COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF NEW JERSEY FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

IN	TTD			\mathbf{ODV}	CEC	ΓΙΟN
111	1 I N	עט	$\cup \cup \bot$	UNI	DEC.	

Rost	er of Transmittaler of Trustees and Officers	6
FIN	ANCIAL SECTION	
-	pendent Auditor's Report on General Purpose Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	
Basi	c Financial Statements:	
A. S	School-wide Financial Statements	
	Statement of Net Position	
B. F	Fund Financial Statements:	
	ernmental Funds:	
B-2	Balance Sheet	24
ъ		23
_	orietary Funds: Statement of Net Position	26
B-5	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	27
B-6	Statement of Cash Flows	28
Fidu	ciary Funds:	
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Note	es to Financial Statements	31
Requ	uired Supplementary Information - Part II	
C. E	Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund	

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

Note	es to Required Supplementary Information:	
C-3	Budget to GAAP Reconciliation	66
Req	uired Supplementary Information - Part III	
L. S	Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68):	
	Schedule of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-PERS	
	Schedule of Charter School Contributions - PERS	
	Schedule of the Charter School Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-TPAF	
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedules	
L-3	Schedule of Changes in the State's Total Of LB Elability and Related Ratios	/ 1
Oth	er Supplementary Information	
E. 5	Special Revenue Fund:	
E-1	Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures,	
	Special Revenue Fund - Budgetary Basis	
E-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Preschool Education Aid	73
G. 1	Proprietary Funds:	
Ente	erprise Fund:	
	Combining Statement of Net Position	
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	
G-3	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	76
	uciary Funds:	
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
	Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements	
H-4	Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements	80
H-5	Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund	81
J. F	Financial Trends:	
J-1	Net Position by Component	82
J-2	Changes in Net Position	
J-3	Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
J-4	Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental funds	85
J. F	Revenue Capacity:	
J-5	General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source	86
	Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	87

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

J-7	Direct and Overlapping Properties	88
J-8	Principal Property Taxpayers	89
J. D	Debt Capacity:	
J-9	Property Tax Levies and Collections	90
J-10	- · ·	
J-11	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
J-12	=	
J. D	Demographic and Economic Information:	
J-13	Legal Debt Margin Information	94
J-14	Demographic and Economic Statistics	95
Ι. (On anoting Information.	
	Operating Information:	
J-15	1 1 2	
J-16		
J-17		
J-18	ϵ	
J-19	1	
J-20	Insurance Schedule	101
J. C	Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators:	
J-21	Near Term Indicators	102
J-22		
SIN	IGLE AUDIT SECTION K.	
K-1	Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of	
	Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	104
K-2	Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal	
	Control Over Compliance in Accordance with The Uniform Guidance and New Jersey	
	OMB Circular letter 15-08	
K-3	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule A	
K-4	Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Schedule B	
K-5	Notes to the Schedule of Awards and Financial Assistance	
K-6		
K-'/	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	117



December 12, 2019

Commissioner New Jersey Department of Education 100 Riverview Executive Plaza CN 500 Trenton, NJ 08625

Dear Commissioner:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Philip's Academy Charter School for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2019, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the school. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the school. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the school's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter and list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report. The statistical section includes audited data from the school's first six fiscal years. The school is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the requirements of 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (U.S. Uniform Guidance), "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments." Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations is included in the single audit section of this report.

1) <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u> The Philip's Academy Charter School constitutes an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All funds and account groups of the entity are included in this report.

Philip's Academy Charter School commenced the 2018/2019 school year with 486 students. The school served 360 students from pre-kindergarten to the fifth grade and 126 students from the sixth to eighth grade.

2) <u>ENROLLMENT OUTLOOK:</u> Philip's Academy Charter School projected 522 students for the 2019/2020 school year. As of October 15, 2019, enrollment for the 2019/2020 school year is 516 students.

3) MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Goal	High Quality Instruction will be demonstrated by 75% or more of teachers' annuals ending in a valid "Effective" or "Highly Effective" rating by June of 2019
	• At least 75% of teachers will meet their Student Growth Objectives in the 2018-19 school year.
Measure	iReady Assessment and/or Content based summative assessment
Target	75% or more
Actual Outcome	For the 2018-2019 school year, 80% of teachers met their SGO. Of this number, 8 out of 40 teachers partially met. Overall, our GOAL HAS BEEN MET.

Philip's Academy's 2018/2019 graduates matriculated to the following competitive secondary schools:

Private Day and Boarding:

George School – 1

Lawrenceville - 1

Newark Academy - 2

Peddie School – 1

Perkiomen School - 1

Rutgers Prep – 1

Seton Hall Prep – 3

West Nottingham – 1

Total 11

These graduates will receive \$307,690 in financial aid.

Parochial Schools:

Immaculate Conception – 1

Roselle Catholic – 2

Science High - 1

St. Benedict's -3

Union Catholic – 2

Total - 9

Competitive Public and Charter High Schools:

Arts High School – 1 Newark Tech - 1 Total – 2

Demand for Seats at Philip's Academy

Philip's Academy is in the top five first choice schools among Newark charter schools. There are currently over 1,480 students on our waiting list.

4) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived: and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the school also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the school management.

As part of the school's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the school has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) **BUDGETARY CONTROLS:** In addition to internal accounting controls, the school maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the school and the State of New Jersey. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal period is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balances at June 30, 2019.

6) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS: The Charter Schools' accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the school is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 1.

7) <u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL PERIOD–END:</u> As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of the report, the school has met its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the General, Special Revenue and Enterprise funds for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2019.

Revenue	Amount	Percent of Total		
Local	\$867,882	11%		
State	4,273,311	53.5%		
Federal and State Aid	2,279,929	28.5%		
Misc.	25,132	1.0%		
Enterprise Fund	538,984	6.0%		
Total	\$7,985,238	100%		

The following schedule presents a summary of the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Enterprise Fund Expenditures for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2019.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total		
Current - General Fund	\$6,183,309	79%		
Special Revenue	1,114,877	14%		
Enterprise Fund	538,984	7%		
Total	\$7,837,170	100%		

- 8) CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the school is guided in large part by the state Statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 2. The school had adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with failed banking institutions in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- 9) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT:</u> The school carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, and hazard and theft insurance on property and contents.

10) OTHER INFORMATION:

<u>Independent Audit</u> – State statutes require an annual audit by an Independent Certified Public Accountant or Registered Municipal Accountant. The Accounting firm of Gerald D. Longo, CPA was selected by the Charter School.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the state statutes, the Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Yasmeen Sampson

Principal

Thigdalin Dal

School Business Administrator

Board Secretary

ROSTER OF TRUSTEES JUNE 30, 2019

BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM EXPIRES
Tammie Reid, President, Voting	6/2021
K. Anthony Thomas, Vice President, Voting	6/2020
Elizabeth Abitanto, Voting	6/2020
Dale Anglin, Voting	6/2019
Homere Breton, Voting	6/2021
Kevin Callaghan, Voting	6/2021
John Hintze, Voting	6/2019
Joy Lindsay, Voting	6/2021
Jennifer Robinson, Voting	6/2020
Yasmeen Sampson, Principal, Non-voting	
Migdalia Dale, School Business Administrator, Non-voting	

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS June 30, 2019

AUDIT FIRM

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ATTORNEYS

Isabel Machado Machado Law Group, LLC 136 Central Avenue, 2nd Fl Clark, NJ 07066

OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY

Santander Bank 4261 Route 9 North Howell, NJ 07731



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 62 OLD QUEENS BLVD. MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

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FAX 732 792-0868

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Philip's Academy Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Philip's Academy Charter School, County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Philip's Academy Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management,

as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Philip's Academy Charter School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, which follows this report, the pension and post-employment benefits schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-5 and the related notes and the budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School basic financial statements, The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary schedules such as the combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my

opinion, the supplementary schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other information such as the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 12, 2019 on my consideration of the Philip's Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Philip's Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

Leval V Cong

December 12, 2019

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

This section of Philip's Academy Charter School's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal period that ended on June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Board's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2019-20 fiscal period include the following:

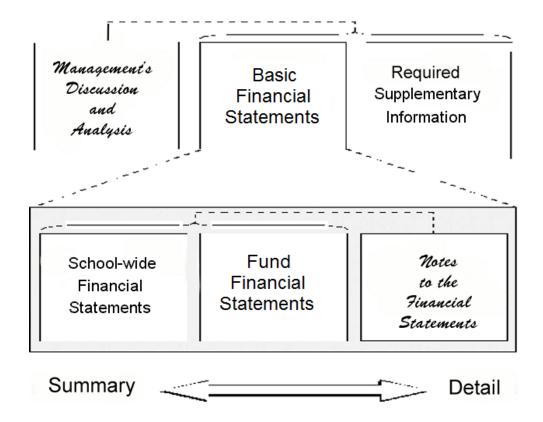
- Total Net Position (deficit) at June 30, 2019 was \$(1,565,746).
- The unrestricted General Fund balance at June 30, 2019 is \$192,335.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information that includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Philip's Academy Charter School.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Figure A-1. Required Components of the Board's Annual Financial Report



- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Philip's Academy Charter School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Philip's Academy Charter School, reporting the Philip's Academy Charter School's operation in more detail than the school-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the Food Service activities the Philip's Academy Charter School operates like businesses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide data that are more detailed. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Philip's Academy Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Philip's Academy Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 - Major Features of the School-wide and Financial Statements

	School-wide <u>Statement</u> s	Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds				
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Philip's Academy Charter School that are for the school operations and not proprietary or fiduciary, such as teachers' salaries, special education and building maintenance, food service, and community education	Activities the Philip's Academy Charter School operates similar to private businesses: Internal service fund			
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of net position			
statements	Statement of activities	Statement of revenue expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position			
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon there after; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term			
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

School-wide Statements

The school-wide statements report information about the Philip's Academy Charter School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Philip's Academy Charter School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the Philip's Academy Charter School's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the Philip's Academy Charter School's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the Philip's Academy Charter School's financial health or position.

In the school-wide financial statements, the Philip's Academy Charter School's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities- Most of the Philip's Academy Charter School's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, and community education. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities- The Philip's Academy Charter School's Food Service Fund is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Philip's Academy Charter School's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Philip's Academy Charter School as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the Philip's Academy Charter School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

• Some funds are required by State law.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

The Philip's Academy Charter School use other funds, established in accordance with the State of New Jersey Uniform Chart, to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (e.g., federal funds).

The Philip's Academy Charter School has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds- Most of the Philip's Academy Charter School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Philip's Academy Charter School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Proprietary funds** Services for which the Philip's Academy Charter School charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the school-wide statements.
- **Fiduciary funds** The Philip's Academy Charter School is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others such as scholarship fund, payroll and payroll agency funds, and student activity funds. The Philip's Academy Charter School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Philip's Academy Charter School's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. I exclude these activities from the Philip's Academy Charter School's government-wide financial statements because the Philip's Academy Charter School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net position. The Philip's Academy Charter School's net position (deficit) is (\$1,565,746) as of June 30, 2019. (See Table A-1).

Governmental

(\$1,565,746)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

The Philip's Academy Charter School's financial position is the product of these factors:

- Special Revenue Revenues and Expenditures were \$1,114,877.
- General Fund Revenues were \$6,311,377.
- General Fund Expenditures were \$6,183,309.

Table A-1 PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position (Deficit) As of June 30, 2019

715 of Guile 30, 2017	<u>Total</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$729,609
Deferred Pension Outflows	\$1,604,403
Capital Assets	34,699
Total Assets	\$2,368,711
Current Liabilities	502,575
Other Liabilities - Noncurrent and Deferred Current Inflows	3,397,183
Total Liabilities and Deferred Pension Inflows	3,899,758
Net Assets (Deficit):	
Invested In Capital Assets, Net	34,699
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,600,445)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(\$1,565,746)

Total Governmental and Business Activities revenues & beginning assets are adjusted by net adjusted expenditures resulting in a calculation of net position (deficit) of (\$1,565,746) as of June 30, 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Table A-2 PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Net Position School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues	Total	Percent
Program revenues		
Charges for services		
Operating grants and contributions		
General revenues		
Local Share	\$ 867,882	11%
State Aid-Unrestricted	4,273,311	54%
Federal Aid	363,794	4%
Federal and State Aid-Restricted	1,916,135	24%
Other	25,132	1%
Enterprise Fund	538,984	6%
Total revenues	\$ 7,985,238	100%
Expenses	 	
Regular Instruction	\$ 3,473,460	44%
General Administrative	1,876,513	24%
School Administrative	1,175,797	15%
On-behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical	772,416	9%
Capital Outlay		
Enterprise Fund	538,984	8%
Total expenses	\$ 7,837,170	100%
Increase in net position	148,068	
Fund Balance 07/01/2018	44,267	
Fund Balance 06/30/2019	\$ 192,335	
Capital Assets Net	\$ 34,699	
Net Pension Adjustment (decrease) - Exhibit B-1	(1,827,939)	
Net Position (deficit) 06/30/2019	\$ (1,600,905)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Table A-3 (See Exhibit A-2) PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Total and Net Cost of Services - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Source	Т	otal Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Governmental and Enterprise Fund Activities				
Instruction				
Regular	B-2	\$	3,473,460	\$ 3,473,460
Support Services				
General Administrative Services	B-2		1,876,513	1,911,672
School Administrative Services	B-2		1,175,797	1,175,797
On-behalf TPAF Social Security	B-2		772,416	772,416
Capital Outlay	B-2		-	-
Enterprise Fund	B-2		538,984	538,984
Total Governmental and Enterprise Fund Activities		\$	7,837,170	\$ 7,872,329

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDS

The financial performance of the Philip's Academy Charter School as a whole is reflected in its governmental activities Exhibit A-2. As the Philip's Academy Charter School completed the year, its funds reported a combined fund balance of \$192,335.

Revenues for the Philip's Academy Charter School's governmental funds including the Enterprise Fund were \$7,985,238 while total expenses were \$7,837,170. (Table A-4)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the Philip's Academy Charter School in providing educational services to students from grade PreK through grade 8.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

The following schedule presents a summary of Revenues – School Wide.

Table A-4 (See Exhibit B-2) PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Changes in Revenues - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

General and Enterprise Fund Revenues		Year Ended 06/30/2019	_	ear Ended 6/30/2018]	mount of Increase Decrease)
Local Sources:						
Local Share	\$	867,882	\$	813,560	\$	54,322
State Share		4,273,311		3,685,816		587,495
Misc Revenue		25,132		273		24,859
Total Local Revenue	\$	5,166,325	\$	4,499,649	\$	666,676
Intergovernmental						
State Sources		1,916,135		1,658,541		257,594
Federal Sources		363,794		316,035		47,759
Enterprise Fund		538,984		537,031		1,953
Total Intergovernmental Sources	\$	2,818,913	\$	2,511,607	\$	307,306
Total Revenue	\$	7,985,238	\$	7,011,256	\$	973,982

The following schedule presents a summary of Expenditures – School Wide.

Table A-5 (See Exhibit B-2) PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Expenditures - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

General and Enterprise Fund Expenditures	Year Ended 06/30/2019			ear Ended 6/30/2018	Amount of Increase (Decrease)		
Current:							
Regular Instruction	\$	3,473,460	\$	3,100,022	\$	(373,438)	
General Administrative Services		1,876,513		1,753,338		(123,175)	
School Administration		1,175,797		1,317,523		141,726	
On-behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical		772,416		657,034		(115,382)	
Capital outlay							
Enterprise Fund		538,984		537,031		(1,953)	
Total Expenditures - School Wide	\$	7,837,170	\$	7,364,948	\$	(472,222)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

UNRESERVED-UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF EXPENDITURES

The following table shows the General Fund unreserved-undesignated fund balance.

Table A-6 PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

General Fund	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Unreserved-Undesignated						
Fund Balance	192,335	44,267	399,484	485,609	300,050	75,111
Expenditures	7,837,170	7,364,948	6,114,120	5,316,394	4,501,756	4,443,590
Percentage	2.0%	0.6%	7.0%	9.0%	6.7%	1.7%

The Philip's Academy Charter School values its fund balances as a vehicle for addressing unbudgeted and emergent needs that occur during the school year. The fund balance designated to support the subsequent years budget is \$192,335 for the 2019-20 school year.

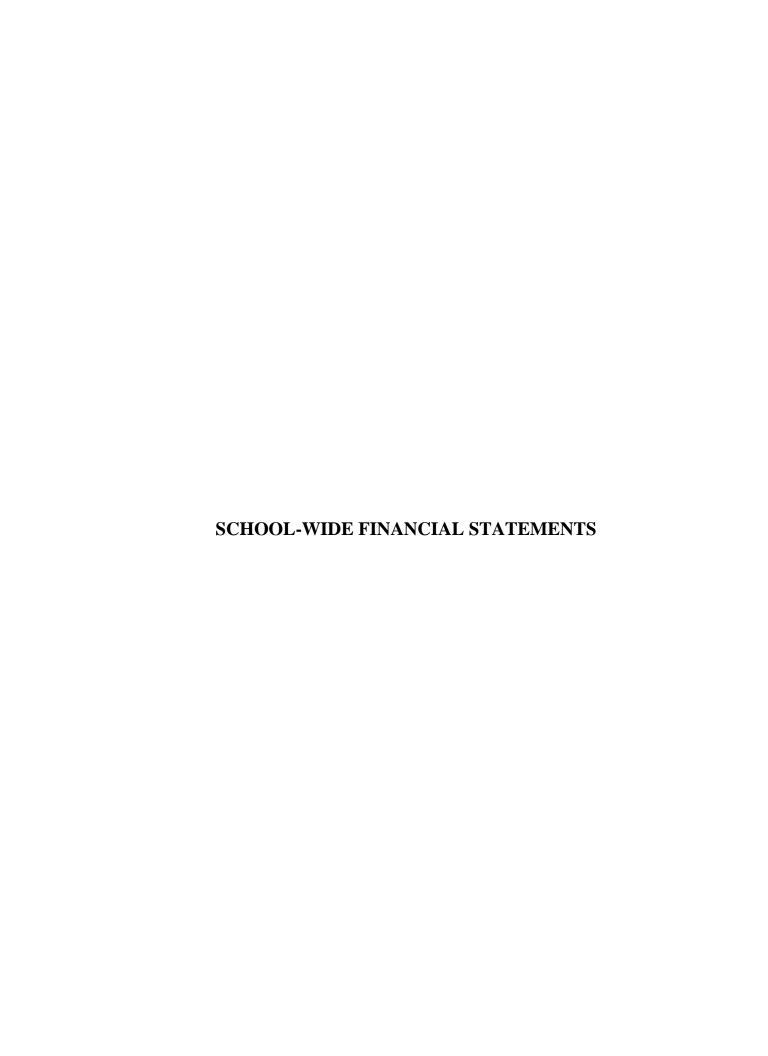
FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

While many factors influence the Charter School's future, the availability of State funding and the economy will have the most impact on educational and fiscal decisions in the future.

These and many other factors were considered by the Charter School's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2019-20 budget. The primary factors were the Charter School's projected student population, anticipated state and federal aid as well as increasing salary and related benefit costs. These indicators were considered when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2019-2020.

CONTACTING THE PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Philip's Academy Charter School's finances and to demonstrate the Philip's Academy Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Philip's Academy Charter School, 342 Central Avenue, Newark, NJ 07103



Statement of Net Position (Deficit) As of June 30, 2019

	 vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 268,718	\$	(136,784)	\$ 131,934
Accounts Receivable	424,992		136,784	561,776
Prepaid Expenses	1,200			1,200
Capital assets, net	 34,699	_	_	 34,699
Total Assets	 729,609		-	 729,609
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension deferred outflows	1,604,403			1,604,403
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,334,012	\$	-	\$ 2,334,012
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 469,397			\$ 469,397
Deferred revenue	33,178			33,178
Net pension liability - non current	1,848,069			1,848,069
Total liabilities	2,350,644		-	2,350,644
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension deferred inflows	 (1,549,114)		-	 (1,549,114)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Invested in capital assets	34,699		-	34,699
Unrestricted (Deficit) (Note 15)	(1,600,445)		0	(1,600,445)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,565,746)	\$	-	\$ (1,565,746)
Fund Balance June 30, 2019 - B-1	\$157,176			
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation	34,699			
Net position (deficit) before pension adjustments	191,875			
Less pension adjustments net (Note 15)	(1,757,621)			
Total net position (deficit) - June 30, 2019	(\$1,565,746)			

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit A-2

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues					Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	•		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
Governmental activities:													
Instruction:													
Regular	\$	(3,473,460)		\$	(907,045)		\$	(2,566,415)		\$	(2,566,415)		
Support services:													
General administatrion		(1,876,513)			(207,832)			(1,668,681)			(1,668,681)		
School administrative services/ operations plant serv.		(1,175,797)						(1,175,797)			(1,175,797)		
On - behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical		(772,416)						(772,416)			(772,416)		
Capital Outlay		-						-			-		
Total governmental activities		(7,298,186)			(1,114,877)	•		(6,183,309)			(6,183,309)		
Business-type activities:						•							
Food Service		(538,984)	(538,984))					(538,984)		(538,984)		
Total business-type activities		(538,984)	(538,984)			•			(538,984)		(538,984)		
Total primary government	\$	(7,837,170)	\$ (538,984)	\$	(1,114,877)		\$	(6,183,309)	\$ (538,984)	\$	(6,722,293)		
	Ge	eneral Fund Reve	nues:										
			Local Share					867,882			867,882		
			State Share					4,273,311	-		4,273,311		
			State and Fede	ral Ai	d			1,178,491	361,953		1,540,444		
			Miscellaneous	Incor	ne			11,693	104,271		115,964		
			Board Subsidy						72,760		72,760		
			Increase in net	Capita	al Outlay			34,699			34,699		
	To	tal GeneralFund	Revenues, spec	ial ite	ns,			6,366,076	538,984		6,905,060		
		Change in Ne	t Position (Incre	ease)				182,767	0		182,767		
	Ne	et Pension Adjust	ment Exhibit B	-1				(322,074)			(322,074)		
	Ne	et Position (Defic	it) - July 1, 201	8				(1,426,439)	0		(1,426,439)		
	Ne	et Position (Defic	it) - June 30, 20	19			\$	(1,565,746)	\$ -	\$	(1,565,746)		

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.





Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2019

	Special				m . 1	
	(General Fund	ŀ	Revenue Fund	Total Funds	
		runu		runu	T unus	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	333,498	\$	(64,780)	268,718	
Receivables, net		246,547		178,445	424,992	
Prerpaid Expenses		1,200			1,200	
Total assets	\$	581,245	\$	113,665	\$ 694,910	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Due to Students					8,083	
Accounts payable		388,910		80,487	469,397	
Deferred revenue				33,178	33,178	
Total liabilities		388,910		113,665	510,658	
Fund Balances:					·	
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances						
Unreserved, reported in:						
General fund		192,335			192,335	
Total Fund balances		192,335			192,335	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	581,245 \$	- \$	113,665	172,333	
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> (A-1) are different because:	in the	statement of net	position	1		
Capital assets used in governmental activities a	re not	financial resour	ces and			
therefore are not reported in the funds. The cos					37,177	
accumulated depreciation					(2,478)	
•						34,699
Net position of governmental activities before	pensio	n adjustments				\$227,034
			N D			
Deferred Outflows related to pension contribut				ision		
Liability measurement date and other deferred						1 604 402
resources and therefore, are not reported in the	fund s	statements. (See	Note 5)			1,604,403
Deferred Inflows related to pension actuarial g	ains fro	om experience a	ınd diffe	rences		
in actual returns and assumed returns and other		•				
liabilities in the fund statements. (See Note 5)			•			(1,549,114)
					_	
Long-term liabilities, including net pension lia	bility,	are not due and	payable	in the		
current period and therefore are not reported as						
(See Note 5)						(1,848,069)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activitie	s - Jun	e 30, 2019				
·					=	

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

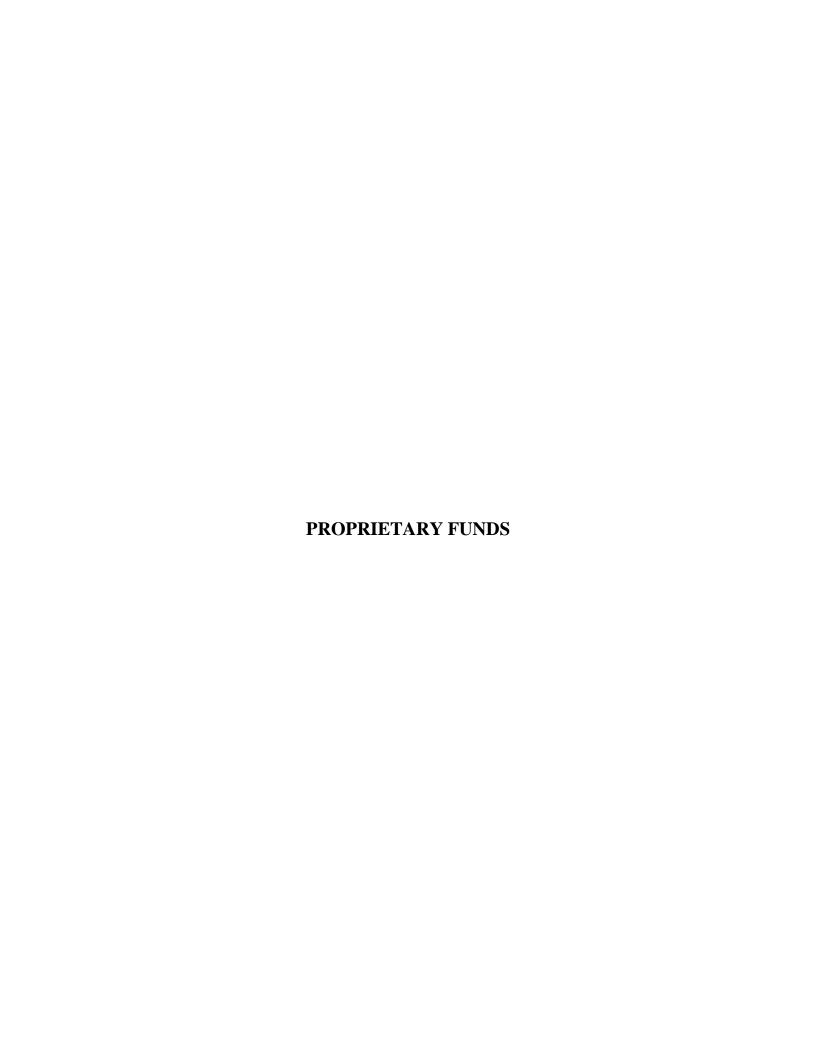
	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Local Share	\$	867,882		\$	867,882
State Share		4,273,311			4,273,311
Miscellaneous		11,693	13,439		25,132
Total - Local Sources		5,152,886			5,152,886
State Sources		1,178,491	737,644		1,916,135
Federal Sources			363,794		363,794
Total Revenues	\$	6,331,377	1,114,877	\$	7,446,254
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Regular instruction	\$	2,566,415	\$ 907,045	\$	3,473,460
Support services- General Administrative		1,668,681	207,832		1,876,513
Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv		1,175,797			1,175,797
On-behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical		772,416			772,416
Capital outlay		-			-
Total Expenditures	_	6,183,309	1,114,877		7,298,186
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		148,068	 		148,068
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-			-
Transfers out		-			-
Total other financing sources and uses		-			-
Net change in fund balances (Increase)		148,068			148,068
Fund balance - July 1, 2018		44,267	 		44,267
Fund balance - June 30, 2019	\$	192,335		\$	192,335

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances (Increase) - governmental funds (from B-2)			\$ 148,068
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period. (Note 2)			
•	preciation expense pital outlays	\$ 37,177 (2,478)	
			\$ 34,699
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, in th activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, including ser interest costs, administrative costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is	rvice and		
by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed d	during the period.	•	(322,074)
Change in net position of governmental activities (decrease) - June 30, 2019			\$ (139,307)

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2019

	A	siness-type Activities erprise funds
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(136,784)
Accounts receivable		20,736
Other receivables		116,048
Total current assets		-
Noncurrent assets:		
Total noncurrent assets		
Total assets	\$	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	-
Total current liabilities		-
Total liabilities		
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets		
Unrestricted		
Total net position	\$	-

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Enterprise Funds Activities
Operating revenues:	
Private Grant	50,000
Daily sales - Reimbursable programs and Special Lunch Program	\$ 54,271
Total operating revenues	104,271
Operating expenses:	
Cost of sales	(538,984)
Salaries and Benefits	-
Supplies, Materials and Other Expenses	-
Total Operating Expenses	(538,984)
Operating income (loss)	(434,713)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
State sources:	
State school lunch program	4,797
Federal sources:	
National school breakfast program	92,274
National Snack Program	8,184
National school lunch program	256,698
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	361,953
Income (loss) before contributions & transfers	(72,760)
Capital contributions	-
Transfers in (out)	72,760
Change in net position	-
Total net position - July 1, 2018	
Total net position - June 30, 2019	\$ -

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Participants	\$	91.724
Private Grant	φ	50,000
Payments to employees and benefits		30,000
Payments to suppliers		(593,100)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u></u>	(451,376)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State and Federal Sources		407,041
Board Subsidy		72,760
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		479,801
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		28,425
Cash and Cash Equivalents—beginning of year		(165,209)
Cash and Cash Equivalents—end of year	\$	(136,784)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:	\$	-
Operating income (loss)	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by		
(used for) operating activities		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net		82,541
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(54,116)
Total adjustments		28,425
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	28,425

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

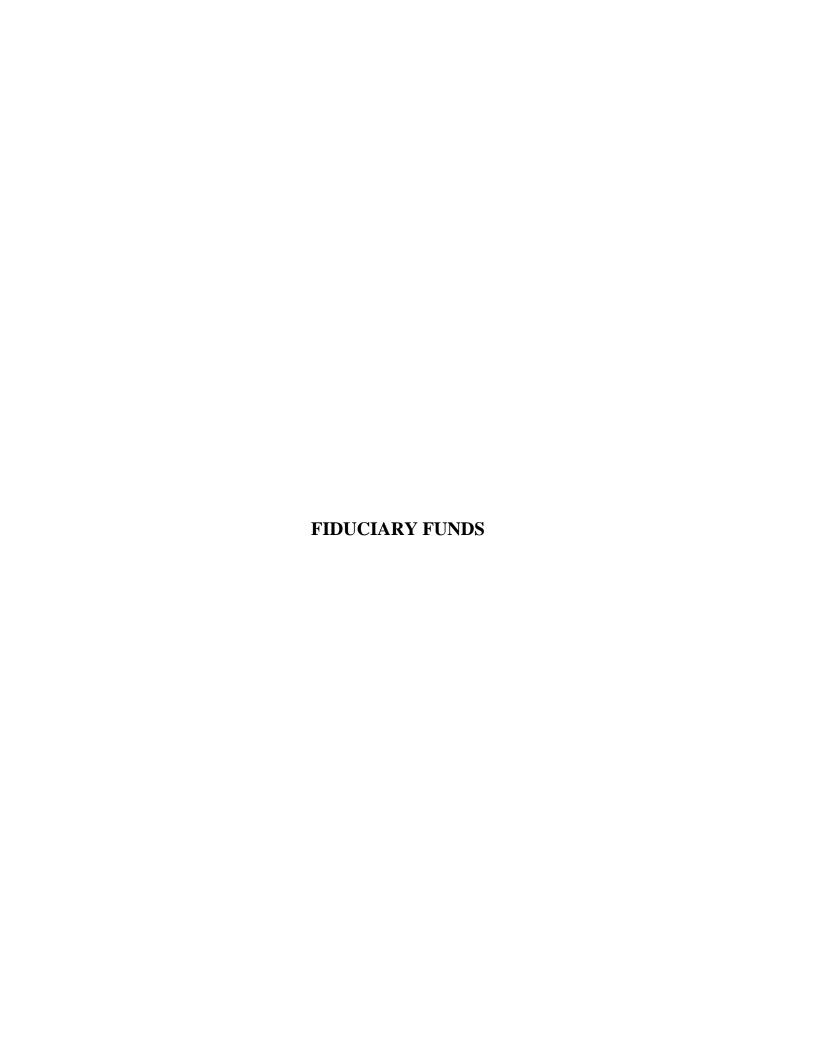


Exhibit B-7

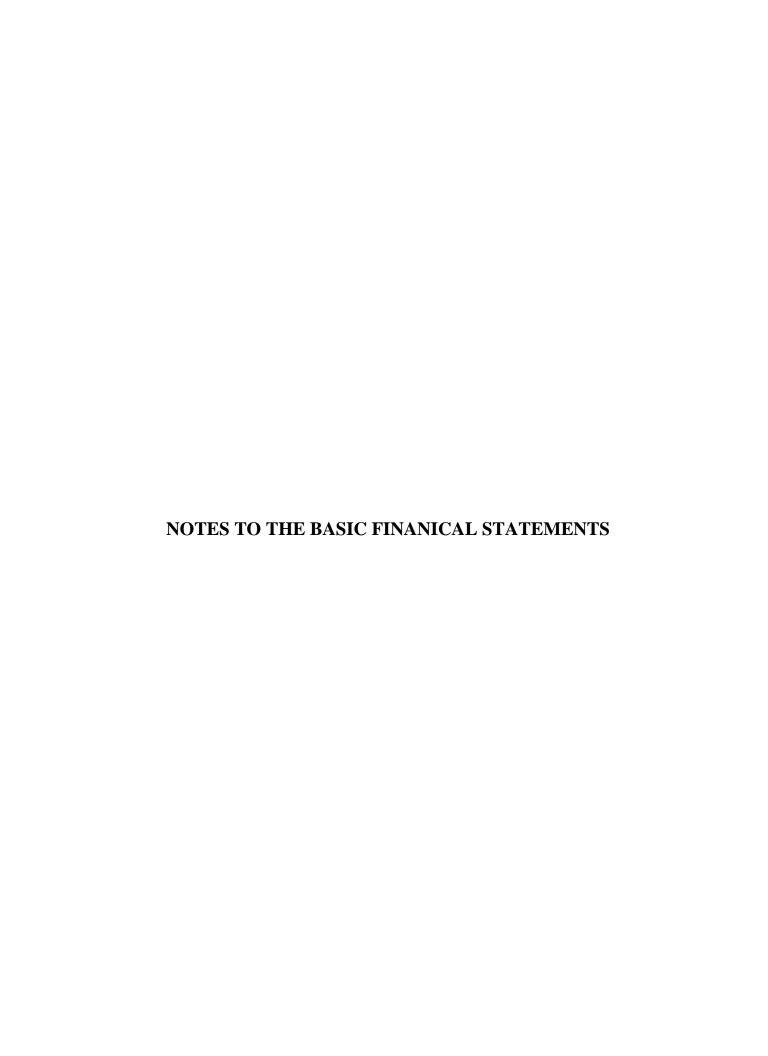
PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

Exhibit B-8

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE



PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY</u>

Philip's Academy Charter School ("Charter School") is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Board of Trustees (the 'Board") consists of appointed officials and are responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School.

A reporting entity is comprised of primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities for the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, section of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do no conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consists of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited expectations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

GASB Pronouncements

Recently Issued Accounting Principles

The GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities in January 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not yet determined the impact of this statement on the financial statements. The GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases in June 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not yet determined the impact of this statement on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements in April 2018. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and establishes additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management has adopted this statement in the 2019 fiscal year and it was determined that it did not have an impact on its financial statements or disclosures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance.

Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Charter School uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds

Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Charter School's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment that are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings that the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, Debt Service of the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Charter School:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that were financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing education basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net position) is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt and unrestricted net position, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Depreciation of fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations.

Fiduciary Funds

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - The Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency Funds include payroll and student activities funds.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Charter School are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of all governmental funds types, expendable trust funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recorded when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Charter School receives a portion of the local tax levy and state aid from school districts based upon the number of enrolled students. The State Department of Education in conjunction with the local Charter School revises the amounts to be received by the Charter School three times a year based upon the enrollment counts on June 1, October 15, and the last day of the school year. The local tax levy and state aid are susceptible to accrual. The Charter School records the entire anticipated local tax levy to be received at the start of the fiscal year based upon the June 1 enrollment count and certification from the New Jersey State Department of Education, since the revenue is both measurable and available. The Charter School is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule, which is revised after each enrollment count date, and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable".

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School will have an accounts receivable or accounts payable based upon the current year final enrollment count.

In its accounting and final reporting, the Charter School follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and its predecessor organizations issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Charter School's proprietary funds have elected not to apply the standards issued by FASB after November 30, 1989.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of proprietary fund types and nonexpendable trust funds. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

E. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue fund as described later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L 2004 c73 (S 1701).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Exhibit C-3 represents a reconciliation of the General Fund revenues and Special Revenue Fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in Exhibit B-2.

F. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, for which the Charter School has received advances, are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end. There were \$-0-of encumbrances at June 30, 2019

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

G. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

I. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Charter School and that are due within one year.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The Charter School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

All reported capital assets except for land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description of Capital Cost	Estimated Lives (Years)
Building and Building Improvements	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	N/A

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation and sick leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

The entire sick leave and vacation liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is in the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. The Charter School had a compensated absence liability of \$0 at June 30, 2019.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities those, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Charter School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

N. Unearned/Deferred Revenue

Unearned/Deferred revenue in the special revenue fund represents cash that has been received but not yet earned.

O. Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

P. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Charter School's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Charter School does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000.00 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Charter School in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled agency funds such as salary withholdings, and student activity funds, or funds that may pass to the Charter School relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2019, none of the Charter School's bank balances of \$395,571 were exposed to custodial risk.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

The Board is permitted to invest public funds in accordance with the types of securities authorized by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37. Examples of the allowable investments are bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, Government Money Market Mutual Funds, bonds or other obligations of the Charter School or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the Charter School is located, Local Government investment pools, and agreements or the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if transacted in accordance with the above statute.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School had no investments.

4. <u>LEASE/RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

The school leases its premises under the terms of the renewable annual lease from Philip's Education Partners, Inc., a not for profit organization formed to support Philip's Academy Charter School. The rent expense for the current year was \$625,000. The rent covered the school premises and the full furniture and fixtures located throughout the school. In the opinion of the Charter School management, the lease approximates fair market rental value. The lease for the 2019 - 2020 is currently in process of negotiation. In addition, the school paid Philip's Education Partners \$387,000 for a services agreement.

5 PENISON PLANS

<u>Description of Plans</u> - Substantially all of the employees of the School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

<u>Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u> - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the School and the systems other related non-contributing employers.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

5 PENISON PLANS (continued)

Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

<u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> - The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u> - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established under the provision of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 to provide coverage to elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one year of membership.

<u>Vesting and Benefit Provisions</u> - The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 43:03B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined.

Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

<u>Significant Legislation</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

5 PENISON PLANS (continued)

<u>Pension Plan Design Changes</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

<u>Funding Changes</u> - Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an open-ended 30 year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2018 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30 year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20 year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the School is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and Schools).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2011 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

5 PENISON PLANS (continued)

PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the School recorded as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2018 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries in the amount of (\$198,997). Also the State representing on-behalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions of (\$441,767), TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions of (\$200,385) and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions of (\$800) for the School. These amounts have been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School.

However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$1,848,069 as measured on June 30, 2017 and \$4,250,676 as measured on June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$712,189 and revenue of \$712,189 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2019 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School. The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

	<u>6/30/2018</u>	<u>6/30/2017</u>
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$12,599,296,329	\$14,251,854,934
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$11,807,233,433	\$11,807,238,433
Collective net pension liability (Nonemployer- State of New Jersey)	\$63,617,852,031	\$67,423,605,859
State's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School	.019203%	.016276%
State's portion of the net pension liability that was		
associated with the Charter School as a percentage of the collective net pension liability	12,216,674	10,973,879

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate: 2.25%

Salary Increases: 2011-2026: 1.55 – 4.55%

Thereafter 2.00 - 5.45%

Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year.

The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the State as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

At 1% decrease (3.86%)	At current discount rate (4.86%)	At 1% increase (5.86%)
\$75,417,894,537	\$63,806,350,446	\$54,180,663,328

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported a liability of \$12,216,674 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the Charter School's proportion was .009386% which was a decrease of (.0069%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 which was .01627%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$392,512. At June 30, 2017, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$35,243	\$9,259
304,531	590,914
-0-	17,335
1,228,942	931,606
35,687	-0-
\$1,264,629	\$1,549,114
	Outflows of Resources \$35,243 304,531 -0- 1,228,942 35,687

A total of \$35,687 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ended June 30, 2019, the plan measurement date was June 30, 2018) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	Year Ended June 30:
	June 201
2019	\$12,826
2020	(17,758)
2021	(127,342)
2022	(110,382)
2023	(35,346)
Total:	(\$278,002)

	6/30/18	6/30/17
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$3,619,985,444	\$6,424,455,842
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$6,581,869,368	\$5,700,625,891
Collective net pension liability (Non State-Local	\$19,869,501,339	\$23,278,401,588
Group)		
Charter schools proportion of net pension liability	1,848,069	1,926,815
Charter School proportion percentage	.009386%	.008277%

Collective Net Pension Liability

Component of Net Pension Liability

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	State	Local	Total
Total pension liability	\$30,434,600,657	\$42,431,573,511	\$72,866,174,168
Plan fiduciary net position	6,730,302,564	22,742,071,972	29,472,374,536
Net pension liability	\$23,704,298,093	<u>\$19,689,501,539</u>	\$43,393,799,632

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 1.65 - 4.15% based on age
Thereafter 2.65 - 5.15% based on age

Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 - 2013 using a Projection Scale AA and a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2017 based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net pension liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	At 1% decrease (4.66%)	At current discount rate (5.66%)	At 1% increase (6.66%)
State	\$27,413,044,035	\$23,704,298,093	\$20,597,322,253
Local	24,757,279,564	19,689,501,539	15,437,959,879
Total	\$52,170,323,599	\$43,393,799,632	\$36,035,282,132

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, calculated using the discount rate of 5% and 3.98%, respectively, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		2018	
	1% Decrease (4.66%)	Current Discount Rate (5.66%)	1% Increase (6.66%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,174,437	\$1,848,069	\$1,520,406
	-	2017	
	1% Decrease (4%)	Current Discount Rate (5%)	1% Increase (6%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,312,238	\$1,926,865	\$1,605,721

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-rprts-home.shtml

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

7 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

<u>State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund)</u>

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148,401 State and local retirees. The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, an increase in the number of participants qualifying for State-paid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been re-measured to \$97.1 billion, an increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the re-measured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017. The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

7 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Inflation rate	2.50%		
	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary increases:			
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.55%	2.15 -4.15%	2.10 - 8.98%
Thereafter	2.00 - 5.45%	based on age 3.15 - 5.15% based on age	based on age 3.10 - 9.98% based on age

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2015, July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014, and July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013 for TPAF, PERS and PFRS, respectively.

100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage are assumed to continue with that coverage. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement, having a coverage blend of 85% and 15% in PPO and HMO, respectively.

(a) Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

(b) Discount rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

7 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

(c) Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 -percentage point lower or 1 - percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2018				
At 1% decrease (2.87%)	At 1% increase (4.87%)			
\$54,512,391,175	\$46,110,332,982	\$39,432,461,816		

(d) Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare trend rate:

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1 -percentage point lower or 1 - percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2018			
Healthcare cost 1% decrease trend rate 1% increa			
Φ20 112 200 045	Φ46 110 022 002	Φ5.6.607.001.002	
\$38,113,289,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$56,687,891,003	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

7 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

	June 30, 2017		
	At 1%	At	At 1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4.58%)
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to			
the State	\$54,512,391,175	\$46,110,832,982	\$39,432,461,816
	June 30, 2018		
	At 1%	At	At 1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to			
the State	\$63,674,362,200	\$53,639,841,858	\$45,680,364,953

<u>Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is I -percentage-point lower or 1 - percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	June 30, 2018		
	1%	Healthcare	1%
	Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	Increase
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the State	\$38,113,289,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$56,687,891,003
	June 30, 2017		
	1%	Healthcare	1%
	Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	Increase
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the State	\$44,113,584,500	\$53,639,841,858	\$66,290,599,451
the state	Ψ11,112,201,200	Ψ33,037,011,030	Ψ00,270,377,131

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

7 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the Charter School recognized OPEB expense of \$542,038 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Statement 75, in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At June 30, 2017 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Assumption Changes		(\$4,476,086,617)
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year Ending 2019 After June 30, 2018 Measurement Date		(\$10,335,978,867)
	\$0	(\$14,812,065,484)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2019	(\$1,825,218,593)
2020	(1,825,218,593)
2021	(1,825,218,593)
2022	(1,825,218,593)
2023	(1,825,218,593)
Thereafter	(5,685,972,069)
	(\$14,812,065,034)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy.

Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days. The Board of the Charter School is currently reviewing the exiting compensated absences policies with the intent of addressing the issues of accumulation and payments upon termination.

As of June 30, 2019, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

9. <u>ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY</u>

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government.

If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

The Charter School's attorney's letter advises that there is no litigation, pending litigation claims, contingent liabilities, unasserted claims for assessments or statutory violations which involved the Charter School and which might materially affect the Charter School's financial position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation - The Charter School has not elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is then billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

12. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2019 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Enterprise <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>\$246,547</u>	<u>\$178,445</u>	<u>\$136,784</u>	<u>\$561,476</u>
<u>\$246,547</u>	<u>\$178,445</u>	<u>\$136,784</u>	<u>\$561,476</u>
	<u>\$246,547</u>	General Revenue \$246,547 \$178,445	General Revenue Fund \$246,547 \$178,445 \$136,784

13. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of Capital Assets is as follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$37,177
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,748)
Capital Assets – Net	\$34,429

Depreciation of \$2,748 was charged to an unallocated function.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The school has evaluated subsequent events occurring in the Independent Auditors Report of December 12, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the school has determined no subsequent events require disclosure in the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

15. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

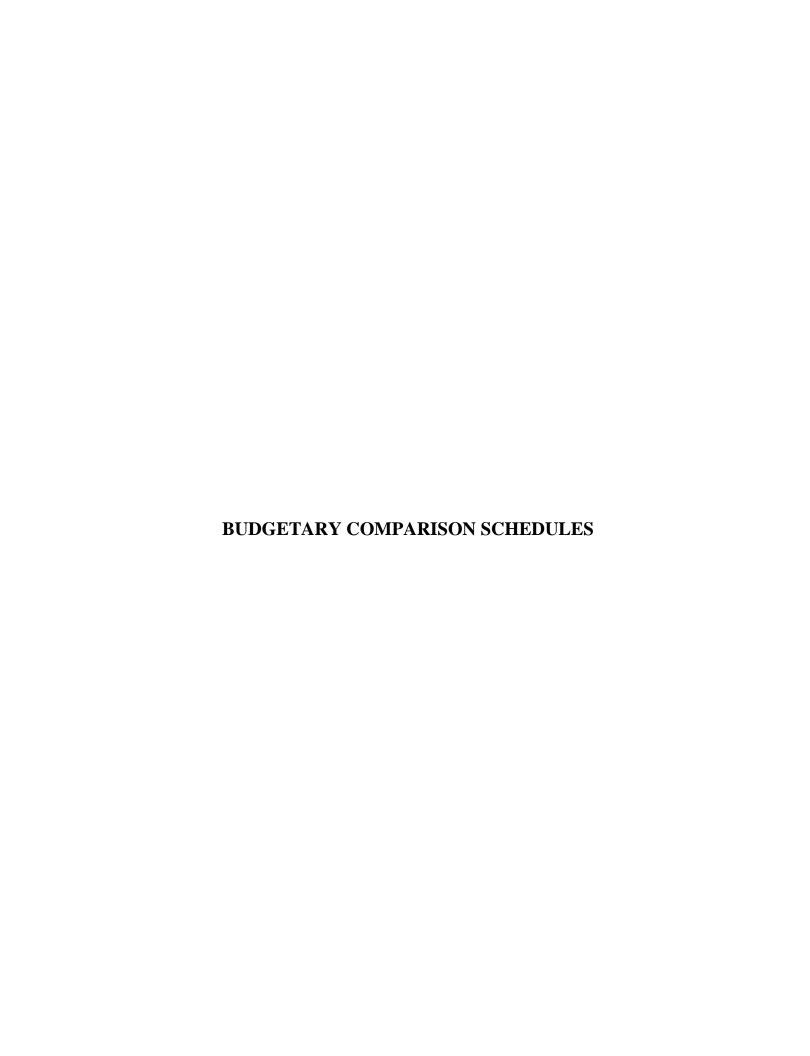
Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1	\$192,335
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation	34,699
Pension deferred outflows	1,604,403
Pension deferred inflows	(1,549,114)
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2019	(1,848,069)
Net position (deficit) (per A-1) as of June 30, 2019	(\$1,565,746)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget Budget Transfers		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:					
Local Sources:					
Local Share	\$ 854,186	\$ 13,696	\$ 867,882	\$ 867,882	\$ -
State Share	4,102,816	170,495	4,273,311	4,273,311	-
Other Restricted Miscellaneous Revenues					
Miscellaneous	-	-	0	11,693	(11,693)
Total - Local Sources	4,957,002	184,191	5,141,193	5,152,886	(11,693)
Nonpublic Aid	-	-	-	-	-
Special Education Aid	257,340	3,232	260,572	260,572	-
Security Aid	122,980	19,775	142,755	145,503	(2,748)
TPAF Medical (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)	-	-	-	178,403	(178,403)
TPAF LTD (On-Half - Non-Budgeted)				1,710	(1,710)
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)	-		-	393,306	(393,306)
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)				198,997	(198,997)
Total State Sources	380,320	23,007	403,327	1,178,491	(775,164)
Total Revenues	5,337,322	207,198	5,544,520	6,331,377	(786,857)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current Expense:					
Regular Programs - Instruction					
Teachers Salary	2,005,996	(3,828	, , ,	2,001,628	\$ 540
Other Salaries	403,143	40,610	443,753	435,721	8,032
Prof/Tech Services		-	-		-
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	57,000	(5,135	<i>'</i>	44,428	7,437
General Supplies	47,400	(2,538	44,862	34,223	10,639
Textbooks	43,700	4,603	48,303	47,351	952
Other Objects	4,000	(348	3,652	3,064	588
TOTAL REGULAR PROGRAMS - INSTRUCTION	2,561,239	33,364	2,594,603	2,566,415	28,188

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Support Services - General Administrative					
Salaries of Administative Salaries	613,817	23,284	637,101	637,101	-
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	-	-	-	-	-
Cost of Benefits	700,437	(110,635)	589,802	523,001	66,801
Consultants	18,500	1,500	20,000	20,000	-
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	395,987	84,469	480,456	442,481	37,975
Communications/Telephone	28,500	9,080	37,580	37,580	-
Supplies and Materials	5,000	(3,613)	1,387	1,381	6
Other Objects	7,760	(553)	7,207	7,137	70
	1,770,001	3,532	1,773,533	1,668,681	104,852
Support Services - School Admin/Operation Plant Services		,	"	,	
Salaries	174,900	37,734	212,634	212,634	-
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	-	-	-	-	-
Other Purchased Services	82,932	14,277	97,209	97,209	-
Rental of Land and Building- other than Lease Purchase Agreements	372,619	174,256	546,875	546,875	-
Insurance	138,131	(55,343)	82,788	82,788	-
General Supplies	6,500	(3,499)	3,001	3,001	-
Transportation- Trips	10,000	10,525	20,525	20,525	-
Energy (Energy and Electricity)	160,000	(33,318)	126,682	126,682	-
Other Objects	11,000	2,323	13,323	13,323	-
Total Undist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	956,082	146,955	1,103,037	1,103,037	-
Food Service and After Care Program			-		
Other Purchased Services	50,000	23,347	73,347	72,760	587
Total Food Services	50,000	23,347	73,347	72,760	587
On-behalf TPAF Medical(non-budgeted)				178,403	(178,403)
On-behalf TPAF LTD				1,710	(1,710)
On-behalf TPAF Pension contributions (non-budgeted)				393,306	(393,306)
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (non-budgeted)				198,997	(198,997)
TOTAL ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS			-	772,416	(772,416)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES					
	2,776,083	173,834	2,949,917	3,616,894	(666,977)
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	5,337,322	207,198	5,544,520	6,183,309	(638,789)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	-		Actual	Variance Final to Actual
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
Equipment					
Regular Programs - Instruction:					
Instructional Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Expense- Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
Building Improvements		-	-	-	-
Lease paymernts					
Total Equipment					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES- GENERAL FUND	5,337,322	207,198	5,544,520	6,183,309	(638,789)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	<u>-</u>	148,068	148,068
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In:				<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources:		-		_	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	148,068	148,068
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	_	_	44,267	44,267	_
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019		\$ -	\$ 44,267	\$ 192,335	\$ 148,068

Exhibit C-2 Page 1

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Transfers	Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:	Dauger	Transiers	Duaget	netuai	Timal to Actual
Local Sources					
State Sources	\$723,932		\$723,932	\$723,932	
Federal Sources	314,540		314,510	314,510	
Total Revenues	1,038,472		1,038,442	1,038,442	
EXPENDITURES:					-
Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	388,745		388,745	388,745	
Other Salaries for Instruction	127,789		127,789	127,789	
Purchased Professional -Educational Services	<u>-</u>		-	_	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	70,178		70,178	70,178	
Food Service Subsidy	· -		-	· -	
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	14,850		14,850	14,850	
Textbooks	· -		-	· -	
General Supplies	26,847		26,847	26,847	
Personal Services- Employee Benefits	135,814		135,814	135,814	
Instructional services	· -		-	· -	
Equipment- Non instructional	-		-	_	
Recruitment	-		-	_	
Total Instruction	764,223	_	764,223	764,223	,
Support Services					,
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	72,942		72,942	72,942	
Salaries of Program Directors					
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	-		-	-	
Salaries of Secretaries & Clerical Assistants					
Other Salaries	67,083		67,083	67,083	
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	-		-	_	
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	22,872		22,872	22,872	
Other Purchased Professional Services	25,657		25,657	25,657	
Supplies	-		-	_	
Field Trips	3,948		3,948	3,948	
Scholarships					
Rentals	79,468		79,468	79,468	
Travel					
Other purchased Services (400-500 series)	-		-	-	
Equipment Non-Instructional	2,249		2,249	2,249	
Total Support Services	274,219		274,219	274,219	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Buildings Improvements					
Instructional Equipment Noninstructional Equipment					
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					
Transfer to Charter School					
Total Expenditures	1,038,442		1,038,442	1,038,442	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer in from General Fund					
Transfer Out to Whole School Reform (General Fund)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Total Outflows					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	\$	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

The general fund budget and the special revenue budget basis are GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30* (UNAUDITED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.009386%	0.009773%	0.01768%	N/A	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		1,848,069	2,894,584	3,968,529	N/A	N/A
Charter School Covered employee payroll		\$734,133	\$576,008	\$519,495	N/A	N/A
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a						
percentage of its covered-employee payroll		251%	541%	764%	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		39.7%	18%	131%	N/A	N/A

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30* (UNAUDITED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$35,687	\$51,002	\$89,481	\$151,990	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(35,687)	(51,002)	(89,481)	(151,990)	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	N/A	N/A
Charter School Covered employee payroll	734,113	734,133	576,008	519,495	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5%	7%	17%	30%	N/A	N/A

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)** Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)** State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(asset) associated with the Charter School	12,216,674	10,973,879	9,369,397	0	0	0
Total	12,216,674	10,973,879	9,369,397	0	0	0
Charter School Covered employee payroll Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	2,120,930	2,120,930	2,075,618	N/A	N/A	N/A
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	26.5%	25%	22%	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{**}NOTE: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the charter school (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the charter school.

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PENSION SCHEDULES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 Based on Projection Scale AA.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Changes of benefit terms. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

Changes of assumptions. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. Preretirement mortality improvements for active members are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 until the valuation date plus 15 years to account for future mortality improvement. Post-retirement mortality improvements for non-disabled annuitants are projected using Scale AA from the base year of 2000 for males and 2003 for females until the valuation date plus 7 years to account for future mortality improvement.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE HEALTH BENEFIT LOCAL EDUCATION RETIRED EMPLOYEES PLAN (TPAF AND PERS) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Years*

I Istal I talis	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
The State of New Jersey's Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$1,984,642,729	\$2,391,878,884
Interest	1,970,236,232	1,699,441,736
Change in Benefit Terms		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(5,002,065,740)	
Benefit Payment	(1,232,987,247)	(1,242,412,566)
Contributions from Members	42,614,005	45,748,749
Changes of Assumptions or other inputs	(5,291,448,855)	(7,086,599,129)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(\$7,529,008,876)	(\$4,191,942,326)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$53,639,841,858	\$57,831,784,184
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$46,110,832,982	53,639,841,858
The State of New Jersey's total OPEB liability**	\$46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858
	44.740.044	44.504.505
The State of New Jersey's OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$1,512,264	\$1,701,685
The Charter School's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	0	0
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$2,855,043	\$2,855,043
Total Charter School's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%
Charter School's contribution	None	None
State's covered employee payroll	\$13,640,275,833	\$13,493,400,208
bace s covered employee payron	Ψ13,0π0,273,033	Ψ13,773,700,200
Total State's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	338.05%	397.53%

^{**}Note: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) for employees of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) is considered a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the health insurance plan. The district (employer) does not contribute to the plan and the district's OPEB liability is zero.

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue resources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Revenue Fund

Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

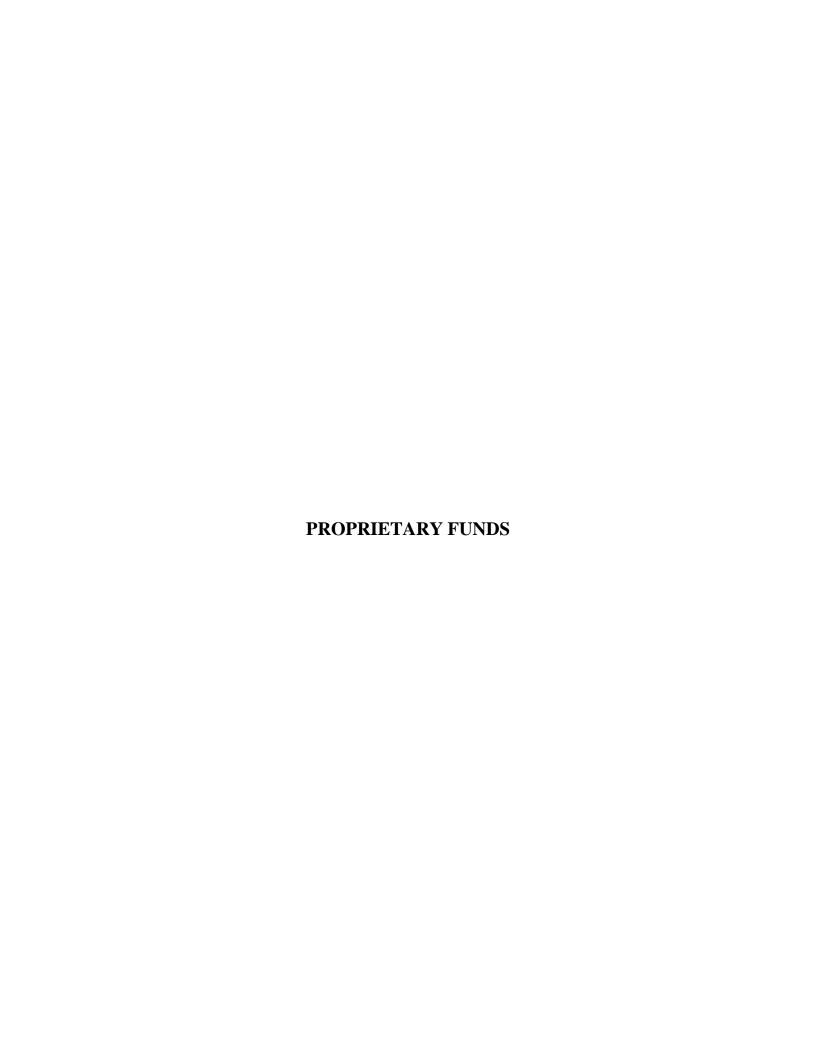
		IDEA		NCLB	NCLB			
		PART	IDEA	TITLE	TITLE	USDA	Preschool	Private
	TOTAL	B-Basic	PRE-K	I	П	GRANT	Education Aid	Program
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental								
Federal	\$ 363,794	65,914	1,265	246,786	12,652	37,177		
State Sources	737,644						737,644	-
Miscellaneous	13,439					-	-	13,439
Total Revenues	1,114,877	65,914	1,265	246,786	12,652	37,177	737,644	13,439
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction								
Salaries	404,219	-	-	181,840	-		222,379	
Other Instructional Salaries	156,704	-	-	-	-		156,704	-
Facilitator/ Coach	27,206						27,206	-
Other Purchased Services	35,643	15,914	1,265	5,812	12,652	-	-	-
Purchased Prof. and Tech.and Edu Services	50,000	50,000	-			-	-	-
General Supplies	31,667	-	-	6,911	-		11,317	13,439
Support Services	-					-	-	-
Textbooks	-							
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	164,429	-	-	41,721	-		122,708	-
Equipment	37,177			-	-	37,177		
Total Instruction	907,045	65,914	1,265	236,284	12,652	37,177	540,314	13,439
Support Services						-	-	
Salaries of Supervisors of Instruction	29,578			10,502	-		19,076	-
Salaries of Master Teachers	-					-	-	-
Other Salaries	81,395						81,395	-
Salaries of Clerical	-					-	-	-
Purchases Professional Sves	-	-	-			-	-	-
Other Purchased Services	15,504						15,504	-
Cleaning, Repairs, and Maintenance Services	1,840						1,840	_
Contracted Services	1,390						1,390	_
Supplies and Materials	-					-	-	-
Travel	-					-	-	_
Equipment -Non- instructional	-							
Community Specialist	-					-	-	_
Transportation-Field Trips	-					-	-	_
Rentals	78,125						78,125	_
Total Support Services	207,832	-	-	10,502	-	-	197,330	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,114,877	65,914	1,265	246,786	12,652	37,177	737,644	13,439

Exhibit E-2

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Preschool Education Aid For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Available
REVENUES:	707.240	(26.570)	770 7.62	727.644	22.110
State Sources	797,340	(26,578)	770,762	737,644	33,118
Total Revenues	797,340	(26,578)	770,762	737,644	33,118
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	254,640	(10,731)	243,909	222,379	21,530
Other Salaries for Instruction	152,000	4,704	156,704	156,704	-
Purchased Professional -Educational Services	-	-	-	-	-
Other Purchaesed Services	2,250	(745)	1,505	11.015	1,505
General Supplies	12,000	672	12,672	11,317	1,355
Personal Services- Employee Benefits	101,930	9,241	111,171	122,708	(11,537)
Miscellaneous Expenses	522 920	2 141	525.061	- 512 109	12.052
Total Instruction Support Services	522,820	3,141	525,961	513,108	12,853
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	20,808		20,808	19,076	1,732
Salaries of Supervisor of histraction Salaries of Nurse	20,808	-	20,000	19,070	1,/32
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	80,528	867	81,395	81,395	_
Salaries of Secretaries & Clerical Assistants	80,328	-	61,373	61,373	_
Salaries Facilitator/ Coach	72,800	(31,331)	41,469	27,206	14.263
Supplies and Materials	3,000	(340)	2,660		2,660
Family/Parent coach	-	-	-	_	-
Field Trips	3,000	-	3,000	1,390	1,610
Travel	-	-	-	-	-
Other Purchased Services -Education Services	15,504	-	15,504	15,504	-
Cleaning, Repair & Mailt Svc	1,500	340	1,840	1,840	-
Rentals	77,380	745	78,125	78,125	-
Other Objects	-	-	-	-	-
EquipmentInstructional	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment- Non-Instructional	-	-	-	-	-
Total Support Services	274,520	(29,719)	244,801	224,536	20,265
Buildings Improvements					
Instructional Equipment					
Noninstructional Equipment					
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					
Transfer to Charter School					
Total Expenditures	797,340	(26,578)	770,762	737,644	33,118
Total revised	Calculation 2018-2019 presch	n of Budget and			\$ 770,762
rotai reviseu .		\$ 770,762			
Add: budget		_			
Total preschool educat				-	770,762
Less: 2018-2019 budgeted preschool education			-		(737,644)
Available and unbudgeted preso	•	33,118			
Add: June 3	30, 2019 unexpen	ded preschool e	ducation aid		33,118
2018-20)19 actual carryov	er - preschool e	ducation aid	:	\$ 33,118
2018-2019 preschool ed	:	\$ 33,118			



ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed through user charges or where the board has decided that periodical determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Food Service Fund - The fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools.

Exhibit G-1

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2019

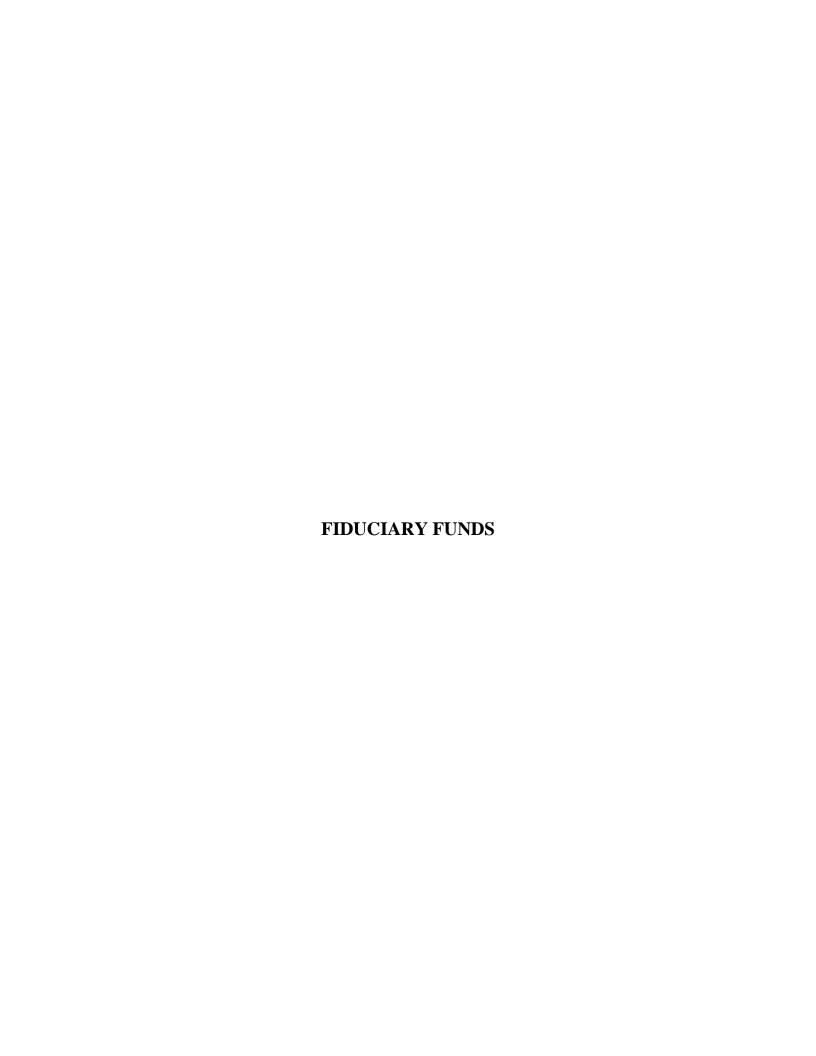
	Business-Type
	Activities
	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	(\$136,784)
Intergovernmental Receivable	
Federal	20,477
State	259
Accounts Receivable	116,048
Total Current Assets	0
Total Assets	\$0
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	0
Total Current Liabilities	\$0
Net Position	
Unrestricted	
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	
Total Net Position	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	Business Type Activities Enterprise Fund
Local Sources	
Daily Sales - Reimbursable Programs	
Other Reimbursement	
Self Pay Revenue	54,271
Private Grant	50,000
Total Operating Revenues	104,271
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	(248,617)
Supplies, Materials & Other	(290,367)
Professional Services	
Total Operating Expenses	(538,984)
Income (Loss) From Operations	(434,713)
Nonoperating Revenues	
State Sources	
State Sources	4,797
Federal Sources	
School Breakfast Program	92,274
National School Lunch Program	256,698
National Snack Program	8,184
Board Subsidy	0
Total Nonoperating Revenues	361,953
Net Income (Loss) before transfers	(72,760)
Transfer subsidy to cover loss	72,760
Total Net Position- Beginning of Year	0
Total Net Position- End of Year	\$0

Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business Type Activites
	Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash Received from Customers	\$91,724
Private Grant	\$50,000
Cash Payments to Employee's Salaries and Benefits	
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(\$593,100)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(451,376)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Cash Received from General Fund Transfer (Contribution)	407,041
Cash Received from State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements	72,760
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	479,801
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	28,425
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	(165,209)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	(\$136,784)
Reconcilliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash	
Used by Operating Activities	
Operating (Loss)	\$0_
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	
Increase in Accounts Receivable	82,541
Change in Assets and Liabilities	
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(54,116)
Total Adjustment	28,425
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$28,425



PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Fund Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2019

	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Agency Fund <u>Payroll</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$8,103	\$0	\$8,103
Total Assets	\$8,103	\$0	\$8,103
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Account payable - due to students group	2,719		2,719
Total Liabilities	2,719	0	2,719
Net Position			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$2,719	\$0	\$2,719

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Nonexpendable Trust Fund Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position

Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Student Activity Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
Fiduciary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance <u>July 1, 2018</u> <u>Additions</u>		<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$3,575,462	\$3,575,462	
Total Liabilities		3,575,462	3,575,462	
LIABILITIES				
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		1,319,364	1,319,364	
Accrued Salaries and Wages		2,256,098	2,256,098	
Total Liabilities		\$3,575,462	\$3,575,462	

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund Statement of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOT APPLICABLE

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Philip's Academy Charter School comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the school's overall financial health.

Contents	Exhibits
Financial Trends	J-1 to J-5
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	J-6 to J-9
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	J-10 to J-13
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	J-14 and J-15
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	J-16 to J-20
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to

the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 34,699	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted						
Unrestricted	192,335	44,267	399,484	485,609	300,050	75,111
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 227,034	\$ 44,267	\$ 399,484	\$ 485,609	\$ 300,050	\$ 75,111
Business-type activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt						
Restricted	 -	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total business-type activities net position						
School-wide						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,699	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	 192,335	44,267	399,484	485,609	300,050	75,111
Total school net position	\$ 227,034	\$ 44,267	\$ 399,484	\$ 485,609	\$ 300,050	\$ 75,111

Source: School Financial Statements

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	(UNAUI	DITED)				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· <u></u>
Governmental activities						
Instruction						
Regular	\$3,473,460	\$3,100,022	\$2,470,151	\$2,398,228	\$2,185,130	\$2,069,961
Regular	ψ3,473,400	ψ3,100,022	Ψ2,470,131	Ψ2,370,220	Ψ2,103,130	Ψ2,000,001
Support Services:						
**	1 076 512	1 752 229	1 246 241	1 102 094	1.015.460	1 152 925
General administration	1,876,513	1,753,338	1,346,241	1,102,984	1,015,460	1,153,835
School Administrative Services	1,175,797	1,317,523	1,466,062	1,160,116	1,163,314	1,135,769
On-behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical	772,416	657,034	499,616	362,956	110,375	84,025
Capital outlay						
Unallocated depreciation	2,478					
Total governmental activities expenses	7,300,664	6,827,917	5,782,070	5,024,284	4,474,279	4,443,590
Business-type activities:						
Food service	538,984	537,031	332,050	292,110	27,477	0
Total business-type activities expense	538,984	537,031	332,050	292,110	27,477	0
Total school expenses	\$7,839,648	\$7,364,948	\$6,114,120	\$5,316,394	\$4,501,756	\$4,443,590
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Operating grants and contributions	\$1,114,877	\$1,038,442	\$249,171	\$199,085	\$146,793	\$39,777
Capital grants and contributions	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. ,,	,	,	,	, ,
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,114,877	1,038,442	249,171	199,085	146,793	39,777
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,114,077	1,030,442	247,171	177,003	140,773	37,111
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services						
Food service	538,984	537,031	332,050	292,110	27,477	0
Total business type activities program revenues	538,984	537,031	332,050	292,110	27,477	<u>0</u>
Total school program revenues	\$1,653,861	\$1,575,473	\$581,221	\$491,195	\$174,270	\$39,777
N-4 (E)/D						
Net (Expense)/Revenue	(0.5.10.5.707)	(\$5.500.455)	(\$5.500 DOD)	(0.4.00.5.100)	(0.4.227.406)	(#4.402.012)
Governmental activities	(\$6,185,787)	(\$5,789,475)	(\$5,532,899)	(\$4,825,199)	(\$4,327,486)	(\$4,403,813)
Business-type activities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total school-wide net expense	(\$6,185,787)	(\$5,789,475)	(\$5,532,899)	(\$4,825,199)	(\$4,327,486)	(\$4,403,813)
Governmental activities:						
Local share	\$867,882	\$813,560	\$839,798	\$948,935	\$1,035,105	\$113,114
State Share	4,273,311	3,685,816	3,592,805	3,459,363	3,192,347	603,541
State and Federal Aid aid	1,178,491	934,609	721,829	587,404	265,292	3,581,862
Miscellaneous income	11,693	273	292,342	15,056	59,681	180,407
Increase in Net Capital Outlay	37,177					
Transfers						
Total governmental activities	\$6,368,554	\$5,434,258	\$5,446,774	\$5,010,758	\$4,552,425	\$4,478,924
2	+ -,,	70,101,200	40,,	,,,,,,,,,,	+ 1,000 - 1,100	+ 1, 11 0, 12
Business-type activities:						
Total business-type activities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total school-wide	\$6,368,554	\$5,434,258	\$5,446,774	\$5,010,758	\$4,552,425	\$4,478,924
	Ψ0,200,224	45,.51,250	Ψυ,ο,,,,	45,010,750	ψ.,υυΣ, 123	¥ ·, · · · · · · · · · ·
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	\$182,767	(\$355,217)	(\$86,125)	\$185,559	\$224,939	\$75,111
Business-type activities	0	(\$333,217)	(\$60,123)	\$165,559 0	\$224,939 0	0
Total school	\$182,767	(\$355,217)	(\$86,125)	\$185,559	\$224,939	\$75,111
1044 501001	Ψ102,707	(ψυυυ,Δ17)	(ψ00,123)	Ψ105,559	Ψ227,739	Ψ/3,111

Source: School Financial Statements

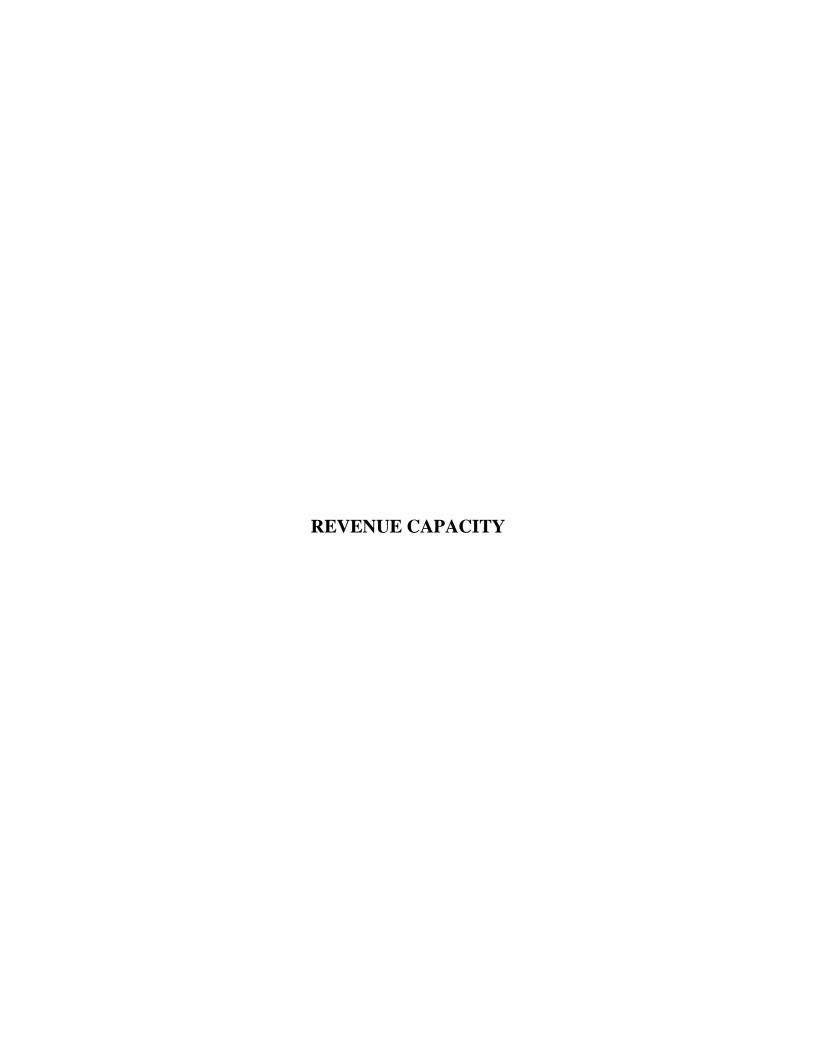
PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
General Fund						
Reserved	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	192,335	44,267	399,484	485,609	300,050	75,111
Total General Fund	\$ 192,335	\$ 44,267	\$ 399,484	\$ 485,609	\$ 300,050	\$ 75,111
All Other Governmental Funds						
Reserved						
Unreserved						
Total all other governmental funds						

Source: School Financial Statements

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	(,				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues						
Local tax Levy	\$867,882	\$813,560	\$839,798	\$948,935	\$1,035,105	\$113,114
Other local revenue	25,132	273	292,342	15,056	59,681	180,407
State sources	6,189,446	5,344,357	4,314,634	4,046,767	3,457,639	4,185,403
Federal sources	363,794	314,510	249,171	199,085	146,793	39,777
Enterprise Fund	538,984	537,031	332,050	292,110	27,477	
	7,985,238	7,009,731	6,027,995	5,501,953	4,726,695	4,518,701
Expenditures						
Instruction						
Regular Instruction	2,566,415	2,335,799	2,220,980	2,199,143	2,038,337	2,030,184
Support Services:						
General administration	1,668,681	1,479,119	1,346,241	1,102,984	1,015,460	1,153,835
School administrative services/Plant	1,175,797	1,317,523	1,466,062	1,160,116	1,163,314	1,135,769
TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical	772,416	657,034	499,616	362,956	110,375	84,025
Food Service	538,984	537,031	332,050	292,110	27,477	
Special Revenue	1,114,877	1,038,442	249,171	199,085	146,793	39,777
Total expenditures	7,837,170	7,364,948	6,114,120	5,316,394	4,501,756	4,443,590
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						_
over (under) expenditures						
Other Financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in						
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	148,068	(355,217)	(86,125)	185,559	224,939	75,111



PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Other Local Revenue By Source For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

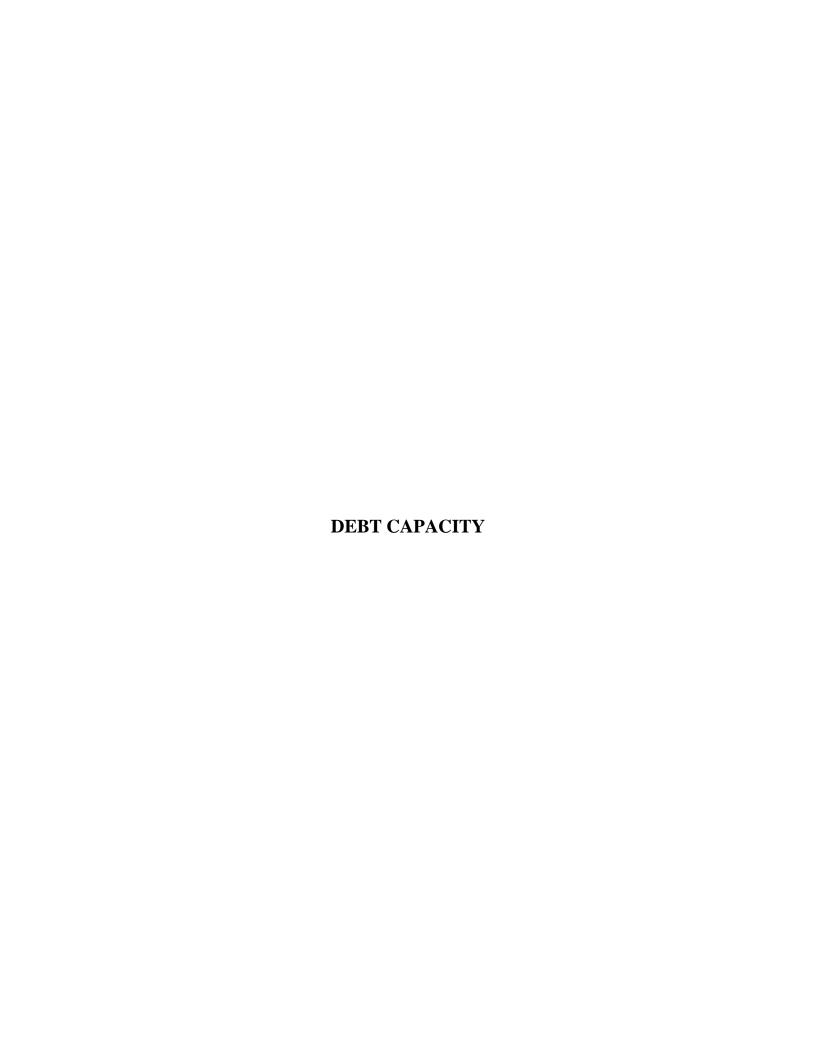
	Sale of Capital			Prior Year	Sale and Leaseback of		
	Assets	Donations	Rentals	Refunds	Textbooks	Other Local	Annual Totals
2014		\$180,000				407	\$180,407
2015		\$40,000		15,739		3,452	\$59,191
2016						5,537	5,537
2017				292,342			292,342
2018						11,693	11,693
2019							

Source: School records

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

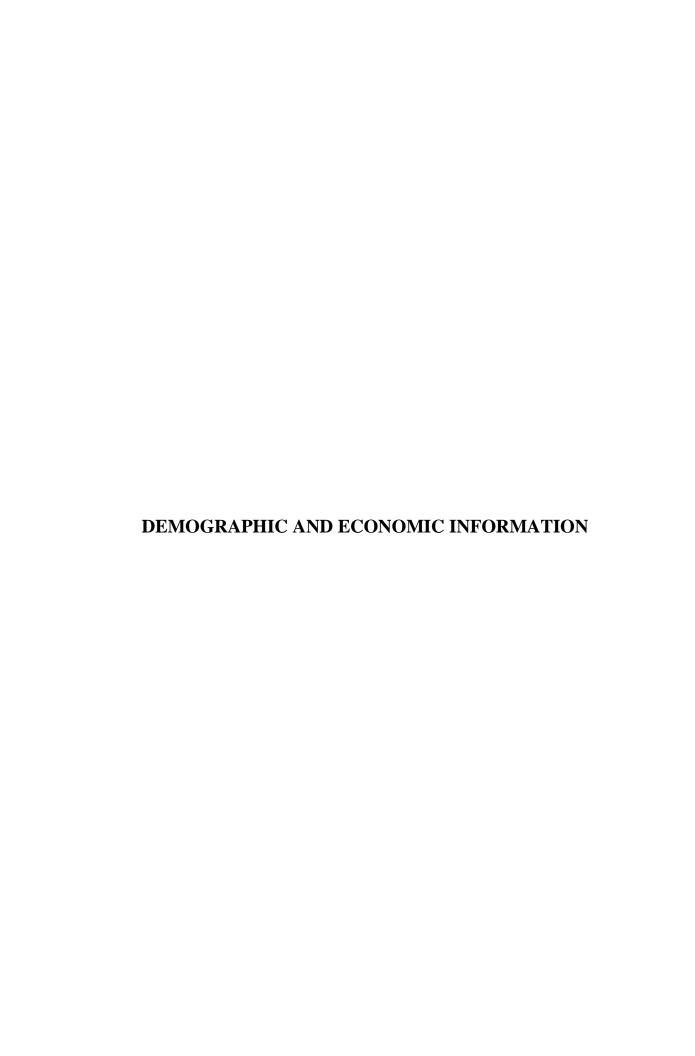


PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Property Tax Levies and Collections For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)



PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Legal Debt Margin Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Demographic and Economic Statistics For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

OPERATING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Full-time Equivalent School Employees by Function/Program For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>Function/Program</u>						
Instruction						
Regular	45	44	31	41	35	34
Special education	5	5	3	2	2	2
Other special education	2	2	4	4	3	3
Vocational						
Other instruction						
Nonpublic school programs						
Adult/continuing education programs						
Support Services:						
Student & instruction related services	20	15	14	4	3	3
General administration		4	2	4	2	2
School administrative services	3	3	3	4	2	3
Other administrative services			1	2	2	3
Central services						
Administrative Information Technology						
Plant operations and maintenance						
Pupil transportation						
Other support services						
Special Schools						
Food Service	11	15	12	7		
Child Care						
Total	86	88	70	68	49	50

Source: School Personnel Records

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Operating Statistics For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Elementary and Middle School	Senior High School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2014	371.2	4,443,590	11,971	N/A	39	34	N/A	371.2	98.25	NA	94.50%
2015	370.5	4,384,279	11,833	-1.2%	40	35	N/A	370.5	98.55	0.0030	94.50%
2016	376	5,108,917	13,588	12.910%	42	37	N/A	366.6	97.94	(0.0062)	97.51%
2017	371.7	6,114,120	16,449	17.396%	38	38	N/A	357.3	94.70	(0.0342)	96.05%
2018	432.6	7,364,948	17,025	3.382%	44	38	N/A	417.24	96.81	0.0218	97.54%
2019	486	6,970,930	14,343	-18.694%	44	38	N/A	463.58	95.37	(0.0151)	95.42%

PHILIPS ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL School Building Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School Building						
Main Campus						
Square Feet	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
Capacity (students)	408	408	408	408	408	408
Enrollment	478	433	372	376	370	371
Second Campus						
Square Feet						
Capacity (students)						
Enrollment						
Number of Schools at June 30						
Elementary	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: School Office

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Schedule of Required Maintenance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Insurance Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Coverage	Deductible
School Package Policy		
Commercial Property	\$17,086,900	\$5,000
Extra Expense	50,000,000	5,000
Valuable Papers	10,000,000	5,000
Loss of Rents	1,000,000	5,000
Business Income/Tuition	1,250,000	5,000
EDP	500,000	1,000
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	11,000,000	-
Automobile	11,000,000	-
Crime Coverage		
Faithful Performance	100,000	500
Forgery & Alteration	500,000	1,000
Money & Securities	50,000	500
Money Orders & Counterfeit	50,000	500
Computer Fraud	500,000	1,000
Boiler & Machinery	100,000,000	
Environmental	1,000,000	50,000
School Leaders Errors & Omission		
Limit of Liability	11,000,000	15,000
Aggregate	11,000,000	
Workers' Compensation		
Each Accident	2,000,000	_
Disease - Each Employee	2,000,000	-
Disease - Policy Limit	2,000,000	-
Bond	,,	
Board Secretary	150,000	1,000
·	,	1,000
Accident and Medical (10 Year Benefit)	7,500,000	-
Excess Liability	20,000,000	
Each Occurrence	29,000,000	-
Each Occurrence	29,000,000	-
Crisis Management		
Expenses	1,000,000	-
Judgements, Settlements, Defense	1,000,000	-
Death or Dismemberment	250,000	-
Disappearance	100,000	-
Threat	150,000	-
Cyber Liability		
Each Incident	1,000,000	-
Policy Aggregate	10,000,000	-

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL INDICATORS

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

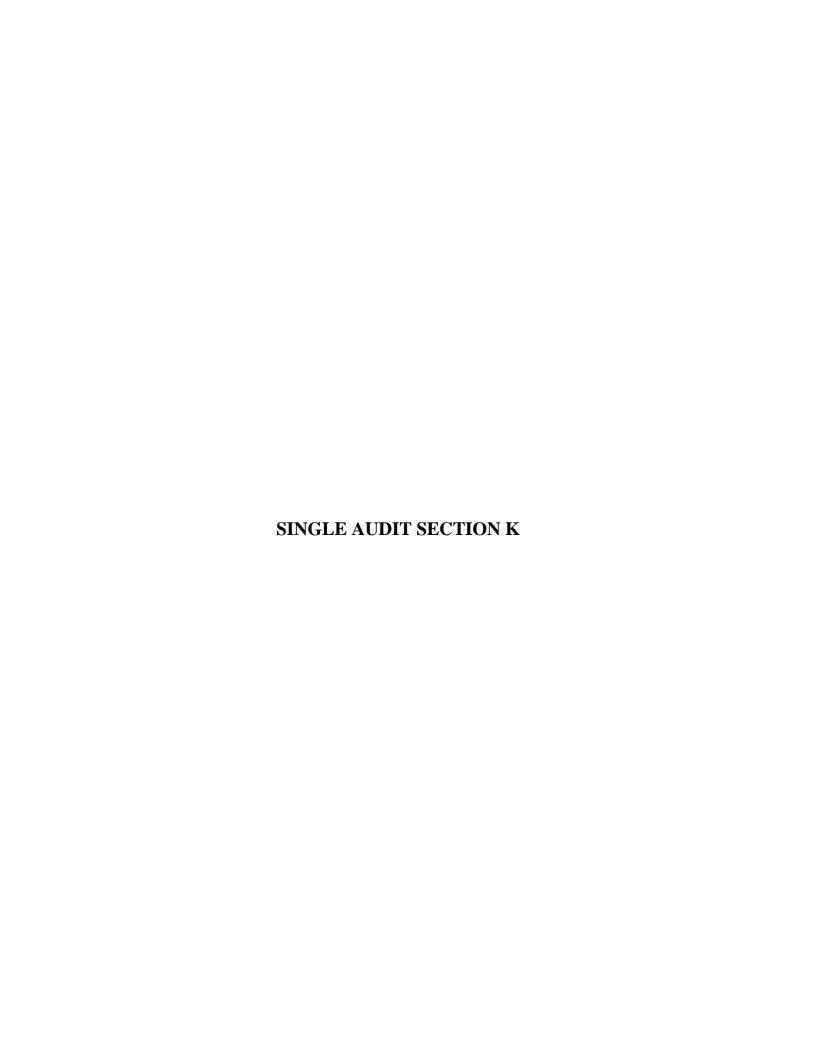
Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Near Term Indicators

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Cash	131,934	54,271	479,695	551,327	761,569	437,653
Current Assets	694,910	946,951	1,067,240	1,029,753	884,484	665,330
Capital Assets-Net	34,699	0	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	729,609	946,951	1,067,240	1,029,753	884,484	665,330
	500 575	002 604	669.956	744144	504.424	500.210
Current Liabilities	502,575	902,684	667,756	544,144	584,434	590,219
Long Term Liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities	502,575	902,684	667,756	544,144	584,434	590,219
Net Position	227,034	44,267	399,484	485,609	300,050	75,111
Total Revenue	7,985,238	7,009,731	6,027,995	5,501,953	4,726,695	4,518,701
Total Expenses	(7,837,170)	(7,364,948)	(6,114,120)	(5,316,394)	(4,501,756)	(4,443,590)
r	(1,121,117	((-, , -,	(-,,,	()))	(, - , ,
Change in Net Position	148,068	(355,217)	(86,125)	185,559	224,939	75,111
	'					
Depreciation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Principal Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Final average daily enrollment	417	417	376	376	371	371
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	417	417	376	376	371	371
Water 30th budgeted Emonment	717	717	370	370	371	371
Near term indicators	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
CURRENT RATIO	1.4%	1.1%	1.59	1.89	1.52	1.13
Unrestricted days cash	6.11%	2.83%	28.63	39.38	61.75	35.95
Enrollment variance	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Sustainability Indicators

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Cash	131,934	54,271	479,695	551,327	761,569	437,653
Current Assets	694,910	946,951	1,067,240	1,029,753	884,484	665,330
Capital Assets-Net	34,699	0	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	729,609	946,951	1,067,240	1,029,753	884,484	665,330
Current Liabilities	502,575	902,684	667,756	544,144	584,434	590,219
Long Term Liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	502,575	902,684	667,756	544,144	584,434	590,219
Net Position	227,034	44,267	399,484	485,609	300,050	75,111
Total Revenue	7,985,238	7,009,731	6,027,995	5,501,953	4,726,695	4,518,701
Total Expenses	(7,837,170)	(7,364,948)	(6,114,120)	(5,316,394)	(4,501,756)	(4,443,590)
Change in Net Position (decrease)	148,068	(355,217)	(86,125)	185,559	224,939	75,111
Depreciation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Principal Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Final average daily enrollment	417	417	376	376	371	371
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	417	417	376	376	371	371
Sustainability Indicators	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total margin	1.9%	4.9%	-1.0%	3.0%	5.0%	1.6%
Debt to Asset	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Cash Flow	77,663	(425,424)	(71,632)	(210,242)	323,916	437,653
Debt Service Coverage ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 62 OLD QUEENS BLVD. MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

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EXHIBIT K-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Philip's Academy Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Philip's Academy Charter School ("the Charter School"), in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon, dated December 12, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

Leval V Congo

December 12, 2019

GERALD D. LONGO

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 62 OLD QUEENS BLVD. MANALAPAN, NEW JERSEY 07726-3648

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EXHIBIT K-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08-OMB

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Philip's Academy Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Compliance

I have audited the Philip's Academy Charter School, in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey's ("the Charter School") with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Charter School's major state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular 15-08-OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* and *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*.

Those standards, and State of New Jersey Circular 15- 08-OMB, and *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In my opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

Seral V Cong

December 12, 2019

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	FEDERAL	Federal Award			Balance	Prior			Refund of Prior		Deferred Revenue/ (Accounts Receivable)	Due to Grantor at
Federal/Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Identification Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	July 1, 2018	Carry over	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Years' Balances	Adjustment	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
110gram 11tte	Number	Number	<u>1 eriou</u>	Amount	2018	<u>UVCI</u>	Received	Expenditures	Dalances	Aujustment	2019	2015
Enterprise Fund:												
U.S. Department of Agriculture												
Pass-Through Programs:												
Passed-Through New Jersey												
State Department of Agriculture												
National School Lunch	10.555	19NJ304N1099	07/01/18-06/30/19	256,698	(65,003)		308,556	256,698			(13,145)	
National School Snack	10.555	19NJ304N1099	07/01/18-06/30/19	8,184	0		8,184	8,184			0	
USDA Equipment Grant	10.22	19NJ304N1099	07/01/18-06/30/19	37,177	0		37,177	37,177			0	
National Breakfast	10.553	19NJ304N1099	07/01/18-06/30/19	92,274	(1,234)		88,582	92,274			(4,926)	
Total Enterprise Fund/US Dep	t. of Agricultur	e, Pass Through Pro	grams		(66,237)		442,499	394,333			(18,071)	
Special Revenue Fund:												
U.S. Department of Education												
Pass-Through Programs:												
Passed-Through New Jersey												
State Department of Education												
NCLB												
Title I PART A	84.010	S0I0A180030	07/01/18-06/30/19	219,625	(57,107)		221,859	246,786			(82,034)	
Title II PART A	84.367	S367A180029	07/01/18-06/30/19	13,700	(13,700)		26,352	12,652			0	
Title III PART A	84.365	S365A180030	07/01/18-06/30/19	10,000	(10,000)		10,000	0			0	
IDEA PRE-K	84.365A	H463A180100	07/01/18-06/30/19	0	0		1,265	1,265			0	
IDEA PART B, BASIC	84.027	H027A180100	07/01/18-06/30/19	71,185	(6,360)		60,024	65,914			(12,250)	
Total Special Revenue				_	(\$87,167)		\$319,500	\$326,617			(\$94,284)	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awa	ards			_	(\$153,404)	<u>.</u>	\$761,999	\$720,950		_	(\$112,355)	

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State awards.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		For the Fiscar Tear En	ded Julie 30, 2017					
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	Balance July 1, 2018	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Prior Years' Balances	(Receivable) Deferred Rev June 30, 2019
NJ DEPT. OF EDUCATION							<u></u>	
GENERAL FUND								
On-Behalf TPAF Social Security	19-495-034-5094-003	7/1/18-06/30/19	\$198,997		\$198,997	\$198,997		
Equalization Aid - Local	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-06/30/19	867,882		867,882	867,882		
Equalization Aid - State	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-06/30/19	4,273,311		4,273,311	4,273,311		
Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	7/1/18-06/30/19	260,572		260,572	260,572		
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	7/1/18-06/30/19	145,503		145,503	145,503		
On-Behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund- Pension	19-495-034-5094-002	7/1/18-06/30/19	393,306		393,306	393,306		
On-Behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund LTD	19-495-034-5094-004	7/1/18-06/30/19	1,710		1,710	1,710		
On-Behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund - Medical	19-495-034-5094-001	7/1/18-06/30/19	178,403		178,403	178,403		
Total General Fund/ Total State Department of Education					6,319,684	6,319,684		
SPECIAL REVENUE	10 107 001 7100 005	E // // 0.05/20//	770 0 c o		55 0 0 6 2	505 544		22.210
Preschool Aid	19-495-034-5120-086	7/1/18-06/30/19	770,962		770,962	737,644		33,318
NJ STATE DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE - DIRECT PROGRA	AMS							
ENTERPRISE FUND								
State School Lunch	19-100-010-3350-023	7/1/18-06/30/19	4,739	(187)	4,351	4,797		(259)
Total Enterprise				(182)	4351	4797		(259)
T . 10 . T				(105)	5 00 4 00 5	7.052.125		22.050
Total State Financial Assistance				(187)	7,094,997	7,062,125		33,059
LESS ON-BEHALF TPAF PENSION AND ANNUITY AID								
On-Behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund- Pension	19-495-034-5094-002	7/1/18-06/30/19	(393,306)		(393,306)	(393,306)		
On-Behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund LTD	19-495-034-5094-004	7/1/18-06/30/19	(1,710)		(1,710)	(1,710)		
On-Behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund								
Post Retirement Medical	19-495-034-5094-001	7/1/18-06/30/19	(178,403)		(178,403)	(178,403)		
Total					(573,419)	(573,419)		
Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Single Audit				(187)	6,521,578	6,488,706		33,059

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules present the activity of all federal and state assistance programs of the Philip's Academy Charter School. The Board of Trustees is defined in the Notes to the school's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal assistance and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant account budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -0-	\$6,389,217	\$ 6,389,217
Special Revenue Fund	326,617	737,644	1,064,261
Enterprise Fund	394,333	4,947	399,130
Total Awards and Financial Assistance	\$ 720,950	\$ 7,131,808	\$ 7,852,608

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The amount reported as TPAF Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2019. TPAF Social Security Contributions of \$198,997 represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 6. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the schools basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmo	dified	
	YES	<u>NO</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		\mathbf{X}	
Federal Awards		N/A	

Internal control over compliance:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?

Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.156(A)?

Identification of major programs:

CDFA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or
<u> </u>	Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs (.520)

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (continued)

State Awards	YES NO	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs (.520)	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:	X	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified:	X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08?	X	

Identification of major programs:

ruentification of major programs.	
CDFA Number(s)	Name of State Program or Cluster
19-495-034-5120-078	Equalization Aid
19-495-034-5120-089	Special Education Aid
19-495-034-5120-084	Security Aid

PART II – SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PART III – SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by The Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

No federal and state award findings and questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance of The Uniform Guidance or with NJOMB Circular 15-08.

PHILIP'S ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Status of Prior Year Findings

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, U.S. Uniform Guidance (section .315(a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

In accordance with government auditing standards, my procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations. There were no prior year findings.