LINK COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY
Link Community Charter School

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December 9, 2019

Dr. Lamont Repollet
Commissioner
New Jersey Department of Education
100 Riverview Executive Plaza
CN – 500
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500

Dear Dr. Repollet:

We are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Link Community Charter School (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This CAFR includes the Charter School's Basic Financial Statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

The Charter School has elected to adopt this new financial reporting model which we believe will provide all users of this document with much more useful financial and statistical information than ever before. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board).

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Charter School. This report will provide the taxpayers of the Link Community Charter School with comprehensive financial data in a format enabling them to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial affairs.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditor's Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the New Jersey OMB's Letter Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid". Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Charter School Organization

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is comprised of nine voting members. The voting members are elected to oversee that the Charter School operates in compliance with statute and administrative code. Voting members of the Board serve as the official governing body of the school charged with policy making, fiscal oversight, and accountability for student academic achievement results of the Charter School. Voting members adopt the annual budget and directly approve all expenditures which serve as the basis for control for the authorization of all expenditures of Charter School tax money which in turn support the Charter School's business to promote academic achievement. Non-voting members include the Charter School's Principal and Vice-Principal, School Business Administrator/Board Secretary, and Board Attorney.

The Principal and Head of School of the Charter School is responsible to the Board for the implementation and administration of all educational and support operations. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary is the chief financial officer of the Charter School and is responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey Law.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: The Link Community Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report. The Charter School's Board of Trustees, constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The Link Community Charter School (Charter School) provides a full range of educational services appropriate to Grades 5, 6, 7 and 8. These services include regular, as well as special education and basic skills instruction. The Charter School completed the 2018-2019 school year with an enrollment of 287 students. Next year we will reach our maximum capacity. By every indicator, the Charter School is a successful young charter school with great promise for the future. With a focus on leadership, civics, community service and academics, The Charter School maintains a large waiting list for entrance and is armed with a strong Board, experienced staff, significant seed funding, a well-developed mission and accompanying core values.

- 2. MAJOR INITIATIVES: With a 44-year independent school legacy, Link Community Charter School was approved for conversion to a public charter school on July 15,2014, only the second approved conversion in the state of New Jersey. Given its longstanding history, LCCS is uniquely positioned with a strong tradition of academic excellence, immersion in the arts, exposure to eye- opening experiences, placement in competitive high schools, and service to the community. Converting to a public charter school provided an opportunity to grow the school and thus increase student enrollment with the addition of 5th and 6th grades. In the 2018-2019 school year, in addition to undertaking all regular operations and programming, LCCS worked on the following major initiatives:
 - a. Continue implementation of math initiative with Year II of the Plan.
 - b. Examine best practices and develop comprehensive teacher recruitment plan.
 - c. Strengthen school culture through improved leadership staffing/roles communication, student discipline systems, and support for classified students.
 - d. Secure outdoor space for recreation and/or physical education.

3. <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

4. <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

- 5. CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Financial Statements" Notes 1 and 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **RISK MANAGEMENT:** The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors and officers insurance and workmen's compensation.

7. OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements, and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports' related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

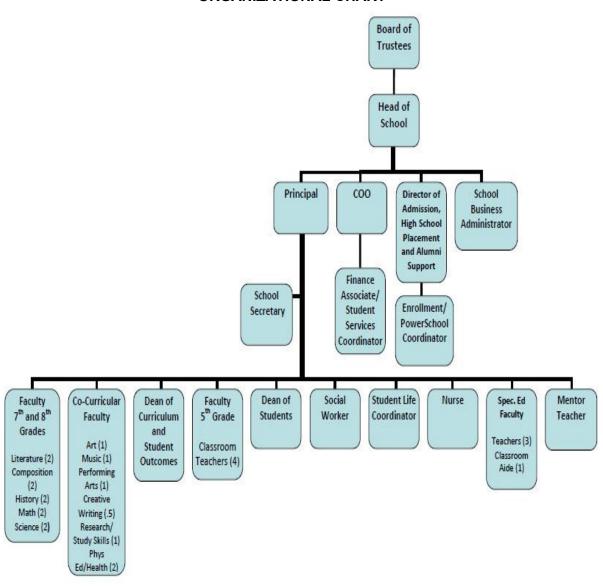
8. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Link Community Charter School Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial, accounting and administrative staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Blima Baje

School Business Administrator

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2019

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM
Brenda Daughtry, Chairperson	6/30/19
Denise O'Donaghue-Smith, Vice Chairperson	6/30/20
Robert Goger, Member	6/30/19
Annette Riffle, Member	6/30/19
Susan Holguin-Veras	6/30/20
Regina Covington, Member	6/30/20
Richard Mashall, Member	6/30/21
Frances Purefoy, Member	6/30/19

OTHER OFFICIALS (non-voting)

Maria Pilar Paradiso, Head of School

Bima Baje, School Business Administrator

Isabel Machado, Esq., Board Attorney

Sharon F. Machrone, Board Recording Secretary

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Independent Auditors

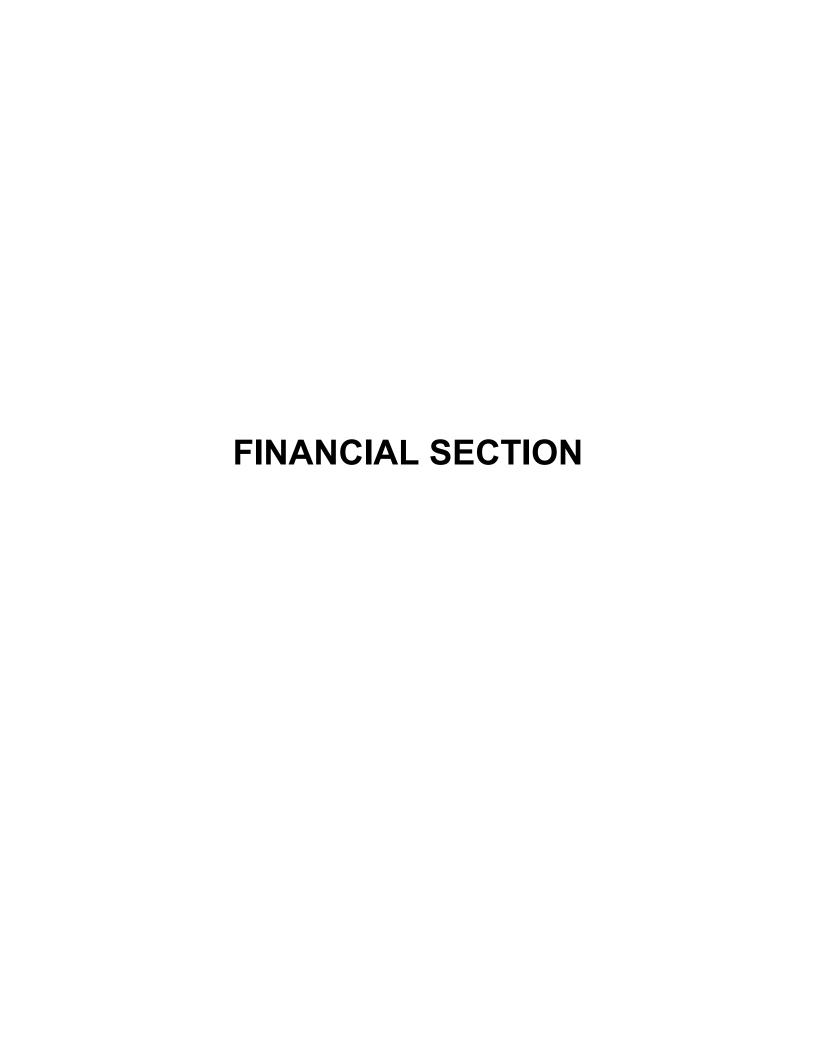
Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP 115 Davis Station Rd Cream Ridge, NJ 08514

Attorneys

Machado Law Group, LLC Attorneys at Law 136 Central Avenue 2nd Floor Clark, New Jersey 07066

Official Depositories

TD Bank 105-109 Mulberry Street Newark, New Jersey 07102





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Link Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Link Community Charter School (the Charter School), in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing as opinion on the effectiveness of the

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED

entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Link Community Charter School, in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 11 through 16, Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 62 through 65, and Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68) and OPEB (GASB 75) on pages 66 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section and statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED

The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (Schedules) are also presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and New Jersey OMB's Letter Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* respectively, and are not also a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the Schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Leonora Galleros, CPA
Public School Accountant
PSA No. 20CS00239400

nera Galleros

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Galleras Robinson CPAs, LLP

December 9, 2019 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

Introduction

This section of the Link Community Charter School's (the "Charter School") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting Model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Financial Highlights

Key Financial highlights for the fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$4.82 million or 75% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$1.35 million or 25% of total revenues of \$6.39 million.
- The Charter School had \$7.06 million in expenses; only \$1.35 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$4.82 million were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$5.44 million in revenues and \$5.55 million in expenditures.

Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information and notes to those statements and information.

The report is organized so the reader can understand the Link Community Charter School as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The first two basic financial Statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are governmental-wide financial statements and provide overall information about the activities of the entire Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a long-term view of those finances.

Fund Financial Statements

The remaining basic financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on the individual parts of the government, reporting the Charter School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the Link Community Charter School, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities; the government operates like a business, such as food service.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationship in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefits of other, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities

While this report contains the funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "how did we do financially during fiscal year 2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all the Charter School's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. These bases of accounting take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished for the Charter School as a whole. This change is the result of many factors some financial, some not. Financial factors represent increases in federal and state funding that resulted from the increase in enrollment noted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. These factors are presented in our discussions on the Charter School as a whole. Non-financial factors include the property tax base of the School District where the Charter School is located, current educational funding laws in New Jersey, facilities conditions, required educational programs, and other factors. In the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructional, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

Business-Type Activity – Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

Reporting the School Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds, not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are sufficient financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Charter School's net position at June 30, 2019.

The total net position of the Charter School decreased by \$680,113 during the current fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

The table that follows reflects the net position for fiscal year 2019.

	 vernmental Activities	usiness Type ctivities	Total
Assets	_		_
Current Assets	\$ 1,239,501	\$ 115,917	\$ 1,355,418
Capital Assets, net	 7,202	 6,101	 13,303
Total Assets	 1,246,703	 122,018	 1,368,721
Deferred outflow of resources	 2,557,281	 	 2,557,281
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	395,684	32,072	427,756
Noncurrent Liabilities	 2,772,648	 	 2,772,648
Total Liabilities	 3,168,332	 32,072	 3,200,404
Deferred inflow of resources	 926,850	 <u> </u>	 926,850
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets			
(net of related debt)	7,202	6,101	13,303
Unrestricted	 (298,400)	 83,845	 (214,555)
Total Net Position	\$ (291,198)	\$ 89,946	\$ (201,252)

The Charter School's combined net position was \$(201,252) at June 30, 2019.

The table that follows reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2019 and 2018.

		nmental vities		ess Type ivities		Total
	2019	2018	2019	2019 2018		2018
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charge for Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,990	\$ 32,505	\$ 40,990	\$ 32,505
Operating Grants						
and Contributions	1,351,418	1,340,222	175,713	163,755	1,527,131	1,503,977
Total Program Revenues	1,351,418	1,340,222	216,703	196,260	1,568,121	1,536,482
General Revenues:						
Local Aid	667,728	705,300	-	-	667,728	705,300
Federal and State Aid	4,141,234	4,122,971	-	-	4,141,234	4,122,971
Miscellaneous	14,405	220,096			14,405	220,096
Total General Revenues	4,823,367	5,048,367			4,823,367	5,048,367
Total Revenues	6,174,785	6,388,589	216,703	196,260	6,391,488	6,584,849
Expenditures:						
Instructions	4,201,676	4,120,545	-	-	4,201,676	4,120,545
Administrative	1,338,623	1,286,521	-	-	1,338,623	1,286,521
Support services	1,291,070	1,265,358	-	-	1,291,070	1,265,358
Capital outlay	24,682	39,301	-	-	24,682	39,301
Depreciation	2,881	2,881	-	-	2,881	2,881
Food Service			212,669	164,400	212,669	164,400
Total Expenditures	6,858,932	6,714,606	212,669	164,400	7,071,601	6,879,006
Change in Net Position	\$ (684,147)	\$ (326,017)	\$ 4,034	\$ 31,860	<u>\$ (680,113</u>)	\$ (294,157)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. The table below, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state entitlements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

	Total Cost of Services		Grants/ entributions	Net Cost of Services		
Instruction	\$ 4,201,676	\$	950,086	\$	(3,251,590)	
Adminstrative	1,338,623		229,651		(1,108,972)	
Support services Unallocated:	1,291,070		171,681		(1,119,389)	
Capital outlay	24,682		-		(24,682)	
Depreciation	 2,881				(2,881)	
Total Expenses	\$ 6,858,932	\$	1,351,418	\$	(5,507,514)	

Business-Type Activity

The business-type activities of the Charter School are the food service operation and after care. These programs had revenues of \$216,703 and operating expenses of \$212,669 for fiscal year 2019.

The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$5.79 million and expenditures of \$5.89 million.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2019, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget, but provide flexibility for Charter School management teams.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues were \$4.98 million which included a local tax levy of \$0.66 million. Expenditures were budgeted at \$5.40 million.

In its fiscal year 2018-2019, actual revenues were \$5.44 million and expenditures were \$5.55 million

The Charter School reimbursement for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$0.17 million. On-behalf TPAF payments for post-retirement medical benefits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to 0.44 million.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Charter School had \$13,303 invested in capital assets.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State of New Jersey continues to face serious budgetary constraints. These impacts the amount of state aid allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2018-2019. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials supplies, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to: Link Community Charter School, Business Office, 23 Pennsylvania Avenue, Newark, New Jersey 07102.



CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

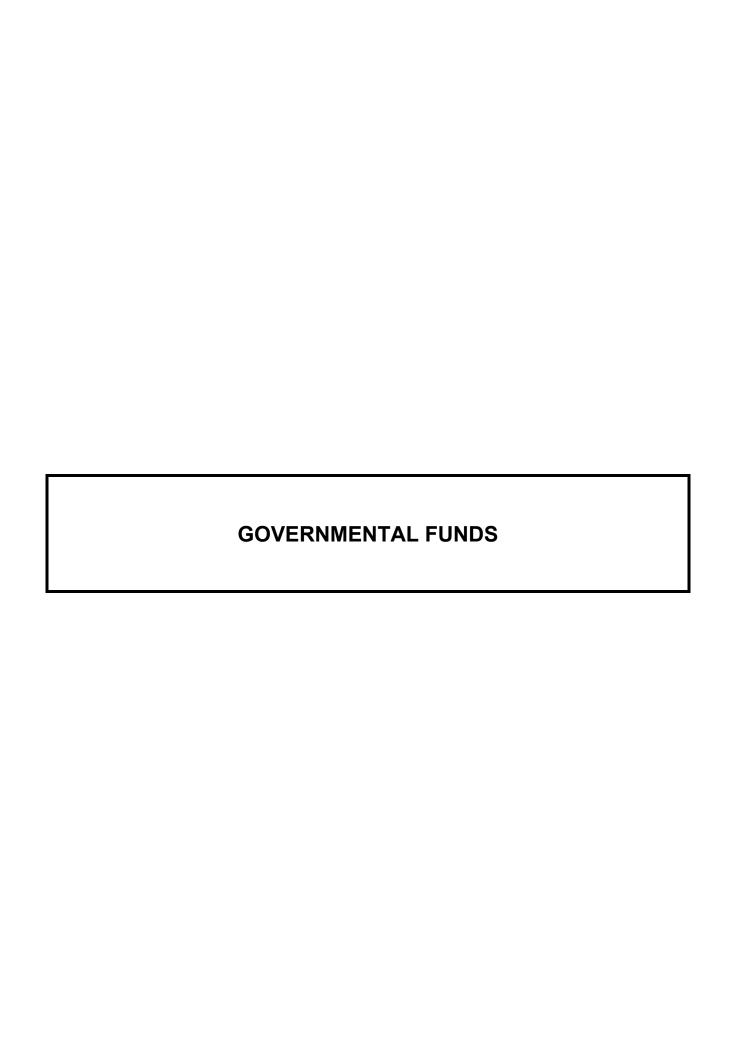
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	469,859	\$	48,458	\$	518,317
Accounts receivable		767,282		31,356		798,638
Interfund receivables - Fiduciary		29,984		1,500		31,484
Other receivables		-		2,429		2,429
Security deposit		4,550		-		4,550
Interfund receivables (internal)		(32,174)		32,174		
Total current assets		1,239,501		115,917		1,355,418
Capital assets:						
Machinery and equipment		14,404		10,720		25,124
Less: Accumulated depreciation		7,202		4,619		11,821
Net capital assets		7,202		6,101		13,303
Total assets		1,246,703		122,018		1,368,721
Deferred outflow of resources		2,557,281				2,557,281
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		378,548		32,072		410,620
Intergovernmental payable						
State		16,577		-		16,577
Deferred revenue		563		<u> </u>		563
Total current liabilities		395,688	-	32,072		427,760
Long-term Liabilities: Net pension liability						
Due within one year		156,427		-		156,427
Due in more than one year		2,616,221		-		2,616,221
Total long-term liabilities		2,772,648				2,772,648
Total liabilities		3,168,336		32,072		3,200,408
Deferred inflow of resources		926,850				926,850
Net position						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		7,202		6,101		13,303
Unrestricted		(298,404)		83,845		(214,559)
Total net position	\$	(291,202)	\$	89,946	\$	(201,256)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals		
Governmental activities:								
Instruction Administrative cost Support services Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 4,201,679 1,338,624 1,291,070 24,682 2,881	\$ - - - -	\$ 950,086 229,651 171,681 -	\$ (3,251,593) (1,108,973) (1,119,389) (24,682) (2,881)	\$ - - - -	\$ (3,251,593) (1,108,973) (1,119,389) (24,682) (2,881)		
Total governmental activities	6,858,936	-	1,351,418	(5,507,518)	-	(5,507,518)		
Business-type activities:								
Food Service	212,669	40,990	175,713		4,034	4,034		
Total primary government	\$ 7,071,605	\$ 40,990	\$ 1,527,131	(5,507,518)	4,034	(5,503,484)		
	General revenu Local sources State sources Miscellaneous	es, transfers and	special items:	\$ 667,728 4,141,234 14,405	- - -	\$ 667,728 4,141,234 14,405		
	Total gene	eral revenues, trans	sfers and special items	4,823,367		4,823,367		
	Change	es in net position		(684,151)	4,034	(680,117)		
	Net position - be	ginning		392,949	85,912	478,861		
	Net position - en	ding (A-1)		\$ (291,202)	\$ 89,946	\$ (201,256)		





GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019						
		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	469,859	\$	-	\$	469,859
Accounts receivable:						
Local		-		60,000		60,000
State		572,271		-		572,271
Federal		-		135,011		135,011
Interfund receivables		183,772		-		183,772
Other receivables		4 550		-		- 4 550
Security deposit		4,550		<u>-</u>		4,550
Total assets	\$	1,230,452	\$	195,011	\$	1,425,463
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	370,062	\$	8,486	\$	378,548
Intergovernmental payables:		,	•	,		ŕ
State		16,577		_		16,577
Federal		_		_		-
Interfund payables		-		185,962		185,962
Deferred revenue		_		563		563
Total liabilities		386,639		195,011		581,650
Fund halaneas						
Fund balances: Assigned		400.000				100 622
Unassigned		109,633 734,180		_		109,633 734,180
Onassigned		734,100		<u>_</u>		734,100
Total fund balances		843,813				843,813
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,230,452	\$	195,011		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.						
	Cost of	capital assets			\$	14,404
		lated depreciation	n		•	(7,202)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and doproduction	•			7,202
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabiliti to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	es related					
are deterred and amortized in the statement of activities.	Deferre	d amounts on net	pension	n liability		1,630,431
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	Net ner	sion liability				(2,772,648)
. Spottod do habilidos in dio lando.	. tot poi	.c.on nabinty				(=,: : = , : : 0)
Net position of governmental activities - A-1					\$	(291,202)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues	 runa	 runu	 TOTAL
Local Sources:			
Local tax levy Miscellaneous	\$ 667,728 14,405	\$ - 60,000	\$ 667,728 74,405
Total revenues - local sources	682,133	60,000	742,133
State sources	4,141,234	-	4,141,234
Federal sources	-	280,803	280,803
Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	173,132	-	173,132
pension contributions (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	308,294	-	308,294
post-retirement medical (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	139,842	-	139,842
non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted)	1,081	-	1,081
Total revenues	 5,445,716	 340,803	 5,786,519
Expenditures			
Current expense:	0.44==00		
Instruction	2,415,569	271,465	2,687,034
Administrative cost	1,483,344	-	1,483,344
Support services	1,006,592	69,338	1,075,930
Capital outlay	24,682	-	24,682
Reimbursed and on-behalf payments: Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	173,132	-	173,132
pension contributions (non-budgeted) On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	308,294	-	308,294
post-retirement medical (non-budgeted) On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	139,842	-	139,842
non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted)	 1,081	 <u> </u>	 1,081
Total expenditures	 5,552,536	 340,803	 5,893,339
Excess expenditures over revenues	(106,820)	-	(106,820)
Fund balances at beginning of the year	 950,633	 	 950,633
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 843,813	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 843,813

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)

\$ (106,820)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are different because:

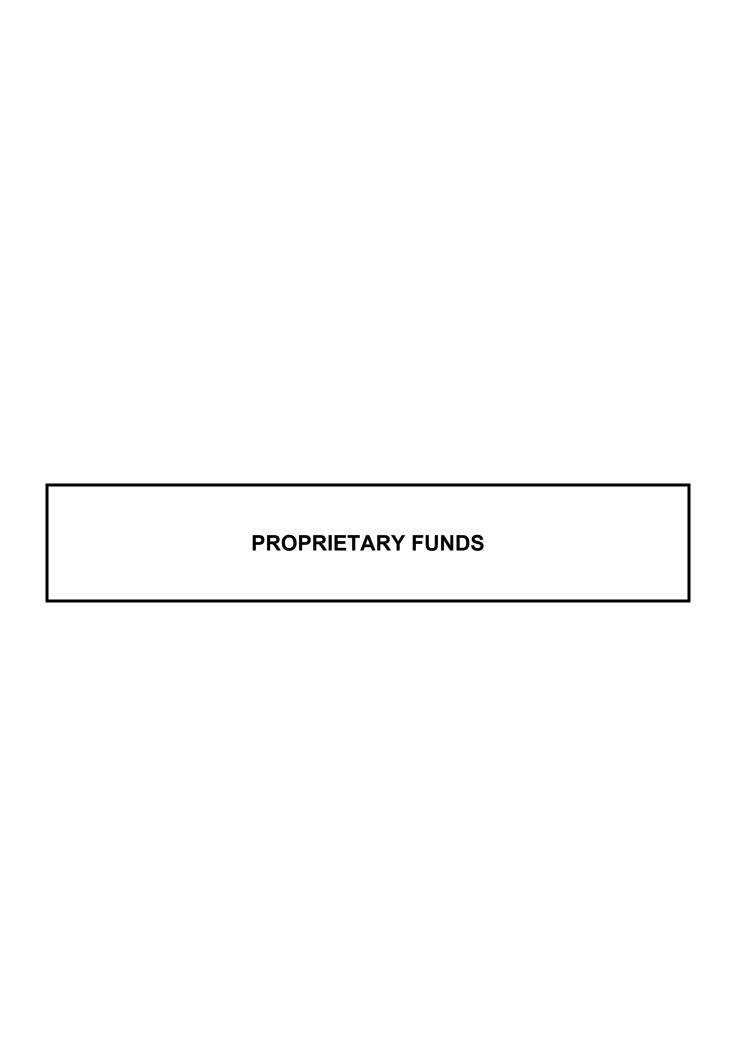
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the period. Additionally, in the Statement of Activities gains or (losses) are recognized upon disposition.

Capital outlay Depreciation expense (2,881)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Pension costs (574,450)

Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2) \$\\(\frac{\(\frac{684,151}{\)}}{\}\)



PROPRIETARY FUND

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 48,458
Accounts receivables	
Federal	30,997
State	359
Other	2,429
Interfund receivable	 33,674
	67,459
Capital assets	
Machinery and equipment	10,720
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 4,619
Net capital assets	 6,101
Total assets	\$ 122,018
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 32,072
Net position	
Unrestricted	89,946
Cinodifolou	 22,210
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 122,018

PROPRIETARY FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services:	
Daily sales - reimbursable programs	\$ 18,767
After School fees	2,462
Miscellaneous revenue	19,761
Total operating revenues	40,990
Operating expenses:	
Equipment	5,289
Supplies and materials - reimbursable programs	192,034
Stipends	14,253
Depreciation	1,093
Total operating expenses	212,669
Operating loss	(171,679)
Nonoperating revenues:	
State sources:	
State School Breakfast Program	-
State School Lunch Program	2,057
Federal sources:	
National School Lunch Program	118,201
National School Breakfast Program	55,455
Total nonoperating revenues	175,713
Change in net position	4,034
Total net position at beginning of year	85,912
Total net position at end of year	\$ 89,946

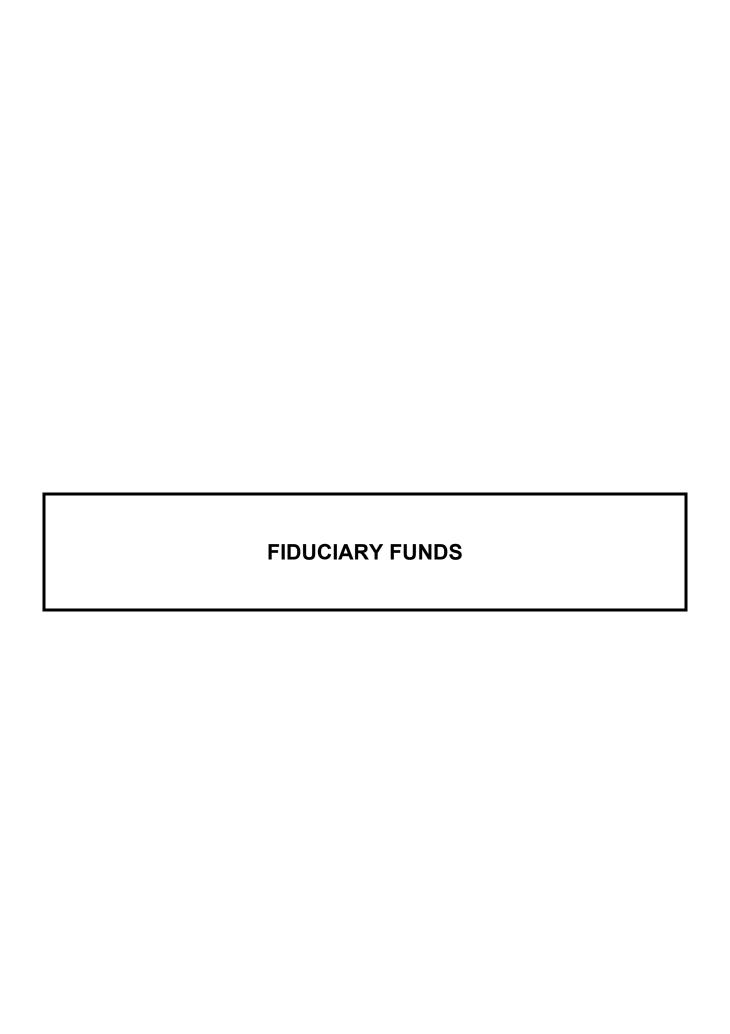
PROPRIETARY FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities

Operating loss	\$ (171,679)
Adjustment to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
from operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	1,093
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	14,542
Accounts payable	17,215
Interfund receivable	(37,793)
Net cash from operating activities	(176,622)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements	 175,713
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(909)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	 49,367
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 48,458



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	75,574
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities:		
Payroll withholdings payable	\$	36,327
Due to student groups		7,763
Interfund payables		31,484
Total liabilities		75,574
Net Assets		
Restricted		
Unemployment compensation		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	75,574

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues:		
General fund appropriation	\$	47,182
Employees' contributions	·	14,218
Total revenues		61,400
Expenditures:		
Payments to NJ Unemployment Compensation Fund		61,400
Total expenditures		61,400
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-
Fund balance at beginning of the year		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Link Community Charter School (the "Charter School") is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity:

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Charter School is governed by an independent Board of Trustees (the "Board"), which consists of parents, founders and other community representatives in accordance with its charter, which was appointed by the State Department of Education. An administrator is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

B. Component Units

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Basis of Presentation - Continued

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the financial statements include the following:

The financial statements include:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.
- ii) Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Charter School's activities.
- iii) A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements).

D. Basic Financial Statements

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School or government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Basic Financial Statements - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School.

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

E. Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

- As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.
- 2) Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Governmental Funds - Continued

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2019, there was no Capital Projects Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest on, bonds issued to finance major property acquisitions, construction, and improvement programs. As of June 30, 2019, there was no debt service fund.

F. Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those to similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

Enterprise Funds:

The Enterprise Fund are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Proprietary Funds - Continued

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Internal Service (Self-Insurance) Fund:

The Self-Insurance Fund is used to cover the self-insured limits of the various insurance policies for all funds. Charter School does not use self-insurance fund.

G. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary or trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. This fund category includes:

Expendable Trust Funds - Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental fund types, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Expendable Trust Funds account for assets where both the principal and interest may be spent.

Nonexpendable Trust Funds - Nonexpendable Trust Funds are used to account for assets held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, whereby the Charter School is under obligations to maintain the trust principal.

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involved measurement of results of operations. Agency funds include payroll and student activities funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus - Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spend able financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting - In the government-wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i.e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

I. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared prior to July 1, for the General Fund. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A. 2(m)1. All budget amendments must be approved by the State Department of Education. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial report. As presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General, Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Funds to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

J. <u>Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure</u>

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

J. Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure - Continued

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40 replaces in part, and otherwise modifies the prior GASB Statement No. 3, in addressing the requirements for disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments. Custodial credit risk disclosures are limited to deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized; (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. Investment securities that are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

Deposits

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

J. Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure - Continued

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- d. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Although GASB Statement No. 40 eliminated Categories 1 and 2 as previously established by GASB Statement No. 3, it maintained, with modification, the level-of-disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

As of June 30, 2019, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and modified by GASB Statement No. 40, and as such, are deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name, both at year-end and throughout the year.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

K. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase.

There was no prepayment as of June 30, 2019.

L. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term Interfund loans are classified as Interfund Receivable/Payable. Interfund balanced within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide Statements of Net Position.

M. Fixed Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Charter School as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation based for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the governmental fund capital assets.

Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of the depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
School Building if owned	50 years
Building Improvement	20 years
Electrical/Plumbing	30 years
Office and Computer Equipment	5-10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

O. Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted sick and vacation days in varying based under the Charter School's personnel policies and according to negotiated contracts. Vacation days not used during the year may only be carried forward with approval from the Head of School.

In the Charter School-wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the proprietary fund types is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of June 30, 2019, there are no liabilities for compensated absences.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

P. Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) represents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New Jersey State Pension Employees' Retirement System and the New Jersey State Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Q. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represent cash that has been received but not yet earned.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payable, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprises fund are reported and the enterprises fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from currents financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payments during the current year.

S. Fund Balance and Equity

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Charter School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

S. Fund Balance and Equity - Continued

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law or Education Law.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Charter School's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

T. Net Position

Net Position on the *Statement of Net Position* include the following:

Investments in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt - the component of net asset there reports the differences between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Specific Purposes – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the certain programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and /or enabling legislation.

Restricted for Debt Service – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by creditors.

Unrestricted - the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt, Net Position Restricted for Specific Purposes or Net Position Restricted for Debt Services.

U. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents the amount of fund capital contributed to the proprietary funds from other funds.

V. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods, without equivalent flows of assets in return. Interfund borrowings are reflected as "Due from/to Other Funds" on the accompanying financial statements. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

W. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

X. Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Charter School recognizes the effect of income tax positions only of those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Management has determined that the Charter School had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Charter School is no longer subject to audits by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for tax periods prior to 2016.

Y. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the State of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund, and for post-retirement medical benefits of members. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

Z. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is December 9, 2019.

NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Leases should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or, if applied to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated). However, lessors should not restate the assets underlying their existing sales-type or direct financing leases. Any residual assets for those leases become the carrying values of the underlying assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 2 <u>CUMMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE - CONTINUED</u>

This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Charter School is currently evaluating the impact of GASB Statement No. 87 on its charter school-wide financial statements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School's deposits are summarized as follows:

	(General	E	nterprise	Trust	and Agency	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Operating Account Interest-bearing Account	\$	469,859 -	\$	48,458 -	\$	75,574 -	\$ 593,891 -
Total	\$	469,859	\$	48,458	\$	75,574	\$ 593,891

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by several banking institutions. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits was \$593,891 and the bank balance was \$643,328. Of the bank balance, up to a maximum of \$250,000 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2019 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$393,328 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

Restricted Cash

The Charter School has established and funded an Escrow Account pursuant to an agreement signed with the New Jersey Department of Education. The required minimum is \$75,000, which is fully funded at June 30, 2019. The agreement stipulates that the intended use of the escrow amount is "to pay for legal and audit expenses and any other outstanding pension benefits that would be associated with a dissolution should it occur."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2019, capital assets are as follow:

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance	٨	let Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Office and computer equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	14,404 (4,321)	\$	(2,881)	\$ 14,404 (7,202)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	10,083	\$	11,523	\$ 7,202
Business-Type Activities					
Office and computer equipment Less Accumulated depreciation	\$	10,720 (3,526)	\$	- (1,093)	\$ 10,720 (4,619)
Capital assets, net	\$	7,194	\$	(1,093)	\$ 6,101

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at June 30, 2019 is as follow:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
Long-Term Debt	June 30,2018	Additions	Retired	June 30,2019	One Year
Net pension liability	\$ 2,793,579	\$ -	\$ 20,931	\$ 2,772,648	\$ 156,427

NOTE 6 <u>NET DEFICIT</u>

As of June 30, 2019, governmental activities net position consisted of the following components:

INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT

Capital assets,net	\$	7,202
Less:Long-Term obligations	-	
(All long-term debt relates to capital assets)		7,202

UNRESTRICTED

Net position not restricted above	 (298,400)
NET DEFICIT	\$ (291,198)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS

A. Description of Plans

All eligible employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS and the TPAF. These reports may be obtained by writing to the nju88ujn Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The Public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established in January 1, 1995, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full-time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. The Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the systems other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

B. Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

C. Significant Legislation

Two pieces of legislation passed during fiscal year 2001 having significant impact on the benefit provisions under PERS and TPAF. Chapter 133, P.L.2001, increases retirement benefits for service, deferred and early retirements by changing the formula from 1/60 to 1/55 of final compensation for each year of service. The legislation also increases the retirement benefit for veteran member with 35 years or more of service and reduces age qualification from 60 to 55. The legislation further provides that existing retirees and beneficiaries would also receive a comparable percentage increase in their retirement allowance. The benefit enhancements are effective with the November 1, 2001 benefit checks. Chapter 120, P.L 2001, established an additional retirement option for plan members. Under the new option, a retiree's actuarially reduced allowance (to provide a benefit to the retiree's beneficiary upon the death of the retiree) would "pop-up" to the maximum retirement allowance if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

C. Significant Legislation - Continued

Chapter 4, P.L 2001 provides increased benefit to certain members of PERS who retired prior to December 29, 1989 with at least 25 years of creditable service. The maximum amount of the increase is 5 percent the retiree's final compensation. For those with 30 or more years of service, the total pension would increase from 65 to 71 percent of final compensation. Due to the enactment of 1997 legislation, Chapter 114, P.L. 1997 and Chapter 115, P.L 1997, the State of New Jersey's portion of the unfunded accrued liability under each retirement system was eliminated. In addition, excess valuation assets were available to fund, in full or in part, the State of New Jersey's normal contribution from 1997 to 2001, excluding the contribution for post-retirement medical benefits in the PERS and TPAF.

D. Contribution Requirement

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. TPAF and PERS provide for employee contributions of 4.5% and 3%, respectively of employees' annual compensation, as defined. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustment, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the Charter School is a non-contributing employer of the TPAF

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey is to reimburse the Charter School during the year ended June 30, 2019 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. These amounts have been included in the basic financial statements. There was no reimbursement claimed during the fiscal year.

E. GASB 68 Disclosures

i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported in the charter school-wide statement of net position a net pension liability of \$2,772,648 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the ration of contributions as an individual employer to the total contributions to the PERS with measurement dates June 30, 2018 and 2017. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School's proportionate share was 0.0140818589% which is an increase from the proportionate share of 0% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$574,450. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$ 52,875	\$	14,297	
Changes of assumptions	456,886		886,545	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	-		26,008	
Change in proportion and differences				
between Charter School contributions				
and proportionate share contributions	 2,047,520			
	\$ 2,557,281	\$	926,850	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

	Year Ended	
	June 30,	
2020	\$ 466,194	
2021	466,194	
2022	466,194	
2023	227,018	
2024	4,830	

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017 measurement date. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases

Through 2026 1.65% - 4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65% - 5.15% based on age

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For Local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disables Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equi	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% at June 30, 2018 measurement date. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30. 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contribution from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2046, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(4.66%)	(5.66%)	(6.66%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 4,066,621	\$ 2,772,648	\$ 2,621,039

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the TPAF and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2019, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School amounted to \$10,639,434. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense and related revenue of \$620,242 in the Charter school-wide financial statements for its proportionate share in the special funding support provided by the State for its TPAF members.

The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School was based on the ratio on the State's contribution as an employer and nonemployer towards the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School was 0% and 0.0167239749%.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018 measurement date. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary increases

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality were based on RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, setback 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Health Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a based year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvements based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disability mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equi	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% June 30, 2018. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contribution from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

•	TPAF Sensitivi		
	1% Current		1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
-	(3.86%)	(4.86%)	(5.86%)
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 12,612,870	\$ 10,639,434	\$ 9,061,161

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial report.

NOTE 8 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description and benefits provided The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148.401 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, an increase in the number of participants qualifying for State-paid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 8 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been re-measured to \$97.1 billion, an increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the re-measured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017.

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the Charter School did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education/board of trustees. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State CAFR at https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/cafr.shtml

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Infliation rate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 8 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

ililiation rate	2.30 /6		
	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary increases:			
Through 2026	1.55% - 4.55%	2.15% - 4.15%	2.10% - 8.98%
	based on years of service	based on age	based on age
Thereafter	2.00% - 5.45%	3.15% - 5.15%	3.10% - 9.98%
	based on years of service	based on age	based on age

2 50%

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rate were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial studies for periods July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2015, July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2014, and July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2013 for TPAF, PERS and PFRS, respectively.

100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage are assumed to continue with that coverage. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement, having a coverage blend of 85% and 15% in PPO and HMO, respectively.

(a) Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend is initially is 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 18.0% decreasing to a 5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 8 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

(b) Discount rate

The discount rate for used for June 30, 2018 and 2017 measurement dates were 3.87% and 3.58% This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Changes in the State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School retirees:

Total OPEB Liability

Balance at 6/30/17 measurement date Changes for the year	\$	1,951,172
Service cost		395,196
Interest		83,358
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		(160,744)
Difference between expected and actual		
experience		(832,067)
Benefit payments		(37,456)
Contributions from the member	-	1,295
Net Change		(550,418)
Balance at 6/30/18 measurement date	\$	1,400,754

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)	
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$ 1,655,97 <u>6</u>	\$ 1,400,754	\$ 1,197,878	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 8 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for the Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Current Health Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase	
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$	1,157,805	\$	1,400,754	\$	1,722,064

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognize OPEB revenue and expense of \$388,226 as determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2019, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired Charter School employees' OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows	
			of I	of Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	313,986
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportions		- 199,456		135,974 321,920
One Property	\$	199,456	\$	771,880

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 8 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB of retired Charter School employees will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended
	June 30
2020	\$ (67,329)
2021	(67,329)
2022	(67,329)
2023	(67,329)
2024	(67,329)
Thereafter	(235,779)

NOTE 9 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offered its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service 403(b). The Plan is administered by AXA Equity, Inc. permits participants to defer apportion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss relates to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (Unaudited) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Schedule J-20).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

B. New Jersey Unemployment Compensation

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

NOTE 11 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Amount reported in the governmental funds as interfund receivable and payable from/to other governmental funds are eliminated in the governmental activities column. The remaining internal receivable and payable between the governmental funds and enterprise fund have been eliminated in the total Charter School-wide Statement of Net Asset.

At June 30, 2019, the interfund balances consisted of the following components:

		RECEIVABLE (PAYABLE)									
				Special							
	_	General Fund	F	Revenue Fund	En	terprise Fund	Fiduciary Fund				
General fund	\$	183,772	\$	(185,962)	\$	33,674	\$	(31,484)			
GASB No 34 mandated eliminations within governmental activities		(185,962)	_	185,962		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Net interfund balances reported as follows: Entity-wide (eliminated in total column)	<u>\$</u>	(2,190)	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	33,674					
External (Due from Trust and Agency Funds)							\$	(31,484)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 12 CONTINGENCIES

State and Federal Aid Receipts

State and Federal awards are generally subject to review by the responsible governmental agencies for compliance with the agencies regulations governing the aid. In the opinion of the Charter School's management and legal counsel, any potential adjustments to the Federal or State aid recorded by the Charter School through June 30, 2019, resulting from a review by a responsible government agency will not have a material effect on the Charter School financial statements at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 13 RENTAL LEASE

The Charter School is currently sub-leasing its facilities at 23 Pennsylvania Avenue, Newark, New Jersey for a period of four (4) years from Link Education Partners commencing July 1, 2014 and expiring on June 30, 2019 subsequent to June 30, 2019, the lease was extended for another four years. Rent for the year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$200,000.

NOTE 14 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Link Education Partners ("LEP") is an affiliate organization related to the Charter School. It is a non-profit organization dedicated to supporting Link Community Charter School in its mission to provide an outstanding middle school education for learners of all academic abilities through development of the mind, body and spirit through a strong curriculum, experiential learning, immersion in the arts, and an enduring commitment to Core Values; this will allow them to be successful in competitive high schools and become responsible and resourceful citizens who give back to others.

LEP also subleased the property at 23 Pennsylvania Avenue to the Charter School for a period of 4 years expiring June 30, 2019. Subsequent to June 30, 2019, the lease was extended for another 4 years. The Charter School also used all of LEP capital assets in the property with no additional fee. In addition, LEP also share some administrative employees with the Charter School throughout the year. LEP also has sponsored a summer school program where it utilizes the Charter School's teachers.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Page		Original Budget Final Budget Transfers Budget			Actual	Variance Final to Actual
	Revenues					
Miscellaneous	Local Sources:					
Total revenues - local sources	Local tax levy	\$ 666,229	\$ 1,499	\$ 667,728	\$ 667,728	\$ -
State sources 4,308,262 (187,028) 4,141,234 4,141,234 7.	Miscellaneous				14,405	14,405
Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security (non-budgeted)	Total revenues - local sources	666,229	1,499	667,728	682,133	14,405
On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund pension contributions (onn-budgeted) c c 308,294 308,294 On-behalf Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund post-retirement medical (non-budgeted) c c c 139,842 460,825 108,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 140,82 141,80 141,80 141,80 141,80 141,80 141,80 1	State sources	4,308,262	(167,028)	4,141,234	4,141,234	-
On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund post-retirement medical (non-budgeted) - - - - 139,842 139,842 On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted) - - - - 1,081 1,081 Total revenues 5,150,419 (165,529) 4,984,890 5,445,716 460,826 Expenditures Current expense: Instruction: Seat (177,065) (33,505) 2,143,560 2,108,342 35,218 Professional/technical service 157,600 92,905 250,505 246,405 4,100 General supplies 70,000 (15,000) 55,000 26,248 28,752 Textbooks 21,200 12,000 13,478 922 Textbooks 21,200 12,000 13,478 922 Total current expense 2,248,265 56,000 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,090 Administrative cost: 821,226 38,559 859,845 590,400 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 <td></td> <td>175,928</td> <td>-</td> <td>175,928</td> <td>173,132</td> <td>(2,796)</td>		175,928	-	175,928	173,132	(2,796)
On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted) - - 1 1,081 1,081 1,082 Total revenues 5,150,419 (165,529) 4,984,890 5,445,716 460,826 Expenditures Current expenses: Instruction: Salaries 2,177,065 (33,505) 2,143,560 2,108,342 35,218 Professional/technical service 157,600 92,905 250,505 264,6405 4,100 General supplies 70,000 (15,000) 55,000 26,248 28,752 Textbooks 21,200 - 21,200 21,200 21,200 21,200 21,200 21,200 20,248,265 26,400 2,406 <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>308,294</td> <td>308,294</td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	308,294	308,294
Total revenues 5,150,419 (165,529 4,984,890 5,445,716 460,826	` ` ` ,	-	-	-	139,842	139,842
Current expense: Instruction: Salaries Salaries	non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	1,081	1,081
Current expense: Instruction: Salaries 2,177,065 (33,505) 2,143,560 2,108,342 35,218 Professional/technical service 157,600 92,905 250,505 246,405 4,100 General supplies 70,000 (15,000) 55,000 26,248 28,752 Textbooks 21,200 - 21,200 21,200 21,096 104 Miscellaneous 2,400 12,000 14,400 13,478 922 Total current expense 2,428,265 56,400 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,096 Administrative cost: 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,7	Total revenues	5,150,419	(165,529)	4,984,890	5,445,716	460,826
Professional/technical service 157,600 92,905 250,505 246,405 4,100 General supplies 70,000 (15,000) 55,000 26,248 28,752 Textbooks 21,200 - 21,200 21,096 104 Miscellaneous 2,400 12,000 14,400 13,478 922 Total current expense 2,428,265 56,400 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,096 Administrative cost: Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscel	Current expense:					
General supplies 70,000 (15,000) 55,000 26,248 28,752 Textbooks 21,200 - 21,200 21,096 104 Miscellaneous 2,400 12,000 14,400 13,478 922 Total current expense 2,428,265 56,400 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,096 Administrative cost: Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services:	Salaries	2,177,065	(33,505)	2,143,560	2,108,342	35,218
Textbooks 21,200 - 21,200 21,200 21,006 104 Miscellaneous 2,400 12,000 14,400 13,478 922 Total current expense 2,428,265 56,400 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,096 Administrative cost: Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,685 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110	Professional/technical service	157,600	92,905	250,505	246,405	4,100
Miscellaneous 2,400 12,000 14,400 13,478 922 Total current expense 2,428,265 56,400 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,096 Administrative cost: Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Salaries Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866	General supplies	70,000	(15,000)	55,000	26,248	28,752
Total current expense 2,428,265 56,400 2,484,665 2,415,569 69,096 Administrative cost: Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000	Textbooks	21,200	-	21,200	21,096	104
Administrative cost: Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643	Miscellaneous	2,400	12,000	14,400	13,478	922
Salaries 827,590 (79,516) 748,074 740,195 7,879 Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805	Total current expense	2,428,265	56,400	2,484,665	2,415,569	69,096
Total benefit costs 821,286 38,559 859,845 590,480 269,365 Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 -	Administrative cost:					
Professional/technical service 59,750 1,250 61,000 29,418 31,582 Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Salaries	827,590	(79,516)	748,074	740,195	7,879
Other purchased services 99,200 (14,007) 85,193 82,247 2,946 Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Total benefit costs	821,286	38,559	859,845	590,480	269,365
Communications and telephones 34,585 - 34,585 23,905 10,680 Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Professional/technical service	59,750	1,250	61,000	,	,
Supplies and materials 7,000 2,757 9,757 9,757 - Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Other purchased services	99,200	(14,007)	85,193	82,247	2,946
Miscellaneous 11,000 - 11,000 7,342 3,658 Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Communications and telephones		-	34,585	23,905	10,680
Total administrative cost 1,860,411 (50,957) 1,809,454 1,483,344 326,110 Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	• •		2,757		,	-
Support services: Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Miscellaneous					3,658
Salaries 318,728 20,554 339,282 329,866 9,416 Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Total administrative cost	1,860,411	(50,957)	1,809,454	1,483,344	326,110
Purchased professional/technical service 50,000 - 50,000 27,820 22,180 Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Support services:					
Other purchased services 210,640 (6,997) 203,643 175,838 27,805 Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	• •	318,728	20,554	339,282	329,866	9,416
Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Purchased professional/technical service	50,000	· <u>-</u>	50,000	27,820	22,180
Rent on land and buildings 328,001 - 328,001 - Insurance-fidelity, liability, property 63,413 1,000 64,413 57,853 6,560	Other purchased services	210,640	(6,997)	203,643	175,838	27,805
	•		-	328,001	328,001	, -
	· ·		1,000			6,560
	Supplies and materials	18,000	(10,000)	8,000	3,629	4,371
Energy costs 76,500 - 76,500 73,212 3,288			-			
Miscellaneous <u>25,000</u> (10,000) <u>15,000</u> 10,373 <u>4,627</u>	• •	,	(10,000)	,	,	,
Total support services 1,090,282 (5,443) 1,084,839 1,006,592 78,247	Total support services	1,090,282	(5,443)	1,084,839	1,006,592	78,247

EXHIBIT C-1

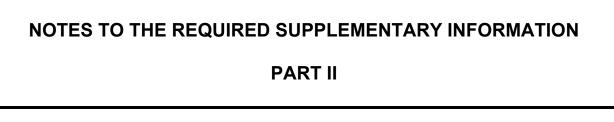
GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Capital outlay:					
Instructional equipment	20,000	(5,500)	14,500	12,470	2,030
Non-instructional equipment	10,000	5,500	15,500	12,212	3,288
Total capital outlay	30,000		30,000	24,682	5,318
Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	-	-	-	173,132	(173,132)
pension contributions (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund post-retirement medical (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	308,294	(308,294)
	-	-	-	139,842	(139,842)
				1,081	(1,081)
Total expenditures	5,408,958		5,408,958	5,552,536	(143,578)
Excess revenues over expenditures	(258,539)	(165,529)	(424,068)	(106,820)	317,248
Transfers - Transfer out to Enterprise Fund - Food Service					
Excess revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	(258,539)	(165,529)	(424,068)	(106,820)	317,248
Fund balances at beginning of the year	950,633	<u>=</u>	950,633	950,633	<u>=</u>
Prior period adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning as restated	950,633	-	950,633	950,633	-
Fund balances at ending of the year	\$ 692,094	\$ (165,529)	\$ 526,565	\$ 843,813	\$ 317,248

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Final to Actual	
Revenues						
Local	\$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ -	
Federal	280,803		280,803	280,803		
Total revenues - all sources	340,803		340,803	340,803		
Expenditures						
Current Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Salaries of teachers	214,000	-	214,000	214,000	-	
Employee benefits	36,999	_	36,999	36,999	-	
Supplies and materials	17,866	_	17,866	17,866	-	
Purchased professional and technical service	500	-	500	500	-	
Miscellaneous	2,100	<u>-</u> _	2,100	2,100	<u>-</u> _	
Total instruction	271,465		271,465	271,465		
Support services:						
Purchased services	69,298	-	69,298	69,298	-	
Miscellaneous	40		40	40		
Total support services	69,338		69,338	69,338		
Total Expenses	340,803		340,803	340,803		
Excess revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY GAAP RECONCILIATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures					Sp	ecial
			General Fund		_	venue und
Sources/inflows of resources						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule:	[C-1]	\$	5,445,716	[C-2]		340,803
Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.			-			-
Last State aid payment recognized for budgetary purposes only.			-			-
General Fund contribution to Early Childhood Program Aid.			<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditur and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	es [B-2]		5,445,716	[B-2]		340,803
Uses/outflows of resources						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]		5,552,536	[C-2]		340,803
Differences - budget to GAAP Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.			-			-
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		_	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$	5,552,536	[B-2]	\$	340,803

Note A -The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR PENSIONS (GASB 68)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PERS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2019	2018		 2017	2016			2015	
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	0140818589%		0.008828485%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,772,648	\$	2,793,579	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Charter School's covered-employee payroll		\$999,568	\$	1,026,612	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		277.38%		272.12%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		53.60%		48.10%	40.14%		47.92%		52.06%	

The Charter School has no proportionate share in the net pension liability (asset).

⁽¹⁾ The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2014. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

EXHIBIT L-2

LINK COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF ESSEX, NEW JERSEY)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

Last Ten Fiscal Year (1)

	 2019	2018		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 140,069	\$	111,174	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (140,069)		(111,174)						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 999,568	\$	1,026,612	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.01%		10.83%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

The Charter School has no proportionate share in the net pension liability (asset).

⁽¹⁾ The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2014. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2019	2018		2017		2016		2015	
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	0167239749%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	10,639,434	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,881,066	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		26.49%		25.41%		22.33%		28.71%		33.64%

The Charter School has no proportionate share in the net pension liability (asset).

⁽¹⁾ The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2014. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR OPEB (GASB 75)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2019			2018
State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School Retirees				
Service cost	\$	395,196	\$	476,080
Interest		83,358		64,758
Difference between expected				
and actual experience		(832,067)		-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		(160,744)		(363,896)
Contributions from the member		1,295		1,664
Benefit payments		(37,456)		(45,193)
Net Change in Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to		(550,418)		133,413
State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School Retirees				
At beginning of year	\$	1,951,172	\$	1,817,759
At end of year	\$	1,400,754	\$	1,951,172
Charter School's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability		0%		0%
Charter School Covered-employee payroll (2)		\$2,880,634	\$	1,026,612
Total State OPEB liability as a percentage of Charter School covered-employee payroll		48.63%		190.06%

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ The Charter School implemented GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* in fiscal year 2018. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2018.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll was based on the Charter School's payroll for the year ended June 30.



NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 5.00% to 5.66%. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASBS No. 68.

The single blended discount rate of 5.66% in the current measurement date was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% (7.00% in prior measurement date) and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% (3.58% % in prior measurement date) based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

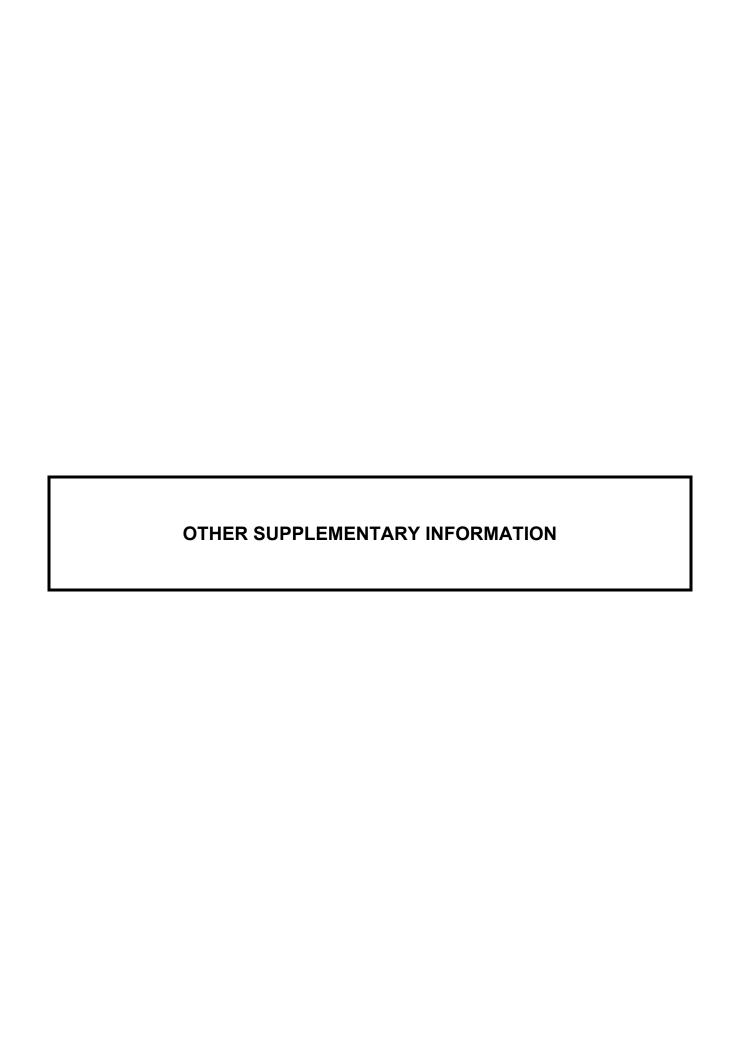
Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 4.86% to 4.25% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.

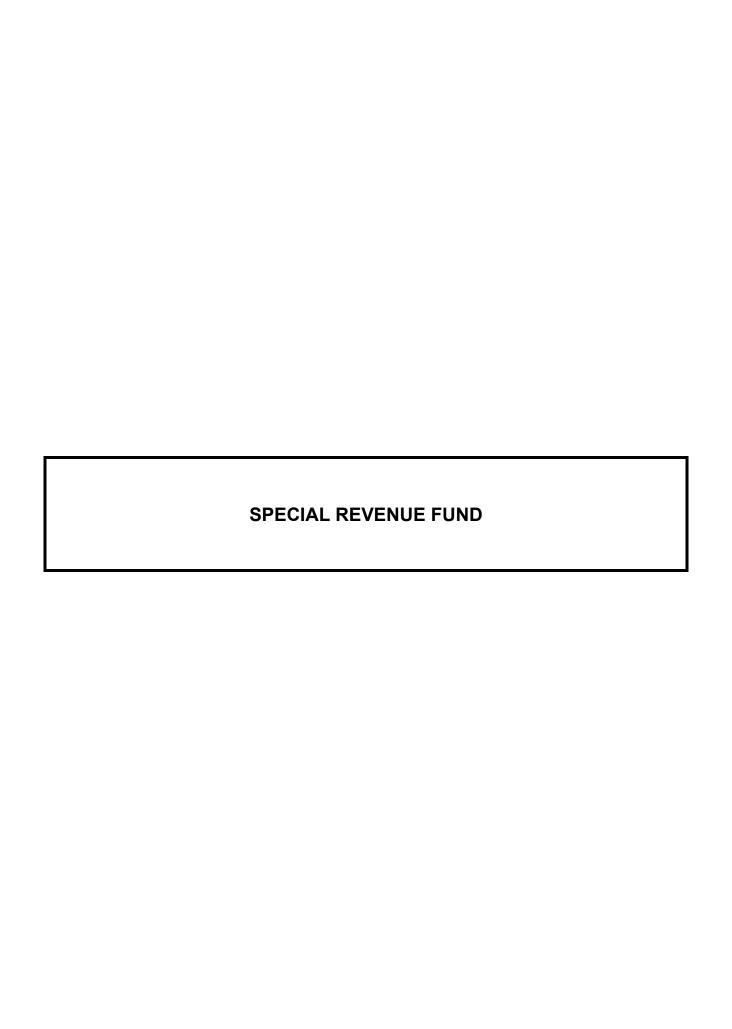
The single blended discount rate of 4.86% in the current measurement date was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% (7.00% in prior measurement date) and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% (3.58% in prior measurement date) based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total nonemployer OPEB liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 3.85% to 3.87% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 75. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.





SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS

			Link	Education	
	Title I	IDEA	F	Partners	Total
Revenues Local Federal	\$ - 214,00 <u>5</u>	\$ 66,798	\$	60,000	\$ 60,000 280,803
Total revenues - all sources	\$ 214,005	\$ 66,798	\$	60,000	\$ 340,803
Expenditures Current Expenditures: Instruction: Salaries of teachers Employee benefits Supplies and materials Purchased professional and technical services Miscellaneous Total instruction	\$ 154,000 36,999 17,866 500 2,100 211,465	\$ - - - - -	\$	60,000	\$ 214,000 36,999 17,866 500 2,100 271,465
Support services: Purchased professional service Miscellaneous Total support services	2,500 40 2,540	 66,798 - 66,798		- - -	 69,298 40 69,338
Total expenditures	\$ 214,005	\$ 66,798	\$	60,000	\$ 340,803

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases other than those financed by propriety funds.

At June 30, 2019, there was no capital project fund.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods and services be financed through user charges. The Charter School has the Food Service and After Care in its Enterprise Fund to account for the operation of food services and after care.

ENTERPRISE FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,458
Accounts receivable:		
Federal		30,997
State		359
Other		2,429
Interfund receivables		33,674
		67,459
Capital assets		
Equipment		10,720
Less: Accumulated depreciation		4,619
Net capital assets		6,101
Total Assets	\$	122,018
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	32,072
Deferred revenue		-
Intergovenmental payable - State		
Total current liabilities		32,072
Not accets		
Net assets		90.046
Unrestricted	-	89,946
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	122,018

ENTERPRISE FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services: Daily sales - reimbursable programs After School fees Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 18,767 2,462 19,761
Total Operating revenues	40,990
Operating expenses: Equipment Supplies and materials - reimbursable programs Stipends Depreciation	5,289 192,034 14,253 1,093
Total operating expenses	212,669
Operating loss	(171,679)
Nonoperating revenues: State sources: State School Lunch Federal sources:	2,057
National School Lunch National School Breakfast Total nonoperating revenues	118,201 55,455 175,713
Income before transfers	4,034
Transfers in - General fund	
Changes in net position	4,034
Total net position at beginning of year	85,912
Total net position at end of year	\$ 89,946

ENTERPRISE FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	FOOD SERVICE
Cash flows from operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (171,679)
Adjustment to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
from operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	1,093
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	14,542
Accounts payable	17,215
Interfund receivable	 (37,793)
Net cash from operating activities	(176,622)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements	175,713
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(909)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	 49,367
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 48,458

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust funds are used to account for gifts and bequests to the Charter School for specific purposes.

Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund is an expendable trust fund used to account for unemployment transactions of the Charter School.

At June 30, 2019 there was no non-expandable trust fund utilized by the Charter School.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, governmental and/or other funds.

Payroll Fund - This agency fund is used to account for the payroll transactions of the Charter School.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

	New Jersey			Α	gency			
	Unemployment Benefits	Student Activities		Net Payroll		Payroll Agency		 Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	9,263	\$	3,792	\$	62,519	\$ 75,574
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:								
Payroll and withholdings payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	302	\$	36,025	\$ 36,327
Due to student groups	-		7,763		-		-	7,763
Interfund payable	-		1,500		3,490		26,494	31,484
Deferred revenue	<u>-</u>				_		_	_
Total liabilities			9,263		3,792		62,519	 75,574
Net Position								
Restricted Unemployment compensation			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total liabilities and net position	\$ -	\$	9,263	\$	3,792	\$	62,519	\$ 75,574

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (TRUST FUND)

	Uner	w Jersey nployment enefits
Revenues:		
General fund appropriation	\$	47,182
Employees' contributions		14,218
Total revenues		61,400
Expenditures: Payments to NJ Unemployment Compensation Fund Total expenditures		61,400 61,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-
Net position at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>
Net position at end of year	\$	_

STUDENT ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Balanca June 30, 2			Cash eceipts	Cash ursements	Balance June 30, 2019		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,424	\$ 15,447	\$ 10,608	\$	9,263	
Interfund receivables		3,025	 	 3,025			
	\$	7,449	\$ 15,447	\$ 13,633	\$	9,263	
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 15,133	\$ 13,633	\$	1,500	
Due to Student Groups	-	7,449	 314	 		7,763	
	\$	7,449	\$ 15,447	\$ 13,633	\$	9,263	

PAYROLL AGENCY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	Balance June 30, 2018		Cash Receipts		Disk	Cash oursements	Balance June 30, 2019	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivable	\$	11,615 26,494	\$	546,666 <u>-</u>	\$	495,762 26,494	\$	62,519 <u>-</u>
Total Assets	\$	38,109	\$	546,666	\$	522,256	\$	62,519
Liabilities								
Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	11,615	\$	36,025	\$	11,615	\$	36,025
Interfund payable		26,494		510,641		510,641		26,494
Total Liabilities	\$	38,109	\$	546,666	\$	522,256	\$	62,519

LONG-TERM DEBT

The long-term debt is used to record the outstanding principal balances of the long-term liabilities of the charter school. This includes the outstanding principal balance on capital lease, the accrued liability for insurance claims and the liability for compensated absences and the outstanding principal balance on certificates of participation outstanding or mortgage note payable. The Charter School has no long-term debts.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION

<u>Contents</u>		<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	79
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	N/A
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	N/A
Demographic and Ecor	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.	84
Operating Information	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	88
	 1 Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year. 2 GASB requires presentation of certain statistical information for the last ten fiscal years. However, fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 is the first operating year of the 	
	Charter School. Therefore, schedules presenting charterwide information include information beginning in that year.	

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
	2019			2018 2017		2016		2015		
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	7,202	\$	10,083	\$	12,964	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		(298,404)		382,866		706,002		780,524		730,608
Total governmental activities net position	\$	(291,202)	\$	392,949	\$	718,966	\$	780,524	\$	730,608
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	6,101	\$	7,194	\$	3,556	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		83,845		78,718		50,493		14,853		3,134
Total business-type activities net position	\$	89,946	\$	85,912	\$	54,049	\$	14,853	\$	3,134
Charter School-wide										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	7,202	\$	10,083	\$	12,964	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		(208,458)		468,778		760,051		795,377		733,742
Total Charter School net position	\$	(201,256)	\$	478,861	\$	773,015	\$	795,377	\$	733,742

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 **Expenses** Governmental activities Instruction 4,201,679 2,759,841 2,924,449 \$ \$ 4,124,891 \$ \$ \$ 1,951,048 1,283,729 918,674 Administrative 1,338,624 962,975 911,391 Support Services 1,291,070 1,263,804 907,761 808,363 563,363 Unallocated 3,557 Capital Outlay 24,682 39,301 10,000 Depreciation 2,881 2,881 1,440 4,654,203 3,433,085 Total governmental activities expenses 6,858,936 6,714,606 4,635,574 Business-type activities: Food service 212,669 164,400 152,746 141,607 112,970 Total business-type activities expense 164,400 152,746 141,607 112,970 212,669 Total charter school expenses 7,071,605 6,879,006 4,788,320 4,795,810 3,546,055 **Program Revenues** Governmental activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions 1,351,418 1,340,222 320,358 482,507 901,105 Capital grants and contributions 1,351,418 1,340,222 320,358 482,507 901,105 Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services 40,990 32,505 32,257 18,848 Food service 22,328 Operating grants and contributions 163,755 154,221 136,462 97,256 175,713 Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues 216,703 196,260 186,478 158,790 116,104 Total charter school program revenues 1,568,121 1,536,482 506,836 641,297 1,017,209 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities (5,507,518) (5,374,384)(4,315,216)(4,171,696)(2,531,980)Business-type activities 4,034 31,860 33,732 3,134 17.183 Total charter school-wide net expense (5,503,484) (5,342,524) (4,281,484)(4,154,513)(2,528,846)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015					
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net As	sets									
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	667,728	705,300	673,020	691,410	316,023					
Grants and contributions	4,141,234	4,122,971	3,574,223	3,527,853	2,946,315					
Miscellaneous income	14,405	220,096	6,415	2,349	250					
Transfers										
Total governmental activities	4,823,367	5,048,367	4,253,658	4,221,612	3,262,588					
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-					
Miscellaneous Income										
Total business-type activities	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>		<u>=</u>					
Total charter school-wide	4,823,367	5,048,367	4,253,658	4,221,612	3,262,588					
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(684,151)	(326,017)	(61,558)	49,916	730,608					
Business-type activities	4,034	31,860	33,732	17,183	3,134					
Total charter school	\$ (680,117)	\$ (294,157)	\$ (27,826)	\$ 67,099	\$ 733,742					

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal \	ear E	nding June 3	0,			
	2019	 2018		2017	2016		2015	
General Fund								
Assigned	\$ 109,633	\$ 109,633	\$	2,455	\$	-	\$	-
Unassigned	734,180	841,000		703,547		780,524		730,608
Total general fund	 843,813	 950,633		706,002		780,524		730,608
All Other Governmental Funds								
Assigned	-	-		-		-		-
Unassigned, reported in:								
Special revenue fund	-	-		-		-		-
Capital projects fund	-	-		-		-		-
Debt service fund	-	-		-		-		-
Permanent fund	 	 						
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 843,813	\$ 950,633	\$	706,002	\$	780,524	\$	730,608

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Last Ten Fiscal Years (2) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019 2018 2015 **Function** 2017 2016 Revenues Local Sources: 316,023 Local tax levy \$ 667,728 705,300 \$ 673,020 \$ 691,409 \$ 74,405 220,096 681,870 Miscellaneous 6,415 93,052 4,273,950 3,024,482 State sources 4,314,366 3,710,953 3,695,362 141,318 Federal sources 280,803 235,239 183,628 224,296 5,337,302 5,434,585 4,574,016 4,704,119 4,163,693 **Total Revenues** Current expense Instruction 2,687,034 2,564,779 2,357,527 2,504,326 1,694,740 Administrative cost 1,483,344 1,427,179 1,279,513 1,206,494 1,123,524 Support services 1,075,930 856,807 765,874 536,654 1,007,716 Capital outlay 24,682 39,301 17,961 10,000 TPAF - FICA Reimbursement 173,132 150,979 136,730 167,509 78,167 TPAF - On-behalf payments 1,081 1,482 **Total Expenditures** 5,445,203 4,648,538 4,654,203 3,433,085 5,191,436 Net change in fund balances (107,901)243,149 (74,522)49,916 730,608 Debt service as a percentage of noncapital 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% expenditures

Source: Charter School's records.

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

Year	Population ^a	Pe	rsonal Income ^b	Per Capita Personal Income ^c	Unemployment Rate ^d
2019	**		**	**	**
2019	282,090		**	**	7.00%
2017	281,014	\$	17,859,563,756	\$ 63,554	7.50%
2016	280,628		17,198,848,236	61,287	7.90%
2015	279,629		16,814,371,399	60,131	8.80%

^{**} Data not available

Source:

^a U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division

^b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

^c Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. All dollar estimates are in thousands of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Estimates for 2010-2017 reflect county population estimates available as of March 6, 2019.

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Four Years Ago

		2019	2015			
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total Municipal Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total Municipal Employment		
St. Barnabas Health Care System	23,000	**	23,000	**		
Verizon	17,100	**	17,100	**		
Prudential Ins. Co. of America	16,850	**	16,850	**		
Rutgers University - Newark Campus	15,500	**	15500	**		
Continental Airlines	11,000	**	11,000	**		
Newark Board of Education	7,050	**	7,050	**		
Automatic Data Processing	5,649	**	5,649	**		
New Jersey Transit	4,000	**	4,000	**		
City of Newark	4,000	**	4,000	**		
Essex County	3,500	**	3,500	**		
	107,649		107,649			

Note - Principal employers are that of Essex County

Source: Essex County Economic Development Corporation

^{** -} Information not available

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CHARTER SCHOOL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Unaudited)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function/Program		_			_
Instruction	38	33	33	29	29
Administrative	8	8	8	9	9
Support Services	5	4	4	3	3
Total	51	45	45	41	41

Source: Charter School's personnel records

OPERATING STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (2) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating penditures ^a	Cost	Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff ^b	Pupil/Teacher Ratio Middle School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) ^c	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) ^c	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2019	288	\$ 5,893,339	\$	20,463	28.15%	29	9.8 : 1	285.10	274.80	78.41%	96.39%
2018	288	5,606,628		19,467	21.92%	29	9.8 : 1	285.10	274.80	78.41%	96.39%
2017	287	4,648,538		16,197	1.44%	29	9.8 : 1	285.10	274.80	78.41%	96.39%
2016	286	4,654,203		16,273	1.91%	29	9.8 : 1	286.37	274.80	79.21%	95.96%
2015	215	3,433,085		15,968	N/A	29	7.4 : 1	159.8	156.60	N/A	98.00%

Source: Charter School's Records

Note: Enrollment based on annual October Charter School count.

^a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.

^c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Charter School Building 23 Pennsylvania Avenue Square Feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	55,000	55,000	55,000	55,000	55,000
	475	475	475	475	475
	288	288	287	286	215

Source: Charter School's records

INSURANCE SCHEDULE

June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

		Coverage	Deductible			
Commercial property and general liability:						
Property (*): Building	\$	10,000,000	\$	5,000		
Business Personal Property - All Risk	Ψ	1,000,000	\$	5,000		
Coinsurance		90%	Ψ	0,000		
Business Income		3,500,000				
On and Hishilites (*).						
General Lliability (*): Aggregate		3,000,000				
Products/Completed Operations Aggregate		3,000,000				
Personal and Advertising Injury		1,000,000				
Each Occurrence		1,000,000				
Damage to rented premises		100,000				
Medical expense		5,000				
		,				
Employee Benefits Liability (*):						
Aggregate		3,000,000		4 000		
Each claim		1,000,000		1,000		
Abuse and Molestation (*):						
Aggregate		3,000,000				
Each claim		1,000,000				
Professional Liability (*):						
Aggregate		3,000,000				
Each claim		1,000,000				
Morkey Composition (*)						
Workers Compensation (*): Bodily injury by accident		500,000				
Bodily injury by disease - each employee		500,000				
Bodily injury by disease - each employee Bodily injury by disease		500,000				
		,				
Directors and Officers (*):						
Limit of liability		1,000,000		25,000		
Employment Practices (*):						
Limit of liability		1,000,000		25,000		
Crime (*):		250,000		EE 000		
Employee theft		250,000		55,000		

(*) William H. Connolly & Co., LLC

Source: Charter School's Records

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FISCAL RATIOS

Multi-Year Information (Unaudited)

	2017	2018	2019	
	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	\$ 656,115	\$ 898,608	\$ 518,317	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets	1,520,375	1,421,847	1,355,418	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Assets	1,536,895	1,439,124	1,368,721	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	763,880	392,496	427,760	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Liabilities	763,880	3,186,075	3,200,408	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Net Assets	773,015	478,861	(201,256)	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Revenue	4,760,494	6,584,849	6,391,488	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Total Expenses	4,788,320	6,879,006	7,071,605	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Assets	(27,826)	(294,157)	(680,117)	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Depreciation Expense	1,440	2,881	2,881	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Expense	-	-	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Principal Payments	-	-	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Payments	-	-	-	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Final Average Daily Enrollment	287	288	288	DOE Enrollment Reports
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment	288	288	288	Charter School Budget

		R A	ATIO ANALYSIS				
Near Term	Indicators	2017	2018	2019	3 YR CUM	Source:	Target
1a.	Current Ratio	2.01	0.45	0.43	0.61	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1
1b.	Unrestricted Days Cash	50.01	47.68	26.75	40.38	Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	30-60
1c.	Enrollment Variance	100%	100%	100%	100%	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollme	>95%
1d.	Default	No	No	No	No	Audit	not in default
Sustainabi	lity Indicators						
2a.	Total Margin	-1%	-4%	-11%	-6%	Change in Net Assets/Total Revenue	positive
2b.	Debt to Asset	0.50	2.21	2.34	1.65	Total Liabilities/Total Assets	<.9
2c.	Cash Flow	\$ 260,736	\$ 242,493	\$ (137,798)	\$ 365,431	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive
						(Change in Net	
						Assets+Depreciation+Interest	
2d.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	ı	ı	ı	Expense)/(Principal & Interest Payments)	>1.10

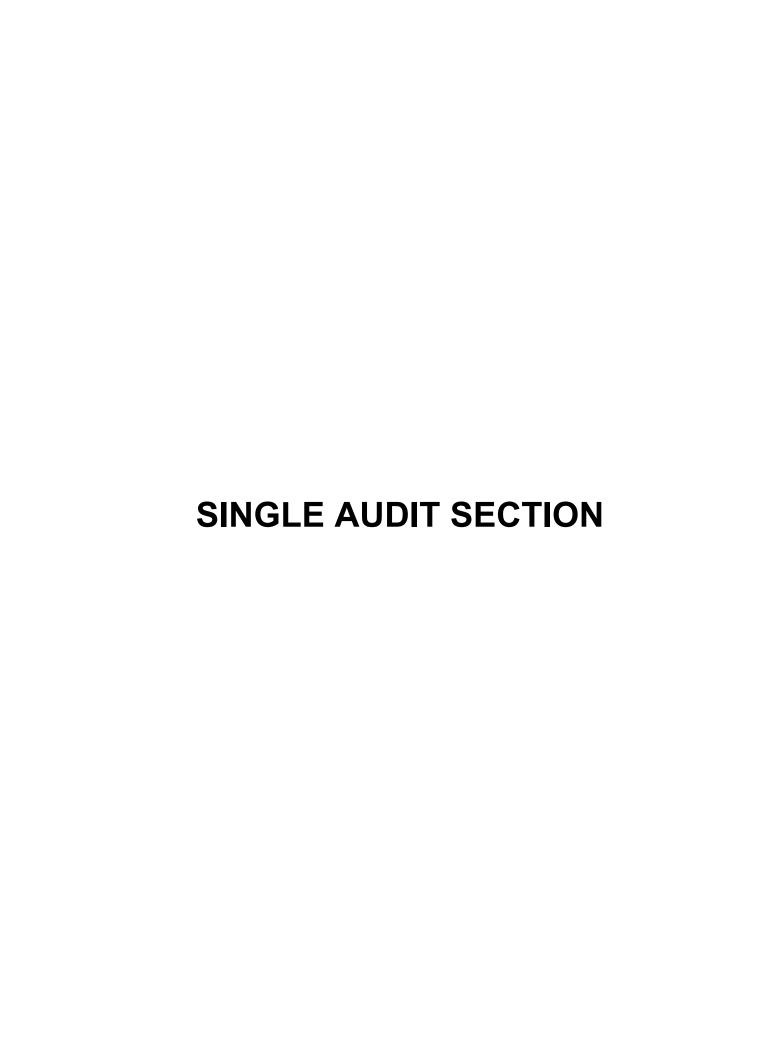




EXHIBIT K-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Link Community Charter School Essex County, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Link Community Charter School (the Charter School), in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS - CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters as described as Finding 2019-001 in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Trustees of the Link Community Charter School in the County of Essex, New Jersey in a separate *Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings - Financial, Compliance and Performance,* dated December 9, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400 Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP

December 9, 2019 Cream Ridge, New Jersey



EXHIBIT K-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Link Community Charter School Essex County, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Link Community Charter School's (the Charter School) in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *New Jersey State Aid Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Charter School's major state program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08 - CONTINUED

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Link Community Charter School, in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08 - CONTINUED

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of NJ OMB Circular Letter 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Galleras Robinson CPAs. LLP

December 9, 2019 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

EXHIBIT K-3 SCHEDULE A

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

											Repayment			
Federal Grant/	Federal	Federal	Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/			of Prior	Balanc	e at June 30,	2019
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	FAIN	Project	Award	Grant	Period	Balance at	(Walkover)	Cash	Budgetary	Years'	(Accounts	Deferred	Due to
Program Title	No.	Number	Number	Amount	From	То	June 30, 2018	Amount	Received	Expenditures	Balances	Receivable)	Revenue	Grantor
U.S. Department of Education: Passed-through New Jersey State Departm	ent Educatior	1												
Special Revenue Fund: Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies		S010A180030 S010A170030	NCLB - 6099 - 19 NCLB - 6099 - 18	\$ 214,005 172,249	7/1/2018 7/1/2017	6/30/2019	\$ - (59,869)		\$ 123,860 59,869	(214,005)	\$ -	\$ (90,145)	\$ -	\$ -
Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant Individuals with Disabilities		H027A180100	IDEA - 6099 - 19	66,798	7/1/2018	6/30/2019	-	-	21,932	(66,798)	-	(44,866)	-	-
- States Grant Total U.S. Department of Education	84.027	H027A170100	IDEA - 6099 - 18	62,990	7/1/2017	6/30/2018	(49,622) (109,491)		49,622 255,283	(280,803)	-	(135,011)		=======================================
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed-through New Jersey State Departm	ent of Agricul	ture												
Enterprise Fund:														
National School Lunch Program	10.555	191NJ304N1099	N/A	118,201	7/1/2018	6/30/2019	-	-	97,204	(118,201)	-	(20,997)	-	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	181NJ304N1099	N/A	117,069	7/1/2017	6/30/2018	(34,405)	-	34,405	-	-	-	-	-
National School Breakfast Program National School Breakfast Program		191NJ304N1099 181NJ304N1099	N/A N/A	55,455 44,664	7/1/2018 7/1/2017	6/30/2019 6/30/2018	(13,334)		45,455 13,334	(55,455)	-	(10,000)		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture							(47,739)		190,398	(173,656)		(30,997)		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards							\$ (157,230)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 445,681	\$ (454,459)	\$ -	<u>\$ (166,008)</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>

SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Balance at June 3	80, 2018				Adjustments	Balance	at June 30, 2	019		
			-					Budgetary	Repayment		Deferred		_	
				Deferred Revenue		Carryover/		Expenditures	Prior	Intergovernmental	Revenue/			MEMO
	Grant or State		Award	(Accounts	Due to	(Walkover)	Cash	Pass-through	Year's	(Accounts	Interfund	Due to	Budgetary	Cumulative Total
State Grantor/Program Title	Project Number	Grant Period	Amount	Receivable)	Grantor	Amount	Received	Funds	Balances	Receivable)	Payable	Grantor	Receivable	Expenditure
New Jersey State Department of Edu	cation													
General Fund:														
Equalization Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-6/30/19	\$ 3,065,088	\$ - 9	-	\$ -	\$ 2,627,050	\$ (3,065,088)	\$ -	\$ (438,520)	\$ -	\$ 482	\$ 438,520	\$ 3,065,088
Equalization Aid	18-495-034-5120-078	7/1/17-6/30/18	3,150,177	(313,881)	89,504	-	135,182	-	-	(89,195)	-	-	89,195	-
Equalization Aid	17-495-034-5120-078	7/1/16-6/30/17	3,081,699	-	18,495	-	_	-	(2,400)		-	16,095	-	-
Special Education Categorical Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	7/1/18-6/30/19	173,140	-	-	-	173,140	(173,140)	-	-	-	-	-	173,140
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	7/1/18-6/30/19	133,702	_	-	-	133,702	(133,702)	-	-	-	-	-	133,702
Adjustment Aid	18-495-034-5120-085	7/1/17-6/30/18	74,693	(13,048)	_	_	13,048		_	-	_	-	_	· -
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	19-495-034-5094-003	7/1/18-6/30/19	173,132	-	_	_		(173,132)	_	(44,556)		-	_	173,132
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	18-495-034-5094-003	7/1/17-6/30/18	150,979	(10,687)	-	-	10,687	-	_	-	_	_	_	· · · · ·
On-Behalf Teachers'				(-, ,			.,							
Pension and Annuity Fund	19-495-034-5094-002	7/1/18-6/30/19	308,294	_	_	_	308,294	(308,294)	_	-	_	-	_	308,294
On-Behalf Teachers'								(, - ,						
Pension and Annuity Fund –														
Post Retirement Medical	19-495-034-5094-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	139,842	_	_	-	139,842	(139,842)	_	_	_	_	_	139,842
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension &			,				,	(:;-:=)						,
Annuity Fund - Non-contributory														
Insurance	19-495-034-5094-004	7/1/18-6/30/19	1,081	_	-	-	1,081	(1,081)	-	-	-	-	-	1,081
Total General Fund				(337,616)	107,999		3,670,602	(3,994,279)	(2,400)	(572,271)		16,577	527,715	3,994,279
New Jersey State Department of Agri	iculture													
Enterprise Fund:														
State School Lunch Program	19-100-010-3350-023	7/1/18-6/30/19	2,057	-	-	-	1,698	(2,057)	-	(359)	-	-	-	-
State School Lunch Program	18-100-010-3350-023	7/1/17-6/30/18	2,022	(588)	-		588							
Total Enterprise Fund				(588)			2,286	(2,057)		(359)				
Total Expenditures of State Financi	ial Assistance			\$ (338,204)	107,999	\$ -	\$ 3,672,888	\$ (3,996,336)	\$ (2,400)	\$ (572,630)	\$ -	\$ 16,577	\$ 527,715	\$ 3,994,279
Less: On-Behalf TPAF Pension Syst	em Contributions													
On-Behalf Teachers'														
Pension and Annuity Fund	19-495-034-5094-002							308,294						
On-Behalf Teachers'	19-493-034-3094-002							300,234						
Pension and Annuity Fund –														
Post Retirement Medical	19-495-034-5094-001							139,842						
On-Behalf Teachers'	10-400-004-0004-001							139,042						
Pension & Annuity Fund – Non-														
contributory Insurance	19-495-034-5094-004							1,081						
•	.5 700 007 0054-004							449,217						
								449,217						
Total for State Financial Assistance	-Maior Program Determin	ation						\$ (3,547,119)						
. C.a. 101 Clate 1 manetal Assistance	ajo. i rogium botemim							. (2,2,7.10)						

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state activity of the Board of Trustees of the Link Community Charter School (the "Charter School"). The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of those recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the special revenue fund on both GAAP and budgetary basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. See Exhibit C-3 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - CONTINUED

NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ _	\$ 4,314,366	\$ 4,314,366
Special Revenue Fund	271,587	-	271,587
Enterprise Fund	 173,656	2,057	 175,713
Total	\$ 445,243	\$ 4,316,423	\$ 4,761,666

NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

TPAF Social Security Contributions represents reimbursements in the amount of \$173,132 by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019. The State had also made on-behalf TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions totaling \$449,217.

NOTE 6 ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 6 DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST

The Charter School has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	✓ None reported
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not consider to be material weaknesses?	ered	Yes	_ - No
Noncompliance material to financial statements	s noted?	Yes	<u></u> ✓ No
Federal Awards (Not Applicable)			
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B p	rograms:	Not ap	<u>plicable</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:		Not applicable	
Internal control over compliance:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not consider to be material weakness(es)?	ered	Yes	No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	reported	Yes	No
Identification of Major Programs:			
CFDA No.	Name of Federal Pr	ogram	<u>-</u>
No major programs identified.			

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS - CONTINUED

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Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over compliance:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes Y No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes ✓ _ No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-0	8?Yes _ _ _No
Identification of Major Programs:	
State or Project No.	Name of State Program
State Aid Public Cluster:	
19-495-034-5120-078 19-495-034-5120-084 19-495-034-5120-089	Equalization Aid Security Aid Special Education Aid

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

None noted.

Compliance and other Matters

Finding 2019-001 Late Submission of Food Service Claims

CFDA No. Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Child Nutrition Cluster

10.553 National School Breakfast Program10.555 National School Lunch Program

Criteria

Under Title 7 CFR Part 210.8 Claims for reimbursement, "A final Claim for Reimbursement shall be postmarked or submitted to the State agency not later than 60 days following the last day of the full month covered by the claim. State agencies may establish shorter deadlines at their discretion. Claims not postmarked and/or submitted within 60 days shall not be paid with Program funds unless otherwise authorized by United State Department of Agriculture (USDA) Food and Nutrition Services (FNS)."

Condition

We noted that the Charter School's reimbursement claims to New Jersey State Department of Agriculture for the months of May 2019 and June 2019 were submitted past the deadline of 60 days after the end of the reporting month.

Cause

There were changes in accounting personnel responsible for the submission of the monthly claims and the changes in the state system required time to learn on how to navigate. Both changes caused the delay.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS - CONTINUED

Compliance and other Matters - continued

Finding 2019-001 Late Submission of Food Service Claims - continued

Effect

Failure to submit the claims within the prescribed period may result in non-payment of claims.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Charter School implement its policies and procedures to ensure that the required reports are filed timely. We recommend personnel back-up and training to ensure that data requirements and timelines are adhered to.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions

We have reviewed and implemented immediately policies and procedures in place for filing claims for the Charter School's Food Program. Claims will be filed within 60 days following the month covered by the claim.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS

Not applicable

SECTION IV STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

None noted.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

There was no prior year finding.