# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

International Charter School of Trenton Board of Trustees Trenton, New Jersey

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

TRENTON, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Prepared By

International Charter School of Trenton Finance Department

And

Barre & Company LLC, CPA's

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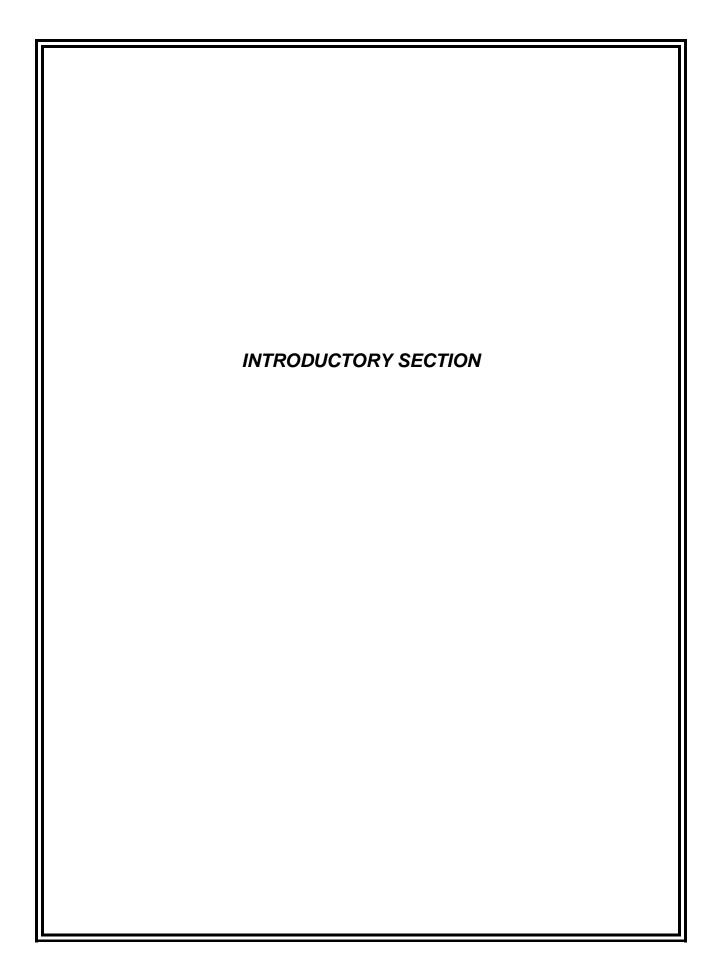
INTROD	UCTORY SECTION1
Orga Roste	smittal Letter
FINANC	IAL SECTION9
Indep	pendent Auditor's Report10
REQUIR	RED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I13
Mana	agement's Discussion and Analysis14
BASIC I	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS20
SECTIO	N A - CHARTER SCHOOL-PROJECT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 21
A-1 A-2	Statement of Net Position
SECTIO	N B – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS24
GOVER	NMENTAL FUNDS25
B-1 B-2 B-3	Balance Sheet
PROPRI	ETARY FUNDS29
B-4 B-5 B-6	Statement of Fund Net Position
FIDUCIA	ARY FUNDS33
B-7 B-8	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
NOTES	TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS35
REQUIR	RED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II74

FINANC	AL SECTION (CONTINUED)
SECTIO	N C – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE75
C-1 C-1a	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
C-1b C-2	<u> </u>
NOTES	TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II79
C-3	Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation
REQUIR	ED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - III81
	N L - SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR SIONS (GASB 68)82
L-1	Schedules of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS83
L-2 L-3	Schedules of Charter School's Contributions - PERS
	N M SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR IEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS86
M-1	Schedule of of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios87
NOTES	TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III 88
OTHER :	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION91
SECTIO	N D – SCHOOL BASED BUDGET SCHEDULESN/A
D-1 D-2	Combining Balance Sheet
D-3	Blended Resource Fund - Schedule of Blended Expenditures - Budget and Actual

SECTIO	N E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND92
E-1 E-2	Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budgetary Basis 93 Preschool Education Aid Schedule(s) of Expenditures - Budgetary BasisN/A
SECTIO	N F – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDN/A
F-1 F-2	Summary Schedule of Project Expenditures
F-2(x)	Schedule(s) of Project Revenues, Expenditures, Project Balance and Project Status - Budgetary Basis
SECTIO	N G – PROPRIETARY FUND94
ENTERP	RISE FUND
G-1 G-2 G-3	Combining Schedule of Net Position
INTERN	AL SERVICE FUND
G-4 G-5 G-6	Combining Schedule of Net Position
SECTIO	N H – FIDUCIARY FUNDS95
H-1 H-2 H-3 H-4	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
SECTIO	N I – LONG-TERM DEBT SCHEDULESN/A
I-1 I-2 I-3	Schedule of Serial Bonds

STATIST	TICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	98
	UCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION99	
FINANCI	AL TRENDS	100
J-1 J-2 J-3 J-4 J-5	Net Position by Component	102 103 104
REVENU	IE CAPACITY	N/A
J-6 J-7 J-8 J-9	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Taxpayers* Property Tax Levies and Collections	N/A N/A
DEBT C	APACITY INFORMATION	N/A
J-10 J-11 J-12 J-13	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	N/A N/A
DEMOG	RAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION	N/A
J-14 J-15	Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers, Current and Nine Years Ago	
OPERA1	TING INFORMATION	106
J-16 J-17 J-18 J-19 J-20 J-21	Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function/Progra Operating Statistics School Building Information. Schedule of Required Maintenance Expenditures by School Facility Insurance Schedule. Charter School Performance Framework, Financial Performance Ratios	107 N/A /N/A 108 e, Fiscal

SINGL	E AUDIT SECTION110
K-1	Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on Compliance and Other Matters Based on the Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
K-2	
K-3	
K-4	·
K-5	·
K-6	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
	<ul> <li>Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results</li> <li>Section II - Financial Statement Findings</li> <li>Section III - Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs</li> </ul>
K-7	



#### International Charter School of Trenton 105 Grand Street Trenton, New Jersey 08611 609-394-3111

January 15, 2021

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees International Charter School of Trenton County of Mercer Trenton, New Jersey

#### **Dear Board Members:**

The comprehensive annual financial report of the International Charter School of Trenton (the "Charter School") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the various funds of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- ➤ The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- ➤ The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (U.S. Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

#### **Charter School Organization**

An appointed five member Board of Trustees (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Chief School Administrator is the chief executive officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for total educational and support operations. The Business Administrator is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

1. <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: The International Charter School of Trenton is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14 as amended. All funds of the Charter School are included in this report. The Charter School's Board of Trustees constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The Charter School provides a full range of services appropriate to grade levels Kindergarten through Grade 4. These services include regular, as well as special education and basic skills instruction. The Charter School completed the 2019-2020 school year with an enrollment of 90 students. The following details the student enrollment of the Charter School over the last five years.

#### Average Daily Enrollment

Fiscal Year	Student Enrollment-ADE	Percent Change - ADE
2019-2020	90	0.41%
2018-2019	90	0.26%
2017-2018	89	-0.11%
2016-2017	90	-0.54%
2015-2016	90	0.09%
2014-2015	90	0.00%

- **2. ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK:** International Charter School of Trenton opened its doors in September 1998. Management is stable and the school's finances are solid, supporting the maturing academic program and this audit will show continued stability and integrity.
- **3.** MAJOR INITIATIVES: The Charter School has developed a comprehensive strategic plan to support its mission and vision and serves as a blueprint for the achievement of its goals. The plan includes objectives, such as pupil achievement as measured by standardized tests and teacher assessment instruments; formal professional development for the certified and non-certified staff; and the implementation of a technology plan in all classrooms.

- 4. <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:
  - (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived;
  - (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

**5. BUDGETARY CONTROLS:** In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2020.

- **CASH MANAGEMENT:** The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statement" Note 2. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **7. RISK MANAGEMENT**: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors and officers insurance and workmen's compensation.

#### 8. OTHER INFORMATION:

<u>Independent Audit</u> - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Barre & Company, Certified Public Accountants, was selected by the Board of Trustees. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements

of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplemental information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports, related specifically to the single audit, are included in the single audit section of this report.

- **9. ANTI-BULLYING:** On January 5, 2011, Governor Chris Christie signed into law P.L. 2010, Chapter 122, known as the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights. The Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act ("Act") requires initial and on-going training for all staff members, Anti-Bullying Specialists, Anti-Bullying Coordinators, administrative staff and Board members. N.J.S.A. 18A:37-22(d) requires every teacher to complete at least two hours of instruction on harassment, intimidation, and bullying prevention in each professional development period. In 2019-2020, training was provided for harassment, intimidation and bullying prevention to comply with the training requirements of the Act.
- **10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:** We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the International Charter School of Trenton Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our staff.

Respectfully submitted,

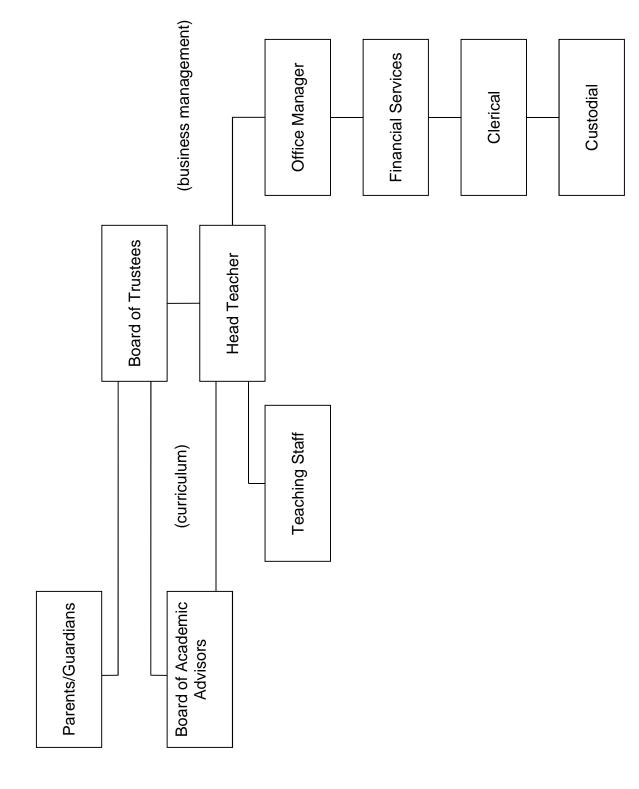
Melissa Benford

Head Teacher/Administrator

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# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

# **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**



#### ROSTER OF OFFICIALS June 30, 2020

#### MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Robert A. Kull, President

Rachael Binz, Vice President

Jason Briggs, Member

Tom Ogren, Member

Kimberly Sdeo, Member

Melissa Benford, Head Teacher and an Ex-Officio, non-voting member

#### **OTHER OFFICIALS**

Peter Lanzi, School Business Administrator

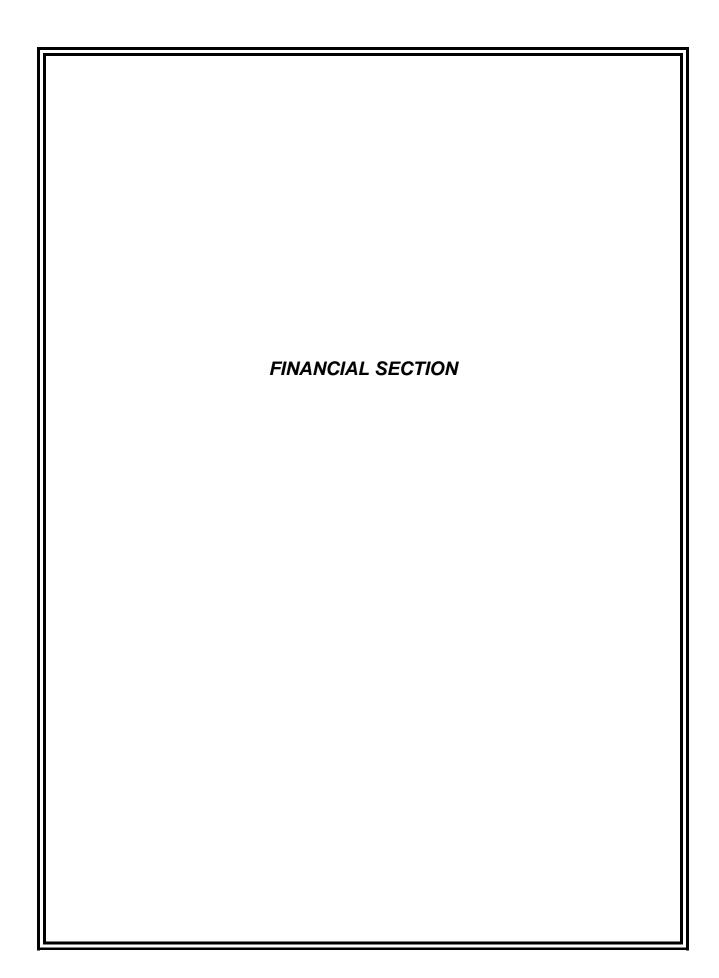
#### **CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS**

#### **Audit Firm**

Barre & Company LLC Certified Public Accountants 2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083

#### Official Depository

Bank of America 301 Carnegie Center Princeton, New Jersey 08543



## BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable President
Members of the Board of Trustees
International Charter School of Trenton
County of Mercer
Trenton, New Jersey

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the International Charter School of Trenton (Charter School), in the County of Mercer, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Charter School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audit contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the

entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the International Charter School of Trenton, in the County of Mercer, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, following this report, and pension and post-employment benefit schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-3, M-1, and the related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the International Charter School of Trenton's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and related major fund supporting statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of federal awards, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, as required by the State of New Jersey's Circular 15-08 OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2021 on our consideration of the International Charter School of Trenton's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC

Certified Public Accountants

**Public School Accountants** 

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey January 15, 2021 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of International Charter School of Trenton's financial performance provides an overall review of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Charter School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Charter School's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year (2019-2020) and the prior year (2018-2019) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$2,321,390 or 95% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$124,101 or 5% of total revenues of \$2,445,491.
- ❖ The Charter School had \$2,513,155 in expenses; only \$124,101 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$2,321,390 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$1,573,254 in revenues and \$1,619,795 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance decreased \$46,541 over 2019.

#### **Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand International Charter School of Trenton as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds. In the case of International Charter School of Trenton, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities All of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instruction, administration, support services, and capital outlay.
- Business-Type Activity This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

#### **Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's funds. The Charter School uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's governmental funds are the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Funds**

The Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

#### **Enterprise Fund**

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 35 of this report.

#### The Charter School as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The Charter School's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities.

The Charter School's combined Net Position (Deficit) were \$(545,180) on June 30, 2020 and \$(477,516) on June 30, 2019.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Charter School's total revenues were \$2,398,215 for the fiscal year 2020 and \$2,260,803 for 2019, this includes \$168,912 for 2020 and \$151,235 for 2019 of state reimbursed TPAF Social Security and Pension Contributions.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$2,454,529 for 2020 and \$2,303,263 for 2019. Instruction comprises \$838,261 for 2020 and \$791,601 for 2019 of Charter School expenses.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenues for the Charter School's business-type activities (Food service) were comprised of charges for services and federal and state reimbursements.

- ❖ Food service expenses exceeded revenues by \$11,350 for 2020 and revenues exceeded expenses by \$16,666 for 2019.
- Charges for services represent \$1,984 for 2020 and \$3,681 for 2019 of revenue. This represents amounts paid by patrons for daily food.
- ❖ Federal and state reimbursements for meals, including payments for free and reduced lunches and breakfast were \$45,292 for 2020 and \$50,135 for 2019.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The *Statement of Activities* shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and student, including extracurricular activities.

Administration includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the Charter School.

Support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students, including curriculum and staff development and the costs associated with operating the facility.

Capital Outlay represents instructional and/or non-instructional equipment purchased and is capitalized when such equipment is over the \$2,000 threshold.

#### The Charter School's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund and special revenue fund presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues amounted to \$2,398,215 for 2020 and \$2,260,803 for 2019 and expenditures were \$2,454,529 for 2020 and \$1,597,830 for 2019.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedules present a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year revenues.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### The Charter School's Funds (Continued)

		Percent of	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent of Increase/
Revenues	Amount	Total	From 2019	(Decrease)
Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$ 6,611 1,566,643 108,839	93.14%	\$ (5,661) 136,049 (2,789)	-46.13% 9.51% -2.50%
Total	\$ 1,682,093	100.00%	\$ 127,599	

The following schedule represents a summary of general fund and special revenue fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

		Percent of	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent of Increase/
Expenditures	Amount	Total	From 2019	(Decrease)
Instruction Administration Support Services	\$ 838,261 1,279,137 337,131	52.11%	\$ 226,874 611,441 18,384	37.11% 91.57% 5.77%
Total	\$ 2,454,529	100.00%	\$ 856,699	

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget in accordance with state regulations. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

#### **Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) and Debt Administration**

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the Charter School had no investments in capital assets and equipment and none for 2019. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the Charter School had no debt and none for 2019.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

#### For the Future

The International Charter School of Trenton is in stable financial condition presently. The Charter School is proud of its community support. Full enrollment ensures the financial viability of the school.

In conclusion, International Charter School of Trenton has committed itself to financial stability for many years. In addition, the Charter School's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The Charter School plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

#### **Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to show the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mr. Peter Lanzi, School Business Administrator at International Charter School of Trenton, 105 Grand Street, Trenton, New Jersey 08611.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### SECTION A - CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School.

#### INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	vernmental Activities	ess-Type tivities	Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Receivables	\$ 34,230 2,276 33,037	\$ 3,496 2,589	\$ 37,726 2,276 35,626
Total Assets	 69,543	 6,085	 75,628
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	 192,852		192,852
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	192,852		192,852
LIABILITIES: Internal Balances Accounts Payable Due Beyond One Year Pensions	(508) 579,693	508 299	299 579,693
Total Liabilities	 579,185	807	579,992
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	233,668 233,668		 233,668
NET POSITION (DEFICIT): Unassigned	(550,458)	5,278	(545,180)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (550,458)	\$ 5,278	\$ (545,180)

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON Statement of Activities For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Prog	Program Revenues			œ	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position	ense) I Changes sition	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Gov	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	-Type ies	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	\$ 626,637	\$ 211,624	8 <del>.</del>	₩	30,866		↔	(807,395)	€9	<del>\$</del>	(807,395)
Administration	1,175,222	103,915	2		45,959			(1,233,178)			(1,233,178)
Support Services	298,132	38,999	6					(337,131)			(337,131)
Total Governmental Activities	2,099,991	\$ 354,538	8		76,825			(2,377,704)			(2,377,704)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food Service	58,626		1,6	1,984	45,292			1	)	(11,350)	(11,350)
Total Business-Type Activities		Ī		!	45,292	•	,			!	(11,350)
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,158,617	II	4,0	1,984 \$	122,117	· •	မာ	(2,377,704)	€	(11,350) \$	(2,389,054)
			GENERAL REVENUES	/ENUES							
			Federal and State Aid Not Restricted	tate Aid N	ot Restricted			2,314,779			2,314,779
			Miscellaneous Income	ncome				1.10,0		Î	0,017
			Total General Revenues	ral Revenu	ser			2,321,390			2,321,390
			Change in Net Position	t Position				(56,314)	<u> </u>	(11,350)	(67,664)
			Net Position - Beginning	Beginning				(494,144)		16,628	(477,516)
			Net Position - Ending	Ending			မှ	(550,458)	ક	5,278 \$	(545,180)

SECTION B	– FUND	FINANCIAL	<b>STATEMENTS</b>

The Individual Fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total	
ASSETS:						
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	34,230	\$		\$	34,230
Cash - Restricted	Φ	2,276	Φ	-	Φ	2,276
Interfund Receivables		23,236				23,236
Receivables From Other Governments		23,230		22,728		22,759
Receivables, Net		10,278		22,720		10,278
Necelvables, Net		10,270				10,270
Total Current Assets		70,051		22,728		92,779
Total Assets	\$	70,051	\$	22,728	\$	92,779
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Interfund Payables	\$		\$	22,728		22,728
Total Current Liabilities		-		22,728	ī	22,728
Total Liabilities				22,728		22,728
Fund Balances:						
Unassigned:						
General Fund		70,051				70,051
Total Fund Balances		70,051				70,051
Total Fund Balances		70,001				70,001
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	70,051	\$	22,728		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) which are different:						
Net pension liability of \$579,693, deferred inflows of resources of \$233,668 less deferred outlows of resources of \$192,852 related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.						(620 500)
in the governmental funds						(620,509)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(550,458)

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
REVENUES:			
Local Sources:			
Miscellaneous	6,611		6,611
Total Local Sources	6,611		6,611
State Sources	1,566,643		1,566,643
Federal Sources	.,000,010	108,839	108,839
		,	,
Total Revenues	1,573,254	108,839	1,682,093
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Administration Support Services	560,358 803,865 255,572	66,279 42,560	626,637 803,865 298,132
Support Scivioss	200,012	42,000	200,102
Total Expenditures	1,619,795	108,839	1,728,634
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(46,541)		(46,541)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	116,592		116,592
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 70,051	\$ -	\$ 70,051

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balances - governmental fund (from B-2)	\$ (46,541)
Pension costs associated with the PERS pension plan are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures in the year the school pension contribution is paid. However, on the statement of activities, the net difference between the current and prior year net pension liability is	
recognized.	 (9,773)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (56,314)



# Proprietary Fund Statement of Fund Net Position June 30, 2020

		Business-Typ Food Service				
ASSETS:				Total		
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,496	\$	3,496		
Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable:						
Federal		2,589		2,589		
Total Current Assets		6,085		6,085		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Machinery and Equipment		2,620		2,620		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(2,620)		(2,620)		
		(_,===,		(=,===)		
Total Noncurrent Assets		-				
Total Assets	\$	6,085	\$	6,085		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Interfund Accounts Payable	\$	508	\$	508		
Accounts Payable		299		299		
Total Comment Link Witing		007		007		
Total Current Liabilities		807		807		
Total Liabilities		807		807		
Net Position:	_		_			
Unassigned	\$	5,278	\$	5,278		
Total Net Position		5,278		5,278		
		-,		-,		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	6,085	\$	6,085		

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities					
		Food Servi	am	_		
	Foo	Food Service		l Contract Price	Tota	Enterprise
OPERATING REVENUES:		0011100		1100	Tota	Littorphioc
Charges for Services:						
Daily Sales - Program (Reimbursable Program) Meals	\$	1,984	\$	-	\$	1,984
Total Operating Revenues		1,984		-		1,984
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Cost of Sales - Program (Reimbursable Programs) Meals		48,696		-		48,696
Salaries		9,930		-		9,930
Total Operating Expenses		58,626		-	<u> </u>	58,626
OPERATING (LOSS)		(56,642)		-		(56,642)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:						
State Source: State School Breakfast/Lunch Program		543		-		543
Federal Source: National School Breakfast/Lunch/Snack Program/FFVP		33,223				33,223
National School Breakfast Program		11,526				11,526
Total Nonoperating Revenues		45,292		-		45,292
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(11,350)		-		(11,350)
TOTAL NET POSITION, JULY 1		16,628		-		16,628
TOTAL NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$	5,278	\$	-	\$	5,278

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Busi	ness-T	ype Activ	ities	3	
	Fo	Afte	er Care		Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,984	\$	-	\$	1,984	
Cash Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(45,602)				(45,602)	
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(43,618)		-		(43,618)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Cash Received From State And Federal Reimbursements		45,292				45,292	
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		45,292		-		45,292	
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents		1,674		_		1,674	
Cook And Cook Equivalents, Regioning Of Veer		1 000				1 000	
Cash And Cash Equivalents, Beginning Of Year		1,822		-		1,822	
Cash And Cash Equivalents, End Of Year	\$	3,496	\$	-	\$	3,496	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by							
Operating Activities:							
Operating (Loss) Used for Operating Activities	\$	(56,642)	\$	-	\$	(56,642)	
Change In Assets And Liabilities:							
Increase In Interfund Receivables		32,543				32,543	
(Increase) Decrease In Receivables		127				127	
Increase (Decrease) In Interfund Payable		(19,646)				(19,646)	
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(43,618)	\$	-	\$	(43,618)	



# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	Agency Fund		
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,566	
Total Assets	\$	12,566	
LIABILITIES: Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	12,566	
Total Liabilities	\$	12,566	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of International Charter School of Trenton have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles generally (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body responsible for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In its accounting and financial reporting, the Charter School follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant accounting policies of the Charter School are described below.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The Charter School is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, established in 2002 to operate and maintained a public school under a charter granted by the State of New Jersey. The Charter School consists of seven members and must comply with the Charter School Program Act of 1995 and regulations promulgated thereunder.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity are set forth in Statement No. 14, as amended, of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board entitled "The Financial Reporting Entity" (GASB 14), as amended, as codified in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Under GASB Statement No. 14, the financial reporting entity is determined by the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which it exercises operating control. The operations of the International Charter School of Trenton includes a Grade K-4 school located in the City of Trenton. There are no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Charter School and for each function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are allocated to the functions using an appropriate allocation method or association with the specific function. Indirect expenses include health benefits, employer's share of payroll taxes, compensated absences and tuition reimbursements.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

#### D. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Charter School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Charter School:

#### Governmental Fund Types

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Charter School.

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School includes budgeted Capital Outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, local property taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

<u>Proprietary Fund Type</u> - The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounted principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – The Enterprise Funds are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### Enterprise Funds (Continued)

financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the Charter School has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Governments should establish a policy that defines operating revenues and expenses that is appropriate to the nature of the activity being reported, and use it consistently from period to period. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities normally would not be reported as components of operating income.

The Charter School's Enterprise Fund are comprised of the Food Service Fund operations.

Depreciation of all exhaustive fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

#### Food Service Fund:

Equipment 12 Years Light Trucks and Vehicle 4 Years Heavy Trucks and Vehicle 6 Years

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Charter School enterprise

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

funds are charges for daily sales of food, special functions and miscellaneous receipts. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u> - Fiduciary Funds are sued to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Charter School programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

The District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (Unemployment Compensation and Agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be sued to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

<u>Trust Funds</u> – The unemployment compensation fund is used to account for contributions from the Charter School and employees and interest earned on the balance as well as payments to the State for reimbursement of unemployment claims. Although there is no formal trust agreement, the State of New Jersey requires charter schools to include the unemployment compensation trust as a private-purpose trust fund in the fiduciary fund. The principal and income deposited into this fund are for the sole benefit of the specific individuals or former employees. The management of the Charter School is not involved in determining the amounts current employees contribute to the fund or amounts paid out by the fund. That determination is made by the State of New Jersey. The Unemployment Compensation Fund is recorded as a trust fund because there is no debt issued related to unemployment compensation claims.

Agency Funds (*Payroll, Payroll Agency, Student Activity and Athletic Funds*): The agency funds are used to account for the assets that the Charter School holds on behalf of others as their agent. These are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

In accordance with GASB Statement 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include state and federal aid, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations.

Government funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The Charter School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### F. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)**

The following presents a reconciliation of the special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting:

	2020	2019		
Total Revenues & Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 108,839	\$	111,628	
Adjustments:				
Less Encumbrances at June 30, 2020 Plus Encumbrances at June 30, 2019	-		-	
Total Revenues and Expenditures				
(GAAP Basis)	\$ 108,839	\$	111,628	

#### F. Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)

The reconciliation of the general and special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting is presented on Note A in the Required Supplementary Information Section.

The Capital Projects Fund budgetary revenue differs from GAAP revenue due to a difference in the recognition of SDA grants receivable. SDA grants are recognized on the budgetary basis in full when they are awarded but are recognized on the GAAP basis as they are expended and requested for reimbursement.

# G. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Equity</u>

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits are cash and cash equivalents including petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Other than Certificates of Deposit, deposits with maturities of greater than three months are considered to be Investments. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey charter schools are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey charter schools.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Additionally, the Charter School had adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

#### 2. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represents amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Charter School and that are due within one year.

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$2,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on the following assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 20-50 years Machinery and Equipment 5-10 years

Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 5. Fund Equity

Restricted represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Assigned fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

#### 6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reports, amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 7. Unearned Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### 8. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses recorded on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020. The Charter School had no prepaid expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

In the governmental fund financial statements, however, payments for prepaid items are fully recognized as expenditures in the fiscal year of payment. No asset for the prepayment is created, and no expenditure allocation to future accounting periods is required (non-allocation method). This is consistent with the basic governmental concept that only expendable financial resources are reported by a specific fund.

#### 9. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the Charter School-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### 10. Revenues — Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 11. Revenues — Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued):

On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance and interest.

# 12. <u>Revenues from District of Residence, Region of Residence and Non-Resident</u> Districts

The Charter School's primary source of revenue is from the district of residence, region of residence or non-resident districts from which its students are enrolled in the Charter School. The amounts are calculated from the most recent budget data of the student's district.

Local Levy – Equalization Aid State and Local Share – The charter school's funding is pursuant to the School Funding Reform Act of 2008, which states the Charter School of residence shall pay directly to the charter school for each student enrolled in the charter school who resides in the district an amount equal to 90% of the sum of the budget year equalization aid per pupil and the pre-budget year general fund tax levy per pupil inflated by the CPI rate most recent to the calculation.

Special Education / Security Aid – The Charter School of residence shall pay directly to the charter school the security aid attributable to the student and a percentage of the district's special education categorical aid equal to the percentage of the district's special education students enrolled in the charter school.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 13. Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the Charter School, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

#### 14. Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Charter School reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation, and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense that could not be attributed to a specific function is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

#### 15. Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

#### 16. Accrued Salaries and Wages:

Certain Charter School employees who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year have the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. New Jersey statutes require that these earned but undisbursed amounts be retained in a separate bank account.

#### 17. Net Position/Fund Balance

The Charter School implemented GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, during the current fiscal year.

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 17. Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

This statement defines net position as the residual of all other elements presented in statement of financial position. It is the difference between (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. This Statement provides guidance for reporting net position within a framework that includes deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities.

In the Government-Wide Statements, there are three classes of net position:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount of noncapital assets are either imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned Net Position</u> – any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position-restricted.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

#### H. Fund Balance Reserves

<u>Unassigned</u> – Includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The Charter School reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy described below as unassigned:

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Fund Balance Reserves (continued)**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Charter School considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, the Charter School considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

#### I. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

During fiscal years 2020 through 2022, the District adopted the following GASB statements as required:

Other accounting standards that the Charter School is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.

The GASB has issued the following Statements that will become effective for the Charter School for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2020

GASB No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

#### J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2: DETAILED DISCLOSURE REGARDING ASSETS AND REVENUES

### A. Deposits and Investments

#### Deposits

New Jersey statutes permit the deposit of public funds in institutions located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), the Savings Association Insurance Fund or by any other agencies of the United States that insure deposits or the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. Seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks of which the deposits are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

As of June 30, 2020, cash and cash equivalents of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	General	Speci	ial	Proprietary		Fiduciary	
	Fund	Revenue			Fund	_ Funds	Total
Operating				'			
Account	\$ 36,506	\$		\$	3,496	\$ 12,566	\$ 52,568

The Charter School had no investments at June 30, 2020.

The carrying amount of the School's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020 was \$52,568 and the bank balance was \$88,529. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) and/or by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by GUDPA.

# NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED DISCLOSURE REGARDING ASSETS AND REVENUES (CONTINUED)</u>

**Deposits and Investments (Continued)** 

#### Deposits (Continued)

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* ("GASB 40"), the Charter School's operating cash accounts are profiled in order to determine exposure, if any, to Custodial Credit Risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty the Charter School would not be able to recover the value of its deposits and investments). Deposits are considered to be exposed to Custodial Credit Risk if they are: uncollaterized (securities not pledged to the depositor), collateralized with securities held by a pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

As of June 30, 2020, none of the cash and cash equivalents for International Charter School of Trenton were exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of custodial credit risk, except as noted above, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

#### **Investments**

New Jersey statutes (N.J.S.A.18A:20-37) permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. When authorized by resolution adopted by a majority vote of all its board members, the Charter School may use moneys which may be in hand for the purchase of the following types of securities, which, if suitable for registry, may be registered in the name of the Charter School;
  - (1) Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
  - (2) Government money market mutual funds;
  - (3) Any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligation bears a fixed rate of interest no dependent on any index or other external factor;
  - (4) Bonds or other obligations of the charter school or bonds or other obligations of local unit or units within which the charter school is located;

# NOTE 2: <u>DETAILED DISCLOSURE REGARDING ASSETS AND REVENUES (CONTINUED)</u>

# <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

- (5) Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, approved by the Division of Investment of the Department of the Treasury for investment by charter schools;
- (6) Local government investment pools;
- (7) Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281 (C.52:18A-90.4) or
- (8) Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if:
  - a. the underlying securities are permitted investments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection a;
  - b. the custody of collateral is transferred to a third party;
  - c. the maturity of the agreement is not more than 30 days; and
  - d. the underlying securities are purchased through a public depository as defined in Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236 (C.17:9-41) and for which a master repurchase agreement providing for the custody and security of collateral is executed.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The Charter School does not have an investment policy regarding the management of credit risk. GASB 40 requires that disclosures be made as to the credit rating of all debt security investments except for obligations of the U.S. government or investments guaranteed by the U.S. government. The Charter School did not have any investments at June 30, 2020.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The Charter School does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Charter School did not have any investments at June 30, 2020.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The Charter School places no limit on the amount they may invest in any one issuer. The Charter School did not have any investments at June 30, 2020.

### NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020, consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants, and miscellaneous.

All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

							Pro	oprietary								
		Governme	ental Fu	unds	_			Fund								
			9	Special	="	Total		Food		Total						
	(	General	R	evenue	Gov	ernmental	S	ervice	Βι	usiness	Fiduciary					
		Fund		Fund		Activities		Fund		Fund		Fund		Activities	Funds	Total
State Awards	\$	10,309			\$	10,309	\$	25	\$	25		\$10,334				
Federal Awards				22,728		22,728		2,564		2,564		25,292				
Other		-				-		-								
Gross Receivables		10,309		22,728	- '-	33,037		2,589		2,589		35,626				
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-		-		-		-								
Total Receivables, Net	\$	10,309	\$	22,728	\$	33,037	\$	2,589	\$	2,589		\$35,626				

#### A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transfers between funds are used to repay expenses paid by another fund.

The following interfund balances remained on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2020:

	Interfund		In	iterfund
Fund	Re	ceivable	P	ayable
General Fund	\$	23,236	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund				22,728
Capital Projects				
Proprietary Fund				508
Fiduciary Fund				
•				
Total	\$	23,236	\$	23,236

#### B. Capital Assets

There was no capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

On January 11, 2001, the NJ State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by charter schools in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500. Applying the higher capitalization threshold retroactively (removal of old assets from the General Fixed Assets Account Group) will be permitted by the State regulations in situations where (1) the assets have been fully depreciated, or (2) the assets have exceeded their useful lives. The retirement of machinery and equipment is due to the retroactive application of the higher threshold of equipment capitalization. That is, the Charter School has removed from their records assets with a historical cost greater than \$500 but not greater than \$2,000 that were fully depreciated or had exceeded their useful lives.

# NOTE 4: <u>DETAILED DISCLOSURES REGARDING LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES/EXPENDITURES</u>

#### Rental Lease

The School operates under a Business Lease ("Lease") agreement to lease classroom and office space in portions of the Bishop Beky Center of the Hungarian Reformed Church located at 105 Grand Avenue, Trenton, New Jersey. The lease is dated July 1, 2018, and the term of the lease is for five (5) years, and runs through June 30, 2022. Per the lease, the School deposited with the landlord a security deposit of \$6,600 in an interest bearing account. Total lease payments made during the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$90,540. In addition, the lease obligates the School to be responsible for 80% of the utility costs. Future rent costs are as follows:

June 30,

2021 \$ 90,540

2022 96,048

\$ 186,588

#### NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

Substantially all the Board's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey. In addition, certain employees may participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP).

#### A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees; Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 50 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The schedule of employer allocations and the schedule of pension amounts by employer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PERS or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PERS or the participating employers. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PERS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are based on the ration of the contributions of an individual employer to the total contributions to PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer may result in immaterial differences.

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarially determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (Continued)

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2018 are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The state's pension contributions is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2019, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment amounts certified for payments due not be included in their unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. The Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$32,068 for fiscal year 2020.

# <u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2020, the Charter School reported a liability of \$ 579,693 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 measurement date, the Charter School's proportion was 0.00264420%, which was an increase of 0.00001620% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$ 25,345 . At June 30, 2020, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred related to pensions from the following sources.

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# <u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

	Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Outflows of			eferred flows of esources
Changes in Assumptions	\$	57,884		\$	201,210			
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		10,405			2,561			
Changes in Proportion		124,563			20,746			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual								
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-			9,151			
	\$	192,852		\$	233,668			

#### Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.21, 5.63, 5.48, 5.57, 5.72, and 6.44 years for the 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 amounts, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Total
2021	\$	(4,724)
2022		(15,324)
2023		(13,683)
2024		(6,425)
2025		(660)
	\$	(40,816)

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuations as of July 1,2019. This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
through 2026	2.00-6.00% based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00-7.00% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019,

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

#### Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2019) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Long Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)**

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.67%
Cash Equivalents	5.00%	2.00%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	2.68%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	4.25%
High Yield	2.00%	5.37%
Private Credit	6.00%	7.92%
Real Assets	2.50%	9.31%
Real Estate	7.50%	8.33%
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.26%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	12.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.37%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.85%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.28% as of June 30, 2019. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2019 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 70% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan investments was applied to projected benefit payment through 2057. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2057 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Measu	rement	Date June 30,	2019					
	1% Current 1%					1%		
	[	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase		
		(5.28%)		(6.28%)		(7.28%)		
Charter School proportionate share of the								
Net Pension Liability	\$	737,340	\$	579,693		\$	454,283	

Measurement Date June 30, 2018								
	1%			Current			1%	
		Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase		
		(4.66%)		(5.66%)		(6.66%)		
Charter School proportionate share of the						_		
Net Pension Liability	\$	654,632	\$	520,625		\$	408,211	

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

#### B. Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)

#### **Pension Description**

The State of New Jersey, Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at <a href="https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml">www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml</a>.

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### **Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)**

#### **Benefit Provided**

The vesting and benefit provision are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested of 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, member's beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Descriptions
1	M Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	M Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reach age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

#### **Allocation Methodology**

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows in resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The employer and nonemployer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonempoyer are based on the ratio of the State's actual contributions made as an employer and nonemployer adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2019 measurement date. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

### NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Allocation Methodology (Continued)

The contributions policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2019 measurement date, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

#### **Special Funding Situation**

The Employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer. In addition, each local participating employer must recognize pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the local participating employer.

This note discloses the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal year ended 2020, the State of New Jersey contributed to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is less than the contractually required contribution of \$8,645 .

As June 30, 2020, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School was \$ 3,458,835 . The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019.

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, Charter School's proportion was 0.0054338%, which was an decrease of -0.0007045% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# **Special Funding Situation (Continued)**

Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated		
with the District		3,330,512
Total		\$ 3,330,512

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School in the amount of \$82,139 and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 financial statements.

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 8,708,239,938	\$ 17,121,794,092
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,200,604,630	212,830,472
Changes in Proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	168,616,229	27,778,402
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	162,976,201
	\$ 10,077,460,797	\$ 17,525,379,167

The \$ 10,077,460,797 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions will be amortized over a period of 8.5 years. The \$ 17,525,379,167 reported as a deferred inflow of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual.

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30,		Total
	-	
2020		\$ (272,405,510)
2021		(704,260,700)
2022		(630,562,767)
2023		(1,216,378,743)
2024		(2,381,316,232)
Thereafter		(2,402,153,865)
		\$ (7,607,077,817)

# NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wages	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.45%
	based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65%
	based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future

improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

#### Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2019) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 is summarized in the following table:

#### NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Long Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)**

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.67%
Cash Equivalents	5.00%	2.00%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	2.68%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	4.25%
High Yield	2.00%	5.37%
Private Credit	6.00%	7.92%
Real Assets	2.50%	9.31%
Real Estate	7.50%	8.33%
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.26%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	12.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.37%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.85%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.28% as of June 30, 2019. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2019 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the contributions rate in the most recent fiscal year. The State employer contributed 70% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan investments was applied to projected benefit payment through 2054. Therefore the longterm expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2054 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

#### NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the State as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Measurement Date June 30, 2019									
1%	1%								
Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase							
(4.60%)	(5.60%)	(6.60%)							
\$ 3,936,893	\$ 3,338,553	\$ 2,842,120							
	1% Decrease (4.60%)	1% Current  Decrease Discount Rate (4.60%) (5.60%)							

Measurement Date June 30, 2018								
		1%		1%				
		Decrease		Discount Rate			Increase	
		(3.86%)		(4.86%)			(5.86%)	
Charter School's proportionate share of								
the Net Pension Liability	\$	4,098,058	\$	3,467,109		\$	2,944,069	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

#### C. <u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u>

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

#### NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) (Continued)**

The contribution policy is set by the New Jersey Statutes and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by the State of New Jersey regulation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

For DCRP, the Charter School recognized no pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. There were no employee contributions to DCRP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 6: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan**

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The school is in a "special funding situation, as described in GASB Statement No. 75 in that OPEB contributions and expense are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other postemployment (health) benefits for State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP).

#### NOTE 6: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)**

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided (continued)

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms:

At June 30, 2019, the entire State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees OPEB Plan consisted for the following members:

Active pla	Active plan member					216,892			
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits									
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments								-	
	Total							364,943	

#### Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in.

#### NOTE 6: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)**

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.50%			
		TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases				
Through 2026		1.55% to 3.05%	2.00% to 6.00%	3.25% to 15.25%
		based on service	based on service	based on service
		years	years	years
Rate thereafter		1.55% to 3.05%	3.00% to 7.00%	Applied to all
		based on service	based on service	future
		years	years	years

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS) and Safety (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2018, July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018, and July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018 for TPAF, PFRS and PERS, respectively.

#### **Health Care Trend Assumptions**

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) medical benefits, this amount initially is 5.7% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2020 are reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.5% for all future years. For prescriptions on drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.5% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after eight years. For Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

#### NOTE 6: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)**

#### Discount rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2019 was 3.50%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of A/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal band rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

#### Changes in the Total Non-Employer OPEB Liability

The table below summarizes the State's proportionate share of the change in the total non-employer OPEB liability associated with the Charter School for the fiscal year ended June 20, 2020

Balance at June 30, 20	19			\$	1,964,364
Service cost					528,043
Interest on Total OP	EB Liabilit	у			95,247
Effect on Changes of	of Benefit	Гerms			-
Difference between	expected	and actual	experience	Э	(438,381)
Effect of Changes o	f Assumpt	tions			31,576
Effect of Changes o	f Proportio	n			-
Contributions - Emp	loyee				1,927
Gross Benefits Paid	by the Sta	ate			(65,009)
	Net Changes				153,403
Balance at June 30, 20				2,117,767	

#### Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Meas	Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2019								
	At 1%	At current	At 1%							
	Decrease (2.50%	discount rate (3.50%)	Increase (4.50%)							
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,501,915	\$ 2,117,767	\$ 1,812,617							

#### NOTE 6: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend</u> Rate:

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2019								
	At 1%	At 1%		At 1%					
	decrease			Trend Rate			Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,744,946		\$	2,117,767		\$	2,611,306		

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the Charter School recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$ 716,122 in the government-wide financial statements for the State's proportionate share of the OPEB Plans OPEB expenses, associated with the Charter School. This expense and revenue was based on the OPEB Plan's June 30, 2019 measurement date.

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At the measurement date June 30, 2019 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	Of Resources	Of Resources
Difference between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ -	\$ (532,116)
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on		
OPEB Plan Investments	-	-
Assumption Changes		(430,441)
Sub Total	-	(962,557)
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year 2020 after		
June 30, 2019 Measurement Date	TBD	N/A
Total	-	(962,557)

#### NOTE 6: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### **General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)**

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period ending June 30	
2020	\$ (129,237)
2021	\$ (129,237)
2022	\$ (129,237)
2023	\$ (129,237)
2024	\$ (129,237)
Total Thereafter	\$ (316,371)
	\$ (962,557)

#### NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Charter School is a member of the New Jersey School Boards Association Insurance Group, Educational Risk and Insurance Consortium (the Consortium). The Consortium is both an insured and self-administered group of school Charter Schools established for the purpose of providing certain low-cost workers' compensation, employees' liability, automobile and equipment liability, general liability and boiler and machinery insurance coverage for member school Charter Schools in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum. The Charter School pays an annual assessment to the Consortium and should it be determined that payments received by the Consortium are deficient, additional assessments may be levied. Additionally, the Consortium maintains a contract of excess insurance with a commercial reinsurer to secure the payment of benefits.

The Charter School continues to carry commercial insurance coverage for all other risks of loss, including health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 8: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Charter School has recognized as revenues and expenditures on-behalf payments made by the State for normal costs and post-retirement medical costs related to TPAF, in the fund financial statements. The amounts recognized as revenues and expenditures in the fund financial statements for normal costs, non-contributory insurance, post-retirement medical costs, and long-term disability insurance were \$122,953, \$45,959, \$147,091, and \$38, respectively.

#### NOTE 9: CONTINGENCIES

Grantor Agencies - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies could be subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Charter School expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 9: CONCENTRATIONS

The Charter School depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of New Jersey. As a result of this dependency, the Charter School is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

#### NOTE 10: <u>DETAILED DISCLOSURE REGARDING FUND EQUITY</u>

#### General Fund

The General Fund balance at June 30, 2020 is \$70,051 and is unassigned and undesignated.

#### NOTE 11: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through January 15, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Company's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Company is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2021.

Although the Company cannot estimate the length or gravity of the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak at this time, if the pandemic continues, it may have a material effect on the Company's results of future operations, financial position, and liquidity in fiscal year 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II

SECTION C - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

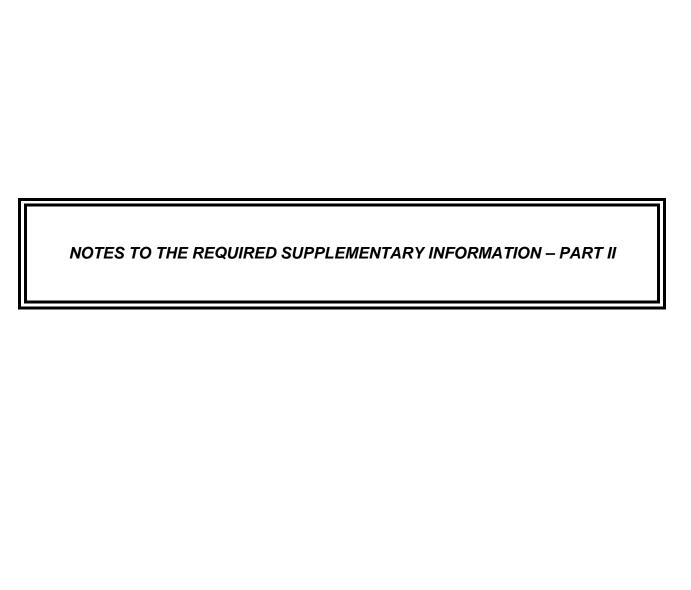
			2020		
	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:	Baagot		Budgot	7101001	- I mar to riotadi
Local Levy Budget:					
Equalization Aid Local Share-Charter School Aid	\$ 107,720	\$	\$ 107,720	\$ -	\$ (107,720)
Total Local Levy Budget	107,720		107,720	<u>-</u>	(107,720)
Categorical Aid:					
Equalization Aid State Share-Charter School Aid	1,042,180		1.042.180	1,092,334	50,154
Special Education Categorical Aid	41,154		41,154	30,866	(10,288)
Security Aid	,			48,472	48,472
Non Public Aid				78,930	78,930
Total Outrook of All II	4 400 045		1 100 015	4.050.000	404.007
Total Categorical Aid	1,129,315	- <del></del>	1,129,315	1,250,602	121,287
Revenues From Other Sources:					
Miscellaneous Revenue				6,611	6,611
On-Behalf TPAF(Non-Budget) Social Security Payments				45,959	45,959
Reimbursed TPAF Pension				40,000	40,000
Post Retirement Medical Contributions				147,091	147,091
Reimbursed TPAF Pension Long-Term Disability Insurance Contributions				20	20
Reimbursed TPAF Pension				38	38
Pension Contributions - Normal Costs				122,953	122,953
Total Revenues From Other Sources				322,652	322,652
Total Revenues	1,237,035		1,237,035	1,573,254	336,219
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Kindergarten: Salaries of Teachers	-	55,917	55,917	55,917	-
Grades 1-5: Salaries of Teachers	348,302.00	(55,917)	292,385	288,269	4,116
Other Salaries for Instruction	160,102		160,102	160,102	-
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	46,000	(3,115)	42,885	13,077	29,808
Other Purchased Services	14,800	-	14,800	12,415	2,385
General Supplies	40,000	-	40,000	25,913	14,087
Textbooks	7,500		7,500	4,357	3,143
Miscellaneous	500		500	308	192
Total Instruction	617,204	(3,115)	614,089	560,358	53,731
Administration					
Administration: Salaries - General Administration	202,676	3,115	205,791	205,791	
Salaries of Secretarial/Clerical Assistants	41,814	· ·	41,814	41,814	
Total Benefits Cost	175,150		185,627	185,627	_
Purchases Prof/Tech Services	42,900		39,023	39,010	13
Communications/Telephone	3,500	, , ,	3,500	3,382	118
Supplies and Materials	2,000		1,700	747	953
Miscellaneous Expenses	17,850		11,550	11,453	97
Total Administration	405.000	0.445	400.005	-	4.404
Total Administration	485,890	3,115	489,005	487,824	1,181

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

						2020				
		Original Budget		Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual		√ariance al to Actual
(Continued from Prior Page)						<u> </u>				
Support Services:										
Salaries	\$	97,117	\$	-	\$	97,117	\$	92,911	\$	4,206
Purchased Prof/Tech Services		27,450		-		27,450		14,925		12,525
Rental of Land and Buildings		90,540				90,540		90,540		0.075
Other Purchased Services		40,987		-		40,987		37,612		3,375
Insurance for Property, Liability and Fidelity		11,500		-		11,500		11,408		92
Supplies and Materials		1,700		-		1,700		1,345		355
Energy Costs (Heat and Electricity)		9,800		-		9,800		6,831		2,969
Miscellaneous Expenses		200				200				200
Total Support Services		279,294				279,294		255,572		23,722
On-Behalf TPAF (Non-Budgeted) Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Social Security Payments Post Retirement Medical Contributions Long-Term Disability Insurance Contribution Pension Contributions - Normal Cost								45,959 147,091 38 122,953		(45,959) (147,091) (38) (122,953)
Total Expenditures		1,382,388				1,382,388		1,619,795		32,675
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(145,353)		-		(145,353)		(46,541)		98,812
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		70,319				70,319		116,592		46,273
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$	(75,034)	\$		\$	(75,034)	\$	70,051	\$	145,085
Recapitulation of Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Φ.	(7F.00.1)	•		•	(75.00 t)	•	70.05	•	445.005
Budgeted Fund Balance	\$	(75,034)	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	(75,034)	\$	70,051	\$	145,085
Total	\$	(75,034)	\$		\$	(75,034)	\$	70,051	\$	145,085

Special Revenue Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget			udget ansfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual		
REVENUE SOURCES: Intermediate									
Federal	\$	-		108,839	\$ 108,839	\$ 108,839	\$		
Total Revenues		-		108,839	 108,839	 108,839			
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:									
Salaries				14,360	14,360	14,360			
Salaries of Teachers		-		51,919	 51,919	 51,919			
Total Instruction		-		66,279	 66,279	 66,279			
Support Services:									
Personal Services - Employee Benefits				14,295	14,295	14,295			
Purchased Technical Services				27,231	27,231	27,231			
Other Purchased Services				1,034	 1,034	 1,034			
Total Support Services		-		42,560	 42,560	 42,560			
Total Expenditures		-	<b>-</b> ) (	108,839	 108,839	 108,839			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

## Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules	[C-1]	\$ 1,573,254	[C-2]	\$ 217,678
Difference - Budget to GAAP Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is				(400,000)
recognized		 	•	(108,839)
Total revenues as reports on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 1,573,254	[B-2]	\$ 108,839
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	\$ 1,619,795	[C-2]	\$ 217,678
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial accounting purposes.				(108,839)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 1,619,795	[B-2]	\$ 108,839

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III

SECTION L RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR PENSIONS (GASB 68)

# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,													
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2018		2020
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00282556%	0	.00250672%	0	.002790900%	0.	002790900%	0	.002628000%	0	.002644200%	0.0	003217212%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	540,020	\$	469,326	\$	593,909	\$	826,586	\$	610,560	\$	520,625	\$	579,693
Charter School's covered employees payroll	\$	182,516	\$	190,272	\$	178,861	\$	178,861	\$	231,159	\$	241,325	\$	250,982
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll		296%		247%		332%		462%		264%		216%		231%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		48.72%		52.08%		47.93%		45.37%		45.37%		45.37%		45.37%

#### INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 21,290	\$ 20,665	\$ 23,345	23,345	25,345	26,987	32,068					
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(21,290)	(20,665)	(23,345)	(23,345)	(25,345)	(26,987)	(32,068)					
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Charter School's covered payroll (fiscal year)	\$ 182,516	\$ 190,272	\$ 178,861	\$ 178,861	\$ 231,159	\$ 241,325	\$ 250,982					
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	11.66%	10.86%	13.05%	13.05%	10.96%	11.18%	12.78%					

## INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,												
		2014		2015		2016	2017			2018	2019		2020
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable of the Charter School		0.00575380%		0.00504274%		0.00563484%		0.00613830%		0.00613830%	0.00543380%		0.00542685%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	\$	2,898,848	\$	2,695,182	\$	3,561,108	\$	4,891,419	\$	4,138,693	\$ 3,458,835	\$	3,330,512
Charter School's covered payroll (plan measurement date)	\$	631,246	\$	664,291	\$	566,232	\$	566,232	\$	593,976	\$ 552,118	\$	610,773
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered employee payroll		459.23%		405.72%		628.91%		863.85%		696.78%	626.47%		545.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		33.76%		33.64%		28.71%		22.33%		22.33%	36.03%		26.95%

SECTION M SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

## International Charter School of Trenton Required Supplementary Information Schedules Schedule of Changes in the Charter School's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Four Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Years Ending									
	June 30, 2017		ne 30, 2018	Ju	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2020				
Total Non-Employer OPEB Liability- States's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Associated with the Charter School										
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period		\$	821,188	\$	1,211,803	\$	1,964,364			
Service cost			638,867		529,019		528,043			
Interest on Total OPEB Liability			41,229		61,422		95,247			
Difference between expected and actual experience	NOT AVAILABLE				438,252		(438,381)			
Effect of Changes of Assumptions			(262,447)		(225,421)		31,576			
Contributions - Employee			1,034		1,815		1,927			
Gross Benefits Paid by the State			(28,068)		(52,526)		(65,009)			
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	NOT AVAILABLE		390,615		752,561		153,403			
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	NOT AVAILABLE		821,188		1,211,803		1,964,364			
Total OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period	821,188	\$	1,211,803	\$	1,964,364	\$	2,117,767			

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms:

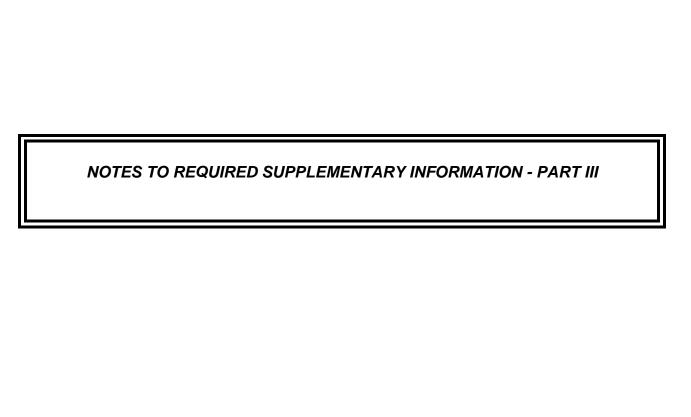
None

#### Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences:

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences: The decrease in the Total OPEB Liability from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 is due to changes in the census claims and premium experiences. The decrease in liability from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 is due to changes in the census, claims and premiums experience.

#### Changes in Assumptions:

The decrease in the liability from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 is due to the increase in the assumed discount rate from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018; and a decrease in the assumed health care cost trend and excise tax assumptions. The decrease in the liability from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019 is due to the combined effect of the decrease in the assumed discount rate from 3.87% as of June 30, 2018 to 3.50% a s of June 30, 2019; and changes in the trend, excise tax, updated decrements, future spouse election, PPO/HMO future retiree elections, salary scale and mortality assumptions



# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.66% as of June 30, 2018 to 6.28% as of June 30, 2019 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.86% as of June 30, 2018 to 5.60% as of June 30, 2019 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SECTION E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expandable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

International Charter School of Trenton
Special Revenue Fund
Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		NCLB Title I	I.D.E.A. Part B	NCLB Title II Part A	NCLB Title IV	- <u></u>	Grand Total
REVENUE SOURCES: Federal	\$	66,214	27,231	6,032	9,362	\$	108,839
Total Revenues		66,214	27,231	6,032	9,362		108,839
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:							
Salaries of Teachers		51,919		4,998	9,362		66,279
Total Instruction		51,919		4,998	9,362		66,279
Support Services: Personal Services - Employee Benefits Purchased Prof/Ed Services Other Purchased Services		14,295 -	27,231	- 1,034	- -		14,295 27,231 1,034
Total Support Services		14,295	27,231	1,034			42,560
Total Expenditures		66,214	27,231	6,032	9,362		108,839
Total Outflows		66,214	27,231	6,032	9,362		108,839
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_

#### SECTION G – PROPRIETARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Charter School's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund – This fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools within the school district.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5, AND B-6.

#### SECTION H - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENT

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for funds received by the Charter School for a specific purpose.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

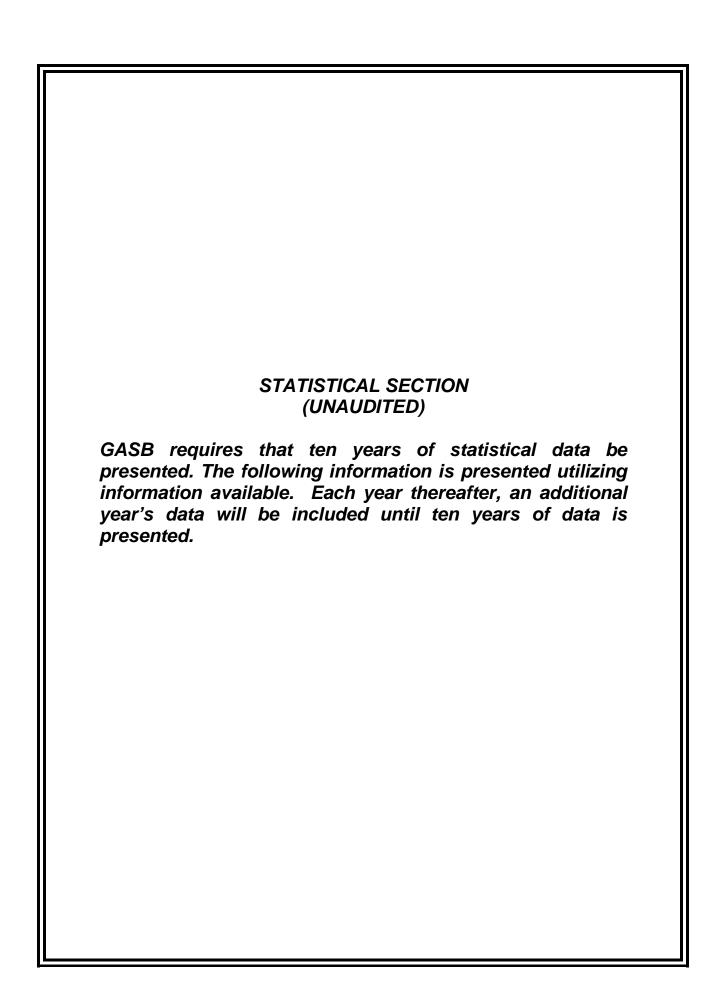
Payroll Agency Fund – This agency fund is used to account for payroll transactions of the Charter School.

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position As of June 30, 2020

	Agency											
		Payroll Agency	P	Net ayroll		udent tivities	Total Agency Fund					
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,566	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,566				
Total Assets	\$	12,566	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,566				
LIABILITIES: Liabiliites: Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	12,566	\$		\$		\$	12,566				
Total Liabilities	\$	12,566	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,566				

Fiduciary Funds
Payroll Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	В	Balance			В	Balance
	_Jul	y 1, 2019	 Additions	 Deletions	June	e 30, 2020
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,110	\$ 437,599	\$ 438,143	\$	12,566
Total Assets	\$	13,110	\$ 437,599	\$ 438,143	\$	12,566
LIABILITIES: Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	13,110	 437,599	438,143		12,566
Total Liabilities	\$	13,110	\$ 437,599	\$ 438,143	\$	12,566



### International Charter School of Trenton Statistical Section

J series

#### **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the charter school's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity (Not Applicable to Charter School)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the charter school's current levels of outstanding debt and the charter school's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the charter school's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the charter school's financial report relates to the services the charter school provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR) for the relevant year. The charter school implemented GASB Statement 34 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004; schedules presenting charter school-wide information include information beginning this year.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON
Net Position by Component
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014		2013	2	2012	20	2011
Governmental Activities									\   		Í		i	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	ا <del>دی</del>	· \$	· \$	ج	, <del>S</del>	<del>s</del>	€	٠	છ	13,750	↔	15,000	8	15,000
Restricted	•				1,778					1,685				1,685
Unassigned (Deficit)	(550,458)	(494,144)	(451,721)	(424,559)	(386,354)	(439,078)	078)	89,833		200,975	2	200,975	21	216,826
Total Governmental Activities Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (550,458)	\$ (494,144)	\$ (451,721)	\$ (424,559)	\$ (384,576)	\$ (439,078)	078) \$	89,833	s	216,410	\$ 2	215,975	\$ 23	233,511
Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets/														
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	· \$	\$ 4,716	\$ 4,716	\$ 4,716	\$ 4,716	\$	4,716 \$	4,716	€9	4,716	s	4,716	s	2,358
Unassigned	\$ 5,278	\$ 11,912	28,578	17,589	10,171	က်	3,942	808		8,482		4,184		6,631
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 5,278	\$ 16,628	\$ 33,294	\$ 22,305	\$ 14,887	\$ 8,	8,658	5,522	\$	13,198	\$	8,900	\$	8,989
Charter School-wide														
Net Investment in Capital Assets	ا <del>دی</del>	\$ 4,716	\$ 4,716	\$ 4,716	\$ 4,716	\$	4,716 \$	4,716	↔	18,466	↔	19,716	8	17,358
Restricted					1,778									1,685
Unassigned	(545,180)	(482,232)	(423,143)	(406,970)	(376, 183)	(435,136)	136)	90,639		55,242	0	205,159	5	223,457
Total Charter School Net Position	\$ (545,180)	\$ (477,516)	\$ (418,427)	\$ (402,254)	\$ (369,689)	\$ (430,420	420) \$	95,355	છ	73,708	\$ 2	224,875	\$ 24	242,500

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON
Changes in Net Position
(Accrael Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Communitie Activities:   Communities Activ		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ (2.07) 14 (2.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.09) 15 (1.1)         \$ (1.00) 15 (1.1)	Expenses										
1279 177   1879 1787   1879 1789   246,0761   247,07789   286,089   2877779   286,07789   286,089   2877779   286,07789   28	Governmental Activities:			785 882	·		843 871				\$ 925 706
\$86,579         \$87,131         \$82,880         \$87,131         \$86,538         \$87,131         \$86,538         \$87,131         \$86,538         \$81,024         \$17,226         \$17,226         \$17,226         \$17,226         \$17,226         \$17,7228         \$16,626         \$17,7228         \$16,626         \$17,7228         \$16,626         \$17,7228         \$16,626         \$17,7228         \$16,626         \$17,7228         \$16,626	Administration	_		440.761			356.069				
58.6526         70.482         48.666         47.977         56.514         52.023         61.709         44.703         10.653           5.86.02         70.482         48.666         47.977         56.514         52.023         61.709         44.703         47.004         47.7236         10.653           \$ 26.02         70.482         48.666         47.977         56.514         52.023         61.709         44.703         47.004         47.704           \$ 26.02         70.482         1.602.307         \$ 1.602.307         \$ 1.602.307         \$ 1.602.400         \$ 1.60	Support Services	337.131	352.860	357.041	341.527	326,700	311.242	277.277	386.433	381.092	374,092
\$ 60.00         1,00.00         4,00.00         1,00.00 <t< td=""><td>Capital Outlay</td><td>'</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>! '</td><td>· ·</td><td>1</td><td>16.563</td><td></td></t<>	Capital Outlay	'					! '	· ·	1	16.563	
\$6.626         70.482         4.866.8         4.7977         56.514         \$2.023         61709         44.703         47.004         \$6.514         \$2.023         61709         44.703         47.004         \$6.514         \$2.023         61709         44.703         47.004         \$6.514         \$2.023         61709         44.703         47.004         \$6.504         \$6.514         \$6.504 <td>Unallocated Depreciation</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.250</td> <td>1,250</td> <td>1.250</td>	Unallocated Depreciation								1.250	1,250	1.250
\$6,826         70,482         48,656         47,977         56,514         52,023         61,709         44,703         47,004           \$6,826         70,482         70,482         48,656         47,977         56,514         52,023         61,709         44,703         47,004         47,004           \$ 26,3156         \$ 1,682,346         \$ 1,696,546         \$ 1,596,546         \$ 1,696,77         \$ 1,682,203         \$ 1,626,507         \$ 1,622,234         42,104         44,104           \$ 76,825         \$ 1,682,346         \$ 2,1835         \$ 1,686,203         \$ 1,686,203         \$ 1,682,203         <	Total Governmental Activities Expenses		1,811,825	1,583,684	1,460,568	1,512,359	1,511,182	1,464,798	1,595,036	1,777,236	1,609,381
\$ 2553156         \$ 188230         \$ 1682340         \$ 16824200         \$ 16824000         \$ 16824200         \$ 16824000         \$ 168240000         \$ 168240000         \$ 1682400000         \$ 16824000000000000000000000000000000000000	Business-Type Activities: Food Service	58.626	70.482	48.656	47.977	56.514	52.023	61.709	44.703	47.004	50.270
\$ 76.825         42.209         \$ 1,506,405         \$ 1,506,607         \$ 1,506,507         \$ 1,506,507         \$ 1,632,200         \$	Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	58,626	70,482	48,656	47,977	56,514	52,023	61,709	44,703	47,004	50,270
\$ 76.825         42.209         \$ 27.568         \$ 19.667         \$ 21.835         17.452         4,384         4.216         15.552           4.984         42.209         \$ 27.568         19.667         \$ 21.835         17.452         4,384         4.216         15.552           4.384         4.2 200         \$ 27.568         19.667         \$ 21.835         17.452         4,384         4.216         15.552           4.2.20         5.0 36         5.504         51.508         55.504         51.508         62.743         57.172         44.077         44.077           \$ 124.101         \$ 6.237         5.3 87         5.169         5.3 87         5.1039         \$ 6.246         \$ 6.	Total Charter School Expenses	2		1,632,340		1,5	1,563,205	1,5	1,6	\$ 1,824,240	1,6
76,825         42,209         27,568         19,667         21,835         17,462         4,384         4,216         15,552           45,226         50,135         55,694         51,508         56,386         51,712         46,202         44,078         44,078         44,078         44,078         44,078         44,078         46,202         44,078         46,202         46,202         44,078         46,202	Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Operating Grants and Contributions		42,209	27,568			17,452	4,384	4,216	15,552	26,500
45.292         50.614         5.504         51.508         52.743         55.159         44.078         44.078         44.078         45.73         45.279         2.837         45.299         2.837         45.299         2.837         45.299         2.837         46.917	Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	76,825	42,209	27,568	19,667	21,835	17,452	4,384	4,216	15,552	26,500
47.276         5.3816         5.5346         51.308         52.408         55.159         46.378         46.374         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         46.314         57.06         57.06         5.456         57.16         57.06         57	Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services	1,984	3,681	141,141	3,887	9,881	3,447	3,311	2,799	2,837	2,283
\$ [2,377,704]         \$ (1,769,616)         \$ (1,566,116)         \$ (1,440,901)         \$ (1,490,524)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,490,594)         \$ (1,400,414)         \$ (1,590,820)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,472,610)         \$ (1,472,610)         \$ (1,472,610)         \$ (1,472,610)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,774)         \$ (1,472,610)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476,675)         \$ (1,476	Operating Grants and Contributions Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	45,292	53.816	59,504	55,395	52,862	55,772	46,202	44,078	44,077	47,080
\$ (2,377,704)         \$ (1,769,616)         \$ (1,456,116)         \$ (1,440,901)         \$ (1,490,524)         \$ (1,490,524)         \$ (1,490,524)         \$ (1,490,524)         \$ (1,460,414)         \$ (1,590,820)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761,684)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761		\$ 124,101		87,213			72,611				
\$ (2,389,054)         \$ (1,786,282)         \$ (1,435,127)         \$ (1,433,483)         \$ (1,436,295)         \$ (1,472,610)         \$ (1,586,646)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,786,646)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761,764)         \$ (1,761,774)         \$ (1,761	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Tvoe Activities	(2)	Ę	(1,556,116)			\$ (1,493,730)			\$ (1,761,684)	\$ (1,582,881) (907)
\$ 2,314,779	Total Charter School-wide Net Expense	\$ (2,389,054)	·	\$ (1,545,127) \$	(1,433,483)	\$ (1,484,295)	\$ (1,48	: :	1	\$ (1,761,774)	\$ (1,583,788)
ities 2.321.390 2.218.594 1.755.567 1.483.345 1.491.500 1.434.894 1.484.425 1.540.070 1.449,004 1.1 1.25.343	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: General Purposes Federal and State Aid Not Restricted Investment Earnings	23,	VÎ	103,636			116,464			\$ 116,865 1,301,299	\$ 113,870 1,301,299
\$ 2,321,380         \$ 2,218,594         \$ 1,785,557         \$ 1,483,345         \$ 1,434,894         \$ 1,484,425         \$ 1,540,070         \$ 1,449,004         \$ 1,483,894           \$ (56,314)         \$ 448,978         \$ 199,441         \$ 42,444         \$ 976         \$ (58,836)         \$ 24,011         \$ (50,750)         \$ (312,880)         \$ 1,1330           \$ (67,664)         \$ 432,312         \$ 49,862         \$ 7,205         \$ (55,700)         \$ 11,815         \$ (48,576)         \$ (312,770)	miscellariedes income Total Governmental Activities	2,321,390	2,218,594	1,755,557	1,483,345	1,491,500	1,434,894	1,484,425	1,540,070	1,449,004	1,425,174
\$ (56,314) \$ 448,978 \$ 199,441 \$ 42,444 \$ 976 \$ (58,836) \$ 24,011 \$ (50,750) \$ (312,680) \$ (11,350) \$ (11,350) \$ (16,666) \$ 10,989 \$ 7,418 \$ 6,229 \$ 3,136 \$ (12,196) \$ 2,174 \$ (90) \$ (67,664) \$ 432,312 \$ 2,10,430 \$ \$ 49,862 \$ 7,205 \$ (55,700) \$ 11,815 \$ (48,576) \$ (312,770) \$ \$	Total Charter School-wide	\$ 2,321,390		i. ii	1,483,345		1 11	1,484,425		\$ 1,449,004	\$ 1,425,174
\$ (67,684) \$ 432,312 \$ 210,430 \$ 49,862 \$ 7,205 \$ (55,700) \$ 11,815 \$ (48,576) \$ (312,770) \$	Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities		4 -	199,441			\$ (58,836) 3,136				\$ (157,707) (907)
	Total Charter School	\$ (67,664)		210,430	7		\$ (55,700)				\$ (158,614)

102

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

94,349 94,349 2015 157,002 157,002 s 175,401 175,401 2017 s 159,928 159,928 2018 s Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 116,592 116,592 2019 70,051 70,051 Total General Fund General Fund Unassigned

200,975 202,660

s

52,308

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91,083

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63,838 63,838 2014

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2013

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenues: Local Sources:										
Local Tax Levy	•	· &	\$ 103,636	\$ 100,302	\$ 110,118	\$ 116,464	\$ 114,047	\$ 111,933	\$ 116,865	\$ 113,870
Interest In Investments										2
Miscellaneous	6,611	12,272	17,598	3,499	3,621	1,068	3,721	35,442	30,840	10,003
State Sources	1,566,643	1,430,594	1,308,245	1,292,335	1,260,351	1,287,950	1,218,417	1,224,264	1,260,201	1,258,047
Federal Sources	108,839	111,628	110,441	106,876	107,493	107,263	103,329	130,758	132,195	69,752
Total Revenues	1,682,093	1,554,494	1,539,920	1,503,012	1,481,583	1,512,745	1,439,514	1,502,397	1,540,101	1,451,674
Evnonditures.										
Instruction	626,637	611,387	615,686	571,351	569,410	657,735	665,458	678,749	678,940	761,620
Administration	803,865	969,799	615,696	612,317	557,020	539,771	521,592	538,609	634,720	511,227
Support Services	298,132	318,747	324,011	300,945	290,722	284,728	246,264	246,264	367,230	351,135
Capital Outlay									16,563	
Total Expenditures	1,728,634	1,597,830	1,555,393	1,484,613	1,417,152	1,482,234	1,433,314	1,463,622	1,697,453	1,623,982
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(46,541)	(43,336)	(15,473)	18,399	64,431	30,511	6,200	38,775	(157,352)	(172,308)
Over (Under) Expenditures										

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Net Change in Fund Balance

38,775 \$ (157,352) \$ (172,308)

6,200 \$

30,511 \$

64,431 \$

18,399 \$

(15,473) \$

(43,336)

(46,541)

General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Doi	nations	_	or Year funds	 ellaneous evenue	Annual Total
2020	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 6,611	\$ 6,611
2019				-	12,272	12,272
2018					17,598	17,598
2017		-		-	3,499	3,499
2016		-		-	3,621	3,621
2015		-		-	1,068	1,068
2014		-		-	3,721	3,721
2013		-		-	35,442	35,442
2012		-		-	30,840	30,840
2011		-		-	-	-

Source: Charter School records

OPERATING INFORMATION

# INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON Operating Statistics

(Unaudited) Last Three Fiscal Years

Student Attendance Percentage	93.72%	95.82%	92.97%	96.42%	95.91%	96.44%	96.44%	92.97%	98.88%	%82.76
Percent Change in Average Daily Enrollment	0.41%	0.26%	-0.11%	-0.54%	%60.0	%00.0	0.56%	0.45%	-1.12%	0.00%
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>c</sup>	84.4	85.9	82.8	86.3	86.3	86.7	86.7	85.8	88.0	88.0
Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) °	90.00	89.63	89.40	89.50	86.68	89.90	89.90	89.40	89.00	90.00
Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	∢ Ż	ΑN	Ϋ́Z	ΥN	Υ/Z	Ϋ́Z	ΑŻ	Υ'N	ΑŻ	Ν Α
Teaching Staff <sup>b</sup>	A/Z	A/N	N/A	A/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/A	A/A	N/A
Percentage Change	10.33%	2.85%	10.33%	-4.75%	0.85%	2.29%	-15.41%	0.93%	17.76%	0.00%
Cost Per Pupil	\$ 17,998	16,513	16,055	14,552	15,277	15,149	14,810	17,509	17,347	•
Operating Expenditures <sup>a</sup>	\$ 1,619,795	1,486,202	1,444,952	1,309,659	1,374,971	1,363,430	1,332,864	1,558,258	1,561,230	1,322,825
Enrollment	90.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	89.0	0.06	0.06
Fiscal Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual final Charter School count.

- a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
   b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certified staff.
   c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from School Register Summary (SRS).

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2020

Package   NJSBAIG   P-836   Olyment Location   105 Grand Street, Trenton, NJ 08618   NJSBAIG   P-836   Olyment Location   S5,000   Money & Securities w/ \$500 Deductible   Money Orders/Counterfeit w/ \$500	COVERAGE	LIMITS	SUMMARY
P-836		Covered Location	105 Grand Street, Trenton, NJ 08618
93/16/19-20			
S5,000			
\$5,000   Money Orders/Counterfeit w/ \$500 Deductible	09/16/19-20	<b>\$5,000</b>	Manay & Cogurities w/ \$500 Deductible
Student Accident			
Statement   Stat		φ3,000	Money Orders/Counterreit W/ \$500 Deductible
Statement   Stat		\$118,000	Board Treasurer w/ \$1,000 Deductible
Student Accident			. ,
S5,000,000		, ,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$5,000,000			
\$3,000,000	General Liability	\$5,000,000	Single Limit for Bodily Injury and Property Damage
Student Accident	·	\$5,000,000	Products/Completed Operations Aggregate
Student Accident			00 0
Student Accident			
Student Accident         \$1,000,000         Accidental Medical Excess Benefit (Gold Plan)           Markel Insurance Company         \$10,000         AD&D           9/16/19-20         \$694           School Leaders E&O         \$1,000,000         Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible           NJSBAIG         \$100,000         Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible           E-836         \$300,000         Coverage B Annual Aggregate           09/16/19-20         \$3,3889         Coverage B Annual Aggregate           Workers' Compensation         \$1,000,000         Each Accident           NJSBAIG         \$1,000,000         Each Employee           W-836         \$1,000,000         Policy Limit           09/16/19-20         \$17,385         \$777,362 School Professional           555,824 School Non-Professional         Statutory         7-Day Waiting Period           54775774         09/16/19-20			
Student Accident         \$1,000,000         Accidental Medical Excess Benefit (Gold Plan)           Markel Insurance Company         \$10,000         AD&D           9/16/19-20         \$10,000         Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible           School Leaders E&O         \$1,000,000         Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible           NJSBAIG         \$300,000         Coverage B Annual Aggregate           Workers' Compensation         \$1,000,000         Each Accident           NJSBAIG         \$1,000,000         Each Employee           W-836         \$1,000,000         Policy Limit           9/16/19-20         \$17,385         \$777,362 School Professional           \$55,824 School Non-Professional         \$55,824 School Non-Professional           0.8706 MOD         Supplemental Indemnity         7-Day Waiting Period           NJSBAIG         \$1,000,000         \$1,000,000		\$1,000	Premise Medical Payments Per Person w/ \$100 Deductible
Markel Insurance Company       \$10,000       AD&D         9/16/19-20       \$694         School Leaders E&O       \$1,000,000       Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible         NJSBAIG       \$100,000       Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible         E-836       \$300,000       Coverage B Annual Aggregate         09/16/19-20       \$1,000,000       Each Accident         NJSBAIG       \$1,000,000       Each Employee         W-836       \$1,000,000       Policy Limit         09/16/19-20       \$17,382       Policy Limit         \$777,362       School Professional       \$55,824       School Non-Professional         \$55,824       School Non-Professional       Statutory       7-Day Waiting Period         \$4775774       \$10,000       \$1,000	Automobile Liability	\$5,000,000	Hired/Non Owned Automobile Limit
Markel Insurance Company       \$10,000       AD&D         9/16/19-20       \$694         School Leaders E&O       \$1,000,000       Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible         NJSBAIG       \$100,000       Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible         E-836       \$300,000       Coverage B Annual Aggregate         09/16/19-20       \$1,000,000       Each Accident         NJSBAIG       \$1,000,000       Each Employee         W-836       \$1,000,000       Policy Limit         09/16/19-20       \$17,382       Policy Limit         \$777,362       School Professional       \$55,824       School Non-Professional         \$55,824       School Non-Professional       Statutory       7-Day Waiting Period         \$4775774       \$10,000       \$1,000	Student Accident	\$1,000,000	Accidental Medical Evoses Renefit (Gold Plan)
9/16/19-20 \$694  School Leaders E&O \$1,000,000 Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible NJSBAIG \$100,000 Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible E-836 \$300,000 Coverage B Annual Aggregate 09/16/19-20 \$3,889  Workers' Compensation \$1,000,000 Each Accident NJSBAIG \$1,000,000 Each Employee W-836 \$1,000,000 Policy Limit 09/16/19-20 \$1773,82 School Professional \$55,824 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD Supplemental Indemnity NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period			,
School Leaders E&O         \$1,000,000         Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible           NJSBAIG         \$100,000         Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible           E-836         \$300,000         Coverage B Annual Aggregate           09/16/19-20         \$1,000,000         Each Accident           W-836         \$1,000,000         Each Employee           W-836         \$1,000,000         Policy Limit           09/16/19-20         \$17,385         \$777,362 School Professional           \$55,824 School Non-Professional         \$55,824 School Non-Professional         \$500 MOD           Supplemental Indemnity         Statutory         7-Day Waiting Period           04775774         99/16/19-20	• •	****	
NJSBAIG \$100,000 Coverage B Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible E-836 \$300,000 Coverage B Annual Aggregate 09/16/19-20 \$3,889  Workers' Compensation \$1,000,000 Each Accident NJSBAIG \$1,000,000 Policy Limit 09/16/19-20 \$17,385 \$777,362 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD Supplemental Indemnity NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period 64775774 09/16/19-20	\$694		
E-836 \$300,000 Coverage B Annual Aggregate  09/16/19-20  \$3,889  Workers' Compensation \$1,000,000 Each Accident  NJSBAIG \$1,000,000 Each Employee  W-836 \$1,000,000 Policy Limit  09/16/19-20  \$17,385  \$7777,362 School Professional  \$55,824 School Non-Professional  0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period  64775774  09/16/19-20	School Leaders E&O	\$1,000,000	Coverage A Each Loss w/ \$5,000 Deductible
09/16/19-20 \$3,889  Workers' Compensation NJSBAIG NJSBAIG Workers' Compensation S1,000,000 S1,000,000 Each Accident Each Employee Policy Limit  Policy Limit  S55,824 School Professional S55,824 School Non-Professional S55,824 School Non-Professional S55,824 School Non-Professional Supplemental Indemnity NJSBAIG Statutory  NJSBAIG Statutory  7-Day Waiting Period	NJSBAIG	\$100,000	
\$3,889  Workers' Compensation \$1,000,000 Each Accident  NJSBAIG \$1,000,000 Each Employee  W-836 \$1,000,000 Policy Limit  09/16/19-20  \$17,385 F777,362 School Professional  0.8706 MOD Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period  64775774  09/16/19-20		\$300,000	Coverage B Annual Aggregate
Workers' Compensation         \$1,000,000         Each Accident           NJSBAIG         \$1,000,000         Each Employee           W-836         \$1,000,000         Policy Limit           09/16/19-20         \$17,385         Folicy Limit           \$777,362 School Professional         \$55,824 School Non-Professional         \$55,824 School Non-Professional           0.8706 MOD         Supplemental Indemnity           NJSBAIG         Statutory         7-Day Waiting Period           64775774         99/16/19-20			
NJSBAIG \$1,000,000 Each Employee W-836 \$1,000,000 Policy Limit  09/16/19-20 \$17,385 \$777,362 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period  64775774 09/16/19-20	·	<b>A</b> 4 000 000	
W-836 \$1,000,000 Policy Limit  09/16/19-20 \$17,385 \$777,362 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period  64775774  09/16/19-20	·		
09/16/19-20 \$17,385 \$777,362 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity NJSBAIG 64775774 09/16/19-20			
\$17,385 \$777,362 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD <b>Supplemental Indemnity</b> NJSBAIG 64775774 09/16/19-20		\$1,000,000	Policy Limit
\$777,362 School Professional \$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG 64775774 09/16/19-20  \$ Statutory			
\$55,824 School Non-Professional 0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG 64775774 09/16/19-20  \$ Statutory	• •		
0.8706 MOD  Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG 64775774 09/16/19-20  Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period			
Supplemental Indemnity  NJSBAIG 64775774 09/16/19-20  Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period	• •		
NJSBAIG Statutory 7-Day Waiting Period 64775774 09/16/19-20			
64775774 09/16/19-20	•••	Statutory	7-Day Waiting Period
	64775774	•	•
	09/16/19-20		
\$500	\$500		

New Jesery Performance Framework Financial Ratios International Charter School of Trenton Audited Performance Indicators

		Andit	Andit	Andit	Source		
_	Cash	529	\$ 97,343	\$ 40,002	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Current Assets (include cash)	230,728	185,933	75,628	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Current Liabilities	37,543	52,713	299	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Total Expenses	1,858,943	2,373,745	2,513,155	Audit: Exhibit A-2		
	Change in Net Position	(16,173)	(59,126)	(67,664)	Audit: Exhibit A-2		
	Final Average Daily Enrollment (exclude PK)*	26.68	89.63	90.00	DOE Final Enrollment Report		
	March 30 Budgeted Enrollment (exclude PK)	06	06	06	March 30 Charter School Budget		
	Complete section only if auditee has mortgage/note/bond payable:						
	Depreciation Expense				Auditor/Workpapers		
	Interest Expense				Auditor/Workpapers		
	Principal Payments				Auditor/Workpapers		
	Interest Payments				Auditor/Workpapers		
	Performance Indicators	2018	2019	2020	3 YR CUM	Calculation****	Target****
	Near Term Indicators						
1a.	Current Ratio (working capital ratio)	6.1	3.5	252.9		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1 or between 1.0-1.1 with positive trend
lb.	Unrestricted days cash on hand	34	15	9		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	60 days or 30-60 days with positive trend
1c.	Enrollment Variance	100%	100%	100%	%001	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>95% or >95% for 3 yr cum
*	Default on loans or delinonent in debt navments	ON	NO	ON		Auditor	not in default
	Sustainability Indicators						
2a***	2a*** 3 Year Cumulative Cash Flow	173,259	(75,916)	(57,341)	40,002	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive with most recent year postive
2b	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A or (Change in Net Position + depreciation + interest expense) / (principal + interest payments)	>1.10

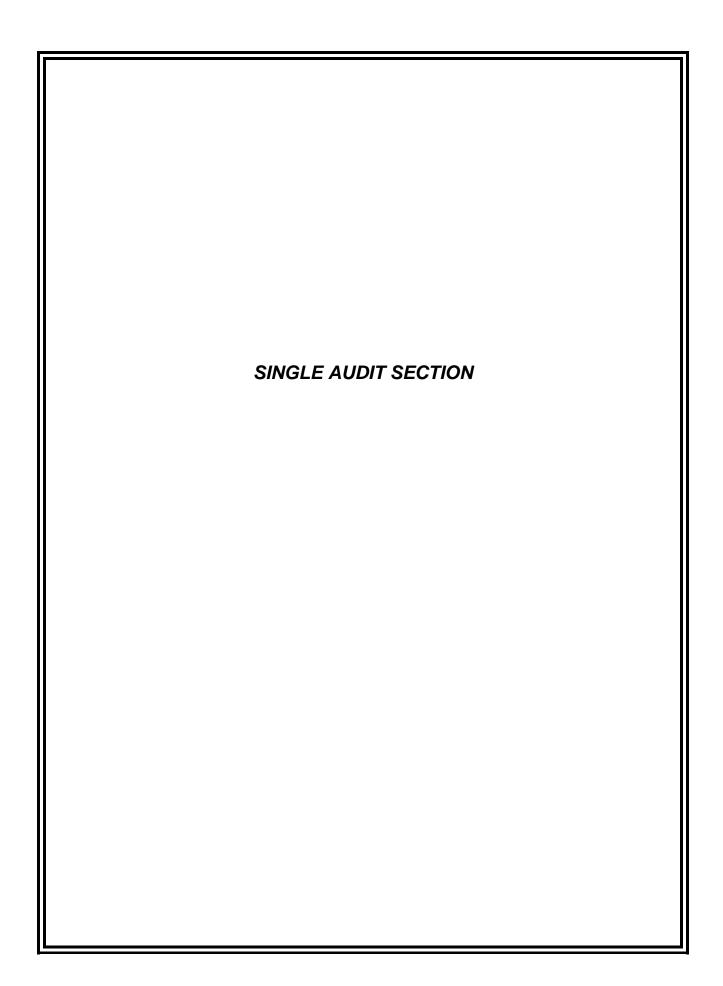
For renaissance schools: use Oct 15 count if no final count; use head count if ADE not available Is school in default of loan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? Yes or No 2020=2020 Cash - 2019 Cash; 2019 =2019 Cash-2018 Cash; 2018 =2018 Cash-2017 Cash Refer to NJ Performance Framework

Meets Standard

Does Not Meet Standard

Falls Far Below Standard

<sup>\* \* \* \*</sup> 



# BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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Page 1

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees International Charter School of Trenton County of Mercer Trenton, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of International Charter School of Trenton (Charter School), in the County of Mercer, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2021

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in Internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC/ Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey January 15, 2021

# BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055

> K-2 Page 1

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance as Required by New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees International Charter School of Trenton County of Mercer Trenton, New Jersey

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the International Charter School of Trenton's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>New Jersey Circular 15-08- OMB State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The International Charter School of Trenton's major state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

The Charter School's management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, contracts, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Those standards and New Jersey Circular OMB 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the International Charter School of Trenton, in the County of Mercer, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of International Charter School of Trenton is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with New Jersey Circular OBM 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results that the testing based on the requirements of New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey January 15, 2021

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

						L	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020	led June 30, 2020								
	Federal	Federal	Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/			Passed		Repayment	Bala	Balance at June 30, 2020	0
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	FAIN Number	Project Number	Award	Grant Period From To	Period To	Balance at June 30, 2019	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Through To Subrecipients	Adjustments	Of Prior Years' Balances	Accounts Receivable	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through State Department of Education Special Revenue Fund:																
Title I Part A Title I Part A Carryover	84.010A 84.010A	S0010A200030 S0010A190030	NCLB - 6810 - 20 \$ NCLB - 6810 - 19	•	7/1/19	6/30/20 \$	(20,128)	· •	\$ 43,486 20,128		· •	· <del>•</del>	· •	\$ (22,728) \$	· •	· •
Title II Part A Title IV Safe & Drug Free	84.367A 84.186A	S367A200029	NCLB - 6810 - 20 NCLB - 6810 - 20	6,032 9,362	9/1/19	6/30/20 8/31/20			6,032 9,362	(6,032) (9,362)						
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): I.D.E.A. Part B Basic	84.027	H027A200031	IDEA - 6810 - 20	27,231	7/1/19	6/30/20			27,231	(27,231)						
. D.E.A. Part B basic Carryover Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027	H02/A190031	IDEA - 0810 - 19		81/1//	81/05/9			27,231	(27,231)						
Total Special Revenue Fund							(20,128)		106,239	(108,839)				(22,728)		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund:																
School Breakfast Brogram	10.553	201NJ304N1099	<b>₹</b> \$ 2	11,526	7/1/19	6/30/20	(237)		10,536	(11,526)				(066)		
Octoor presented tringfam National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Drogram	10.555	201NJ304N1099	(	33,223	7/1/19	6/30/20	(3.043)		31,649	(33,223)				(1,574)		
Total Child Nutriion Cluster	200	660	<u> </u>	7	2	2000	(2,043)		44,865	(44,749)				(2,564)		
Total Enterprise Fund							(2,680)		44,865	(44,749)				(2,564)		
Total Federal Financial Awards						<i></i>	(22,808)		\$ 151,104	\$ (153,588)	· &	· &	φ.	\$ (25,292)	· •	· •

INTERNATIONAL CHARTER SCHOOL OF TRENTON Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Balano	Balance at June 30, 2019					Balar	Balance at June 30, 2020	0	MEMO
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Gran	Grant Period	Deferred Revenue (Accounts Receivable)	Due to	Carryover/ (Walkover) Amount	r/ Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments/ Repayment of Prior Year's Balance	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenue/ Interfund Pavable	Due to Grantor	Cumulative Total Expenditures
State Department of Education General Fund: State Ad-Public Cluster Equalization Aid Special Education Aid Special Education Categorical Aid Security Aid Adjustment Aid Total State Aid-Public Cluster	20.495-034-5120-078 20.495-034-5120-078 20.495-034-5120-089 20.495-034-5120-084 20.495-034-5120-085	\$ 1,092,334 30,866 48,472 78,930	0 1 1 7 7 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/20	(12,	. \$ (12,533) (12,533)	<i>φ</i>	. \$ 1,082,025 12,533 30,866 48,472 7,899 1,252,899	25 \$ (1,092,334) 333 (30,866) 872 (48,472) 330 (78,930)	φ.	\$ (10,309)	· ·		\$ 1,092,334 30,866 48,472 78,330
TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security Reimbursed TPAF - Long Term Disability Reimbursed TPAF - Long Term Disability	20-495-034-5095-001 20-495-034-5095-005 20-495-034-5095-002 20-495-034-5094-004 19-495-034-5094-004	147,091 122,953 45,959 38	7/1/19 7/1/19 7/1/19 7/1/19	6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/19				147,091 122,953 45,959 38	991 (147,091) 953 (122,953) 959 (45,959) 38 (38)					147,091 122,953 45,959 38
Total General Fund					(12,	(12,533)		1,568,867	367 (1,566,643)		(10,309)			1,566,643
State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund: National School Lunch Program (State Share) National School Lunch Program (State Share)	20-100-010-3350-023 19-100-010-3350-023	543	7/1/19	6/30/20		(36)			518 (543) 36		(25)			543
Total Enterprise Fund						(36)			554 (543)		(25)			543
Total All Funds					\$ (12,	(12,569) \$	€9	- \$ 1,569,421	(1,567,186)		\$ (10,334) \$	-		\$ 1,567,186
State Financial Assistance Not Subject to Major Program Determination: General Funds: TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Penson Contributions Reimbursed TPAF - Long Term Disability	20-495-034-5095-001 20-495-034-5095-006 20-495-034-5094-004	147,091 122,953 38	7/1/19 7/1/19 7/1/19	6/30/20 6/30/20 6/30/20				147,091 122,953 38 \$ 270,082	)91 (147,091) 553 (122,953) 38 (38) 82 \$ (270,082)					147,091 122,953 38 \$ 270,082

Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Single Audit

1,297,104

(10,334) \$

1,299,339 \$ (1,297,104) \$

\$ (12,569) \$

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance June 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 1. GENERAL**

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state award activity of the Board of Trustees, International Charter School of Trenton. The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

#### **NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of awards and financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 CFR 200 – *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the one or more deferred June state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes payments are not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the one or more June state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the one or more June state aid payment in the current budget year, consistent with *N.J.S.A.* 18A:22-44.2.

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is none for the general fund and none for the special revenue fund. See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -	 1,566,643	\$ 1,566,643
Special Revenue Fund	108,839	-	108,839
Food Service Fund	 44,749	 543	 45,292
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$ 153,588	\$ 1,567,186	\$ 1,720,774

#### NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

#### NOTE 5. FEDERAL AND STATE LOANS OUTSTANDING

International Charter School of Trenton has no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 6. OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the charter school for the year ended June 30, 2020. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 7. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions payments are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

#### NOTE 8. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs as defined in *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards;* amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The Charter School does not have a schoolwide program.

#### **NOTE 9. MAJOR PROGRAMS**

Major programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the Schedule of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I – Sum Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued on financial statements	mary of Auditor's Re	esults	Unmodified
Type of additors report issued of financial sta	tements		<u>Offitiodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting: 1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	_ <u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are be material weaknesses?	not considered to	Yes	None <u>X</u> Reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial state noted?	ements	Yes	<u>X</u> No
State Awards			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between T Type B programs:	ype A and		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>X</u> Yes	No
Internal control over major programs:			
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No
2) Significant deficiencies identified that are be material weaknesses?	not considered to	Yes	None X Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	for major programs		<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required t accordance with NJ Circular Letter 15-08-ON		Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of major state programs:			
GMIS Number(s)	Name	e of State Progra	am
	STATE	AID – PUBLIC C	LUSTER
20-495-034-5120-078		Equalization Aid	
20-495-034-5120-089	Special E	Education Catego	orical Aid
20-495-034-5120-084		Security Aid	
20-495-034-5120-085		Adjustment Aid	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Section II -Financial Statement Findings

The section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements related to financial statements for which *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of the School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No Current Year Findings

Schedule of Findings And Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Schedule III – Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, material matters of noncompliance, including questioned costs, and significant instances of abuses related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

#### **CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS**

Not Applicable

#### **CURRENT YEAR STATE AWARDS**

No Current Year Findings

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Prepared by Management
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with of *Government Auditing Standards*, US OMB *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (511 (a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's 15-08, as applicable.

#### **STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS**

No Prior Year Findings