#### **QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL**

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL	
Queen City Academy Charter School Board of Trustees Plainfield, New Jersey	
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	

#### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL**

FINANCIAL REPORT

**OF THE** 

**QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL** 

PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by

Queen City Academy Charter School Finance Department

And

Barre & Company LLC, CPAs

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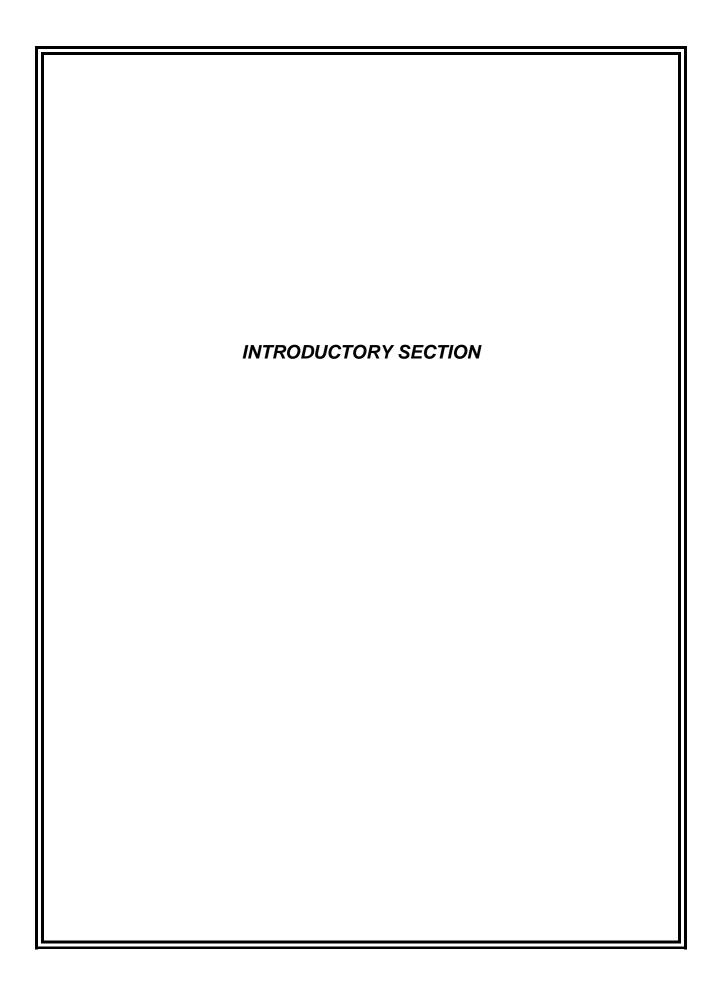
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#### The Queen City Academy Charter School 815 West 7th Street Plainfield, New Jersey 07063 Phone 908.753.4700 Fax 908.753.4816 www.queencity.edu



December 20, 2019

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees The Queen City Academy Charter School 815 West 7<sup>th</sup> Street Plainfield, New Jersey 07063

#### **Dear Board Members:**

We are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of The Queen City Academy Charter School (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This CAFR includes the Charter School's Basic Financial Statement prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

The Charter School has elected to adopt this financial reporting model which we believe will provide all users of this document with much more useful financial and statistical information than ever before. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board).

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Charter School. This report will provide the stakeholders of The Queen City Academy Charter School with comprehensive financial data in a format enabling them to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial affairs.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- ➤ The Introductory Section contains a Table of Contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- ➤ The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Information related to

this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report

#### **Charter School Organization**

An elected seven-member Board of Education (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Lead Person is the chief executive officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for total educational and support operations. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES:

The Queen City Academy Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the GASB as established by NGCA Statement No. 3. All funds and account groups of The Queen City Academy Charter School are included in this report. The Queen City Academy Charter School Board of Trustees and its school constitute the Charter School's entity.

The Charter School provided a full range of educational services appropriate to regular students grade levels K through 8. The Queen City Academy Charter School completed the 2018-2019 fiscal year with an enrollment of 324 regular students. The following details the changes in the student enrollment of The Queen City Academy Charter School.

#### Average Daily Enrollment

Fiscal Year	Student Enrollment	Percent Change
2018-2019	324	0%
2017-2018	324	0%
2016-2017	324	-1.57%
2015-2016	324	22.80
2014-2015	249	-0.48%
2013-2014	250	2.16
2011-2012	249	5%
2010-2011	236	4%
2009-2010	225	0%
2008-2009	228	0%
2007-2008	228	-6%
2006-2007	243	12%

#### REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: (CONTINUED)

#### Average Daily Enrollment (Continued)

2005-2006	213	7%
2004-2005	198	12%
2003-2004	177	0%
2002-2003	177	32%
2001-2002	121.6	41%
2000-2001	72	N/A

#### 2. ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK:

The City of Plainfield tax rate has been stable or slightly increased over the past several years. Economic development activities are evident in the downtown area. The housing market for existing homes has seen a decline in recent times, as has the rest of the state. The Queen City Academy Charter School occupies a space in a suburban type location in the western end of Plainfield.

#### 3. MAJOR INITIATIVES:

After the completion of the renovation project of the historical auditorium into a new primary academic wing in the previous school year, the school enjoyed another full year with its new structure and make-up. The School facilities now consist of 18 classrooms, a music room, an art room, a dance room, a computer room, a Title I resource room, an ESL room, a gymnasium/cafeteria, nurse's office, several small offices for guidance and special education, and the main school offices. The computer room is used extensively by all students throughout the 2017-2018 school year.

Instructional Staff consisted of the following:

- 2-Kindergarten
- 2-First Grade
- 2-Second Grade
- 2-Third Grade
- 2-Fourth Grade
- 2-Fifth Grade
- 2-Sixth Grade
- 2-Seventh Grade
- 2-Eighth Grade
- 2-Title I & Basic Skills
- 2-Special Education
- 1-Art Instructor
- 1-Music Instructor

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES (CONTINUED):**

- 1-Dance Instructor
- 1-Physical Education Instructor
- 1-Health Education Instructor
- 1-Computer Instructor
- 1-Classroom Assistants
- 1-Multi-Purpose Aide
- 1-World Language Teacher
- 1-School Nurse
- 2-Guidance & School Counselor/High School Placement
- 1-RTI Teacher
- 1-Dean of Scholar Support Services

Instructional Coaches

For the 2018-2019 School Year ,8th Grade scholars received a total of \$482,375 in scholarships.

Consultants were hired for Child Study Team services, for professional development, and for coaching in Math and ELA.

The charter school's curriculum was reviewed and refined throughout the year in order to ensure alignment with the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards, and with the Common Core Standards.

Students in grades 3-8 were administered by PARCC for their respective grades.

The Queen City Academy Charter School received accreditation from the Middle States Commissions on Elementary and Secondary Schools in October 2011.

The Queen City Academy Charter School continues to provide an ESL program directed at students with English as a second language.

#### 4. INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS:

Management of The Queen City Academy Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of The Queen City Academy Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that the adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: The cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, The Queen City Academy Charter School also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by The Queen City Academy Charter School management.

As part of The Queen City Academy Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that The Queen City Academy Charter School has compiled with applicable laws and regulations.

#### 5. **BUDGETARY CONTROLS:**

In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by The Board. Annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund and is approved by the Board of Trustees of The Queen City Academy Charter School.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2019.

#### 6. ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS:

The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of The Queen City Academy Charter School is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 1.

#### 7. FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL YEAR END

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, The Queen City Academy Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

#### 8. **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**:

At June 30, 2019 the Charter School had outstanding debt totaling \$1,870,698. The Charter School purchased the school building located at 815 West 7<sup>th</sup> Street, Plainfield, New Jersey, in April, 2013 for a total purchase price of \$2,550,000; the amount financed was \$2,050,000. In July 2015, the Charter School incurred additional debt in the form of a construction loan in the amount of \$700,000, to help finance the significant facilities expansion to the school. The Charter School has taken an aggressive approach towards paying off the construction loan well before its full maturity date.

#### 9. CASH MANAGEMENT:

The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements", Note 2. The Queen City Academy Charter School has adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit

Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds. The Board participates in the NJSBA Insurance Group.

#### 11. ANTI-BULLYING:

On January 5, 2011, Governor Chris Christie signed into law P.L. 2010, Chapter 122, known as the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights. The Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act ("Act") requires initial and ongoing training for all staff members, Anti-Bullying Specialists, Anti-Bullying Coordinators, administrative staff, and Board members. N.J.S.A. 18A:37-22(d) requires every teacher to complete at least two hours of instruction on harassment, intimidation, and bullying prevention in each professional development period. The Charter School has utilized the services of Strauss Esmay Associates, in providing Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying Prevention Training Program, to assist in complying with the training requirements of the Act.

#### 12. OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Barre & Company, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, was selected by the Board of Trustees. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplemental information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports, related specifically to the single audit, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements

#### 13. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**:

We would like to express appreciation to the members of The Queen City Academy Charter School Board of Trustees for their commitment to provide fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the respective communities of Plainfield and North Plainfield and thereby contributing their full support to the maintenance of the Charter School's financial operation.

Respectfully submitted,

Danielle West

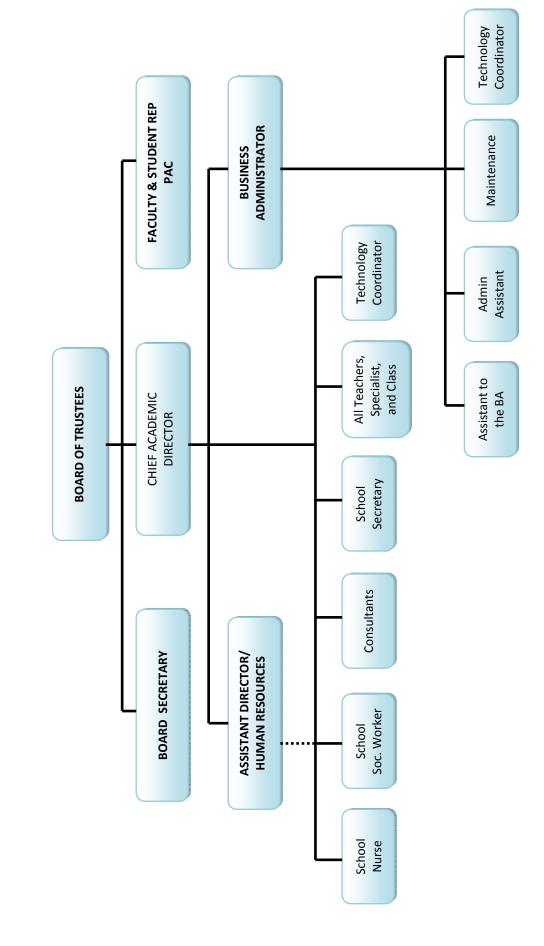
Chief Academic Administrator/Director

Christopher Lessard Business Administrator/

**Board Secretary** 

# THE QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

# **ORGANIZATION CHART**



#### ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM <u>Expires</u>
Karen Moore, President	2020
Henry McCloud, Vice-President	2020
Ingrid Belle, Member	2020
Chanard Cooper, Member	2020
Kalshiela Lloyd, Member-	2020
Omowale Morgan, Member	2020
Emily Zupkus Member	2020

#### **OTHER OFFICIALS**

Danielle West, Chief School Administrator/Director

Christopher Lessard – Business Administrator / Board Secretary

Karen Johnson – Treasurer of School Monies

#### **CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS**

#### **Audit Firm**

Barre & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants 2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083

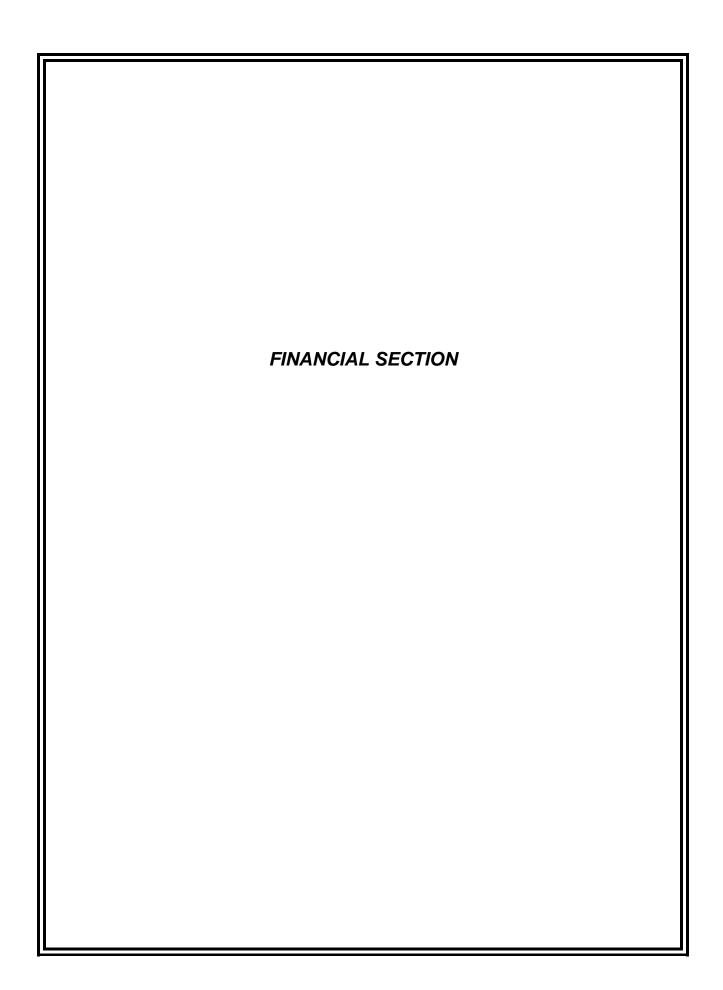
#### **Attorneys**

Scarinci Hollenbeck, LLC 1100 Valley Brook Ave., P.O. Box 790 Lyndhurst, NJ 07071

#### Official Depository

TD Bank North 1701 Route 70 East Cherry Hill, New Jersey 08034

Fulton Bank of New Jersey 40 North Main Street Manville, New Jersey 08835



#### BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055 www.cpa-bc.com • info@cpa-bc.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable President
Members of the Board of Trustees
Queen City Academy Charter School
County of Union
Plainfield, New Jersey

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Queen City Academy Charter School (Charter School), in the County of Union, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Charter School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audit contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Queen City Academy Charter School, in the County of Union, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the Charter School's pension contributions, and schedule of changes in the Charter School's total OPEB liability and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and State of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively; are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are

the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records use to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of the Queen City Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC

Certified Public Accountants

**Public School Accountant** 

Richard M. Barre, CPA Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey December 20, 2019 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Queen City Academy Charter School's financial performance provides an overall review of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Charter School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Charter School's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year (2018-2019) and the prior year (2017-2018) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- ❖ General revenues accounted for \$5,102,740 in revenue or 93% percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$357,178 or 7% percent of total revenues of \$5,459,918.
- ❖ The Charter School had \$5,034,918 in expenses; only \$357,178 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$5,102,740 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$5,020,166 in revenues and \$4,666,405 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$353,761 from 2018. This increase was anticipated by the Board of Trustees.

#### **Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Queen City Academy Charter School as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Queen City Academy Charter School, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

#### Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The Statement of

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into accounts all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School have improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities All of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instruction, administration, support services and capital outlay.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

#### Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's funds. The Charter School uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's governmental funds are the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### **Enterprise Fund**

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found starting on page 39 of this report.

#### The Charter School as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The Charter School's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities.

The Charter School's combined net position was \$2,696,221 for 2019 and \$2,271,221 for 2018.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Charter School's total revenues were \$5,279,198 for 2019 and \$5,783,858 for 2018. This includes \$496,410 for 2019 and \$436,148 for 2018 of state reimbursed TPAF pension and TPAF social security contributions.

The total cost of all program and services was \$4,862,722 for 2019 and \$5,159,482 for 2018. Instruction comprises 55% for 2019 and 50% for 2018 of Charter School expenditures.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenues for the Charter School's business-type activities were comprised of charges for services and federal and state reimbursements.

#### **FOOD SERVICE**

- ❖ Revenues exceeded expenses by \$8,524 for 2019, while expenses exceeded revenues by \$11,227 for 2018.
- ❖ Charges for services represent \$11,531 for 2019 and \$5,260 for 2018 of revenue. This represents amounts paid by patrons for daily food.
- ❖ Federal and state reimbursements for meals, including payments for free and reduced lunches and breakfast, and state snack program were \$169,189 for 2019 and \$162,863 for 2018.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Activities**

The *Statement of Activities* shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and student, including extracurricular activities.

Administration includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the Charter School.

Support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students, including curriculum and staff development and the costs associated with operating the facility.

Capital Outlay represents school equipment purchased under the \$2,000 threshold.

#### The Charter School's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund and special revenue fund presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues amounted to \$5,279,198 for 2019 and \$5,199,438 for 2018 and expenditures were \$4,925,437 for 2019 and \$4,640,113 for 2018. The net change in fund balance was most significant in the general fund, as there was an increase of \$353,761 for 2019, while there was a increase of \$559,325 for 2018.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedules present a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the amount and percentage of increases in relation to prior year revenues.

Revenues	Amount	Percent of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) From 2018	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
	 	,		_
Local Sources	731,744	13.86%	(173,061)	-19.13%
State Sources	4,263,357	80.77%	217,960	5.39%
Federal Sources	284,097	5.38%	34,861	13.99%
Total	\$ 5,279,198	100.01%	\$ 79,760	

The following schedule represents a summary of general fund and special revenue fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### The Charter School's Funds (Continued)

Expenditures	Amount		Amount		Percent of Amount _ Total		ncrease/ Decrease) rom 2018	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)	
Instruction Administration Support Services Capital Outlay	\$	1,978,613 1,730,074 1,012,174 204,576	40.17% 35.13% 20.55% 4.15%	\$	107,121 82,324 105,149 (9,270)	5.72% 5.00% 11.59% -4.33%			
Total	\$	4,925,437	100.00%	\$	285,324				

Changes in expenditures were the results of varying factors. Current expense increased due to salary increases, additional staff and students, and increased health benefits and utility costs.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget in accordance with state regulations. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

#### **Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)**

The Charter School had \$3,355,935 invested in capital assets at the end of the fiscal year 2019.

#### For the Future

The Queen City Academy Charter School is currently in good financial condition. There are several grants that will continue to impact the future of the school; the No Child Left Behind Grant (NCLB) and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Grant (IDEA). The Queen City Academy Charter School continues to provide a quality education experience and will increase the use of technology, utilizing new laptop computers purchased for classroom learning. The Charter School and its administration will continue to seek sound financial methods to insure that the operation of the Charter School remains efficient, while providing strong academic programming.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### **Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to show the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mr. Christopher Lessard, School Business Administrator/Board Secretary at Queen City Academy Charter School, 815 West 7th Street, Plainfield, New Jersey 07063.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

SECTION A	CUADTED	CCHOOL	-WIDE FINANCIAL	CTATEMENTS
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The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School.

#### **QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL**

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	overnmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	 Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents: Unrestricted	\$ 1,779,399	\$ 91,569	\$ 1,870,968
Restricted Interfund Receivables Receivables	75,000 286,464 177,873	12 440	75,000 286,464
Capital Assets, Net	 3,353,879	 13,418 2,056	 191,291 3,355,935
Total Assets	 5,672,615	 107,043	 5,779,658
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Related to Pensions	 350,485	 	350,485
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 350,485		 350,485
LIABILITIES:			
Interfund Payable Accounts Payable	148,616 106,470	76,977 10,337	225,593 116,807
Accrued Expenses (Interest) Unearned Revenue Other Current Liabilities	65,629 12,994 32,673		65,629 12,994 32,673
Noncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due Beyond One Year:	161,996		161,996
Other Long-Term Liabilities Net Pension Liability	 1,708,702 745,514	 	 1,708,702 745,514
Total Liabilities	2,982,594	87,314	 3,069,908
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Related to Pensions	 364,014		364,014
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 364,014	 	 364,014
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	1,483,181	2,056	1,485,237
Other Purposes Unassigned	76,329 1,116,982	17,673	76,329 1,134,655
Total Net Position	\$ 2,676,492	\$ 19,729	\$ 2,696,221

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

2,696,221

19,729 \$

s

2,676,492

\$

Net Position - Ending

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL
Statement of Activities
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	\$ 2,004,359	\$ 684,480	₩	\$ 176,458		\$ (2,512,381)	<del>\$</del>	(2,512,381)
Administration	1,268,218	200,674				(1,468,892)		(1,468,892)
Support Services	1,012,174	45,622				(1,057,796)		(1,057,796)
Capital Outlay	2,683					(2,683)		(2,683)
Total Governmental Activities	4,287,434	\$ 930,776		176,458		(5,041,752)		(5,041,752)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food Service	172,196		11,531	169,189			8,524	8,524
Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	172,196 \$ 4,459,630		11,531 \$ 11,531	169,189 \$ 345,647	φ	\$ (5,041,752)	8,524 \$ 8,524	8,524 (5,033,228)
			GENERAL REVENUES General Purposes	ES		\$ 722,250	↔ '	722,250
			Federal and State Aid Not Restricted	Aid Not Restricted		4,726,484		4,726,484
			Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income	s me		9,833 8,833		9,833 8,833
			Total General Revenues	seunes		5,458,228		5,458,228
			Change in Net Position	ition		416,476	8,524	425,000
			Net Position - Beginning of Year	nning of Year		2,260,016	11,205	2,271,221

SECTION B – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The individual Fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.



Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted	\$ 1,713,454 75,000	\$ 65,945	\$ 1,779,399 75,000
Receivables: Interfund Receivables Receivables From Other Governments Receivables, Other	286,464 33,944	143,929	286,464 143,929 33,944
Total Assets	\$ 2,108,862	\$ 209,874	\$ 2,318,736
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:			
Liabilities: Interfund Payables Payable to District Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue	\$ - 32,673 58,206	\$ 148,616 48,264 12,994	\$ 148,616 32,673 106,470 12,994
Total Liabilities	 90,879	 209,874	 300,753
Fund Balances: Assigned To: Encumbrances Escrow Fund	1,329 75,000		1,329 75,000
Unassigned: General Fund	1,941,654		1,941,654
Total Fund Balances	2,017,983	-	 2,017,983
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,108,862	\$ 209,874	
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$3,988,555 and the			2 252 070
accumulated depreciation is \$634,676.			3,353,879
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.			(1,936,327)
Net pension liability of \$745,514, deferred inflows of resources of \$364,014 less deferred outlows of resources of \$350,485 related to pensions are not reported			
in the governmental funds			 (759,043)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 2,676,492

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES:	 General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Total	
Local Sources: Local Tax Levy Interest on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 722,250 661 1,692	\$	- 7,141_	\$	722,250 661 8,833
Total Local Sources	724,603		7,141		731,744
State Sources Federal Sources	4,263,357 32,206		251,891		4,263,357 284,097
Total Revenues	5,020,166		259,032		5,279,198
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction	1,799,924		178,689		1,978,613
Administration	1,730,074				1,730,074
Support Services	931,831		80,343		1,012,174
Capital Outlay	204,576				204,576
Total Expenditures	4,666,405		259,032		4,925,437
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	353,761		-		353,761
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	1,664,222				1,664,222
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 2,017,983	\$		\$	2,017,983

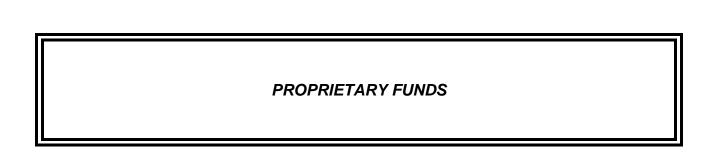
The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental fund (from B-2)	\$ 353,761
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures.  However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current fiscal year.	
Depreciation Expense	(135,506)
Repayment of mortgage principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and is not reported in the statement of activities.	201,893
In the statement of activities, interest on long-term debt is accrued, regardless of when due. In the governmental funds, interest is reported when due. The accrued interest is normally a deduction in the reconciliation.	(65,629)
Reversal of prior year accrued interest inasmuch as it was accrued in the prior but reversed and charged as an expense in the current year. This amount must be added back in order to reconcile to the beginning balance.	72,541
Pension costs associated with the PERS pension plan are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures in the year the school pension contribution is paid. However, on the statement of activities, the net difference between the the current and prior year net pension liability is recognized	(10,584)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 416,476

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are integral part of this statement.



Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Food Service Programs			
		ool Nutrition		
ASSETS: Current Assets:		or Human		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable:	\$	91,569		
Federal State		13,260 158		
Total Current Assets		104,987		
Noncurrent Assets:				
Machinery and Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation		19,840 (17,784)		
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,056		
Total Assets		107,043		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION: Liabilities:				
Interfund Accounts Payable Accounts Payable		76,977 10,337		
Total Liabilities		87,314		
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unassigned		2,056 17,673		
Total Net Position	_\$	19,729		

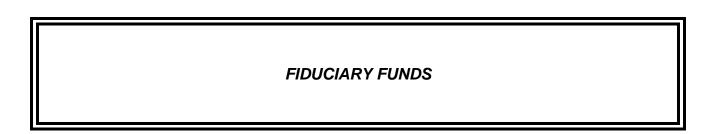
# Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund				
	Food Service Programs School Nutrition				
OPERATING REVENUES:		Service			
Charges for Services:		COLVIOC			
Daily Sales - Program (Reimbursable Program) Meals	\$	11,531			
Daily Sales - Non-Program (Non-Reimbursable Program) Meals		-			
Total Operating Revenues		11,531			
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Cost of Sales - Program (Reimbursable Program) Meals Cost of Sales - Non-Program (Non-Reimbursable Program) Meals		153,522			
Salaries		- 12,249			
Purchased Prof/Tech Services		2,470			
Supplies and Materials		1,165			
Depreciation Expense		257			
Miscellaneous Expenses		2,533			
Total Operating Expenses		172,196			
OPERATING LOSS		(160,665)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES:					
State Source:					
State School Lunch Program		2,123			
Federal Source:		44.050			
National School Breakfast Program		44,852			
National School Lunch Program		122,214			
Total Nonoperating Revenues		169,189			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		8,524			
TOTAL NET POSITION, JULY 1		11,205			
TOTAL NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$	19,729			

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Fund Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ente Food Se	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Food Service Programs		
0.4.0.1.51.0.14.0.50.0.4.0.0.50.4.71.1.0.4.0.711.4.71.50	Sch	ool Nutrition		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers and Employees	\$	29,472 (137,195)		
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(107,723)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received From State And Federal Reimbursements		169,189		
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		169,189		
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents		61,466		
Cash And Cash Equivalents, Beginning Of Year		30,103		
Cash And Cash Equivalents, End Of Year	\$	91,569		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities: Operating Loss Used In Operating Activities Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	\$	(160,665)		
Used In Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Change In Assets And Liabilities:		257		
Decrease In Receivables From Other Governments		17,941		
Decrease In Interfund Accounts Payable		24,407		
Decrease In Accounts Payable		10,337		
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(107,723)		



Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Compensation Trust		Private Purpose Scholarship Fund		<i></i>	Agency Fund
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,442	\$	1,885	\$	67,043
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ψ	7,772	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	07,040
Total Assets		4,442		1,885	\$	67,043
LIABILITIES: Liabilities: Interfund Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits Due to Student Groups		342			\$	60,871 - 6,172
Total Liabilities		342		-	\$	67,043
NET POSITION: Held in Trust for Claims		4,100		1,885		
Total Net Position	\$	4,100	\$	1,885		

Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Unemployment Compensation Trust	Private Purpose Scholarship Fund
ADDITIONS: Contributions	\$ 24,396	\$ 435
Total Additions	24,396	435
DEDUCTIONS: Payment of Claims Payment of Scholarships	21,601	1,109
Total Deductions	21,601	1,109
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,795	(674)
NET POSITION, JULY 1	1,305	2,559
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 4,100	\$ 1,885

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Queen City Academy Charter School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accounting standard-setting body responsible for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Charter School are described below.

# A. Reporting Entity

The Charter School is an instrument of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. Its mission is to establish a charter school to serve as a neighborhood resource and as a model for other similar schools. The Queen City Academy Charter School is committed to achieving the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards and producing high academic achievement by all students. The Charter School will integrate a holistic curriculum, utilize learner center techniques, family and care giver centered approaches, comprehensive community involvement, cutting edge technology and an intimate nurturing environment that will enhance positive self-images.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School.

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School-wide statements, including a statement of Net Position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Basis of Presentation

Charter school-wide Statements: The statement of Net Position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activity of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (Continued)**

The statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activity of the Charter School at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activity of the Charter School and for each function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements: During the fiscal year, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the Charter School's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey Charter Schools to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No. 34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among Charter School financial reporting models.

The Charter School reports the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The general fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School and is used to account for all expendable financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay subfund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (Continued)

acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by Board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>: The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major enterprise funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund: Not applicable.

Debt Service Fund: Not applicable.

The Charter School reports the following proprietary fund:

<u>Enterprise</u> (Food Service) Fund: The enterprise fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the cafeteria operations. The food service fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the Charter School reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School on behalf of others and includes Student Activities Fund, Payroll and Payroll Agency Funds.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Charter School—wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; the enterprise fund and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures. The Charter School is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable". Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (Continued)**

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the Charter School follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. Charter Schools also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Board has elected not to follow FASB guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

# C. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting except for special revenue funds. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2 (m) 1. All budget amendments/transfers must be approved by School Board resolution. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Appropriations, except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances, and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The capital projects fund presents the remaining project appropriations compared to current year expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)**

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The following presents a reconciliation of the Special Revenue Funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting:

Total Revenues & Expenditures	
(Budgetary Basis)	\$ 259,032
Adjustments:	
Less Encumbrances at June 30, 2019	-
Plus Encumbrances at June 30, 2018	
Total Revenues and Expenditures	_
(GAAP Basis)	\$ 259,032

# D. Encumbrances Accounting

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds other than the special revenues fund are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund for which the Charter School has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

# E. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

# Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the Charter School – wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as Interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Inventories:

Inventory purchases, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

#### Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

# Capital Assets:

The Charter School has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The Charter School does not possess any infrastructure. The capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<b>Useful Lives</b>
School Buildings	39
<b>Building Improvements</b>	20
Electrical/Plumbing	20
Office & Computer Equipment	5-10

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

# **Deferred Revenue:**

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlement received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

# Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the Charter School – wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

# Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Charter School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Charter School's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### Fund Balance Reserves:

The Charter School reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion which is available for appropriation in future periods. A fund balance reserve has been established for encumbrances.

#### Revenues — Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Revenues — Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions: (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, and tuition.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the Charter School, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

#### Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Charter School reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation, and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense that could not be attributed to a specific function is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

#### Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

#### **Management Estimates**:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Accrued Salaries and Wages:

Certain Charter School employees who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year have the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. New Jersey statutes require that these earned but undisbursed amounts be retained in a separate bank account.

#### F. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value.

#### G. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Other GASB Statements that the Charter School is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.

Statement No. 87, Leases, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles (Continued)</u>

GASB No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, will be effective beginning with the year ending June 30, 2020. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund.

# NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments. GASB Statement No. 3 requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments. Category 1 includes deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits/investments held by a broker or dealer, or held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent but not in the Board's These categories are not broad representations that deposits or name. investments are "safe" or "unsafe".

# **Deposits**

New Jersey statutes require that charter schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

# NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

# **Deposits (Continued)**

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

#### Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the charter school.

As of June 30, 2019, cash and cash equivalents and investments of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	Gen	eral	Special	Prop	orietary	Fiducia	ry		
•	Fu	nd	Revenue	_ <u>F</u>	und	Funds	<u> </u>	Tota	al
Operating									
Account	\$ 1,78	38,454	\$ 65,945	\$ 9	91,569	\$73,37	0	\$2,019	,338

The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 was \$2,019,338 and the bank balance was \$1,524,738. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey statutes.

#### **Risk Category**

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. In general, bank deposits are classified as to credit risk by three categories described below:

# NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

# Risk Category (Continued)

<u>Category 1</u> — Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 2</u> — Collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository's trust department or agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 3</u> — Uncollateralized, including any deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Board's name.

As of June 30, 2019, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and are classified as Category 1, both at year-end and throughout the year.

# **New Jersey Cash Management Fund**

All investments in the Fund are governed by the regulations of the Investment Council, which prescribe specific standards designed to insure the quality of investments and to minimize the risks related to investments. In all the years of the Division of Investment's existence, the Division has never suffered a default of principal or interest on any short-term security held by it due to the bankruptcy of a securities issuer; nevertheless, the possibility always exists, and for this reason a reserve is being accumulated as additional protection for the "Other-than-State"

# NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# **New Jersey Cash Management Fund (Continued)**

participants. In addition to the Council regulations, the Division sets further standards for specific investments and monitors the credit of all eligible securities issuers on a regular basis.

As of June 30, 2019, the Charter school had no funds on deposit with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

# NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants, and miscellaneous.

All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Governmental		Gove	Governmental	
	Fund		Wide		
	F	inancial	Financial		
	Statements		Statements		
State Aid	\$	33,944	\$	34,102	
Federal Aid		143,929		157,189	
Other		-			
Gross Receivables		177,873		191,291	
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		_			
Total Receivables, Net	\$	177,873	\$	191,291	

# NOTE 4: <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES</u>

Transfers between funds are used to repay expenses paid by another fund.

The following interfund balances remained on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2019:

	I	nterfund	Interfund		
Fund	R	eceivable_	Payable		
General Fund	\$	286,464	\$	-	
Special Revenue Fund				148,616	
Proprietary Fund				76,977	
Fiduciary Fund				60,871	
Total	\$	286,464	\$	286,464	

# NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	ı	Beginning Balance	,	Additions	Ret	tirements		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Land Improvements	\$	153,452	\$	-	\$	-	\$	153,452
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		153,452		-		-		153,452
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Building and Building Improvements	\$	3,802,247		-		-		3,802,247
Machinery and Equipment		32,856		-		-		32,856
Totals at Historical Cost		3,835,103		-		-		3,835,103
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Building and Building Improvements		483,293		131,732		-		615,025
Machinery and Equipment		15,877		3,774		-		19,651
Total Accumulated Depreciation		499,170		135,506		-		634,676
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,								
Net of Accumulated Depreciation		3,335,933		(135,506)		-	_	3,200,427
Government Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,489,385	\$	(135,506)	\$	-	\$	3,353,879
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Machinery and Equipment	\$	19,840	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,840
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(17,527)		(257)		-		(17,784)
Enterprise Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,313	\$	(257)	\$	-	\$	2,056
							-	

On January 11, 2001, the NJ State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500. Applying the higher capitalization threshold retroactively (removal of old assets from the General Fixed Assets Account Group) will be permitted by the State regulations in situations where (1) the assets have been fully depreciated, or (2) the assets have exceeded their useful lives. The retirement of machinery and equipment is due to the retroactive application of the higher threshold of equipment capitalization. That is, the School has removed from their records assets with a historical cost greater than \$500 but not greater than \$2,000 that were fully depreciated or had exceeded their useful lives.

Depreciation expense of \$135,506 was charged to governmental expenses as follows:

Instruction	\$ 25,746
Administration	 109,760
	\$ 135,506

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

A substantial number of the Charter School's employees participate in one of the following defined benefit pension plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund ("TPAF") and the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS"), which are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the "Division"). In addition, several Charter School employees participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program ("DCRP"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. This plan is administered by Prudential Financial for the Division. Each plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to:

State of New Jersey
Division of Pensions and Benefits
P.O. Box 295
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295
http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions.

# A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

# **Plan Description**

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees; Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

# **Vesting and Benefit Provisions**

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# **Vesting and Benefit Provisions (Continued)**

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

# **Contributions**

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2018, the State's pension contribution was less than actuarial determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$40,300 for fiscal year 2019.

The employee contribution rate was 7.34% effective July 1, 2017. Subsequent increases after October 1, 2011 are being phased on over 7 years effective on each July 1<sup>st</sup> to bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of base salary as of July 1, 2018.

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported a liability of \$745,514 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 01, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Charter School's proportion was 0.0037863551%, which was an increase of 0.0002586954% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized pension expense of\$55,868, in the government-wide financial statements. This pension expense was based on the pension plans June 30, 2018 measurement date.

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 14,217	\$	3,844	
Changes in Assumptions	122,848		238,376	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-		6,993	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Charter School Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	196,202		114,801	
Charter School Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	40,300			
	\$ 373,567	\$	364,014	

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$40,300, included in deferred outflows of resources, will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	 Total			
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 51,743 (71,638) (513,705) (445,287) (142,587)			
	\$ (1,121,474)			

#### Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.63, 5.48, 5.57, 5.72 and 6.44 years for the 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 amounts, respectively.

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The amortization of the other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual		
Experience		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2015	5.72 years	-
June 30, 2016	5.57 years	-
June 30, 2017	5.48 years	-
June 30, 2018	-	5.63 years
Changes in Assumptions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44 years	-
June 30, 2015	5.72 years	-
June 30, 2016	5.57 years	-
June 30, 2017	-	5.48 years
June 30, 2018	-	5.63 years
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	5.00 years	-
June 30, 2015	5.00 years	-
June 30, 2016	5.00 years	-
June 30, 2017	5.00 years	-
June 30, 2018	5.00 years	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences between School District Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44 years	-
June 30, 2015	5.72 years	-
June 30, 2016	5.57 years	-
June 30, 2017	-	5.48 years
June 30, 2018	-	5.63 years

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 01, 2017. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 1.65-4.15% based on age Thereafter 2.65-5.15% based on age

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition. the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and a one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 01, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash Equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge Funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	8.25%	13.08%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.66% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

# **Discount Rate (Continued)**

bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2046. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

# <u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension</u> Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018						
	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1%	1% Increase	
	(4.66%)		(5.66%)		(6.66%)	
Charter School's		_				
Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability	\$	937,399	\$	745,514	\$	584,536

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TPAF and PERS. Accordingly, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about PERS, please refer to the plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions.

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# B. <u>Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u>

# **Pension Description**

The State of New Jersey, Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible to fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about TPAF, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at

www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

# **Vesting and Benefit Provisions**

The vesting and benefit provision are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested of 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62, and Tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# **Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)**

#### **Contributions**

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For Fiscal year 2018, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarially determined amount.

The employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School. However, the notes to the financial statements of the Charter School must disclose the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the State of New Jersey contributed \$32,851 to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is less than the contractually required contribution of \$302,622.

The employee contribution rate was 7.34% effective July 1, 2017. Subsequent increases after October 1, 2011 are being phased on over 7 years effective on each July 1<sup>st</sup> to bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of base salary as of July 1, 2018.

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Charter School was not required to report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a 100% special funding situation by the State of New Jersey.

# NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability, attributable to the Charter School is as follows:

Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension
Liability \$ 
State of New Jersey 's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension
Liability Associated with the Charter School 12,736,282

Total \$ 12,736,282

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 01, 2017. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. For the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State of New Jersey, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, Charter School's proportion was 0.00% due to the 100% special funding situation with the State of New Jersey. For the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability associated with the Charter School was 0.0200199808%, which was an increase of 0.0040314569% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized \$742,481 in pension expense and revenue, in the government-wide financial statements, for the State of New Jersey on behalf TPAF pension contributions. This pension expense and revenue was based on the pension plans June 30, 2018 measurement date.

The State reported the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) for the year ended June 30, 2018:

#### NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 11,053,759,853	\$ 16,078,750,001
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,420,239,017	96,229,812
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		5,793,830
	\$ 12,473,998,870	\$ 16,180,773,643

The amortization of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be over the following number of years:

Toocaroos rolated to poriolorio will be ever the	•	Deferred Inflows of
	of Resources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual		
Experience		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	8.50 years
June 30, 2015	8.30 years	-
June 30, 2016	-	8.30 years
June 30, 2017	8.30 years	-
June 30, 2018	8.29 years	-
Changes in Assumptions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	8.50 years	-
June 30, 2015	8.30 years	-
June 30, 2016	8.30 years	-
June 30, 2017	-	8.30 years
June 30, 2018	-	8.29 years
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan		
Investments		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	5.00 years
June 30, 2015	-	5.00 years
June 30, 2016	-	5.00 years
June 30, 2017	-	5.00 years
June 30, 2018	-	5.00 years

#### NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

#### **Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)**

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Thereafter	\$ 401,574,312 208,932,249 (222,922,941) (149,225,008) (735,040,983) (3,210,092,402)
	\$ (3,706,774,773)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 01, 2017. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	2.25%
Salary Increases:	
2011-2026 Thereafter	1.55 - 4.55% 2.00 - 5.45%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant

#### NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

#### **Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60-year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 01, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash Equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	3.78%
High Yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global Diversified Credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit Oriented Hedge Funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt Related Private Equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt Related Real Estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private Real Asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity Related Real Estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. Equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/Venture Capital	8.25%	13.08%

#### NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

#### **Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)**

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.86% as of June 30, 2018. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 50% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2040. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2040, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

### <u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension</u> Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As previously mentioned, TPAF has a special funding situation where the State pays 100% of the Charter School's annual required contribution. As such, the proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, the pension plans measurement date, attributable to the Charter School is \$0, and the State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the net pension liability, attributable to the Charter School, using a discount rate of 4.86%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used is as follows:

#### NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

#### **Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)**

### <u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension</u> Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Continued)

Elecal Veen Ended June 20, 2040

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018						
	1% Decrease (3.86%)		Current Discount Rate (4.86%)		1% Increase (5.86%)	
Charter School's		_				_
Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the Charter School		47,094,806		39,843,962		33,833,188
	\$	47,094,806	\$	39,843,962	\$	33,833,188

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the TPAF and additions to/deductions from TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TPAF and PERS. Accordingly, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about TPAF, please refer to the plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions.

#### C. Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

#### Plan Description

The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) is a multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund established on July 1, 2007 under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007, and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.). The DCRP is a tax-qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 401(a) et seq., and is a "governmental plan" within the meaning of

#### NOTE 6: PENSION PLANS

#### <u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) (Continued)</u>

#### **Plan Description (Continued)**

IRC § 414(d). The DCRP provides retirement benefits for eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Individuals covered under DCRP are employees enrolled in TPAF or PERS on or after July 1, 2007, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees otherwise eligible to enroll in TPAF or PERS on or after November 2, 2008, who do not earn the minimum annual salary for Tier 3 enrollment but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually (The minimum salary in 2019 is \$8,400 and is subject to adjustment in future years); and employees otherwise eligible to enroll in TPAF or PERS after May 21, 2010 who do not work the minimum number of hours per week required for Tiers 4 or 5 enrollment, but who earn salary of at least \$5,000 annually. The minimum number of hours is 32 hours per week for local education employees.

#### **Vesting and Benefit Provisions**

Eligible members are provided with a defined contribution retirement plan intended to qualify for favorable Federal income tax treatment under IRC Section 401(a), a noncontributory group life insurance plan and a noncontributory group disability benefit plan. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employee contributions shall immediately become and shall at all times remain fully vested and nonforfeitable. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employer contributions shall be vested and nonforfeitable on the date the participant commences the second year of employment or upon his or her attainment of age 65, while employed by an employer, whichever occurs first.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-3 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. In addition to the employee contributions, the Charter School contributes 3% of the employees' base salary, for each pay period, to Prudential Financial not later than the fifth business day after the date on which the employee is paid for that pay period.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, employee contributions totaled to \$674, and the Charter School recognized pension expense, which equaled the required contributions, of \$482.

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the post-retirement health benefit program plan for charter schools.

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans, the post-retirement health benefit program plan is reported in an Agency Fund in the New Jersey Comprehensive Annual Financial Report effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Therefore, the plan has no assets accumulated in a trust. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Oher than Pension (GASB No. 75), the plan is classified as a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75.

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following post-retirement health benefit program plan covering certain local charter school employees, including those Board employees and retirees eligible for coverage.

State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) – N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f provides medical coverage and prescription drug benefits to qualified retired education participants. The State of New Jersey provides employer-paid coverage to members of the TPAF who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service or on a disability retirement. Under the provisions of Chapter 126, P.L. 1992, the State also provides employer-paid coverage to members of the PERS and Alternate Benefits Program (ABP) who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service or on a disability retirement if the member's employer does not provide this coverage. Certain local participating employers also provide post-retirement medical coverage to their employees. Retirees who are not eligible for employer paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program if their employer participates in this program or if they are participating in the health benefits plan of their former employer and are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their covered dependents.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided (Continued)

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the above Fund. The financial reports may be accessed via the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

#### Plan Membership

Membership of the defined benefit OPEB plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

Active Plan Members	217,131
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	145,050
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving	
Benefits	-
Total Plan Members	362,181

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of the post-employment health benefit plans are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. In doing so, the Division adheres to reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and changes in net position of the post-employment health benefit plans. Under this method, contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are legally due from the employer or plan member, and deductions are recorded at the time the liabilities are due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The accounts of the Division are organized and operated on the basis of funds. All funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

#### **Investment Valuation**

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Collective Net OPEB Liability**

The collective net OPEB liability of the State, as the non-employer contributing entity, of the plan at June 30, 2018 is \$46,110,832,982, and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability is zero percent.

The total OPEB liabilities were determined based on actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 which were rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

In the June 30, 2017 OPEB actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions and methods used in these valuations were described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of the Actuary's report and are included here in this note to the financial statements. The Plan selected economic and demographic assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB Statement No. 75. The Actuary provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is their belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

#### **Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions**

The State provides post-retirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2018, the State paid PRM benefits for 148,401 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2018, the State contributed \$1.909 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The increase in the State's pay-as-you-go contribution between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018 is attributed to rising health care costs, an increase in the number of participants qualifying for State-paid PRM benefits at retirement and larger fund balance utilization in Fiscal Year 2017 than in Fiscal Year 2018. The Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations Act includes \$1.921 billion as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. As such, the Fiscal Year 2017 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits has been re-measured to \$97.1 billion, an

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions (Continued)**

increase of \$60.6 billion or 166 percent from the previous year's \$36.5 billion liability booked in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. For Fiscal Year 2018, the total OPEB liability for the State is \$90.5 billion, a decrease of \$6.6 billion or 7 percent from the remeasured total OPEB liability in Fiscal Year 2017.

The School Employees Health Benefits Program (SEHBP) Act is found in New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 52, Article 17.25 et. seq. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75.

The State sets the contribution rate based on a pay as you go basis rather than the actuarial determined contribution, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. The actuarial determined contribution represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan using a systematic and rational method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the Plan. The State's contributions, as a nonemployer contributing entity, to the State Health Benefits Program Fund-Local Education Retired for retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the Charter School for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$159,265, \$195,041, and \$149,847, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year. The State's contributions to the State Health Benefits Program Fund – Local Education Retired for PERS retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the Charter School was not determined or made available by the State of New Jersey. The on-behalf OPEB contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 85.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

GASB Statement No. 75 requires participating employers in the State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired to recognize their proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective OPEB expense. The nonemployer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as a nonemployer toward the actuarially determined contribution amount to total contributions to the plan during the measurement period July 01, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

In accordance with GASB No. 75, the Charter School is not required to recognize an OPEB liability for the post-employment health benefit plan. The State of New Jersey, as a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to the plan on behalf of the Charter School. Accordingly, the Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under Statement No. 75 is zero percent and the State's proportionate share is 100% of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School. Therefore, in addition, the Charter School does not recognize any portion of the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan.

At June 30, 2018, the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$	-	\$ (4,476,086,167)	
Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		-	-	
Assumptions Changes			(10,335,978,867)	
Sub Total		-	(14,812,065,034)	
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year Ending 2018 After June 30, 2017 Measurement Date		TBD	Not Available	
Total	\$		\$ (14,812,065,034)	

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in State's OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ending June 30,	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Total Thereafter	\$ (1,825,218,593) (1,825,218,593) (1,825,218,593) (1,825,218,593) (1,825,218,593) (5,685,972,069)
	\$ (14,812,065,034)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Charter School recognized in the government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) OPEB expense of \$355,488. This amount has been included in the government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) as a revenue and expense in accordance with GASB No. 85.

At June 30, 2019, the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School is \$2,475,013. The nonemployer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School at June 30, 2017 to the total OPEB liability of the State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired Employees Plan at June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the state's share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School was 0.0053675304%, which was a decrease of 0.0017402851% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017 of 0.0071078155%.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The OPEB liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Inflation Rate 2.50%

	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases: Through 2026	1.55 - 4.55%	2.15 - 4.15% based on age	2.10 - 8.98% based on age
Thereafter	2.00 - 5.45%	3.15 - 5.15% based on age	3.10 - 9.98% based on age

Salary increases are based on the defined benefit plan that the individual is enrolled in and his or her year of service for TP AF or his or her age for PERS.

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Annuitant Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-20 17 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disable Male/Female mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

Healthcare cost trend rates for pre-Medicare Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) medical benefits, this amount initially is 5.8 percent and decreases to a 5.0 percent long-term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5 percent. For health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.8 percent and decreases to a 5.0 percent long-term trend rate after eight years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0 percent and decreases to a 5.0 percent long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0 percent. This reflects the known underlying cost of the Part B premium. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5 percent and will continue in future years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the TPAF and PERS actuarial experience studies for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015 and July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014, respectively.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

As the OPEB plan only invests in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was based off the best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) for cash equivalents, which is 1.00% as of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 7: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liabilities of the plan was as follows:

Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Measurement Date	
2019	June 30, 2018	3.87%
2018	June 30, 2017	3.58%

The discount rate represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

The change in the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30, 2018) is as follows:

	Charter School's Total OPEB Liability (State Share 100%)		State of New Jersey's Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2017 Measurement Date	\$	3,612,621	\$	53,639,841,858
Changes Recognized for the Fiscal Year:				
Service Cost		414,803		1,984,642,729
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		143,048		1,970,236,232
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-
Differences between Expected and Actual				
Experiences		(1,347,545)		(5,002,065,740)
Effect of Changes of Assumptions		(284,020)		(5,291,448,855)
Contributions - Employees		2,287		42,614,005
Gross Benefits Paid by the State		(66,181)		(1,232,987,247)
Net Changes		(1,137,608)		(7,529,008,876)
Balance at June 30, 2018 Measurement Date	\$	2,475,013	\$	46,110,832,982

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% in 2017 to 3.87% in 2018.

The change in the total OPEB liability was based on the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School at June 30, 2018. A change in the total OPEB liability specific to the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was not provided by the pension system.

#### NOTE 7: <u>POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Sensitivity of OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School that would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current rate:

	 At Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate At (2.87%) (3.87%)				% Increase 4.87%)
Net OPEB Liability (Allocable to the Charter School and the responsibility of the State)	\$ 2,925,969	\$	2,475,013	\$	2,116,549

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Decrease	thcare Cost end Rate	1	% Increase
Net OPEB Liability (Allocable to the Charter School and the responsibility of the					
State)	\$	2,045,742	\$ 2,475,013	\$	3,042,740

The sensitivity analyses were based on the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School at June 30, 2018. Sensitivity analyses specific to the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School at June 30, 2018 were not provided by the pension system.

#### NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The charter school is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

#### **Property and Liability Insurance**

The charter school maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, student accident, and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### **New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance**

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following table is a summary of the Charter School's contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits aid and the ending balance of the Charter School's trust fund for the current and previous two years:

Fiscal Year	_	rter School atributions	Employee Contributions		_	mount imbursed	-	Ending Balance
2018-2019	\$	19,305	\$	5,091	\$	21,601	\$	4,100
2017-2018		16,273		4,671		20,978		1,305
2016-2017		19,597		30,276		20,098		14,138

#### NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

#### General Fund

Of the \$2,017,983 General Fund balance in the fund financial statements at June 30, 2019, \$1,941,654 is unreserved and undesignated. Of the remaining General Fund balance, \$75,000 is Reserved for Other Purposes, and \$1,329 is Reserved for Encumbrances.

#### NOTE 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Queen City Academy Charter School's management has informed us that there are no significant events that need to be disclosed after the balance sheet date through the date of the audit.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II

 ${\it SECTION}~C-BUDGETARY~COMPARISON~SCHEDULES$ 

#### C-1 Sheet 1

#### QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

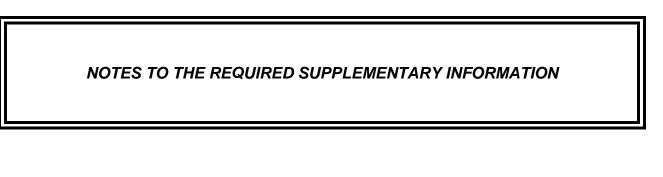
		Original Budget	Budget Transfers		Final Budget	Ac	ctual	ance Actual
REVENUES:								
Local Sources:						_		
Equalization Aid Local Share-Charter School Aid	\$	765,278	\$	- 9	765,278	\$	722,250	\$ (43,028)
Total Local Sources		765,278			765,278		722,250	 (43,028)
Categorical Aid:								
Equalization Aid		2,672,209	46,0	000	2,718,209	2	2,775,813	57,604
Special Education		205,276	-,-		205,276		176,458	(28,818)
Security Aid		131,488			131,488		148,066	16,578
Other State Aid		506,237			506,237		506,237	-
Total Categorical Aid		3,515,210	46,0	000	3,561,210	3	3,606,574	 45,364
Federal Sources:								
E-Rate Funding		13,000	19,2	200	32,200		32,206	6
L-Nate i unumg		13,000	13,2	.00	32,200		32,200	 
Total Federal Sources		13,000	19,2	200	32,200		32,206	 6
Other Sources:								
Interest Income							661	661
Miscellaneous Revenue							1,692	1,692
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Aid (Non-Budgeted)							351,114	351,114
On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Aid (Non-Budgeted)							159,265	159,265
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Aid (Non-Budgeted)							1,108	1,108
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)				— –			145,296	 145,296
Total Other Sources					-		659,136	 659,136
Total Revenues		4,293,488	65,2	200	4,358,688	5	5,020,166	 661,478
EXPENDITURES:								
Instruction:								
Salaries of Teachers		1,617,774	(11,1	55)	1,606,619	1	,549,998	56,621
Other Salaries for Instruction		81,334	36,7	62	118,096		97,000	21,096
Purchased Prof/Tech Services			5,0	000	5,000			5,000
Other Purchased Services		1,000			1,000		228	772
General Supplies		92,300		320	96,620		96,293	327
Textbooks		18,000	(14,0		4,000		1,838	2,162
Miscellaneous		50,000	8,0	000	58,000		54,567	 3,433
Total Instruction		1,860,408	28,9	27	1,889,335	1	,799,924	 89,411
Administration:								
Salaries - General Administration		15,000			15,000		7,240	7,760
Salaries of Principals		249,094			249,094		248,494	600
Salaries of Other Professional Staff		50,250			50,250		50,200	50
Salaries of Secretarial/Clerical Assistants		204,854	(22,2	200)	182,654		176,927	5,727
Total Benefits Cost		499,500	(14,6	35)	484,865		273,993	210,872
Purchases Prof/Tech Services		142,561	67,9	13	210,474		185,955	24,519
Communications/Telephone		37,662			37,662		23,594	14,068
Supplies and Materials		41,876			41,876		19,034	22,842
Interest on Current Loans		70,276			70,276		63,465	6,811
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	24,000	3,0	000	27,000		24,389	 2,611
Total Administration		1,335,073	34,0	78	1,369,151	1	,073,291	 295,860

General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued From Prior Page) Support Services:	6,419
	6 410
	6 / 10
Salaries \$ 176,894 \$ (60,700) \$ 116,194 \$ 109,775 \$	
Purchased Prof/Tech Services 77,300 59,660 136,960 125,341	11,619
Purchased Prof/Ed Services 320,000 1,040 321,040 303,429	17,611
Cleaning, Repair, and Maintenance Services         280,442         280,442         237,098           Other Purchased Services         27,000         27,000         13,647	43,344 13,353
Transportation-Other Than To/From School 18,200 18,200 12,767	5,433
Insurance for Property, Liability and Fidelty 45,450 (3,405) 42,045 28,252	13,793
Supplies and Materials 46,500 5,600 52,100 40,925	11,175
Energy Costs (Heat and Electricity) 73,000 73,000 60,597	12,403
70,000 70,000 100,007	12,400
Total Support Services 1,064,786 2,195 1,066,981 931,831	135,150
Capital Outlay:	
Purchased of Land/Improvements 500,000 500,000	500,000
Lease Purchase Agreements-Principal204,640204,640204,576	64
Total Capital Outlay	500,064
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted) 351,114	(351,114)
On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions (Non-Budgeted) 159,265	(159,265)
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Contributions (Non-Budgeted) 1,108	(1,108)
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)	(145,296)
Total Expenditures 4,964,907 65,200 5,030,107 4,666,405	363,702
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	
(Under) Expenditures (671,419) (671,419) 353,761	1,025,180
(61,110)	1,020,100
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 1,664,222 - 1,664,222 1,664,222	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30 \$ 992,803 \$ - \$ 992,803 \$ 2,017,983 \$	1,025,180
Recapitulation of Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and	
Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures:	
Budgeted Fund Balance \$ 992,803 \$ - \$ 992,803 \$ 2,017,983 \$	1,025,180
Total <u>\$ 992,803 \$ - \$ 992,803 \$ 2,017,983 \$</u>	1,025,180

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUE SOURCES:					
Local	\$ -	\$ 8,135	\$ 8,135	\$ 7,141	\$ (994)
Federal	185,000	105,931	290,931	251,891	(39,040)
Total Revenues	185,000	114,066	299,066	259,032	(40,034)
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:					
Salaries		148,212	148,212	144,932	3,280
Other Salaries for Instruction		37,000	37,000	25,690	11,310
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	185,000	(180,685)	4,315	4,315	-
General Supplies		4,791	4,791		4,791
Other Objects		8,000	8,000	3,752	4,248
Total Instruction	185,000	17,318	202,318	178,689	23,629
Support Services:					
Salaries		6,798	6,798	480	6,318
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		53,539	53,539	53,539	-
Purchased Prof/Ed Services		19,998	19,998	19,004	994
Other Purchased Prof/Tech Services		5,500	5,500	320	5,180
Other Purchased Services		6,000	6,000	6,000	-
Miscellaneous Expenditures		4,913	4,913	1,000	3,913
Total Support Services		96,748	96,748	80,343	16,405
Total Expenditures	185,000	114,066	299,066	259,032	40,034
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Experialitares	φ -	Ψ -	φ -	Ψ -	

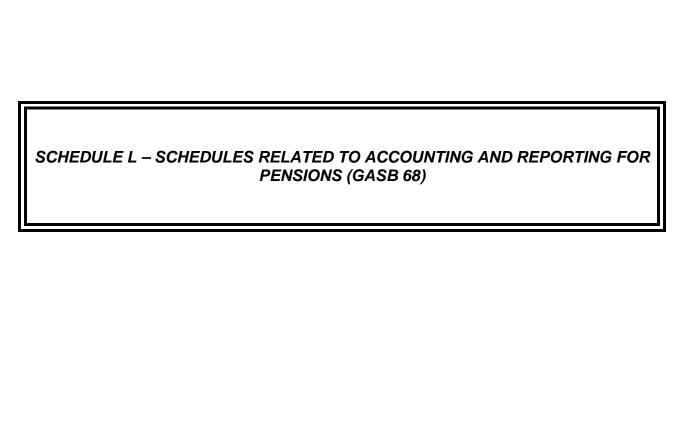


Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget To GAAP Reconciliation Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note A - Explanation of differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the	[C-1] \$	5,020,166	[C-2]	\$ 259,032
budgetary comparison schedules				
Difference - Budget to GAAP Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized			_	<u>-</u>
Total revenues as reports on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds.	[B-2] <u></u> \$	5,020,166	[B-2]	\$ 259,032
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1] \$	4,666,405	[C-2]	\$ 259,032
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial accounting purposes.			_	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	[B-2] <u></u> \$	4,666,405	[B-2]_	\$ 259,032

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III



## QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability		2017 0.0025981958%		2018 0.0035276597%		0.003786355%	
Charter School's covered employees payroll	\$	249,099	\$	190,135	\$	233,810	
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll		309%		432%		319%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		47.93%		36.79%		53.60%	

## QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017 2018 2019 Contractually required contribution \$ 23,082 \$ 32,680 \$ 40,300 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (23,082)(32,680)(40,300)Contribution deficiency/(excess) \$ Charter School's covered employee payroll \$ 249,099 \$ 190,135 \$ 233,810 Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 9.27% 17.19% 17.24%

## QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
		2017		2018		2019		
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable of the Charter School		0.0156258186%		59885239%		0.02001998%		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	\$	12,292,264	\$	10,780,039	\$	12,736,282		
CS / District's covered employees payroll	\$	1,870,182	\$	1,702,214	\$	1,842,198		
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll		657.28%		633.30%		691.36%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a p ercentage of the total pension liability		28.71%		25.41%		26.49%		

# QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST FISCAL YEAR UNAUDITED

	Fiscal year Ending June 30, 2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$	302,633	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(302,633)	
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	-	
Charter School's covered employee payroll	\$	1,842,198	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		16.43%	

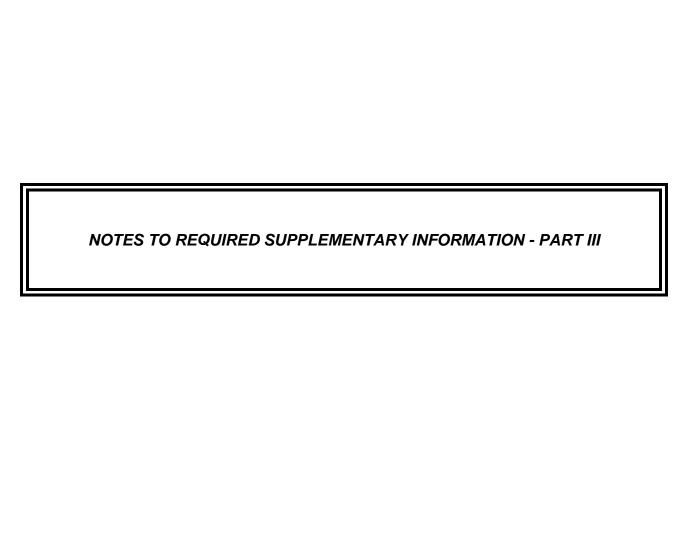
Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

SECTION M – SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FO POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS	)R

## Queen City Academy Charter School Required Supplementary Information Schedules Schedule of Changes in the Charter School's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Two Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Yea	rs En	ding
	Ju	ne 30, 2018	J	lune 30, 2019
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	\$	3,687,970	\$	3,612,621
Service cost		500,842		414,803
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		118,241		143,048
Effect on Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(1,347,545)
Effect of Changes of Assumptions		(613,837)		(284,020)
Contributions - Employee		3,081		2,287
Gross Benefits Paid by the State		(83,676)		(66,181)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(75,349)		(1,137,608)
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period		3,687,970		3,612,621
Total OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period		3,612,621		2,475,013
The Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability		0%		0%
Charter School's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,892,349	\$	2,076,008
Total Charter School's OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		190.907%		119.220%
Charter School's Contribution		None		None

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



Notes to Required Supplementary Information Public Employees Retirement System For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### NET PENSION LIABILITY (SCHEDULES L-1 AND L-2)

#### A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.00% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.66% as of June 30, 2018.

#### **NET OPEB LIABILITY (SCHEDULE M-1)**

#### A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### NET PENSION LIABILITY (SCHEDULES L-3 AND L-4)

#### A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.25% as of June 30, 2017 to 4.86% as of June 30, 2018.

#### **NET OPEB LIABILITY (SCHEDULE M-1)**

#### A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SECTION E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than expandable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL
Special Revenue Fund
Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grand Total	\$ 7,141 251,891	259,032	144,932 25,690 4,315 3,752	178,689	480 53,539 19,004 320 6,000 1,000	80,343	259,032	<del>⊘</del>
Turrell Fund	6,000	6,000			6,000	6,000	6,000	
	\$		2 2			 		↔
NCLB Title IV	8,067	8,067	4,315 3,752	8,067		•	8,067	1
	↔							↔
NCLB Title II Part A	17,863	17,863			17,863	17,863	17,863	
Z F &	↔							↔
I.D.E.A. Part B	- 62,397	62,397	47,631	47,631	14,766	14,766	62,397	1
Ö. %	↔							↔
NCLB Title III	3,800	3,800	2,000	2,000	480 320 1,000	1,800	3,800	1
ZΈ	↔							↔
NCLB Title I	-159,764	159,764	95,301	120,991	38,773	38,773	159,764	
ΣË	8	7	57.44	7			#	↔
ety Int	1,141	1,141			1,141	1,141	1,141	
Safety Grant	↔							↔
	REVENUE SOURCES: Local Federal	Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries Other Salaries for Instruction Purchased Prof/Tech Services Other Objects	Total Instruction	Support Services: Salaries Personal Services - Employee Benefits Purchased Prof/Ed Services Other Purchased Services Other Purchased Services Miscellaneous Expenditures	Total Support Services	Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures

# SECTION G – PROPRIETARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the charter school's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund – This fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools within the Charter School.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5, AND B-6.

# SECTION H – FIDUCIARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for funds received by the school for a specific purpose.

Unemployment Insurance Compensation Trust Fund – This expendable trust fund is used to account for deductions from employee's salaries which are utilized to pay unemployment compensation claims as they arise.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Student Activity Fund – This agency fund is used to account for student funds held at the schools.

Payroll Fund – this agency fund is used to account for payroll transactions of the Charter School.

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

		Trust						Ag	Agency			
				Total								Total
	Unemployment	Private Purpose	a)	Trust		Payroll	Net	¥	(J)	Student		Agency
	Compensation	Scholarship	]	Fund		Agency	Pay	lol	₹	Activities		Fund
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,442	\$ 1,885	ξ. <del>S</del>	6,327	↔	60,871	↔		↔	6,172	↔	67,043
Total Assets	4,442	1,885	22	6,327	↔	60,871	\$		₩	6,172	↔	67,043
LIABILITIES: Liabilities: Interfund Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits Due to Student Groups	342			342	↔	60,871	₩		↔	- 6,172	↔	60,871
Total Liabilities	342	1		342	↔	60,871	↔		↔	6,172	↔	67,043
NET POSITION: Held in Trust for Claims	4,100	1,885	Ω	5,985								
Total Net Position	\$ 4,100	\$ 1,885	\$	5,985								

# Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	employment mpensation Trust	Private Purpos Scholarship Fund	е	Total Trusts
ADDITIONS:				
Contributions	\$ 24,396	\$ 4	135	\$ 24,831
Total Additions	24,396	4	135	24,831
DEDUCTIONS: Payment of Claims Payment of Scholarships	21,601	1,1	09	21,601 1,109
Total Deductions	21,601	1,1	09	22,710
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,795	(6	674)	2,121
NET POSITION, JULY 1	 1,305	2,5	559	3,864
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 4,100	\$ 1,8	885	\$ 5,985

Fiduciary Fund
Student Activity Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	alance 1, 2018	Cash eceipts	Disb	Cash oursements	alance 30, 2019
Student Groups	\$ 1,499	\$ 19,776	\$	15,103	\$ 6,172
Totals	\$ 1,499	\$ 19,776	\$	15,103	\$ 6,172

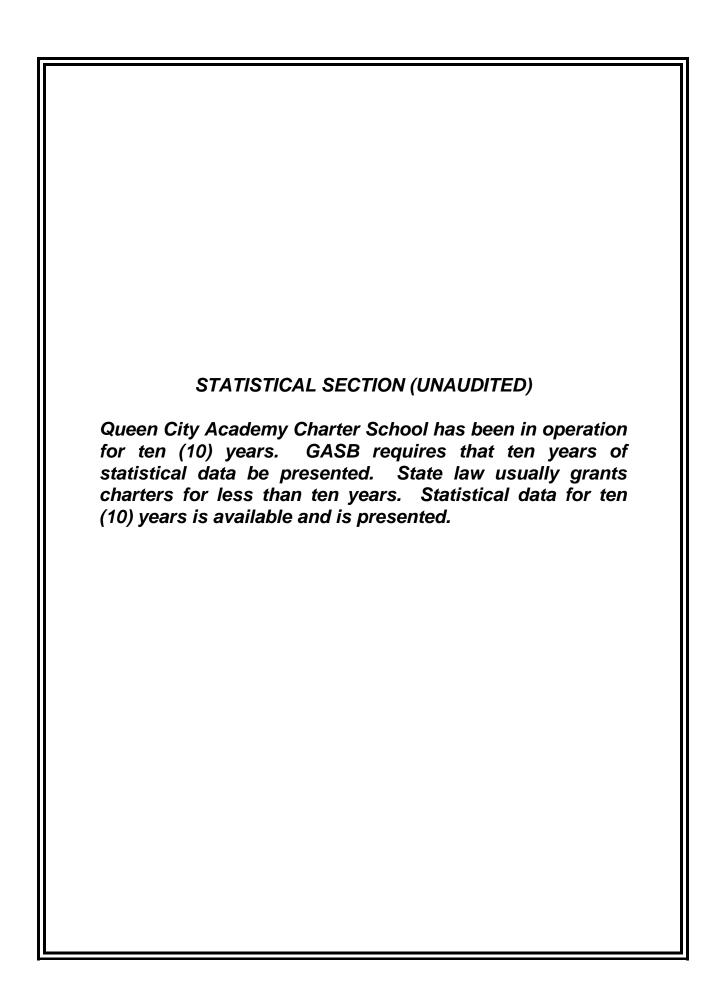
Fiduciary Funds
Payroll Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 alance 1, 2018	Cash Receipts	Dis	Cash sbursements	Balance e 30, 2019
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 360	\$ 1,136,758	\$	1,076,247	\$ 60,871
Total Assets	\$ 360	\$ 1,136,758	\$	1,076,247	\$ 60,871
Interfund Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$ 360 -	\$ 60,511 1,076,247	\$	- 1,076,247	\$ 60,871
Totals	\$ 360	\$ 1,136,758	\$	1,076,247	\$ 60,871

SECTION I – LONG TERM DEBT

# QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Notes Payable June 30, 2019

	12	37	8
Balance June 30, 2019	1,673,461	197,237	1,870,698
Jul	↔		<del>8</del>
Retired	65,545	136,348	201,893
	↔		8
lssued	1		
	↔		છ
Balance June 30, 2018	1,739,006	333,585	2,072,591
Jul	↔		છ
Interest Rate	2.87%	4.25%	
Amount of Issue	3,050,000	700,000	
	↔	↔	
Date of Issue	4/18/13 \$	7/27/15 \$	
Issue	Mortgage	Construction Loan	



# **Queen City Academy Charter School Statistical Section**

J series

# **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the charter school's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

# **Revenue Capacity (Not Applicable To Charter School)**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Charter School's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

# **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the charter school's current levels of outstanding debt and the charter school's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

# **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the charter school's financial activities take place.

# **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the charter school's financial report relates to the services the Charter School provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year. The charter school implemented GASB Statement 34 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006; schedules presenting charter school-wide information include information beginning in that year.



# Source: Charter School's Records

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL
Fund Balances - Government Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

							Fisc	al Yea	Fiscal Year Ending June 30	une 3	,							
	2019		2018		2017		2016	Z	2015	77	2014	2013	3	2012		2011		2010
Governmental Activities																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,483,181		1,531,547	s	1,462,062	s	1,023,477	s	489,014	\$	192,256	\$ 498	,222	3,150	8	4,549	ઝ	5,948
Restricted	76,329		75,000				75,000		75,000		258,999	465	65,637	350,000	_	115,114		
Unassigned	1,116,982		653,469		173,579		139,797		273,742	_	638,175	433	433,543	776,997		712,558		586,798
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 2,676,492	\$	2,260,016	s	1,635,641	s	1,238,274	S	837,756	\$ 1,	1,389,430	\$ 1,397	,397,402	1,130,147	φ.	832,221	ઝ	592,746
Rusinass. Tyna Artivitias																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,056	s	2,313	69		s		s	521	s	2,548	€	5,562	8,577	69	11,591	69	11,591
Unassigned	17,673		8,892		22,432		8,752		7,838		13,432	14	4,072	22,282	٠.	18,308		18,308
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 19,729	s	11,205	s	22,432	ઝ	8,752	s	8,359	s	15,980	\$ 19	9,634	30,859	8	29,899	ઝ	29,899
Charter School wide															   		   	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,485,237	s	1,533,860	69	1,462,062	69	1,023,477	s	489,535	€	494,804	\$ 203	503,784	11,727	69	16,140	69	17,539
Restricted	76,329		75,000				75,000		75,000		258,999	465	.65,637	350,000	_	115,114		
Unassigned	1,134,655		662,361		196,011		148,549		281,580	_	651,607	447	447,615	799,279	_	730,866		605,106
Total Charter School-wide Activities Net Position	\$ 2,696,221	\$	2,271,221	s	1,658,073	s	1,247,026	s	846,115	\$ 1,	,405,410	\$ 1,417	,417,036	1,161,006	\$	862,120	ઝ	622,645

# QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Fund Balances - Government Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

1,668,995 798,793 722,926 1,843,946 851,886 712,861 15,000 ,423,693 မာ 945,317 752,807 522,425.00 2,144 1,933,612 4,156,305 1,095,401 559,380 271,256 58,626 2,004,605 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2,040,132 968,165 567,190 154,017 56,949 1,338,523 670,867 700,000.00 2,415,319 (modified accrual basis of accounting) s 2,235,716 1,559,645 683,206 0 78,492 s 2,038,010 654,577 2,373,228 72,541 2,688,839 1,403,263 1,057,796 2,683 65,629 မှ Total Governmental Activities Expenses Interest on Long-Term Debt Governmental Activities

609,969 834,671 11,270

1,510,441

s

69,717 80,067 97,522 104,852 100,819 104,281 122,903 119,244 179,350 159,947

41,798 10,496 76,652 87,148 5,717 91,258 96,975 76,276 76,276 4,318 92,196 96,514 172,790 115,403.00 6,935 116,313 123,248 112,376 5,466 127,458 132,924

120,517.00

176,458 176,458

Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Charter School Expenses

Food Service/Clubhouse Business-Type Activities:

Administration Support Services Capital Outlay

Instruction Expenses

11,531 169,189 180,720

58,410

12,196 81,453 93,649 121,769

(2,935,424)(3,661)

(3,167,519) (124) (3,167,643)

(3,395,573) (3,873) (3,399,446)

(4, 132, 211)

(3,989,268) (3,844) (3,993,112)

(4,114,507)

30,927

23,195

28,120 28,120

(3,717,944) (3,710,177) (5,086,006) 345 (5,085,661) (4,444,683)13,680 (4.431,003) 5,260 162,863 168,123 (5,017,839)

(5,041,752)

s 790,442 4,721,742 314 4,032,485 356 830,252 s 867,671

s

General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets/Position

Governmental Activities:

General Purposes

Federal and State Aid Not Restricted

**Total Governmental Activities** 

Miscellaneous Income

Investment Earnings

Business-Type Activities Total Charter School-wide Net Expense

5,992 4,758,536 553 36,581 722,250 8,833

4,726,484 661 5,458,228

4,863.093 5,663,341 5,458,228

Federal and State Aid Not Restricted

Investment Earnings

Business-Type Activities:

Change in Net Assets/Position

Governmental Activities

Business-Type Activities Total Charter School

Miscellaneous Income Total Business-Type Activities Total Charter School-wide

9,500

45

16 4,816 4,832 3.698,331

191 191 3,922,463

146 146 3,832,945

1,248

2,881,549 1,092 11,636

588,792 3,078,222 596 25,889

16,174

473,570

69

512,717

s

क

646,188 3,210,107

s

↔

624,001 3,207,165 214

1,419

623,795 3,285,815 85 12,577

2,582,235

5,887

(79)

159,425

s

239,475

s

297,926 959

Ø

(242,038)

↔ (66,996) (3,653) (70,649)

↔

298,885

(15,324) (257,362)

122,622 (7,621) 115,001 432,484 392 432,876 418,410 13,680 432,090 s 645,502 416,476 20,773 437,249

# Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Net (Expense)/Revenue

Governmental Activities

Operating Grants and Contributions Total Business-Type Activites Expenses Total Charter School Program Revenues

Total Government Activities Expenses Operating Grants and Contributions

**Business-Type Activities** 

Charges for Services

Governmental Activities:

Program Revenues

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL
Fund Balances - Government Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

									_	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Jing Ju	ine 30,								
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	. 1	2013		2012	2	2011	2010	
General Fund Restricted Unassigned	₩	1,329 \$	₩	1,589,222	↔	1,104,897	↔	922,759	₩	1,004,987	₩	183,999 696,801	₩	465,637 \$ 435,687	\$	(350,000.00) \$ 776,997	(11	115,114.00) 712,558	58	586,798
Total General Fund	\$	1,942,983	છ	1,942,983 \$ 1,589,222	છ	1,104,897	s	922,759	S	1,004,987	s	880,800	s	901,324	8	426,997 \$		597,444	35	586,798
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Unassigned	₩	\$ 000,52	€9	75,000	↔			75,000	છ	75,000	<del>69</del>	(75,000)	€		€9	٠ . ا	40			
Total All Other Governmental Funds	↔	75,000	છ	\$ 75,000	↔	,	8	75,000	€9	75,000	₩	(75,000)	€9		₩.			'		

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL
Fund Balances - Government Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		2019	2(	2018		2017	2016		2015	2014		2013		2012		2011	2	2010
Revenues:																		
Local Sources:																		
Local Tax Levy	₩	722,250	\$	867,671	s	830,252	\$ 790,442	\$	624,001	\$ 623,795	795 \$	646,188	s	588,792	s	512,717	8	473,570
Interest in Investments		661		82		356.00	314		214		85	0		596		1,092		1,248
Miscellaneous		8,833		36,581			5,992		1,419	12,	12,577	9,272		7,579		5,746		37,796
Intermediate Sources							•					6,902		18,310		5,890		
State Sources		4,263,357	4,	4,045,397		3,901,414	4,578,198		3,062,651	3,052,243	243	3,031,842	8	2,896,054	2	2,642,967	2,7	2,440,182
Federal Sources		284,097	.,	249,236		243,447	258,947		220,790	233,572	572	220,063		210,288		267,012	_	172,980
Total Revenues		5,279,198	5,1	5,198,970		4,975,469	5,633,893		3,909,075	3,922,272	272	3,914,267	က	3,721,619	3	3,435,424	3,1	3,125,776
Expenditures																		
Instruction		1,978,613	3,1	,871,492		1,869,720	2,007,751	<b>,</b> -	1,637,512	1,689,958	928	1,590,545	_	,545,778	-	1,348,501	۲,۲	,255,545
Administration		1,730,074	1,6	,647,750		1,651,291	1,523,031	`-	1,247,984	1,237,775	775	1,190,662	_	,035,006		998,569	0,	905,938
Support Services		1,012,174	0,	907,025		908,762	860,525		686,818	668,807	807	836,308		826,510		842,245	-	792,199
Capital Outlay		204,576	.,	213,846		440,460	15,000		212,574.00	271,256	256	7,404		15,000		0		11,270
Total Expenditures		4,925,437	4,6	4,640,113		4,870,233	4,406,307		3,784,888	3,867,796	962	3,624,919	က	3,422,294	8	3,189,315	2,8	2,964,952
Net Change in Fund Balance	↔	353,761 \$		558,857	s	105,236	\$ 1,227,586	€9	124,187	\$ 54,	54,476 \$	289,348	↔	299,325	↔	246,109	8	160,824

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

Fiscal Year			
Ending		Miscellaneous	
June 30,	Interest	Revenue	Total
2019	\$ 661	\$ 1,692	\$ 2,353
2018	553	11,216	11,769
2017	356	-	356
2016	314	5,992	6,306
2015	214	1,419	1,633
2014	85	6,577	6,662
2013	-	3,272	3,272
2012	596	7,579	8,175
2011	1,092	5,746	6,838
2010	1,248	31,998	33,246

Source: Charter School's Records

OPERATING INFORMATION

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Charter School Personnel Records

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Student Attendance	Percentage	95.23%	95.80%	%00.96	96.21%	93.30%	93.79%	96.33%	100.00%	95.38%	94.76%
Percent Change in Average Daily	Enrollment	0.00%	0.37%	-0.12%	22.80%	-0.48%	2.16%	3.67%	4.62%	-1.73%	-5.68%
Average Daily Attendance	(ADA) <sup>c</sup>	308.16	310	309.5	310.55	232.5	234.9	236.0	236.0	214.7	217.0
Average Daily Enrollment	(ADE) <sup>c</sup>	323.6	323.6	322.4	322.8	249.2	250.4	245.0	236.0	225.1	229.0
Pupil/ Teacher	Ratio	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9	1:9
Teaching	Staff <sup>b</sup>	28	28	28	28	24	24	24	24	29	56
Percentage	Change	%99.9	-0.08%	0.88%	-5.53%	-0.27%	0.22%	4.91%	1.26%	4.32%	20.61%
Cost Per	Pupil	14,571	13,661	13,672	13,553	14,347	14,386	14,355	13,684	13,514	12,955
		↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	8
Operating	Expenditures <sup>a</sup>	4,720,861	4,426,267	4,429,773	4,391,307	3,572,314	3,596,540	3,617,515	3,407,294	3,189,315	2,953,682
	۳	↔									
	Enrollment	324	324	324	324	249	250	252	249	236	228
Fiscal	Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	I										

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual final Charter School count.

a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certified staff.

c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from School Register Summary (SRS).

Source: Charter School's Records

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

2010			27,000	260	243
2011			27,000	260	243
2012			27,000	260	228
2013			27,000	260	247
2014				260	
2015			27,000	260	252
2016			27,000	252	252
2017			27,000	324	324
2018			27,000	324	324
2019			27,000	324	324
	Charter School Building	Lower School	Square Feet	Capacity (students)	Enrollment

Number of Schools at June 30, 2019 Lower School = 1 Upper School = 1

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2019

COVERAGE		LIMITS	SUMMARY	DEC	UCTIBLE
Package:					
NJSIG					
07/01/18 to 06/30/2019 P801					
\$15,117					
Property					
Building and Personal Property	\$	6,374,000		\$	1,000
Business Income/Tuition	Ψ	420,000		Ψ	1,000
Electronic Data Processing		300,000			1,000
g		222,222			1,000
<u>Crime</u>					
Faithful Performance		25,000			500
Forgery & Alteration		25,000			500
Money & Securities		25,000			500
Money Orders/Counterfeit		25,000			500
Doord Trees.ver		450,000	Christophau I sasaud		4.000
Board Treasurer		156,000 156,000	Christopher Lessard Karen Johnson		1,000 1,000
Board Secretary / BA		150,000	Nateri Johnson		1,000
Genearl Liability					
Single Limit for Bodily Insury and Property Damage		6,000,000			
Products / Completed Operations Aggregate		6,000,000			
Annual Aggregate for Child Molestation / Sexual Abuse		6,000,000			
Personal Injury / Advertising Injury		6,000,000	per occurrence		
Employee Benefits Liability		6,000,000	per claim		1,000
Premise Medical Payments		5,000			
A					
Automobile Liability Hired / Non Owed Automibile Limit		6 000 000			
Hirea / Non Owed Automibile Limit		6,000,000			
Student Accident					
Accident Medical Excess Benefit		1,000,000	Gold Plan		
Berkeley Life and Health Insurance Company		10,000	AD&D		500
08/01/18 to 07/30/2019					
T5MP-760008					
\$1,380					
School Leaders E&O					
NJSIG					
07/01/18 to 06/30/2019					
E801					
\$8,528					
Coverage A		1,000,000	Each Loss		5,000
Coverage B		100,000	Each Loss		5,000
Coverage B		300,000	Annual Aggregat		-,
Worker's Compensation		2,000,000	Each Accident		
NJSIG		2,000,000	Each Employee		
07/01/18 to 06/30/2019		2,000,000	Policy Limit		
W801					
\$23,401  *\$2,354,700 School Prof and \$35,000 School Non-Prof with 1.0363 MOD					
\$2,534,700 SCHOOLFIOLAING \$35,000 SCHOOLNOIFFIOLWIN 1.0363 MOD	'				
Supplemental Indeminity NJSIG					
07/01/18 to 06/30/2019					
\$678					
Statutory			7-Day Waiting Period		

QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL
Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators
Fiscal Ratios
Last Three Fiscal Years

	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	\$ 986,827	\$ 1,477,620	\$ 1,945,968	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets (includes CASH)	1,309,331	2,025,282	2,423,723	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Assets	5,159,789	5,914,008	6,130,143	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	260,494	424,709	453,696	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Liabilities	2,732,205	2,821,604	2,688,408	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Net Assets	1,658,073	2,271,221	2,696,221	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Revenue	5,108,393	5,951,981	5,815,406	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Total Expenses	4,697,346	5,338,833	5,390,406	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Assets	411,047	613,148	425,000	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Depreciation Expense	125,494	133,619	135,506	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Expense	78,492	72,541	62,629	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Principal Payments	189,030	194,980	201,893	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Interest Payments	78,492	72,541	62,629	Financial Statements/Audit Workpapers
Final Average Daily Enrollment	322.40	323.60	323.60	DOE Enrollment Reports
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment	324	324	324	Charter School Budget

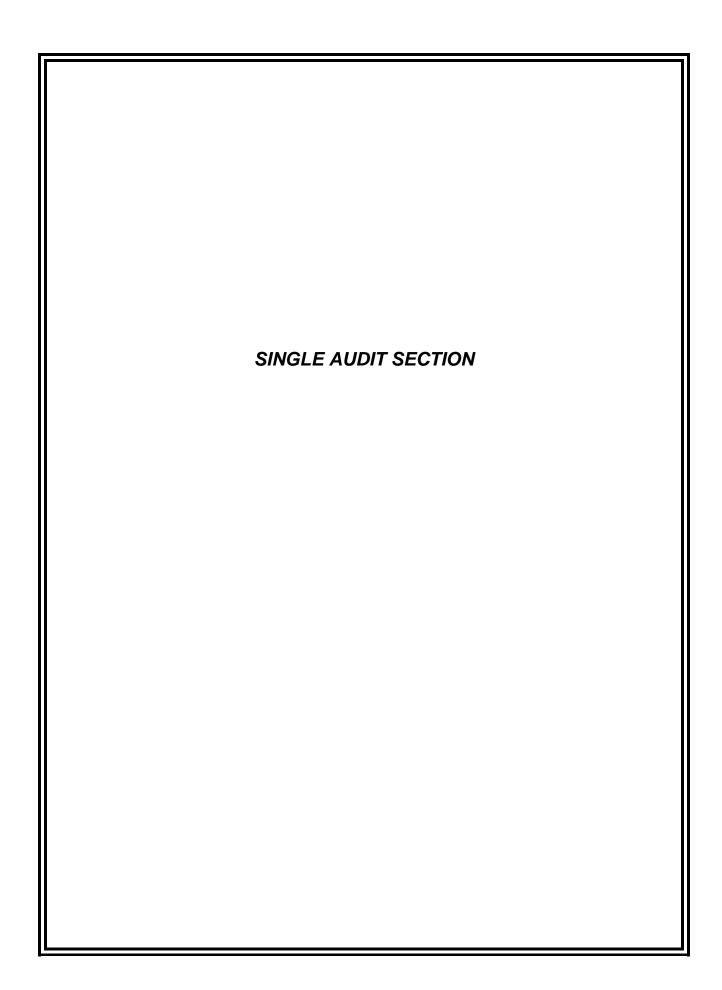
		RAT	ATIOS ANALYSIS	S			
Near Ter	Near Term Indicators	2017	2018	2019	3 YR CUM	Source:	Target
1a.	Current Ratio	5.03	4.77	5.34	5.06	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1
1b.	Unrestricted Days Cash	76.68	101.02	131.77	104.35	Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	30-60
1c.	Enrollment Variance	100%	100%	100%	100%	100% Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>62%
1d.*	Default	No	No	No		Audit	not in default
Sustaina	Sustainability Indicators						
2a.	Total Margin	%8	10%	2%	%6	Change in Net Assets/Total Revenue	positive
2b.	Debt to Asset	0.53	0.48	0.44	0.48	Total Liabilities/Total Assets	6'>
2c. **	Cash Flow	986,827	490,793	468,348	1,945,968	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positi
2d.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	2.30	3.06	2.34	2.57	(Change in Net Assets+Depreciation+Interest Expense)/(Principal & Interest Payments)	>1.10

Changes

Is school in default of Ioan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? Yes or No 2019 = 2019 Cash - 2018 Cash - 2018 Cash - 2018 Cash - 2016 Cash

\* \*

charterfinance@doe.state.nj.us Refer questions to



# BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
"GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Queen City Academy Charter School County of Union Plainfield, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Queen City Academy Charter School (Charter School), in the County of Union, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2019.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weakness. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

We also noted other matters that we reported to the Board of Trustees of the Queen City Academy Charter School in a separate report entitled, Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings dated December 20, 2019.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant License Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey December 20, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 15-08

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Queen City Academy Charter School County of Union Plainfield, New Jersey

# Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Queen City Academy Charter School (Charter School's) compliance, with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey Compliance Manual "State Grant Compliance Supplement" that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Charter School's major state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

The Charter School's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Queen City Academy Charter School, in the County of Union, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Queen City Academy Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Queen City Academy Charter School, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related

notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance as required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material aspects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results that the testing based on the requirements of NJOMB 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC

Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant License Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey December 20, 2019

	Federal	Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/				Repayment		Balance at June 30, 2019	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA	Project Number	Award Amount	Grant	Grant Period om To	Balance at June 30, 2018	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments	Of Prior Years' Balances	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education														
Special Revenue Find:														
Every Student Succeeds Act Cluster														
Title   Part A	84 0104	ESSA - 7600 - 19	176 145	7/1/18	6/30/19			20 120	(159 764)		·	(89 644)	·	·
Title I Part A Carryover	84 010A			7/1/17		(149 177)	<b>+</b>	149 177		•	•	(i.i.oloo)	•	•
Title III	84.365A	ESSA - 7600 - 19	22.211	7/1/18	6/30/19	( ( )			(3.800)			(3.800)		
Title III Carryover	84.365A	ESSA - 7600 - 18	21.102	7///7	6/30/18	(7.425)		7.425	(222/2)			(200(2)		
Title II Part A	84.367A	ESSA - 7600 - 19	17,863	7/1/18	6/30/19			1.116	(17.863)			(16.747)		
Title II Part A Carryover	84.367A	ESSA - 7600 - 18	16,116	7/1/17	6/30/18	(15,000)		13,884				(1,116)		
Title IV Safe & Drug Free	84.186A	ESSA - 7600 - 19	12,315	7/1/18	6/30/19			4.500	(8,067)			(3,567)		
Title IV Safe & Drug Free Carryover	84.186A	ESSA - 7600 - 18	10,000	7/1/17	6/30/18	(7.684)		7,684						
Total Every Student Succeeds Act Cluster						(179,286)		253,906	(189,494)	•	•	(114,874)	•	•
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):														
I.D.E.A. Part B Basic	84.027	IDEA - 7600 - 19	62,397	7/1/18	6/30/19			33,342	(62,397)			(29,055)		
I.D.E.A. Part B Basic Carryover	84.027	IDEA - 7600 - 18	64,797	71/1/2	6/30/18	(47,080)		47,080						
Total Individuals with Disabilities Cluster					ļ	(47,080)		80,422	(62,397)			(29,055)		
Total Special Revenue Fund						(226,366)		334,328	(251,891)			(143,929)	•	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture														
Enterprise Fund:														
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	44,852	7/1/18	6/30/19			40,733	(44,852)			(4,119)		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	42,385	71/1/2	6/30/18	(6,642)		6,642						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	122,214	7/1/18	6/30/19			113,073	(122,214)			(9,141)		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	118,360	71/1/2	6/30/18	(24,281)		24,281						
Total Enterprise Fund					ļ	(30,923)		184,729	(167,066)			(13,260)		
Sub-Total Federal Financial Awards					•	(257,289)	•	\$ 519,057	\$ (418.957)	·	69	(157,189)	69	·

The accompanying Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

# QUEEN CITY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Bala	Balance at June 30, 2018	0, 2018						Balance at June 30, 2019	30, 2019		MEMO	0
17.1	Grant or State Project	Program or Award	9	int Perio	Revenue (Accounts	nue unts	Due to	Carryover/ (Walkover)	Cash	Budgetary	Adjustments/ Repayment of Prior Year's	(Accounts	Deferred Revenue/ Interfund	Due to	 	Budgetary	Cumulative Total
State Grantor-rogram Title	Number	Amount	FIOH	2	Kecely	ane)	Grantor	Amount	Received	Experiorines	Dalance	Receivable	Payable	Gran		eceivable	Expenditures
State Operations of Education General Fund. Equalization Aid Special Education Aid Security Aid Ober State Aid Total School Aid Cluster	19495-034-5120-078 19495-034-5120-089 19495-034-5120-084 19495-034-5120-078	\$ 2,775,813 176,458 148,066 506,237	3 7/1/18 8 7/1/18 6 7/1/18 7 1/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19	<del>⊘</del>	<del>67</del>	•	· •	\$ 2,775,813 176,458 148,066 506,574 3,606,574	3 \$ (2,775,813) 3 (176,458) 5 (148,066) 7 (506,574) 4	· •	<del>6</del>	es es	₩.	<del>99</del> , * * *	,	\$ 2,775,813 176,458 148,066 506,237
On-Behall TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions On-Behall TPAF Pension Contributions On-Behall TPAF Long-1 em Disability Contributions Reminbused TPAF - Social Security	19-495-034-5095-001 19-495-034-5095-002 19-495-034-5095-003	159,265 351,114 1,108 145,296	5 7/1/18 4 7/1/18 8 7/1/18 6 7/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19					159,265 351,114 1,108						* * *		159,265 351,114 1,108 145,296
Total General Fund									4,263,357	7 (4,263,357)					* * .		4,263,357
State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund: National School Lunch Program (State Share) National School Lunch Program (State Share)	19-100-010-3350-023 18-100-010-3350-023	2,123	3 7/1/18 7 7/1/17	6/30/19		(436)			1,965	5 (2,123)		5)	(158)			158	2,123
Total Enterprise Fund						(436)			2,401	(2,123)		(1	(158)		* • )	158	2,123
Total State Financial Assistance					<del>69</del>	(436) \$		₩	\$ 4,265,758	3 \$ (4,265,480)	. ↔	\$ (1	(158) \$	69	<del>υ</del>	158	\$ 4,265,480
State Financial Assistance Not Subject To Major Program Determination:																	
General Fund: On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Contributions	19-495-034-5095-001 19-495-034-5095-002 19-495-034-5095-004	159,265 351,114 1,108	5 7/1/18 4 7/1/18 8 7/1/18	6/30/19 6/30/19 6/30/19					(159,265) (351,114) (1,108)	5) 159,265 4) 351,114 3) 1,108							(159,265) (351,114) (1,108)
Sub-Total									(511,487)	7) 511,487							(511,487)
Total State Financial Assistance Subject To Single Audit						(436)			3,754,271	(3,753,993)		5	(158)			158	3,753,993

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

### NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state activity of the Board of Trustees, Queen City Academy Charter School. The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the Board's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

# NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of awards and financial assistance are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Board's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

# NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the one or more deferred June state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes payments are not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the one or more June state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the one or more June state aid payment in the current budget year, consistent with N.J.S.A. 18A:22-4.2.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is none for the general fund and none for the special revenue fund. See Notes to the Required Supplementary

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

# NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

	<u>Federal</u>	State	Total
General Fund	\$ 32,206	4,263,357	\$ 4,295,563
Special Revenue Fund	251,891	-	251,891
Food Service Fund	167,066	2,123	169,189
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$ 451,163	\$ 4,265,480	\$ 4,716,643

# NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

# NOTE 5. FEDERAL AND STATE LOAN OUTSTANDING

Queen City Academy Charter School has no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2019.

# NOTE 6. OTHER

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2019. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# NOTE 7. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions payments are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2019

# NOTE 8. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs; amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The following funds by program are included in schoolwide programs in the charter school.

Program	Total
Title I, Part A: Grants to Local Education Agencies	138,515
Title II, Part A: Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	 16,747
Total	\$ 155,262

# NOTE 9. INDIRECT COSTS

The Charter School did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed by the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I – Sumr	nary of Auditor's Re	esults	
Financial Statements	•		
Type of auditors' report issued on financial state	ements		<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:			
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X No
,			
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are ne	ot considered to		None
be material weaknesses?		Yes	X_ Reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial state	ments	.,	
noted?		Yes	<u>X</u> No
<u>Federal Awards – N/A</u>			
State Awards			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Ty	ne A and		
Type B programs:	po / ana		\$750,000
. )   -     -     -			<b>4</b> .00,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>X</u> Yes	No
Internal control over major programs:			
A) Matarialalva a a (a a) idantific dO		V	V Na
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are n	ot considered to		None
be material weaknesses?	01 00110100100110	Yes	X Reported
			<u></u>
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for	or major programs		<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to			
accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08	3?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of major state programs:			
GMIS Number(s)	Nam	e of State Progr	am
	07475415	D. ID. 10 01 110	
	STATE AID	- PUBLIC CLUS	IER
19-495-034-5120-078	EOU	ALIZATION AID	
19-495-054-5120-076	EQU	ALIZATION AID	
19-495-034-5120-089	SPECIAL EDU	CATION CATEG	ORICAL AID
<u>19-495-034-5120-084</u>	SEC	URITY AID	
	_		
19-495-034-5120-078	OTH	ER STATE AID	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Section II - Financial Statement Findings - N/A

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements, and abuse related to the financial statements for which *Government Auditing Standards* requires reporting in the Uniform Guidance audit.

# **Finding**

There were no matters reported.

# Section III – Federal and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs – N/A

This section identifies audit findings required to be reported by Title 2 CFR 200 Section .516 of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and NJ OMB Circular Letter 15-08, as applicable.

# FEDERAL AWARDS - N/A

# **Findings**

There were no matters reported.

# **STATE AWARDS**

# **Findings**

There were no matters reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings And Questioned Costs as Prepared by Management For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

# STATUS OF PRIOR-YEAR FINDINGS - N/A

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of Government Auditing Standards, USOMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (511 (a)(b)) and NJ Circular 04-04-OMB and/or 15-08-OMB, as applicable.

# **Findings**

There were no matters reported.