75% 33.24%	\$	292,169 81,497 (19,773)	4	69% 96% 0.98%
Total	\$ 6,000,528	100.00%	\$	353,893		

Changes in expenditures were the results of varying factors.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

(CONTINUED)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights (Continued)

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget several times. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

The Charter School had \$778,184 invested in capital assets at the end of the fiscal year 2019 and \$850,845 at the end of fiscal year 2018.

For the Future

Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School is in good financial condition presently. The Charter School is proud of its community support. A major concern is the continued enrollment growth of the Charter School with the increased reliance on federal and state funding.

In conclusion, Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. In addition, the Charter School's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The Charter School plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to show the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mr. Oguz Yildiz, School Lead Person at Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School, 150 Pierce Street, Somerset, New Jersey, 08873. Please visit their website at energysmartschool.org.



SECTION A -	CHATER	SCHOOL	-WIDE	FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS
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The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School.

Statement of Net Positions June 30, 2019

ACCETO:	 overnmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities	 Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Interfund Receivables	\$ 1,074,574 35,765	\$	89,345	\$ 1,163,919 35,765
Receivables Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, Net	364,231 67,300 778,184		1,260	365,491 67,300 778,184
Total Assets	2,320,054		90,605	2,410,659
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	 1,520,158			1,520,158
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 1,520,158			1,520,158
LIABILITIES:				
Interfund Payable Payable to District Accounts Payable	17,423 13,664 12,855		41	17,464 13,664 12,855
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability	1,926,971			 1,926,971
Total Liabilities	 1,970,913		41	 43,983
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	 711,646			 711,646
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 711,646	-		 711,646
NET POSITIONS:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unassigned	 778,184 379,469		90,564	778,184 470,033
Total Net Position	\$ 1,157,653	\$	90,564	\$ 1,248,217

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

1,248,217

90,564 \$

1,157,653 \$

Net Position - Ending

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Activities For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	\$ 2,281,180	\$ 456,371		•		\$ (2,737,551)	₩	(2,737,551)
Administration	1,899,026	98,085				(1,997,111)		(1,997,111)
Support Services	1,994,343	149,909				(2,144,252)		(2,144,252)
Unallocated Depreciation	72,661					(72,661)		(72,661)
Total Governmental Activities	6,247,210	\$ 704,365				(6,951,575)		(6,951,575)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food Service and After Care	360,776		323,466	40,821			3,511	3,511
Total Business-Type Activities	360,776		323,466		·	- (8.061,675)	3,511	3,511
lotal Pilitaly Government	006,700,0		\$ 323,400	40,021	· •	(6,90,108,0)	116,6	(0,340,004)
			GENERAL REVENUES	ES				
			General Purposes			5,382,173		5,382,173
			Federal and State Aid Not Restricted	id Not Restricted		1,861,280		1,861,280
			Miscellaneous Income	Je		36,832		36,832
			Total General Revenues	/ennes		7,280,285		7,280,285
			Change in Net Position	ion		328,710	3,511	332,221
			Net Position - Beginning of Year	ning of Year		828,943	87,053	915,996

SECTION B – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
	SECTION B – FUND FINANCIAL STA	TEMENTS

The Individual Fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.



Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Interfund Receivables Receivables from Other Governments Security Deposit	\$	1,057,151 35,765 364,231 67,300	\$ 17,423	\$	1,074,574 35,765 364,231 67,300
Total Assets	\$	1,524,447	\$ 17,423	\$	1,541,870
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Interfund Payables Payables to District Accounts Payable	\$	- 13,664 12,855	\$ 17,423	\$	17,423 13,664 12,855
Total Liabilities		26,519	17,423		43,942
Fund Balances: Unassigned: General Fund		1,497,928		_	1,497,928
Total Fund Balances		1,497,928	 		1,497,928
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,524,447	\$ 17,423		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in th	e sta	itement of			

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$959,836 and the accumulated depreciation is \$181,652.

778,184

Net pension liability of \$1,926,971, deferred inflows of resources of \$711,646 less deferred outlows of resources of \$1,520,158 related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds

(1,118,459)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,157,653

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Total
REVENUES:				
Local Sources: Local Tax Levy Interest on Investments	\$ 5,382,173	\$	-	\$ 5,382,173 -
Miscellaneous	36,832			36,832
Total Local Sources	5,419,005		-	5,419,005
State Sources	1,343,643			1,343,643
Federal Sources			142,817	142,817
Total Revenues	6,762,648		142,817	 6,905,465
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Instruction	2,202,066		79,114	2,281,180
Administration	1,856,347			1,856,347
Support Services	1,930,640		63,703	1,994,343
Total Expenditures	 5,989,053		142,817	6,131,870
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	773,595		-	773,595
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	 724,333			 724,333
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 1,497,928	\$	_	\$ 1,497,928

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)

\$ 773,595

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets which are capitalized are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the current fiscal year.

Capital Asset Addition Depreciation Expense

(72,661) (72,661)

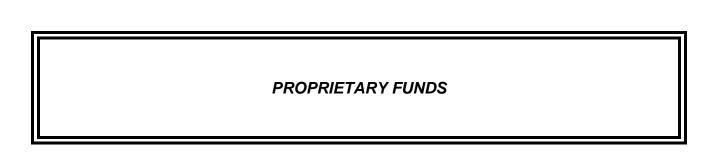
Pension costs associated with the PERS pension plan are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures in the year the school pension contribution is paid. However, on the statement of activities, the net difference between the current and prior year net pension liability is recognized

(372,224)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 328,710

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



Proprietary Fund Statement of Fund Net Position June 30, 2019

		rise Funds			
	Food Service		After Care	Total	
ASSETS: Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable:	\$	21,169	\$ 68,176	\$	89,345
Federal State		1,212 48	 		1,212 48
Total Current Assets		22,429	 68,176		90,605
Total Assets	\$	22,429	\$ 68,176	\$	90,605
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION: Liabilities: Current Liabilities:					
Interfund Accounts Payable	\$	41	\$ 	\$	41
Total Current Liabilities		41	-		41_
Total Liabilities		41	-		41_
Net Position: Unassigned		22,388	68,176		90,564
Total Net Position		22,388	 68,176		90,564
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	22,429	\$ 68,176	\$	90,605

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

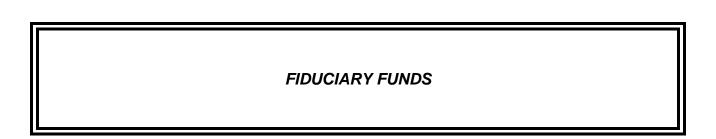
Business-Type Activities

	Enterprise Fund						
	Food Service Program						
	School Nutrition	Fixed Contract Price	After Care Program	Total Enterprise			
	Nutrition	Filce	Cale Flogram	Enterprise			
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for Services: Daily Sales - Reimbursable Program	\$ 63,005			\$ 63,005			
Daily Sales Non-reimbursable Program	6,726		251,598	258,324			
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,137		201,000	2,137			
Wilder in the Control of the Control	2,101			2,101			
Total Operating Revenues	71,868	· 	251,598	323,466			
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries	8,213		173,414	181,627			
Supplies and Materials	2,146		76,369	78,515			
Cost of Sales - Reimbursable Programs	93,246			93,246			
Cost of Sales - Non Reimbursable Programs	2,291			2,291			
Miscellaneous Expenses	5,097			5,097			
Total Operating Expenses	110,993		249,783	360,776			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(39,125)		1,815	(37,310)			
NONODEDATINO DEVENUES							
NONOPERATING REVENUES: Interest Earned							
State Source:				-			
State School Lunch Program	1,438			1,438			
Federal Source:	1,100			1,100			
National School Breakfast Program	4,741			4,741			
National School Lunch Program	34,642			34,642			
Total Nonoperating Revenues	40,821			40,821			
Total Norloperating Revenues	40,021	· 		40,021			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,696	-	1,815	3,511			
TOTAL NET POSITION, JULY 1	20,692		66,361	87,053			
TOTAL NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 22,388	\$ -	\$ 68,176	\$ 90,564			

Proprietary Fund
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Initial Year)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund					Fund
	Food After					
		Service		Care		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers and Employees		73,288 (110,952)	\$	251,598 (249,783)	\$	324,886 (360,735)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		(37,664)		1,815		(35,849)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received From State And Federal Reimbursements		40,821				40,821
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		40,821				40,821
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash And Cash Equivalents		3,157		1,815		4,972
Cash And Cash Equivalents, Beginning Of Year		18,012		66,361		84,373
Cash And Cash Equivalents, End Of Year	\$	21,169	\$	68,176	\$	89,345
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss) Used in Operating Activities Increase in Receivables From Other Governments Increase (Decrease) In Interfund Payable Decrease In Accounts Payable	\$	(39,125) 1,420 41	\$	1,815	\$	(37,310) 1,420 41
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	(37,664)	\$	1,815	\$	(35,849)

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Con	mployment npensation surance	Agency Fund		
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	34,118	\$	28,275	
Total Assets		34,118	\$	33,459	
LIABILITIES: Interfund Accounts Payable Due to Student Groups			\$	23,485 9,974	
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$	33,459	
NET POSITION: Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Unemployment Claims Unreserved		31,727 2,391			
Total Net Position	\$	34,118			

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Com	nployment pensation surance
ADDITIONS: Employee Contributions Interest Income	\$	6,740 440
Total Additions		7,180
DEDUCTIONS: Total Deductions		<u> </u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		7,180
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		26,938
NET POSITION - END OF THE YEAR	\$	34,118

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The financial statements of the Board of Education (Board) of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accounting standard-setting body responsible for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Charter School is an instrument of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. Its mission is to establish a charter school to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students. The Charter School will integrate a holistic curriculum, utilize learner center techniques, family and care giver centered approaches, comprehensive community involvement, cutting edge technology and an intimate nurturing environment that will enhance positive self-images.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Charter School-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activity of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activity of the Charter School at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activity of the Charter School and for each function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements: During the fiscal year, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the Charter School's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey Charter Schools to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No. 34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter School financial reporting models.

The Charter School reports the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The general fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School and is used to account for all expendable financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay sub-fund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

General Fund (Continued)

that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by Board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>: The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, debt service or the enterprise funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund: Not Applicable.

Debt Service Fund: Not Applicable.

The Charter School reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise (Food Service and After Care) Fund: The enterprise fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the Charter School's Food Service operations, and After School Care services. These funds are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the Charter School reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School on behalf of others which includes Net Payroll Fund, Payroll Agency Fund, Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund and Student Activities Fund.

C. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus (Continued)

Charter School-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; the enterprise fund and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures. The Charter School is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable". Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the Charter School follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. Charter Schools also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Board has elected not to follow FASB guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting except for special revenue funds. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. All budget amendments/transfers must be approved by School Board resolution.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Appropriations, except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances, and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The capital projects fund presents the remaining project appropriations compared to current year expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The following presents a reconciliation of the special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting:

	 2018	0		
Total Revenues & Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 135,449	\$	234,432	
Adjustments: Less Encumbrances at June 30, 2018	-		-	
Plus Encumbrances at January 0, 1900 Total Revenues and Expenditures	 -		-	
(GAAP Basis)	\$ 135,449	\$	234,432	

E. Encumbrances Accounting

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Encumbrances Accounting (Continued)

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund for which the Charter School has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end. The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the Charter School - wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Inventories:

Inventory purchases, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

Capital Assets:

The Charter School has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

All reported capital assets except for land are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful				
	<u>Lives</u>				
Office & Computer Equipment	10-15				
Instructional Equipment	10				
Grounds Equipment	15				

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlement received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the Charter School - wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds.

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Charter School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Charter School's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance Reserves:

The Charter School reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion which is available for appropriation in future periods. A fund balance reserve has been established for encumbrances.

Revenues — Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: interest and tuition.

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the Charter School, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Charter School reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Allocation of Indirect Expenses (Continued)

Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation, and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense that could not be attributed to a specific function is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accrued Salaries and Wages:

Certain Charter School employees who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year have the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. New Jersey statutes require that these earned but undisbursed amounts be retained in a separate bank account.

G. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During fiscal year 2019, the District adopted the following GASB statements as required:

Other accounting standards that the Charter School is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

There are no recently issued and adopted accounting pronouncements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The GASB has issued the following Statements that will become effective for the Charter School for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2019

GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.

GASB No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

Cash and cash equivalents includes amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

GASB Statement No. 40 replaces in part, and otherwise modifies the prior GASB Statement No. 3, in addressing the requirements for disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments.

As a result of GASB 40, effective June 15, 2004, custodial credit risk disclosures are limited to deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized; (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. Investment securities that are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. The previous GASB Statement No. 3 disclosures generally referred to as Category 1 and Category 2 deposits and investments are eliminated. However, GASB No. 40 does not change the required disclosure of authorized investments or the requirements for reporting certain repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and it maintains, with modification, the level-of-detail disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

Deposits

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits (Continued)

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- d. The Charter School had no investments as of June 30, 2019. Cash and cash equivalents of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	General	Specia	ı l	Pro	prietary	Fiduciary	
	Fund	Revenu	ue		Fund	Funds	Total
Operating	_						
Account	\$ 1,074,574	\$ 17,42	23_	\$	89,345	\$62,393	\$1,243,735

e. The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 was \$1,243,735 and the bank balance was \$1,484,212. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey statutes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Although GASB Statement No. 40 eliminated Categories 1 and 2 as previously established by GASB Statement No. 3, it maintained, with modification, the level-of-disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

As of June 30, 2019, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and modified by GASB Statement No. 40, and as such, are deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name, both at year-end and throughout the year.

New Jersey Cash Management Fund

All investments in the Fund are governed by the regulations of the Investment Council, which prescribe specific standards designed to insure the quality of investments and to minimize the risks related to investments. In all the years of the Division of Investment's existence, the Division has never suffered a default of principal or interest on any short-term security held by it due to the bankruptcy of a securities issuer; nevertheless, the possibility always exists, and for this reason a reserve is being accumulated as additional protection for the "Other-than-State" participants. In addition to the Council regulations, the Division sets further standards for specific investments and monitors the credit of all eligible securities issuers on a regular basis.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School had no funds on deposit with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019, consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants, and miscellaneous.

All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Gov	ernmental	Governmental		
		Fund	Wide		
	F	inancial	Financial		
	St	tatements	Statements		
State Aid	\$	364,231	\$	364,279	
Federal Aid		-		1,212	
Other		-			
Gross Receivables		364,231		365,491	
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-			
Total Receivables, Net	\$	364,231	\$	365,491	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4: <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES</u>

Transfers between funds are used to repay expenses paid by another fund.

The following interfund balances remained on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2019:

	Interfund		lr	nterfund
Fund	Re	eceivable	F	Payable
General Fund	\$	35,765	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund				17,423
Proprietary Fund				41
Fiduciary Fund		5,184		23,485
		_		
Total	\$	40,949	\$	40,949

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Site Improvements	\$	894,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	894,800
Machinery and Equipment		65,036		-		-		65,036
Totals at Historical Cost		959,836		-		-	_	959,836
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Site Improvements		89,480		59,654		-		149,134
Machinery and Equipment		19,511		13,007		-		32,518
Total Accumulated Depreciation		108,991		72,661		-		181,652
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,								
Net of Accumulated Depreciation		850,845		(72,661)		-		778,184
Government Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$	850,845	\$	(72,661)	\$	-	\$	778,184

On January 11, 2001, the NJ State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500. Applying the higher capitalization threshold retroactively (removal of old assets from the General Fixed Assets Account Group) will be permitted by the State regulations in situations where (1) the assets have been fully depreciated, or (2) the assets have exceeded their useful lives. The retirement of machinery and equipment is due to the retroactive application of the higher threshold of equipment capitalization. That is, the Charter School has removed from their records assets with a historical cost greater than \$500 but not greater than \$2,000 that were fully depreciated or had exceeded their useful lives.

Depreciation expense of \$72,661 was charged to an unallocated function.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 6: RENTAL LEASES

By way of Lease Agreement dated April 23, 2015, the Charter School leased new space for their school operations at a new building located at 150 Pierce Street, Somerset, NJ. Term of the lease is for five (5) years with successive options to renew. The rental payments amounted to \$942,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

June 30,	Annual Rent			
2020 to 2031	\$900,000			
Thereafter	\$4,921,569			

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS

Substantially all the Board's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey; or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP).

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees; Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 50 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer allocations and the schedule of pension amounts by employer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PERS or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PERS or the participating employers. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PERS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are based on the ratio of the contributions of an individual employer to the total contributions to PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer may result in immaterial differences.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (Continued)

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarially determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2018 are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2018, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarially determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$98,847 for fiscal year 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported a liability of \$ 1,926,971 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Charter School's proportion was 0.00978670% which was an increase of 0.00218841% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$ 70,390 At June 30, 2018, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in Assumptions	\$	317,533	\$	616,143
Changes in Proportion	\$	-	\$	9,936
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,165,877	\$	67,492
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$	36,748	\$	18,075
	\$	1,520,158	\$	711,646

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.48, 5.57, 5.72 and 6.44 years for the 2018,2017,2016,2015, and 2014 amounts, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Proportion (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30,	Total			
2019	\$	13,374		
2020		(18,517)		
2021		(132,779)		
2022		(115,095)		
2023		(36,855)		
	\$	(289,871)		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2017 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2017. This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 1.65-4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65-5.15% based on age

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employees Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are setback 2 years for males and females and in addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and a one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for the future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rates used to value disable retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 01, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash Equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	8.25%	13.08%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20 Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal The State employer contributed 40% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan investments was applied to projected benefit payment through June 30, 2046. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension</u> Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018							
		1%		Current		1%	
		Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase	
		(4.66%)		(5.66%)		(6.66%)	
CS / District's proportionate share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	2,422,921	\$	1,926,952	\$	1,510,867	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017							
1% Current 1%							
	Decrease Discount Rate Increase						
		(4.00%)		(5.00%)		(6.00%)	
CS / District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	2,194,266	\$	1,768,759	\$	1,414,260	
r Chistori Liability	Ş	2,134,200	Ą	1,700,733	ې	1,414,200	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u>

Pension Description

The State of New Jersey, Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Benefit Provided

The vesting and benefit provision are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested of 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, member's beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows in resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The employer and nonemployer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonempoyer are based on the ratio of the State's actual contributions made as an employer and nonemployer adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2018. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

Contributions

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which included the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For Fiscal year 2018, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarially determined amount.

Special Funding Situation

The Employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School.

This note discloses the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal year ended 2019, the State of New Jersey contributed \$ 18,631 to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is less than the contractually required contribution of \$ 120,828

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As June 30, 2018, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School was \$ 8,267,981

The employee contribution rate was 6.92% effective July 1, 2014. Subsequent increases after October 1, 2011 are being phased in over 7 years effective on each July 1st to bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of base salary as of July 1, 2018.

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Charter School's proportion was 0.0129983%, which was an increase of 0.0022381% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District	 8,267,981
Total	\$ 8,267,981

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School in the amount of \$ 196,459 and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 financial statements.

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 11,053,759,853	\$ 18,078,750,001
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,420,239,017	96,229,812
Changes in Proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		5,793,830
	\$ 12,473,998,870	\$ 18,180,773,643

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The \$12,473,998,870 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions will be amortized over a period of 8.5 years. The \$18,180,773,643 reported as deferred inflow of resources resulted from the difference between projected and actual.

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Thereafter	\$ 401,574,312 208,932,249 (222,922,941) (149,225,008) (735,040,983) (3,210,092,402)
	\$ (3,706,774,773)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Salary Increases:

2012-2021 Varies based on experience Thereafter Varies based on experience

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments (7.00% as of June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. .The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 is summarized in the following table:

Long-Torm

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate – TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was (4.86%) as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2017 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20 Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based upon the contribution rates in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 40% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the longterm expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension</u> Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018							
		1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease (3.86%)		Discount Rate (4.86%)		Increase (5.86%)		
CS / District's proportionate share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	9,803,061	\$	8,293,755	\$	7,042,577	
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017							
	1% Current 1%						
		Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase	
		(3.25%)		(4.25%)		(5.25%)	
CS / District's proportionate share of the Net						·	
Pension Liability	\$	8,650,625	\$	7,281,479	\$	6,153,570	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

C. <u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u>

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The contribution policy is set by the New Jersey Statutes and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by the State of New Jersey regulation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-ofliving adjustments and noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

For DCRP, the Charter School did not recognize any pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. There were no employee contributions to DCRP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The school is in a "special funding situation, as described in GASB Statement No. 75 in that OPEB contributions and expense are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other postemployment (health) benefits for State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan. The State Health

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information About the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A 52:14- 17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

Active plan member	217,131
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	145,050
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	
Total	362,181

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information About the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.50%			
		TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases				
Through 2026		1.55% to 4.55% based on years of service	2.15% to 4.15% based on age	2.10% to 8.98% based on age
Rate thereafter		2.00% to 5.45% based on years of service	3.15% to 5.15% based on age	3.15% to 9.98% based on age

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 201 2 - June 30, 2015, July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013, and July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014 for TPAF, PFRS and PERS, respectively.

100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage are assumed to continue with that coverage. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement, having a coverage blend of 85% and 15% in PPO and HMO, respectively.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) medical benefits, this amount initially is 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after nine years. For self-insured post-65 PPO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information About the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Health Care Trend Assumptions (continued)

For health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is in initially 5.9% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after nine years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

Discount rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 1,940,554
Service cost	353,571
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	81,381
Difference between expected and actual experience	(511,445)
Effect of Changes of Assumptions	(187,547)
Contributions - Employee	1,510
Gross Benefits Paid by the State	(43,701)
Net Changes	(306,231)
Balance at June 30, 2018	 1,634,323

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		FISC	2018							
		At 1%		At current		At 1%				
	Decr	ease (2.87%)	discou	int rate (3.87%)	ate (3.87%) Incr					
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,932,102	\$	1,634,323	\$	1,397,619				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information About the OPEB Plan (Continued)

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018								
	 At 1%				At 1%				
	 decrease	T	rend Rate	Increase					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,350,863	\$	\$ 1,634,323		2,009,210				

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the Charter School recognized OPEB expense of \$ 374,820 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Statement 75, in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At June 30, 2017 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 d Outflows esources	Of Resources			
Difference between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ -	\$	158,648		
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on					
OPEB Plan Investments	-		-		
Assumption Changes			(573,806)		
Sub Total	 -		(415,158)		
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year 2019 after					
June 30, 2018 Measurement Date	N/A		N/A		
Total	-		(415,158)		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information About the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ending June 30	
2019	\$ (64,692)
2020	\$ (64,692)
2021	\$ (64,692)
2022	\$ (64,692)
2023	\$ (64,692)
Total Thereafter	\$ (201,530)
	\$ (524,989)

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, student accident, and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method." Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The table is a summary of charter school contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the charter school's expendable trust for the current and previous year:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance (Continued)

	Ch	narter							
Fiscal	School		Em	nployee	Ar	nount	Ending		
Year	_ Contr	ibutions	Contributions		Rein	nbursed	Balance		
2017-2018	\$	-	\$	6,174	\$	-	\$	26,938	
2016-2017		-		5,652		-		20,531	
2015-2016		-		4,809		-		14,870	

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

General Fund

Of the \$1,497,928 fund balance total in General Fund at June 30, 2019, \$0 is unreserved and undesignated.

NOTE 11 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Thomas Edison Smart Charter School's management has informed us that there are no significant events that need to be disclosed after the balance sheet date through the date of the audit which was November 27, 2019.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II

SECTION C – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

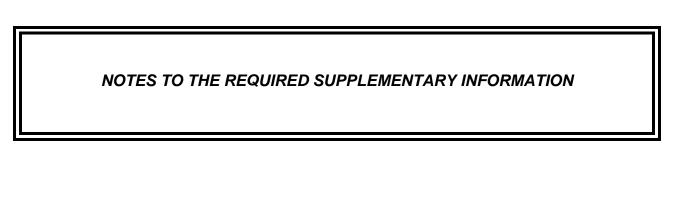
	 Original Budget		Budget Transfers	Final Budget		Actual	Variance al to Actual
REVENUES:							
Local Levy Budget: District Equalization - Charter School Aid	\$ 5,637,942	\$	(255,843)	\$ 5,382,099	\$	5,382,173	\$ 74
Total Local Levy	 5,637,942	_	(255,843)	5,382,099		5,382,173	 74
Categorical Aid:							
Equalization Aid	690,676		(39,363)	651,313		652,994	1,681
Special Education Aid	88,077		(6,261)	81,816		81,816	-
Categorical Security Aid	 54,934	_	(9,495)	 45,439		45,291	 (148)
Total Categorical Aid	 833,687	_	(55,119)	 778,568		780,101	 1,533
Revenues From Other Sources: Transportation Fees							
Interest Income						00.000	00.000
Miscellaneous Revenue						36,832	36,832
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Aid (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Aid (Non-Budgeted)						286,978 130,173	286,978 130,173
On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Aid (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Aid (Non-Budgeted)						1,169	1,169
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)			_	 		145,222	145,222
Total Revenues From Other Sources	 -		-	 		600,374	 600,374
Total Revenues	 6,471,629		(310,962)	 6,160,667		6,762,648	 601,981
EXPENDITURES:							
Instruction:							
Salaries of Teachers	2,023,316		(81,070)	1,942,246		1,839,965	102,281
Other Salaries for Instruction	94,200		8,850	103,050		87,823	15,227
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	54,599		(15,153)	39,446		27,803	11,643
Other Purchased Services	61,000		(23,450)	37,550		34,620	2,930
General Supplies	138,000		26,000	164,000		102,447	61,553
Textbooks	150,000		(60,000)	90,000		74,121	15,879
Miscellaneous	 52,000		(4,000)	 48,000		35,287	 12,713
Total Instruction	 2,573,115		(148,823)	 2,424,292	_	2,202,066	 222,226
Administration:							
Salaries - General Administration	315,306		7,121	322,427		322,127	300
Salaries of Secretarial/Clerical Assistants	145,822		(50,622)	95,200		92,200	3,000
Total Benefits Cost	948,225		(5,232)	942,993		803,212	139,781
Purchases Prof/Tech Services	64,600		(15,000)	49,600		20,764	28,836
Other Purchased Services	9,000		3,350	12,350		5,169	7,181
Communications/Telephone	25,000			25,000		17,244	7,756
Supplies and Materials	34,000		(5,000)	29,000		12,370	16,630
Miscellaneous Expenses	 31,500		(5,000)	 26,500		19,719	 6,781
Total Administration	 1,573,453		(70,383)	 1,503,070		1,292,805	 210,265

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued from Prior Page)	Original Budget		Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Final to Actual	
Support Services: Salaries Purchased Prof/Ed Services Rental of Land and Buildings Other Purchased Services Transportation-Other Than To/From School Insurance for Property, Liability and Fidelty Supplies and Materials Energy Costs (Heat and Electricity)	\$	692,901 123,000 942,000 157,400 25,000 38,510 73,500 120,000	\$	(23,775) (2,849) (16,050) 23,000 (33,963) (15,000)	\$	669,126 120,151 942,000 141,350 48,000 38,510 39,537 105,000	\$	633,242 71,609 942,000 110,937 39,274 37,600 6,256 89,722	\$	35,884 48,542 - 30,413 8,726 910 33,281 15,278
Total Support Services		2,172,311		(68,637)		2,103,674		1,930,640		173,034
Capital Outlay: Instructional Equipment Miscellaneous Expenses										
Total Capital Outlay										
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Contributions (Non-Budgeted) Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)								286,978 130,173 1,169 145,222		(286,978) (130,173) (1,169) (145,222)
Total Expenditures		6,318,879		(287,843)		6,031,036		5,989,053		41,983
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		152,750		(23,119)		129,631		773,595		643,964
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		725,739				725,739	_	724,333	_	(1,406)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$	878,489	\$	(23,119)	\$	855,370	\$	1,497,928	\$	642,558
Recapitulation of Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Budgeted Fund Balance	\$	878,489	\$	(23,119)	\$	855,370	\$	1,497,928	\$	642,558
Total	\$	878,489	\$	(23,119)	\$	855,370	\$	1,497,928	\$	642,558

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	riginal Budget	•		Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance Final to Actual		
REVENUE SOURCES:									
Federal	\$ 135,449	\$ 7,30	86	\$	142,817	\$	142,817	\$	
Total Revenues	135,449	7,30	68		142,817		142,817		-
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:									
Salaries	57,834	(58	80)		57,254		57,254		-
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	7,401	(10	02)		7,299		7,299		-
General Supplies	 13,000	1,50	61		14,561		14,561		-
Total Instruction	 78,235	8	79		79,114		79,114		
Support Services:									
Salaries	32,047	3,03	33		35,080		35,080		-
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	 25,167	3,4	56		28,623		28,623		-
Total Support Services	 57,214	6,4	89_		63,703		63,703		
Total Expenditures	 135,449	7,30	68_		142,817		142,817		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -		\$	-	\$		\$	-

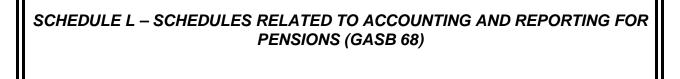


Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

			General Fund			Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources	FO 41	Φ.	0.700.040	FO 01	Φ.	4.40.047
Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the	[C-1]	\$	6,762,648	[C-2]	\$	142,817
budgetary comparison schedules						
Difference - Budget to GAAP						
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from						
GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as						
expenditures, and the related revenue is						
recognized						
Total revenues as reports on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance -						
governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$	6,762,648	[B-2]	\$	142,817
Uses/Outflows of resources						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from						
the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	\$	5,989,053	[C-2]	\$	142,817
Differences - Budget to GAAP:						
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed						
for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial accounting purposes.						
Total avagaditures as reported on the statement of						
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances -						
governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$	5,989,053	[B-2]	\$	142,817

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III



THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2017			2018		2019						
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00619008%		0.007598290%		0.009786700%						
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,183,048	\$	1,779,917	\$	1,926,971						
Charter School's covered employees payroll	\$	1,080,422	\$	1,254,656	\$	563,019						
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll		109%		142%		342%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		38.21%		31.20%		31.20%						

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	F	iscal Ye	ar Ending June 3	30,	
	2017		2018		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 46,641	\$	78,372	\$	98,847
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (48,449)		(78,372)		(98,847)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ (1,808)	\$		\$	
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$ 1,080,422	\$	1,254,656	\$	563,019
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.32%		6.25%		17.56%

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,										
		2017		2018		2019					
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable of the Charter School		0.01293490%		0.01076024%		0.01299832%					
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	\$	6,537,215	\$	7,254,944	\$	8,267,981					
Charter School's covered employees payroll	\$	4,209,720	\$	2,744,160	\$	2,025,078					
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll		155.29%		264.38%		408.28%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a p ercentage of the total pension liability		22.33%		22.33%		25.41%					

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		F	iscal Ye	ear Ending June 3	0,	
	2017			2018		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	58,423	\$	120,828	\$	120,828
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(7,746)		(12,168)		(18,631)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	50,677	\$	108,660	\$	102,197
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	4,209,720	\$	2,744,160	\$	2,025,078
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.39%		4.40%		5.97%



Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School Required Supplementary Information Schedules Schedule of Changes in the Charter School's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Years Ending	
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period		\$ 1,870,227	\$ 1,940,554
Service cost		427,500	353,571
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		64,873	81,381
Difference between expected and actual experience	NOT AVAILABLE		(511,445)
Effect of Changes of Assumptions		(378,754)	(187,547)
Contributions - Employee		1,655	1,510
Gross Benefits Paid by the State		(44,947)	(43,701)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	NOT AVAILABLE	70,327	(306,231)
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	NOT AVAILABLE	1,870,227	1,940,554
Total OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period	1,940,554	1,940,554	1,634,323

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms:

None

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences:

There is no change in the Total OPEB Liability from June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017 due to differences in expenses and actual experiences. The decrease in liability from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 is due to changes in census, claims and premiums experience

Changes in Assumptions:

The decrease in the liability from June 30,2016 to June 30, 2017 is due to the increase in the assumed discount rate from 2.85% to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 and as of June 30, 2018, respectively.

The decrease in the liability from June 30,2017 to June 30, 2018 is due to the increase in the assumed discount rate from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018; and a decrease in the assumed health care cost trend and excise tax assumptions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION III

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.00% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.66% as of June 30, 2018 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.25% as of June 30, 2017 to 4.86% as of June 30, 2018 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SECTION E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL

Special Revenue Fund
Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2		9,000) -)	NCLB			
		NCLB	I.D.E.A.		Title II	NCLB		Grand
		Title I	Part B		Part A	Title IV		Total
REVENUE SOURCES: State								1
Federal	↔	53,780	\$ 67,177	€	11,860	\$ 10,000	\$	142,817
Total Revenues		53,780	67,177		11,860	10,000	0	142,817
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries Purchased Prof/Tech Services General Supplies		41,054	16,200		7,299	10,000	0	57,254 7,299 14,561
Total Instruction		41,054	16,200	_	11,860	10,000	0	79,114
Support Services: Salaries Personal Services - Employee Benefits		12,726	35,080 15,897					35,080 28,623
Total Support Services		12,726	50,977					63,703
Total Expenditures		53,780	67,177		11,860	10,000	0	142,817
Total Outflows		53,780	67,177	. 1	11,860	10,000	0	142,817
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	↔		· •	ഗ	,	₩	↔	

SECTION G – PROPRIETARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Charter School's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund – The fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools within the Charter School.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5, AND B-6.

SECTION H - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for funds received by the school for a specific purpose.

Unemployment Insurance Compensation Trust Fund – This expendable trust fund is used to account for deductions from employee's salaries which are utilized to pay unemployment compensation claims as they arise.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Student Activity Fund – This agency fund is used to account for student funds held at the schools.

Payroll Fund – this agency fund is used to account for payroll transactions of the Charter School.

Fiduciary Funds
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
As of June 30, 2019

	T	rust	Agency											
	Comp	ployment pensation urance		Payroll gency		Net Payroll		HRA		Student ctivities		Total Agency Fund		
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Interfund Accounts Receivable	\$	34,118	\$	6,447	\$	2,038		15,000	\$	4,790 5,184	\$	28,275 5,184		
Total Assets		34,118	\$	6,447	\$	2,038	\$	15,000	\$	9,974	\$	33,459		
LIABILITIES: Interfund Accounts Payable Due to Student Groups		_	\$	6,447	\$	2,038		15,000	\$	- 9,974	\$	23,485 9,974		
Total Liabilities			\$	6,447	\$	2,038	\$	15,000	\$	9,974	\$	33,459		
NET POSITION: Reserved for Unemployment Claims		34,118												
Total Net Positioin	\$	34,118												

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

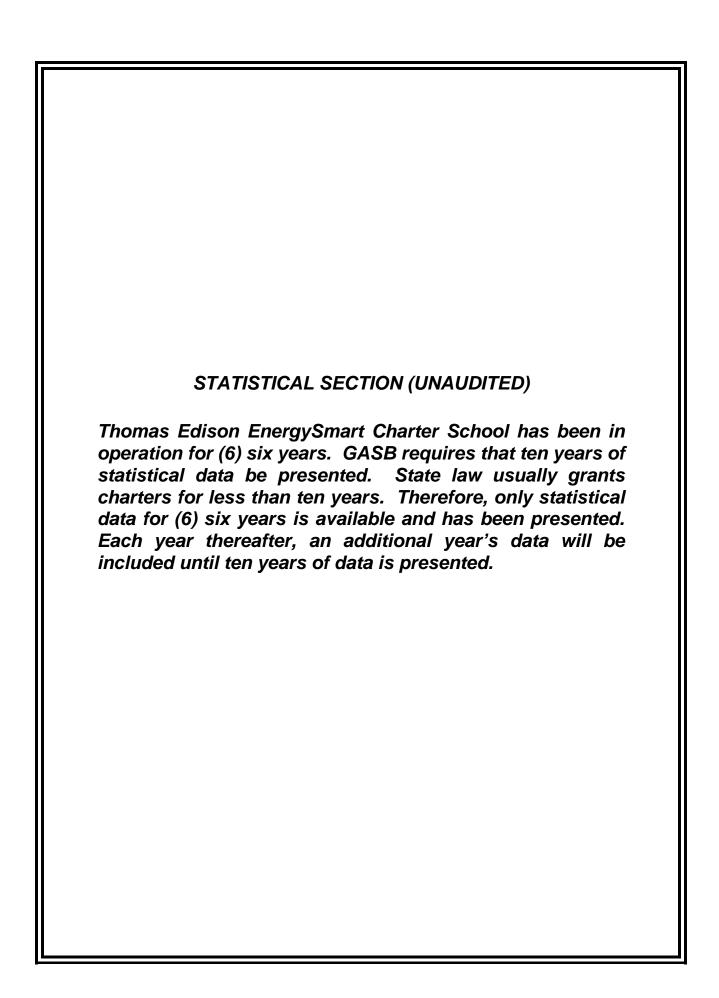
	Unemployment Compensation Insurance	_
ADDITIONS: Employee Contributions Interest Income	\$ 6,740 440	_
Total Additions	7,180	_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,180	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	26,938	-
NET POSITION - END OF THE YEAR	\$ 34,118	

Fiduciary Funds
Student Activity Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	lance 1, 2018	R	Cash eceipts	Disb	Cash ursements	alance 30, 2019
School Activities	\$ 4,710	\$	32,351	\$	32,271	\$ 4,790
Total	\$ 4,710	\$	32,351	\$	32,271	\$ 4,790

Fiduciary Funds Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	alance / 1, 2018	Cash Additions	Cash Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,447	1,375,673	1,375,673	\$	6,447
Total Assets	\$	6,447	\$ 1,375,673	\$ 1,375,673	\$	6,447
LIABILITIES: Interfund Accounts Payable	_\$	6,447	1,375,673	1,375,673	\$	6,447
Total Liabilities	\$	6,447	\$ 1,375,673	\$ 1,375,673	\$	6,447



Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School Statistical Section

J series

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the charter school's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Not Applicable to Charter School)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Charter School's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the charter school's current levels of outstanding debt and the charter school's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the charter school's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the charter school's financial report relates to the services the charter school provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year. The charter school implemented GASB Statement 34 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007; schedules presenting charter school-wide information include information beginning that year.



Net Position by Component Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets/	\$	770 404	\$	850.845	\$	923.506	æ		¢		¢	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	Ф	778,184 379,469	Ф	(21,902)	Ф	923,506	Ф	1,625,304	Ф	1,388,438	Ф	1,245,555
	_		_		Φ.		•		Φ.	_ 	•	
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	1,157,653	\$	828,943	\$	1,014,939	\$	1,625,304	<u>\$</u>	1,388,438	\$	1,245,555
Business-Type Activities Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	<u>\$</u>	90,564 90,564	\$	87,053 87,053	\$	90,927 90,927	\$	59,470 59,470	\$	64,993 64,993	\$	53,237 53,237
Charter School-wide Net Investment in Capital Assets/ Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	\$	778,184 470,033	\$	850,845 65,151	\$	923,506 182,360	\$	- 1,684,774	\$	- 1,453,431	\$	- 1,298,792
Total Charter School-wide Net Position	\$	1,248,217	\$	915,996	\$	1,105,866	\$	1,684,774	\$	1,453,431	\$	1,298,792

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Changes in Net Position Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

		Fiscal Year E	ndino	June 30,								
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Expenses												
Governmental Activities:												
Instruction	\$	2,737,551	\$	2,311,840	\$	2,387,217	\$	1,867,532	\$	1,641,953	\$	1,292,254
Administration		1,997,111		1,979,769		888,203		744,866		475,208		372,854
Support Services		2,144,252		2,137,695		1,960,585		1,010,051		969,028		736,575
Capital Outlay		, , , -		-		-		50,000		100,000		13,671
Unallocated		72,661		72,661		36,330		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	_	6,951,575		6,501,965		5,272,335		3,672,449		3,186,189		2,415,354
										_		
Business-Type Activities:												
Food Service and School Store		360,776		360,380		85,281		80,752		71,905		52,102
Total Business-Type Activites Expenses		360,776		360,380		85,281		80,752		71,905		52,102
Total Charter School Expenses	\$	7,312,351	\$	6,862,345	\$	5,357,616	\$	3,753,201	\$	3,258,094	\$	2,467,456
Program Revenues												
Business-Type Activities:												
Charges for Services	\$	362,150	\$	355,376	\$	81,805	\$	52,103	\$	52,695	\$	42,360
Total Business-Type Activites Expenses		362,150		355,376		81,805	Ψ	52,103	<u> </u>	52,695		42,360
Total Charter School Program Revenues	\$	362,150	\$	355,376	\$	81,805	\$	52,103	\$	52,695	\$	42,360
· ·		<u>, </u>	=	<u>, </u>	_	<u>, </u>	=	<u>, </u>	_	<u>, </u>		
Net (Expense)/Revenue												
Governmental Activities	\$	(6,951,575)	\$	(6,501,965)	\$	(5,272,335)	\$	(3,672,449)	\$	(3,186,189)	\$	(2,415,354)
Business-Type Activities		1,374		(5,004)		(3,476)		(28,649)		(19,210)		(9,742)
Total Charter School-wide Net Expense	\$	(6,950,201)	\$	(6,506,969)	\$	(5,275,811)	\$	(3,701,098)	\$	(3,205,399)	\$	(2,425,096)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets/Position												
Governmental Activities:												
General Purposes	\$	5,382,173	\$	4,636,573	\$	4,150,205	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Federal and State Aid Not Restricted	Ψ	1,861,280	Ψ	1,668,075	Ψ	948,238	Ψ	710,818	Ψ	468,867	Ψ	443,808
Investment Earnings		1,001,200		1,000,010		545		7 10,010		-100,007		1 10,000
Miscellaneous Income		36,832		11,322		9,295		3,198,497		2,860,205		2,462,871
Total Governmental Activities		7,280,285		6,315,970		5,108,283		3,909,315		3,329,072		2,906,679
Total Gotominona / total list		.,200,200	_	0,010,010		0,100,200		0,000,010		0,020,012		2,000,0.0
Business-Type Activities:												
Miscellaneous Income		2,137		1,130		168,884		112,434		90,634		77,779
Total Business-Type Activities		2,137		1,130		168,884		112,434		90,734		77,779
Total Charter School-wide	\$	7,282,422	\$	6,317,100	\$	5,277,167	\$	4,021,749	\$	3,419,806	\$	2,984,458
Change in Net Assets/Position												
Governmental Activities	\$	328,710	\$	(185,995)	\$	(164,052)	\$	236,866	\$	142,883	\$	491,325
Business-Type Activities	•	3,511	•	(3,874)	•	165,408	•	83,785	•	71,524	•	68,037
Total Charter School	\$	332,221	\$	(189,869)	\$	1,356	\$	320,651	\$	214,407	\$	559,362
		-										

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

			Fi	scal Year En	ding	June 30,		
	 2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014
General Fund Unassigned	\$ 1,497,928	\$ 724,333	\$	537,646	\$	1,625,204	\$ 1,388,438	\$ 1,245,555
Total General Fund	\$ 1,497,928	\$ 724,333	\$	537,646	\$	1,625,204	\$ 1,388,438	\$ 1,245,555

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

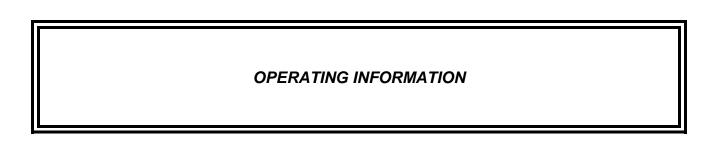
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014
Revenues:								
Local Sources:								
Local Tax Levy	\$	5,382,173	\$ 4,636,573	\$ 4,150,205	\$ 3,198,497	\$ 2,860,205	\$	2,462,871
Interest In Investments		-	-	545	-	-		-
Miscellaneous		36,832	11,322	9,295	-	-		-
State Sources		1,343,643	1,049,979	999,480	642,008	432,965		360,209
Federal Sources		142,817	135,449	84,432	68,810	35,902		83,599
Total Revenues	_	6,905,465	5,833,323	 5,243,957	 3,909,315	3,329,072		2,906,679
Expenditures:								
Instruction		2,281,180	1,989,011	2,235,983	1,576,931	1,426,489		1,094,572
Administration		1,856,347	1,643,508	1,278,921	1,127,531	750,758		630,787
Support Services		1,994,343	2,014,116	1,842,449	918,087	908,942		676,324
Capital Outlay		-	-	974,162	50,000	100,000		13,671
Total Expenditures	_	6,131,870	5,646,635	6,331,515	3,672,549	3,186,189	_	2,415,354
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	773,595	\$ 186,688	\$ (1,087,558)	\$ 236,766	\$ 142,883	\$	491,325

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source Last Two Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

	Annual	Total		36,832	11,322
				↔	
	Miscellaneous	Revenue		36,832	11.322
	Σ			s	
	Prior Year	Refunds		1	1
	_			↔	
Sale and	Leaseback of	Textbooks		٠	٠
	Le	_		↔	
Sale of	Capital	Assets		•	٠
				⇔	
		Donations		•	•
				↔	
		Rentals		•	
		_		↔	
Fiscal Year	Ending	June 30,		2019	2018
			1		

Source: Charter School records



Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function Last Six Years

Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Instruction	34	34	25	25	25	17
Administrative	5	5	4	4	4	4
Support Services	13	14	9	9	9	6
Total	52	53	38	38	38	27

Source: Charter School Personal Records

Source: Charter School's Records

Operating Statistics Last Six Years

Student Attendance Percentage	97.25%	93.09%	93.65%	97.89%	98.13%	97.46%
Percent Change in Average Daily Enrollment	8.18%	10.71%	26.45%	14.51%	16.28%	%00.0
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) °	495	438	398	329	288	246
Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) ^c	509	470.5	425	336.1	293.5	252.4
Niddle School	12:1	12:1	12:1	12:1	18:1	15:1
Teaching Staff ^b	34	25	25	25	4	14
Percentage Change	0.49%	-4.89%	16.92%	2.71%	10.14%	0.00%
Cost Per Pupil	\$ 12,047	\$ 11,989	\$ 12,606	10,781	\$ 10,497	\$ 9,530
Operating Expenditures ^a	\$ 6,131,870	5,646,635	5,357,353	3,622,549	3,086,189	2,401,683
Enrollment	509	471	425	336	294	252
Fiscal Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual final Charter School count.

- a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

 b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certified staff.

 c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from School Register Summary (SRS).

School Building Information Last Five Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Charter School Building			· -		
Middle School					
Square Feet	60,000	60,000	20,000	20,000	12,000
Capacity (students)	526	476	426	336	294
Enrollment	510	469	425	336	293

Number of Schools at June 30, 2019 Middle School = 1

Source: Charter School's Records

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2019

	Coverage	Deductible
Commercial Package - NJSIG:		
Property - Blanket Building and Contents	\$500,000,000.00	\$1,000.00
Accounts Receivable	\$250,000.00	\$1,000.00
Automobile Physical Damage	None	None
Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$200,000.00	\$1,000.00
Comprehensive General Liability - NJSIG:		
Occurrence Limit	\$11,000,000.00	None
Automobile Liability	\$11,000,000.00	None
Employee Benefit Liability	\$11,000,000.00	\$1,000.00
Worker's Compensation - NJSIG:		
Statutory Benefits	Included	
Employer's Liability	\$2,000,000.00	
Supplemetal Indemnity Coverage	Included	7 Day Waiting Period
School Leaders Errors & Omissions - NJSIG:		
Limit Each Loss	\$11,000,000.00	\$5,000.00
Crime - NJSIG:		
Blanket Employee Dishonestly	\$250,000.00	\$1,000.00
Computer Fraud	\$250,000.00	\$1,000.00
Forgery	\$250,000.00	\$1,000.00
Theft/Disappearance/Destruction:		
Inside	\$50,000.00	\$500.00
Outside	\$50,000.00	\$500.00
Public Official Bonds - NJSIG:		
Board Secretary	\$180,000.00	\$500.00

Source: Charter School's Records

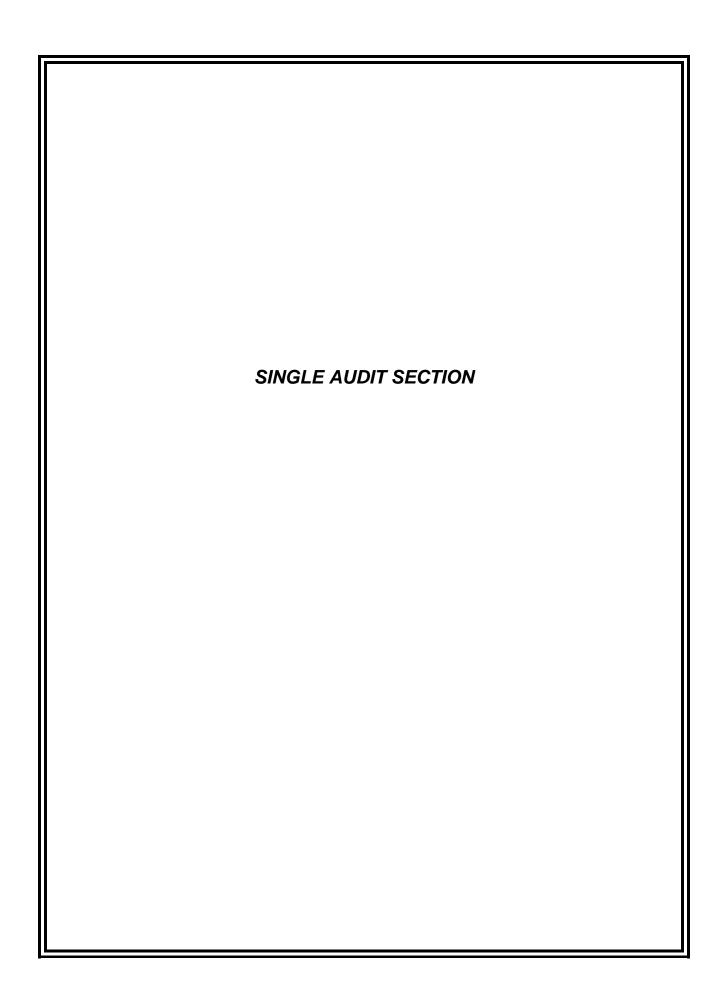
THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL
Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators
Fiscal Ratios
Last Three Fiscal Years

	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	\$ 270,656	\$ 195,010	\$ 1,163,919	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets (includes CASH)	859,376	861,084	1,632,475	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Assets	2,791,578	3,183,245	3,930,817	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	230,803	49,698	43,983	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Liabilities	350,819	498,490	2,682,600	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Net Assets	1,105,866	912,996	1,248,217	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Revenue	5,358,972	6,672,476	7,644,572	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Total Expenses	5,937,875	6,862,345	7,312,351	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Assets	(578,903)	(189,869)	332,221	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Depreciation Expense	•	•	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Expense	•	-	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Principal Payments	-	•	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Payments	-	•	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Final Average Daily Enrollment	425.00	470.50	200.00	DOE Enrollment Reports
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment	425	475	495	Charter School Budget

,							
		RAT	IOS ANALYSIS	S			
Near Term	Near Term Indicators	2017	2018	2019	3 YR CUM	Source:	Target
1a.	Current Ratio	3.72	17.33	37.12	10.33	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1
1b.	Unrestricted Days Cash	16.64	10.37	58.10	29.57	Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	30-60
1c.	Enrollment Variance	100%	%66	103%	101%	101% Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>95%
1d.*	Default	ΝΑ	N/A	N/A		Audit	not in default
Sustainab	ustainability Indicators						
2a.	Total Margin	-11%	-3%	4%	-5%	Change in Net Assets/Total Revenue	positive
2b.	Debt to Asset	0.13	0.16	89.0	0.4	Total Liabilities/Total Assets	6:>
2c. **	Cash Flow	270,656	(75,646)	606'896	1,163,919	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive
						(Change in Net Assets+Depreciation+Interest	
2d.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	N/A	NA	N/A		Expense)/(Principal & Interest Payments)	>1.10

Is school in default of Ioan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? Yes or No 2019 = 2019 Cash - 2018 Cash

charterfinance@doe.state.nj.us Refer questions to



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School County of Somerset Somerset, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School (Charter School), in the County of Somerset, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weakness. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

We also noted other matters that we reported to the Board of Trustees of the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School in a separate report entitled, Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings dated November 27, 2019.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant License Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey November 27, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 15-08

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School County of Somerset Somerset, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program.

We have audited the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School's compliance, with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey Compliance Manual "State Grant Compliance Supplement" that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Charter School's major state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

The Charter School's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of State Aid*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred.

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School, in the County of Somerset, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance as required by the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 are presented for purposed of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibilities of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results that the testing based on the requirements of NJOMB 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LL©
Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant License Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey November 27, 2019

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Awards	õ
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Sched	Fort

	Federal	Federal	Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/				Repayment	Ba	Balance at June 30, 2019	19
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA	FAIN	Project Number	Award Amount	Grant Period From Tc	eriod To	Balance at June 30, 2018	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments	Of Prior Years' Balances	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education															
Passed-through State Department of Education															
Special Revenue Fund:															
Title I Part A	84.010A	S010A150030	NCLB - 6081 - 19 \$	53,780	7/1/18	6/30/19 \$		•	\$ 53,780	\$ (53,780)	•	•	•	•	· •9
Title II Part A	84.367A		NCLB - 6081 - 19	11,860	9/1/18	8/31/19			11,860	(11,860)					
Title IV Safe & Drug Free	84.186A		NCLB - 6081 - 19	10,000	9/1/18	8/31/19			10,000	(10,000)					
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):															
I.D.E.A. Part B Basic	84.027	H027A150030	IDEA - 6081 - 19	67,177	7/1/18	6/30/19			67.177	(67.177)					
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)							•		67,177	(67,177)		•		•	•
Total Special Revenue Fund						I			142,817	(142,817)					
U.S. Department of Agriculture															
Enterprise Fund:															
School Breakfast Program	10.553	16161NJ304N1099	ΝA	4,741	7/1/18	6/30/19			4,608	(4,741)			(133)		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	16161NJ304N1099	N/A	3,932	7/1/17	6/30/18	(231)		231						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	16161NJ304N1099	N/A	34,642	7/1/18	6/30/19			33,562	(34,642)			(1,080)		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	16161NJ304N1099	N/A	33,527	7/1/17	6/30/18	(2,339)		2,339						
Total Enterprise Fund							(2,570)		40,740	(39,383)			(1,213)		
Sub-Total Federal Financial Awards						4	(0.570)	€5	183 557	(182 200)	e	4	(1213)	4	4

THOMAS EDISON ENERGYSMART CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditues of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 Initial Year

					Balance at June 30, 2018	ie 30, 2018					Ba	Balance at June 30, 2019	0	MEMO	Q
State Grantov/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Gran	Grant Period	Deferred Revenue (Accounts Receivable)	Due to Grantor	Carryover/ (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments/ Repayment of Prior Year's Balance	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenue/ Interfund Payable	Due to Grantor	Budgetary Receivable	Cumulative Total Expenditures
State Department of Education General Fund: General Fund: Since Ad-Palio Custor Equalization Aid Special Custor Aid Security Aid Special Education Aid Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-078 19-495-034-5120-089 19-495-034-5120-084	652,894 81,816 45,291	7/1/18 7/1/18 7/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19				652,994 81,816 45,291 780,101	(652,994) (81,816) (45,291) (780,101)						652,994 81,816 45,291 780,101
Norqualis Add On-Basill The Long-Torm Disability Add (Non-Budgeted) On-Basill The Post-Reterented Medical Add (Non-Budgeted) On-Basill The Pressor Add (Non-Budgeted) Rembused TPA - Social Security	19-495-034-5095-004 18-495-034-5095-003 19-495-034-5095-001 19-495-034-5095-002	1,169 130,173 286,978 145,222	7/1/18 7/1/18 7/1/18 7/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19				1,169 130,173 286,978 145,222	(1,169) (130,173) (286,978) (145,222)						1,169 130,173 286,978 145,222
Total General Fund				·				1,343,643	(1,343,643)						1,343,643
State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund: National School Lunch Program (State State) National School Lunch Program (State State)	19-100-010-3350-023 18-100-010-3350-023	1,500	7/1/18	6/30/19	(110)			1,390	(1,438)		(48)			110	1,438
Total Enterprise Fund				·	(110)			1,500	(1,438)		(48)			110	1,438
Total State Financial Assistance					\$ (110)			1,345,143	\$ (1,345,081) \$		\$ (48)			\$ 110	\$ 1,345,081
State Financial Assistance Not Subject To Major Program Determination:															
On-Behali TPAF Long-Term Disability Aid (Non-Budgeted) On-Behali TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Aid (Non-Budgeted) On-Behali TPAF Pension Aid (Non-Budgeted)	19-495-034-5095-004 18-495-034-5095-003 19-495-034-5095-001	1,169 130,173 286,978	7/1/18 7/1/18 7/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19				1,169 130,173 286,978	(1,169) (130,173) (286,978)	ĺ	Ĭ				
Total State Financial Assistance Subject To Single Audit				"	(110)			926,823	(926,761)		(48)			110	1,345,081

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures
Of Awards and Financial Assistance
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state award activity of the Board of Trustees, Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School. The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the Board's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of awards and financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of, the basic financial statements. This does not apply to charter schools as districts are not permitted to defer the June payments to charter schools.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the one or more deferred June state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes payments are not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the one or more June state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the one or more June state aid payment in the current budget year, consistent with *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-4.2.

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures
Of Awards and Financial Assistance
June 30, 2019

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is none for the general fund and none for the special revenue fund. See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -	1,343,643	\$ 1,343,643
Special Revenue Fund	142,81	7 -	142,817
Food Service Fund	39,38	3 1,438	40,821
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$ 182,20	0 \$ 1,345,081	\$ 1,527,281

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. FEDERAL AND STATE LOAN OUTSTANDING

Thomas Edison EnergySmart Charter School has no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 6. OTHER

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2019. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures
Of Awards and Financial Assistance
June 30, 2019

NOTE 7. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions payments are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 8. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs as defined in OMB Circular A-133; amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. This being the first year of operations for the charter school, there were no such schoolwide programs.

Program	Total
Title I, Part A: Grants to Local Education Agencies	\$ 53,780
Title II, Part A: Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	 11,860
Total	\$ 65,640

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended **June 30, 2019**

Section I	 Summary of Auditor's Re 	esults	
<u>Financial Statements</u> Type of auditors' report issued on finance	ial statements		<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting: 1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified the be material weaknesses?	at are not considered to	Yes	None _ <u>X</u> _ Reported
Noncompliance material to basic financi noted?	al statements	Yes	X No
State Awards			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw Type B programs:	veen Type A and		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>X</u> Yes	No
Internal control over major programs:			
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified the be material weaknesses?	at are not considered to	Yes	None <u>X</u> Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on complete	liance for major programs		<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are req accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter		Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of major state programs:			
GMIS Number(s)	Nam	e of State Progr	am
	STATE AID - P	UBLIC CLUSTER	2
19-495-034-5120-078	EQUALI	ZATION AID	
19-495-034-5120-089	SPECIAL EDUC	CATION CATEGO	ORICAL AID
19-495-034-5120-084	SECURI	TY AID	
19-495-034-5120-078	OTHER	STATE AID	

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Prepared by Management For the Fiscal Year Ended **June 30, 2019**

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the basic financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No Current Year Findings.

Section III – Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies audit findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200 section .516 of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08.

No Current Year Findings.

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Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended **June 30, 2019**

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of Government Auditing Standards, USOMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, (511 (a)(b) and NJOMB's Circular 15-08.

No Prior Year Findings