JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTERSCHOOL

128 Danforth Avenue, Jersey City, NJ 07305 Phone: (201) 433-2288 - Fax: (201) 433-5803

School Website: www.jcccsonline.org

Ms. Ayana Williams, Head of School

December 17, 2019

Dr. Lamont Repollet
Commissioner
New Jersey Department of Education
100 Riverview Executive Plaza
CN – 500
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500

Dear Commissioner Repollet:

We hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Jersey City Community Charter School (the "Charter School") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Charter School. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and result of operations of the various funds and account groups of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: **introductory**, **financial**, **statistical**, and **single audit**. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Charter School's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report thereon. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The single audit section includes information related to the single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable *laws and regulations* and findings and recommendations.

The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and New Jersey OMB Letter Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid Payments."

1) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report.

The Charter School provides a comprehensive early childhood program appropriate to grade levels K to 8. That program included social, health and nutrition services that support the total education of the students and their families. The Charter School completed the 2018-2019 fiscal year with an average daily enrollment of 568 students, which is 6 students lower than the previous year's enrollment. The following details the changes in student enrollment of the school over the last ten years.

	Average Student	
Fiscal Year	Daily Enrollment	Percent Change
2018-2019	568	-1.05%
2017-2018	574	2.50%
2016-2017	560	-1.93%
2015-2016	571	-2.56%
2014-2015	586	0.34%
2013-2014	584	1.74%
2012-2013	574	-1.03%
2011-2012	580	-1.53%
2010-2011	589	1.20%
2009-2010	582	1.04%

2) ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Charter School is located in Jersey City, the second largest municipality in New Jersey with a population of 270,553 according to the United States Department of Commerce's 2017 Census. The City is located on the west side of the Hudson River, directly across from lower Manhattan in New York City, and is part of the major business and industrial concentration spanning the New York-Northern New Jersey Metropolitan area.

The City's land area is 14.9 square miles, including a five mile long stretch of Hudson River waterfront that has experienced considerable high rise office tower, residential and multifamily development over the past ten years. The City is connected to New York City by Holland Tunnel and the PATH railroad tubes, and is within ten miles of Newark Liberty International Airport and the container and cargo facilities of Port Newark-Elizabeth.

2) ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK - CONTINUED

The City is located in the County of Hudson. The City's size and current development activities cause it to dominate the economy of Hudson County. The City also serves as the seat of the County Government. Of the approximately 314,272 persons employed in the County, approximately 285,533 or 91% are employed in Jersey City.

The Charter School has completed its 18th year of implementation. During the 2018-2019 School-Year, the school serviced the following number of students per grade:

Grades	Students
Kindergarten	64
Grade 1	67
Grade 2	63
Grade 3	66
Grade 4	64
Grade 5	62
Grade 6	66
Grade 7	63
Grade 8	53
	568

Growth

At its inception, the Charter School began with 72 kindergarten students. Plans for expansion included adding first grade in the 1998-1999 school year; second grade in the 2000-2001; third, through eighth grades in the subsequent years.

The Charter School is one of the first cohort of charter schools in the State of New Jersey. In December 2000, the school submitted its first renewal application for continuation of its charter. In February 2001, the school received a charter to continue its operation under a charter for five additional years. The school submitted its most recent renewal application during the 2015-2016 school-year and received a charter for an additional five years to 2021-2022. As part of the renewal process, the Charter School was required to develop a five-year fiscal plan.

During the school year, 2003-2004 the Charter School purchased one of its existing facilities (at 128 Danforth Avenue, in Jersey City, New Jersey) from the former owners, the Urban League of Hudson County, Inc. The building had a capacity for up to 350 students. During the 2008-2009 school-year the school completed the expansion of its existing facilities adding 14 classrooms at the 128 Danforth location. In addition, during the school year 2010-2011, the Charter School acquired and renovated a building at 16 Bentley Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey providing more permanent facilities (classrooms and administrative offices) for the Middle School.

Commissioner New Jersey Department of Education Page 4

3) MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Charter School ensures that its curriculum is aligned to state standards. Expeditionary Learning is implemented in English Language Arts Literacy (ELA) in grades K-8. Professional Development participation is conducted throughout the school year and attendance is required for instructional staff. Additionally in grades K-3, we will continue the implementation of the Children's Literacy Initiative placing continued emphasis on Core Practices - Literacy Environment - Physical Elements, Intentional Read Aloud, Message Time Plus and The Workshop Model. In preparation for NJSLA administration, students receive additional support with technology and the ELA curriculum.

A new mathematics series entitled, enVisionmath 2.0 and Digits 2015 on Realize were implemented in grades K-8. Professional Development activities will be conducted this summer and continued throughout the school year. Staff attendance and participation is required. In preparation for the PARCC administration, students will receive additional support with technology and the math curriculum.

The Interactive Science for grades K-8 is based on best practices from academic research and alignment to next generation science standards. Which results is a program rooted in sound learning approaches, teaching strategies, and ideas to engage all learners, to maximize their learning, so that they can apply their thinking. Lesson plans are reviewed on a bi-weekly basis. Formal and informal observations are conducted throughout the school year providing feedback to improve teacher practice.

All students receive social studies instruction from Kindergarten through grade 8. The challenges of the 21st century are complex, have global implications, and are connected to people, places, and events of the past. The study of social studies focuses on deep understanding of concepts that enable students to think critically and systematically about local, regional, national, and global issues. The resources currently used include Social Studies Civics Today, The American Journey, and Discovering Our Past. Authentic learning experiences that enable students to apply content knowledge, develop citizenship skills, and collaborate with students from around the world prepare New Jersey students for the 21st-century workplace. Lesson plans will be reviewed on a bi-weekly basis. Formal and informal observations are conducted the school year, making recommendations and providing to improve teacher practice.

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

4) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's Board of Trustees.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) BUDGETARY CONTROLS

In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. No reservation of fund balance was made as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

6) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORT

The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The accounting system of the Charter School is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 1.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

7) FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION AT FISCAL YEAR-END

The following schedule presents a summary of the general and special revenue funds for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the amount of increases (decreases) in relation to prior year's revenues:

				I	ncrease/	
	2019		2018	(I	Decrease)	% Change
\$	1,762,197	\$	1,625,767	\$	136,430	8.39%
	5,631,679		5,652,253		(20,574)	-0.36%
ō	747,493		716,837		30,656	4.28%
\$	8,141,369	\$	7,994,857	\$	146,512	1.83%
	\$	\$ 1,762,197 5,631,679 747,493	\$ 1,762,197 \$ 5,631,679 747,493	\$ 1,762,197 \$ 1,625,767 5,631,679 5,652,253 747,493 716,837	2019 2018 (I \$ 1,762,197 \$ 1,625,767 \$ 5,631,679 5,652,253 747,493 716,837	\$ 1,762,197 \$ 1,625,767 \$ 136,430 5,631,679 5,652,253 (20,574) 747,493 716,837 30,656

The increase in local sources is due to the adjustment aid received in 2018-2019, and in federal sources due to increase in Title I funding. The increase in local and federal sources is offset by decrease in state levy.

The monies received from State and the number of children enrolled in our program determines Federal sources attributable to grants in aid. We anticipate increase in enrollment in 2019-2020, which would result in increase in aid in state aid.

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund and special revenue expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 as compared against the June 30, 2018 expenditure levels.

			I	ncrease/	
2019	2018		(1	Decrease)	% Change
\$ 2,880,820	\$	2,999,099	\$	(118,279)	-3.94%
2,990,114		2,981,847		8,267	0.28%
1,300,823		1,224,228		76,595	6.26%
685,838		683,963		1,875	0.27%
86,172		24,861		61,311	246.62%
\$ 7,943,767	\$	7,913,998	\$	29,769	0.38%
\$	\$ 2,880,820 2,990,114 1,300,823 685,838 86,172	\$ 2,880,820 \$ 2,990,114 1,300,823 685,838 86,172	\$ 2,880,820 \$ 2,999,099 2,990,114 2,981,847 1,300,823 1,224,228 685,838 683,963 86,172 24,861	2019 2018 (1) \$ 2,880,820 \$ 2,999,099 \$ 2,990,114 2,981,847 1,300,823 1,224,228 685,838 683,963 86,172 24,861	\$ 2,880,820 \$ 2,999,099 \$ (118,279) 2,990,114 2,981,847 8,267 1,300,823 1,224,228 76,595 685,838 683,963 1,875 86,172 24,861 61,311

The increase in total expenditures is primarily due to the mortgage payments for principal and interests paid during the year.

8) CASH MANAGEMENT

The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by State statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 2. The Charter School has adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

9) RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, fidelity bonds and worker's compensation (see J-20).

10) OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of BCA Watson Rice LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and the related Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08.

The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements, combining and individual fund statements, and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Commissioner **New Jersey Department of Education** Page 8

11) **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Jersey City Community Charter School Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Jersey City Public School District and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial, accounting and administrative staff.

Respectfully submitted,

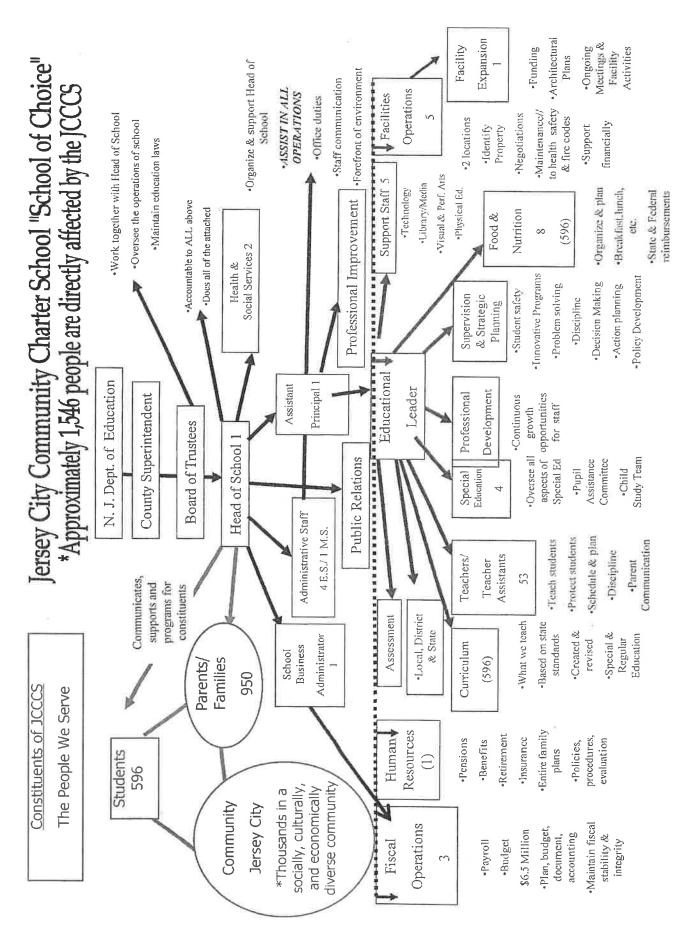
Leonora Galleros

School Business Administrator

David Asige

David Asig

Board President



ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2019

Members of Board of Trustees

David Asige Ericka McKnight Terry Kemps Aflowa Zaza Patricia Spegel-Stroman Zandile P. Nkabinde Deborah Thomas

Executive Board

David Asige
Patricia Spegel-Stroman
Howard Mankoff, Esq.***
Ayana Williams***
Leonora Galleros***

President
Vice President
Board Attorney
Head of School
School Business Administrator

*** Ex-officio

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

CONSULTANTS, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS AND ADVISORS

Independent Auditors

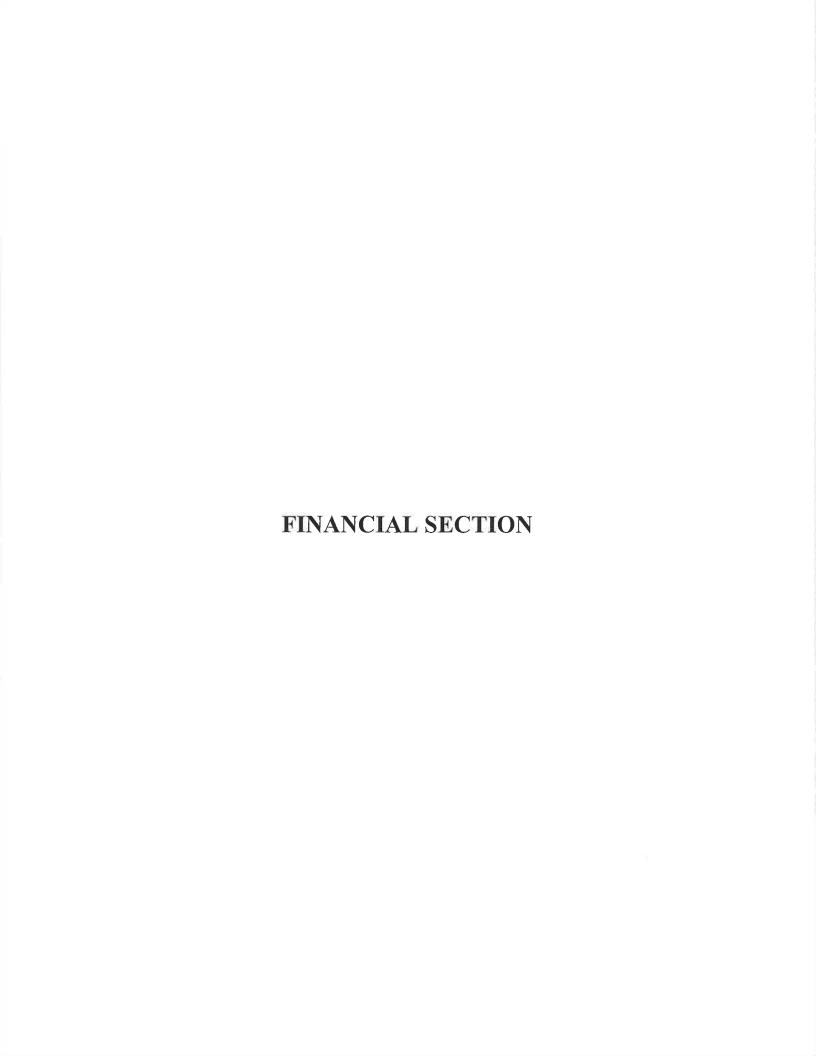
BCA Watson Rice LLP Certified Public Accountants 301 Route 17 North, 4th Floor Rutherford, New Jersey 07070

Attorneys at Law

Marshall, Dennehey, Warner, Coleman & Goggin Attorneys at Law 425 Eagle Rock Avenue, Suite 302 Roseland, New Jersey 07068

Official Depository

Bayonne Community Bank 104-110 Avenue C Bayonne, New Jersey 07002



301 Route 17 North Rutherford, NJ 07070 www.bcawatsonrice.com Telephone: 201.460.4590 Facsimile: 201.460.7224

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Jersey City Community Charter School Hudson County, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jersey City Community Charter School (the "Charter School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements as prescribed by the *Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT – CONTINUED

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School adopted new accounting standards, GASB Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations", and GASB Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter. The implementation did not have an effect on the Charter School's financial statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information, and Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions and OPEB (GASB 68 and 75) on pages 15 through 23, pages 73 through 76, and pages 77 through 82 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance as Required by the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, Respectively

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED

The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the statistical section as listed on the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the statistical section as listed on the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Barbara Siochi, CPA, CGMA Licensed Public School Accountant

No. 20CS00260700

BCA Watson Rice LLP
Certified Public Accountants

Rutherford, New Jersey December 17, 2019

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

Introduction

This section of the Jersey City Community Charter School's (the "Charter School") comprehensive annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model in conformance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Financial Highlights

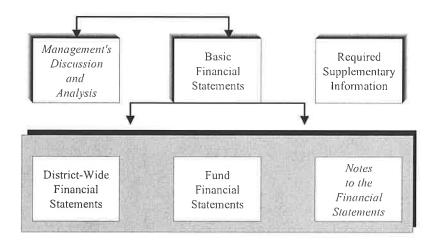
Key Financial highlights for the fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- In total, net position of the Charter School decreased from (\$9,154,156) to (\$9,656,824). Although net assets of governmental activities decreased by (\$518,691), this still represents a 31% increase from fiscal year 2018. This decrease is primarily due to the provision of annual depreciation of fixed assets, and accrual of net pension liabilities. Net assets of business-type activities, which represent food service and after care operations, increased by \$16,023 from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues of \$6,542,841 accounted for 69% of total operating revenues of \$9,531,997. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services, grants, and contributions accounted for \$2,908,629 or 30% of total revenues.
- The Charter School had \$9,357,521 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,295,989 of these expenses was offset by operating grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily Local and State Aid) of \$6,542,841 were adequate to provide for program expenses but not adequate to cover the provision of annual depreciation, and debt services.
- The General Fund reported fund balances at June 30, 2019 of \$436,267. General Fund's fund balance increased by \$190,034 over 2018. The increase was due to lower debt service and administrative costs.
- During fiscal year 2018-2019, the Charter School implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB). This resulted to a reported pension cost for OPEB in the Charter School's books in the total amount of \$681,866 for its share of the calculated OPEB expenditures for the fiscal year. This is offset by a State aid of the same amount since the Charter School has no required contribution to the OPEB Plan.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of six parts-management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information, the statistical section, and the single audit section.

Table A-1. Required Components of the School's Annual Financial Report



The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Charter School:

The first two statements are Charter School *financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.

The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.

- o Governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- o *Proprietary funds* statements offer *short* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*, such as food service.
- o *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Overview of the Financial Statements – Continued

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain certain information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required* supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Table A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Table A-2 Major Features of the School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements								
			und Financial Stateme					
	School-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds					
Scope	Entire School (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses: Food Service Fund and Extended Day Program	Instances in which the School administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as State Unemployment Insurance, payroll and payroll agency and student activities				
Required financial *Statements of Net Assets *Statements of Activities		*Balance Sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	*Statement of net assets *Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund net assets *Statement of cash flows	*Statement of fiduciary net assets *Statement of changes in fiduciary assets				
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Actual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and dedications during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid				

Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- Charter School-Wide Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information and notes to those statements and information.

The report is organized so the reader can understand the Charter School as a whole, or as an entire operating entity. The first two basic financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, are governmental-wide financial statements and provide overall information about the activities of the entire Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a long-term view of those finances.

Fund Financial Statements

The remaining basic financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on the individual parts of the government, reporting the Charter School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the Charter School, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities; the government operates like a business, such as food service.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationship in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefits of other, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities

While this report contains the fund used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "how did we do financially during fiscal year 2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all the Charter School's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into accounts all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole - Continued

Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities – Continued

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished for the Charter School as a whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the property tax base of the School District where the Charter School is located, current educational funding laws in New Jersey, facilities conditions, required educational programs, and other factors. In the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructions, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

Business-Type Activity — Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. Normally, the Charter School's Food Service and After School Program are reported as business activities within the Enterprise Fund.

Reporting the School Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds-not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods.

These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting; which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Reporting the School Charter School's Most Significant Funds - Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Charter School's net position at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Governmental		Busines Type						
	Activities			Activities			Total		
	2019	2018		2019 2018		2019	2018		
Assets									
Current Assets	\$ 2,530,992	\$ 2,406,108	\$	414,638	S	336,891	\$ 2,945,630	\$ 2,742,999	
Capital Assets, net	4,038,500	4,777,249					4,038,500	4,777,249	
Total Assets	6,569,492	7,183,357	_	414,638		336,891	6,984,130	7,520,248	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,115,201	1,203,157					1,115,201	1,203,157	
Liabilities									
Current Liabilities	1,649,896	1,326,912		153,030		91,306	1,802,926	1,418,218	
Long Term Liabilities	14,315,323	15,173,869				<u> </u>	14,315,323	15,173,869	
Total Liabilities	15,965,219	16,500,781		153,030	-	91,306	16,118,249	16,592,087	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,637,906	1,285,474	_		_	5	1,637,906	1,285,474	
Net Assets									
Invested in Capital Assets									
- net of related debt	(4,112,295)	(3,490,807)		· =0.		*	(4,112,295)	(3,490,807)	
Restricted	1,298,156	1,276,565				-	1,298,156	1,276,565	
Unrestricted	(7,104,293)	(7,185,499)		261.608	_	245,585	(6,842,685)	(6,939,914)	
Total Net Position	\$ (9,918,432)	\$ (9,399,741)	\$	261,608	\$	245,585	\$ (9,656,824)	\$ (9,154,156)	

The total net position of the Charter School decreased by \$502,668 during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Reporting the School Charter School's Most Significant Funds - Continued

The Charter School as a Whole – Continued

In 2019, total operating revenues experienced minimal increase by \$62,116, or about 1%. This was due to the state funding adjustment and increase in Title I funding. Total revenues for the business-type activities increased due primarily to increase in food program revenues.

Governmental Activities

The Charter School's total revenues were \$9,531,997 for 2019 and \$10,594,739 for 2018. This includes \$189,152 for 2019 and \$171,598 for 2018 of State reimbursed TPAF social security contributions; and \$677,478 for 2019 and \$528,154 for 2018 in TPAF pensions, post-retirement medical and contributory insurance on-behalf contributions.

The total cost of all program and services were \$10,034,665 for 2019 and \$11,287,305 for 2018. Instruction comprises 49% of Charter School expenses for 2019 and 54% for 2018.

The Charter School as a Whole

Business-Type Activity

The business-type activity of the Charter School comprised of food program and after school care program operations. Operations had total revenues of \$693,167 and operating expenses of \$677,144 for fiscal year 2019, compared against \$818,782 in total revenues and \$763,563 in operating expenses for 2018. The Charter School continued in its effort to have both the food services and after school care programs be self-sustaining without assistance from the General Fund. Along this effort, the Charter School has shared the Food Program services with two neighboring Charter Schools to minimize costs.

The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$8,156,964. Governmental funds had expenditures of \$7,966,642. The positive change in fund balance for the year was the result of the increase in state funding due to adjustment in the per pupil state aid calculation and from the bond proceeds net of long-term payments and refinancing activities undertaken during the year. Further, the Charter School was able to timely implement all of its planned programs by the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2019, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget, but provide flexibility for Charter School management teams.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues were \$6,656,306, which included a local tax levy of \$1,690,046. Expenditures were budgeted at \$6,847,842. Actual revenues were \$7,409,183, which includes a transfer in from the debt service fund, and actual expenditures were \$7,219,149. Revenues were increased by \$115,866 from State aid adjustment.

The State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$189,152 during the year ended June 30, 2019 for the employer's share of social security contributions and \$677,478 in pension, post-retirement medical and noncontributory insurance on-behalf contributions for TPAF members.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Charter School had (\$4,038,500) invested in capital assets net of related debt; all of which are reflected in the governmental activities. There were no additions to capital assets noted in 2019.

Long-term Debts

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School had \$9,448,951 in long-term debt – on the school buildings. More detailed information about the Charter School's long term obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State of New Jersey continues to face serious budgetary constraints. This impacts the amount of state aid allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2018-2019. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials supplies, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to:

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Business Office 128 Danforth Avenue Jersey City, New Jersey 07305



CHARTER SCHOOL WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position (Deficit) presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

EXHIBIT A-1

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,092,995	\$	73,151	\$	1,166,146
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,298,156		(**		1,298,156
Accounts receivable		89,185		230,434		319,619
Interfund receivables		44,655		(2)		44,655
Security deposits		6,001		111,053		117,054
Capital assets, net	·	4,038,500	-		_	4,038,500
Total Assets	-	6,569,492		414,638	8	6,984,130
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	1,115,201	=		8	1,115,201
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		653,466		135,802		789,268
Accrued interest payable		278,856		(-)		278,856
Intergovernmental payables						
Federal		34,447		8		34,447
Deferred revenue		2,156		20		2,156
Interfund payables		(**)		17,228		17,228
Other current liabilities		292,549		197		292,549
Non-current liabilities:						
Due within one year		388,422		20		388,422
Due in more than one year		14,315,323		-		14,315,323
Total Liabilities		15,965,219		153,030	V <u> </u>	16,118,249
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,637,906		-	_	1,637,906
Net Position (Deficit)						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		(4,112,295)		5		(4,112,295)
Restricted		1,298,156		-		1,298,156
Unrestricted		(7,104,293)		261,608	-	(6,842,685)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$</u>	(9,918,432)	<u>\$</u>	261,608	\$	(9,656,824)

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	_	Totals
Governmental Activities								
Instruction	\$ 4,874,791	\$	2	\$ 2,203,690	\$ (2,671,101)	\$	\$	(2,671,101)
Administrative and support services	3,156,938		5	92,299	(3,064,639)			(3,064,639)
Interest on long-term debts	587,043		5	=	(587,043)	(20)		(587,043)
Unallocated depreciation	738,749	_	-		(738,749)		14	(738,749)
Total Governmental Activities	9,357,521		15	2,295,989	(7,061,532)		-	(7,061,532)
Business-type Activities								
Food service	631,333		7,987	612,640	:=:	(10,706)		(10,706)
After Care Program	45,811		72,540			26,729		26,729
Total Business-type Activities	677,144		80,527	612,640		16,023		16,023
Total Primary Government	\$10,034,665	\$	80,527	\$ 2,908,629	(7,061,532)	16,023	_	(7,045,509)
General revenues, transfers and special items:								
	Local sources				1,690,046			1,690,046
	State sources				4,765,049	(2)		4,765,049
Use of money and property					19,855	-20		19,855
Miscellaneous					67,891		-	67,891
Total general revenues					6,542,841			6,542,841
	Change in net position (deficit)				(518,691)	16,023		(502,668)
	Net position (deficit) - beginning				(9,399,741)	245,585	e	(9,154,156)
	Net position (deficit) - ending				\$ (9,918,432)	\$ 261,608	\$	(9,656,824)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund		Totals Governmenta Funds	
Assets	¢.	1.065.640	ď.	07.252	Ф		6	1 000 005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,065,642	\$	27,353	\$	922.051	\$	1,092,995
Restricted cash		464,905		5		833,251		1,298,156
Accounts receivable:		25.760						25.760
State Federal		25,760		62 425		=		25,760
Interfund receivables		53,695		63,425		Ti.		63,425
		6,001				5		53,695
Security deposit	<u> </u>		:	00.770	==	000 051	-	6,001
Total Assets	\$	1,616,003	\$	90,778	\$	833,251		2,540,032
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	571,728	\$	81,738	\$	2		653,466
Accrued interest payable	Ψ	278,856	Ψ	01,730	Ψ	=		278,856
Intergovernmental payables:		,						_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
State		34,447		-		*		34,447
Interfund payables		3943		9,040		*		9,040
Deferred revenues		2,156		1	0	€		2,156
Other current liabilities		292,549		12		<u> </u>		292,549
Total Liabilities		1,179,736		90,778	2			1,270,514
			-		-			-,,
Fund Balances								
Restricted		186,049		X 60		833,251		1,019,300
Unassigned	-	250,218	-	· · ·	-		9	250,218
Total Fund Balances		436,267		-	_	833,251		1,269,518
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,616,003	\$	90,778	\$	833,251		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.						capital assets depreciation	=	13,184,588 (9,146,088) 4,038,500
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred in the statement of activities.		D. 0 1						(500 505)
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported as liabilities in the funds		Deferred am	ounts o	n net pension	assets	(liabilities)	<u> </u>	(522,705)
period are not reported as informers in the funds					et pens	ces payable ion liability obligations	-	(1,102,087) (4,152,707) (9,448,951) (14,703,745)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities - A-1							\$	(9,918,432)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.								
see accompanying notes to the basic inflancial statements.								

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	* 1,690,046 19,855		
Local Sources	Ф 1.600.046	Ф	•			
Local tax levy Interest income	\$ 1,690,046	\$ =	\$			
Miscellaneous	4,260 67,891		15,595			
Total Revenues - Local Sources		a — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	15.505	67,891		
	1,762,197	-	15,595	1,777,792		
State sources	4,765,049	120	3	4,765,049		
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -						
Pension Contribution	465,178	;;€:	(#.)	465,178		
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -	211 004					
Post Retirement Medical On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -	211,004	82		211,004		
Long-term Disability Insurance Contribution	1,296			1 207		
TPAF - Social Security Reimbursed	189,152	S#:	3 -2 15	1,296		
Federal sources	109,132	747,493	:#01 :20	189,152 747,493		
Total Revenues	7,393,876	747,493	15,595	8,156,964		
Total Revenues	1,373,670	777,773	13,393	8,130,904		
Expenditures						
Instruction	2,244,034	636,786		2,880,820		
Administrative	2,149,484		. =C	2,149,484		
Support services	1,190,116	110,707	9	1,300,823		
Debt service	682,713	(¥)	4	682,713		
Capital outlay	86,172	55	€	86,172		
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -	465 170			467.470		
Pension Contribution On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -	465,178	•	*	465,178		
Post Retirement Medical	211,004			211.004		
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -	211,004	<i>5</i> 0	π	211,004		
Long-term Disability Insurance Contribution	1,296			1,296		
TPAF - Social Security reimbursed	189,152	-		189,152		
	10),1102	8		107,132		
Total Expenditures	7,219,149	747,493	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	7,966,642		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	174,727	re-	15,595	190,322		
Other Financing Source						
Transfer in (out)	15,307	<u> </u>	(15,307)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	190,034	<u> </u>	288	190,322		
Fund Balances, July 1, 2018	246,233		832,963	1,079,196		
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 436,267	\$ -	\$ 833,251	\$ 1,269,518		

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT B-3

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)

\$ 190,322

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation expense \$ (738,749)

Capital outlays _____ (738,749)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Repayment of long term loan principal 125,000 Amortization of discount on bond issuance (29,330)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Pension costs (6,156)

Compensated absences (59,778)

(65,934)

Change in net position (deficit) of governmental activities (A-2)

\$ (518,691)



EXHIBIT B-4

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Assets

Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,151
Accounts receivable		230,434
Other current assets		111,053
Total Current Assets		414,638
	-	,
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable		135,802
Interfund payable		17,228
Total Current Liabilities		153,030
	-	
Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$	261,608

EXHIBIT B-5

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Operating Revenues:		
Charges for services:		
Daily sales - nonreimbursable programs	\$	7,987
Daily sales - after care program		72,540
Total Operating Revenues		80,527
Operating Expenses:		
Cost of sales		539,041
Salaries		132,502
Other costs	8	5,601
Total Operating Expenses	×=====	677,144
Operating income (loss)		(596,617)
Nonoperating Revenues:		
State sources:		
State School Lunch Program		9,583
Federal sources:		
National School Lunch Program		448,972
National School Breakfast Program		138,095
Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act		10,457
After School Snacks	:	5,533
Total Non-Operating Revenues	-	612,640
Change in Net Position		16,023
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(-	245,585
Net Position - End of Year	\$	261,608

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

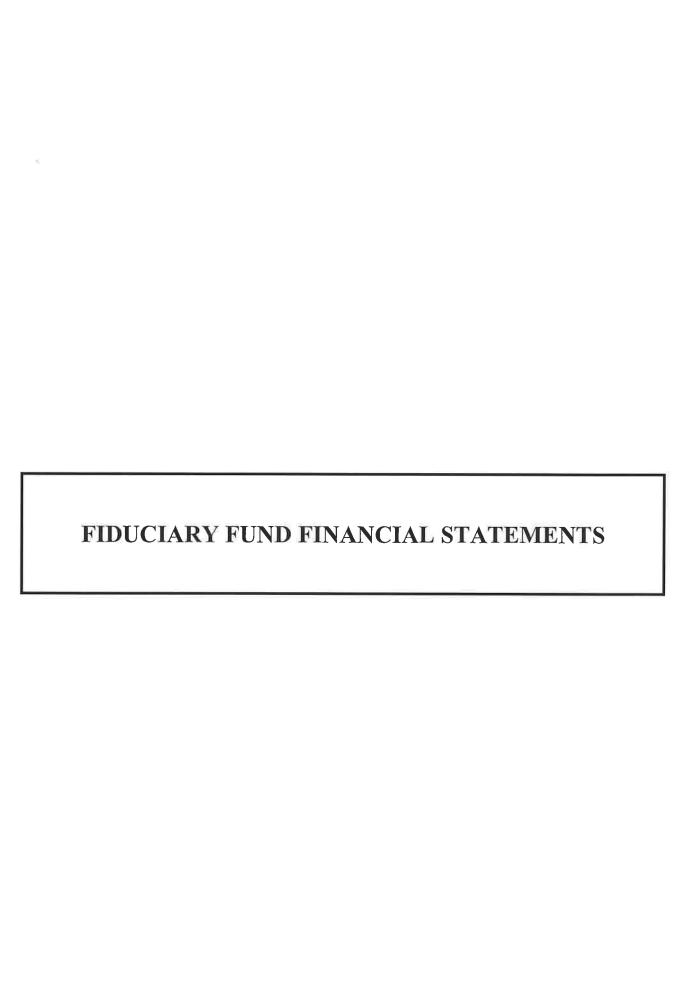


EXHIBIT B-6

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Operating income (loss)	\$	(596,617)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash from operating activities		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(19,414)
(Increase) decrease in interfund receivables		(55,167)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets		(86,771)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		66,022
Increase (decrease) in interfund payable		50,869
Net cash used in operating activities	:	(641,078)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
State sources		9,583
Federal sources		603,057
Net cash from non-capital financing activities	15	612,640
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(28,438)
Balances - Beginning of Year	-	101,589
Balances - End of Year	\$	73,151

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT B-7

	Agency Funds						
		Student Activity	I	Payroll	1	Total	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,453	\$	77,252	\$	94,705	
Other receivables				10,930		10,930	
Interfund receivables	·	626		(e	8	626	
Total Assets	\ 	18,079	_	88,182	_	106,261	
Liabilities							
Liabilities							
Interfund payables		683		27,370		28,053	
Accounts payable		-		60,812		60,812	
Due to student groups		17,396	÷	-		17,396	
Total Liabilities	-	18,079	0	88,182		106,261	
Net Position							
Unrestricted	\$:=:	\$	-	\$	*	

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Jersey City Community Charter School (the "Charter School") is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

Jersey City Community Charter School (the "Charter School") was incorporated in the State of New Jersey on March 13, 1997 as a not-for-profit corporation for the purpose of operating and maintaining a public school under a charter granted by the State of New Jersey, which promotes comprehensive educational reform by infusing innovation into the public education system. Jersey City Community Charter School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Charter School is an instrument of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. Its mission is to establish a charter school to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. The Charter School is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students. The Charter School integrates a holistic curriculum, utilize learner center techniques, family and caregiver centered approaches, comprehensive community involvement, cutting edge technology and an intimate nurturing environment that will enhance positive self-images.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's ("GASB") Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component unit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Application of Accounting Standards

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School implemented the following:

GASB No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs.

The adoption of this Standard did not have an effect on the Charter School's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established.

This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The adoption of this Standard on disclosures did not have an impact on the net position of the Charter School.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

C. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below.

D. Basic Financial Statements

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School's government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position (deficit) presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

D. Basic Financial Statements - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School.

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

E. Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

- 1) As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles, as they pertain to governmental entities, state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.
- 2) Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

E. Governmental Funds - Continued

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2019, there was no Capital Projects Fund.

Debt Service Fund -The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest on, bonds issued to finance major property acquisitions, construction, and improvement programs.

F. Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School.

Enterprise Funds

The Enterprise Funds are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

F. Proprietary Funds - Continued

Enterprise Funds - Continued

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Internal Service (Self-Insurance) Fund

The Self-Insurance Fund is used to cover the self-insured limits of the various insurance policies for all funds. Jersey City Community Charter School does not use self-insurance fund.

G. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary or Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. This fund category includes:

Expendable Trust Funds – Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental fund types, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Expendable Trust Funds account for assets where both the principal and interest may be spent.

Nonexpendable Trust Funds – Nonexpendable Trust Funds are used to account for assets held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, whereby the Charter School is under obligations to maintain the trust principal.

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds include payroll and student activities funds.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School only had Agency Funds as part of its Fiduciary Funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus — Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. On the government-wide statements of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting objectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position (deficit) and statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions, is incurred (i.e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

I. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared prior to July 1, for the General Fund. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A. 2(m)1. All budget amendments must be approved by the State Department of Education. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

J. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investment with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchases and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. US Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchases are stated at cost. All other investment is stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of the investments and types of financial institution they may invest in, New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investment that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public fund in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from loss funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

J. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - Continued

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. established the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan Institutions, bank (both state and national banks) and saving bank the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposit of Governmental Units, if a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

K. Tuition Payable

The Charter School did not send any of its students to any other charter schools during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

L. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the Enterprise Fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase.

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. Prepaid expenses in the Enterprise Fund represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current reporting year.

M. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On the fund financial statements, receivable and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivable/payable. Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

N. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Charter School as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation bases for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the governmental fund capital assets. Capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000, as required by the State of New Jersey's Department of Education.

Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of the depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Description	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land and Improvements	15 years
Building and Building Improvements	15 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 years

O. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

P. Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on specific events that are outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on specific events that are outside the control of the Charter School and its employees, are accounted for in the period in which such service is rendered or in which such events take place. In governmental and similar trust funds, compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with the expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditure and fund liability in the fund that will pay for the compensated absences. In proprietary and similar trust funds, compensated absences are required as an expense and liability of the fund that will pay for them. As of June 30, 2019, a liability existed for compensated absences in the amount \$1,102,087.

Q. Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) represents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF). The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

R. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represents cash that has been received but not yet earned.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payable, accrued liabilities, and long term-obligations payable from the enterprise fund are reported on the enterprise fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payments during the current year.

T. Fund Balance

GASB 54 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010 and establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- 1) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2) Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3) Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4) Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5) Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

U. Net Position

The Statement of Net Position includes the following:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - the component of net position that reports the differences between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Specific Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the certain programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and /or enabling legislation.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by creditors.

Unrestricted - the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt, Net Position Restricted for Specific Purposes or Net Position Restricted for Debt Service.

V. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents the amount of fund capital contributed to the proprietary funds from other funds.

W. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods, without equivalent flows of assets in return. Interfund borrowings are reflected as "Due from/to Other Funds" on the accompanying financial statements. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

X. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Y. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the state of New Jersey for pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

2. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (the "Statement"). The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Leases should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or, if applied to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated). However, lessors should not restate the assets underlying their existing sales-type or direct financing leases. Any residual assets for those leases become the carrying values of the underlying assets.

This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements.

2. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED – CONTINUED

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Charter School is currently evaluating the impact of GASB Statement No. 87 on its charter school-wide financial statements.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40 replaces in part, and otherwise modifies the prior GASB Statement No. 3, in addressing the requirements for disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments. Custodial credit risk disclosures are limited to deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized; (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. Investment securities that are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

Deposits

New Jersey statutes require that charter schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits – Continued

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

	Gene Fu		pecial Fund	Dc	bt Service Fund	terprise ervices	duciary Funds	Total
Operating account	\$ 1,06	55,642	\$ 27,353	\$	-	\$ 73,151	\$ 94,705	\$ 1,260,851
Restricted cash	40	54,905		_	833,251	 	<u>*</u> ,	1,298,156
Total	\$ 1,53	30,547	\$ 27,353	\$	833,251	\$ 73,151	\$ 94,705	\$ 2,559,007

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED

Restricted Cash

The Charter School has established and funded a debt reserve service fund pursuant to debt covenant related to bonds issued through the New Jersey Economic Development. The agreement stipulates that the intended use of the reserve is to service its bond obligations in the event that the Charter School could not cover its debt service from operations.

For those securities purchased more than one year from the maturity date, the difference between the carrying amount and market value is not material to the Charter School-wide statements. All bank balances were covered by the federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey Statutes.

Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). Although GASB Statement No. 40 eliminated Categories 1 and 2 as previously established by GASB Statement No. 3, it maintained, with modification, the level-of-disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

As of June 30, 2019, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and modified by GASB Statement No. 40, and as such, are deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name, both at year-end and throughout the year.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of state and federal receivables for tuition, state aid, and grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

	Gov	ernmental	Business-type				
	A	Activities		ctivities	Total_		
State Aid	\$	25,760	\$	3,496	\$	29,256	
Federal Aid		63,425		226,938		290,363	
Total	\$	89,185	\$	230,434	\$	319,619	

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning	Net Additions	Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	(Deletions)	Balance
Capital assets not depreciated:			
Land	\$ 861,909	\$ -	\$ 861,909
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings	11,159,270		11,159,270
Buildings improvements	403,237	**	403,237
Machinery and equipment	739,563		739,563
Furniture	20,609	<u> </u>	20,609
Totals at historical cost	12,322,679	(a)	12,322,679
Less: Accumulated depreciation			
Buildings	7,548,211	638,505	8,186,716
Buildings improvements	304,650	21,737	326,387
Machinery and equipment	533,869	78,507	612,376
Furniture	20,609		20,609
Total Accumulated Depreciation	8,407,339	738,749	9,146,088
Total capital assets being depreciated net of accumulated depreciation	3,915,340	(738,749)	3,176,591
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,777,249	\$ (738,749)	\$ 4,038,500

Depreciation expense of \$738,749 was charged to an unallocated function.

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Amount reported in the Governmental Funds as interfund receivable and payable from/to other governmental funds pertains to expenses that were paid from the general fund which are eliminated in the governmental activities column. The remaining internal receivable and payable between the governmental funds and enterprise fund have been eliminated in the total Charter School-Wide Statement of Net Position (Deficit).

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES – CONTINUED

At June 30, 2019, the interfund balances consisted of the following components:

	Receivable (Payable)											
		(General	R	evenue	E	nterprise	Fiduciary				
Fund	Purpose		Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund				
General Fund	Expenses paid from the general fund	\$	53,695	\$	(9,040)	\$	(17,228)	\$	(27,427)			
GASB No. 34 mandated eliminations			,		, , ,		, , ,		, , ,			
within governmental activities		-	(9,040) 44,655	-	9,040		(17,228)	-	(27,427)			
Net interfund balances reported -			,				, , ,		, , ,			
Entitywide (eliminated in total)		<u>.</u>	(17,228)	:		_	17,228	_				
External (Due from Fiduciary Funds)		\$	27,427	\$		\$	9	\$	(27,427)			

7. BONDS PAYABLE

Series 2016A and B Charter School Revenue Bonds

On October 28, 2016, the Charter School obtained a new long-term debt through the New Jersey Economic Development Authority Series 2016A and 2016B Charter School Revenue Bonds (Jersey City Community Charter School, Inc. Project) to pay all outstanding mortgages. The face value of the bonds totaled \$10,225,000, issued at a discount of \$609,262 as follows.

	Sei	ries 2016 A	Sei	ries 2016 B	Total
Par Value	\$	9,365,000	\$	860,000	\$ 10,225,000
Discount		(490,626)	9	(118,636)	(609,262)
Net	\$	8,874,374	\$	741,364	\$ 9,615,738

The coupon bonds have interests of 5% to 5.75%, with Series 2016A due on July 1, 2022 while Series 2016B due on July 1, 2047. The Charter School makes monthly payments of \$67,497 to cover principal and interests of both bonds.

7. BONDS PAYABLE – CONTINUED

Series 2016A and B Charter School Revenue Bonds - Continued

Bond proceeds paid off the existing debts in the total amount of \$7,879,478, funded a debt service reserve fund as required by debt covenants in the amount of \$810,388, paid bond issuance costs of \$255,364, and covered operating costs of \$670,508.

The debt service reserve is escrowed with Huntington National Bank, the Bond Trustee. The use of the reserve and any interest earned on the deposit is restricted for debt service.

The following are the future maturities of the bonds' principal and interest:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal			Interest
2020	\$	130,000	\$	554,463
2021		140,000		547,713
2022		145,000		540,588
2023		200,000		531,963
2024		180,000		522,238
2025 - 2029		1,055,000		2,454,869
2030 - 2034		1,375,000		2,137,269
2035 - 2039		1,820,000		1,692,225
2040 - 2044		2,420,000		1,086,750
2045 - 2048		2,515,000		299,719
Total	\$	9,980,000	\$	10,367,794

Total interest on the bonds in 2019 charged to operations is \$557,713.

8. GENERAL LONG – TERM DEBT

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the *Statement of Net Position (Deficit)*:

	Baland July 1, 2		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities/ Payments		Balance June 30, 2019		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable	\$ 10,105	,000	\$	-	\$	(125,000)	\$	9,980,000	S	125,000
Unamortized Discount	(560),379)				29,330		(531,049)		(29,330)
	9,544	,621		lk.		(95,670)		9,448,951		95,670
Other non-current liabilities:										
Compensated absences	1,042	2,309		252,378		(192,600)		1,102,087		110,209
Net pension liability	4,586	,939				(434,232)	_	4,152,707	_	182,543
Total long-term debt	\$ 15,173	,869	<u>s</u>	252,378	\$	(722,502)	\$	14,703,745	\$	388,422

9. NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

As of June 30, 2019, governmental activities net position (deficit) of (\$9,656,824) consists of the following components:

	Capital Assets			Restricted	Unrestricted_	
Governmental Activities - Net Position (Deficit)						
Capital Assets, net	\$	4,038,500	\$		\$	=
Less: Related Debt	_	(8,150,795)			_	#
Invested Capital Assets, net of related debt		(4,112,295)		8.5		
Restricted				1,298,156		=
Unrestricted		(4)				(6,842,685)
Net Position (Deficit), June 30, 2019	\$	(4,112,295)	\$	1,298,156	\$	(6,842,685)

The Charter School has a deficit in net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, of (\$4,112,295) as of June 30, 2019. This deficit is the result of the Charter School's utilization of long-term financing to fund its capital expenditures; and the faster rate at which the capital assets are depreciated as compared to the rate that the Charter School is paying off its obligations. Capital assets are used by the Charter School in its general operations and the Charter School will utilize unrestricted resources to liquidate obligations incurred for the acquisition of these assets.

9. NET POSITION (DEFICIT) – CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter School also has a restricted net position of \$1,298,156 for debt service reserve funds and funds held by a fiscal agent for debt service payments; and an unrestricted deficit of (\$6,842,685). This deficit is caused by the recognition of net pension liabilities of \$4,152,707, and the recognition of an obligation related to compensated absences in the total amount of \$1,102,087.

Business-type activities net position did not have any capital assets or restrictions.

10. PENSION PLANS

a) Description of Plans

All eligible employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

i. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as at January 1, 1995, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State.

The Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the systems other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

a) Description of Plans - Continued

ii. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The Public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full-time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

b) Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A:for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

c) Significant Legislation

Two pieces of legislation passed during fiscal year 2001 having significant impact on the benefit provisions under PERS and TPAF. Chapter 133, P.L.2001, increases retirement benefits for service, deferred and early retirements by changing the formula from 1/60 to 1/55 of final compensation for each year of service. The legislation also increases the retirement benefit for veteran member with 35 years or more of service and reduces age qualification from 60 to 55.

The legislation further provides that existing retirees and beneficiaries would also receive a comparable percentage increase in their retirement allowance. The benefit enhancements are effective with the November 1, 2001 benefit checks. Chapter 120, P.L 2001, established an additional retirement option for plan members. Under the new option, a retiree's actuarially reduced allowance (to provide a benefit to the retiree's beneficiary upon the death of the retiree) would "pop-up" to the maximum retirement allowance if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree.

Chapter 4, P.L 2001 provides increased benefit to certain members of PERS who retired prior to December 29, 1989 with at least 25 years of creditable service. The maximum amount of the increase is 5 percent of the retiree's final compensation. For those with 30 or more years of service, the total pension would increase from 65 to 71 percent of final compensation. Due to the enactment of 1997 legislation, Chapter 114, P.L. 1997 and Chapter 115, P.L 1997, the State of New Jersey's portion of the unfunded accrued liability under each retirement system was eliminated. In addition, excess valuation assets were available to fund, in full or in part, the State of New Jersey's normal contribution from 1997 to 2001, excluding the contribution for post-retirement medical benefits in the PERS and TPAF.

d) Contribution Requirement

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contributions by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act.

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

d) Contribution Requirement - Continued

As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on 7.06% for PERS and TPAF of the employee's annual compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustment, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the Charter School is a non-contributing employer of the TPAF. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Charter School.

The Charter School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$209,787.

The State of New Jersey was required to contribute for TPAF members on behalf of the Charter School, for normal cost pension and accrued liability contributions (including non-contributory group life insurance (NCGI)) and post-retirement medical contribution amounting to \$211,004. In addition, for fiscal year 2019, the State of New Jersey contributed \$1,296 for TPAF Long-term Disability Insurance Premiums (LTDI).

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$189,152 during the year ended June 30, 2019 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. These amounts have been included in the general-purpose financial statements.

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The on-behalf TPAF contribution and social contribution for TPAF members are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure.

e) GASB 68 Disclosures

i. PERS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS.

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. PERS – Continued

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$215,941. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	79,193	\$	21,413
Changes of assumptions		684,297		1,327,815
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		.18		38,953
Change in proportion and differences between				
Charter School contributions and proportionate				
share contributions		351,711		249,725
	\$	1,115,201	\$	1,637,906

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Ye	ar Ended
	J	une 30,
2020	\$	(92,821)
2021		(92,821)
2022		(107,171)
2023		(142,685)
2024		(87,207)

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. PERS – Continued

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases

Through 2026 1.65 - 4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65 - 5.15% based on age

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For Local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disables Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. PERS - Continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%
	100.00%	

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

i. PERS - Continued

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018 measurement date. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contribution from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
	Decrease 4.66%		Discount Rate 5.66%		Increase 6.66%	
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,221,550	\$	4,152,707	\$	3,256,015

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures – Continued

i. PERS – Continued

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

ii. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25% Salary increases 2011-2026 1.55% - 4.55% Thereafter 2.00% - 5.45% Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality were based on RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, setback 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Health Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a based year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvements based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disability mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

ii. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - Continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
High yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	8.25%	13.08%
	100.00%	

10. PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

e) GASB 68 Disclosures – Continued

ii. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - Continued

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% June 30, 2018. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contribution from employers will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (3.86%)	D	iscount Rate (4.86%)	 Increase (5.86%)
Charter School's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 16,013,656	\$	13,548,150	\$ 11,504,305

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense and related revenue of \$787,476 in the charter school-wide financial statements for its proportionate share in the special funding allocation by the State for its TPAF members under a non-employer contribution plan.

11. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description and benefits provided The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148,401 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, an increase in the number of participants qualifying for State-paid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been re-measured to \$97.1 billion, an increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the re-measured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017.

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

11. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Total OPEB Liability

The State, a non-employer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the Charter School did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education/board of trustees. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State CAFR at https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/cafr.shtml.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	rate	2.50%

	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary increases: Through 2026	1.55% - 4.55% based on years of service	2.15% - 4.15% based on age	2.10% - 8.98% based on age
Thereafter	2.00% - 5.45% based on years of service	3.15% - 5.15% based on age	3.10% - 9.98% based on age

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rate were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

11. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Health Care Trend Assumptions. For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) medical benefits, this amount initially is 5.9% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term rate after nine years. For self-insured post-65 PPO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. for health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.9% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after nine years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 10.5% decreasing to 5%long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

Discount rate. The discount rate for used for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Changes in the Total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees:

Balance at 6/30/17 measurement date	\$ 7,513,951
Changes for the year	
Service cost	643,842
Interest	289,102
Changes in assumptions and	(1,847,844)
Benefit payments	(172,016)
Contributions from the member	 5,945
Net Change	 (1,080,971)
Balance at 6/30/18 measurement date	\$ 6,432,980

11. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease (2.87%)				icrease
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB liability	**				
attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$ 7,60	5,092 \$	6,432,980	\$ 5	5,501,272

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current			
	Health Cost			
	Trend			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$ 5,317,233	\$ 6,432,980	\$ 7,908,599	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognize OPEB revenue and expense of \$681,866 as determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

11. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

At June 30, 2019, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired Charter School employees' OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred			Deferred
Outflows			Inflows
of l	of Resources		Resources
\$	=	\$	1,441,985
	En	\$	624,464
	161,276		30,610
\$	161,276	\$	2,097,059
	C	Outflows of Resources \$	Outflows of Resources \$ - \$ 161,276

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB of retired Charter School employees will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended	
	June 30,	
2020	\$ (61,279))
2021	(61,279))
2022	(61,279))
2023	(61,279))
2024	(61,279))
Thereafter	(292,640))

12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offered its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service 403(b). The Plan which is administered by AXA Equitable, Inc. permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, death or unforeseeable emergency.

13. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASBS 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences." A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. Upon termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick leave and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon retirement employees shall be paid by the Charter School for the unused sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's agreements with the various employee unions.

In the Charter School-wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the proprietary fund types is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of June 30, 2019, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$1,102,087 of which \$110,209 is estimated to be due the following fiscal year.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss relates to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (Unaudited) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT – CONTINUED

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

15. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

State and Federal Aid Receipts

State and Federal awards are generally subject to review by the responsible governmental agencies for compliance with the agencies' regulations governing the aid. In the opinion of the Charter School's management and legal counsel, any potential adjustments to the Federal or State aid recorded by the Charter School through June 30, 2019, resulting from a review by a responsible government agency will not have a material effect on the Charter School financial statements at June 30, 2019.

Transportation Issue

The transportation of the Charter School's students (to and from school) is provided by the Jersey City Public Schools ("JCPS") as part of the administrative fee (10%) that goes to the resident school district. The Charter School's transportation has been provided by the JCPS since 1997 as part of a bidding process which the JCPS conducts. It should be noted that the Charter School does not directly transport any of its students to and from school.

It should also be noted that New Jersey Statute — Title 18A:39-1 states as follows: "Whenever in any district there are elementary school pupils who live more than two (2) miles from their public school of attendance or secondary school pupils who live more than two and a half (2 ½) miles from their public school of attendance, the district shall provide transportation to and from school for these pupils." It is the understanding of the Charter School that Jersey City Public Schools has complied and continues to comply with NJ Title 18A:39-1 in carrying out their obligations under the transportation agreement they have with the Charter School. The Charter School maintains that the "to and from" school transportation that the JCPS provided was for only eligible students.

15. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

Transportation Issue - Continued

Further, by their letter dated July 31, 2008 to the Charter School, the Jersey City Public Schools acknowledged a dispute (by the Charter School) of their billings. The Charter School is disputing billings submitted by the School District for several years. Pursuant to the dispute, the Charter School has accrued liabilities in its financial statements in the amount of \$190,660 through June 30, 2019. This is to recognize the liabilities, pending the complete resolution of all disputes.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Charter School has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the statement of net position (deficit) date through the date of December 17, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Charter School has determined that no other subsequent events have occurred which require disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues		N			
Local Sources:					
Local tax levy	\$ 1,728,994	\$ 38,948	\$ 1,690,046	\$ 1,690,046	\$ -
Interest income	1.00	*	1.50	4,260	4,260
Miscellaneous		25,000	25,000	67,891	42,891
Total revenues - local sources	1,728,994	63,948	1,715,046	1,762,197	47,151
State sources	4,765,049	*	4,765,049	4,765,049	=
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund - Pension Contribution		9	929	465,178	465,178
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -					
Post Retirement Medical On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -	=	ñ.	<u> </u>	211,004	211,004
Long-term Disability Insurance Contribution	*		() ()	1,296	1,296
TPAF - Social Security reimbursed	176,211		176,211	189,152	12,941
Total Revenues	6,670,254	63,948	6,656,306	7,393,876	737,570
Expenditures Current expense: Instruction					
Salaries of teachers	2,047,839	(184,372)	1,863,467	1,863,467	-
Home instruction	2,017,039	3,500	3,500	1,910	1,590
Other salaries of instruction	88,400	48,086	136,486	24,845	111,641
Professional /technical service	63,000	(2,500)	60,500	27,185	33,315
Other purchased services	5,500	13,500	19,000	13,747	5,253
General educational supplies	60,000	(4,713)	55,287	30,535	24,752
Instructional text and books	50,000	7,085	57,085	52,102	4,983
Other instructional expenses	10,000	1.55	10,000	4,772	5,228
Special Ed. teachers salaries	250,043	1.0	250,043	225,471	24,572
Total current expense	2,574,782	(119,414)	2,455,368	2,244,034	211,334
Administrative cost:					
Salaries	351,403	223,988	575,391	547,466	27,925
Total benefit costs	1,438,794	(59,922)	1,378,872	1,313,182	65,690
Professional /technical service	265,500	(165,877)	99,623	82,143	17,480
Communications and telephones	97,100	35,600	132,700	76,995	55,705
Other purchased services Supplies and materials	78,000	8,000	86,000	83,772	2,228
	30,000	1,388	31,388	20,581	10,807
Miscellaneous expenses Total administrative cost	53,700 2,314,497	(14,849) 28,328	<u>38,851</u> <u>2,342,825</u>	25,345 2,149,484	13,506
Support services:					
Salaries	641,857	169,575	811,432	700 120	23,293
Purchased professional /technical service	40,000	(21,000)	19,000	788,139 4,000	15,000
Other purchased services	72,100	70,725	142,825	141,981	844
Insurance-fidelity, liability property	58,500	10,123	58,500	53,326	5,174
Supplies and materials	30,000	18,100	48,100	42,781	5,319
Transportation costs	25,000		25,000	10,350	14,650
Energy costs	172,600	(14,020)	158,580	149,277	9,303
Miscellaneous	1,000	287 E 38	1,000	262	738
Total support services	1,041,057	223,380	1,264,437	1,190,116	74,321
1.1	-				

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CONTINUED

		Original Budget		Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual	Fin:	Variance al to Actual avorable afavorable)
Debt service:			-		-		-			
Principal - mortgage Interest - serial bonds	\$	130,000 556,963	\$	(5,000) 5,749	\$	125,000 562,712	\$	125,000 557,713	S	4,999
Total debt service	_	686,963	_	749		687,712		682,713		4,999
Capital outlay:										
Instructional equipment		10,000		23,000		33,000		33,000		2
Non-instructional equipment		15,000		5,000		20,000		19,509		491
Facilities acquisition and construction services		100,000		(58,000)		42,000		33,663		8,337
•				, ,				· · ·		,
Miscellaneous		2,500	-			2,500	_	- 12		2,500
Total capital outlay	-	127,500	-	(30,000)	-	97,500	-	86,172	_	11,328
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund - Pension Contribution		æ				¥		465,178		(465,178)
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund - Post Retirement Medical On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund -		19 7		æ		*		211,004		(211,004)
Long-term Disability Insurance Contribution		20		3		2		1,296		(1,296)
TPAF - Social Security reimbursed		-						189,152		(189,152)
Total reimbursed and on-behalf payments					_			866,630		(866,630)
Total Expenditures		6,744,799	_	103,043	_	6,847,842		7,219,149	-	(371,307)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(74,545)		(39,095)		(191,536)		174,727		366,263
Other financing source - Transfer in - Debt Service Fund	=	=======================================	-				_	15,307	-	(15,307)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(74,545)		(39,095)		(191,536)		190,034		350,956
Fund Balances, Beginning	_	246,233	4		-	246,233	_	246,233	_	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	171,688	\$	(39,095)	\$	54,697	\$	436,267	\$	350,956

EXHIBIT C-2

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues Federal sources Local sources	\$ 647,138	\$ 213,410	\$ 860,548	\$ 747,493	\$ 113,055
Total revenues - all sources	\$ 647,138	\$ 213,410	\$ 860,548	\$ 747,493	\$ 113,055
Expenditures Current Expenditures: Instruction: Salaries of teachers Purchased professional services General supplies Total instruction	\$ 396,000 118,062 32,371 546,433	\$ 145,000 40,970 185,970	\$ 445,609 153,044 73,341 671,994	\$ 445,609 153,044 56,541 655,194	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Support services Salaries Employee benefits Other purchased services Supplies Miscellaneous Total support services	100,705	27,240 	12,239 55,918 - - 24,142 92,299	12,239 55,918 - - 24,142 92,299	
Total expenditures	\$ 647,138	\$ 213,410	\$ 764,293	\$ 747,493	\$ 16,800

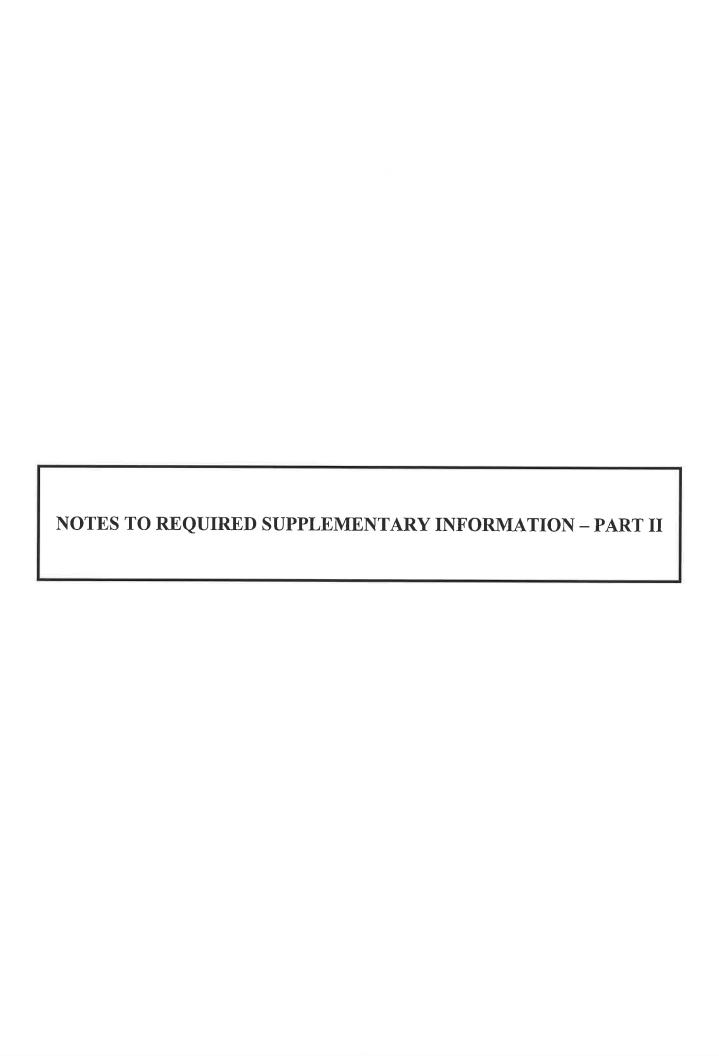


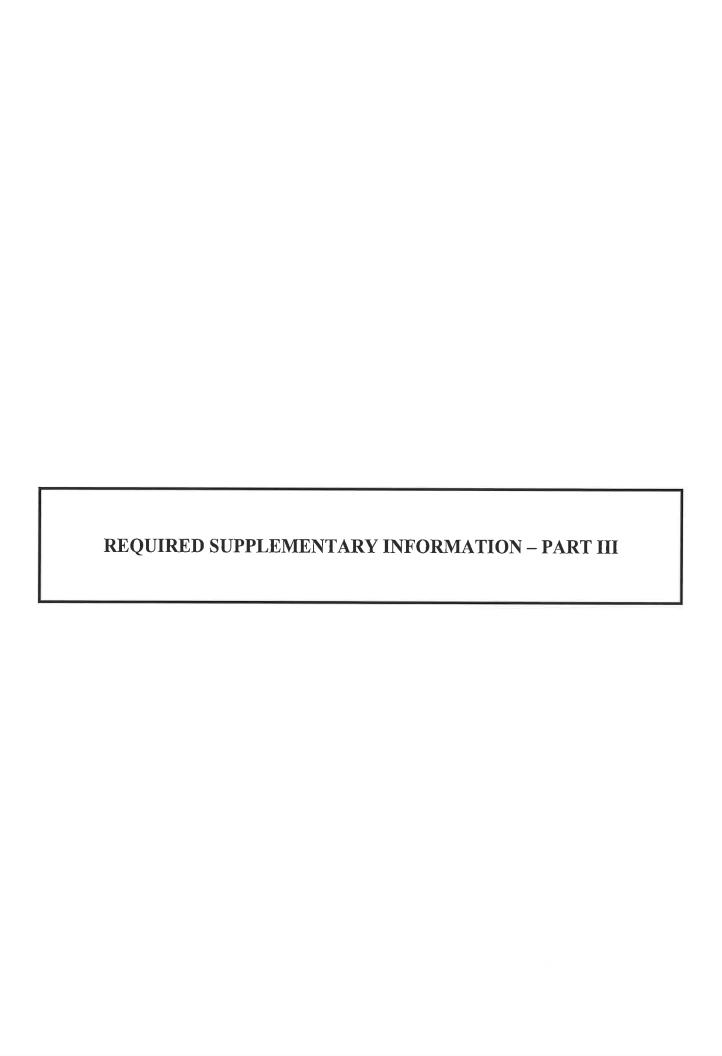
EXHIBIT C-3

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		 General Fund	€: :	<u> </u>	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/inflows of resources					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule: Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.	[C-1]	\$ 7,393,876	[C-2]	\$	747,493
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$ 7,393,876	[B-2]	\$	747,493
Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.	[C-1]	\$ 7,219,149	[C-2]	\$	747,493
Pension expense recognized for GAAP but not for budgetary purposes. Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		 			<u>14</u> 0
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$ 7,219,149	[B-2]	\$	747,493

Note 1) The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.



JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PERS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.02	0.0210909707%		0.0197046999%	0.01	0.0194647434%		0.0215516047%		0.0204915036%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	€9	4,152,707	↔	4,586,939	€9	5,764,899	↔	4,837,903	↔	3,836,570
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	↔	1,094,546	↔	1,211,121	↔	1,332,472	69	1,532,250	↔	1,439,205
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		379.40%		378.73%		432.65%		315.74%		266.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		53.60%		36.78%		31.20%		38.21%		40.71%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year,

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	209,787	↔	182,543	€9	298,126	\$	172,922	€9	168,929
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(209,787)		(182,543)		(298,126)		(172,922)		(168,929)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	↔	3	€	- 1 T	€	1	8	(4)	69	
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	€	1,094,546	\$	1,211,121	↔	1,332,472	€	1,532,250	↔	1,439,205
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		19.17%		15.07%		22.37%		11.29%		11.74%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Charter School's proportion of the		2019		2018		2017		2018 2017 2016		2015
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	. ↔	13,548,150	÷ ↔	\$ 16,833,090	\$	18,969,611		0.0255888255% \$ 14,907,880	↔	v.0zz8036936% \$ 11,060,710
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	↔	2,239,173	€9	2,412,127	6/ 3	2,737,247	↔	2,194,632	↔	1,954,170
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		%90.09%		697.85%		693.02%		679.29%		566.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		26.49%		25.41%		22.33%		28.71%		33.64%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY)

EXHIBIT M-1

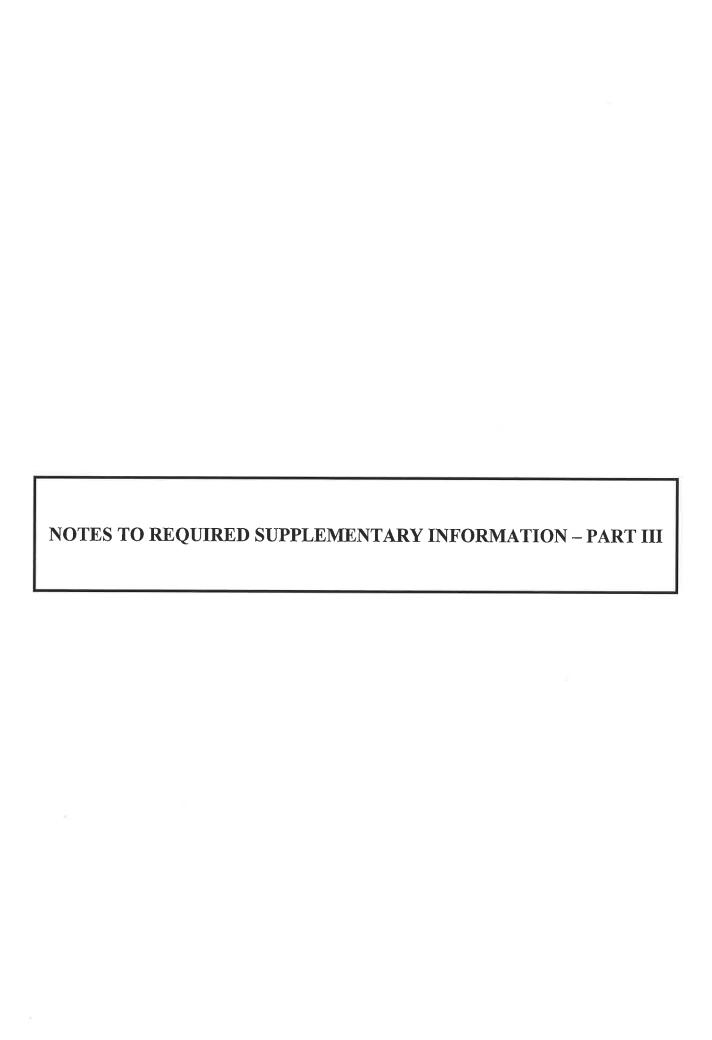
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	e	2019		2018
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School				
Service cost	\$	643,842	\$	773,102
Interest		289,102		243,956
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		(1,847,844)		(1,205,472)
Benefit payments		(172,016)		(174,039)
Contributions from the member		5,945		6,409
Net Change in Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to				
Charter School		(1,080,971)		(356,044)
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School: At beginning of year At end of year	<u>\$</u>	7,513,951 6,432,980	\$ \$	7,869,995 7,513,951
Charter School's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liabi	lity			0%
Charter School Covered-employee payroll (2)			\$	3,333,719
Total State OPEB liability as a percentage				
of Charter School covered-employee payroll				225.39%

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

- (1) The Charter School implemented GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2018.
- (2) Covered payroll was based on the Charter School's payroll for the year ended June 30, 2019.



JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 5.00% to 5.66%. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.

The single blended discount rate of 5.66% in the current measurement date was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% (7.00% in prior measurement date) and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% (3.58% % in prior measurement date) based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Teachers Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 4.86% to 4.25% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.

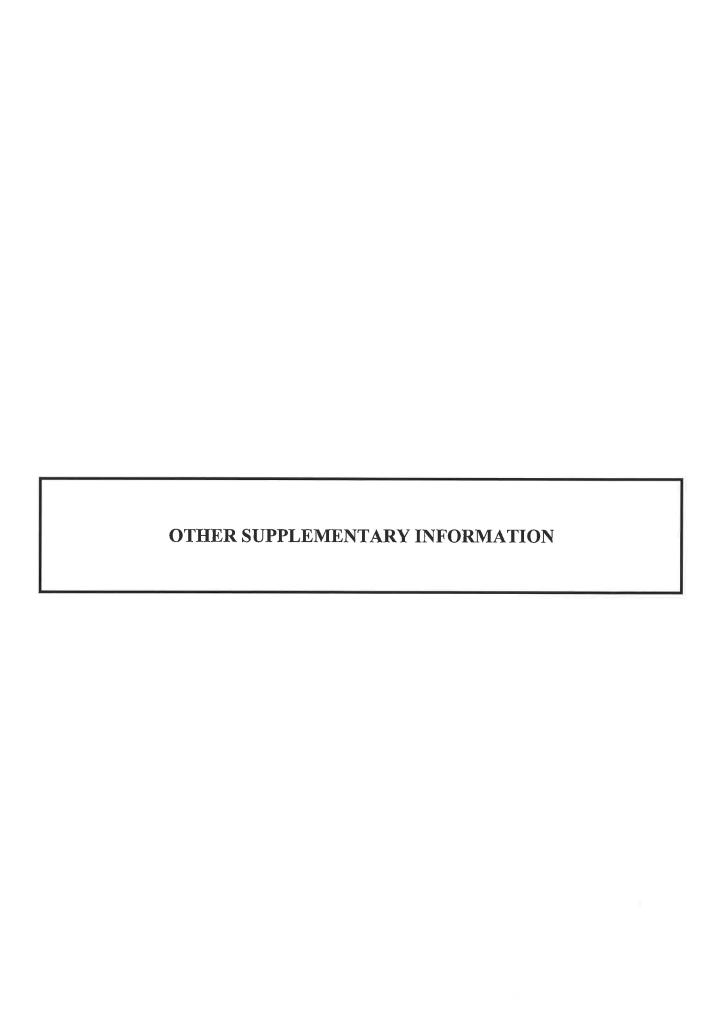
The single blended discount rate of 4.86% in the current measurement date was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% (7.00% in prior measurement date) and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% (3.58% in prior measurement date) based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total non-employer OPEB liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 2.85% to 3.58% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 75. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher



SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

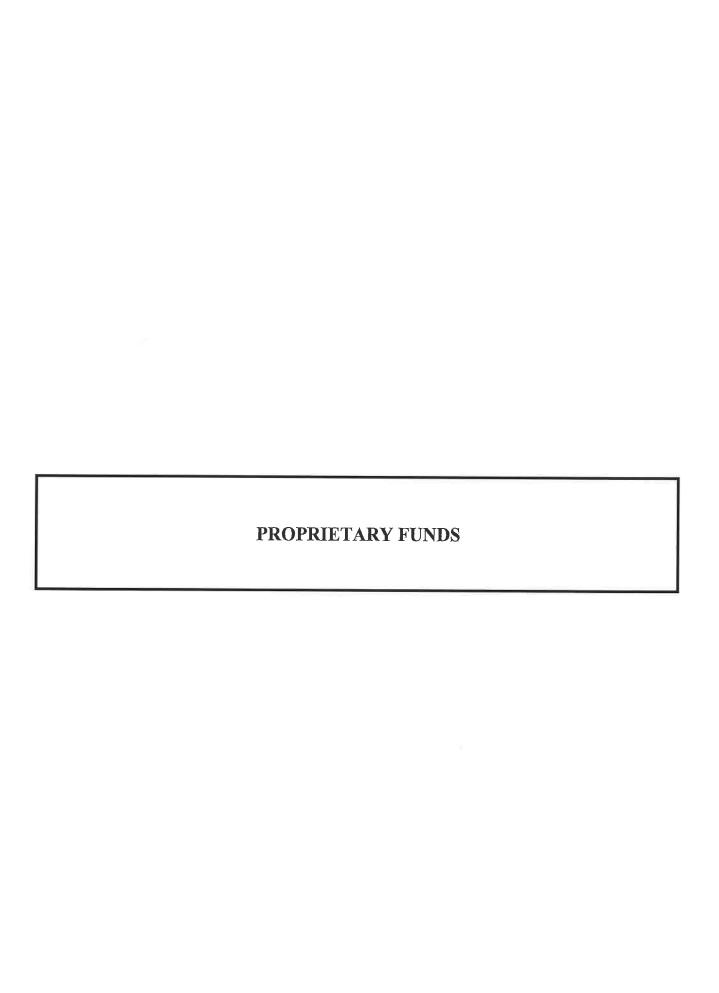
JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Title I		tle I - Re- llocated		tle I-SIA	T	itle IIA	_ID)	EA-Basic		IDEA- eSchool		Safety Grant		Total
Revenues															
Federal sources	\$ 533,978	\$	17,952	\$	61,356	\$	23,500	\$	110,707	\$	7	S	323	\$	747,493
Local sources					×	_				_			(*)		
Total Revenues - All Sources	\$ 533,978	\$	17,952	\$	61,356	\$	23,500	\$	110,707	S		<u>S</u>	-	5	747,493
Expenditures															
Current Expenditures															
Instruction:				ar.	00000000000										
Salaries of teachers	\$ 400,809	\$	_	S	44,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	445,609
Purchased prof. services	22,000		-		-		23,500		107,544		7.7		0.0		153,044
General supplies and textbooks	47,721			_	5,657			_	3,163	_					56,541
Total Instruction	470,530	_		_	50,457	_	23,500	_	110,707	2		_		_	655,194
Support Services:															
Salaries	12,239		2		20		2		(6)				-		12,239
Employee benefits	43,757		1,262		10,899		22		525		150		12		55,918
Miscellaneous	7,452		16,690				= =		10		106				24,142
Total Support Services	63,448	\'	17,952	-	10,899	_		=	_	_	925				92,299
Total Expenditures	\$ 533,978	\$	17,952	\$	61,356	\$	23,500	\$	110,707	\$		\$	-	\$	747,493

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

The capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases other than those financed by propriety funds.

At June 30, 2019, there was no capital project fund.



ENTERPRISE FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods and services be financed through user charges.

Food Service - provides for the operation of food services for the Charter School. Jersey City Public Schools handled the whole operation for 2018-2019.

After Care - provides for the operation of after school care for the Charter School's students.

EXHIBIT G-1

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PROPRIETARY FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2019

		Enterprise Fun	ds	
	Food	After Care		
	Program	Program		Total
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 73,151	\$	73,151
Accounts receivables				
State	3,496	(rē		3,496
Federal	226,938	ĵ/ <u>₹</u>		226,938
Interfund receivables	.57	273,084		273,084
Other current assets	111,053	<u> </u>		111,053
Total Current Assets	341,487	346,235	-	687,722
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	135,802	94		135,802
Interfund payables	290,312	-	3	290,312
Total Current Liabilities	426,114			426,114
Net Position (Deficit)				
Unrestricted	\$ (84,627)	\$ 346,235	\$	261,608

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PROPRIETARY FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Enterprise Funds	
	Food	After Care	
	Program	Program	Total
Operating Revenues:	·	—:	1.
Charges for services:			
Daily sales - nonreimbursable programs	\$ 7,987		\$ 7,987
Daily sales - after care program		72,540	72,540
Total Operating Revenues	7,987	72,540	80,527
Operating Expenses:			
Cost of sales	539,041	· ·	539,041
Salaries	92,292	40,210	132,502
Employee benefits	-		(=)
Other purchased service	-	2,425	2,425
Other costs	-		=
Supplies	-		*
Miscellaneous	-	3,176	3,176
Total Operating Expenses	631,333	45,811	677,144
Operating Income (Loss)	(623,346	26,729	(596,617)
Nonoperating revenues:			
State sources:			
State School Lunch Program	9,583	~	9,583
Federal sources:			
National School Lunch Program	448,972	20	448,972
National School Breakfast Program	138,095	-	138,095
Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act	10,457	9	10,457
After School Snacks	5,533	ω.	5,533
Total Nonoperating Revenues	612,640		612,640
Change in Net Position	(10,706) 26,729	16,023
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(73,921	319,506	245,585
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (84,627	346,235	\$ 261,608

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PROPRIETARY FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Enter	prise Funds		
		Food	A	fter Care		Total
]	Program	P	rogram	E	nterprise
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		-			2	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(623,346)	\$	26,729	\$	(596,617)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities						
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(19,414)		æ		(19,414)
(Increase) decrease in interfund receivables		(1 4)		(55,167)		(55,167)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets		(86,771)		: *		(86,771)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		66,022		2.00		66,022
Increase (decrease) in interfund payable	=	50,869	<u> </u>			50,869
Net cash from operating activities	-	(612,640)	-	(28,438)		(641,078)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activ	ities					
State sources		9,583		1970		9,583
Federal sources		603,057		-		603,057
Net cash from non-capital financing activities	<u>-</u>	612,640	-		-	612,640
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					a	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		: **		(28,438)		(28,438)
Balances - Beginning of Year		<u>~</u>		101,589	:	101,589
Balances - End of Year	\$	=	\$	73,151	\$	73,151

FIDUCIARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Trust funds are used to account for gifts and bequests to the Charter School for specific purposes.

Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund is an expendable trust fund used to account for unemployment transactions of the Charter School.

At June 30, 2019, there were no non-expandable trust funds utilized by the Charter School.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, governmental and/or other funds.

Payroll Fund - This agency fund is used to account for the payroll transactions of the Charter School.

Student Activity Fund - this agency fund is used to account for the financial transactions of various student and parent initiatives.

EXHIBIT H-1

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

		Agency	y Fund	S		
	S	tudent				
	A	ctivity	1	Payroll		Total
Assets			S=			=
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,453	\$	77,252	\$	94,705
Other receivables		:≃		10,930		10,930
Interfund receivables		626		<u> </u>		626
Total Assets	2	18,079		88,182	<u>-</u>	106,261
Liabilities						
Interfund payables		683		27,370		28,053
Accounts payable		**		60,812		60,812
Due to student groups		17,396	6			17,396
Total Liabilities		18,079		88,182	*	106,261
Net Position						
Unrestricted	\$	-	\$		\$	

EXHIBIT H-3

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) STUDENT ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	В	alance		Cash		Cash	В	alance
	Jun	e 30, 2018	R	eceipts	Disb	ursements	June	e 30, 2019
Assets		*				<u>-</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,147	\$	51,385	\$	49,079	\$	17,453
Interfund receivables		626		**		8#6		626
Total Assets	\$	15,773	\$	51,385	\$	49,079	\$	18,079
Liabilities								
Interfund payables	\$	-	\$	3,921	\$	4,604	\$	683
Accounts payable		503		503				
Due to student groups		15,270		39,109	a	41,235		17,396
Total Liabilities	\$	15,773	\$	43,533	\$	45,839	\$	18,079

EXHIBIT H-4

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PAYROLL AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Salance e 30, 2018		Cash Receipts	Dis	Cash bursements	salance e 30, 2019
Assets			-				-
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,949	\$	4,409,332	\$	4,372,029	\$ 77,252
Other receivable		10,346		2,594		2,010	10,930
Interfund receivable		<u> </u>		21,430		21,430	-
Total Assets	\$	50,295	\$	4,433,356	\$	4,395,469	\$ 88,182
Liabilities							
Accounts payable, payroll deduction	ons						
and withholdings	\$	2,556	\$	650,099	\$	708,355	\$ 60,812
Interfund payables		47,739	-	3,707,483	-	3,687,114	 27,370
Total Liabilities	\$	50,295	\$	4,357,582	\$	4,395,469	\$ 88,182

LONG-TERM DEBT

The long-term debt is used to record the outstanding principal balances of the long term liabilities of the Charter School. This includes the outstanding principal balance on capital lease, the accrued liability for insurance claims and the liability for compensated absences and the outstanding principal balance on certificates of participation outstanding.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) DEBT SERVICE FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT I-1

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	833,251
Total Assets	\$	833,251
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities	\$	
Fund Balance		
Restricted	<u> </u>	833,251
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	833,251

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT I-2

Revenues Use of money and property	\$	15,595
Expenditures	====	-
Excess of revenues over expenditures		15,595
Other Financing Sources Transfer out - General Fund	:	(15,307)
Net change in fund balance		288
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		832,963
End of Year	\$	833,251

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) LONG-TERM DEBT SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Mortgage	Interest Rate Payable	Maturity	Amount of Original Issue		Amount Outstanding one 30, 2018		cquired Current Year		Retired Current Year		Amount outstanding ne 30, 2019
NJ Economic Development Authority											
Series 2016B Charter School Revenue Bond	s										
Term 1 Coupon	5.25%	7/1/2047	\$ 860,000	\$	740,000	\$	=	\$	125,000	\$	615,000
Series 2016A Charter School Revenue Bond	ls										
Terms 2- 3 Coupon	6.00%	7/1/2022	\$9,365,000	=	9,365,000	_		_		-	9,365,000
				\$	10,105,000	\$		\$	125,000	\$	9,980,000

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Charter School has been in operation for twenty-one years. GASB requires that 10 years of statistical data be presented. Therefore statistical data for ten years has been presented.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules are not applicable to Charter Schools. Had they been applicable, they contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indiacators

The schedule contains summary information for the past three (3) years that seek to present the Charter School's financial and sustainability indicators.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT (UNAUDITED)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

				F	iscal Year End	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net assets	\$ (4,112,295) \$ (3,490,807) 1,298,156 1,276,565 (7,104,293) (7,185,499) \$ (9,918,432) \$ (9,399,741)	\$ (3,490,807) 1,276,565 (7,185,499) \$ (9,399,741)	\$ (2,728,576) 1,298,468 (7,221,848) \$ (8,651,956)	\$ (1,742,398)	\$ (1,141,122)	\$ (837,201) (570,806) \$ (1,408,007)	\$ (1,256,461)	\$ (557,323) (117,694) \$ (675,017)	\$ 43,786 (399,795) \$ (356,009)	\$ 307,927 (438,802) \$ (130,875)
Business-type activities Unrestricted Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 261,608 \$ 245,585 \$ 261,608 \$ 245,585	\$ 245,585	\$ 190,366 \$ 190,366	\$ 150,244 \$ 150,244	\$ 134,206 \$ 134,206	\$ 99,493	\$ 196,711	\$ 171,627 \$ 171,627	\$ 154,293 \$ 154,293	\$ 122,124 \$ 122,124
School-wide Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total charter school net assets (deficit)	\$ (4,112,295) \$ (3,490,807) 1,298,156 1,276,565 (6,842,685) \$ (6,939,914) \$ (9,656,824) \$ (9,154,156)	\$ (3,490,807) 1,276,565 (6,939,914) \$ (9,154,156)	\$ (2,728,576) 1,298,468 (7,031,482) \$ (8,461,590)	\$ (1,742,398)	\$ (1,141,122)	\$ (837,201) (471,313) \$ (1,308,514)	\$ (1,256,461)	\$ (557,323) 53,933 \$ (503,390)	\$ 43,786 (245,502) \$ (201,716)	\$ 307,927 (316,678) \$ (8,751)

Notes

The Exhibit J-1 should contain information for the last 10 years as required by GASB.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/NET POSITION (UNAUDITED)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Voor En	ded June 30, 20	19				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Expenses											
Governmental activities Instruction											
Regular	\$ 4.874.791	\$ 6.101_557	\$ 5.821.060	\$ 5.176.819	\$ 5.045,477	\$ 3.591,120	\$ 3,348,940	\$ 3.259.704	\$ 3_324,980	\$ 3.599,317	
Support Services:											
General administration	1,354_679	1_260.480	1.262,794	1,225,493	1.609,992	2.145.177	2.466.486	1.874.220	2,009.564	2.225.742	
Other support services	1,906.612	1.637.789	1.731_044	1,605.747	1,065,018	1.626,820	1.357.540	1,357.540	1_380.294	1.380.294	
Interest on long-term debt Other	587.043	593.293	572,882 240,672	557.947	578.727	659.419	789.594	767,599	620.140	543.321	
Unallocated depreciation	738.749	855,859	835.607	811.111	790.141	794,693	779,357	792,955	782,099	572.673	
Total governmental activities expenses	9,461.874	10.448,978	10.464,060	9,377,117	9.089.355	8.817,229	8.741.917	8.052.018	8,117,077	8.321.347	
Purinces two activities											
Business-type activities: Food service and After Care	677,144	763.563	629,358	368.813	356.892	316,582	61.995	322,434	321,327	278,182	
Total business-type activities expense	677,144	763.563	629,358	368.813	356.892	316.582	61.995	322,434	321.327	278.182	
Total district expenses	10.139.018	11.212.541	11.093.418	9.745_930	9.446.247	9.133,812	8.803.912	8,374,452	8.438.404	8.599.529	
		7714122		711 102730	211101217	7,133,012	0,005,712	0,571,152	0.150.101	0.577.527	
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Operating grants and contributions	2.295.989	3.190.716	2.414.005	1.942.487	1,678,122	1.072.667	1.199,676	701,082	1,089.711	929.805	
Total governmental activities program revenues	2.295,989	3.190.716	2,414,005	1,942.487	1,678.122	1.072.667	1.199.676	701,082	1,089.711	929,805	
Business-type activities: Charges for services											
Food service and After Care		126,501	110.740	71.676	98.128	84,771	87,079	66,224	76.952	83,373	
Operating grants and contributions	80.527 612,640 693,167 2,989,156	692,281	558.740	313,175	293,477	134,589	:	273,544	276,544	275.987	
Total business type activities program revenues		818.782	669_480	384.851	391,605	219.360	87,079	339,768	353,496	359.360	
Total district program revenues	2,989.156	4.009,498	3.083.485	2,327.338	2.069.727	1,292,027	1.286,755	1,040,850	1,443.207	1,289,165	
Net (Expense)/Revenue			3.083.485					1,010,000			
Governmental activities	(7.165.885)	(7.258.262)		(7.434.630)	(7.411.233)	(7,744.562)	(7,542,241)	(7,350,936)	(7,027,366)	(7,391,542)	
Business-type activities	16.023	55,219	40.122	16.038	34,713	(97,218)	25,084	17.334	32,169	81,178	
Total district-wide net expense	(7,149,862)	(7.203.043)	(8.009,933)	(7.418.592)	(7.376.520)	(7,841,780)	(7.517.157)	(7,333,602)	(6.995.197)	(7.310,364)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse Governmental activities:	ets										
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	1.690,046	1,597.932	1.548.366	1.629-969	1,796,194	1,748,273	1,703,479	1,645,889	1,502,543	1.426,209	
Grants and contributions	4,765,049	1,597.932 4,952,501	4,952,501	4.843.424	4.686.535	5.089.674	5.103,788	5,529.002	5,380.813	5,226,579	5,449,539
Miscellaneous income	19,855	34.808	103.311	100.191	535 5.089.674 191 32.144	74 5.103.788	193,577	5,226	73,110	152,783	
Total governmental activities	6.474.950	6.585,241	6.495.101	6.416.695	6.918,012	7,613,914	7.426,058	7,031,928	6.802,232	7,028.531	
Business-type activities:											
Total business-type activities	\longrightarrow				<u>:*</u>		1000	(E)		- 6	
Total district-wide	6.474.950	6.585.241	6.495.101	6.416.695	6.918.012	7.613.914	7.426.058	7,031,928	6.802.232	7,028,531	
Change in Net Assets											
Governmental activities	(690.935) 16.023	(673.021)	(1.554.954)	(1.017.935)	(493,221)	(130.648)	(116,183)	(319,008)	(225.134)	(363.011)	
Business-type activities		55.219	40.122	16.038	34.713	(97.218)	25.084	17.334	32,169	81,178	
Total district	\$ (674.912)	\$ (617.802)	\$(1.514.832)	\$(1,001.897)	\$ (458.508)	5 (227,866)	\$ (91,099)	\$ (301.674)	\$ (192,965)	\$ (281.833)	

Notes

The Exhibit J-2 should contain information for the last 10 years as required by GASB.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SC (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Ye	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	пе 30,	2019			
	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014		2013	2012	2011	2010
General Fund												
Reserved	\$ 1,019,300	\$ 1,019,300 \$ 957,963	\$ 945,990	69	€9	9	€9	69	,	69	€.	€
Unreserved	250,218	121,233	45,285	62,142	1.2	286,252	505,536	9	991.393	792,703	584,767	545,760
Total general fund	\$ 1,269,518	\$ 1,079,196	\$ 991,275	\$ 62,142	12 \$	286,252	\$ 505,536	69	991,393	\$ 792,703	€9	\$ 545,760
All Other Governmental Funds												
Reserved	69	#9	.hi	€9	69		€>	69	*	69	69	64
Unreserved, reported in:												,
Special revenue fund	1	1	1			1		,	٠	1		,
Total all other governmental funds	50	69	69	69	↔	1	69	60	3	₩	69	69

Notes

The Exhibit J-3 should contain information for the last 10 years as required by GASB.

JERSEV CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

,	\$ 1,426,209	152,786 5,449,539	929,805	7,958,339		3,323,568	149,026	23,437	19,075		906,146	1,384,283	200,424	285.648	13,657	72,446	115,689	53,730	Ÿ/	109,099	543,321	53,244	319,650	8,068,324		(109,985)		99			(109,985)	7,54%
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 1,502,543	73,110	1,089,711	7,891,943		2,856,517	219,045	38,725	26,234	6	912,915	471 087	238.375	13,655	17,544	84,050	94,196	49,280	+1	165,264	620,140	57,788	517,958	7,852,936		39,007		2,905,724	(2,905,724)		\$ 39,007 \$	9.24%
	\$ 1,645,889	5,226 5,380,813	701,082	7,733,010		3,034,684	88,500	0,545	10,193	6	858,230	1,303,226	173,495	*	17,875	80,725	89,106	13,591	91	180,139	767,599	136,388	191,849	7,450,912		282,098		22.		*	\$ 282,098	11.82%
6	\$ 1,703,479	193,577 5,529,002	713,517	8,139,575		3,159,739	36,106	1/0	5,926		1 027 105	137 240	166,605	**	17,388	86,352	140,513	14,896	73,421	189,681	789,594	98,057	93,991	8,056,551		83,024		<u>a</u>	10		\$ 83,024	%10*11
A100	\$ 1,748,273	134,743 5,552,478	621,089	8,056,583		3,292,311	10,140	781 357	5,403	000	1626,833	213.891	304,585	12	81,198	85,726	70,399	18,683	D!	145,203	659,419	43,491	218,592	8,042,437		14,146		5,870,000	(6,370,000)	(500,000)	\$ (485,854)	9.20%
2101	\$ 1,796,194	35,040 5,089,674	612,589	7,533,497		3,195,675	12,600	161.199	9,784	1 140 043	1,149,243	234.188	199,422	9	93,745	47,309	91,587	12,670	4	152,467	578,727	64,286	30,635	7,297,196		236,301		(455,585)	•	(455,585)	\$ (219,284)	8.65%
Ator	\$ 1,632,543	100,191 4,689,109	623,323	7,045,166		2,928,142	95,816	114.426	5,865	022 301 1	1311873	174.614	179,858	O.	102,369	53,002	72,663	9,100	00	154,254	735,426	65,242	38,745	7,266,702		(221,536)		æ	*		\$ (221,536)	11.33%
200	\$ 1,548,366	105,240 4,843,424	559,035	7,056,065		3,050,302	142,947	102.319	11,312	375 206 1	1,203,370	182,986	177,214	3	111,868	55,650	37,405	13,249	8	148,764	571,044	73,555	289,059	7,622,520		(566,455)		1,495,588		1,495,588	\$ 929,133	8.44%
2018	\$ 1,597,932	34,808 4,952,501	716,637	7,301,878		2,705,706	144,202	134,974	10,165	1 106 610	1.462.941	279,458	203,868	(0)	124,786	55,193	44,752	7,850	*	141,892	683,963	78,765	24,861	7,213,957		87,921		W	0.1		\$ 87,921	10.51%
2019	\$ 1,690,046	87,746 4,765,049	747,493	7,290,334		2,559,392	180,229	139,178	6,682	1 347 844	1.369.100	86,143	225,753	94	76,995	53,326	63,362	10,350	18	149,277	682,713	49,749	86,172	7,100,012		190,322		85	*		\$ 190,322	10.78%
Rinetion	Revenues Local tax levy	Miscellaneous State sources	Federal sources	Total revenue	Expenditures Instruction:	Salaries	Professional / Lechnical service Other purchased services	General educational supplies & textbooks	Other instructional expenses	Salaries	Total benefit costs	Professional /technical service	Other purchased services	Rent on land and buildings	Communications and telephones	Insurance-fidelity, liability property	Supplies and materials	L'ansportation	Judgment against charters	Energy costs	Debt service	Miscellaneous expenses	Capital outlay	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues	expenditures over revenues	Other financing sources/(uses):	Long term debt	Transfers	Total other financing sources/(uses)	Net change in fund balances	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Source: Charter school's records.

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (UNAUDITED) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gove	rnmental Activities			Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	7		To	otal Charter	Personal	
Ended June 30,		Loans		School	Income	Per Capita
					·	
2010	\$	7,000,000	\$	7,000,000	0.15%	361
2011		9,828,639		9,828,639	0.11%	231
2012		9,783,114		9,783,114	0.11%	230
2013		9,737,100		9,737,100	0.10%	206
2014		8,530,257		8,530,257	0.09%	180
2015		8,074,672		8,074,672	0.08%	162
2016		7,897,193		7,897,193	0.08%	141
2017		10,225,000		10,225,000	0.10%	183
2018		10,105,000		10,105,000	0.07%	180
2019		9,980,000		9,980,000	0.06%	167

Note: Details regarding the Charter School's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) DEMOGRAPHICS AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population ^a	Personal Income b	Per Capita Personal Income c	Unemployment Rate d
2010	248,639	11,088,802,122	44,598	10.90%
2011	254,094	11,588,973,246	45,609	11.10%
2012	258,703	12,198,622,559	47,153	11.10%
2013	261,109	12,498,504,503	47,867	11.10%
2014	264,009	13,479,243,504	51,056	11.50%
2015	266,286	14,583,951,648	54,768	6.60%
2016	267,446	14,973,231,756	55,986	6.60%
2017	270,753	15,158,377,458	55,986	6.60%
2018	270,753	15,158,377,458	55,986	4.70%
2019	270,753	16,143,106,119	59,623	3.00%

Source:

http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/lpa/industry/incpov/pcienty.htm

^a Population information provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development

^b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

^c Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. Estimates for 2010-2017 reflect county population estimates available as of March 2018. Note-- All dollar estimates are in thousands of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Statistics presented in thousands of dollars do not indicate more precision than statistics presented in millions of dollars. Last updated: March 6, 2019-- revised statistics for 1969 to 2000.

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (UNAUDITED) Current Year

2019

		2019	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Municipal Employment
HealthCare Staffing and Consulting	2,000	1	1.67%
Deutsche Bank Trust Co., NJ Ltd	1,833	2	1.53%
Insurance Service Office, Inc.	1,217	3	1.01%
Fleet, NJ Company Development Corp.	1,000	4	0.83%
Equiserve, Inc.	850	5	0.71%
Provident Bank	850	6	0.71%
Bon Secours NJ Health System, Inc.	818	7	0.68%
JP Morgan Chase Bank	600	8	0.50%
Port Authority Trans-Hudson, Inc.	600	9	0.50%
Saint Francis Hospital, Inc.	600	10	0.50%
National Discount Broker Group, Inc.	568	11	0.47%
Lehman Commercial Paper, Inc.	525	12	0.44%
US News World Report, LLC	500	13	0.42%
Top Job Personnel, Inc.	500	14	0.42%
	12,461		10.39%

Source: Web Site: http://www.city-data.com/us-cities/The-Northeast/Jersey-City-Economy.html

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CHARTER SCHOOL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program										
Instruction										
Regular	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	29.0	59.0	59.0	59.0
Special education	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2,5	2.5	2,5	2.5	2.5
Other special education	1.0	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	5.0	0.5	0.5	0.5
Support Services:										
General administration	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Administrative Information Technology	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Plant operations and maintenance	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Other support services	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Food Service	4.5	5.0	7.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	220	4.0	4.0	4.0
Total	86.0	86.5	88.5	85.0	85.5	85.5	81.5	85.5	85.5	85.5

Source: Charter School Personnel Records

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL OPERATING STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fupil/Teac	'upil/Teacher Katio				
		Operating	Cost Per	Percentage	Teaching			Average Daily Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance	% Change in Average Daily	Student
Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Expenditures a	Pupil	Change	Staff	Kindergarten	Elementary	(ADE)	(ADA)	Enrollment	Percentage
2010	576	\$ 7,205,353	12,130	-2.21%	55.50	1:11	111	594.0	564	3.13%	94.87%
2011	594	6,714,838	11,304	-6.81%	55.50	1:11	123	594.0	564	0.00%	95.00%
2012	580	6,729,220	12,710	12.43%	55.50	1:11		594.0	564	0.00%	95.00%
2013	572	7,172,966	12,496	-1.68%	55.50	1:11	1111	594.0	572	0.00%	96.30%
2014	581	7,231,998	12,384	-2.57%	55.50	1:11		578.5	572	-2.61%	98.88%
2015	586	6,687,834	11,413	-7.84%	59.00	1:11	11:1	578.0	572	-2.69%	%96'86
2016	571	7,091,927	12,420	8.83%	59.00	1:11	1:11	571.0	548	-3.87%	%00'96
2017	260	7,470,976	13,341	7.41%	59.00	1:11	1:11	560.0	538	-3.20%	%00.96
2018	574	7,204,885	12,552	-5.91%	59.00	1:11	1:11	574.0	551	2.50%	%00'96
2019	268	7,197,757	12,672	%96:0	59.00	1:11	1:11	568.0	541	-1.05%	95.25%

Source: Charter school's records.

Note: Enrollment based on annual October district count.

- a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
 b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.
 c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

2010	42,000 594 576
2011	42,000 594 594
2012	42,000 594 580
2013	42,000 594 572
2014	42,000 594 581
2015	42,000 594 586
2016	42,000 594 571
2017	42,000 594 560
2018	42,000 594 574
2019	42,000 594 568
	Square Feet Capacity (students) Enrollment

Source: Charter school's records.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SCHEDULE OF ALLOWABLE MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURE (UNAUDITED) BY SCHOOL FACILITY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES

2010	\$	587,605
2011		408,886
2012		430,362
2013		396,677
2014		608,297
2015		451,999
2016		390,607
2017		395,509
2018		397,659
2019	-	392,844
Total	\$	4,460,445

Source: Charter school's records

^{*}School facilities as defined under EFCFA. (N.J.A.C. 6A:26-1.2 and N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-1.3)

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) INSURANCE SCHEDULE (UNAUDITED) JUNE 30, 2019

	 Coverage
Commercial General Liability - New Jersey Schools Insurance Group (NJSIG)	
Property damage - each occurrence	\$ 11,000,000
Personal injury and advertising injury	11,000,000
Medical expenses (any one person)	10,000
Products	11,000,000
Property - NJSIG	
Blanket real and personal property	\$ 500,000,000
Workers Compensation & Employer's Liability - NJSIG	
Excess Liability - each accident	\$ 2,000,000
Excess Liability - each employee	2,000,000
Excess Liability - policy limit	2,000,000
Errors and Omissions - NJSIG	\$ 100,000
Deductible per claim	10,000
Automobile - NJSIG	
Combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage	\$ 11,000,000

Source: Charter school's records

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (UNAUDITED) FISCAL RATIOS

Multi-Year Information

	2017	2018	2019	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	1,877,767	1,942,745	2,464,302	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets	2,448,558	2,742,999	2,945,630	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Assets	9,710,729	8,723,405	8,099,331	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	1,266,917	1,800,662	1,475,930	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Liabilities	18,172,319	17,877,561	17,756,155	Audít: Exhibit A-l
Net Assets	(8,461,590)	(9,154,156)	(9,656,824)	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Revenue	9,578,586	10,594,739	9,531,997	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Total Expenses	11,093,418	11,287,305	10,034,665	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Assets	(1,514,832)	(692,566)	(502,668)	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Depreciation Expense	835,607	855,859	738,749	738,749 Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Expense	572,882	593,293	587,043	587,043 Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Principal Payments	17,715	120,000	125,000	125,000 Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Payments	553,329	593,293	560,838	560,838 Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers

Final Average Daily Enrollment	260	574	568	DOE Enrollment Reports
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment	594	594	585	Charter School Budget

Near Teri	Near Term Indicators	2017	2018	2019	4 YR CUM	Source:	Target
la,	Current Ratio	1.93	1.52	2,00	1.82	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	^
Ib.	Unrestricted Days Cash	61.78	62.82	89.64	71.41	Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	30-60
lc.	Enrollment Variance	94%	%16	%16	%96	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>62%
ld,*	Default	No	ρχ	No		Audit	not in default
Sustainab	Sustainability Indicators					一大学 とはない 一本 ののできるなか	1 0000 SECTION 1
2a.	Total Margin	%91-	-7%	-5%	%6-	Change in Net Assets/Total Revenue	positive
2b.	Debt to Asset	1.87	2,05	2,19	2.04	Total Liabilities/Total Assets	6'>
2c. **	Cash Flow	828,504	64,978	521,557	65,487	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive
2d.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	(0.19)	1.06	1.20	69*0	(Change in Net Assets+Depreciation+Interest Expense)/(Principal & Interest Payments)	>1.10

X- X-

Is school in default of loan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? Yes or No 2019 =2019 Cash - 2018 Cash; 2018 = 2018 Cash - 2015 Cash - 2017 Cash - 201



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EXHIBIT K-1

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Jersey City Community Charter School Hudson County, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*, the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jersey City Community Charter School (the "Charter School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS – CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the Board of Trustees of the Charter School in the separate *Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings – Financial, Compliance, and Performance* dated December 17, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barbara Siochi, CPA, CGMA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00260700

Rutherford, New Jersey December 17, 2019

BCA Watson Rice LLP
Certified Public Accountants

Watson Riall

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EXHIBIT K-2

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB'S CIRCULAR 15-08, RESPECTIVELY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Jersey City Community Charter School Hudson County, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Jersey City Community Charter School's (the "Charter School") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement and the New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Charter School's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state financial assistance applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"); New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid ("New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08"); and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB'S CIRCULAR 15-08, RESPECTIVELY – CONTINUED

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB'S CIRCULAR 15-08, RESPECTIVELY – CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barbara Siochi, CPA, CGMA Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00260700

Rutherford, New Jersey December 17, 2019 BCA Watson Rice LLP

BCA Watson Rice LLP
Certified Public Accountants

JERSEV CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY) SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Provided to Subrecipients	(OF) (E)	*1.	* *	9 9	e v	(6)	* 1	ë∈ P	30 - 30	or or	9 37 62	1/4	* 1		
e to	9	20.	¥¥	9.45	tii fo	* * *			e e	ati at	. 11	1	1	. 	
Balance at June 30, 2019 nunts Deferred Dur rable) Revenue Gra	99) (0 10)	92	89 56	326 - 326	€ 6	* *]	1	osome.	10 (1)	* *	2 4 4	31	1	51	
Balance at (Accounts D Receivable) F	\$ (18,810) \$	(17,952)	€ 30	(23,500)	€ €	(3,163)	(63,425)	(37,211)	(101,032)	(131)	(2,321)	(140,695)	(140,695)	\$ (204,120) \$	
Repayment of Prior Years' Balances		83	20 20	88 58	60 M	* *		59. 13.	10 N	* *	(9 - 30)	1		59	
Budgetary Expenditures	\$ (533,978)	(17,952)	(61,356)	(23,500)	(E) •€	(110,707)	(747,493)	(118,989)	(403,298)	(5,009)	(9,478)	(536,774)	(536,774)		\$ (1,284,267)
Cash Received	\$ 515,168	21	61,356	27,502	2,991	107,544	1,166,015	81,778	302,266	4.878 3,175	7,157 1,034 470,468	603,859	603,859	\$ 1,769,874	
Carryover (Walkover) Amount	ig 10	5	e T	28. 28	1(0) (0)	* *			#J- #5	* *				2	
(CAdjustments	a q •••	Ē	# #	(9.39	156 1 60	80 - 80°	30	a a	e n	* *	4 4 14			S	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ (343,878)	65	(107,105)	(27,502)	(2,991)	(471)	(481,947)	(51,613)	(151,958)	(3,175)	(1,034)	(207,780)	(207,780)	\$ (689,727)	
Grant Period From - To	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19		61/08/9-81/1/1/	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19	7/1/18-6/30/19				
Program or Award Amount	\$ 563,427 551,639	17,952	61,356 68,862	29,941	3,163	107,544	1,559,332	118,989	403,298 522,079	5,009	9,478 10,299 961,099	1,219,902	1,219,902	\$ 2,779,234	
Grant or State Project Number	NCLB - 6910 - 19	NCLB - 6910 - 19	NCLB - 6910 - 19 NCLB - 6910 - 18	NCLB - 6910 - 19 NCLB - 6910 - 18	IDEA - 6910 - 19 IDEA - 6910 - 18	IDEA - 6910 - 19 IDEA - 6910 - 18		N/A A//A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				e:
Federal FAIN Number	S010A180030 S010A170030	S010A180030	S377A160031 S377A150031	S367A180029 S367A170029	HI73A180114 HI73A170114	H027A180100 H027A170100		191NJ304N1099 181NJ304N1099	191NJ304N1099 181NJ304N1099	191NJ304N1099 181NJ304N1099	191NJ304N1099 181NJ304N1099				
Federal C.F.D.A No.	tion 84.010 84.010	84.010	84.377	84.367	84,173	84.027		fure 10.553 10.553	10.555	10,555	10,555				
Federal Grant/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	U.S. Department of Education: Passed-Through State Department of Education Special Revenue Fund: No Child Left Behind Title 1 - FY 2018-2019 Title 1 - FY 2017-2018	Title I - Re-Allocated - FY 2018-2019	Title I, SIA Title I, SIA	Title II, Part A Title II, Part A	I.D.E.A Preschool	I.D.E.A I.D.E.A	Total U.S. Department of Education	U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund: Child Nutrition Cluster National School Breakfast Program National School Breakfast Program (1)	National School Lunch Program (NSLP) National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	NSLP - Supplements NSLP - Supplements	NSLP - Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act NSLP - Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act Subtotal CFDA 10,555	Total Child Nutrition Cluster	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	Total	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

See notes to the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance...

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY)
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 36, 2019

				Balance at June 30, 2018	ıne 30, 2018	-					Balan	Balance at June 30, 2019	2019	MEMO	MO
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Program or Award Amount	Deferred Revenue (Accts Receivable)	Due to Grantor	Adjustments	Carry Over (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Repayment of Prior Year's Expenditures	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor	Budgelary Receivable	Cumulative Total Expenditure
State Department of Education General Fund:															
Equalization Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	61/08/9-81/1/2	\$ 4,260,539		69	69		\$ 4,294,986	\$ (4,260,539)	69	,	60	\$ 34.447	6	\$ 4 260 539
Equalization Aid	18-495-034-5120-078	7/1/17-6/30/18	4,131,569	25,670	*	44	3 *	(25,670)	11#	4	i (ig	001 6	1.3	(3.1	093 181 7
Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	, -	132,259	*		16	**	132,259	(132,259)	69	4	Lot	939#)*(*#	132.259
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	2/1/18-6/30/19	245,811		۰	540	*	245,811	(245,811)	93	14	10*	Ç.1	6379	145.811
Adjustment Aid	19-495-034-5120-085	7/1/18-6/30/19	126,440		*	*	đ	126,440	(126,440)			138	()	- 1	110,000
TPAF-Social Security Reimbursements	19-495-034-5095-002	7/1/18-6/30/19	189,152		ř		*	163,392	(189,152)	3	(25.760)		12.5	25.760	651 681
TPAF-Social Security Reimbursements	18-495-034-5095-002	7/1/17-6/30/18	171,598	(189'8)	9	*		8,681		19		: 19		(4	171 508
On-Behalf TPAF - Pensions	19-495-034-5094-002	7/1/18-6/30/19	465,178	.55	**	70		(5).	(465,178)	141	9	: ::	: :3t:	- 55.	465,178
On Behalf-TPAF -															
Post Retirement Medical On-Behalf: 1PAF – Non-contributory	19-495-034-5094-001	7/1/18-6/30/19	211,004	90	6	**	*6	10	(211,004)	¥	*	20	**	×.	211,004
Insurance	19-495-034-5094-004	61/06/9-81/1/4	1,296			74		1	(1,296)						906
Total General Fund			9,934,846	686'91			8	4,945,899	(5,631,679)		(25.760)		34,447	25.760	0 034 846
												ĺ			
Enterprise Fund: State School Lunch Program State School Lunch Program	19-100-010-3350-023	7/1/18-6/30/19	9,583	## G		Ti.	٠	7,501	(6,583)	íi€	(2,082)	98	JA.	2,082	9,583
State School Cultural Logicalii	070-0000-010-001-01	01/05/0-/1/1//	1/7.0	(3,240)		1	•	3,240			*	0.	*		
l olal Enterprise Fund			17,860	(3,240)			*	10,741	(6,583)	1	(2,082)	3		2,082	9,583
Totals				\$ 13,749	67	64		\$ 4,956,640		5	\$ (27,842)	S	\$ 34,447	\$ 27,842	\$ 9,944,429
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	Assistance								(0)(10)						
Less: On-Behalf TPAF Pension System Contributions	m Contributions								(202,150,5)						
On-Behalf TPAF - Pensions	19-495-034-5094-002								(465,178)					23	
On Behalf-TPAF –	10 406 034 6004 001														
On-Behalt- IPAF - Non-contributory	100-5606-560-665-61								(211,004)						
Insurance	19-495-034-5094-004								(1,296)						
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance - Major Program Determination	Assistance - Major Prog	ram Determinatio	_						\$ (4,963,784)						

See notes to the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL
(HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY)
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (the "Schedules") present the activity of all federal awards and state financial assistance programs of Jersey City Community Charter School (the "Charter School"). The board of trustees is defined in Note 1 of the Charter School's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from the federal funding agency or otherwise passed through from state agencies, as well as state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules include the federal and state award activity of the Charter School under programs of the federal government and state agency for the year ended June 30, 2019. Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the Charter School, these are not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Charter School.

3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and the special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons statements or schedules are presented for the general fund and special revenue funds to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when the expenditures have been made.

3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the special revenue fund on both GAAP and budgetary basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. See the financial section for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Federal awards and state financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

		Federal	 State	 Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 5,631,679	\$ 5,631,679
Special Revenue Fund		747,493	. =	747,493
Enterprise Fund	-	603,057	 9,583	612,640
Total	\$	1,350,550	\$ 5,641,262	\$ 6,991,812

4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

5. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

6. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST

The Charter School has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

EXHIBIT K-6

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report iss	ued:	Unmodif	ied
Internal control over finance	ial reporting:		
•Material weakness	(es) identified?	yes	no
•Significant deficier	ncy(ies) identified?	yes	none reported
Noncompliance material to statements noted?	basic financial	yes	no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major	programs:		
•Material weakness	(es) identified?	yes	no
•Significant deficier	ncy(ies) identified?	yes	none reported
Type of auditor's report on for major programs:	compliance	Unmodif	ied
Any audit findings disclose required to be reported in with section 2 CFR 200.5	accordance	yes	no
Identification of Major Fe	deral Award Programs		
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program	n or Cluster	
	Child Nutrition Cluster		
10.553	National School Brea	kfast Program	
10.555	ch Program		
Dollar threshold used to det Type A and Type B progr		\$750,00	0
Auditee qualified as low-ris	k auditee?	yes	no

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED

EXHIBIT K-6

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS – CONTINUED

State Financial Assistance

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes✓_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes✓_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ OMB Circular 15-08	yes✓no
Identification of Major State Financial Assistanc	e Programs
State or Project No.	Name of State Program
18-495-034-5120-078	Equalization Aid
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ ves no

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None noted.

Compliance and Other Matters

None noted.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Awards

2018-001 Late submission of claims

Information on the Federal Awards

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553	Child Nutrition Cluster National School Breakfast Program
10.555	National School Lunch Program

Criteria

Under Title 7 CFR Part 210.8 Claims for reimbursement, "A final Claim for Reimbursement shall be postmarked or submitted to the State agency not later than 60 days following the last day of the full month covered by the claim. State agencies may establish shorter deadlines at their discretion. Claims not postmarked and/or submitted within 60 days shall not be paid with Program funds unless otherwise authorized by United State Department of Agriculture (USDA) Food and Nutrition Services (FNS)."

Condition

We noted that the Charter School's reimbursement claims to New Jersey State Department of Agriculture for the months of September 2017 and May 2018 were submitted past the deadline of 60 days after the end of the reporting month.

Cause

There were changes in accounting personnel responsible for the submission of the monthly claims.

Effect

Failure to submit the claims within the prescribed period may result in non-payment of claims.

JERSEY CITY COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL (HUDSON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY) SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – CONTINUED

EXHIBIT K-7

Federal Awards

2018-001 Late submission of claims – Continued

Recommendation

We strongly recommend that the Charter School institute policies and procedures to ensure that the required reports are filed by their respective due dates. It is critically important that timely and accurate reports are produced to ensure that the goals and purposes of the grant have been achieved and accounted for properly.

Questioned Costs

None:

Management Response

For this particular late filing, the School Business Office had filed the claim within the 60-day timeframe. Because there were changes to the State system, the claim entries for May 2019 was inadvertently left unsubmitted. We have reviewed and implemented an additional procedure of confirming on-line submissions before leaving the system. We will continue to implement the procedures for filing claims within 60 days following the month covered by the claim.

Corrective Action Taken

In August 2019, the Charter School had reviewed the policies and procedures in place for filing claims for the Charter School's Food Program. The claiming procedure and timelines of 60 days after the month covered by the claim were discussed with personnel involved to ensure that confirmation of successful submission is confirmed and proof of successful submission is obtained before logging out of the system.